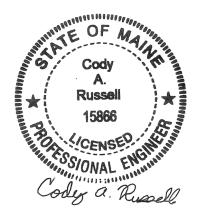
## MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAY PROGRAM GEOTECHNICAL SECTION AUGUSTA, MAINE

## **GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN REPORT**

For the Construction of

STAGE ROAD BRIDGE ROUTE 2 ETNA, MAINE

Prepared by: Yueh-Ti Lee Assistant Geotechnical Engineer



*Reviewed by:* Cody Russell, P.E. Senior Geotechnical Engineer

Penobscot County WIN 24279.00 Soils Report 2024-37 Bridge No. 6722

November 18, 2024

## **Table of Contents**

1.0	INTRODUCTION	2
2.0	GEOLOGIC SETTING	2
3.0	SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION	2
4.0	LABORATORY TESTING	3
5.0	SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS	3
6.0	GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS	4
6.1 6.2		
6.3	SCOUR AND RIPRAP	5
6.4 6.5	SEISMIC DESIGN CONSIDERATIONS	
7.0	CLOSURE	6

#### Sheets

Sheet 1 - Location Map

Sheet 2 - Boring Location Plan & Interpretive Subsurface Profile with Boring Logs

# **Appendices**

Appendix A - Boring Logs Appendix B - Laboratory Test Results

## **1.0** INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Geotechnical Design Report is to present subsurface information and make geotechnical recommendations for the replacement of an existing large culvert (#47394) on Route 2 in Etna. A subsurface investigation has been completed at the site to evaluate subsurface conditions and to develop geotechnical design and construction recommendations for the replacement structure. This report presents the subsurface information obtained during the subsurface investigation and soil laboratory testing programs and provides design and construction recommendations and geotechnical design parameters for the culvert replacement.

The existing structure consists of a 5-foot span by 4-foot rise by 45-foot-long concrete box culvert. The existing culvert is in poor condition and needs replacement both from an infrastructure and environmental standpoint. Route 2 is a Highway Corridor Priority 3 road.

The proposed replacement structure will be an approximately 128-inch span by 83-inch rise by 100foot-long corrugated metal pipe (CMP) arch culvert on a skew of approximately 30 degrees. The invert of the proposed culvert is approximately 12 feet below the existing road grade at the roadway centerline. The roadway embankment slopes at the proposed culvert inlet and outlet shall be no steeper than 2H:1V to protect against erosion.

## 2.0 GEOLOGIC SETTING

The existing culvert carries an unnamed stream under Route 2 in Etna and is located approximately 0.73 of a mile east of West Etna Road as shown on Sheet 1 – Location Map.

According to the Maine Geological Survey (MGS) map titled Reconnaissance Surficial Geology of the Stetson Quadrangle, Maine, Open File 86-39 (1986) the surficial soils at the site consist of Till. Till consists of silt, clay, and sand.

According to the map titled Bedrock Geologic Map of Maine (1985) published by the MGS, the bedrock in the vicinity of the site consists of calcareous sandstone and interbedded sandstone and impure limestone of the Vassalboro Formation.

#### **3.0** SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

One (1) boring (HB-ETA-101) and one (1) probe (HB-ETA-102) were drilled for this project on February 20, 2020 by the MaineDOT drill crew using a trailer-mounted drill rig. Exploration locations are shown on Sheet 2 – Boring Location Plan & Interpretive Subsurface Profile with Boring Logs. Details and sampling methods used, field data obtained, and soil and groundwater conditions encountered are presented on the Boring Logs in Appendix A.

Boring HB-ETA-101 was drilled using solid stem auger, cased wash boring, and open hole drilling techniques. Soil samples were obtained in boring HB-ETA-101 at 5-foot intervals using Standard Penetration Test (SPT) methods. The MaineDOT drill rig is equipped with an automatic hammer to drive the split spoon. The MaineDOT calibrated automatic hammer delivers approximately 48

percent more energy during driving than the standard rope and cathead system. All N-values discussed in this report are corrected values ( $N_{60}$ ) computed by applying an average energy transfer factor of 0.886 to the raw field N-values. Probe HB-ETA-102 was drilled using solid stem drilling techniques. No soil samples were obtained in the probe.

The MaineDOT Geotechnical Team member selected the boring and probe locations, drilling methods, designated type and depth of sampling, reviewed field logs for accuracy and identified field and laboratory testing requirements. A NorthEast Transportation Training and Certification (NETTCP) certified Subsurface Investigator logged the subsurface conditions encountered. The boring and probe were located in the field by taping to surveyed site features after completion of the drilling program.

## 4.0 LABORATORY TESTING

A laboratory testing program was conducted to assist in soil classification, evaluation of engineering properties of the soils and geologic assessment of the project site. Laboratory testing consisted of four (4) standard grain size analyses with natural water content and one (1) grain size analyses with hydrometer and natural water content. The results of the laboratory testing program are discussed in the following section and are included in Appendix B – Laboratory Test Results. Laboratory test information is also shown on the Boring Logs in Appendix A.

#### **5.0** SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Subsurface conditions encountered at the test boring generally consisted of fill consisting of gravelly sand and gravel underlain by glacial till consisting of sandy gravel and silt. An interpretive subsurface profile depicting the generalized soil stratigraphy at the boring location is shown on Sheet 2 – Boring Location Plan & Interpretive Subsurface Profile with Boring Logs.

Boring HB-ETA-101 was drilled to a depth of approximately 22.0 feet below ground surface (bgs) and did not encounter a refusal surface. Probe HB-ETA-102 was drilled to a depth of approximately 20.0 feet bgs and did not encounter a refusal surface.

Approx. Depth BGS <sup>1</sup> (feet)	Soil Description	AASHTO <sup>2</sup> Classification	USCS <sup>3</sup>	WC% <sup>4</sup>
0.0 - 0.3	HMA Pavement			
0.3 - 9.0	Fill: Brown, damp to wet, gravelly fine to coarse sand, trace to some silt. Brown, moist, gravel, some fine to coarse sand, little silt, occasional cobbles.	A-1-b	SM or GM	7.3 to 16.5
9.0 - 22.0	Glacial Till:	A-1-a	GM	11.0

The table below summarizes the field and laboratory information obtained in boring HB-ETA-101:

Grey-brown, wet, fine to coarse sandy	or	or	to
gravel, little silt.	A-4	CL	20.6
Grey, wet, silt, some fine to coarse sand,			
trace to little clay, little gravel.			

 $^{1}BGS = below ground surface$ 

<sup>2</sup>AASHTO = American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials <sup>3</sup>USCS = Unified Soil Classification System

 $^{4}WC\% = Water content in percent$ 

One (1)  $N_{60}$ -value obtained in the fill was 92 blows per foot (bpf) indicating that the fill is very dense in consistency. Two (2)  $N_{60}$ -values obtained in the silt glacial till were 55 bpf and 69 bpf, indicating that the glacial till is hard in consistency.

Groundwater was recorded at depth 10.0 feet bgs in boring HB-ETA-101. Groundwater levels can be expected to fluctuate subject to seasonal variations, local soil conditions, topography, precipitation, and construction activity.

## 6.0 GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

The following sections discuss geotechnical recommendations for the design and construction of the proposed culvert.

#### 6.1 Corrugated Metal Pipe Arch Culvert Design and Construction

The proposed replacement structure will be a 128-inch span by 83-inch rise by 100-foot-long corrugated metal pipe arch culvert on a skew of approximately 29 degrees. The proposed corrugated metal pipe arch culvert shall be furnished and installed in accordance with MaineDOT Standard Specification 509.

The invert of the proposed corrugated metal pipe arch culvert ranges from approximately 335.15 feet at the inlet end to approximately 334.15 feet at the outlet end with a 1.1% slope.

The full nature of the proposed culvert bearing surface will not become evident until the culvert excavation is made. Any cobbles or boulders encountered in excess of 6 inches shall be removed and replaced with compacted Granular Borrow Material for Underwater Backfill or Crushed Stone <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-Inch. The prepared subgrade shall be proof-rolled using a static roller to visually confirm the prepared subgrade is firm and stable. The exposed subgrade shall be free of ponded water so that bedding material placement and compaction can be completed in the dry.

The proposed structure shall be bedded on a 1-foot thick layer of Granular Borrow, Material for Underwater Backfill meeting the requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specification 703.19. The soil envelope and backfill shall consist of Standard Specification 703.19 - Granular Borrow with a maximum particle size of 4 inches. The granular borrow bedding and backfill material shall be placed in lifts of 6 to 8 inches loose measure and compacted to the manufacturer's specifications or, in the absence of manufacturer's specifications. The bedding and backfill soil shall be compacted to

at least 92 percent of the AASHTO T-180 maximum dry density. All subgrade surfaces should be protected from construction traffic in order to limit disturbance.

#### 6.2 Settlement

No settlement issues are anticipated at the site. The proposed corrugated metal pipe arch culvert will be constructed at a new location east (up station) of the existing culvert. The proposed corrugated metal pipe arch culvert is larger than the existing culvert and will result in a net unloading of the site soils at the proposed structure location. Placement of fill soils at the location of the existing structure is not anticipated to exceed the past loading condition of the site soils. Any settlement due to elastic compression of the bedding material will be immediate and negligible.

#### 6.3 Scour and Riprap

Both the inlet and outlet of the corrugated metal pipe arch culvert shall be protected against scour with riprap conforming to MaineDOT Standard Specification Section 703.26 Plain and Hand Laid Riprap. Slopes shall be no steeper than 2H:1V. No specific scour protection recommendations are needed other than armoring with riprap. The riprap on the slopes shall be underlain by a non-woven, Class 1 Erosion Control Geotextile meeting the requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specification 722.03 that is underlain by a 1-foot layer of protective aggregate cushion consisting of Granular Borrow Material for Underwater Backfill (703.19). The toe of the riprap sections shall be keyed into the existing soils 1 foot below the streambed elevation.

#### 6.4 Seismic Design Considerations

In conformance with LRFD Article 3.10.1, seismic analysis is not required for buried structures, except where they cross active faults. There are no known active faults in Maine; therefore, seismic analysis is not required.

#### 6.5 Construction Considerations

Construction activities will include construction of cofferdams and earth support systems to control stream flow during construction. Construction activities will also include common earth excavation. Construction of the corrugated metal pipe arch culvert will require soil excavation. Earth support systems shall be implemented if laying back slopes is not feasible. It is likely that the use of complex (four-sided) braced excavations with dewatering will be necessary due to the depth of the excavation. If this is the case, adequate embedment into the native soils will be necessary to allow for the excavation and maintenance of a stable excavation bottom. All earth support systems shall be designed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine. Regardless of the method of excavation, all excavations and earth support systems shall meet all applicable OSHA regulations.

Any cobbles or boulders encountered in excess of 6 inches shall be removed and replaced with compacted Granular Borrow Material for Underwater Backfill (MaineDOT 703.19) or Crushed Stone <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-Inch (MaineDOT 703.13). All subgrade surfaces shall be proof-rolled using a static roller to provide a firm and stable surface and protected from any unnecessary construction equipment or

traffic. If disturbance and rutting occur, the Contractor shall remove and replace disturbed areas with compacted Granular Borrow for Underwater Backfill (703.19) or Crushed Stone <sup>3</sup>/<sub>4</sub>-Inch (703.13).

The Contractor shall control groundwater and surface water infiltration using temporary ditches, sumps, granular drainage blankets, stone ditch protection or hand-laid riprap with geotextile underlayment to divert groundwater and surface water as needed to maintain a stable excavation and allow work in the dry.

Using the excavated native soils as backfill around the culvert shall not be permitted. The native soils may only be used as Common Borrow in accordance with MaineDOT Standard Specifications 203 and 703.

The Contractor will have to excavate the existing subbase and subgrade fill soils in the vicinity of the culvert. These materials should not be used to re-base the roadway. Excavated subbase sand and gravel may be used as fill below roadway subgrade level in fill areas provided all other requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specifications 203 and 703 are met.

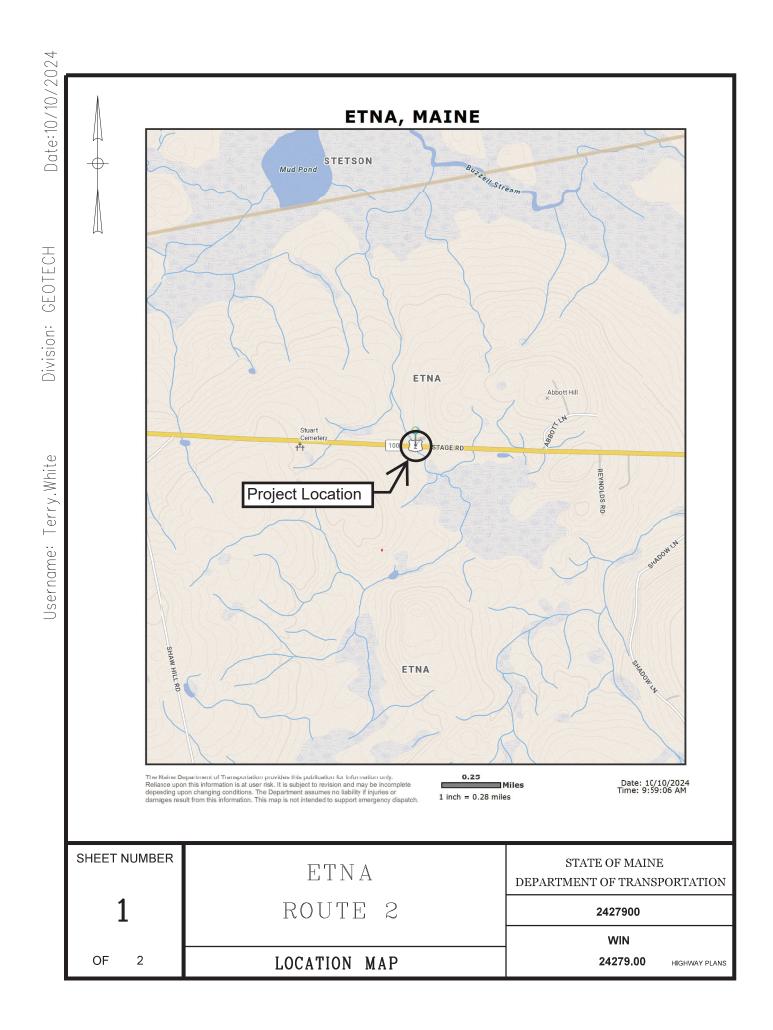
## 7.0 CLOSURE

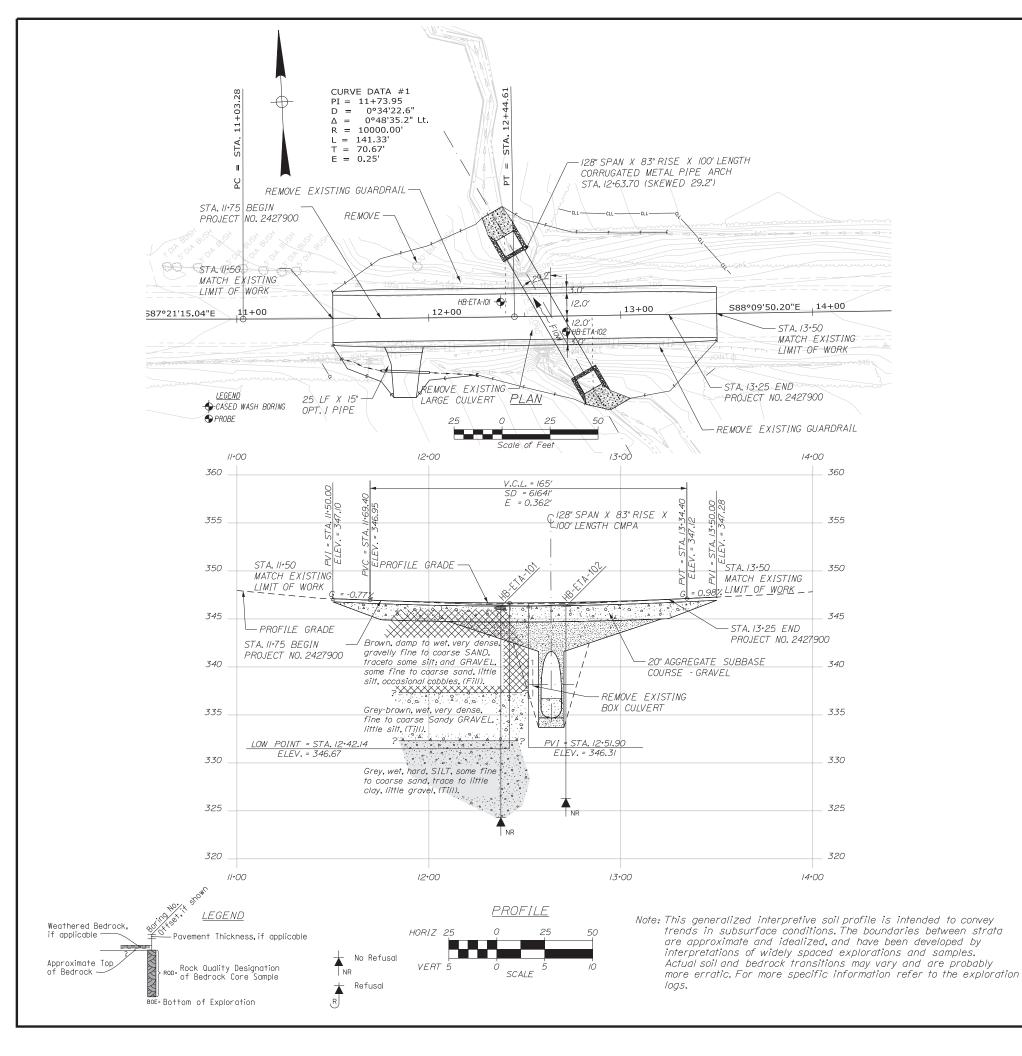
This report has been prepared for the use of the MaineDOT Highway Program for specific application to the proposed replacement of an existing large culvert (#47394) under Route 2 in Etna, Maine in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical and foundation engineering practices. No other intended use or warranty is expressed or implied.

In the event that any changes in the nature, design, or location of the proposed project are planned, this report should be reviewed by a geotechnical engineer to assess the appropriateness of the conclusions and recommendations and to modify the recommendations as appropriate to reflect the changes in design. These analyses and recommendations are based in part upon a limited subsurface investigation at discrete exploratory location completed at the site. If variations from the conditions encountered during the investigation appear evident during construction, it may also become necessary to re-evaluate the recommendations made in this report.

It is recommended that a geotechnical engineer be provided the opportunity for a review of the design and specifications in order that the earthwork and foundation recommendations and construction considerations presented in this report are properly interpreted and implemented in the design and specifications.

**Sheets** 







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Transpor	tat i	ion	Proj	ect	Rout	2 Larg	e Culvert	Boring No.:	HB-ET	A-101
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		evation	h (ft	h. )	346.			Auger 10/00:	5" Solid Ste	
pak		tum:			NAVD			Sompler:	Standard Spi	it Spoon
		у Туре:			CME			Hommer Wt./Foll:	140#/30"	
00-12:00		illing					Boring	Core Borrel:	N/A	
11 1.1.		sing 10 mmer Ty		-	NW-3			Water Level®:	10.0 ft bgs.	
R = Rock SSA = So RC = Rol RC = Rol Penetrometer MOR/C tempt MOIP = M	Cone Son Id Sten I ov Sten	npie Auger n Auger 14015. H of Rods	onner or C		Suite Sp = N-und Homm	Peak/Re b) = Lo Unconfi orrecte r Effic	Hydroulic moles Field Vers Undrained Streeg by Vers Undrained Shear Streeg ned Compressive Streegth Ikaf d = Roy Field SPT H-volue lency Foctor = Rig Specific A undorrected Corrected for Hem r Efficiency Foctor/60/Lith-und	th (psf) TC = ) LL = PL = nnuel Celibration Velue	Noter Content, pe Liquid Limit Plastic Limit Pl = Plasticity in	rcent dex
ple information										
Blows (/6 in. Shear Streagth (psf) or R00 (%)	N-uncorrected	N60	Casing	BIOWS	Elevation (+1.)	Graphic Log	Visual Des	scription and Remarks	5 U	Laborator Testing Results/ AASHTO and hifled Cla
			55		346.0		4" HWA.		0,3	
	-	-	Ľ	Ľ.			Brown, domp, Gravelly (Fill), (Off Auger)	fine to course SAND	. troce silt.	
					344.8	11. A	Concrete.			6#340697
30/38/24/28	62	92					Brown, wet (frozen), coarse SAND, some sill FROST depth at 3.0 ft	very dense. Grovelly t. (Fill). bgs.	fine to 2.0	A-1-b. SA WC=16.5%
	<u> </u>	<u> </u>								
	1	1								
5/30/50(3.6")			1				Brown, moist, very der sond, little silt, oct	nse, GRAVEL, some fi cosional cobbles, (F	ne to coarse	G#340698 A-1-b, G
			$\vdash$	-			Cobble from 6.3-6.6 fr			WC=7.3%
							Cobble from 7.6-7.9 f Cobble from 8.0-8.6 f	t bgs. t bgs.		
				/	337.3		Grey brown+ wet+ very		9.0	G#340699
38/50			8	_			GRAVEL. IITTIE SIIT. I Cobble from 11.0-11.6	(1111).	ac 30.0y	A-1-0. GA WC=17.6%
			0P HD	EN LE			Roller Coned cheod to	15.0 ft bgs.		
				-						
					332.3	14 J				
10/21/26/24	47	69	$\vdash$				Grey. wet. hord. SILT. cloy. little grovel.	some fine to coors	e sand, little	A-4, CL
			t							WC=11.0%
				Ļ						
			$ \rangle$	V			Grey, wet, hord, SILT.	some fine to coors	e sand.	G#340701
19/18/19/25	37	55	-				min.			A-4, CL WC=20.6%
	<u> </u>	-	-		324.3		Potton of Exploration -	22 0 feet be'	22.0	
							Bottom of Exploration on ND REFUSAL	17 22-0 Teet Delow g	ound surface.	
	-		+							

ans stated. Groundwater fluctuations may occur due to conditions other Boring No.	.: HB-ETA-101
Boring No.	.: HB-ETA-101

Transport	atio	on	Project:	Rout	2 Large Culvert	Boring No.:	HB-ETA-	-102
tion Log NITS			Location			win:	2427	9.00
	Elev	otion	n (ft.)	346.	3	Auger ID/0D:	5" Dia.	
k	Datu	in:		NAV	088	Sompler:	N/A	
	Rig	Type:		CME	45C	Hommer Wt./Foll:	N/A	
0-12:00	Dril	i îng	Nethod:	Sol	id Stem Auger	Core Borrel:	N/A	
Rt.	Cost	ng IC	)/OD:	N/A		Water Level®:	None Observe	đ
MU = Unsucce R = Rock Cor SSA = Soild HSA = Hollow RC = Roller not HCH = Height etroneter HCR/C = H	Sten Au Sten Au	ndei. Dei.		Die Aff	when the set of the s	hear Strength (psf)	(psf) LL = Liquid Li PL = Plostic L PI = Plosticit G = Grain Size C = Consolidat	telt y Index
le Information			d county				0.00000000	
Blows (/6 in. Shear Strength (psf) or ROD (%)	N-value	Cosing Bioes	Elevoriton (ft.)	Graphic Log	Vîsual Descr	iption and Remarks	u	Laboratory Testing Results/ AASHTO and ified Clas
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DATE			NOV 2024							
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PROJ. MANAGER	DESIGN-DETAILED	CHECKED-REVIEWED	DESIGN2-DETAILED2 Y.T. LEE	DESIGN3-DETAILED3		REVISIONS 1	REVISIONS 2	REVISIONS 3	REVISIONS 4	FIELD CHANGES
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# Appendix A

Boring Logs

	UNIFIE	ED SOIL CI	LASSIFIC	ATION SYSTEM	MODIFIED BURMISTER SYSTEM				
		PNC	GROUP						
COARSE- GRAINED	GRAVELS	CLEAN GRAVELS	GW	Well-graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines.	Descriptive Term     Portion of Total (%)       trace     0 - 10       little     11 - 20       correct     24 - 25				
SOILS	MAJOR DIVISIONS         SYMBOLS         TYPICAL NAMES           SEE IED S         GRAVELS GRAVELS Strong to particulation of fines)         CLEAN GRAVELS (little or no fines)         GW         Well-graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines.           GRAVELS S         GRAVELS or out particulation out of fines)         GRAVEL (little or no fines)         GP         Poorly-graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines.           GRAVEL SANDS         GRAVEL (Appreciable amount of fines)         GM         Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures.           SANDS         CLEAN (Appreciable amount of fines)         SW         Well-graded sands, Gravelly sands, little or no fines           SANDS         SANDS (little or no fines)         SW         Well-graded sands, Gravelly sands, little or no fines.           SANDS         SANDS         SM         SILTS AND CLAYS         SM           SILTS AND CLAYS         ML         Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, Silty clays, Sandy clays, Silty clays, lean clays.           SILTS AND CLAYS         MH         Inorganic silts and organic Silty clays of low to medium plasticity.		some 21 - 35 adjective (e.g. Sandy, Clayey) 36 - 50 TERMS DESCRIBING						
	n half arger eve siz				DENSITY/CONSISTENCY				
(more than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve size)	(more tha fraction is l sie	WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of		mixtures. Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay	Coarse-grained soils         (more than half of material is larger than No. 200           sieve): Includes (1) clean gravels; (2) Silty or Clayey gravels; and (3) Silty,           Clayey or Gravelly sands. Density is rated according to standard           penetration resistance (N-value).           Density of         Standard Penetration Resistance				
nater sieve					Cohesionless Soils         N-Value (blows per foot)           Very loose         0 - 4				
an half of r No. 200	SANDS	-	SW		Loose 5 - 10 Medium Dense 11 - 30 Dense 31 - 50				
(more tha than	f coarse han No. 4 )		SP		Very Dense 50 Fine-grained soils (more than half of material is smaller than No. 200				
	than half o s smaller t sieve size	WITH	SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures	sieve): Includes (1) inorganic and organic silts and clays; (2) Gravelly, Sandy or Silty clays; and (3) Clayey silts. Consistency is rated according to undrained shear strength as indicated.				
	(more 1 fraction i	(Appreciable amount of	SC		Approximate Undrained Consistency of SPT N-Value Shear Field Cohesive soils (blows per foot) Strength (psf) Guidelines				
	FINE- GRAINED SOILS     CL     Inorganic clays of low to med plasticity, Gravelly clays, San clays, Silty clays, Iean clays.		sands, rock flour, Silty or Clayey	WOH, WOR, WOP, <2         0 - 250         Fist easily penetrates           Soft         2 - 4         250 - 500         Thumb easily penetrates           Medium Stiff         5 - 8         500 - 1000         Thumb penetrates with					
				moderate effort					
GRAINED			CL	plasticity, Gravelly clays, Sandy	great effort Very Stiff 16 - 30 2000 - 4000 Indented by thumbnail Hard >30 over 4000 Indented by thumbnail				
	(liquid limit l	ess than 50)	OL	· · ·	with difficulty           Rock Quality Designation (RQD):           RQD (%) =         sum of the lengths of intact pieces of core* > 4 inches           length of core advance         length of core advance				
e size)					*Minimum NQ rock core (1.88 in. OD of core)				
half of material is No. 200 sieve size)	SILTS AN	ID CLAYS	МН	diatomaceous fine Sandy or	Rock Quality Based on RQD Rock Quality RQD (%)				
(more than ha smaller than No			СН	8 9	Very Poor ≤25 Poor 26 - 50 Fair 51 - 75 Good 76 - 90				
(mo small	(liquid limit gro	eater than 50)	ОН	5 ,	Excellent 91 - 100 Desired Rock Observations (in this order, if applicable): Color (Munsell color chart)				
			Pt		Texture (aphanitic, fine-grained, etc.) Rock Type (granite, schist, sandstone, etc.) Hardness (very hard, hard, mod. hard, etc.)				
Desired So	il Observat	ions (in thi	s order. if	applicable):	Weathering (fresh, very slight, slight, moderate, mod. severe, severe, etc.) Geologic discontinuities/jointing:				
Color (Muns Moisture (di Density/Cor Texture (find Name (Sand Gradation (N	sell color cha ry, damp, m nsistency (fri e, medium, , d, Silty Sando well-graded, on-plastic, s ayering, frac all, moderati n (weak, mo rigin (till, ma	art) oist, wet) om above ri coarse, etc. d, Clay, etc., poorly-grac slightly plasti tures, crack ely, loosely, oderate, or s	ght hand s ) , including led, uniforn c, modera s, etc.) etc., ) trong)	ide) portions - trace, little, etc.) n, etc.) tely plastic, highly plastic)	<ul> <li>-dip (horiz - 0-5 deg., low angle - 5-35 deg., mod. dipping - 35-55 deg., steep - 55-85 deg., vertical - 85-90 deg.)</li> <li>-spacing (very close - 21 nch, close - 2-12 inch, mod. close - 1-3 feet, wide - 3-10 feet, very wide &gt;10 feet)</li> <li>-tightness (tight, open, or healed)</li> <li>-infilling (grain size, color, etc.)</li> <li>Formation (Waterville, Ellsworth, Cape Elizabeth, etc.)</li> <li>RQD and correlation to rock quality (very poor, poor, etc.)</li> <li>ref: ASTM D6032 and FHWA NHI-16-072 GEC 5 - Geotechnical</li> <li>Site Characterization, Table 4-12</li> <li>Recovery (inch/inch and percentage)</li> <li>Rock Core Rate (X.X ft - Y.Y ft (min:sec))</li> </ul>				
Key	/ to Soil a	Geotechr	<i>ical</i> Sec Descrip	tions and Terms	Sample Container Labeling Requirements:         WIN       Blow Counts         Bridge Name / Town       Sample Recovery         Boring Number       Date         Sample Number       Personnel Initials         Sample Depth       Sample Depth				

1	Iain			of Transport	ation	n	Proje	ect:	Rout 2	Large	Culvert Boring No.: HB-ET	A-101
		-	Soil/Rock Expl				Loca	tior	1: Etna,	Maine	WIN:2427	9.00
Drille	r:		MaineDOT		Ele	vation	ı (ft.)		346.3		Auger ID/OD: 5" Solid Stem	
per	ator:		Daggett/Westr	ack	Dat	tum:			Sampler: Standard Split S	Spoon		
ogg	ed By:		B.Wilder		Rig	ј Туре	:		Hammer Wt./Fall: 140#/30"			
Date	Start/Fi	nish:	2/20/2020; 08:	:00-12:00	Dril	lling N	letho	d:	Cased	l Wash	Boring Core Barrel: N/A	
Borin	ig Loca	tion:	12+37.5, 7.8 f	t Lt.	Cas	sing ID	D/OD:		NW-3	3"	Water Level*: 10.0 ft bgs.	
		ciency F	actor: 0.886	D – Davis		mmer	Type:		Automat		Hydraulic □ Rope & Cathead □ nolded Field Vane Undrained Shear Strength (psf) T <sub>v</sub> = Pocket Torvane Shea	. Otro a ath (a
1D = U J = Thi 1U = U I = Fie	lit Spoon S Jnsuccess in Wall Tu Jnsuccess Id Vane S	sful Split Spo be Sample sful Thin Wa Shear Test,	oon Sample Atten II Tube Sample A PP = Pocket Pen ne Shear Test Att	RC = Rolle ttempt WOH = We netrometer WOR/C = W wont WO1P = W	d Stem A low Stem r Cone eight of 14 Weight of	Auger Auger 40lb. Ha	r Casing	g	S <sub>u(lab</sub> q <sub>p</sub> = U N-unco Hamm N <sub>60</sub> =	) = Lab Inconfin orrected er Effici SPT N-	$ \begin{array}{llllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllllll$	
ŀ		<u>.</u>		Sample Information	ą							Laborato
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength (psf) or RQD (%)	N-uncorrected	N <sub>60</sub>	Casing	Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log	Visual Description and Remarks	Testing Results AASHTC and Unified Cla
0							SS.	A	346.0 344.8		4" HMA. Brown, damp, Gravelly fine to coarse SAND, trace silt, (Fill). (Off \Auger)	
ŀ	1D	24/15	2.00 - 4.00	30/38/24/28	62	92			344.3			G#34069 A-1-b, SI
											Brown, wet (frozen), very dense, Gravelly fine to coarse SAND, some silt, (Fill). FROST depth at 3.0 ft bgs.	WC=16.5
5 -	2D	15.6/12	5.00 - 6.30	15/30/50(3.6")							Brown, moist, very dense, GRAVEL, some fine to coarse sand, little silt, occasional cobbles, (Fill). Cobble from 6.3-6.6 ft bgs.	G#34069 A-1-b, G WC=7.3
-											Cobble from 7.6-7.9 ft bgs. Cobble from 8.0-8.6 ft bgs.	
ł							$\mathbb{H}$	/	337.3		9.0-	
10 -	3D	12/9	10.00 - 11.00	38/50			85	5		800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800	Grey brown, wet, very dense, fine to coarse Sandy GRAVEL, little silt, (Till).	G#34069 A-1-a, Gl
							OPE HOI			8.00 00 80 000 8.00 00 00 00 8.00 00 00 00 00	Cobble from 11.0-11.6 ft bgs. Roller Coned ahead to 15.0 ft bgs.	WC=17.6
1.5									332.3			
15 -	4D	24/20	15.00 - 17.00	10/21/26/24	47	69					Grey, wet, hard, SILT, some fine to coarse sand, little clay, little gravel, (Till).	G#34070 A-4, CL WC=11.0
-								/				
20 -	5D	24/22	20.00 - 22.00	19/18/19/25	37	55		_			Grey, wet, hard, SILT, some fine to coarse sand, (Till).	G#34070 A-4, CL WC=20.6
-									324.3		22.0- Bottom of Exploration at 22.0 feet below ground surface. NO REFUSAL	
ŀ												

N	laine		artment			tion	F	Project:	Rout 2	2 Large Culvert	Boring No.:	HB-ETA	A-102
			Soil/Rock Exp US CUSTOM				L	_ocation	: Etna	, Maine	WIN:	2422	79.00
Drillin	na Cont	ractor:	MaineDOT			Eleva	ation (	(ft.)	346.	3	Auger ID/OD:	5" Dia.	
Opera	-		Daggett/West	rack		Datu		(***)		/D88	Sampler:	N/A	
⊢-́–	ed By:		B.Wilder			Rig 1				E 45C	Hammer Wt./Fall:	N/A	
	Start/Fi	nish:	2/20/2020; 08	:00-12:00		-		thod:		d Stem Auger	Core Barrel:	N/A	
L	g Locat		12+71.4, 8.2 f				ng ID/		N/A	-	Water Level*:	None Observed	1
Definiti	ons: D =	Spilt Spoo	n Sample		MU = Unsucce	ssful Thir	-			pt WO1P = Weight of 1 Person			
B = Buo MD = U U = Thi MV = U	cket Samp Jnsuccesst in Wall Tut Jnsuccesst	be Sample ful Field Va	r Flights oon Sample Atter ne Shear Test At <u>PP= Pocket Per</u>	tempt	R = Rock Core SSA = Solid St HSA = Hollow RC = Roller Cc WOH = Weight WOR/C = Weight	tem Auge Stem Aug one t of 140lb	ger . Hamm	ner asing		$\begin{array}{l} S_{u} = \text{Peak/Remolded Field Vane Urt}\\ S_{U(lab)} = Lab Vane Undrained Shee \\ q_{p} = Unconfined Compressive Stree \\ N-value = Raw Field SPT N-value \\ T_{v} = \text{Pocket Torvane Shear Strengt} \\ WC = Water Content, percent \\ \equiv S \end{array}$	ar Strength (psf) ngth (ksf) h (psf)	LL = Liquid Lim PL = Plastic Lin PI = Plasticity Ir G = Grain Size C = Consolidati	nit ndex Analysis
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)		Strength (psf) or RQD (%)	N-value	Casing Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log	Visual Descr	ption and Remarks		Laboratory Testing Results/ AASHTO and Unified Class.
0						_	SSA			Probe, no material samples taken.			
- 5 -								-					
								-					
- 10 -								-					
- 15 -								_					
								_					
- 20 -								- 326.3 - -		Bottom of Exploration at NO REFUSAL	20.0 feet below ground s	20.0- urface.	
								$\left  \right $					
25 <b>Rema</b>	arke												
Stratific	ation lines	represent	approximate bou	ndaries betwe	en soil types; tra	ansitions	may be	gradual.			Page 1 of 1		
* Water	r level read	lings have		ies and under	conditions state				s may c	ccur due to conditions other	Boring No.	: HB-ETA-	102
alanı		at the li											- • -

# <u>Appendix B</u>

Laboratory Test Results

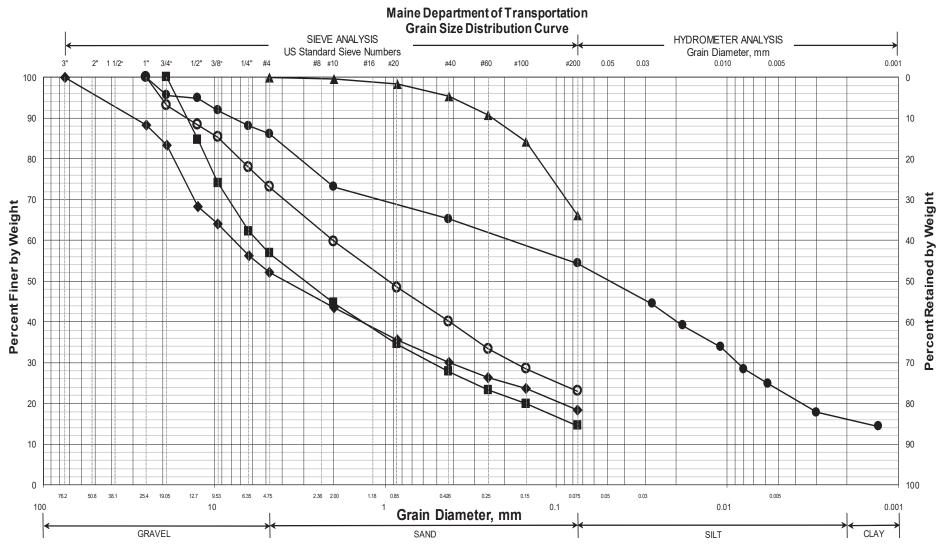
#### State of Maine - Department of Transportation Laboratory Testing Summary Sheet

Town(s):	Etna				Worl	κNι	ımk	ber	: 242	79.00	
Boring & Sample	Station	Offset	Depth	Reference	G.S.D.C.	W.C.	L.L.	P.I.	Cla	assificatior	
Identification Number	(Feet)	(Feet)	(Feet)	Number	Sheet	%			Unified	AASHTO	
HB-ETA-101, 1D	12+37.5	7.8 Lt.	2.0-4.0	340697	1	16.5			SM	A-1-b	11
HB-ETA-101, 2D	12+37.5	7.8 Lt.	5.0-6.3	340698	1	7.3			GM	A-1-b	1
HB-ETA-101, 3D	12+37.5	7.8 Lt.	10.0-11.0	340699	1	17.6			GM	A-1-a	
HB-ETA-101, 4D	12+37.5	7.8 Lt.	15.0-17.0	340700	1	11.0			CL	A-4	IV
HB-ETA-101, 5D	12+37.5	7.8 Lt.	20.0-22.0	340701	1	20.6			CL	A-4	IV
				1							
				1							
Classification of th	ese soil samp	oles is in a	ccordance wit	h AASHTO C	lassificatio	on Syst	em M-	145-4	0. This cla	ssification	1
is followed by the	"Frost Suscep	otibility Ra	ting" from zero	o (non-frost s	susceptible	e) to Cl	ass IV	(high	ly frost su	sceptible).	
The "Frost Sus	ceptibility Ra	ting" is ba	sed upon the I	MaineDOT an	d Corps o	f Engin	eers C	lassif	ication Sy	stems.	
GSDC = Grain Size Distribu	ution Curve as	determined	by AASHTO T	88-93 (1996	) and/or AS	TM D 4	22-63	(Reap	proved 19	98)	
WC = water content as dete			-								

WC = water content as determined by AASHTO T 265-93 and/or ASTM D 2216-98

LL = Liquid limit as determined by AASHTO T 89-96 and/or ASTM D 4318-98 NP = Non Plastic

PI = Plasticity Index as determined by AASHTO 90-96 and/or ASTM D4318-98



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION

	Boring/Sample No.	Station	Offset, ft	Depth, ft	Description	WC, %	LL	PL	PI
0	HB-ETA-101/1D	12+37.5	7.8 LT	2.0-4.0	Gravelly SAND, some silt.	16.5			
۲	HB-ETA-101/2D	12+37.5	7.8 LT	5.0-6.3	GRAVEL, some sand, little silt.	7.3			
	HB-ETA-101/3D	12+37.5	7.8 LT	10.0-11.0	Sandy GRAVEL, little silt.	17.6			
	HB-ETA-101/4D	12+37.5	7.8 LT	15.0-17.0	SILT, some sand, little clay, little gravel.	11.0			
	HB-ETA-101/5D	12+37.5	7.8 LT	20.0-22.0	SILT, some sand.	20.6			
X									

WIN	
024279.00	
Town	
Etna	
Reported by/Date	
WHITE, TERRY A	10/9/2024

SHEET 1