

BURGLARY

Burglary, also known as breaking and entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny."

"A person is guilty of burglary if he enters or surreptitiously remains in a structure, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 401

Crime Clock

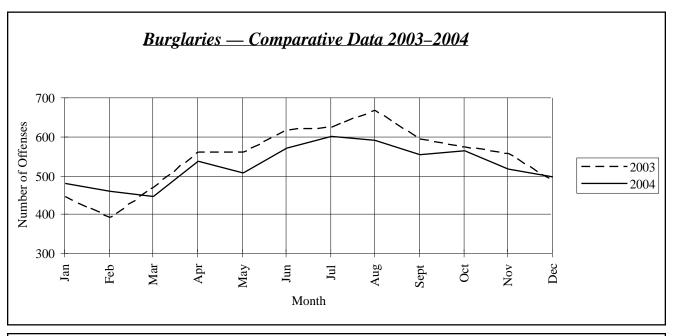
1 Burglary every 83 minutes, 5 seconds

Trend							
Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004		2000–2004
Number reported	6,759	6,878	6,944	6,571	6,344		
% change from previous year	-11.3%	1.8%	1.0%	-5.4%	-3.5%		
						% change	-6.1%
Rate per 1,000	5.30	5.35	5.36	5.03	4.82		
% change from previous year	-14.1%	0.9%	0.2%	-6.2%	-4.2%		
						% change	-9.1%

Characteristics — 2004				
Place of Occurrence		Months of Highest	Occurrence	
Residence	66.9%	July	9.5%	
Non-Residence	33.1%	August		
Type of Entry		June	9.0%	
Forcible Entry	52.1%	Value of Property Stolen during Offense		
Unlawful Entry — No Force		Total	\$5,432,520.00	
Attempted Forcible Entry	5.6%	Per Incident Average	\$856.32	
Time of Day		Clearance Rate		
Day — 6 a.m.–6 p.m	34.3%	1,400 Offenses Cleared	22.1%	
Night — 6 p.m.–6 a.m		Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.20	
Unknown	32.5%			

Profile of Persons Arrested 1,273 Arrests Age 17 and under 35.1% 18-24 40.1% 25-29 10.2% 30-34 5.7% 35-39 3.7% 40 and over 5.1% Sex Male 87.1% Female 12.9%

Type of Entry, 2003–2004				
	2003	2004	% change	
Forcible Entry Unlawful Entry,	3,477	3,303	-5.0%	
no force Attempted	2,719	2,685	-1.3%	
Forcible Entry	375	356	-5.1%	
Totals	6,571	6,344	-3.5%	



Burglary by Time of Day, 2003–2004						
	Nı	umber of O	ffenses	Estimate	ed Value of Prop	erty Loss
	2003	2004	% change	2003	2004	% change
Residence						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	1,136	1,185	4.3%	\$804,552	\$831,775	3.4%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	1,877	1,660	-11.6%	\$1,810,680	\$1,628,670	-10.1%
Unknown	1,354	1,399	3.3%	\$1,186,910	\$1,258,767	6.1%
Subtotals	4,367	4,244	-2.8%	\$3,802,142	\$3,719,212	-2.2%
Non-Residence						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	974	923	-5.2%	\$894,107	\$707,315	-20.9%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	701	513	-26.8%	\$518,785	\$420,180	-19.0%
Unknown	529	664	25.5%	\$541,488	\$585,813	8.2%
Subtotal	2,204	2,100	-4.7%	\$1,954,380	\$1,713,308	-12.3%
Grand Totals	6,571	6,344	-3.5%	\$5,756,522	\$5,432,520	-5.6%



LARCENY-THEFT

Larceny is the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership.

Maine has consolidated conduct denoted as Theft under Title 17-A, Chapter 15, § 351, Consolidation, embracing numerous separate crimes previously known as larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, extortion, blackmail, shoplifting, and receiving stolen property. In properly classifying/scoring these offenses under UCR guidelines, certain offenses fall under Larceny-Theft, while others more appropriately fit under Part II offense definitions such as Fraud, Embezzlement, Stolen Property or All Other Offenses.

1 Larceny every 21 minutes, 53 seconds

Theft by unauthorized taking or transfer — "1. A person is guilty of theft if he obtains or exercises unauthorized control over the property of another with intent to deprive him thereof." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 353

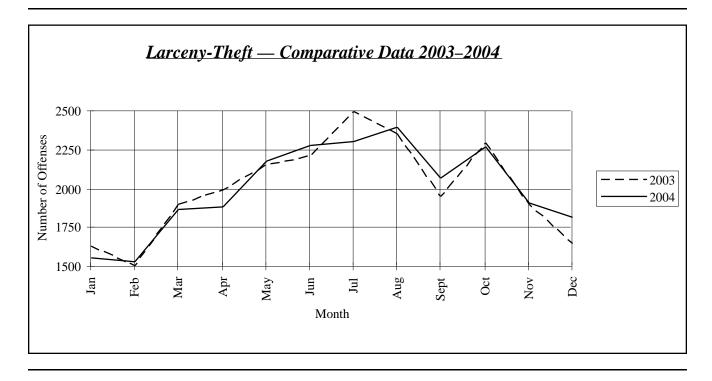
Burglary of a motor vehicle — "A person is guilty of theft if the actor enters a motor vehicle knowing the actor is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein (and that crime is theft)." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 405

Trend							
Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004		2000–2004
Number reported	23,808	24,515	24,496	24,064	24,087		
% change from previous year	-6.2%	3.0%	-0.1%	-1.8	0.1%		
						% change	1.2%
Rate per 1,000	18.67	19.05	18.92	18.43	18.29		
% change from previous year	-9.1%	2.0%	-0.7%	-2.6	-0.8%		
·						% change	-2.1%

Characteristics — 2004			
Type of Criminal Activity		Over \$200	31.4%
All Other	41.1%	\$50 to \$200	24.9%
From Motor Vehicles	18.8%	Months of Highes	t Occurrence
From Buildings	15.9%	August	10.0%
Shoplifting	13.8%	July	
Bicycles		June	9.5%
Motor Vehicle Parts & Accessories		Value of Property Stolen during Offense	
Purse-Snatching	0.9%	Total	\$11,346,938.00
From Coin-Op Machines		Per Incident Average	\$471.08
Pocket-Picking		Clearance Rate	
Value per Incident		6,642 Offenses Cleared	27.6%
Under \$50	43.7%	Arrests/Crime Ratio	

Profile of Persons Arro 5,630 Arrests	ested		
Age			
17 and under	32.6%		
18–24	32.5%		
25–29	9.8%		
30–34	7.1%		
35–39	6.0%		
40 and over	12.1%		
Sex			
Male	60.2%		
Female	39.8%		

Larceny by Classification, 2003–2004							
	N	umber of O	ffenses		Value Stolen		
	2003	2004	% change	2003	2004	% change	
Pocket-Picking	83	52	-37.3%	\$23,057	\$10,234	-55.6%	
Purse-Snatching	137	215	56.9%	\$23,367	\$42,664	82.6%	
Shoplifting	3,551	3,328	-6.3%	\$411,552	\$424,275	3.1%	
From Motor Vehicles	4,656	4,539	-2.5%	\$1,803,751	\$1,364,515	-24.4%	
M/V Parts & Accessories	1,145	992	-13.4%	\$401,715	\$418,032	4.1%	
Bicycles	998	1,053	5.5%	\$215,564	\$220,173	2.1%	
From Buildings	3,803	3,834	0.8%	\$2,533,639	\$2,476,869	-2.2%	
From Coin-Op Machines	152	171	12.5%	\$75,535	\$46,477	-38.5%	
All Other	9,539	9,903	3.8%	\$4,667,988	\$6,343,699	35.9%	
Totals	24,064	24,087	0.1%	\$10,156,168	\$11,346,938	11.7%	





MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Uniform Crime Reporting defines Motor Vehicle Theft as the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle, including "joy riding." Excluded from this class is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees.

Motor vehicles are defined by UCR as self-propelled vehicles that run on the surface of the land and not on rails, such as automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles, ATVs, etc. Not included are farm equipment, construction equipment, airplanes, motorboats.

1 Motor
Vehicle Theft
every 6 hours,
44 minutes

Unauthorized use of property — "1. A person is guilty of theft if: A. Knowing that he does not have the consent of the owner, he takes, operates or exercises control over a vehicle,

or knowing that the vehicle has been wrongfully obtained, he rides in such vehicle." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A § 360

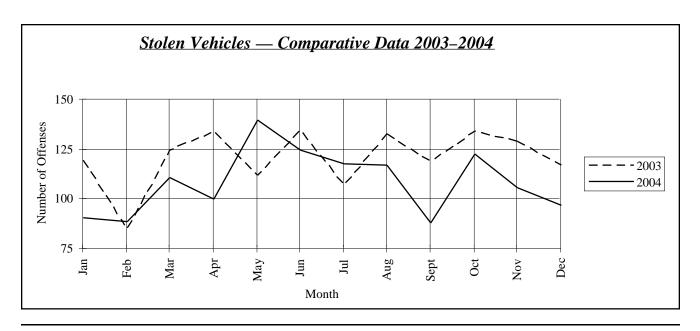
Trend					
Year	2000	2001 2002	2003 2004		2000–2004
Number reported	1,317	1,667 1,418	1,450 1,305		
% change from previous year	-9.6%	26.6% -14.9%	2.3% -10.0%		
				% change	-0.9%
Rate per 1,000	1.03	1.30 1.10	1.11 0.99		
% change from previous year	-12.7%	26.2% -15.7%	1.0% -10.7%		
•				% change	-3.8%

Type of Vehicle 2003–2004					
	Auto- mobiles	Trucks/ Buses	Other Vehicles	Totals	
2003	963	199	288	1,450	
2004	881	162	262	1,305	
% change	-8.5%	-18.6%	-9.0%	-10.0%	

Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered 2004					
	No. Recovered	% Recovered			
Recovered Locally	573	43.9%			
Recovered — Other	Jurisdictions				
	257	19.7%			
Total Recovered	830	63.6%			
Not Recovered	475	36.4%			

Characteristics — 2004				
Type of Ve	hicle	Value of Property Stolen during Offense		
Automobiles	67.5%	Total	\$6,915,726.00	
Other Vehicles	20.1%	Per Incident Average	\$5,299.41	
Trucks/Buses	12.4%	Number of Locally Stolen M/	Vs Recovered830	
Months of Highest	Occurrence	Value of Property Recovered		
May	10.7%	Total	\$5,136,315.00	
June	9.6%	Clearance	Rate	
October	9.4%	471 Offenses Cleared	36.1%	
		Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.27	

Profile of Persons Arre 352 Arrests	ested					
Age						
17 and under	41.5%					
18–24	29.0%					
25–29	9.7%					
30–34	7.4%					
35–39						
40 and over	6.8%					
Sex						
Male						
Female	19.0%					





ARSON

Arson is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting program as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

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1 Arson

every

45 hours,

45 minutes

"1. A person is guilty of arson if he starts, causes, or maintains a fire or explosion; A. On the property of an other with the intent to damage or destroy property

thereon; or B. On his own property or the property of another (1) with the intent to en-

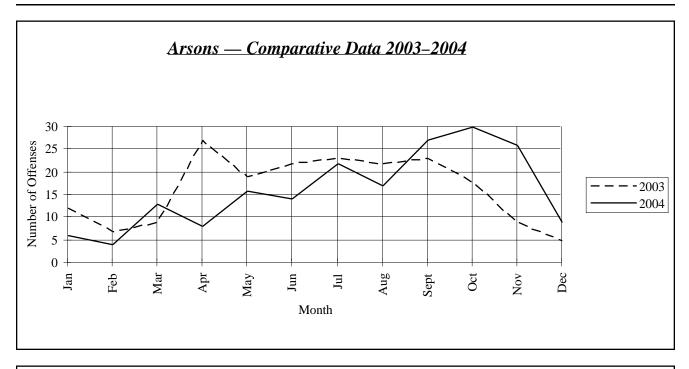
able any person to collect insurance proceeds for the loss caused by the fire or explosion; or (2) which recklessly endangers any person or the property of another." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 802.

Trend							
Year	2000	2001	2002	2003	2004		2000–2004
Number reported	196	212	174	196	192		
% change from previous year	-1.0%	8.2%	-17.9%	12.6%	-2.0%		
						% change	-2.0%
Rate per 1,000 population	0.15	0.16	0.13	0.15	0.15		
% change from previous year	-6.3%	6.7%	-18.8%	15.4%	_		
						% change	_

Characteristics — 2004						
Type of Property						
Structural	51.0%					
Mobile	16.7%					
Other	32.3%					
Months of Highest (Occurrence					
October	15.6%					
September	14.1%					
November						
Value of Property	Damaged					
Total	\$1,739,173.00					
Per Incident Average	\$9.058.19					
Clearance R						
50 Offenses Cleared	26.0%					
Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.24					

Profile of Persons Arrested 47 Arrests								
Age	Age							
17 and under	61.7%							
18–24	17.0%							
25–29	6.4%							
30–34	4.3%							
35–39								
40 and over								
Sex								
Male	87.2%							
Female	12.8%							

Arson by Property Type, 2003–2004									
	Nu	mber of	Offenses	Estimated Value of Property Loss					
Classification	2003	2004	% change	2003	2004	% change			
Structural — Residential	52	62	19.2%	\$706,206	\$191,920	-72.8%			
Structural — Non-residential	33	36	9.1%	\$71,875	\$832,542	1,058.3%			
Mobile (cars, trailers, boats, etc.)	33	32	-3.0%	\$206,045	\$241,600	17.3%			
All other (crops, fields, signs, etc.)	78	62	-20.5%	\$135,676	\$473,111	248.7%			
Totals	196	192	-2.0%	\$1,119,802	\$1,739,173	55.3%			



Arson Breakdown by County								
	Number of Offenses				Estimated Value of Property Loss			
County	2003	2004	% change	2003	2004	% change		
Androscoggin	17	4	-76.5%	\$94,521	\$5,075	-94.6%		
Aroostook	3	2	-33.3%	\$110,000	\$1,000	-99.1%		
Cumberland	60	41	-31.7%	\$138,802	\$220,781	59.1%		
Franklin	3	1	-66.7%	\$3,800	_	-100.0%		
Hancock	3	3	_	\$20,500	\$105	-99.5%		
Kennebec	13	26	100.0%	\$23,875	\$222,995	834.0%		
Knox	3	5	66.7%	\$220,000	\$306,725	39.4%		
Lincoln	_	1	100.0%	_	\$1,000	100.0%		
Oxford	3	5	66.7%	\$6,000	\$34,800	480.0%		
Penobscot	30	53	76.7%	\$3,360	\$124,320	3600.0%		
Piscataquis	1	3	200.0%	_	\$201,200	100.0%		
Sagadahoc	3	6	100.0%	\$11,000	_	-100.0%		
Somerset	3	11	266.7%	\$3,000	\$23,552	685.1%		
Waldo	3	_	-100.0%	\$16,600	_	-100.0%		
Washington	_	3	100.0%	_	\$65,100	100.0%		
York	51	28	-45.1%	\$468,344	\$532,520	13.7%		
Totals	196	192	-2.0%	\$1,119,802	\$1,739,173	55.3%		

Note: Arson figures shown by UCR may not agree with figures shown by the Fire Marshal's office due to local depart - ments handling cases informally.