Sparkler Safety

The U.S. Consumer Product Safety Commission’s analysis of data on nonoccupational fireworks-related deaths and injuries shows children younger than 15 years of age account for a significant number of injuries. Sparklers are a type of hand-held firework and are often given to young children during celebrations. Depending on the type of materials used to make the sparkler, the materials can burn at temperatures around 2,000°F, which can cause severe burns.

Tips on Using Sparklers

✓ Safety experts recommend that adults ensure children who handle sparklers are properly warned, supervised and wearing non-flammable clothing.

✓ Keep a container of water available to put sparklers into, once they are done burning. Don’t drop them on the ground!

✓ Don’t run around with sparklers, throw them at other people, or conduct “duels” with other sparkler users. Stay well away from other people while using a sparkler, so the sparks won’t injure or burn them.

✓ Don’t bundle a bunch of sparklers together before lighting them.

✓ Always wear protective clothing (for example, closed-toe shoes) and don’t consume alcohol before (or while using) sparklers.

Many medical and fire-safety groups suggest replacing sparklers with glow-sticks or bubble wands, especially for small children.