



Credit for Income Tax Paid to Other Jurisdiction Worksheet for Tax Year 2020 36 M.R.S. § 5217-A

Enclose with your Form 1040ME.
You must also attach a copy of the income tax return filed with the other jurisdiction.

Taxpayer Name: _____ SSN: _____

(Part-year residents, see special instructions on page 2)

A Name of other taxing jurisdiction: _____

1 Maine adjusted gross income from Form 1040ME, line 16 1 _____

2 Calculate the portion of Maine adjusted gross income sourced to and taxed by the other jurisdiction entered on line A:

a. Income sourced to and taxed by other jurisdiction included on Form 1040ME, line 14.
See instructions.....2a _____

Income modifications sourced to and taxed by other jurisdiction (Form 1040ME, Schedule 1). **Include only amounts attributable to income included on line 2a:**

b. Additions - Specify _____2b _____

c. Subtractions - Specify _____2c _____

d. Income sourced to and taxed by other jurisdiction included on Form 1040ME, line 16.
Line 2a plus line 2b minus line 2c (if negative, enter zero).2d _____

3 Percentage of income taxed by other jurisdiction (divide line 2d by line 1 - if line 2d is greater than line 1, enter 1.0000) 3 ____ . ____ _

4 Limitation of Credit:
a Multiply Form 1040ME, line 20 by line 3 above.....4a _____

b Income taxes **paid** to other jurisdiction on income shown on line 2d4b _____
Do not enter the amount withheld on line 4b. See instructions.

5 Allowable Credit, line 4a or 4b, whichever is less. Enter here and on Maine Schedule A, line 12..... 5 _____

• **Taxpayers who claim credit for income tax paid to more than one other jurisdiction:** The credit for each jurisdiction must be computed separately. Use a separate worksheet for each jurisdiction. Print the name of the other jurisdiction in the space provided above line 1. Add the line 5 results together and enter the total on Maine Schedule A, line 12. **Enclose with your Form 1040ME. You must also attach a copy of the income tax return filed with the other jurisdiction.**

Note: MRS may request additional information supporting the credit claimed before the return can be processed.

You may photocopy this page if you need additional worksheets.

Credit for Income Tax Paid to Other Jurisdictions

Worksheet for Tax Year 2020

Instructions

Residents (excluding “Safe Harbor” residents) may claim a credit against Maine income tax for income tax paid to another jurisdiction if all the following conditions are met:

- 1) the other jurisdiction is another state, a political subdivision thereof, the District of Columbia, Canadian Province or any political subdivision of a foreign country that is analogous to a state of the United States;
- 2) the tax paid to the other jurisdiction is directly related to the income received during the tax year covered by this return (tax payments made to other taxing jurisdictions for prior year tax liabilities cannot be considered when computing this credit); and,
- 3) the income taxed by the other jurisdiction is derived from sources in that jurisdiction.

Part-year residents may claim a credit for tax paid to another jurisdiction on income earned during the period of Maine residency only (excluding period of “Safe Harbor” residency) if all the above conditions are met. **Part-year residents who qualify for both the credit for tax paid to another jurisdiction and the nonresident credit must follow the special instructions below. For more information, see the Guidance Document for Credit for Income Tax Paid to Other Jurisdictions available at www.maine.gov/revenue/tax-return-forms** (click on Income Tax Guidance Documents).

NOTE: Individuals who are considered to be residents of both Maine (excluding “Safe Harbor” residents) and another state for income tax purposes may qualify for a dual resident credit under 36 M.R.S. § 5128. For more information, see www.maine.gov/revenue/tax-return-forms or call (207) 626-8475.

Specific Instructions

Lines 2a through 2d. Income sourced to the other jurisdiction must be determined in the same way that a Maine nonresident calculates Maine-source income for purposes of Schedule NR or Schedule NRH. Note that generally income from intangible sources, such as interest, dividends, annuities, pensions, and gains or losses attributable to intangible personal property, received by a resident of Maine is Maine-source income. For a description of Maine-source income for nonresident individuals, see 36 M.R.S. § 5142 and Maine Rule 806.

Note: For tax years beginning in 2020, a Maine resident performing services from a location outside of Maine immediately prior to a COVID-19 state of emergency declared either by Maine or the other jurisdiction and who, during the tax year, started working remotely from Maine due to the COVID-19 state of emergency may be able to claim a credit for income taxes paid to the other jurisdiction on income earned in Maine. For more information and to see if you are eligible for this special extended credit, see the Coronavirus (COVID-19) Frequently Asked Questions at www.maine.gov/revenue/faq (Question 6).

Income considered taxed by the other jurisdiction is the adjusted income, sourced to the other jurisdiction, that is analogous to Maine adjusted gross income (federal adjusted gross income plus or minus income modifications under 36 M.R.S. § 5122).

Line 2a. Enter the income included on Form 1040ME, line 14 that is sourced to the other jurisdiction entered on line A. Do not enter an amount greater than the amount on Form 1040ME, line 14.

Line 2b. Enter the addition modifications included on Form 1040ME, Schedule 1A, line 13, attributable to the income included on line 2a.

Line 2c. Enter the subtraction modifications included on Form 1040ME, Schedule 1S, line 29, attributable to the income included on line 2a.

Line 4b. Enter the income tax paid to the other jurisdiction minus any tax amount paid on income not included on line 2d and minus any tax credits (except withholding and estimated tax payments). If you reduce the tax paid to the other jurisdiction by the tax amount paid on income not included on line 2d, you must attach a schedule showing your calculation of the amount.

Special instructions for PART-YEAR RESIDENTS

For more information, see the Guidance Document for Credit for Tax Paid to Other Jurisdictions available at www.maine.gov/revenue/tax-return-forms (click on Income Tax Guidance Documents).

Line 1 Enter the Maine adjusted gross income while a Maine resident, excluding period of “Safe Harbor” residency (Form 1040ME, line 16, minus Schedule NR, line 6 or Schedule NRH, line 6, column C).

Line 2a Enter only income included on Form 1040ME, line 14 (*based on income entered on Maine Worksheet B, column C*) that is sourced to, and that was taxed by, the other jurisdiction while a Maine resident. Do not include any income that was earned while a nonresident or a “Safe Harbor” resident of Maine. Also, see the note above under Specific Instructions.

Line 4a Enter the Maine tax related to the Maine adjusted gross income shown on line 1 (Form 1040ME, line 20 minus Form 1040ME, line 21), multiplied by the ratio on line 3.

Line 4b Enter the income tax paid to the other jurisdiction minus any tax amount paid on income not included on line 2d and minus any tax credits (except withholding and estimated tax payments). If you reduce the income tax paid to the other jurisdiction by the tax amount paid on income not included on line 2d, attach a schedule showing your calculation of that amount. Also, if income taxes were paid to the other jurisdiction on income received while both a resident and a nonresident of Maine, you must prorate the net tax calculated in the first sentence above based on the percentage of the income that was received while a Maine resident. Do not report income taxes withheld on this line.