Maine Fuel Board

PHCC Presentation

This presentation is a direct result of questions and concerns from technicians such as yourselves.

As such, it does not follow the standard presentation style.

We will be a little "all over the place"

Fuel Board Inspectors

Dale Hersey, Senior Inspector

(207) 592-5864

(Waldo, Piscataquis, Penobscot south of Lincoln)

Cecil Hafford

(207) 592-5043

(Aroostook, Washington, Hancock, Penobscot north of Lincoln)

Bruce Bristow

(207) 592-4516

(Franklin, Kennebec, Androscoggin, Oxford, Somerset)

Paul Moody

(207) 446-2826

(Knox, Lincoln, Sagadahoc, Cumberland, York)

Fuel Board Inspectors

If you have any specific code questions, please direct them to one of the Inspectors

Not the office staff or the office phone

Fuel Board Staff

Karen Ross

Tyler Robinson

fuel.board@maine.gov

Fuel Board Staff

It is imperative that licensees take responsibility for their licenses.

This is not your employers' responsibility, whether they pay for the license renewal or not

Fuel Board Staff

Due to staff changes, it is more important than ever to know your password and to receive notifications in your personal email.

Emails will come from noreply@maine.gov

Exam Approval

You must wait 24 hours after you have been approved to schedule your exam.

Additionally, when you apply for a license, wait 24 hours to find your license in the form of an email in your email inbox.

Exam Approval

If you need to track time for licensure, have your supervising Master provide them to you quarterly.

It will be much easier for you in the long run

Testing

All testing is now open book

All tests, test questions and resource materials have been reviewed and updated to reflect the current adopted codes, laws & rules

Code Editions

2023 Maine Laws & Rules

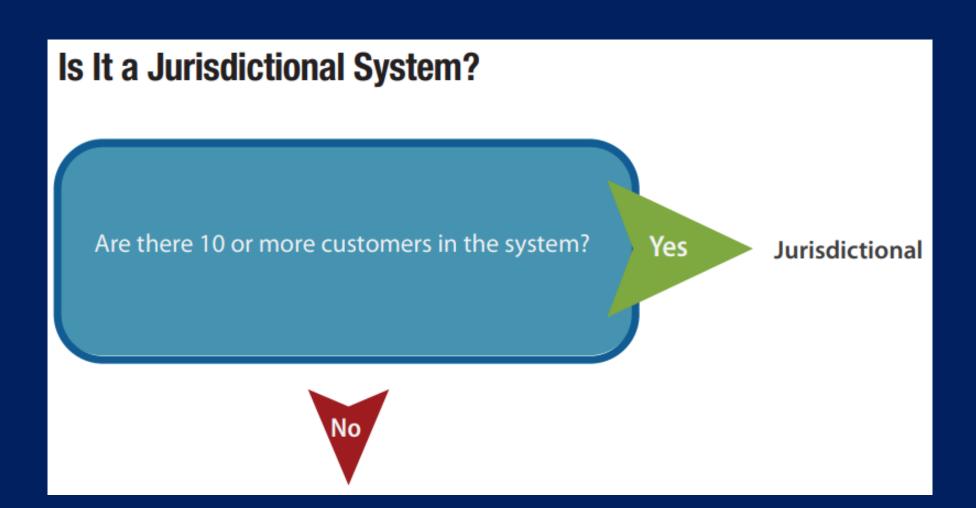
2021 NFPA 30A 2020 NFPA 31 2021 NFPA 54 2020 NFPA 58 2020 NFPA 70 2021 NFPA 90B

2019 NFPA 211





Maine Public Utilities Commission



Maine Public Utilities Commission

Is any portion of the system in a public place or public building, and serves more than one customer?

Yes Jurisdictional



Maine Public Utilities Commission

Does the system serve a single customer, where a portion of the system is not entirely on customer's premises?

Yes

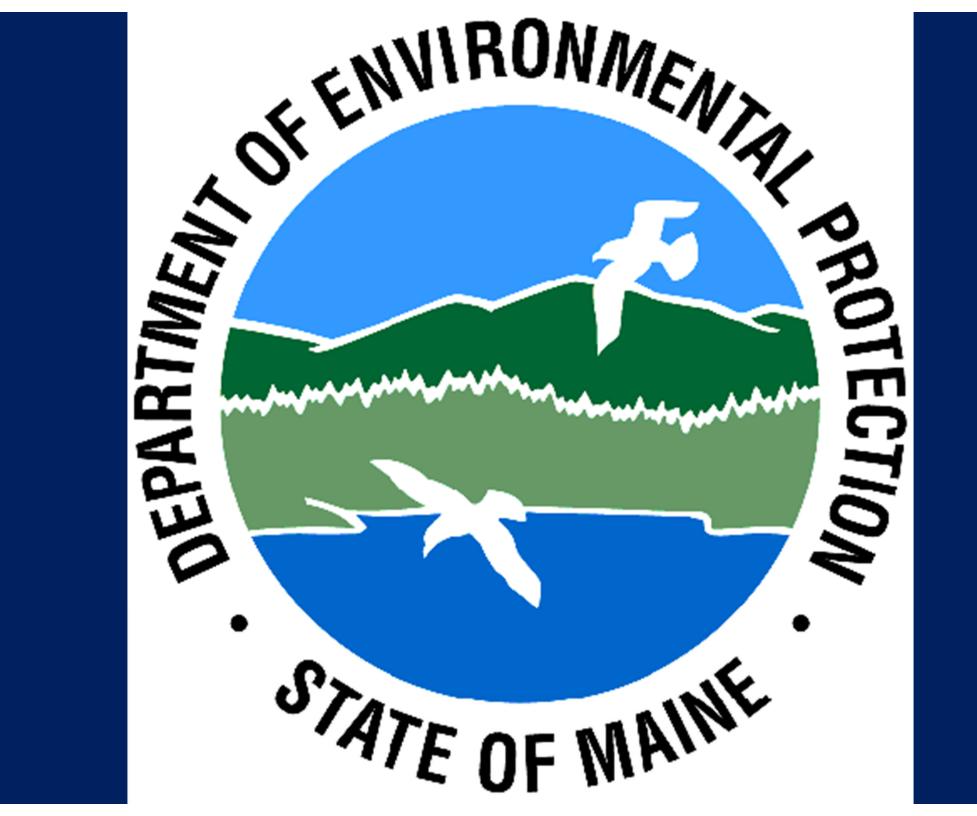
Jurisdictional

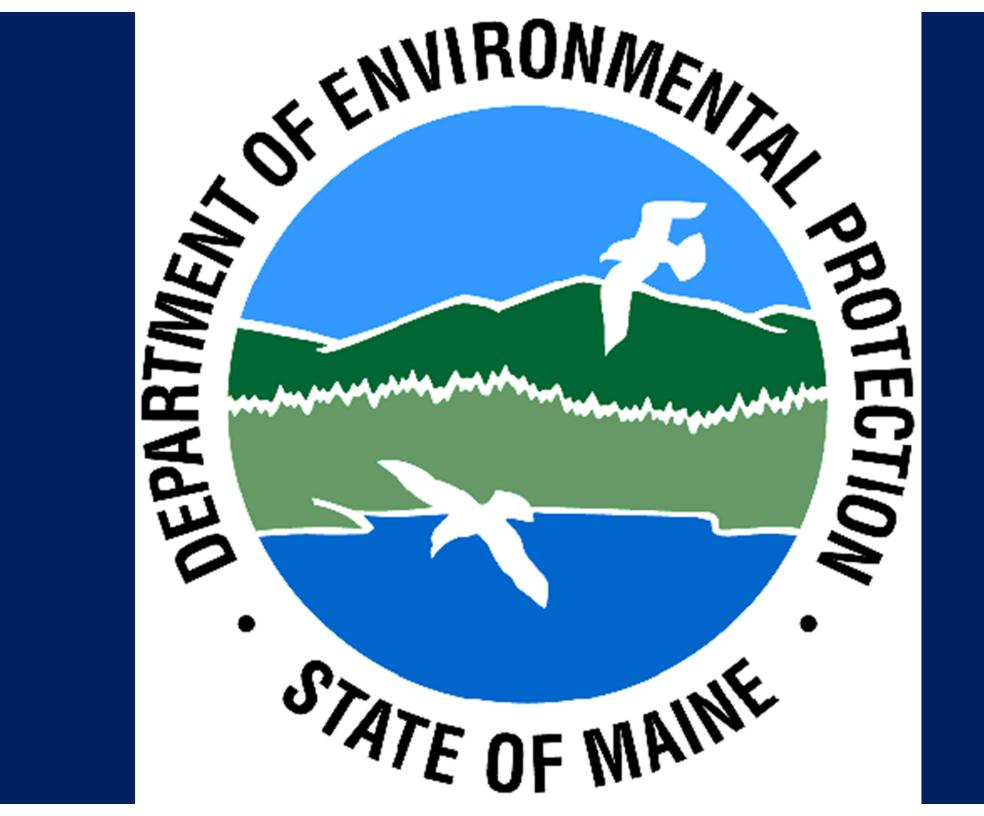


Non-Jurisdictional

This chart is intended to serve as a general guideline for determining if a system is jurisdictional. However, the final interpretation and determination of a jurisdictional system can vary. Any question please contact Maine Public Utilities Commission Gas Safety Staff.















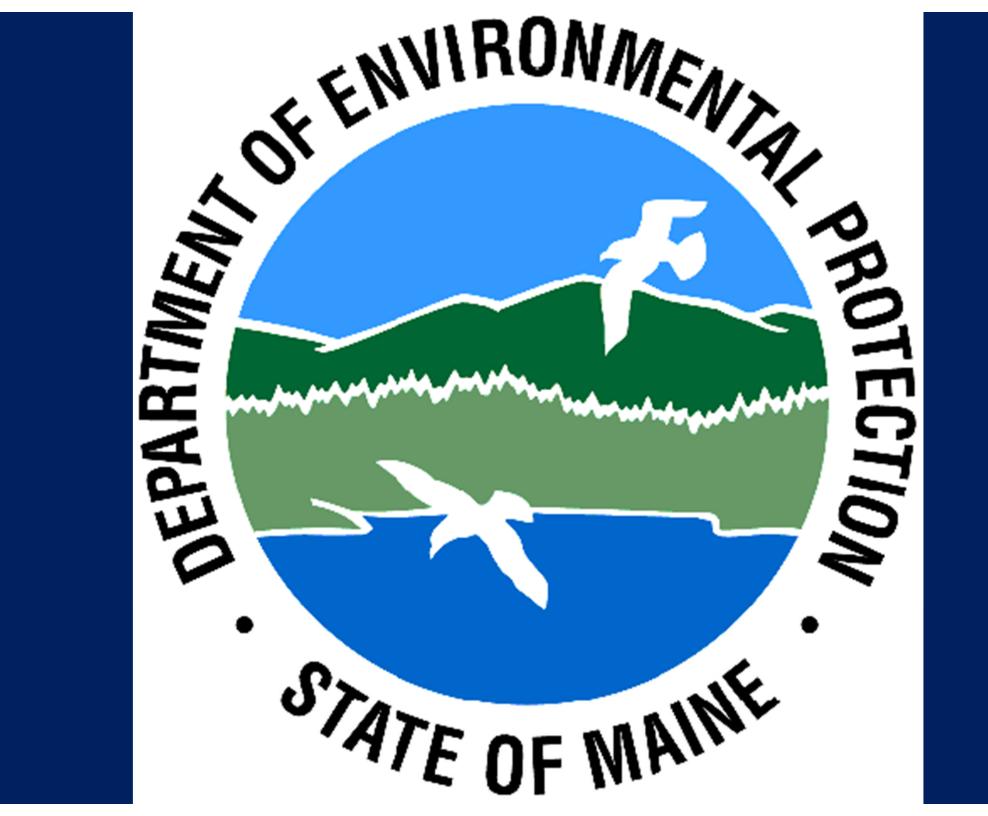


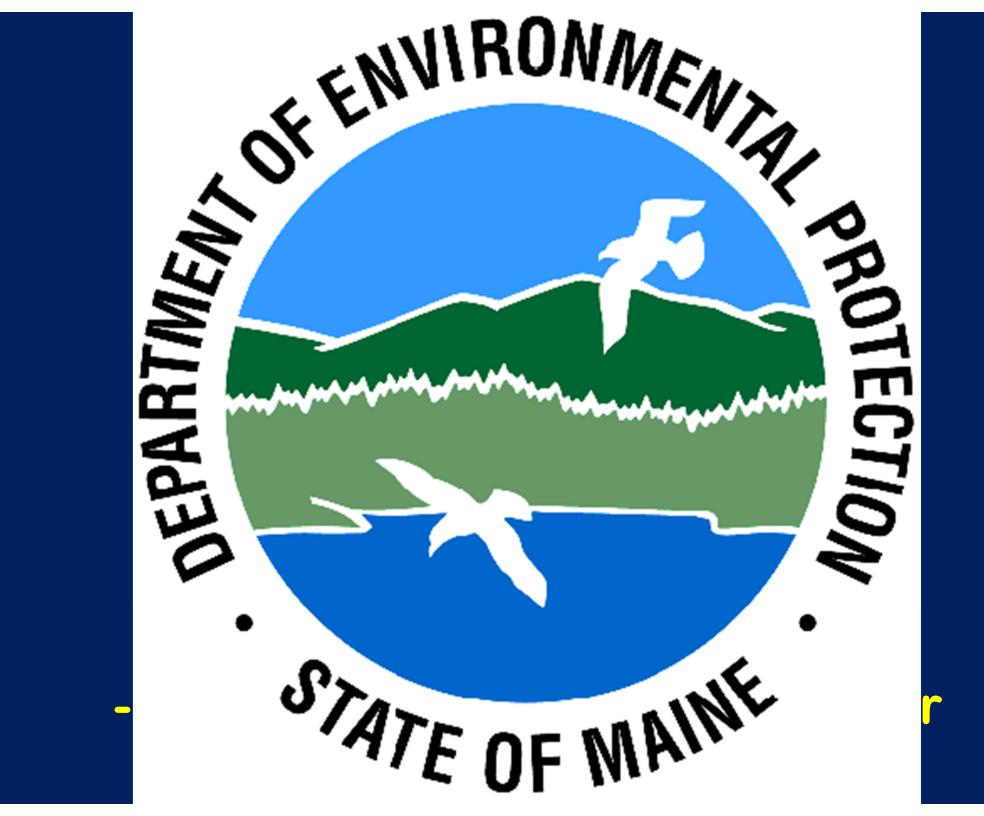












Public Drinking Water

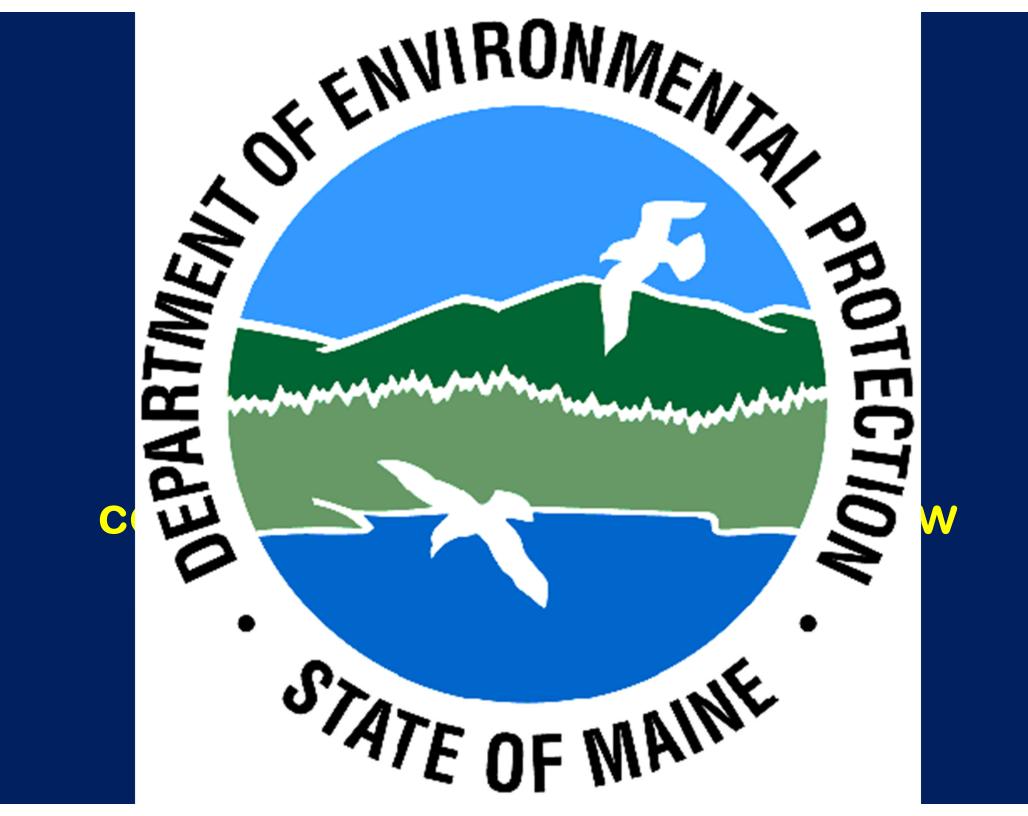


Public Drinking Water



Public Drinking Water





Oil Tanks





Maine Electrical Inspectors

They are here to answer any electrical code or law questions that you might have

Electrical

FYI

If a wall-hung gas-fired appliance is hardwired directly to the panel, the requirement for a GFCI protected circuit goes away

It only applies to plug-in appliances

Maine Boiler Board

When is a manual-reset high limit and/or

a manual-reset low water cutoff required?

Municipal Ordinances

Be aware that local municipalities may have more stringent requirements for various items that the State does not require.

ie. Permits, propane container anchoring

Our Rules state that the entire installation must be in compliance with adopted code...

Before the appliance is fired!

Who is the responsible party for an installation if something goes wrong?



If you fire a new appliance and place it into service...

You are now the responsible party if something is not installed in compliance with code



Memorandums of Understanding

Agreements between Boards allowing improperly licensed personnel to perform certain aspects of a trade

Memorandums of Understanding

The MOU's between the Fuel Board, Plumbing Board and Electricians Examining Board are no longer contained in our rule book

They can be found on the Fuel Board web page

Things That Have Not Changed

Manufacturer's Instructions

Still very important!

Many questions that we get can be answered from them

Oil & Solid Fuel Venting

Can you vent an oil appliance and a wood appliance in the same chimney flue?



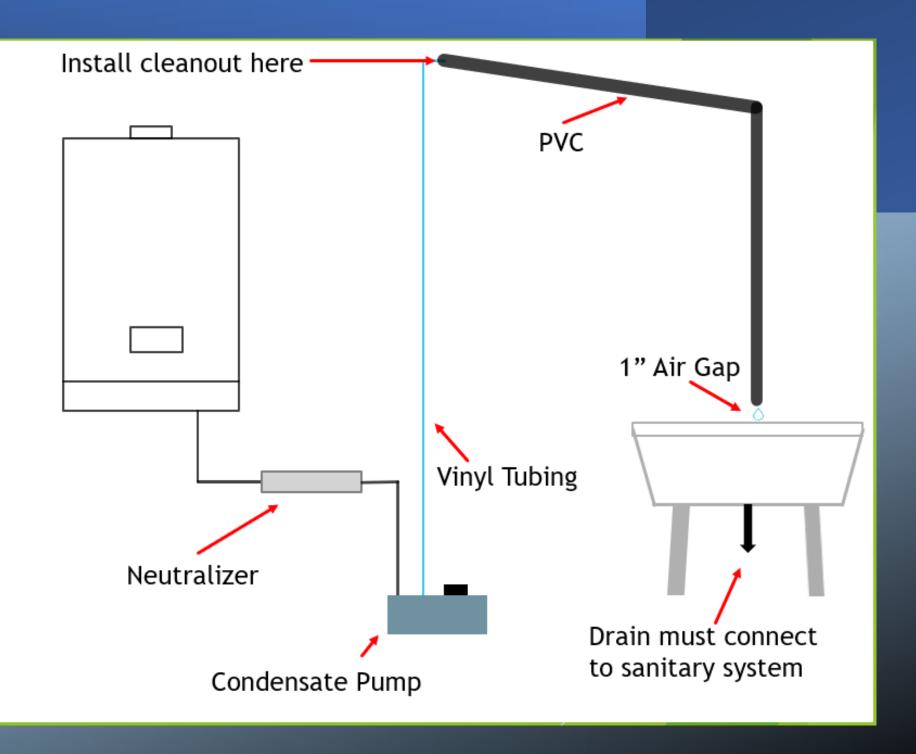
Oil & Solid Fuel Venting

- Sufficient draft
- Chimney lined and in good repair
- CO Detector near a bedroom
- Solid Fuel appliance must be listed
- Must install per manufacturers instructions

Since 2011

Condensate Removal

Nothing has changed since the last code update ...



Primer For PVC Gas Vents

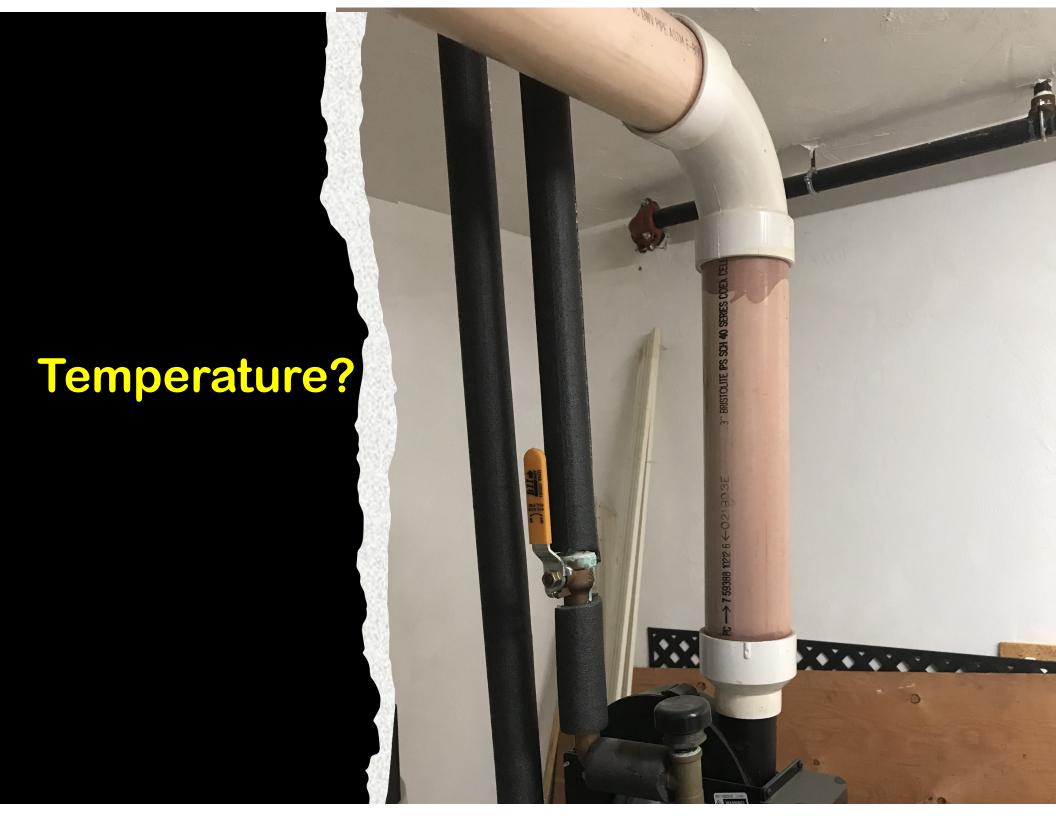
Must be a contrasting color..(purple)

Clear or UV not acceptable

Primer?

Still Direct Vent?









Underground Piping

Can gas piping and electrical be run in the same trench?

I do have a couple questions.

Trench Depth?

Riser on other end?



Underground Piping

How are you protecting the gas piping that is lying on the ground until the ground thaws?

Is this adequate protection?



Emergency Switch Placement

This hasn't changed since 2014

Thermal Switch Placement

This hasn't changed since 2014

Central Heating Appliances

What is a central heating appliance?

A central heating appliance converts fuel to heat. The heat is circulated through the building either by fans forcing the heated air through ducts, circulation of low-pressure steam to radiators in each heated room, or pumps that circulate hot water through room radiators.



What is a non-central heating appliance?

(Space Heater)

Examples

- Rinnai Wall-Hung heaters
- Modine Commercial heaters
- Gas-Tube Radiant Heaters
- Hot Dawg Heaters
- **Empire Heaters**
- Gas Fireplaces











Emergency Switches & TC-1's are NOT required on space heating appliances

(Not a bad idea, but not required)

This hasn't changed since 2014

Chapter 6

This is where you are informed about what is... or isn't...

adopted

Chapter 6 Example

The Board does not adopt Chapter 7, Section 7.3.1 of NFPA 31.

(See instead Chapter 8, Sections 8.10 and 8.11 of Board rules)

NFPA 31

Chapter 7 Section 7.3.1

"Tanks and their supports shall rest on foundations made of solid concrete"

Pretty vague, huh?

Chapter 8

Sections 8.10 and 8.11 are very specific as to how oil tanks are to be supported

ie. Legs, flanges, blocks, pads, gravel, etc.

Chapter 6 Example

The Board does not adopt Chapter 6, Sections 6.4.4.1 & 6.4.4.2 of NFPA 58

(See instead Chapter 14, Section 14.5 of Board rules).

Chapter 6 Example

This is where NFPA 58 disallows or limits the use of propane containers under a structure, but the Fuel Board allows for two 125's and explains the requirements

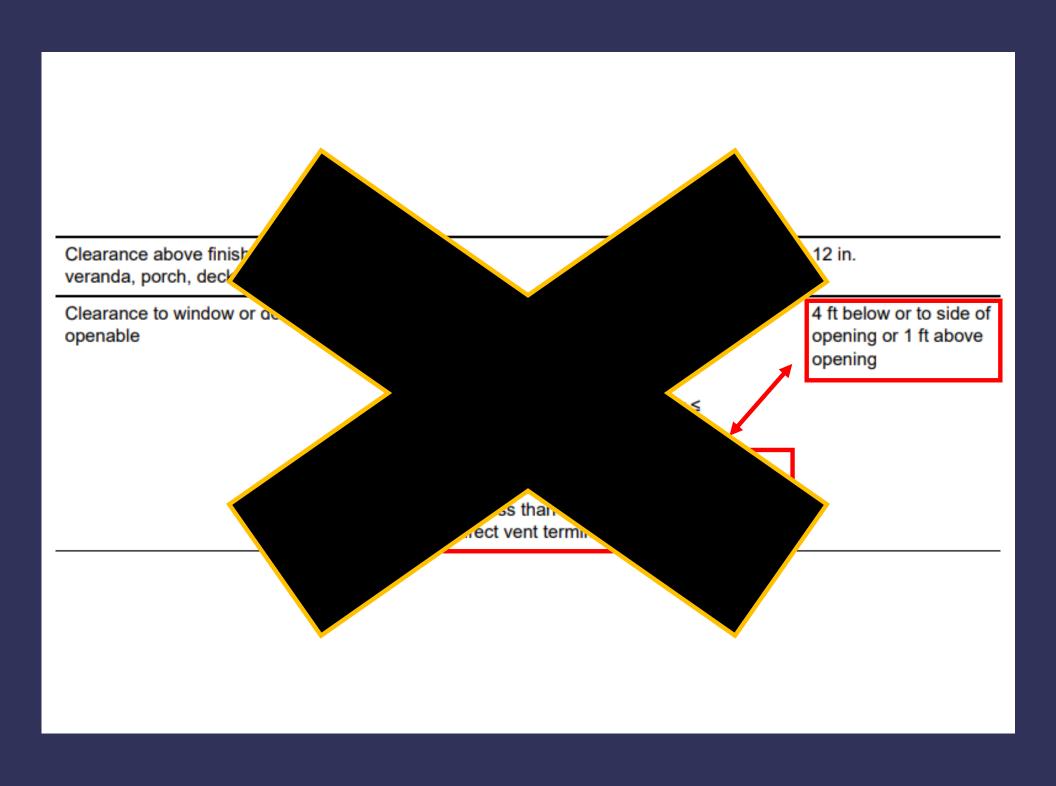


NEW!

Gas-Fired Direct-Vent Appliances

As referenced in NFPA 54, Chapter 12, Table 12.9.1

Clearance above finished grade level, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	12 in.	12 in.
Clearance to window or door that is openable	6 in. Appliances ≤ 10,000 Btu/hr	4 ft below or to side of opening or 1 ft above opening
	9 in. Appliances > 10,000 Btu/hr ≤ 50,000 Btu/hr	
	12 in. Appliances > 50,000 Btu/hr ≤ 150,000 Btu/hr	
	Appliances > 150,000 Btu/hr, in accordance with the appliance manufacturer's instructions and not less than the clearances specified for non-direct vent terminals in row B	



Chapter 6

The Maine Fuel Board has rescinded the adoption of Table 12.9.1 in the 2021 Edition of NFPA 54 and adopts an amended version as follows:

Clearance Location	Minimum Clearances for Direct Vent Terminals	Minimum Clearances for Non-Direct Vent Terminals
Clearance above finished grade level, veranda, porch, deck, or balcony	<u>12 in.</u>	<u>12 in.</u>
Clearance to window or door that is openable	6 in. Appliances ≤10,000 Btu/hr 9 in. Appliances > 10,000 Btu/hr ≤50,000 Btu/hr 12 in. Appliances > 50,000 Btu/hr ≤150,000 Btu/hr Appliances > 150,000 Btu/hr In accordance with manufacturers' instructions, but, in no case less than 12 in.	4 ft below or to side of opening or 1 ft above opening

Chapter 6

The Fuel Board does NOT adopt vehicle protection requirements in 58.

Instead, we have adopted our own.

Vehicle Protection

Everyone understands the "3 ft" rule?

(We do accept 32" tall concrete highway barriers)



Vehicle Protection

Are you aware that 2' is required between the installed vehicle protection and the propane container?





ASME Stamp Requirements

When does your particular installation require the vessel to have an ASME stamp?





Certified by Cooperativa Fonderia Dante Verona - Italy (EU)

H MAWP, water 58 psi
Maximum water Temp. 245 °F
Minimum relief valve capacity 510 MBH

MUNERUITALY

ASME Stamp Requirements

Boilers

If the rated relief valve is greater than 30 PSI ...

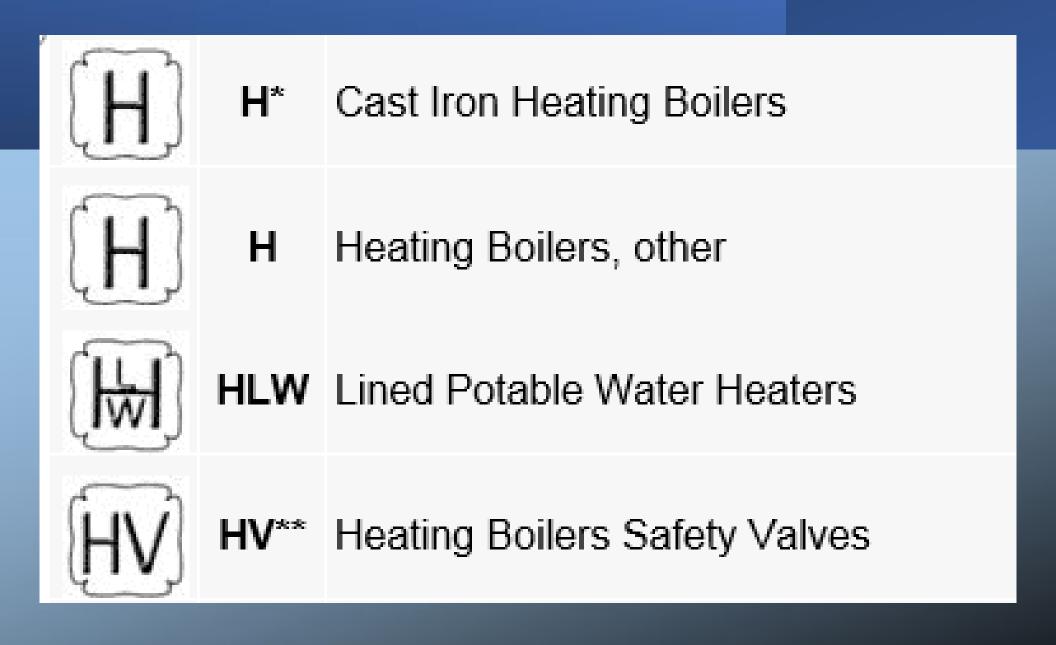
It must have an ASME stamp

ASME Stamp Requirements

Water Heating Vessels

- Greater than 200k BTU/h
- Water temp. greater than 210 F
- 120 gallon or more tank capacity

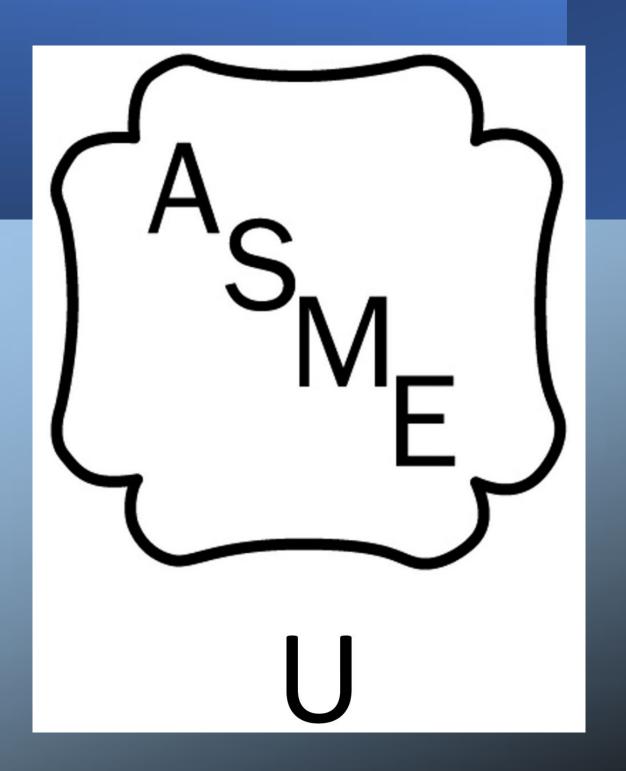
Must have an ASME stamp



ASME Stamp Requirements

If the rated relief valve is greater than 30 PSI ...

The expansion tank must be ASME rated



All commercially owned propane containers must be identified with:

- Name of the tank owner
 - Contact Number
- Must be visible to emergency responder

If your company has bought out another company or have acquired a propane container with obsolete contact information on it ...

Update it!









All consumer owned propane containers must be identified with:

1" high letters stating

"Consumer Owned"

Questions?