

Ethics In Leadership

State of Maine – Office of the Controller Training

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Learning Objectives

At the end of this session, you will be able to:

Describe key concepts in ethics

Recognize practices to implement as an ethical leader

Explore how we can build sound moral habits as leaders

Examine how feedback and accountability are critical to leadership





Principles of Ethics in Business

Honesty

- Reliably share information with employees
- Tell the truth in communication and action

Integrity

- Be consistent between words and actions
- Honor your commitments

Loyalty

- Respect confidential information
- Recognize others for their accomplishments

Fairness

- Hold all employees accountable
- Treat others the way you want to be treated

Respect

- Practice active listening
- Welcome and encourage diverse viewpoints

Courage

- Speak up when you see mistreatment
- Speak up when you see unethical behavior







Teambuilding

Influence

Delegation





Character – the mental and moral qualities distinctive to an individual

Derived from Greek "kharakter" for a stamping tool or instrument

Teambuilding

"Character is Destiny"

- Heraclitus

"Associate yourself with men of good quality if you esteem your own reputation; for 'tis better to be alone than in bad company".

— George Washington





Teambuilding

Build an organization with character. The success of an organization depends on its people.

Not everyone will have the same character and not everyone will fit to the same environment. It is critical to identify character early on and setup teams for success.

The most significant character indicator will be actions over time. This will not always align with what people say; we need to rely on actions and performance rather than the face value of what people say.











1 Respect

2 Accountability

3 Service

4 Honesty

5 Justice

6 Community







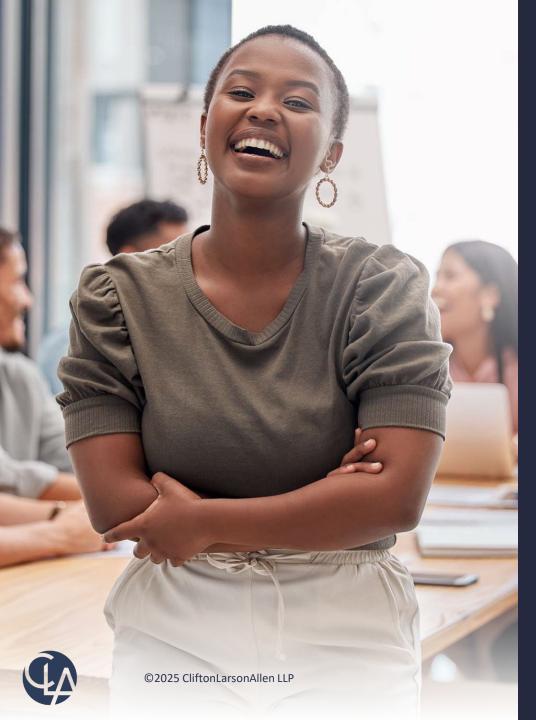
Respect

- Valuing other's skills and contributions
- Dynamic is
 bilateral (mutual respect for others' ideas)
- Requires listening

Accountability

- Take
 responsibility for
 actions
- Make decisions of integrity
- Don't look to place blame on others for shortcomings





Service

- Do what is right for employees, customers, and community
- Encourage employees to do the same

Honesty

- Transparency in leadership buildstrust
- Speak open and honestly about issues regardless of severity
- Enhance team member and customer loyalty





Justice

- Ensuring others
 obtain what they
 deserve in
 addition to
 following laws
 and regulations
- Build respectable work environments

Community

- everyone
 involved when
 making decisions
- Build inclusion and collaboration across teams



- Critical rule as a leader, *I am responsible*
- The initial situation, even if initiated by another team member, will eventually follow a fact pattern to leadership
- Accepting responsibility at the time of a problem allows us to change our thinking toward resolutions



- Critical rule the golden rule
- Treat others the way you want to be treated
- "I never asked them (teammates) to do something I wasn't willing to do myself."
 - Michael Jordan





Delegation

- Those with the strongest character will be dependable in situations of adversity and will place the organization in a position to succeed.
- Trust-building with teambuilding.
- Delegate to trusted team members.





Delegation

- Delegation is as challenging as it is critical. It is difficult to let go of responsibilities, but if a team of character is built, there is more confidence that a team member will make the beneficial decision.
- Over time, trust is built. Leadership transitions from a pattern of assignments into a dynamic of questions and suggestions.
- Eventually, a team member will make a decision that we disagree with, but trust and empowerment will allow the team member to follow through.





Helps employees make good decisions; leads to happier, more satisfied employees

Reduces liability

Why Is Ethics Important in Business?

Ensures high quality customer service

Most importantly, keeps everyone off the front pages





Breakdowns in Business Ethics

Moral Muteness

- Not speaking up when witnessing unethical behavior
- Unwillingness to discuss ethics
- Discussing practices/decisions in a way that obscures your moral position and ethical beliefs (Bird & Walters, 1989)

Ethical Fading

• Erosion of the ethical standard of a business in which employees become used to engaging in or condoning bad behavior

Situational Influence

- Intent to please authority figure
- Focused on achieving a goal







"I want to be an ethical

"I want to be an ethical person."

"I want to be an ethical employee."

"I want to be an ethical accountant/CPA/auditor."

"I want to be an ethical leader."

"I want to be an ethical parent."

"I want to be an ethical member of society."







Being ethical is admirable and something we should all strive for, but perfection is not sustainable



Tendency is to want rapid success, but sometimes we fail to see that small habits and little choices are transforming us every day...for the good or the bad



The trick is not to strive for perfection, but rather to strive for continuous improvement and to get back on track when we veer off course



Build "Atomic Habits" to create an ethical lifestyle





Noticing

Awareness of the

ethical aspects of

encounter each and

situations we

every day

Design something to make our good behaviors easier and bad behaviors harder

Wanting

It's hard to consistently stick to positive habits in a negative environment Doing

In the beginning, just focus on honing the practice

Any outcome we wish to achieve is a point on the spectrum – optimize for the starting line not the finish line

Liking

We repeat behaviors when we like the outcome or reward

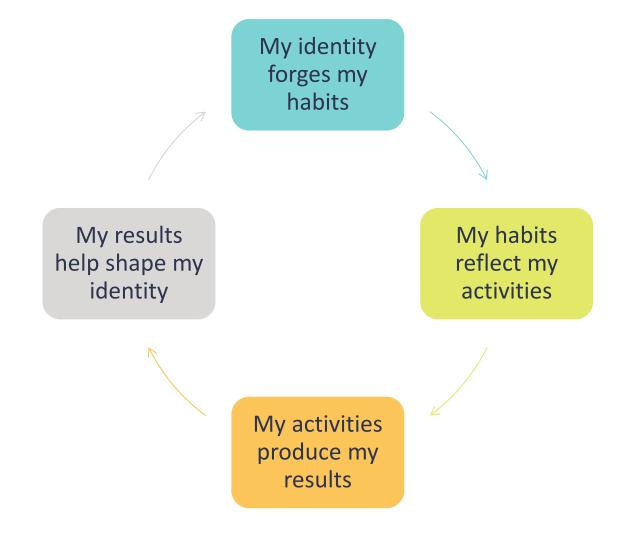
Accountability

Give ourselves credit for the wins!





Strong, moral behaviors and ethical decision-making can happen habit by habit









Systematic Moral Analysis

- Tool that helps us think through ethically complex situations before taking action
- Can also help us analyze the ethical dimensions of a complex situation after the fact

Source: Ethics Unwrapped - Beyond Business Ethics - UT Austin (utexas.edu) - Copyright © 2023 Ethics Unwrapped - McCombs School of Business - The University of Texas at Austin



Conceptualization: who might be harmed and how?

Justification: consider whether breaking a moral rule prevents a greater harm from occurring, or whether the harm you're causing legitimately addresses a more significant harm that was already caused

Consider alternative courses of action that would minimize harm













Support through Accountability and Feedback



Accountability

accountability noun



ac·count·abil·i·ty | \ ə-ˌkaun-tə-ˈbi-lə-tē 💿 \

Definition of accountability

: the quality or state of being accountable

especially: an obligation or willingness to accept responsibility or to account for one's actions





Accountability







- The key to our success in our continuous growth and improvement
- Feedback allows us to reflect on our *experiences*, identifies and builds our *strengths and inspirations*, and helps us make choices which grow our *inspired careers*.







Accountability







<u>Challenges</u>

Opportunity

 We have too much going on to provide quality feedback

Comfortability

 Conversations are challenging for those providing and receiving feedback

Awareness

Have we paid enough attention?

Direction

 Are we communicating with our teammate who needs the feedback?





Opportunity

- Solution Create Opportunities
 - Our purpose create opportunities for our people
 - Identify times of day that work mutually for our teams
 - Transparent scheduling dedicated time, in writing
 - Enforces accountability!
 - The provider and receiver are both components of the solution





Comfortability

- Solution Curiosity
 - Anything new is difficult when it's first performed
 - Practice in having difficult conversations will build confidence
 - This is an investment in the relationship (we care)
 - Once feedback is provided, the next course of action is the recipient's
 choice



<u>Awareness</u>

- Solution Clarity
 - Solicit feedback from other team members
 - Provide feedback timely and continuously
 - Team members can relate feedback to experience
 - Transparency is key
 - Leave with a clear understanding of the discussion
 - Document the feedback





Direction

- Solution stay the Course
 - It is okay to obtain input, but when we complain about performance without addressing it with the responsible party, we are not addressing the issue.
 - No one benefits
 - Establish a plan to ensure feedback is communicated
 - Everyone is responsible



Feedback Strategies

Timeliness

Investment in the relationship

Multidirectional

Cooperative

Transparent

Self-consequence





Questions?





Thank you!!

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