

# **BURGLARY**

Burglary, also known as breaking and entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny."

"A person is guilty of burglary if he enters or surreptitiously remains in a structure, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 401

### **Crime Clock**

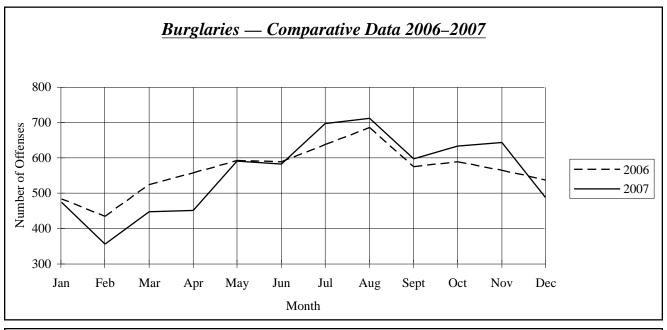
1 Burglary every 78 minutes, 43 seconds

Trend							
Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2003–2007
Number reported	6,571	6,344	6,277	6,776	6,677		
% change from previous year	-5.4%	-3.5%	-1.1%	7.9%	-1.5%		
						% change	1.6%
Rate per 1,000	5.03	4.82	4.76	5.13	5.07		
% change from previous year	-6.2%	-4.2%	-1.2%	7.8%	-1.2%		
·						% change	0.8%

Characteristics — 2007				
Place of Occurrence		Months of Highest Occurrence		
Residence	69.1%	August	10.7%	
Non-Residence	30.9%	July	10.4%	
Type of Entry		November	9.6%	
Forcible Entry	50.1%	Value of Property Stole	n during Offense	
Unlawful Entry — No Force	44.6%	Total	\$6,746,386.00	
Attempted Forcible Entry	5.3%	Per Incident Average	\$1,010.39	
Time of Day		Clearance Rate		
Day — 6 a.m.–6 p.m	45.4%	1,383 Offenses Cleared	20.7%	
Night — 6 p.m.–6 a.m	27.8%	Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.20	
Unknown	26.8%			

# Profile of Persons Arrested 1,306 Arrests Age 17 and under 29.9% 18-24 35.1% 25-29 10.9% 30-34 8.4% 35-39 5.4% 40 and over 10.3% Sex Male 87.3% Female 12.7%

Type of Entry, 2006–2007					
	2006	2007	% change		
Forcible Entry Unlawful Entry,	3,531	3,347	-5.2%		
no force Attempted	2,933	2,979	1.6%		
Forcible Entry	312	351	12.5%		
Totals	6,776	6,677	-1.5%		



Burglary by Time of Day, 2006–2007							
	Nı	umber of Of	ffenses	Estimate	Estimated Value of Prop		
	2006	2007	% change	2006	2007	% change	
Residence							
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	1,133	1,185	4.6%	\$1,198,066	\$1,029,172	-14.1%	
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	2,091	2,217	6.0%	\$2,226,863	\$2,141,668	-3.8%	
Unknown	1,417	1,209	-14.7%	\$1,384,182	\$1,386,213	0.1%	
Subtotals	4,641	4,611	<b>-0.6%</b>	\$4,809,111	\$4,557,053	-5.2%	
Non-Residence							
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	891	668	-25.0%	\$872,060	\$492,645	-43.5%	
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	587	815	38.8%	\$585,528	\$799,834	36.6%	
Unknown	657	583	-11.3%	\$798,552	\$896,854	12.3%	
Subtotal	2,135	2,066	<b>-3.2%</b>	\$2,256,140	\$2,189,333	-3.0%	
<b>Grand Totals</b>	6,776	6,677	-1.5%	\$7,065,251	\$6,746,386	-4.5%	



### LARCENY-THEFT

Larceny is the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership.

Maine has consolidated conduct denoted as Theft under Title 17-A, Chapter 15, § 351, Consolidation, embracing numerous separate crimes previously known as larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, extortion, blackmail, shoplifting, and receiving stolen property. In properly classifying/scoring these offenses under UCR guidelines, certain offenses fall under Larceny-Theft, while others more appropriately fit under Part II offense definitions such as Fraud, Embezzlement, Stolen Property or All Other Offenses.

1 Larceny every 21 minutes, 51 seconds

Theft by unauthorized taking or transfer — "1. A person is guilty of theft if he obtains or exercises unauthorized control over the property of another with intent to deprive him thereof." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 353

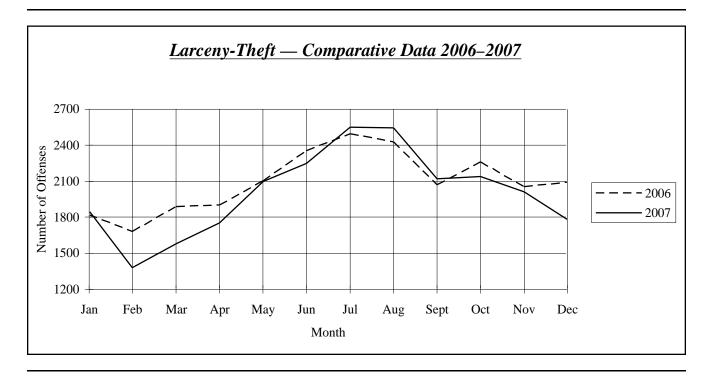
Burglary of a motor vehicle — "A person is guilty of theft if the actor enters a motor vehicle knowing the actor is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein (and that crime is theft)." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 405

Trend							
Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2003–2007
Number reported	24,064	24,087	24,153	25,161	24,060		
% change from previous year	-1.8%	0.1%	0.3%	4.2%	-4.4%		
						% change	_
Rate per 1,000	18.43	18.29	18.31	19.04	18.27		
% change from previous year	-2.6%	-0.8%	0.1%	4.0%	-4.1%		
·						% change	-0.9%

Characteristics — 2007				
<b>Type of Criminal Activity</b>	Over \$20033.5%			
All Other48.1%	\$50 to \$20023.9%			
From Motor Vehicles17.4%	<b>Months of Highest Occurrence</b>			
Shoplifting12.7%	July10.6%			
From Buildings12.6%	August10.6%			
Motor Vehicle Parts & Accessories4.3%	June9.3%			
Bicycles4.1%	Value of Property Stolen during Offense			
From Coin-Op Machines	Total\$12,202,173.00			
Purse-Snatching	Per Incident Average\$507.16			
Pocket-Picking0.2%	Clearance Rate			
Value per Incident	7,176 Offenses Cleared29.8%			
Under \$50	Arrests/Crime Ratio0.25			

Profile of Persons Arrested 6,018 Arrests				
Age				
17 and under	24.7%			
18–24	32.6%			
25–29	13.4%			
30–34	8.0%			
35–39	7.1%			
40 and over	14.3%			
Sex				
Male	59.3%			
Female	40.7%			

Larceny by Classification, 2006–2007							
	N	umber of Of	ffenses		Value Stolen		
	2006	2007	% change	2006	2007	% change	
Pocket-Picking	50	51	2.0%	\$19,303	\$60,063	211.2%	
Purse-Snatching	112	57	-49.1%	\$19,549	\$14,377	-26.5%	
Shoplifting	2,817	3,046	8.1%	\$430,207	\$355,588	-17.3%	
From Motor Vehicles	5,271	4,175	-20.8%	\$1,731,504	\$1,225,178	-29.2%	
M/V Parts & Accessories	941	1,041	10.6%	\$421,090	\$741,804	76.2%	
Bicycles	1,109	991	-10.6%	\$240,374	\$242,622	0.9%	
From Buildings	3,399	3,042	-10.5%	\$2,586,182	\$2,939,870	13.7%	
From Coin-Op Machines	63	84	33.3%	\$33,501	\$11,962	-64.3%	
All Other	11,399	11,573	1.5%	\$6,329,237	\$6,610,709	4.4%	
Totals	25,161	24,060	-4.4%	\$11,810,947	\$12,202,173	3.3%	





## **MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT**

Uniform Crime Reporting defines Motor Vehicle Theft as the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle, including "joy riding." Excluded from this class is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees.

Motor vehicles are defined by UCR as self-propelled vehicles that run on the surface of the land and not on rails, such as automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snow-mobiles, ATVs, etc. Not included are farm equipment, construction equipment, airplanes, motorboats.

1 Motor
Vehicle Theft
every 6 hours,
57 minutes

Unauthorized use of property — "1. A person is guilty of theft if: A. Knowing that he does not have the consent of the owner, he takes, operates or exercises control over a vehicle,

or knowing that the vehicle has been wrongfully obtained, he rides in such vehicle." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A § 360

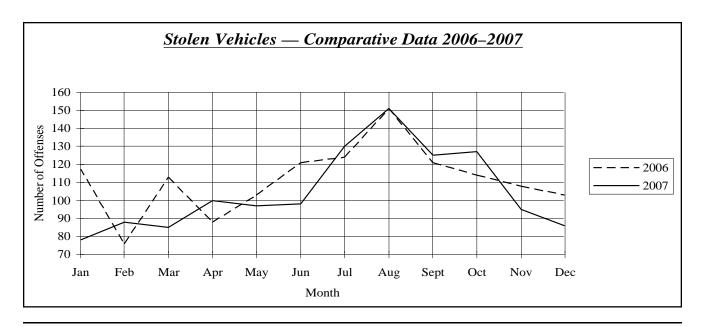
Trend							
Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007		2003–2007
Number reported	1,450	1,305	1,344	1,340	1,260		
% change from previous year	2.3%	-10.0%	3.0%	-0.3%	-6.0%		
						% change	-13.1%
Rate per 1,000	1.11	0.99	1.02	1.01	0.96		
% change from previous year	0.9%	-10.8%	3.0%	-0.6%	-5.3%		
						% change	-13.8%

Type of Vehicle 2006–2007					
	Auto- mobiles	Trucks/ Buses	Other Vehicles	Totals	
2006	912	194	234	1,340	
2007	887	154	219	1,260	
% change	-2.7%	-20.6%	-6.4%	-6.0%	

Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered 2007						
No. Recovered % Recovered						
Recovered Locally	433	34.4%				
Recovered — Other	Jurisdictions					
	160	12.7%				
Total Recovered	593	47.1%				
Not Recovered	667	52.9%				

Characteristics — 2007				
Type of Vel	hicle	Value of Property Stolen during Offense		
Automobiles	70.4%	Total	\$7,569,015.00	
Other Vehicles	17.4%	Per Incident Average	\$6,007.15	
Trucks/Buses	12.2%	Number of Locally Stolen M/	Vs Recovered593	
Months of Highest	Occurrence	Value of Property Recovered		
August	12.0%	Total	\$4,220,956.00	
July	10.3%	Clearance Rate		
October	10.1%	415 Offenses Cleared	32.9%	
		Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.23	

Profile of Persons Arrested 286 Arrests						
Age						
17 and under	30.1%					
18–24	33.2%					
25–29	13.6%					
30–34	6.6%					
35–39	5.9%					
40 and over	10.5%					
Sex						
Male	83.9%					
Female	16.1%					





# **ARSON**

Arson is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting program as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

are excluded.

"1. A person is guilty of arson if he starts, causes, or maintains a fire or explosion; A. On the property of an - other with the intent to damage or destroy property thereon; or B. On his own property or the property of another (1) with the intent to en -



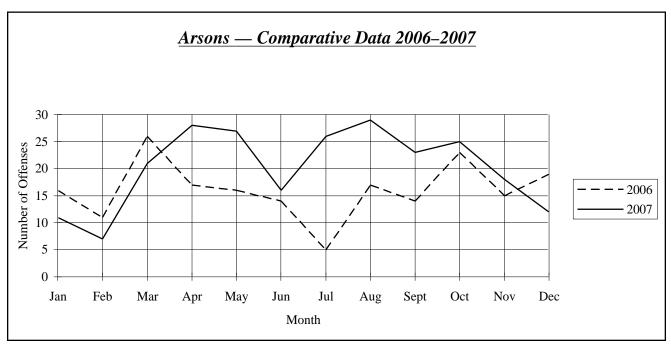
able any person to collect insurance proceeds for the loss caused by the fire or explosion; or (2) which recklessly endangers any person or the property of another." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 802.

Trend							
Year	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2003–2007	
Number reported	196	192	177	193	243		
% change from previous year	12.6%	-2.0%	-7.8%	9.0%	25.9%		
						% change	24.0%
Rate per 1,000 population	0.15	0.15	0.13	0.15	0.18		
% change from previous year	15.4%		-13.3%	15.4%	20.0%		
·						% change	20.0%

Characteristics — 2007						
Type of Property						
Structural	63.0%					
Other	22.2%					
Mobile	14.8%					
Months of Highest	Occurrence					
August	11.9%					
May	11.1%					
July						
Value of Property						
Total	\$3,825,380.00					
Per Incident Average	\$15,742.30					
Clearance I						
68 Offenses Cleared	28.0%					
Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.29					

Profile of Persons Arrested 70 Arrests						
Age						
17 and under	42.9%					
18–24	15.7%					
25–29	10.0%					
30–34	7.1%					
35–39						
40 and over	20.0%					
Sex						
Male	77.1%					
Female	22.9%					

Arson by Property Type, 2006–2007							
	Nu	mber of	Offenses	<b>Estimated Value of Property Loss</b>			
Classification	2006	2007	% change	2006	2007	% change	
Structural — Residential	53	100	88.7%	\$2,276,530	\$2,897,620	27.3%	
Structural — Non-residential	41	53	29.3%	\$1,701,750	\$782,316	-54.0%	
Mobile (cars, trailers, boats, etc.)	42	36	-14.3%	\$386,970	\$132,976	-65.6%	
All other (crops, fields, signs, etc.)	57	54	-5.3%	\$40,826	\$12,468	-69.5%	
Totals	193	243	25.9%	\$4,406,076	\$3,825,380	-13.2%	



Arson Breakdown by County								
Number of Offenses				Estimate	Estimated Value of Property Loss			
County	2006	2007	% change	2006	2007	% change		
Androscoggin	13	20	53.8%	\$507,410	\$294,724	-41.9%		
Aroostook	6	4	-33.3%	\$20,493	\$7,600	-62.9%		
Cumberland	59	47	-20.3%	\$434,451	\$499,462	15.0%		
Franklin	2	8	300.0%	\$500,000	\$213,030	-57.4%		
Hancock	4	4	_	\$62,100	\$12,500	-79.9%		
Kennebec	26	22	-15.4%	\$147,896	\$262,100	77.2%		
Knox	3	2	-33.3%	\$10,500	\$700	-93.3%		
Lincoln	2	5	150.0%	\$60	\$89,000	148,233.3%		
Oxford	6	7	16.7%	\$33,900	\$567,500	1,574.0%		
Penobscot	26	40	53.8%	\$156,320	\$437,288	179.7%		
Piscataquis	_	8	100.0%	_	\$2,150	100.0%		
Sagadahoc	7	1	-85.7%	\$1,315,000	\$500	-100.0%		
Somerset	6	13	116.7%	\$290,300	\$152,250	-47.6%		
Waldo	5	8	60.0%	\$802,000	\$135,300	-83.1%		
Washington	2	7	250.0%	\$200	\$210,275	105,037.5%		
York	26	47	80.8%	\$125,446	\$941,001	650.1%		
Totals	193	243	25.9%	\$4,406,076	\$3,825,380	-13.2%		

Note: Arson figures shown by UCR may not agree with figures shown by the Fire Marshal's office due to local depart-ments handling cases informally.