FISHERY INTERIM SUMMARY REPORT SERIES NO. 09-RANGELEY LAKE FISHERY MANAGEMENT

by

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RANGELEY LAKE FISHERY MANAGEMENT INTERIM SUMMARY REPORT NO. 15 (2008)

SUMMARY

Rangeley Lake, located in Franklin County, provides a fishery for landlocked salmon and brook trout. This 6,000-acre lake has had a one-salmon daily bag limit since 1988 and is closed to ice fishing. Salmon growth rates declined from 2005 to 2007 due to reduced smelt abundance, but improved somewhat in 2008 after stocking was terminated in 2006. The number of wild salmon has increased in recent years as a result of the one-salmon limit, favorable water conditions for spawning, and the increased tendency of anglers to voluntarily release legal-size salmon. The salmon population was monitored by clerk and voluntary angler surveys and by fall trapnetting in 2008. Angler records indicated a continued decline in the size of salmon caught but a continued high catch and release rate of legal-size fish. However, the trapnetting sample indicated an improvement in salmon growth rates in 2008. The difference in values may result in an improved forage situation throughout the summer months, which was also suggested by hydroacoustic sampling. Spring yearling brook trout stocked until 2007 contributed substantially to the fishery, augmented by increasing numbers of wild brook trout. Smelt abundance, determined from smelt egg monitoring, increased modestly in 2008. We recommend that the general law two salmon limit be re-imposed because additional harvest would benefit growth.

KEY WORDS: AGE & GROWTH, AGE FREQUENCY, BKT, CPUE, FORAGE, HARVEST, HATCHERY, HYDROACOUSTICS, LAKE, LLS, SIZE AT AGE, SLT, STOCKING RATE, TRAPNET, VOLUNTARY BOOK SURVEY

RANGELEY LAKE FISHERY MANAGEMENT INTERIM SUMMARY REPORT NO. 15 (2008)

This report summarizes 2008 clerk and voluntary angler records for Rangeley Lake, evaluation of forage abundance, and fall trapnetting at Rangeley Outlet. Results are compared to those of previous years.

Smelt abundance

Forage abundance strongly influences salmonid growth rates and is therefore evaluated annually through qualitative assessment of post-spawning smelt egg abundance in the tributaries. The 2008 egg-drop – assessed at Long Pond Stream, Dodge Pond Stream, Swains Brook, Nile Brook, and several unnamed tributaries - was again light to moderate in terms of egg distribution and density. Hydroacoustic sampling was conducted to determine forage abundance at Rangeley Lake in 2000 – 2001; 2004- 2006, and in 2008. Sampling indicated declining smelt abundance from 2001 to 2006 but an increase in 2008. The lake's value of 0.8 lb. of adult smelt per acre in 2006 increased substantially in 2008 to 6.7 (compared to a statewide average of 3.5 lb./acre). However, Rangeley's value of 0.01 lb./acre of young-of-year smelt (a measure of future forage abundance) in 2006 increased only marginally to 0.04 in 2008; the statewide average is 0.36 lb./acre. Smelt abundance had been used in combination with salmonid growth rates to determine stocking rates (Table 1) of both salmon and brook trout.

The salmon fishery

The clerk survey indicated increasing angler success over previous years (Table 2) and a continued high rate of voluntary release of legal-size salmon. The average fish size declined slightly. Voluntary angler information (Table 3) also indicated continued high salmon catch rates. The average length of the salmon they caught also remained relatively low at 16.7 inches. A high proportion of legal-size salmon was voluntarily released. These statistics indicate the presence of a large population of slower-growing salmon.

We captured 190 salmon at the Outlet in 2008, 184 of which were aged (Table 4). Fifty seven percent of the salmon were wild fish. The proportion of wild salmon in the catch has been increasing for several years. Prior to implementation of the one-salmon limit, wild fish

accounted for only about 10% of the catch at the Outlet. From 1997 to 2001, they averaged 33 percent. The percentage increased to 48 in 2002 and has been as high as 64 in 2006. The number of salmon sampled by origin (stocked or wild) since 1992 is shown in Figure 1, which confirms the downward trend in the number of hatchery salmon sampled (due to reduced stocking) and the increasing trend in the number of wild salmon sampled.

Table 5 summarizes the number of salmon caught at the Outlet since 1984 and the largest salmon caught each year. During that period, we've captured an average of 149 salmon per year, the largest of which was caught in 1989 and weighed 7.6 pounds. The largest salmon caught in 2008 weighed 4.9 lb.

The condition factor (a weight-to-length ratio that measures robustness; the higher the number, the heavier the fish for its length) for all trapnetted salmon sampled was 1.04 in 2004, declined gradually to 0.87 in 2007, and increased to 0.99 in 2008 (Figures 2, 3, 4; Tables 5, 6, 7, and 8). A more precise comparison of year-to-year changes in growth rates involves only those fish of the same origin (hatchery vs. wild) and of the same age. Statistical comparison of average salmon weights by origin and age (Table 9) indicated that those sampled in 2007 weighed the least of all years since 1999; the growth rate improved significantly (P<0.05) in 2008 for all categories. A comparison of growth rates indicates that the sizes of Rangeley Lake salmon sampled in 2008 exceeded the statewide average for both hatchery-reared and wild fish in most cases (Table 10).

There was a high proportion of age III+ stocked salmon and age II+ and III+ wild salmon in the 2008 catch (Figures 5 and 6), suggesting a high demand on smelts within the next few years. For hatchery and wild fish combined, age III+ salmon comprised the largest component of the 2008 catch.

When the salmon growth rate declined in 2002, we reduced the number of salmon stocked annually from 2,500 (0.4/acre) to 2,000 (0.33/acre) per year from 2003 through 2005 and to only 1,500 (0.25/acre) in 2006. This action resulted in increased growth rates through 2004, but – given the modest smelt egg drops from 2004 through 2006 and the subsequent decline in salmon growth rates – additional cuts were necessary to reverse the smelt shortage. Accordingly, salmon stocking was suspended altogether effective 2007, marking the first time since 1962 that the lake has not been stocked with this species. Until there is a decrease in natural reproduction

we will rely on wild salmon to provide a fishery. We will also recommend the imposition of a 2 salmon (general law) bag limit in an effort to reduce their numbers somewhat and restore size quality to the fishery. The lake may benefit from a resumption of brook trout stocking when smelt abundance increases.

Salmon spawning at the Outlet is largely unsuccessful, as evidenced by the lack of returning wild progeny. It is likely that the eggs are insufficiently aerated and do not hatch. The majority of the female salmon captured at the Outlet were hatchery-reared fish (Table 11); the wild female salmon spawn successfully at Long Pond Stream or Dodge Pond Stream. Salmon originating from eggs taken at Sebago Lake were stocked from 1987 to 1994 and from West Grand Lake from 1995 to 2000. For those cohorts (years hatched) that we sampled until the fish were at least age VII+ (nine years' data for the Sebago strain and seven for the West Grand strain), we have captured 2.8% of the Sebago salmon and 4.7% of the West Grand salmon stocked from 1987 to 1999 (Tables 4 and 12; Figure 8). These returns indicate better survival of the West Grand fish. We then stocked equal numbers of both strains of salmon from 2001 to 2005 for an unbiased comparison of the relative performance of the two strains. From this paired-stocking subset, we have sampled 116 Sebago fish and 246 West Grand fish, again suggesting superior survival of the West Grand strain salmon. However, returns may be influenced by the capture site at the Outlet, because West Grand fish are outlet spawners and Sebago fish are inlet spawners.

Hooking injuries were documented beginning in 2000 as an indication of trends associated with increased rates of catch and release. To date, the percentage salmon with hooking injuries has averaged 28% (Table 13; Figure 9). For the period, the incidence of hooking injuries exceeded the statewide average of 25%. In 2008, wild fish and hatchery fish had similar rates of hooking injuries.

The brook trout fishery

Brook trout stocking is limited to the Kennebago strain, which is indigenous to the drainage. Stocked brook trout are identified by fin excision to assist in age determination and to differentiate between stocked and wild fish.

Although relatively few spring yearling brook trout have been stocked (500 per year, or

0.1/acre, from 1999 to 2006), survival has been excellent and angler success has increased from

0.02 brook trout caught per angler in 1999 to 0.41 in 2007. Because spring yearling brook trout

forage on smelts, however, this stocking was also suspended after 2006. Most wild brook trout

migrate to South Bog Stream to spawn, but increasing numbers are being captured in the Outlet

trapnet. Seventeen were captured in 2008 (Table 14). These fish ranged up to four years old and

nearly 14 inches in length. The increase in wild brook trout abundance may result from a number

of factors, including several years of favorable water conditions, reproduction of the stocked

Kennebago strain fish, increased survival due to restrictive regulations and voluntary release,

and/or habitat restoration efforts at South Bog Stream.

Recommendations

1. Continue to rely on natural reproduction to provide the salmon fisheries.

2. Restore the general law 2 salmon daily bag limit effective 2010 to reduce the number of

salmon at large, increase the abundance of forage, and restore salmon size quality.

3. Conduct a season-long clerk survey and aerial counts in 2010 to document total angler use

as well as salmon and brook trout harvest.

4. Continue to monitor salmon growth rates by annually trapnetting the spawning run at the

Outlet and inlets as resources allow.

5. Evaluate the spring smelt egg deposition annually and continue hydroacoustic evaluation

of forage abundance.

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References



Table 1. Stocking and regulatory history, Rangeley Lake, 2001-2008.

Year	Species	Strain	Age	No./lb.	No.	Mark	Regulation History
2001	LLS LLS BKT	Sebago WG MHS	SY SY SY	4.8 5.2 2.2	1,500 1,500 500	Ad LP None	No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"
2002	LLS LLS BKT	Sebago WG Cross	SY SY SY	8.0 5.8 2.2	1,250 1,250 500	LV LV, Ad None	No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"
2003	LLS LLS BKT BKT	Sebago WG Kenn MHS	SY SY SY AD	5.0 6.6 5.0 0.3	1,000 1,000 500 70	RP, Ad LP, Ad None None	•
2004	LLS LLS BKT	Sebago WG Kenn	SY SY SY	5.2 6.6 3.9	1,000 1,000 500	RV, Ad RV RV	No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"
2005	LLS LLS BKT	Sebago WG Kenn	SY SY SY	7.1 7.1 3.1	1,000 1,000 500	BV, Ad BV Ad	No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"
2006	LLS BKT	WG Kenn	SY SY	5.9 5.0	1,500 500	LV	No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"
2007	None						No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"
2008	None						No live fish as bait; 1 salmon, 14" min. ln.; 2 trout, 10" min., only 1 > 12"

Species:	Age at stocking:	Marks:
LLS = landlocked salmon	FR = fry	Ad = adipose
BKT = brook trout	FF = fall fingerlings	LV = left ventral RV = right ventral
	SY = spring yearlings	BV = both ventral
Strains:	AD = adults	LP = left pectoral RP = right pectoral

WG = West Grand

MHS = Maine Hatchery Strain

Kenn = Kennebago

Cross = Maine Hatchery Strain x Kennebago

Table 2. Clerk creel survey, Rangeley Lake, 2000-2008.

		CENSUS YEAR							
Statistics	Species	2000	2002	2004	2006	2008			
No. anglers		408	484	428	558	141			
surveyed									
No. angler hours		2,271	1,843	921	2,523	666			
No. anglers (and	LLS	123	171	117	111	51			
%) successful in		(30)	(35)	(27)	(20)	(36)			
catching a legal	BKT	15	36	26	33	41			
fish		(4)	(7)	(6)	(6)	(29)			
No. legal fish	LLS	63	72	39	44	21			
kept	BKT	9	23	9	15	13			
No. and (%)legal	LLS	162	205	176	118	64			
fish released		(72)	(74)	(82)	(73)	(75)			
	BKT 10-12	6	14	11	4	31			
		(40)	(74)	(61)	(50)	(97)			
	BKT GE 12	0	5	7	14	15			
		(0)	(26)	(39)	(56)	(56)			
No. (and %)	LLS	48	44	32	88	10			
sublegal fish		(18)	(14)	(13)	(35)	(11)			
released	BKT	7	0	0	6	3			
		(32)	(0)	(0)	(15)	(5)			
No. legal fish per	LLS	0.55	0.57	0.50	0.29	0.60			
angler (only those		(0.15)	(0.15)	(0.09)	(0.08)	(0.15)			
kept)	BKT	0.04	0.09	0.06	0.06	0.42			
		(0.02)	(0.05)	(0.02)	(0.03)	(0.09)			
Hours to catch a	LLS	8.3	8.2	8.6	15.6	7.8			
legal fish(<u>all</u>	BKT	125.0	54.1	68.2	76.5	11.3			
legal fish caught)									
Mean length in	LLS	19.2±0.3	19.7±0.3		19.3±0.4	18.5±0.5			
in.± SE(and no.)		(63)	(71)	(38)	(43)	(19)			
fish sampled or	BKT	14.0±0.7	13.5±0.3	14.9±0.7	14.1±0.6	13.1±0.3			
reported		(8)	(23)	(8)	(15)	(13)			
Mean weight in	LLS	2.48±0.1	2.61±0.1		2.50±0.1	2.03±0.2			
<pre>lb.± SE(and no.)</pre>		(49)	(60)	(35)	(41)	(18)			
fish sampled or	BKT	1.15±0.3	1.06±0.1	1.29±0.2	1.06±0.2	0.78±0.1			
reported		(7)	(17)	(8)	(12)	(11)			
No. (and %)	LLS	40	50	28	35	11			
hatchery fish		(64)	(70)	(74)	(83)	(58)			
sampled or	BKT	2	6	3	2	2			
reported		(25)	(26)	(38)	(13)	(15)			
Estimated total	LLS	2,075	2,323	1,155	•				
fish harvested ±		±340	±325	±239					
(CI @ 95%) during	BKT	296	748	266					
survey period		±49	±105	±55					
Estimated total ang	-	13,475	15 , 558	12,688	-	12,073			
CI (@ 95%) during s	urvey period	±2,209	±2,280	±2,631		±3,564 ¹			

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¹ The 2008 angler use estimate is approximate because it was based on boat counts made in 2007 multiplied by the number of anglers per boat in 2008.

Table 3. Voluntary	creel surve	y, Rangeley	Lake, 200	4-2008.		
			c	ENSUS YEAR	3	
Statistics	Species	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
No analone		402	270	221	214	145
No. anglers surveyed		402	270	221	214	143
No. angler hours		1,551	921	916	783	537
No. anglers (and	LLS	182	125	112	117	69
%) successful in		(45)	(46)	(51)	(55)	(48)
catching a legal	BKT	48	21	40	69	62
fish		(12)	(8)	(18)	(32)	(43)
No. legal fish	LLS	90	57	62	46	39
kept	BKT	29	7	17	41	37
No. and (%)legal	LLS	169	126	106	125	69
fish released		(65)	(69)	(63)	(73)	(64)
	BKT 10-12	11	4	18	20	20
		(65)	(67)	(69)	(50)	(67)
	BKT GE 12	9	11	9	26	18
		(28)	(69)	(50)	(50)	(40)
No. (and %)	LLS	63	15	4 4	50	25
sublegal fish		(20)	(8)	(21)	(23)	(19)
released	BKT	2	3	9	12	5
		(4)	(12)	(17)	(12)	(6)
No. legal fish per	LLS	0.64	0.68	0.76	0.80	0.74
angler (only those		(0.22)	(0.21)	(0.28)	(0.21)	(0.27)
kept)	BKT	0.12	0.08	0.20	0.41	0.52
		(0.07)	(0.03)	(0.08)	(0.19)	(0.26)
Hours to catch a	LLS	6.0	5.0	5.4	4.6 9.0	5.0
legal fish(<u>all</u>	BKT	31.7	41.9	20.8	9.0	7.2
legal fish caught Mean length in	LLS	18.0±0.2	17.4±0.2	17.2±0.2	16.6±0.2	16.7±0.2
_	ТГЭ					
<pre>in.± SE(and no.) fish sampled or</pre>	BKT	(250) 14.2±0.4	(177) 14.3±0.5	(146) 13.6±0.5	(166) 12.8±0.2	(106) 13.0±0.2
reported	DVI	(49)	(20)	(39)	(84)	(75)
No. (and %)	LLS	111	97	93	83	31
hatchery fish	טחח	(54)	(51)	(54)	(38)	(26)
sampled or	BKT	8	2	5	6	0
reported		(16)	(9)	(10)	(6)	

Table 4. Number of trapnetted salmon sampled, by origin and ages, 2003-2008.

	C 4. Number	. Or craphet			Батріса	. , by 0	Ages		<u> </u>	200	
Year	Origin	Strain	I+	II+	III+	IV+	V+	VI+	VII+	VIII+	All
2003	Wild		2	9	55	21	4	2			100
2005	Hatchery	Sebago	2	15	11	21	7	۷			26
	nacencry	W Grand	1	18	43	19	5				86
	All	All	3	42	109	40	9	2			212
	1111	71 <u>4</u> 4	J	12	103	10		_			2 ± 2
2004	Wild		9	12	11	44	21	6			103
	Hatchery	Sebago	1	4	9	1					15
		W Grand		4	49	16	7				76
	All	All	10	20	69	61	28	6			194
2005	Wild		1	10	6	13	6	1			37
2005	Hatchery	Sebago		3	3	4	O				10
	nacchery	W Grand	1	3	2	9	10	1	2		28
	All	All	2	16	11	26	16	2	2		75
2006	Wild		2	25	40	10	6				83
	Hatchery	Sebago		14	4	1					19
		W Grand	1	15	1	2	6	1		1	27
	All	All	3	54	45	13	6	1		1	129
2007	Wild		1	18	62	14	8	1			104
2007	Hatchery	Sebago	_	10	13	1	O	_			14
	nacencry	W Grand		51	8	3					62
	All	All	1	69	83	18	8	1			180
2008	Wild		1	58	23	18	4				105
	Hatchery	Sebago				2					2
		W Grand			69	8					77
	All	All	1	58	92	28	4				184

Figure 1. Number of salmon sampled by origin, 1992-2008.

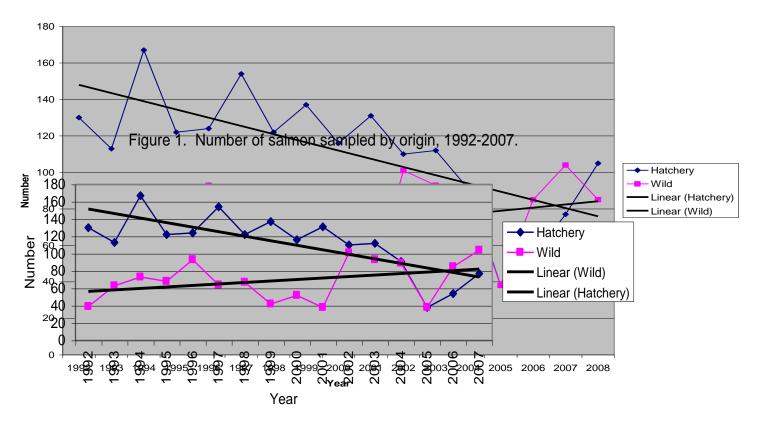


Table 5. Number of salmon and largest salmon sampled by trapnetting, 1984-2008.

Year	No.	Length	Weight	Year	No.	Length	Weight
1984	124	26.4	7.4	1997	221	22.8	3.8
1985	74	25.7	7.2	1998	189	22.6	4.0
1986	80	23.4	4.6	1999	186	24.2	5.4
1987	19	23.3	5.1	2000	170	27.0	7.1
1988	72	25.4	6.0	2001	172	25.4	6.2
1989	134	28.0	7.6	2002	218	25.0	5.7
1990	21	25.2	6.2	2003	207	25.6	6.1
1991	89	24.6	5.5	2004	239	25.9	6.8
1992	170	26.4	6.0	2005	76	26.0	5.9
1993	175	24.1	5.5	2006	138	23.3	4.7
1994	240	24.8	4.9	2007	181	23.1	3.9
1995	190	25.1	5.5	2008	190	22.5	4.9
1996	227	24.6	4.5				

Figure 2. Average lengths by age of all salmon trapnetted, 2004-2008.

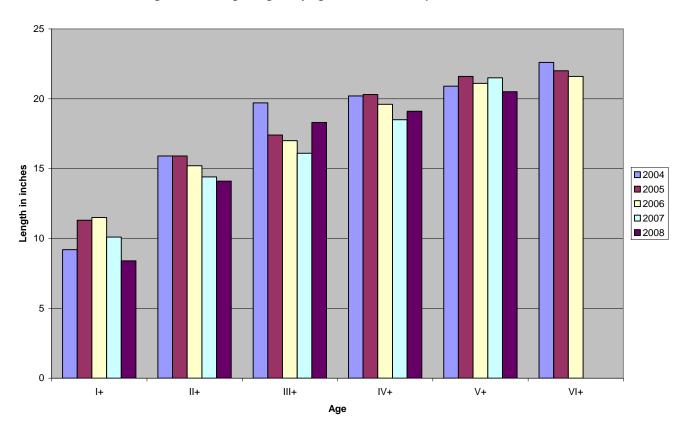


Figure 3. Average weights by age of all salmon trapnetted, 2004-2008.

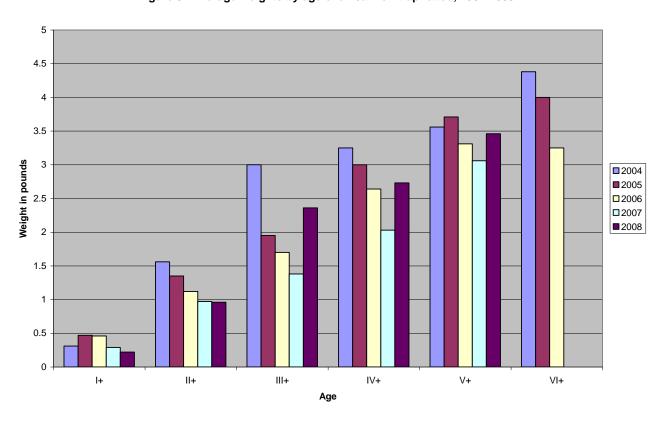


Figure 4. Condition of hatchery and wild salmon trapnetted 2004-2008.

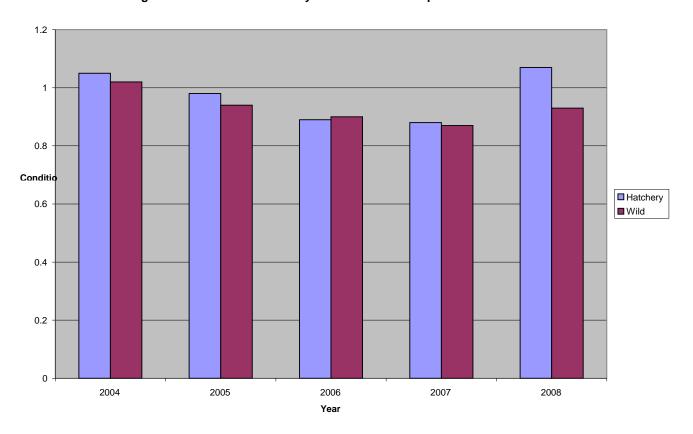


Table 6. Mean sizes of Rangeley Lake **hatchery-reared** salmon sampled during fall trapnetting at Rangeley Outlet, 2003-2008. Sample sizes are shown in parentheses. Lengths in inches; weights in pounds and ounces.

Year	Size				Ages				
	variable	I+	II+	III+	IV+	ν+	VI+	VII+	All
2003	Length	11.0	16.7±0.2 (30)	20.0±0.2 (54)	21.5±0.3 (19)	23.0±1.0 (5)	21.9±1.3 (3)		19.4±0.2 (112)
	Weight	0-6	1-11±1.3	2-14±1.7	3-12±1.9	4-9±8.2	4-0±8.5		2-13±1.6
	Cond.	0.78	0.99±0.02	0.98±0.01	1.05±0.02	1.03±0.03	1.06±0.06		1.00±0.01
2004	Length	13.3 (1)	17.2±0.4 (21)	20.1±0.2 (75)	21.7±0.4 (31)	21.9±1.1 (7)			20.1±0.2 (135)
	Weight	0-11	2-0±2.4	3-3±1.4	3-14±3.7	4-3±7.8			3-3±1.5
	Cond.	0.80	1.05±0.04	1.07±0.01	1.02±0.02	1.13±0.14			1.05±0.01
2005	Length	12.1 (1)	18.2±0.4	18.9±0.8 (5)	21.0±0.3 (13)	22.8±0.6 (10)	22.2	22.9±0.5 (2)	20.7±0.4 (38)
	Weight	0-8	2-1±1.9	2-8±5.6	3-6±4.0	4-5±5.5	4-7	4-3±7.1	3-5±3.2
	Cond.	0.821	0.93±0.01	1.00±0.05	1.00±0.05	0.99±0.05	1.01	0.97±0.04	0.98±0.02
2006	Length	12.1±0.2 (9)	16.2±0.2 (29)	19.7±0.5	21.3±0.4 (3)	21.4±0.6	21.6 (1)	21.7 (1)	16.9±0.4
	Weight	0-8±0.3	1-6±1.0	(6) 2-9±3.7	3-0±3.4	(6) 3-8±4.2	3-4	3-4	(54) 1-12±2.2
	Cond.	0.80±0.03	0.88±0.01	0.93±0.03	0.88±0.02	0.99±0.04	0.90	0.88	0.89±0.01
2007	Length		14.9±0.1 (51)	18.3±0.3 (21)	21.2±0.4 (4)	21.4			16.2±0.3 (77)
	Weight		1-1±0.5	2-1±0.2	2-14±5.4	2-6			1-7±1.2
	Cond.		0.87±0.01	0.91±0.02	0.84±0.06	0.67			0.88±0.01
2008	Length			18.6±0.2	20.6±0.4 (11)				18.9±0.2 (85)
	Weight			2-8±1.1	3-9±3.5				2-10±1.2
	Cond.			1.06±0.01	1.13±0.03				1.07±0.01

Table 7. Mean sizes of Rangeley Lake **wild** salmon sampled during fall trapnetting at Rangeley Outlet, 2003-2008. Sample sizes are shown in parentheses. Lengths in inches; weights in pounds and ounces.

Year	Size				Ages				
	variable	I+	II+	III+	IV+	V+	VI+	VII+	All
2003	Length	8.0±0.9	13.5±0.3	16.8±0.2	18.7±0.3	18.9±0.9	25.3±0.1		17.0±0.3
		(2)	(9)	(55)	(21)	(4)	(2)		(93)
	Weight	0-3±1.0	0-13±1.1		2-6±2.3	2-8±6.8	5-2±0		1-13±1.5
	Cond.	0.97±0.03	0.92±0.02	0.96±0.01	1.01±0.02	0.97±0.06	0.88±0.01		0.96±0.01
2004	Length	8.8±0.3	13.5±0.2		19.2±0.2	20.6±0.3			17.8±0.4
		(9)	(12)	(11)	(44)	(21)	(6)		(104)
	Weight	0.4±0.3	0-12±0.7	1-12±2.0	2-12±1.7	3-6±3.0	4-6±10.8		2-7±2.1
	Cond.	1.00±0.03	0.84±0.02	1.05±0.02	1.06±0.02	1.05±0.02	0.99±0.04		1.02±0.01
2005	Length	10.5	14.4±0.4	16.2±0.2	19.6±0.5	19.5±0.7	21.8		17.6±0.5
		(1)	(10)	(6)	(13)	(6)	(1)		(38)
	Weight	0-7	0-15±1.4	1-8±1.4	2-10±3.5	2-12±3.9	3-9		2-0±2.6
	Cond.	0.97	0.84±0.02	0.97±0.04	0.95±0.03	1.01±0.04	0.95		0.94±0.02
2006	Length	8.7±0.4	14.0±0.2	16.7±0.19	19.2±0.6	20.8±0.8			16.3±0.3
		(2)	(25)	(40)	(10)	(6)			(83)
	Weight	$0 - 4 \pm 0$	0-13±0.5	1-9±1.0	2-8±4.8	3-2±6.3			1-9±1.5
	Cond.	0.94±0.14	0.82±0.01	0.93±0.01	0.96±0.02	0.92±0.05			0.90±0.01
2007	Length	10.1	13.1±0.2	15.4±0.1	17.8±0.2	21.5±0.4		16.4	15.7±0.2
		(1)	(18)	(62)	(14)	(8)		(1)	(104)
	Weight	0-5	$0-11\pm0.4$	1-2±0.6	1-12±1.5	3-2±3.1		1-0	1-5±1.1
	Cond.	0.78	0.88±0.01	0.87±0.01	0.87±0.03	0.87±0.03		0.63	0.87±0.01
2008	Length	8.4	14.2±0.2	17.2±0.4	18.1±0.5	20.5±0.5			15.7±0.3
	-	(1)	(58)	(23)	(18)	(4)			(105)
	Weight	0-4	0-15±0.7	1-14±2.4	2-3±3.0	$3-2\pm 4.7$			1-7±1.3
	Cond.	1.02	0.89±0.01	0.95±0.03	0.98±0.03	1.10±0.02			0.92±0.01

Table 8. Mean sizes of **all** Rangeley Lake salmon sampled during fall trapnetting at Rangeley Outlet, 2003-2007. Sample sizes are shown in parentheses. Lengths in inches; weights in pounds and ounces.

Year	Size				Ages				
	variable	I+	II+	III+	IV+	V+	AI+	VII+	All
2003	Length	9.0±1.1 (3)	15.9±0.3 (39)	18.3±0.2 (109)	20.0±0.3 (40)	21.1±1.0 (9)	23.2±1.1 (5)		18.3±0.2 (207)
	Weight	0-4±1.2		, ,	3-1±2.3	3-10±7.8	4-7±6.3		2-6±1.2
	Cond.	0.91±0.06	0.97±0.01	0.97±0.01	1.03±0.01	1.00±0.03	0.99±0.05	5	0.98±0.01
2004	Length	9.2±0.5 (10)		19.7±0.2 (86)	20.2±0.3 (75)	20.9±0.4 (28)	22.6±1.3 (6)		19.1±0.2 (239)
	Weight	0-5±0.8					4-6±10.8		2-14±1.3
	Cond.	0.98±0.03	0.98±0.03	1.06±0.01	1.04±0.01	1.07±0.04	0.99±0.04		1.04±0.01
2005	Length	11.3±0.8 (2)	15.9±0.6 (16)	17.4±0.6 (11)	20.3±0.4 (26)	21.6±0.6 (16)	22.0±0.2 (2)	22.9±0.5 (2)	19.1±0.4 (75)
	Weight		1-6±2.4	1-15±3.7			4-0±7.0	$4-4\pm7.0$	2-10±2.4
	Cond.	0.90±0.08	0.87±0.02	0.98±0.03	0.97±0.03	1.00±0.03	1.03±0.08	0.97±0.04	0.96±0.01
2006	Length	11.5±0.4 (11)	15.2±0.2 (54)	17.0±0.2 (45)	19.6±0.5 (13)	21.1±0.5 (12)	21.6	21.7	16.5±0.2 (137)
	Weight	0-7±0.6	1-2±0.8		2-10±3.8	3-5±3.8	3-4	3-4	1-10±1.2
	Cond.	0.82±0.03	0.86±0.01	0.93±0.01	0.94±0.02	0.96±0.03	0.90	0.88	0.90±0.01
2007	Length	10.1		16.1±0.2		21.5±0.4		16.4	15.9±0.2
	Weight	(1) 0-5		(83) 1-6±0.9	(18) 2-0±2.4	(9) 3-1±3.0		(1) 1-0	(181) 1-6±0.8
	Cond.	0.78	0.87±0.01	0.88±0.01	0.86±0.03	0.85±0.03		0.63	0.87±0.01
2008	Length	8.4			19.1	20.5			17.1
	Weight	(1) 0-4	(58) 0-15±0.7	(97) 2-6±1.1	(29) 2-12±3.0	(4) 3-7±4.7			(191) 2-0±1.1
	Cond.	1.02	0.89±0.01	1.04±0.01	1.04±0.02	1.04±0.02			0.99±0.01

Table 9. Duncans multiple range tests for differences in weights of ages III+ and IV+ salmon trapnetted at Rangeley Outlet, 2000-2008. Current year **bolded** for emphasis.

Origin	Age	Duncan grouping	Mean weight (lb)	Sample size	Year
Hatchery	III+	A A A B A B C B C C C	3.19 3.18 2.88 2.75 2.58 2.57 2.51 2.51 2.04	34 74 54 61 53 5 74 5	2000 2004 2003 2001 2002 2006 2008 2005 2007
	IV+	A A B A B A B A B A B A B A B B B B	3.88 3.75 3.60 3.46 3.36 3.35 3.28 3.02 2.54	30 19 11 18 13 13 15 3	2004 2003 2008 2000 2005 2002 2001 2006 2007
Wild	III+	A A A A B A B A B B	1.84 1.77 1.76 1.69 1.59 1.48 1.46 1.19	23 11 8 55 40 6 35 2 62	2008 2004 2001 2003 2006 2005 2002 2000 2007
	IV+	A A A B A B C A B C	2.78 2.77 2.64 2.53 2.40 2.31 2.19 1.93 1.78	29 44 13 10 20 9 18 8 14	2000 2004 2005 2006 2003 2002 2008 2001 2007

Table 10. Comparison of sizes of Rangeley Lake salmon sampled in 2008 to statewide averages.

			Age						
			III+		IV+				
Water(s)	Origin	Length	Weight	Length	Weight				
Rangeley Lake 2008	Hatchery Wild	18.6 17.2	2.5 1.9	20.6 18.1	3.6 2.2				
Statewide ²	Hatchery Wild	19.0 14.3	2.4 1.0	20.5 16.4	3.0 1.5				

² From Boucher and Warner 2006.

Figure 5. Age structure of hatchery salmon sampled by trapnetting by year and age, 2005-2008, expressed as a percentage of the total number.

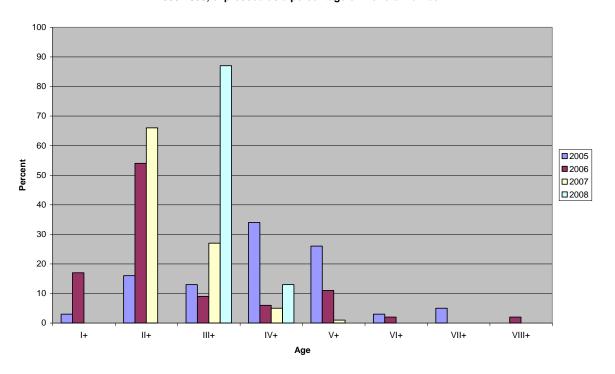


Figure 6. Age structure of wild salmon sampled by trapnetting by year and age, 2005-2008, expressed as a percentage of the total number.

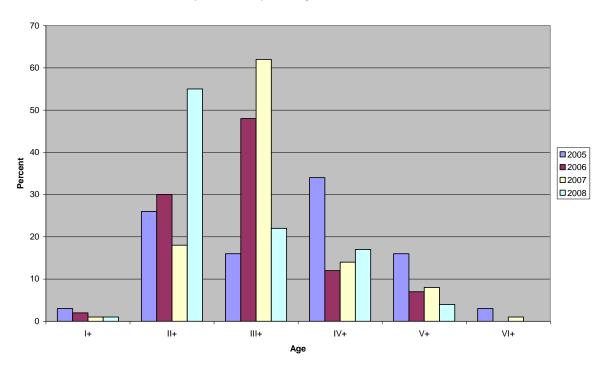


Table 11. Sex and maturity of landlocked salmon trapnetted in 2008 by origin and ages.

						P	.ges			
Origin	Sex	Maturity	I+	II+	III+	IV+	\vee +	VI+ VII+	All	. (응)
Wild	Male	Mature	1	56	20	11			88	(85)
	Female	Mature			2	7	4		13	(12)
	Unknown	Immature		2	1				3	(3)
	All	All	1	58	23	18	4		104	
Hatchery	Male	Mature			32	5			37	(44)
	Female Unknown	Mature Immature			42	6			48	(56)
	All	All			74	11			85	
Both	Male	Mature	1	56	52	16			125	(66)
	Female	Mature			44	13	4		61	(32)
	Unknown	Immature		2	1				3	(2)
	All	All	1	58	97	29	4		189	

Table 12. Relative numbers of hatchery-reared salmon trapnetted at the Rangeley Outlet by strain.

	Year	Wgt.(oz) at No. of returns at age:								
Strain		stocking	Ī+	II+	III+	IV+	V+	VI+	VII	+ All
Sebago Sebago Sebago Sebago Sebago Sebago W. Grand W. Grand W. Grand W. Grand	1987 1988 1989 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994 1995 1996 1997 1998 1999	4.0 3.1 4.1 3.2 4.3 5.5 5.9 3.3 2.3 2.9 2.5 2.4 3.0	0 9 13 3 10 17 18 7 0 2 2 3	8 39 2 14 30 12 41 15 28 36 35 35	39 38 66 49 81 71 82 106 55 78 36 61	0 6 12 29 29 21 13 11 19 16 18 15	2 1 2 5 7 3 1 9 10 10 12 8 5	0 2 1 0 1 0 0 1 1 2 0 3	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	49 66 68 117 126 134 144 125 164 121 121 100 134
W. Grand	2000	2.7	1	41	52	1	7	1	1	104
Sebago W. Grand	2001 2001	3.4 3.1	0 2	9 22	11 43	6 24	0 10	0 1	0 0	26 102
Sebago W. Grand	2002 2002	2.0 2.8	2 1	12 18	17 58	4 9	0 6	0 0		35 92
Sebago W. Grand	2003 2003	3.2 2.4	0 1	13 8	3 2	1 2	0 0			17 13
Sebago W. Grand	2004 2004	3.1 2.4	1 0	3 3	4 1	1 3				9 7
Sebago W. Grand	2005 2005	2.3 2.3	0 1	14 15	13 8	2 8				29 32
W. Grand	2006	2.7	9	51	69					129
Sebago	No. years sampled		13	13	12	12	10	9	8	13
	No. sampled		80	212	483	135	30	5	1	946
	Mean no. sampled per year		6	16	37	11	3	<1	<1	73
West Grand	No. years sampled	:	12	12	12	11	8	7	6	12
	No. sampled		22	345	569	128	68	8	3	1,163
	Mean no. sampled per year		2	29	47	12	9	1	<1	97

Figure 8. Average number of salmon trapnetted per year by strain and by age. From 1987-2006 stockings.

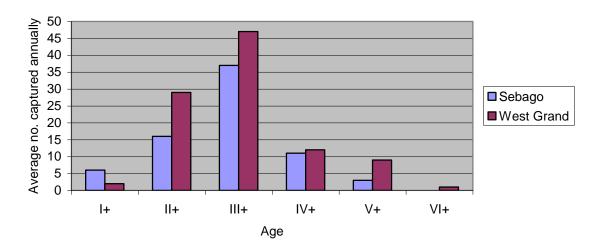


Table 13. Number and (%) of trapnetted salmon with hooking injuries, 2008.

	Hooking injury	Age								
Origin	observed	I+	II+	III+	IV+	V+	AI+	VII+	All	
Hatchery	Yes			27	3				30	
				(36)	(27)				(35)	
	No			47	8				55	
Wild	Yes	0	13	10	9	1			33	
		(0)	(22)	(43)	(50)	(25)			(32)	
	No	1	45	13	9	3			70	
All	Yes	0	13	37	12	1			63	
		(0)	(22)	(38)	(41)	(25)			(33)	
	No	1	45	60	17	3			126	

Figure 9. Percentage of trapnetted salmon with hooking injuries by origin and age, 2000-2008. A total of 1,111 salmon were evaluated.

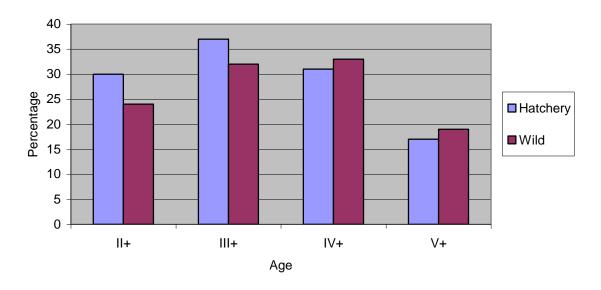


Table 14. Mean sizes of wild brook trout sampled by trapnetting. Sample sizes in parentheses.

In paren		Age								
Year stocked	Size variable	I+	II+	III+	IV+	All				
2004	Length Weight Cond.	12.0±0.8 (3) 0-10±2.0 0.91±0.07	15.9±0.6 (2) 1-11.0 1.06			13.6±1.0 (5) 0-14±4.7 0.95±0.06				
2005	Length		16.2±0.8							
	Weight Cond.		(1) 1-9 1.023							
2006	Length	12.1±1.5 (2)								
	Weight Cond.	0-10±3.7 0.95±0.02								
2007	Length		14.8±0.5 (4)							
	Weight Cond.		1-3±1.8 1.02±0.01							
2008	Length		9.6±0.2 (10)	12.2±0.2 (6)	13.9 (1)	10.8±0.4 (17)				
	Weight Cond.		0-5±0.3 0.91±0.03	0-8±0.6 0.79±0.04	0-13 0.85	0-7±0.6 0.86±0.03				