# DEPARTMENT OF ADMINISTRATIVE AND FINANCIAL SERVICES 78 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, ME 04333-0078

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#### MEMORANDUM

**TO:** Governor Janet T. Mills

Members, Legislative Council

Members, Joint Standing Committee on Appropriations and Financial Affairs

Members, Joint Standing Committee on Taxation

**FROM:** Commissioner Kirsten LC Figueroa

Department of Administrative and Financial Services

**DATE:** June 18, 2020

**SUBJECT:** Revenues – May 2020

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No accruals were recorded in the Month of May. Footnote 3 to Exhibit 1 of the State Controller's monthly report contains the amounts that were recognized in April for which collections have been deferred until July 15. The table below shows budgeted and actual cash receipts through May.

Individual and corporate estimated payments that are due by June 15<sup>th</sup> have been deferred to July 15<sup>th</sup> as well. Like April's report, the June Controller's report will provide information on the amount of estimated payments accrued for the month of June and the fiscal year.

	May-20	YTD
Budgeted Revenue	298,959,383	3,594,938,845
Revenue with Accruals	250,111,760	3,551,460,024
Less Accrual for Individual Income Tax	-	(239,692,986)
Less Accrual for Corporate Income Tax	-	(24,775,971)
Revenue without Accruals	250,111,760	3,286,991,067
Budgeted Revenue Variance with Accruals	(48,847,623)	(43,478,821)
% Budget Variance with Accruals	-16.3%	-1.2%
Budgeted Revenue Variance without Accruals	(48,847,623)	(307,947,778)
% Budget Variance without Accruals	-16.3%	-8.6%

#### With the accruals:

May General Fund revenues were under budget by \$48.8 million or -16.3 percent. For the first eleven months of the fiscal year General Fund revenues are under budget by \$43.5 million or -1.2 percent. Compared to the first eleven months of last fiscal year, fiscal year 2020 General Fund revenues are up by 3.0 percent (\$102.4 million). Adjusted for the increase in revenue sharing, fiscal year 2020 General Fund revenues have increased by 4.0 percent compared to the same period last fiscal year.

April taxable sales (May revenue) decreased 13.1 percent over last year. For the month, sales and use and service provider taxes, combined, were \$26.6 million under budget. Consumer sales decreased by 15.0 percent over a year ago, with many business categories exhibiting double-digit declines from a year ago. Other retail sales grew by 43.8 percent buoyed by the marketplace facilitators bill that became effective October 1, 2019 and an increase in on-line purchasing by consumers who sheltered-in-place. Auto/transportation posted year-over-year negative growth of 27.3 percent, the same percentage decline as in March. As expected, lodging and restaurant sales decreased by 80.2 and 57.9 percent, respectively, in April. General merchandise stores fell 31.2 percent compared to last April, with stores selling a wide variety of goods having a good month and department stores selling a more focused product line experiencing double-digit declines. Food stores and building supply stores benefited from the continued demand for their products during the crisis, but the year-over-year increase diminished compared to March increasing by 4.4 and 9.6 percent, respectively. Business operating sales growth only declined in April by 3.6 percent over a year ago. April sales (May revenue) will likely be the worst month of this fiscal year because the full impact of COVID-19 was effective for the entire month across most business sectors. With more businesses opening in May the decline in taxable sales will moderate, but double-digit declines will likely return in July and August when tourism related sales are normally at their seasonal highs.

Individual income tax receipts were under budget in May by \$4.9 million (-3.8 percent). Refunds in May, reflecting 2019 tax filings, were over budget by \$2.0 million, and withholding receipts were under budget by \$3.3 million. Withholding receipts are now over budget year-to-date by \$2.5 million. Withholding has increased 5.5 percent through the first eleven months of FY20. Withholding associated with expanded Unemployment Insurance (UI) benefits is more than offsetting the lost wage income from the historic rise in unemployment.

Corporate income tax receipts were under budget in May by \$2.4 million. For the fiscal year corporate income tax is under budget by \$3.9 million or -2.2 percent. Weak estimated payments in May (-\$4.7 million) were offset by lower than budgeted refunds (\$1.9 million).

#### Sales and Use Taxes

Revenue was \$26.4 million under budget for the month and \$43.3 million under budget for the fiscal year. Fiscal year 2020 revenue is \$60.5 million or 4.4 percent over fiscal year 2019 collections.

## **Taxable Sales**

Total taxable sales for the month of April (May revenue) were 13.1 percent lower than April 2019. The annual rate of change, excluding utilities, was 4.9 percent. Building supply sales increased 9.6 percent for the month and were up 4.3 percent for the last 12 months. Sales of taxable items in food stores were up 4.4 percent for the month and up 5.0 percent for the year. General merchandise sales (primarily sales of goods sold in large department and discount stores) were down 31.2 percent for the month and up 0.4

percent for the year. Sales in other retail stores such as jewelry, drug, sporting goods, book, antique, pet, photo, toy, and craft stores were up 43.8 percent for the month and up 26.3 percent for the year. Auto/transportation sector sales declined 27.3 percent for the month and increased 0.5 percent for the year. Sales of meals and other prepared foods decreased 57.9 percent for the month and down 1.9 percent for the year. Lodging sales were down 80.2 percent for the month and up 4.2 percent for the year. Business operating sales (primarily use tax paid by businesses) decreased 3.6 percent for the month and were up 3.2 percent for the year.

## Service Provider Tax

Revenue was under budget for the month by \$0.2 million and for the fiscal year by \$0.3 million. Revenue is \$2.6 million or 4.7 percent under prior fiscal year collections.

## Individual Income Tax

Revenue was \$4.9 million or 3.8 percent under budget for the month. For the fiscal year, individual income tax receipts are \$8.6 million over budget (0.5 percent). Compared to the first eleven months of fiscal year 2019 withholding payments are up 5.5 percent, estimated payments are up 9.7 percent, and final payments are up 7.3 percent. The growth rates for estimated and final payments include adjustments to recognize the amount due April 15 for which collections have been deferred until July 15 in response to the COVID-19 pandemic of \$34,075,069 and \$205,617,917 respectively.

## Corporate Income Tax

Revenue was under budget for the month by \$2.4 million, bringing the year-to-date negative variance to \$3.9 million or -2.2 percent. Compared to last fiscal year corporate income tax revenue is \$33.8 million lower or -16.0 percent. Year-to-date, final payments are down 21.0 percent and estimated payments are down 16.0 percent. The growth rates for estimated and final payments include adjustments to recognize the amount due April 15 for which collections have been deferred until July 15 in response to the COVID-19 pandemic of \$14,086,111 and \$10,689,860 respectively.

#### Cigarette and Tobacco Taxes

Cigarette and tobacco products tax revenue was \$5.8 million under budget for the month, bringing the year-to-date negative variance to \$3.7 million. Compared to the same ten-month period last year, cigarette and tobacco tax revenue is up 6.7 percent. The strong year-to-date growth is a timing issue associated with wholesalers stocking up on cigarette stamps and the tax rate increase in the other tobacco tax to 43 percent of the wholesale price.

## <u>Insurance Companies Taxes</u>

The Insurance Companies Tax was over budget for the month by \$1.0 million and is \$3.7 million over budget for the fiscal year.

## Estate Tax

The estate tax was \$0.07 million under budget for the month and is now \$0.8 million over budget year-to-date. Year-to-date estate tax receipts are \$6.9 million higher than last fiscal year.

# **Property Tax Relief Programs**

Refunds for the Business Equipment Tax Reimbursement (BETR) and Business Equipment Tax Exemption (BETE) programs were slightly under budget in May by \$0.1 million. For the fiscal year, property tax relief payments are under budget by \$4.4 million. BETR payments are the primary reason for the shortfall and are believed to be a timing issue because of a delay in processing of returns.

# Municipal Revenue Sharing

Revenue sharing was over budget in May by \$8.4 million. For the first eleven months of the fiscal year revenue sharing is \$5.9 million over budget. Expected declines in sales tax receipts will reduce forecasted revenue sharing through the remainder of the fiscal year, but the accrual of final and estimated income tax payments will moderate the immediate impact on municipalities.

#### Lottery

Lottery revenues were over budget for the month by \$2.9 million or 59.8 percent. For the first eleven months of the fiscal year lottery revenues are \$6.9 million over budget (13.1 percent).

#### Other Revenues

Other Revenues were under budget for the month of May by \$4.5 million and are now under budget for the fiscal year by \$7.2 million.

# Highway Fund

Motor fuel excise tax receipts were under budget in May by \$5.5 million (-31.4 percent). The Highway Fund, in total, was under budget for the month by \$9.2 million. For the fiscal year, motor fuel excise tax revenues are under budget by \$11.8 million (-5.5 percent) and total Highway Fund receipts are under budget by \$16.2 million (-5.1 percent). For the first eleven months of the fiscal year motor fuel excise tax receipts are down 4.0 percent compared to fiscal year 2019. Like sales tax receipts, most of May motor fuel excise taxes are from April activity reflecting the height of reduced driving by Maine residents because of the COVID-19 crisis.

## National Economy

On June 8<sup>th</sup> the Business Cycle Dating Committee of the National Bureau of Economic Research (NBER), the arbiters of the beginning and end of recessions, officially declared that the longest U.S. expansion in recorded history (128 months) ended in February 2020. The unprecedented nature of the current recession resulted in the earliest announcement date by NBER of the start of a new recession. The sharp drop in economic activity appears to have reversed itself beginning in May and continuing into June as States begin to allow various sectors of the economy to reopen. As a result, the current recession may be the deepest and shortest ever recorded. The issue for economic forecasters now is what type of recovery we will experience.

# Maine Economy

Like the national economy, the Maine economy is slowly reopening. A sample of sales tax returns for May reflect improved sales for those sectors that have been allowed to begin the process back to pre-COVID activity. For example, the monthly sample for motor vehicle dealerships shows double-digit year-over-year growth in May. Automobile dealers could open their facilities for a limited number of customers effective May 1<sup>st</sup>. Other sectors that continue to show solid growth in May were building supply stores, grocery stores, pharmacies, and remote sellers. With additional sectors opening June 1<sup>st</sup> we expect the number of business sectors showing year-over-growth to expand when the June taxable sales data is available.

The Consensus Economic Forecasting Commission (CEFC) is scheduled to meet June 22<sup>nd</sup> and June 25<sup>th</sup> to develop a new economic forecast that will be used by the Revenue Forecasting Committee (RFC) for their meeting on July 29<sup>th</sup>. During the CEFC's first meeting they will hear from representatives from a variety of business sectors and State government agencies about the impact of the pandemic on the Maine economy. At their second meeting the CEFC will develop their new economic forecast, which will be the basis of a new revenue forecast by the RFC.

KF: mja

#### Attachments

cc: Jeremy Kennedy
Mary Anne Turowski
Grant Pennoyer
Chris Nolan
Marc Cyr
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