Maine EMS Pandemic Response Home Care Instructions



For more information: www.cdc.gov/COVID19

What to do if you are sick with coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

If you are known to have COVID-19 infection, are awaiting the results of testing, or suspect you have been infected, please follow the steps below to help prevent the disease from spreading to other people in your home and community:

Stay home except to get medical care

Do not go to work, school, or public areas. Avoid using public transportation, ride-sharing, or taxis.

Call ahead before visiting your doctor

Tell the office that you have or may have COVID-19. This helps them take steps to keep other people safe.

Separate yourself from others at home

Stay in a specific room away from other people and pets. If possible, use a separate bathroom. Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth.

Wear a facemask if you are sick

If you are sick: You should wear a facemask when you are around other people (e.g., sharing a room or vehicle) or pets and before you enter a healthcare provider's office.

If you are caring for others: If the person who is sick is not able to wear a facemask (for example, because it causes trouble breathing), then people who live with the person who is sick should not stay in the same room with them, or they should wear a facemask if they enter a room with the person who is sick.

Clean your hands often

Wash hands: Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds, especially after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing; going to the bathroom; and before eating or preparing food. Hand sanitizer: If soap and water are not readily available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol, covering all surfaces of your hands and rubbing them together until they feel dry.

Soap and water: Soap and water are the best option if hands are visibly dirty.

Avoid touching: Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

Cover your coughs and sneezes

Cover your mouth and nose with a tissue when you cough or sneeze. Throw used tissues in a lined trash can; immediately wash your hands with soap and water or clean your hands with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.

Avoid sharing personal household items

Do not share dishes, drinking glasses, cups, eating utensils, towels, or bedding with other people or pets in your home. Clean items with soap and water.

Clean all "high touch" surfaces regularly

Use a household cleaning spray or wipe, according to the label instructions. Labels contain instructions for safe and effective use of the cleaning product including precautions you should take when applying the product, such as wearing gloves and making sure you have good ventilation during use of the product.

Monitor your symptoms

Seek medical attention if your illness is worsening (e.g., difficulty breathing). **Before** seeking care, call your healthcare provider and tell them that you have, or are being evaluated for, COVID-19.

Persons who are placed under active monitoring or facilitated self-monitoring should follow instructions provided by their local health department or occupational health professionals. If you have a medical emergency and need to call 911, notify the dispatch personnel that you have, or are being evaluated for COVID-19. If possible, put on a facemask before emergency medical services arrive.

Discontinuing home isolation

Patients with confirmed COVID-19 should remain under home isolation precautions until the risk of secondary transmission to others is thought to be low. The decision to discontinue home isolation precautions is made on a case-by-case basis, in consultation with healthcare providers and state and local health departments.

From:https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/if-you-are-sick/steps-when-sick.html

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Maine EMS Pandemic Response Return to Care Instructions



For more information: www.cdc.gov/COVID19

What to do if your symptoms worsen from coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

If you develop **emergency warning signs** for COVID-19, seek **medical attention immediately**.

If you call 911, let the dispatcher know if you have COVID-19, are awaiting test results or suspect that you have been infected.

Emergency warning signs include:*

- 1. Difficulty breathing or shortness of breath
- 2. Persistent pain or pressure in the chest
- 3. New confusion or inability to arouse
- 4. Bluish lips or face
- 5. Lightheadedness or feeling faint
- * This list is not all inclusive. Please consult your primary medical provider for any other symptoms that are severe or concerning

https://www.cdc.gov/coronavirus/2019-ncov/symptoms-testing/symptoms.html?CDC_AA_refVal=https%3A%2F%2Fwww.cdc.gov%2Fcoronavirus%2F2019-ncov%2Fabout%2Fsymptoms.html

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Maine EMS Pandemic Infection Control Instructions



For more information: www.cdc.gov/COVID19

Infection control strategies to prevent coronavirus disease 2019 (COVID-19)

If you or your loved one are known to have the COVID-19 infection, are awaiting the results of testing, or suspect you have been infected, please consider these steps to decrease spread of COVID-19:

Clean your hands often

- Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds especially after you have been in a public place, or after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing.
- If soap and water are not readily available, **use a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol**. Cover all surfaces of your hands and rub them together until they feel dry.
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.

Avoid close contact

- Avoid close contact with people who are sick
- Put **distance between yourself and other people** if COVID-19 is spreading in your community.

Stay home if you are sick

• Stay home if you are sick, except to get medical care.

Cover coughs and sneezes

- **Cover your mouth and nose** with a tissue when you cough or sneeze or use the inside of your elbow.
- Throw used tissues in the trash.
- Immediately **wash your hands** with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. If soap and water are not readily available, clean your hands with a hand sanitizer that contains at least 60% alcohol.

Wear a facemask if you are sick

- If you are sick: You should wear a facemask when you are around other people (e.g., sharing a room or vehicle) and before you enter a healthcare provider's office. If you are not able to wear a facemask (for example, because it causes trouble breathing), then you should do your best to cover your coughs and sneezes, and the people who are caring for you should wear a facemask if they enter your room.
- If you are NOT sick: You do not need to wear a facemask in the home unless you are caring for someone who is sick (and they are not able to wear a facemask). Facemasks may be in short supply and they should be saved for caregivers.

Clean and disinfect

- Clean AND disinfect frequently touched surfaces daily. This includes tables, doorknobs, light switches, countertops, handles, desks, phones, keyboards, toilets, faucets, and sinks.
- If surfaces are dirty, clean them: Use detergent or soap and water prior to disinfection.