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16 DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY

2 163 BUREAU OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES (MAINE EMS)

3 CHAPTER 2: DEFINITIONS

As used in these Rules, unless the context indicates otherwise, the following terms have the followingmeanings:

6 §1. ADVANCED EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT means those portions of emergency
 7 medical treatment:

- 9 Defined by the board to be advanced; and 1. 10 2. That the board determines may be performed by persons licensed under this chapter within a 11 12 system of emergency care approved by the board when acting under the supervision of: 13 14 A. An appropriate physician; or 15 16 B. A physician assistant or nurse practitioner, licensed by the State, and authorized by 17 a hospital to supervise and direct the actions of an emergency medical services 18 person. 19 20 §2. **AMBULANCE** means any vehicle, whether an air, ground or water vehicle, that is designed, 21 constructed, or routinely used or intended to be used for the transportation of ill or injured persons. The 22 licensing of these vehicles is in addition to any registration required by any other authorities. For the 23 purposes of these Rules, vehicles operated by the Maine Army National Guard, Maine Air National 24 Guard or the United States armed forces are not considered ambulances. 25 26 **§3**. AMBULANCE SERVICE means any person, persons, or organization, which holds itself out to 27 be a provider of transportation for ill or injured persons or which routinely provides transportation for ill 28 or injured persons. For the purposes of these Rules, the Maine Army National Guard, Maine Air National 29 Guard, and the United States armed forces are not considered ambulance services. It does not mean a 30 person, persons, or an organization which transports ill or injured persons for reasons not connected with their illness or injury. It does not mean a nursing home licensed under 22 M.R.S. chapter 405, a 31 32 children's home licensed under 22 M.R.S. chapter 1669, a boarding home licensed under 22 M.R.S. 33 chapter 1663, or similar residential facility when transporting its own residents or those of another 34 similarly licensed facility when those residents do not require emergency medical treatment. The types of 35 Ambulance Services licensed by Maine EMS are listed below: 36 37 Ground Ambulance Services are those services licensed by the Board that treat patients 1. 38 and transport them in ambulance vehicles that are licensed by the Board and are designed to 39 be operated on the roads and highways of the State.
- Scene Response Air Ambulance Services are those services licensed by the Board that
 transport patients, utilizing aircraft licensed by the Board, from the scene of the patient's
 illness or injury to the hospital or provide air transfer of patients being transferred from a
 hospital or health care facility to another place.
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46 47 48 49			Transfer Air Ambulance Services are those services licensed by the Board that transport patients utilizing aircraft licensed by the Board and that may only provide air transfer of patients being transferred from a hospital or health care facility to another place.		
49 50 51 52 53 54		4.	Restricted Response Air Ambulance Services (RRAAS) are those services licensed by the Board and that utilize aircraft licensed by the Board to provide limited air ambulance services in order to meet a need within the State not otherwise fulfilled by a Scene Response Air Ambulance Service or a Transfer Air Ambulance Service.		
55 56	§4.	BAS	SE LOCATION has the following meanings dependent upon the type of service license held:		
57 58 59 60			For services licensed as Ground Ambulance Services, Scene Response Air Ambulance Services or Restricted Response Air Ambulance Services, Base Location means the physical location within a municipality, designated by the service, and approved by the Board, from which a service responds its ambulances.		
61 62 63		Ground Ambulance Services may position ambulances within municipalities abutting the municipality in which the Base Location is situated, for the purpose of enhancing emergency response.			
64 65 66		2.	For Non-Transporting Services or Transfer Air Ambulance Services, Base Location means that the service maintains a single phone listing for public access.		
67	§5 .	BASIC EMERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT means those portions of emergency			
68	0	al treatment:			
69					
70 71		1.	Defined by the board to be basic; and		
72 73 74 75		2.	That the board determines may be performed by persons licensed under 32 M.R.S. Chapter 2-B within a system of emergency care approved by the board when acting under the supervision of:		
76 77			A. An appropriate physician; or		
78 79 80 81			B. A physician assistant or nurse practitioner, licensed by the State, and authorized by a hospital to supervise and direct the actions of an emergency medical services person.		
82 83 84	§6. Chapter		ARD means the Emergency Medical Services Board established pursuant to 32 M.R.S. , §88.		
85 86 87 88	§7. BOARD APPROVAL . When no other method of gaining Board approval is specified, the person who seeks the approval shall apply in writing to the chairperson of the Board in care of the office of Maine Emergency Medical Services, stating the action to be considered, the section in the Rules under which approval is sought and the grounds in support of the request.				
89 90	§8.	CEF	RTIFICATE means a document issued as evidence that a person has completed a course of		

91 training or a particular test or recertification.

92					
93	§9.	CPR TRAINING means completion of a Cardio-Pulmonary Resuscitation (CPR) program.			
94	This is	s interpreted to include semiautomatic defibrillation when that module is successfully completed.			
95					
96	§10.	DEPARTMENT means the Maine Department of Public Safety.			
97					
98	§11.	EMERGENCY MEDICAL CALL means any event which is perceived to threaten the life,			
99	limb, o	or well-being of an individual in such a manner that a need for emergency medical treatment is			
100	create	1.			
101					
102	§12.	EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCH PRIORITY REFERENCE SYSTEM means a			
103	systen	m approved by the Emergency Services Communications Bureau and the board that includes:			
104					
105		1. A protocol for emergency medical dispatcher response to calls.			
106					
107		2. A continuous quality improvement program that measures compliance with the protocol			
108		through ongoing random case review of each emergency medical dispatcher; and			
109					
110		3. A training curriculum and testing process consistent with the protocol.			
111	612	EMEDGENCY MEDICAL DISDATCH CENTED many antity that halds itself out to ha			
112	§13.	EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCH CENTER means any entity that holds itself out to be			
113 114	a prov	ider of emergency medical dispatch services.			
114	§14.	EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCH SERVICES means any of the following services			
116	0	ed in the context of an emergency call made to the E-9-1-1 system:			
117	provid	ed in the context of an emergency can made to the E-y-1-1 system.			
118		1. Reception, evaluation, or processing of calls.			
119					
120		2. Provision of dispatch life support.			
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122		3. Management of requests for emergency medical assistance; and			
123					
124		4. Evaluation or improvement of the emergency medical dispatch process, including			
125		identifying the nature of an emergency request, prioritizing the urgency of a request,			
126		dispatching necessary resources, providing medical aid and safety instructions to the caller,			
127		and coordinating the responding resources as needed.			
128					
129	§15 .	EMERGENCY MEDICAL DISPATCHER means a person licensed by the Board who			
130	provid	es emergency medical dispatch services as a member of an emergency medical dispatch center			
131	-	ed by the Board.			
132					
133	§16.	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AMBULANCE OPERATOR means a person			
134	associ	sociated with a licensed ground ambulance service who operates an ambulance in emergency mode or			
135	transp	orts patients and is not licensed under 32 M.R.S. §85.			
136					
137	§17.	EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSON means any person who routinely provides			
138	emerg	ency medical treatment to the sick or injured. The following persons are not considered to be			

139 140		oviding emergency medical treatment for the purpose of these Rules and may provid medical treatment only as specified below when called upon:	e	
140	emergency	medical treatment only as specified below when caned upon.		
141	1.	Those persons as specified in 32 M.R.S. §82(2) subject to any restrictions stated in	that	
142	1.	section.	lllat	
143		section.		
144	2.	Any person having CPR or hemorrhage control training, for the purpose of providir	ng those	
145	۷.	skills within the scope of that training.	ig those	
140		skins within the scope of that training.		
148	3.	Any person who provides automatic external defibrillation in accordance with 22 M	IRS	
149	5.	§2150-C;		
150		ş2130 C,		
150	4.	Any person who administers Naloxone Hydrochloride in accordance with 22 M.R.S	\$ 82353	
152		and is not licensed in 32 M.R.S. §85	. 32000	
153		and is not needsed in 52 million gos		
154	5.	Any student currently enrolled in a course leading to licensure may practice proceed	ures	
155		learned in that course when that student:		
156				
157		A. Has received permission to practice those procedures from the Maine EMS	3	
158		authorized Training Center conducting the course.		
159				
160		B. Is participating in a scheduled field internship session approved by the cou	rse's	
161		clinical coordinator.		
162				
163		C. Is practicing those procedures with a Maine EMS-licensed service that con	nplies	
164		with guidelines as developed by Maine EMS to conduct field internship se	ssions;	
165		and,		
166				
167		D. Is supervised by a preceptor licensed to perform those procedures and who	is acting	
168		in accordance with any requirements or guidelines as approved and publisl	ned by	
169		Maine EMS.		
170				
171		E. If such a person is also licensed under these Rules, any emergency medical		
172		treatment he/she provides that is within the scope of his/her license will be		
173		considered as routine and not subject to such supervision.		
174				
175		ERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES VEHICLE means a vehicle, authorized by M		
176		ant to 29-A M.R.S. §2054, for the purpose of transporting personnel and/or equipmer		
177	scene of a medical emergency that is not otherwise licensed as an ambulance or registered as a fire			
178	department vehicle. An emergency medical services vehicle must be exclusively leased or owned and			
179	operated by	a service licensed by Maine EMS or by an agency designated by Maine EMS.		
180				
181	•	ERGENCY MEDICAL TREATMENT means those skills, techniques and judgme		
182	-	he Board, which are directed to maintaining, improving or preventing deterioration of		
183		dition of the patient and which are appropriate to be delivered by trained persons at t	ne scene	
184 185	of a patient	s illness or injury outside the hospital and during transportation to the hospital.		
105				

186	§20.	EMERGEN	CY RESPONSE MODE means the operation of the ambulances or emergency				
187	medica	ical services vehicle's warning lights and siren in accordance with the Maine Motor Vehicle Statutes,					
188	29-A N	1.R.S.					
189							
190	§21.	EMERGEN	CY SERVICES COMMUNICATIONS BUREAU means the Emergency Services				
191	Comm	unication Bur	eau within the Public Utilities Commission.				
192							
193	§22.	FAA means	Federal Aviation Administration.				
194	Ū						
195	§23.	FAR means	Federal Aviation Regulations				
196	Ū						
197	§24.	FULL TIM	E DISPATCH means a communications center that:				
198	0						
199		1. Operate	es twenty-four hours per day.				
200		1	5 I 5				
201		2. Records	s telephone and radio transmissions regarding calls for medical assistance.				
202							
203		3. Commu	inicates with emergency medical services providers via two-way radio and other				
204		method					
205							
206	§25.	LICENSE n	neans a full, temporary, provisional, or conditional license issued under these Rules.				
207	0						
208	§26.	LOCATED	OUTSIDE THE STATE OF MAINE. An ambulance service is located outside the				
209	0		ded that it is licensed in another state or territory, does not maintain a base of				
210		•	and does not routinely carry patients between points, both of which are in Maine.				
211	1	,					
212	§27.	MAINE EN	IERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES, or MAINE EMS means the Board, the				
213	0		services director, and staff within the Department of Public Safety responsible for				
214	•	•	onsibilities of 32 M.R.S. §81 et seq. and these Rules.				
215		6 1					
216	§28 .	MEDICAL	CONTROL is physician supervision of pre-hospital emergency medical care. More				
217	0		se actions taken to ensure that care provided on behalf of ill or injured patients is				
218	-	•	e. Medical Control includes:				
219		J 11 1					
220		1. Online	Medical Control:				
221							
222		А.	The contemporaneous physician direction of a field provider utilizing				
223			telecommunications, or in-person contact.				
224							
225		B.	This physician direction may be provided by a Physician Assistant or Advanced				
226		5.	Practice Registered Nurse delegated by the physician(s) charged with medical				
227			oversight, pursuant to 32 M.R.S. §83(17-A).				
228							
229		2. Medica	l Direction:				
230							
231		А.	The administrative medical direction of EMS personnel by a physician as				
232		1 11	designated in these Rules. Medical Direction includes interaction with operational				

233 and administrative aspects of EMS (for example, education and training, quality 234 improvement, ambulance staffing, dispatch issues, and hospital destination). 235 236 **§29**. MEDICAL DIRECTION AND PRACTICES BOARD means the board consisting of each 237 regional medical director, an emergency physician representing the Maine Chapter of the American 238 College of Emergency Medicine Physicians, an at-large member, a toxicologist or licensed pharmacist, a 239 person licensed under 32 M.R.S. §85 to provide basic emergency medical treatment, a person licensed 240 under 32 M.R.S. §85 to provide advanced emergency medical treatment, a pediatric physician, the 241 statewide associate emergency medical services medical director and the statewide emergency medical 242 services medical director. The Medical Direction and Practices Board is responsible for creation, adoption 243 and maintenance of Maine Emergency Medical Services protocols. 244 245 §30. NON-EMERGENCY MEDICAL CALL means a situation in which an immediate response to 246 a scene, hospital, health care facility or other place is not required to prevent life-or limb-threatening 247 medical deterioration of a person. 248 249 **NON-EMERGENCY RESPONSE MODE** means operation of the ambulance or emergency §31. 250 medical services vehicle in a non-emergency mode obeying all traffic laws. 251 252 §32. NON-TRANSPORTING SERVICE means any organization, person or persons who hold 253 themselves out as providers of emergency medical treatment and who do not routinely provide 254 transportation to ill or injured persons, and who routinely offer or provide services to the general public 255 beyond the boundaries of a single recreational site, business, school or other facility. For the purposes of 256 these Rules, a physician making house calls as a part of ordinary medical practice is not considered to be 257 a non-transporting service. For the purposes of this definition, "routinely" means regularly, as part of the 258 usual way of doing things. 259 260 §33. **OFFICE OR OFFICE OF EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES** means the administrative 261 unit within the Department of Public Safety to which the Board assigns responsibility for carrying out the 262 purposes of 32 M.R.S. §81, et seq. Responsibility for implementation, enforcement and administration of these Rules is delegated to the Director of the Office. 263 264 265 PATIENT CARE REPORT means the report generated and filed by Ambulance Services and §34. 266 Non-Transporting Services documenting each request for service or for each patient when more than one 267 patient is involved. 268 §35. 269 **PARAMEDIC INTER-FACILITY TRANSFER (PIFT)** means a transfer of a patient after 270 initial assessment and stabilization from and to a health care facility, or other location designated by 271 medical control or a primary patient care physician, conducted in accordance with the Maine EMS PIFT 272 guidelines. 273 274 PARAMEDIC INTER-FACILITY TRANSFER (PIFT) SERVICE means a Maine EMS §36. 275 licensed Ambulance Service that has been approved as a PIFT Service by Maine EMS after fulfilling the 276 PIFT Service eligibility requirements. 277 278 PARAMEDIC INTER-FACILITY TRANSFER (PIFT) PROVIDER means a Maine EMS **§37.** 279 Paramedic who has completed the Maine EMS PIFT Training Program.

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- 281 **§38**. PROTOCOL OR MAINE EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PROTOCOL means the 282 written statement approved by the Medical Direction and Practices Board and filed with the Board, 283 specifying the conditions under which some form of emergency medical care is to be given by emergency 284 medical services persons. These protocols are coordinated and published through Maine EMS as a single, 285 statewide common set of protocols. 286 287 §39. **PROVIDER** of emergency medical dispatch services means an Emergency Medical Dispatcher 288 or Emergency Medical Dispatch Center licensed by the Board. 289 **§40.** 290 PUBLIC SAFETY ANSWERING POINT (PSAP) has the same meaning as in 25 M.R.S. 291 §2921. 292 293 **REGIONAL COUNCILS** mean those business entities recognized by the Board that represent **§41**. 294 the various geographical areas of the state, as designated by the Board, with respect to matters subject to 295 32 M.R.S., §81 et seq. and these Rules. 296 297 §42. **REGIONAL MEDICAL DIRECTOR** means the physician designated in each EMS region by 298 the regional council, subject to approval by the Board, to oversee all matters of medical control and to 299 advise the regional council on medical matters. In approving the regional medical director, the Board will 300 be advised by the regional council for the region. 301 302 §43. **RESPONSE ASSIGNMENT PLAN** means a Maine EMS-approved plan developed by a Maine 303 licensed service and its service medical director that establishes the service's response in accordance with 304 Maine EMS Emergency Medical Dispatch (EMD) protocol determinant codes. 305 **§44**. 306 **ROUTINELY** means the median annual call volume for the lowest 10% of all Maine EMS-307 licensed ground ambulance and non-transporting services for the preceding year, calculated and applied 308 separately as it pertains to those defined services and ambulance licensure with the least of the median figures applied as it relates to other defined services, emergency medical services persons, or persons 309 licensed by the Board. 310 311 312 SERVICE-LEVEL MEDICAL DIRECTOR means a physician, or a nurse practitioner who §45. 313 has completed the required clinical experience pursuant to 32 M.R.S. §2102(2-A), who assumes primary 314 responsibility to ensure quality medical care for the service. A physician assistant may assist in this role 315 under the direct supervision of a physician; however, the supervising physician must be identified to 316 Maine EMS as the medical director. 317 318 STATE LICENSURE EXAMINATIONS mean the written (cognitive) tests and practical **§46**. 319 (psychomotor) evaluations approved by the Board and used to determine the minimum competency of a 320 person seeking licensure as an EMS provider. 321 322 §47. **TRAINING CENTER** means an entity that meets the requirements of the Maine EMS Training 323 Center Standards and is authorized by Maine EMS to conduct Maine EMS-approved EMS educational 324 courses and training programs leading to EMS provider licensure. 325

326 **§48**. **TRAUMA** means a single or multisystem life-threatening or limb-threatening injury requiring 327 immediate medical or surgical intervention or treatment to prevent death or permanent disability. 328 WILDERNESS EMERGENCY MEDICAL TECHNICIAN (WEMT) means the graduate of 329 §49. 330 any wilderness emergency medical technician course who may apply the principles of care taught in that 331 course as defined. This is not a Maine EMS licensure level in itself but is a certification of skills and 332 knowledge that may be employed by those licensed by Maine EMS. 333

334 §50. 9-1-1 PRIMARY RESPONSE AREA means the geopolitical subdivision(s) where the agency
 335 provides response to a scene location for an Emergency Medical Call.

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