

MURDER AND NON-NEGLIGENT MANSLAUGHTER

Murder and non-negligent manslaughter are described by UCR as the willful (non-negligent) killing of one human being by another — or a death that results from the commission of another criminal act.

Murder — "1. A person is guilty of murder if: A. He intentionally or knowingly causes the death of another human being; B. He engages in conduct which manifests a depraved indifference to the value of human life …; or C. … causes another human being to commit suicide by the use of force, duress or deception." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 201

1 Murder
every
17 days,
9 hours,
9 minutes

Felony Murder — "1. A person is guilty of felony murder if

acting alone or with one or more other persons in the commission or attempt to commit im - mediate flight after committing or attempting to commit ... [another felony offense], he or an -

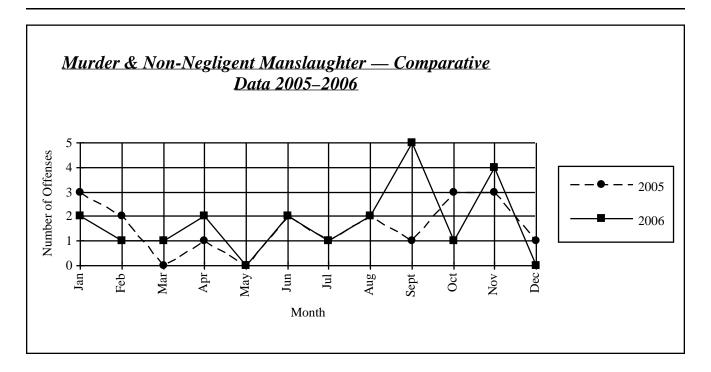
other participant in fact causes the death of another human being ..." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 202

Manslaughter — "1. A person is guilty of manslaughter if he: B. ... causes the death of another human being ... while under the influence of extreme anger or extreme fear ..." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 203

Not included in the count for this offense classification are deaths caused by negligence, suicide, or accident. Although manslaughter by negligence is recorded on the "offenses known to police" form along with murder, it is not considered an index offense and is not discussed in this report. Attempts to murder or assaults to murder are scored as aggravated assaults and not murder.

Trend							
Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		2002–2006
Number reported	14	17	19	19	21		
% change from previous year	-26.3%	21.4%	11.8%	_	10.5%		
						% change	50.0%
Rate per 1,000	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.01	0.02		
% change from previous year	_				100.0%		
						% change	100.0%

	Characteris	stics — 2006		
Victim-Offender Relationship		Months of Highest Occurrence		
Non-Stranger to Non-Stranger	81.0%	September	23.8%	
Stranger to Stranger	9.5%	November	19.0%	
Unknown	9.5%	Jan., Apr., June, Aug	9.5%	
Type of Weapon Used	ì	Value of Property Stolen during Offense		
Firearm	57.1%	Total	\$0.00	
Knife/Cutting Instrument	4.8%	Per Incident Average	\$0.00	
Other Dangerous Weapon	14.3%			
Hands, Fists, Feet	4.8%	21 Offenses Cleared	100.0%	
Other/Undetermined	19.0%	Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.76	



Profile of Persons Arrested — 16 Arrests					
Age			Sex		
17 and under	0.0%	Male	93.8%		
18–24	6.3%	Female	6.3%		
25–29	18.8%				
30–34	37.5%				
35–39	18.8%				
40 and over	18.8%				
5 offenders commi	tted suicide				

telationship*	Number	% of Total
Wife	3	14.3%
Father	1	4.8%
Mother	1	4.8%
Brother	1	4.8%
Total Family	6	28.6%
Girlfriend/Boyfriend	2	9.5%
Acquaintance	9	42.9%
Stranger	2	9.5%
Unknown	2	9.5%
Total Other	15	71.4%
TOTAL	21	100.0%

*Number of relationships may not agree with number of victims due to instances of multiple offenders or multiple victims.

Age of Victims	Male	Female	Total	Age of Offenders	Male	Female	Tota
0–14 years	1	_	1	0–14 years	_	_	_
15–24 years	1	1	2	15–24 years	2	_	
25–34 years	2	2	4	25–34 years	5	_	
35–44 years	1	5	6	35–44 years	4	1	:
45–54 years	2	1	3	45–54 years	4	_	
55–64 years	2	_	2	55–64 years	_	_	_
65+ years	1	2	3	65+ years	_	_	_
Total	10	11	21	Total	15	1	1
	65+ 0-	3% -24 ars		/ 45	0-	5% -24 ars	

	Murde	er Distributio	n by Circumstances	
Circumstance**	Number	% of Total		
Aggravated Assault	2	9.5%		9.5%
Felony Total*	2	9.5%		Felony
Domestic Conflict	8	38.1%		
Argument	2	9.5%	58.8% All	
Child Abuse/Neglect	1	4.8%	Other	38.1%
Other	6	28.6%	/	Domestic
Unknown	2	9.5%		
Other than Felony Total	19	90.5%	9.5%	
TOTAL	21	100.0%	Argun	nent

^{*}Felony murder is defined as a killing which occurs in conjunction with the commission of another crime such as a robbery, arson, sexual assault or other felonious activities.

^{**}Due to the unlimited set of possible circumstances surrounding homicides, it is difficult to provide a clear-cut or precise statistical category. In the intent of uniformity, the number of circumstance categories has been kept to a minimum. Caution is suggested in drawing generalizations from the data without more deliberate analysis. This table makes no attempt to analyze the motives of offenders, but rather to display general circumstances surrounding the events.

Murder Distribution by Weapon						
Weapon	Number	% of Total	5.9% Other Weapons or Means			
Firearm	12	57.1%				
Knife, Cutting Instrument	1	4.8%				
Hands, Fists, Feet	1	4.8%	/ 19.0% Other			
Blunt Instrument	3	14.3%	Weapons			
Other/Unknown	4	19.0%	57.1%			
Total	21	100.0%	14.3% Blunt Instrument Firearms 4.8% Hands, etc. 4.8% Knife			



FORCIBLE RAPE

Forcible rape is the carnal knowledge of a female forcibly and against her will.

"A person is guilty of gross sexual assault if that person engages in a sexual act (direct genital contact) with another person and the person submits as a result of compulsion." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 253

This category is broken down into two categories: Rape by Force, and Attempted Forcible Rape. Carnal abuse without force (statutory rape) and other sex offenses are not included.

Forcible rape differs from other violent crimes in that the victim, in many cases, is reluctant to report the offense to police. The

investigation by police, medical examination, court procedure, embarrassment and fear of any accompanying stigma have a deterrent effect on the victim's willingness to make the offense known to police.

Crime Clock

1 Rape

every

25 hours,

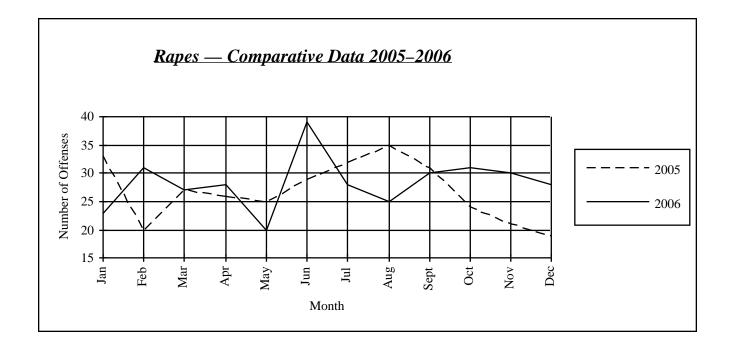
46 minutes

Maine has experienced increased availability in services such as rape crisis centers providing 24-hour hot lines and counselors, witness/victim assistants in district attorneys' offices, improved medical practices and increased sensitivity by law enforcement personnel. The increased number of offenses identified in this report may be, in part, influenced by the increasing confidence of victims in the criminal justice system.

Trend							
Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		2002–2006
Number reported	391	351	313	322	340		
% change from previous year	21.4%	-10.2%	-10.8%	2.9%	5.6%		
						% change	-13.0%
Rate per 1,000	0.30	0.27	0.24	0.24	0.26		
% change from previous year	20.0%	-10.0%	-11.1%		8.3%		
						% change	-13.3%

Characteristics — 2006				
Type of Offense	•			
Rape by Force	95.9%			
Attempts to Rape	4.1%			
Months of Highest Occ	urrence			
June	11.5%			
Feb., Oct	9.1%			
Sept., Nov	8.8%			
Value of Property Stolen du	ring Offense			
Total	\$0.00			
Per Incident Average	\$0.00			
Clearance Rate				
142 Offenses Cleared	41.8%			
Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.25			

Profile of Persons Arrested 85 Arrests Age 17 and under 25.9% 18-24 28.2% 25-29 8.2% 30-34 10.6% 35-39 12.9% 40 and over 14.1% Sex Male 95.3% Female 4.7%



Rape by Type of Offense, 2005-2006								
	2005	2006	% change					
Forcible Rape	311	326	4.8%					
Attempted Rape	11	14	27.3%					
Totals	322	340	5.6%					



ROBBERY

Robbery is defined by UCR as "the felonious and forcible taking of the property of another against his will by violence or by putting him in fear." All attempts to rob are included in the UCR report.

"1. A person is guilty of robbery if he commits or attempts to commit theft and at the time of his actions: A. He recklessly inflicts bodily injury on another; B. He threatens to use force against any person present with the intent (1) to prevent or overcome resistance to the taking of the property, ...; or (2) to compel the person in control of the property to give it up ...; C. He uses physical force on another 1 Robbery
every
22 hours,
52 minutes

with the intent enumerated in paragraph B, subparagraphs (1) and (2); D. He intentional -

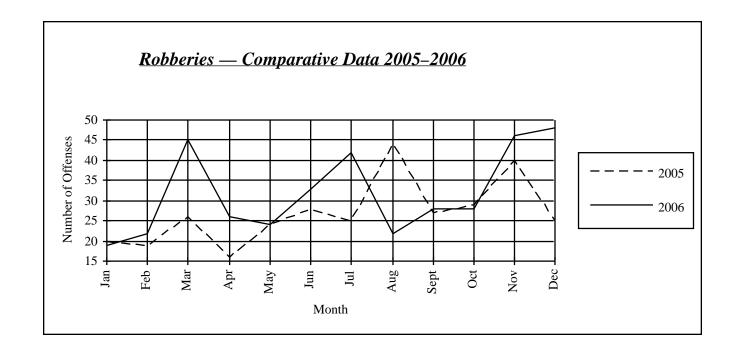
ly inflicts or attempts to inflict bodily injury on another; or E. He or an accomplice to his knowledge is armed with a dangerous weapon ... "M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 65, 1

Trend							
Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		2002–2006
Number reported	269	289	288	323	383		
% change from previous year	2.3%	7.4%	-0.3%	12.2%	18.6%		
						% change	42.4%
Rate per 1,000	0.21	0.22	0.22	0.24	0.29		
% change from previous year	5.0%	4.8%		9.1%	20.8%		
						% change	38.1%

Characteristics — 2006					
Type of Weapon Use	d	Months of Highest Occurrence			
Hands, Fists, Feet	47.8%	December	12.5%		
Knife/Cutting Instrument	20.9%	November	12.0%		
Firearm	20.4%	March	11.7%		
Other Dangerous Weapon	Other Dangerous Weapon11.0%		Value of Property Stolen during Offense		
Place of Occurrence	2	Total	\$265,220.00		
Business Establishment	32.1%	Per Incident Average	\$692.48		
Street, Alley	29.8%	Clearance Rate			
Residence	17.2%	167 Offenses Cleared	43.6%		
Miscellaneous	13.8%	Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.49		
Banks	7.0%				

Profile of Persons Arrested 186 Arrests Age 17 and under 14.5% 18-24 38.7% 25-29 13.4% 30-34 18.8% 35-39 3.8% 40 and over 10.8% Sex Male 91.4% Female 8.6%

Robbery by Weapon Type, 2005–2006							
	2005	2006	% change				
Firearm	58	78	34.5%				
Knife	39	80	105.1%				
Other Weapon	46	42	-8.7%				
Strong Arm	180	183	1.7%				
Totals	323	383	18.6%				



Robbery by Classification, 2005–2006								
Number of Offenses Value Stolen								
Classification	2005	2006	% change	2005	2006	% change		
Highway	95	114	20.0%	\$15,360.00	\$19,325.00	25.8%		
Commercial House	50	59	18.0%	\$9,856.00	\$29,893.00	203.3%		
Gas/Service Station	7	12	71.4%	\$1,588.00	\$2,989.00	88.2%		
Convenience Store	30	52	73.3%	\$14,291.00	\$14,026.00	-1.9%		
Residence	77	66	-14.3%	\$85,513.00	\$14,310.00	-83.3%		
Bank/Lending Inst.	14	27	92.9%	\$16,559.00	\$159,307.00	862.1%		
Miscellaneous	50	53	6.0%	\$43,374.00	\$25,370.00	-41.5%		
Totals	323	383	18.6%	\$186,541.00	\$265,220.00	42.2%		

			Robber	ry Type	by County				
County		Highway	Commercial House	Gas Station	Convenience Store	Residence	Bank	Misc.	Total
Androscoggin									
	2006 2005	20 20	1 —	1	4 2	11 13	5 4	12 5	54 44
Aroostook									
	2006	_	_	_		5	_		5
	2005	1	<u> </u>	1	1	1		3	7
Cumberland									
	2006	66	50	8	25	27	11	20	207
	2005	44	34	4	15	22	6	18	143
Franklin	2005							•	_
	2006	1	1		2	_		2	6
	2005	1	2			2		2	7
Hancock	2005								
	2006	_	_	_	_		_		_
	2005		_			1		1	2
Kennebec	2005	=		2	~	2	2	4	22
	2006 2005	5 1	1 3	2	5	3 8	3	4 4	23
	2005	1	3		_	8		4	16
Knox	2006								2
	2006	_	1	_	_ 1	4	_	1	2 5
	2005		_		1	4			
Lincoln	2006						2		2
	2006	_		_	1		2	_	3
	2005		1			_		2	3
Oxford	2006								2
	2006 2005		_	_	1 1	1 1		1 3	3 7
	2003				1	1		3	
Penobscot	2006	11	2		F	10	1	2	22
	2006 2005	11 12	3 8		5 1	10 9	1 2	3 1	33 33
	2003	12	8		1	<u> </u>		1	
Piscataquis	2006								
	2006	_	_	_	<u> </u>	_	_	_	1
Cocodolo	2003				1	<u>—</u>			
Sagadahoc	2006	2	1			2	1		6
	2005	2	<u> </u>	_	_		1	_	3
Somerset	2003			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1	-	
somerset	2006		_	_	6		_	2	8
	2005	_	_	_	2		_		4
Waldo	2005				<u> </u>				
vv aid0	2006		1	_	_			_	1
	2005	_	<u> </u>	_	1		1	1	5
Washington	2005				1		1	1	
vv asmington	2006	1							1
	2005		_	_	_		_	_	2
Voulz	2003								
York	2006	8		1	3	7	4	8	31
	2005	12		2	5	10		10	41
	2005	12	<i>_</i>	4	3	10		10	71



AGGRAVATED ASSAULT

An aggravated assault is an attempt or offer, with unlawful force or violence, to do physical injury to another. This type of assault is usually accompanied by the use of a weapon or other means likely to produce death or serious bodily injury. Attempts are included since it is not necessary that an injury result when a gun, knife, or other weapon is used which could and probably would result in serious personal injury if the crime is successfully completed. Assaults with personal weapons (hands, fists, feet) are scored as aggravated if there is personal injury requiring more than simple first aid to treat.

1 Aggravated
Assault every
11 hours,
14 minutes

Aggravated Assault: "1. A person is guilty of aggravated assault if he ... causes: A. Serious bodily injury to another; or, B. Bodily injury to another with use of a dangerous weapon; or, C. Bodily injury to another under circumstances manifesting extreme indifference to the value of human life." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 208

Assault while Hunting: "1. A person is guilty of assault while hunting if ... he, with criminal negligence, causes bodily injury to another with the use of a dangerous weapon." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 208-A

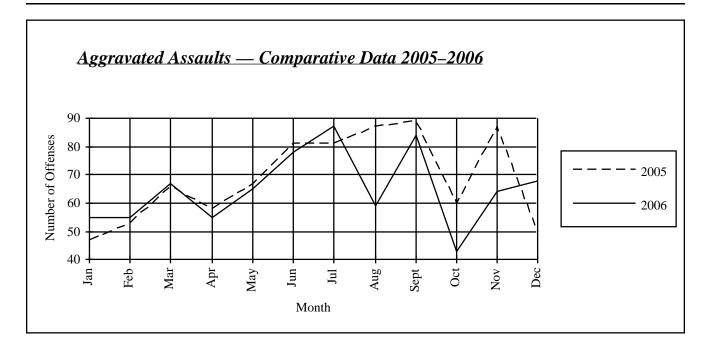
Assault on an Officer: "1. A person is guilty of assault on an officer if: A. ... causes bodily injury to a law enforcement officer while the officer is in the performance of his official duties; or, B. While in custody in a penal institution or other facility pursuant to an arrest or ... court order, he commits an assault on a member of the staff of the institution ..." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 752-A

Not included in this class are simple (non-aggravated) assaults. Simple assaults are non-index offenses, although a record is kept of these assaults on an "offenses known to police" form. During 2006 there were 10,901 simple assaults reported (-1.1% from 2005), with a clearance rate of 76.4%. These simple assaults are included in the report of domestic assaults, and assaults on law enforcement officers.

Trend							
Year	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006		2002-2006
Number reported	728	755	728	826	780		
% change from previous year	-11.1%	3.7%	-3.6%	13.5%	-5.6%		
						% change	7.1%
Rate per 1,000	0.56	0.58	0.55	0.63	0.59		
% change from previous year	-12.5%	3.6%	-5.2%	14.5%	-6.3%		
						% change	5.4%

Characteristics — 2006						
Type of Weapon Used						
Hands, Fists, Feet	46.0%					
Other Dangerous Weapons	27.7%					
Knife/Cutting Instrument						
Firearms						
Months of Highest Occurrence						
July	11.2%					
September	10.8%					
June						
Clearance Rate						
564 Offenses Cleared	72.3%					
Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.71					

Profile of Persons Art 553 Arrests	rested
Age	
17 and under	16.5%
18–24	29.7%
25–29	15.2%
30–34	9.0%
35–39	9.2%
40 and over	20.4%
Sex	
Male	86.6%
Female	13.4%



Aggravated Assault by Weapon Type, 2005–2006						
	Firearm	Knife	Other Weapon	Strong Arm	Totals	
2005	32	166	252	376	826	
2006	45	160	216	359	780	
% change	40.6%	-3.6%	-14.3%	-4.5%	-5.6%	

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE

Due to problems of abuse and domestic violence between family or household members, the 109th Maine Legislature enacted a law entitled "An Act Concerning Abuse between Household and Family Members." The law, Chapter 578 of the Public Laws of 1979, mandates the reporting of domestic violence data by law enforcement agencies and the collection of such data (Title 19, § 770 [1]) by the Uniform Crime Reporting Unit, State Bureau of Identification, Department of Public Safety.

During 2006:

• Of a grand total of 11,681 reported assaults, 5,554 or 47.5% were identified as occurring between household

- or family members.
- Domestic assaults increased 1.7% (95 offenses) from the 2005 figure of 5,459.
- Law enforcement agencies cleared 4,737 domestic assaults for a clearance rate of 85.3%.
- Of the 5,554 domestic assaults, 97.6% in-volved personal weapons (hands, fists, feet).



Domestic Violence Assaults Comparison Data 2005–2006					
Situations/Relationships	2005 Number of Offenses	2005 % of Total	2006 Number of Offenses	2006 % of Total	
Male Assault on Female					
Firearm	9	.2	10	.2	
Knife, Cutting Instrument	28	.5	9	.2	
Other Dangerous Weapon	45	.8	43	.8	
Hands, Aggravated Injury	76	1.4	47	.8	
Hands, Not Aggravated	3,038	55.7	3,121	56.2	
Total Male Assault on Female	3,196	58.5	3,230	58.2	
Female Assault on Male					
Firearm	4	<.1	5	<.1	
Knife, Cutting Instrument	15	.3	14	.3	
Other Dangerous Weapon	25	.5	17	.3	
Hands, Aggravated Injury	16	.3	3	<.1	
Hands, Not Aggravated	813	14.9	833	15.0	
Total Female Assault on Male	873	16.0	872	15.7	
Parent Assault on Child					
Firearm	1	<.1	1	<.1	
Knife, Cutting Instrument	4	<.1	1	<.1	
Other Dangerous Weapon	4	<.1	6	.1	
Hands, Aggravated Injury	11	.2	14	.3	
Hands, Not Aggravated	379	6.9	420	7.6	
Total Parent Assault on Child	399	7.3	442	8.0	
Child Assault on Parent					
Firearm	_	_	1	<.1	
Knife, Cutting Instrument	3	<.1	3	<.1	
Other Dangerous Weapon	7	.1	8	.1	
Hands, Aggravated Injury	11	.2	3	<.1	
Hands, Not Aggravated	465	8.5	390	7.0	
Total Child Assault on Parent	486	8.9	405	7.3	
All Other Domestic Assaults					
Firearm	_	_	1	<.1	
Knife, Cutting Instrument	12	.2	6	.1	
Other Dangerous Weapon	12	.2	11	.2	
Hands, Aggravated Injury	16	.3	10	.2	
Hands, Not Aggravated	465	8.5	577	10.4	
Total All Other Domestic Assaults	505	9.3	605	10.9	
Grand Total All Domestic Assaults	5,459	100.0	5,554	100.0	
Domestic Assaults/Type of Weapon					
Firearm	14	.3	18	.3	
Knife, Cutting Instrument	62	1.1	33	.6	
Other Dangerous Weapon	93	1.7	85	1.5	
Hands, Aggravated Injury	130	2.4	77	1.4	
Hands, Not Aggravated	5,160	94.5	5,341	96.2	
Total Domestic Assaults	5,459	100.0	5,554	100.0	
Total All Domestic Assaults	5,459	46.1	5,554	47.5	
	•		•		
Total All Reported Assaults	11,843	100.0	11,681	100.0	

Breakdown of Reported Domestic Assaults by County, 2005–2006						
County	2005 Number of Offenses	2005 Percent of Total	2006 Number of Offenses	2006 Percent of Total	Percent Change Offenses	
Androscoggin	554	10.1%	684	12.3%	23.5%	
Aroostook	269	4.9%	260	4.7%	-3.3%	
Cumberland	1,115	20.4%	1,106	19.9%	-0.8%	
Franklin	178	3.3%	139	2.5%	-21.9%	
Hancock	119	2.2%	85	1.5%	-28.6%	
Kennebec	710	13.0%	672	12.1%	-5.4%	
Knox	91	1.7%	85	1.5%	-6.6%	
Lincoln	104	1.9%	128	2.3%	23.1%	
Oxford	254	4.7%	249	4.5%	-2.0%	
Penobscot	406	7.4%	435	7.8%	7.1%	
Piscataquis	34	0.6%	30	0.5%	-11.8%	
Sagadahoc	98	1.8%	90	1.6%	-8.2%	
Somerset	254	4.7%	307	5.5%	20.9%	
Waldo	118	2.2%	117	2.1%	-0.8%	
Washington	79	1.4%	96	1.7%	21.5%	
York	1,076	19.7%	1,071	19.3%	-0.5%	
Totals	5,459	100.0%	5,554	100.0%	1.7%	