

BURGLARY

Burglary, also known as breaking and entering, is "the unlawful entry or attempted forcible entry of any structure to commit a felony or larceny."

"A person is guilty of burglary if he enters or surreptitiously remains in a structure, knowing that he is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 401

Crime Clock

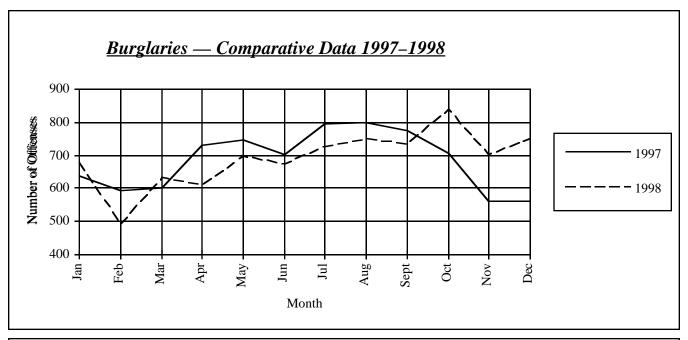
1 Burglary every 63 minutes, 20 seconds

Trend							
Year	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998		1994–1998
Number reported	8,915	9,218	9,230	8,218	8,300		
% change from previous year	_	3.4%	0.1%	-11.0%	1.0%		
						% change	-6.9%
Rate per 1,000	7.22	7.46	7.47	6.65	6.72		
% change from previous year	_	3.3%	0.1%	-11.0%	1.1%		
						% change	-6.9%

Characteristics — 1998				
Place of Occurrence	Months of Highest Occurrence			
Residence64.3%	October10.1%			
Non-Residence35.7%	August9.1%			
Type of Entry	December9.1%			
Forcible Entry54.2%	Value of Property Stolen during Offense			
Unlawful Entry — No Force37.7%	Total\$6,325,360.00			
Attempted Forcible Entry8.1%	Per Incident Average\$762.09			
Time of Day	Clearance Rate			
Night — 6 p.m.–6 a.m33.5%	1,610 Offenses Cleared19.4%			
Unknown37.1%	Arrests/Crime Ratio			
Day — 6 a.m.–6 p.m				

Profile of Persons Arrested			
Age			
17 and under	51.0%		
18–24	30.1%		
25–29	5.8%		
30–34	5.6%		
35–39	3.7%		
40 and over	3.8%		
Sex			
Male	89.4%		
Female	10.6%		

<i>Type of Entry, 1997–1998</i>					
	1997	1998	% change		
Forcible Entry Unlawful Entry,	4,743	4,501	-5.1%		
no force Attempted	2,789	3,129	12.2%		
Forcible Entry	686	670	-2.3%		
Totals	8,218	8,300	1.0%		



	Bu	rglary by	y Time of Day	, 1997–1998		
	Ni	ımber of O	ffenses	Estimate	ed Value of Prop	erty Loss
	1997	1998	% change	1997	1998	% change
Residence						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	1,555	1,391	-10.5%	\$1,042,553	\$803,168	-23.0%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	1,907	1,934	+1.4%	\$1,880,797	\$1,669,164	-11.3%
Unknown	1,904	2,013	+5.7%	\$1,394,402	\$1,725,099	+23.7%
Subtotals	5,366	5,338	-0.5%	\$4,317,752	\$4,197,431	-2.8%
Non-Residence						
6 p.m.–6 a.m.	1,593	1,387	-12.9%	\$1,341,448	\$1,171,712	-12.7%
6 a.m.–6 p.m.	431	508	+17.9%	\$194,592	\$287,549	+47.8%
Unknown	828	1,067	+28.9%	\$589,870	\$668,668	+13.4%
Subtotal	2,852	2,962	+3.9%	\$2,125,910	\$2,127,929	+0.1%
Grand Totals	8,218	8,300	+1.0%	\$6,443,662	\$6,325,360	-1.8%



LARCENY-THEFT

Larceny is the unlawful taking of the property of another with the intent to deprive him of ownership.

Maine has consolidated conduct denoted as Theft under Title 17-A, Chapter 15, § 351, Consolidation, embracing numerous separate crimes previously known as larceny, embezzlement, false pretenses, extortion, blackmail, shoplifting, and receiving stolen property. In properly classifying/scoring these offenses under UCR guidelines, certain offenses fall under Larceny-Theft, while others more appropriately fit under Part II offense definitions such as Fraud, Embezzlement, Stolen Property or All Other Offenses.

1 Larceny every 19 minutes, 52 seconds

Crime Clock

Theft by unauthorized taking or transfer — "1. A person is guilty of theft if he obtains or exercises unauthorized control over the property of another with intent to deprive him thereof." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 353

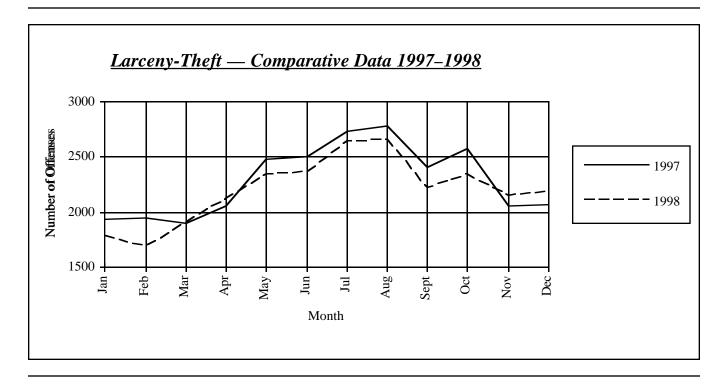
Burglary of a motor vehicle — "A person is guilty of theft if the actor enters a motor vehicle knowing the actor is not licensed or privileged to do so, with the intent to commit a crime therein (and that crime is theft)." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 405

Trend							
Year	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998		1994–1998
Number reported	28,138	28,504	29,193	27,449	26,464		
% change from previous year	5.1%	1.3%	2.4%	-6.0%	-3.6%		
						% change	-5.9%
Rate per 1,000	22.78	23.08	23.64	22.23	21.43		
% change from previous year	5.1%	1.3%	2.4%	-6.0%	-3.6%		
·						% change	-5.9%

Characteristics — 1998				
Type of Criminal Activity	Over \$20032.9%			
All Other33.9%	\$50 to \$20026.3%			
From Motor Vehicles20.9%	Months of Highest Occurrence			
From Buildings17.0%	August10.1%			
Shoplifting16.6%	July10.0%			
Bicycles6.6%	June9.0%			
Motor Vehicles Parts & Accessories3.7%	Value of Property Stolen during Offense			
From Coin-Op Machines0.6%	Total\$9,222,757.00			
Purse-Snatching0.6%	Per Incident Average\$348.50			
Pocket-Picking0.2%	Clearance Rate			
Value per Incident	7,477 Offenses Cleared28.3%			
Under \$50	Arrests/Crime Ratio			

Profile of Persons Arrested 6,436 Arrests		
Age		
17 and under	46.1%	
18–24	27.0%	
25–29	6.8%	
30–34	6.2%	
35–39	4.7%	
40 and over	9.2%	
Sex		
Male	67.5%	
Female	32.5%	

	La	rceny by	Classification	n, 1997–1998		
	N	umber of Of	ffenses		Value Stolen	
	1997	1998	% change	1997	1998	% change
Pocket-Picking	56	43	-23.2%	\$6,304	\$24,503	+288.7%
Purse-Snatching	90	149	+65.6%	\$10,503	\$27,313	+160.0%
Shoplifting	4,937	4,380	-11.3%	\$325,606	\$467,322	+43.5%
From Motor Vehicles	5,965	5,537	-7.2%	\$1,856,245	\$1,739,777	-6.3%
M/V Parts & Accessories	1,091	968	-11.3%	\$317,117	\$331,465	+4.5%
Bicycles	1,747	1,759	+0.7%	\$508,883	\$427,781	-15.9%
From Buildings	4,949	4,510	-8.9%	\$2,853,946	\$2,422,794	-15.1%
From Coin-Op Machines	91	147	+61.5%	\$221,548	\$46,738	-78.9%
All Other	8,523	8,971	+5.3%	\$4,409,019	\$3,735,064	-15.3%
Totals	27,449	26,464	-3.6%	\$10,509,171	\$9,222,757	-12.2%





MOTOR VEHICLE THEFT

Uniform Crime Reporting defines Motor Vehicle Theft as the larceny or attempted larceny of a motor vehicle, including "joy riding." Excluded from this class is a reported offense where there is lawful access to the vehicle, such as a family situation, or unauthorized use by others with lawful access, such as with employees.

Motor vehicles are defined by UCR as self-propelled vehicles that run on the surface of the land and not on rails, such as automobiles, trucks, buses, motorcycles, motor scooters, snowmobiles, ATVs, etc. Not included are farm equipment, construction equipment, airplanes, motorboats.

1 Motor
Vehicle Theft
every 5 hours,
46 minutes

Unauthorized use of property — "1. A person is guilty of theft if: A. Knowing that he does not have the consent of the owner, he takes, operates or exercises control over a vehicle,

or knowing that the vehicle has been wrongfully obtained, he rides in such vehicle." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A § 360

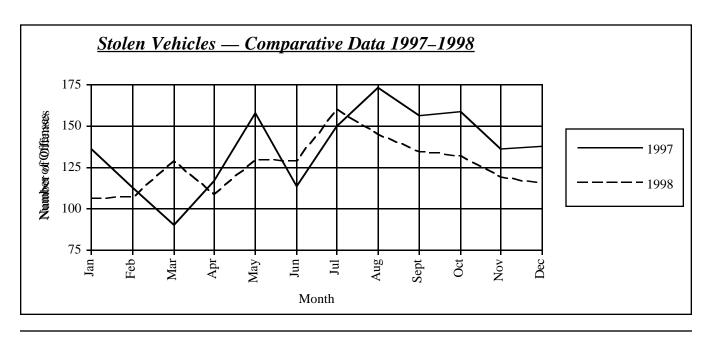
Trend							
Year	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998		1994–1998
Number reported	1,756	1,720	1,766	1,642	1,517		
% change from previous year	5.5%	-2.1%	2.7%	-7.0%	-7.6%		
						% change	-13.6%
Rate per 1,000	1.42	1.39	1.43	1.33	1.23		
% change from previous year	5.2%	-2.1%	2.9%	-7.0%	-7.6%		
						% change	-13.5%

Type of Vehicle 1997–1998					
	Auto- mobiles	Trucks/ Buses	Other Vehicles	Totals	
1997	1,098	220	324	1,642	
1998	1,011	199	307	1,517	
% change	-7.9%	-9.5%	-5.2%	-7.6%	

Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered 1998						
	No. Recovered	% Recovered				
Recovered Locally	689	45.4%				
Recovered — Other	Jurisdictions					
	279	18.4%				
Total Recovered	968	63.8%				
Not Recovered	549	36.2%				

Characteristics — 1998					
Type of Veh	icle	Value of Property Stolen during Offense			
Automobiles	66.6%	Total	\$8,132,984.00		
Other Vehicles	20.2%	Per Incident Average	\$5,361.23		
Trucks/Buses	13.1%	Number of Locally Stolen M/Vs Recovered968			
Months of Highest (Occurrence	Value of Property Recovered			
July	10.6%	Total	\$5,502,833.00		
August	9.6%	Clearance	Rate		
September	8.9%	594 Offenses Cleared	39.2%		
-		Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.30		

Profile of Persons Arrested 462 Arrests						
Age						
17 and under	47.0%					
18–24	32.5%					
25–29	7.4%					
30–34	6.1%					
35–39	1.9%					
40 and over						
Sex						
Male	86.4%					
Female	13.6%					





ARSON

Arson is defined by the Uniform Crime Reporting program as any willful or malicious burning or attempt to burn, with or without intent to defraud, a dwelling house, public building, motor vehicle or aircraft, personal property of another, etc. Only fires determined through investigation to have been willfully or maliciously set are classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origins are excluded.

"1. A person is guilty of arson if he starts, causes, or maintains a fire or explosion; A. On the property of another with the intent to damage or destroy property 1 Arson every 43 hours, 22 minutes

thereon; or B. On his own property or the property of another (1) with the intent to enable any person to collect insurance proceeds for the loss caused by the fire or explosion; or (2) which recklessly endangers

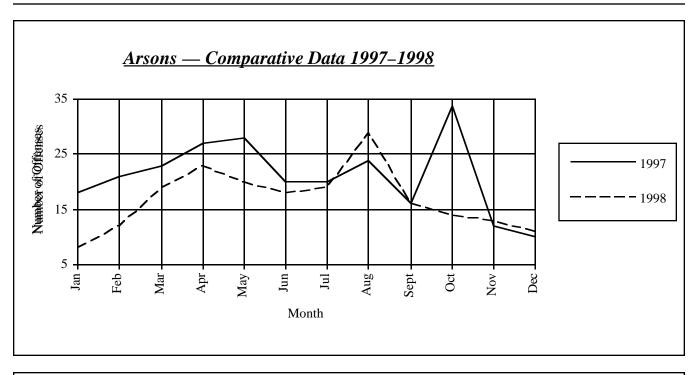
able any person to collect insurance proceeds for the loss caused by the fire or explosion; or (2) which recklessly endangers any person or the property of another." M.R.S.A. Title 17-A, § 802.

Trend							
Year	1994	1995	1996	1997	1998		1994–1998
Number reported	281	251	288	253	202		
% change from previous year	-13.8%	-10.7%	14.7%	-12.2%	-20.2%		
						% change	-28.1%
Rate per 1,000 population	0.23	0.20	0.23	0.20	0.16		
% change from previous year	-11.5%	-13.0%	15.0%	-13.0%	-20.0%		
						% change	-30.4%

Characteristics — 1998						
Type of Property						
Structural	58.9%					
Mobile	15.8%					
Other	25.2%					
Months of Highest Occurrence						
August	14.4%					
April	11.4%					
May						
Value of Property	Damaged					
Total	\$2,269,086.00					
Per Incident Average	\$11,233.10					
Clearance Rate						
63 Offenses Cleared	31.2%					
Arrests/Crime Ratio	0.38					

Profile of Persons Arrested 76 Arrests						
Age						
17 and under	59.2%					
18–24	11.8%					
25–29	6.6%					
30–34	9.2%					
35–39	3.9%					
40 and over	9.2%					
Sex						
Male	89.5%					
Female	10.5%					

Arson by Property Type, 1997–1998							
	Number of Offenses			Estimated Value of Property Loss			
Classification	1997	1998	% change	1997	1998	% change	
Structural — Residential	62	68	+9.7%	\$584,213	\$636,180	+8.9%	
Structural — Non-residential	105	51	-51.4%	\$329,627	\$1,532,805	+365.0%	
Mobile (cars, trailers, boats, etc.)	47	32	-31.9%	\$142,175	\$91,600	-35.6%	
All other (crops, fields, signs, etc.)	39	51	+30.8%	\$12,244	\$8,501	-30.6%	
Totals	253	202	-20.2%	\$1,068,259	\$2,269,086	+112.4%	



Arson Breakdown by County							
	Number of Offenses				Estimated Value of Property Loss		
County	1997	1998	% change	1997	1998	% change	
Androscoggin	25	4	-84.0%	\$76,255	\$4,000	-94.8%	
Aroostook	3	13	+333.3%	\$16,550	\$117,250	+608.5%	
Cumberland	149	67	-55.0%	\$442,460	\$1,052,255	+137.8%	
Franklin	2	2	_	\$79,050	\$7,500	-90.5%	
Hancock	6	3	-50.0%	\$10,210	\$18,000	+76.3%	
Kennebec	7	41	+485.7%	\$70,157	\$153,160	+118.3%	
Knox	9	5	-44.4%	\$3,601	\$500,575	+13,801.0%	
Lincoln	_	_	_	_	_	_	
Oxford	2	6	+200.0%	\$5,500	\$7,650	+39.1%	
Penobscot	20	26	+30.0%	\$231,376	\$56,261	-75.7%	
Piscataquis	_	4	+100.0%	_	\$68,000	+100.0%	
Sagadahoc	5	1	-80.0%	\$1,500	_	-100.0%	
Somerset	4	1	-75.0%	\$6,500	\$280	-95.7%	
Waldo	_	2	+100.0%	_	\$2,075	+100.0%	
Washington	7	_	-100.0%	\$9,550	_	-100.0%	
York	14	27	+92.9%	\$115,550	\$282,080	+144.2%	
Totals	253	202	-20.2%	\$1,068,259	\$2,269,086	+112.4%	

Note: Arson figures shown by UCR may not agree with figures shown by the Fire Marshal's office due to local departments handling cases informally.