MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION HIGHWAY PROGRAM GEOTECHNICAL SECTION AUGUSTA, MAINE

GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN REPORT

For the Construction of

CRANBERRY RIDGE BRIDGE U.S. ROUTE 202 / ROUTE 11 SANFORD, MAINE

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York County WIN 23747.00 Bridge No. 6701 Soils Report 2024-09 Federal Project No. 2374700 April 1, 2024

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The purpose of this Geotechnical Design Report is to present subsurface information and make geotechnical recommendations for the replacement of a large culvert (#46484) on U.S. Route 202 / Route 11 in Sanford, Maine. A subsurface investigation has been completed at the site to evaluate subsurface conditions and to develop geotechnical design and construction recommendations for the replacement structure. This report presents the subsurface information obtained during the subsurface investigation and soil laboratory testing programs and provides design and construction recommendations and geotechnical design parameters for the culvert replacement.

The existing structure consists of an approximately 114-inch span by 96-inch rise by 123-foot long multiplate pipe arch culvert. The existing culvert previously failed, and a portion of the inlet end was replaced with a smaller diameter pipe as a temporary repair. The culvert washed out in March 2024 and will be replaced on an accelerated schedule. U.S. Route 202 / Route 11 is a Highway Corridor Priority 1 road.

The proposed replacement structure will be a 24-foot span by 10-foot rise by 148-foot-long precast concrete box culvert. To facilitate fish passage, Habitat Connectivity Design elements will be used inside the proposed precast concrete box culvert as shown on the Special Details Sheet in the Plans. The invert of the proposed culvert is approximately 17.7 feet below the existing road grade at the roadway centerline. The roadway embankment slopes at the proposed culvert inlet and outlet shall be no steeper than 2H:1V to protect against erosion.

2.0 GEOLOGIC SETTING

The existing culvert carries the Great Works River under U.S. Route 202 / Route 11 in Sanford and is located approximately 0.19 of a mile northeast of Jellerson Road as shown on Sheet 1 -Location Map.

According to the Maine Geological Survey (MGS) map titled Surficial Geology of the Sanford Quadrangle, Maine, Open File 97-55 (1997) the surficial soils at the site consist of Till. Till consists of a mixture of sand, silt, and gravel.

According to the map titled Bedrock Geologic Map of Maine (1985) published by the MGS, the bedrock in the vicinity of the site consists of interbedded pelite and limestone and/or dolostone of the Rindgemere Formation Lower Member.

3.0 SUBSURFACE INVESTIGATION

Three (3) borings and two (2) probes were drilled in the roadway near the existing structure between January 18, 2023 and January 30, 2023 by the MaineDOT drill crew using a trailer mounted drill rig. Exploration locations are shown on Sheet 2 – Boring Location Plan & Interpretive Subsurface Profile. Details and sampling methods used, field data obtained, and soil and groundwater conditions encountered are presented on the Boring Logs in Appendix A.

Borings HB-SAN-101, HB-SAN-104, and HB-SAN-105 were drilled using solid stem auger, cased wash boring, and rock core drilling techniques. Soil samples were obtained in the borings at 5-foot intervals using Standard Penetration Test (SPT) methods. Probes HB-SAN-102 and HB-SAN-103 were drilled using solid stem auger techniques. No soil samples were obtained in the probes. The MaineDOT drill rig is equipped with an automatic hammer to drive the split spoon. The MaineDOT calibrated automatic hammer delivers approximately 51 percent more energy during driving than the standard rope and cathead system. All N-values discussed in this report are corrected values (N₆₀) computed by applying an average energy transfer factor of 0.906 to the raw field N-values. Bedrock was cored in the borings using an NQ 2-inch core barrel and the Rock Core Designation (RQD) of the core was calculated.

The MaineDOT Geotechnical Team member selected the boring and probe locations, drilling methods, designated type and depth of sampling, reviewed field logs for accuracy and identified field and laboratory testing requirements. A NorthEast Transportation Training and Certification (NETTCP) certified Subsurface Investigator logged the subsurface conditions encountered in the borings and probes. The borings and probes were located in the field by taping to surveyed site features after completion of the drilling program.

4.0 LABORATORY TESTING

A laboratory testing program was conducted to assist in soil classification, evaluation of engineering properties of the soils and geologic assessment of the project site. Laboratory testing consisted of eight (8) standard grain size analyses with natural water content. The results of the laboratory testing program are discussed in the following section and are included in Appendix B – Laboratory Test Results. Laboratory test information is also shown on the Boring Logs in Appendix A.

5.0 SUBSURFACE CONDITIONS

Subsurface conditions encountered at the test borings generally consisted of fill consisting of sand and gravelly sand underlain by glacial till consisting of sand, gravel, and sandy gravel underlain by bedrock. An interpretive subsurface profile depicting the generalized soil stratigraphy at the boring locations is shown on Sheet 2 – Boring Location Plan & Interpretive Subsurface Profile.

5.1 Pavement and Fill Soils

The test borings encountered pavement ranging from approximately 4.0 inches to 8.0 inches in depth. The pavement was underlain by a layer of fill soils consisting of:

- Brown to grey brown, damp to wet, gravelly fine to coarse sand, little silt, occasional cobbles.
- Brown to light brown, moist to wet, fine to coarse sand, some gravel, little silt, occasional cobbles.

The thickness of the fill ranged from approximately 14.3 to 16.7 feet in the borings. SPT N_{60} -values obtained in the fill ranged from 14 to 109 blows per foot (bpf) indicating that the fill is medium dense to very dense in consistency.

Water contents from five (5) samples obtained within the fill ranged from approximately 4.9% to 12.6%. Grain size analyses conducted on five (5) samples of the fill resulted in the soil being classified as an A-1-a or A-1-b under the AASHTO Soil Classification System and an SW-SM or SP-SM under the Unified Soil Classification System.

5.2 Glacial Till

The fill was underlain by a layer glacial till consisting of:

- Light brown, wet, fine to coarse sand, some gravel, little silt.
- Light brown, wet, gravel, some fine to coarse sand, trace silt, occasional cobbles.
- Light brown, wet, fine to coarse sandy gravel, little silt.

The thickness of the glacial till ranged from approximately 3.5 to 5.7 feet. SPT N₆₀-values obtained in the glacial till ranged from 69 to 95 bpf, indicating that the glacial till is very dense in consistency.

Water contents from two (2) samples obtained within the glacial till ranged from approximately 11.2% to 11.4%. Grain size analyses conducted on two (2) samples of the glacial till resulted in the soil being classified as an A-1-a under the AASHTO Soil Classification System and a GW-GM under the Unified Soil Classification System.

5.3 Bedrock

Bedrock or a refusal surface was encountered at elevations ranging from approximately 321.3 feet to 327.2 feet in the vicinity of the proposed box culvert. The approximate elevations of the top of bedrock or the refusal surface encountered at the boring and probe locations are presented in Appendix A – Boring Logs. Bedrock was cored in borings HB-SAN-101, HB-SAN-104, and HB-SAN-105. The exact nature of the refusal surface was not determined in the probes.

The bedrock consists of interbedded pelite and sandstone and /or dolostone of the Rindgemere Formation lower member. The Rock Quality Designation (RQD) of the bedrock was determined to range from 15% to 42%, correlating to a Rock Quality of Very Poor to Poor.

5.4 Groundwater

Groundwater was recorded at a depth of approximately 14.0 feet bgs in boring HB-SAN-105. Groundwater levels can be expected to fluctuate subject to seasonal variations, local soil conditions, topography, precipitation, and construction activity.

6.0 GEOTECHNICAL DESIGN AND CONSTRUCTION RECOMMENDATIONS

The following sections discuss geotechnical recommendations for the design and construction of the proposed culvert.

6.1 Precast Concrete Box Culvert Design and Construction

The proposed replacement structure will consist of a 24-foot span by 10-foot rise by 148-foot-long precast concrete box culvert. The proposed box culvert shall be designed and constructed in accordance with MaineDOT Standard Specification 534.

The approximate invert of the proposed box culvert ranges from an elevation of 328.00 feet at the inlet to 322.0 feet at the outlet with a 4.1% slope. To facilitate fish passage, Habitat Connectivity Design elements will be used inside the precast concrete box culvert as shown on the Streambed Details Sheet in the Plans.

The full nature of the culvert bearing surface will not become evident until the culvert excavation is made. Any cobbles or boulders in excess of 6 inches encountered at the bedding elevation shall be removed and replaced with compacted Granular Borrow Material for Underwater Backfill or Crushed Stone ³/₄-Inch. Any disturbed soils at the bedding elevation resulting from excavation activities should be removed by hand prior to placement of the bedding material. The prepared subgrade shall be proofrolled using a static roller to visually confirm the prepared subgrade is firm and stable. The exposed subgrade shall be free of ponded water so that bedding material placement and compaction can be completed in the dry.

The proposed structure shall be bedded on a 1-foot-thick layer of Granular Borrow, Material for Underwater Backfill meeting the requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specification 703.19. The soil envelope and backfill shall consist of Standard Specification 703.19 - Granular Borrow with a maximum particle size of 4 inches. The Granular Borrow bedding and backfill material shall be placed in lifts of 6 to 8 inches loose measure and compacted to the manufacturer's specifications or, in the absence of manufacturer's specifications, the bedding and backfill soil shall be compacted to at least 92 percent of the AASHTO T-180 maximum dry density.

6.2 Bedrock Removal and Subgrade Preparation

The approximate invert of the proposed box culvert ranges from an elevation of 328.00 feet at the inlet to 322.0 feet at the outlet. Constructing the box culvert at this elevation may require removal of bedrock. The need for and depth of weathered bedrock removal will vary over the length of the precast concrete box culvert. The bottom elevation of the excavation shall take into account the wall thickness of the box culvert bottom and the required 1-foot layer of bedding material. The boring indicates that the Rock Quality of the bedrock is very poor to poor with an RQD of approximately 15 to 42 percent.

The bedrock surface shall be prepared in accordance with MaineDOT standard practices. The nature, slope, and degree of fracturing in the bedrock bearing surfaces will not be evident until the

excavation from the precast concrete box culvert is made. Construction activities should not be permitted to create any open fissures in the bedrock to remain. Any irregularities in the existing bedrock surface or irregularities created during the excavation process should be backfilled with crushed stone to the bottom of the required bedding material.

The Contractor shall remove any overburden soil and bedrock that can be removed using ordinary excavation equipment to expose the proposed bearing surface at the required elevation. The cleanliness and condition of the bedrock surface should be confirmed and accepted by the Resident prior to placing the structural bedding material. If soil is encountered at bedding material subgrade it shall be proof-rolled using multiple passes of a static roller to achieve a firm and stable surface for construction. Any cobbles, boulders, or loose bedrock encountered in excess of 6 inches shall be removed and replaced with compacted Granular Borrow Material for Underwater Backfill or Crushed Stone ³/₄-Inch.

Blasting shall be conducted in accordance with MaineDOT Standard Specifications Sections 105.2.7 and 203. The Contractor is required to conduct pre- and post-blast surveys, as well as blast vibrations monitoring at nearby structures in accordance with industry standards at the time of the blast.

It is anticipated that there will be seepage of water from fractures and joints exposed in the bedrock surface. Water should be controlled by pumping from sumps. The Contractor should maintain the excavation so that all work is completed in the dry.

6.3 Settlement

No settlement issues are anticipated at the site. The proposed precast concrete box culvert is larger than the existing culvert and will result in a net unloading of the site soils at the structure location. Any settlement due to elastic compression of the bedrock, subgrade soils, and bedding material will be immediate and negligible.

6.4 Bearing Resistance

The factored bearing resistances for the precast concrete box culvert bearing on compacted granular bedding material placed on native soils and/or bedrock at the service and strength limit states are presented in the table below. Supporting calculations in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications 9th Edition 2020 (LRFD) are provided in Appendix C – Calculations.

Limit State	Resistance Factor	AASHTO LRFD	Factored Bearing
	Фb	Reference	Resistance (ksf)
Service	1.0	Article 10.5.5.1	10.0
Strength	0.45	Table 10.5.5.2.2-1	15.0

6.5 Modulus of Subgrade Reaction

A modulus of subgrade reaction (k_s) equal to 120 pounds per cubic inch shall be used for the structural design of the box culvert's base slab. Calculations are included in Appendix C – Calculations.

6.6 Scour and Riprap

Both the inlet and outlet of the precast concrete box culvert shall be protected against scour with riprap conforming to MaineDOT Standard Specification Section 703.26 Plain and Hand Laid Riprap. Slopes shall be no steeper than 2H:1V. No specific scour protection recommendations are needed other than armoring with riprap. The riprap on the slopes shall be underlain by a 1-foot layer of protective aggregate cushion consisting of Granular Borrow Material for Underwater Backfill (703.19) that is underlain by a non-woven, Class 1 Erosion Control Geotextile meeting the requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specification 722.03. The toe of the riprap sections shall be keyed into the existing soils 1 foot below the streambed elevation.

6.7 Seismic Design Considerations

In conformance with LRFD Article 3.10.1, seismic analysis is not required for buried structures, except where they cross active faults. There are no known active faults in Maine; therefore, seismic analysis is not required.

6.8 Construction Considerations

Construction activities may include construction of cofferdams and earth support systems to control stream flow during construction. Construction activities will also include common earth excavation. Construction of the proposed precast concrete box culvert will require deep soil excavation. Earth support systems shall be implemented if laying back slopes is not feasible. It is likely that the use of complex (four-sided) braced excavations with dewatering will be necessary due to the depth of the excavation. If this is the case, adequate embedment into till or bedrock will be necessary to allow for the excavation and maintenance of a stable excavation bottom. All earth support systems shall be designed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine. Regardless of the method of excavation, all excavations and earth support systems shall meet all applicable OSHA regulations.

The Contractor shall control groundwater and surface water infiltration using temporary ditches, sumps, granular drainage blankets, stone ditch protection or hand-laid riprap with geotextile underlayment to divert groundwater and surface water as needed to maintain a stable excavation and allow work in the dry.

Using the excavated native soils as backfill around the culvert shall not be permitted. The native soils may only be used as common borrow in accordance with MaineDOT Standard Specifications 203 and 703.

The Contractor will have to excavate the existing subbase and subgrade fill soils in the vicinity of the culvert. These materials should not be used to re-base the roadway. Excavated subbase sand and gravel may be used as fill below roadway subgrade level in fill areas provided all other requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specifications 203 and 703 are met.

7.0 CLOSURE

This report has been prepared for the use of the MaineDOT Highway Program for specific application to the proposed replacement of an existing large culvert (#46484) under U.S. Route 202 / Route 11 in Sanford, Maine in accordance with generally accepted geotechnical and foundation engineering practices. No other intended use or warranty is expressed or implied.

In the event that any changes in the nature, design, or location of the proposed project are planned, this report should be reviewed by a geotechnical engineer to assess the appropriateness of the conclusions and recommendations and to modify the recommendations as appropriate to reflect the changes in design. These analyses and recommendations are based in part upon a limited subsurface investigation at discrete exploratory location completed at the site. If variations from the conditions encountered during the investigation appear evident during construction, it may also become necessary to re-evaluate the recommendations made in this report.

It is recommended that a geotechnical engineer be provided the opportunity for a review of the design and specifications in order that the earthwork and foundation recommendations and construction considerations presented in this report are properly interpreted and implemented in the design and specifications.

Sheets





<u>Appendix A</u>

Boring Logs

	UNIFIE	ED SOIL C	LASSIFIC	ATION SYSTEM		MODIFIED B	URMISTER S	YSTEM			
			GROUP								
COARSE- GRAINED	GRAVELS	CLEAN GRAVELS	SYMBOLS GW	TYPICAL NAMES Well-graded gravels, gravel- sand mixtures, little or no fines.	tra	ive Term_ ace tle	Port	ion of Total (%) 0 - 10 11 - 20			
SOILS	(more than half of coarse fraction is larger than No. 4 sieve size)	(little or no fines)	GP	Poorly-graded gravels, gravel sand mixtures, little or no fines.	so adjective (e.g.		S DESCRIBIN	21 - 35 36 - 50			
	n half arger ve siz						Y/CONSISTEN	-			
al is larger size)	(more tha fraction is l sie	GRAVEL WITH FINES (Appreciable amount of fines)	GM GC	Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures. Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures.	sieve): Includes (1) Clayey or Gravelly penetration resistan	<u>bils</u> (more than half of) clean gravels; (2) S sands. Density is ra nce (N-value). sity of	ilty or Clayey gravels ted according to star	; and (3) Silty,			
ateria ieve s		lilles)			Cohesion	less Soils		e (blows per foot)			
(more than half of material is larger than No. 200 sieve size)	SANDS	CLEAN SANDS	SW	Well-graded sands, Gravelly sands, little or no fines	Very Loo Medium Dei	ose 1 Dense		0 - 4 5 - 10 11 - 30 31 - 50			
(more tha than	if coarse than No. 4 ()	(little or no fines)	SP	Poorly-graded sands, Gravelly sand, little or no fines.	Very [Dense <u>s</u> (more than half of n	naterial is smaller tha	> 50			
	(more than half of coarse fraction is smaller than No. sieve size)	SANDS WITH FINES	SM	Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,) Gravelly, Sandy ording to undrained shear			
	(more fraction	(Appreciable amount of fines)	SC	Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures.	Consistency of Cohesive soils	<u>SPT N-Value</u> (blows per foot)	<u>Undrained</u> <u>Shear</u> Strength (psf)	<u>Field</u> Guidelines			
			ML	Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, Silty or Clayey	Very Soft Soft Medium Stiff	WOH, WOR, WOP, <2 2 - 4 5 - 8	0 - 250 250 - 500 500 - 1000	Fist easily penetrates Thumb easily penetrates Thumb penetrates with			
	SILTS AND CLAYS sands, rock flour, Silty or Claye fine sands, or Clayey silts with slight plasticity. INE- CL Inorganic clays of low to mediu				Stiff	9 - 15	1000 - 2000	moderate effort			
FINE- GRAINED SOILS	(liquid limit less than 50)		CL	Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, Gravelly clays, Sandy clays, Silty clays, lean clays.	Very Stiff Hard	16 - 30 >30	2000 - 4000 over 4000	Indented by thumb with great effort Indented by thumbnail Indented by thumbnail with difficulty			
	(inquid infint i	ess man 50)	OL	Organic silts and organic Silty clays of low plasticity.	with difficulty Rock Quality Designation (RQD): RQD (%) = sum of the lengths of intact pieces of core* > 4 inches length of core advance length of core advance						
ial is e size					-	*Minimu	im NQ rock core (
half of material is No. 200 sieve size)	SILTS AN	ID CLAYS	MH	Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine Sandy or Silty soils, elastic silts.		Rock Quality Ba <u>Rock Quality</u> Very Poor	ased on RQD <u>RQD (%)</u> ≤25				
(more than h smaller than N			СН	Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays.		Poor Fair Good	26 - 50 51 - 75 76 - 90				
sma sma	(liquid limit gr	eater than 50)	OH	Organic clays of medium to high plasticity, organic silts.	Color (Munsell c			cable):			
		ORGANIC	Pt	Peat and other highly organic soils.	Rock Type (gran Hardness (very h	ic, fine-grained, et lite, schist, sandsto hard, hard, mod. h	one, etc.) ard, etc.)	. severe, severe, etc.)			
			s order, if	applicable):	Geologic discont	tinuities/jointing:					
Color (Muns Moisture (di Density/Cor Texture (find Name (Sand Gradation ()	sell color ch. ry, damp, m isistency (fr e, medium, d, Silty Sand well-graded, on-plastic, s ayering, frac all, moderat n (weak, mo rigin (till, ma	art) oist, wet) om above ri coarse, etc. d, Clay, etc. , poorly-grad slightly plast :tures, crack ely, loosely, oderate, or s	ght hand s) , including led, uniforr ic, moderat s, etc.) etc.,) trong)	ide) portions - trace, little, etc.) n, etc.) tely plastic, highly plastic)	Formation (Wate RQD and correla ref: ASTM D60 Site Character Recovery (inch/ii Rock Core Rate	dip (horiz - 0-5 de 35-55 deg., ster spacing (very clos close - 1-3 feet, tightness (tight, op infilling (grain size erville, Ellsworth, C ation to rock quality 32 and FHWA NH ization, Table 4-12 nch and percentag (X.X ft - Y.Y ft (mi	ep - 55-85 deg., ve e - <2 inch, close wide - 3-10 feet, v pen, or healed) , color, etc.) Cape Elizabeth, etc y (very poor, poor, II-16-072 GEC 5 - 2 ge) n:sec))	very wide >10 feet) :.) etc.) Geotechnical			
Key	/ to Soil a	Geotechi	<i>nical</i> Sec Descrip	tions and Terms	Sample Conta WIN Bridge Name / Boring Numbe Sample Numb Sample Depth	r	Requirements: Blow Counts Sample Recov Date Personnel Initia	ery			

I	Main	e Dep	artment	of Transport	atio	n	Project:	Large	Culver	Replacement on Route 202	Boring No.:	HB-SA	AN-101
		-	Soil/Rock Expl	0			Locatio	n: Sani	ord, Ma	aine			
			US CUSTOM	ARY UNITS					.,		WIN:	2374	47.00
Drill	er:		MaineDOT		Ele	vatior	n (ft.)	343.	2		Auger ID/OD:	5" Solid Stem	
Ope	rator:		Daggett/Brook	(S	Dat	tum:		NAV	/D88		Sampler:	Standard Split	Spoon
Logg	ged By:		B. Wilder		Rig	ј Туре	:	CM	E 45C		Hammer Wt./Fall:	140#/30"	
Date	Start/Fi	nish:	1/18/2023; 08:	00-12:30	Dri	lling N	lethod:	Case	ed Wash	1 Boring	Core Barrel:	NQ-2"	
Bori	ng Loca	tion:	11+68.6, 24.7	ft Lt.	Ca	sing II	D/OD:	NW	-3"		Water Level*:	None Observe	d
Ham	mer Effi	ciency F	actor: 0.906		Hai	mmer	Type:	Automa	atic 🛛	Hydraulic 🗆	Rope & Cathead 🗆		
Defini	tions: plit Spoon :	Sample		R = Rock C SSA = Soli				Su=	Peak/Re	molded Field Vane Undrained She Vane Undrained Shear Strength (ear Strength (psf) $T_v = 1$	Pocket Torvane She Water Content, per	
MD =	Unsuccess	sful Split Sp	oon Sample Atterr	npt HSA = Holl	ow Stem			q _p =	Unconfir	ed Compressive Strength (ksf)	LL = 1	Liquid Limit	cent
		ibe Sample sful Thin Wa	all Tube Sample A	ttempt RC = Rolle		40lb. Ha	Immer	Ham	ner Effic	d = Raw Field SPT N-value iency Factor = Rig Specific Annual	Calibration Value PI = F	Plastic Limit Plasticity Index	
			PP = Pocket Per ne Shear Test Att							-uncorrected Corrected for Hamme ner Efficiency Factor/60%)*N-uncor		Grain Size Analysis Consolidation Test	
				Sample Information									Laboratory
			bth		ted				5				Testing
Ĵ.	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength (psf) or RQD (%)	N-uncorrected			Ę	c Log	Visual De	scription and Remarks		Results/ AASHTO
Depth (ft.)	nple	R.	nple	ws (ear engt f) ROD	Inco		Casing Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic I				and
Del	Sar	Per	Sar (ft.)	Stre Stre or F	N-L	N ₆₀	Cas	(ft.)	Gra				Unified Class.
0							SSA	342.5		8" HMA.			
								542.5		Brown, moist, very dense, (Gravelly fine to coarse SA		G#380788
	1D	24/16	1.00 - 3.00	14/19/16/14	35	53				occasional small cobble, (F			A-1-b, SW-SM
													WC=5.1%
- 5 -	2D	24/15	5.00 - 7.00	10/60/12/10	72	109		1 🕅		Brown, moist, very dense, o	Gravelly fine to coarse SA	ND, occasional	
		2-1/15	5.00 - 7.00	10/00/12/10	12	107				cobbles, (Fill).			
							+ + + -						
							36						
- 10 -	10	24/10	10.00 12.00	0/10/2/10	12	20	10			Brown, wet, medium dense		me gravel, little	G#380789
	3D	24/18	10.00 - 12.00	8/10/3/10	13	20	12			silt, occasional small cobble	es.		A-1-b, SW-SM WC=12.6%
							25						110 12.070
							31						
							52						
							30						
- 15 -	4D	24/15	15.00 - 17.00	16/20/26/23	46	69	33	328.2	~~~~	Light brown, wet, very dens	se, fine to coarse SAND, s	15.0 some gravel, little	
							67			silt.			
							80						
							a100	324.7		^a 100 blows for 0.5 ft.		10 5	
								524.7	Ŵ	Top of Bedrock at Elev. 32		18.5	
- 20 -	R1	60/57	19.00 - 24.00	RQD = 42%			NQ-2			Roller Coned ahead to 19.0 R1: Bedrock: Interbedded F		E and/or	
										DOLOSTONE [Rindgemer Rock Quality = Poor			
								1		R1: Core Times (min:sec)			
										19.0-20.0 ft (2:35) 20.0-21.0 ft (3:40)			
										21.0-22.0 ft (5:17)			
										22.0-23.0 ft (4:40) 23.0-24.0 ft (5:18)			
							$+$ \vee	319.2		95% Recovery			
25	L									·		24.0	1
Rem	arks:												
Stratif	ication line	s represent	approvimate be	ndaries between soil types;	transition	ne may 4	e aradual				Page 1 of 2		
		-					-	no mr.:	oour dee	to conditions other	i age i Ui Z		
		-	been made at tim ime measurement	es and under conditions sta s were made.	nea. Gro	oundwat	er fluctuatio	ns may o	ccur due	to conditions other	Boring No.	: HB-SAN-	101
	p. o.												-

Ι	Maino	e Dep	of Tra	nsporta	tion Project: Large Culvert Replacement on Route 202					t Replacement on Route 202	Boring No.:	HB-SA	<u>N-101</u>	
			Soil/Rock Exp US CUSTOM				Lo	ocatior	n: Sanf	ord, M	aine	WIN:	2374	47.00
Drill	ər:		MaineDOT			Elevat	ion (fi	it.)	343.2	2		Auger ID/OD:	5" Solid Stem	
Ope	ator:		Daggett/Broo	ks		Datum		,	NAV	D88		Sampler:	Standard Split	Spoon
Log	jed By:		B. Wilder			Rig Ty	pe:		CME	E 45C		Hammer Wt./Fall		
	Start/Fi	nish:	1/18/2023; 08	3:00-12:30		Drillin		thod:	Case	d Wasl	h Boring	Core Barrel:	NQ-2"	
Bori	ng Loca	tion:	11+68.6, 24.7	' ft Lt.		Casin	g ID/O	DD:	NW-	3"	-	Water Level*:	None Observed	1
Ham	mer Effi	ciency F	actor: 0.906			Hamm	er Ty	vpe:	Automa	tic 🛛	Hydraulic 🗆	Rope & Cathead □		
MD = U = TI MU = V = Fi	olit Spoon S Unsuccess hin Wall Tu Unsuccess eld Vane S	sful Split Sp be Sample sful Thin Wa shear Test,	II Tube Sample A PP = Pocket Pe ne Shear Test At	Attempt enetrometer ttempt	R = Rock Cc SSA = Solid HSA = Hollo RC = Roller WOH = Wei WOR/C = W WO1P = We	Stem Auge w Stem Aug Cone ght of 140 lt /eight of Roo	jer 5. Hamn 1s or Ca	asing	S _{u(lal} q _p = l N-unc Hamn N ₆₀ =	_{b)} = Lab Jnconfir correcte ner Effic s SPT N	emolded Field Vane Undrained She Vane Undrained Shear Strength (ned Compressive Strength (ksf) d = Raw Field SPT N-value ciency Factor = Rig Specific Annual -uncorrected Corrected for Hamme ner Efficiency Factor/60%)*N-uncor	psf) Calibration Value Ffficiency	Γ_V = Pocket Torvane She WC = Water Content, pero- L = Liquid Limit PL = Plastic Limit Pl = Plasticity Index G = Grain Size Analysis C = Consolidation Test	
				Sample Inf		g								Laboratory
2 Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strenath	(psf) or RQD (%)	N-uncorrected	09N	Casing Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log		scription and Rema		Testing Results/ AASHTO and Unified Class.
- 30 - - 35 - - 40 -							Bottom of Exploration	1 at 24.0 feet below g	round surface.					
- 45 - 	arks:													
Stratif	cation line	s represent	approximate bou	Indaries betwee	en soil types; tr	ransitions m	ay be g	gradual.				Page 2 of 2		
			been made at tin ime measuremen			ed. Ground	water fl	luctuatior	ns may oo	ccur due	e to conditions other	Boring N	lo.: HB-SAN-	101

N	laine		artment			Project: Large Culvert Replacement on Route 202 Location: Sanford, Maine					Boring No.:	HB-SA	N-102
			Soil/Rock Exp US CUSTOM		-		ŀ	ocation	: San	ford, Maine	WIN:	2374	47.00
Drillio	na Cont	ractor	MaineDOT			Elevat	ion (fft)	343.	5	Auger ID/OD:	5" Dia.	
Opera	-		Daggett/Brool	ks		Datum		,		/D88	Sampler:	N/A	
	ed By:		B. Wilder			Rig Ty				E 45C	Hammer Wt./Fall:	N/A	
	Start/Fi	nich	1/18/2023-1/1	8/2023		Drillin	-	thod		d Stem Auger	Core Barrel:	N/A	
	g Locat		11+96.1, 13.9			Casin	-		N/A	-	Water Level*:	None Observe	d
	-	Spilt Spoo	,	n n.	MU = Unsucce						Match Level .	Tone Observe	u
S = Sau B = Buo MD = U U = Thi MV = U	mple off A cket Samp Jnsuccess in Wall Tub Jnsuccess	uger Flight ble off Auge ful Split Sp be Sample ful Field Va	s er Flights oon Sample Atten ne Shear Test Att <u>PP= Pocket Per</u>	tempt	R = Rock Core SSA = Solid S HSA = Hollow RC = Roller Co WOH = Weigh WOR/C = Wei	e Sample tem Auger Stem Auge one t of 140lb. I	r Hamm	er		$\begin{array}{l} S_u = \text{Peak/Remolded Field Vane Urt}\\ S_U(\text{lab}) = \text{Lab Vane Undrained Shee}\\ q_p = Unconfined Compressive Stret}\\ N-value = \text{Raw Field SPT N-value}\\ T_v = \text{Pocket Torvane Shear Strengt}\\ WC = Water Content, percent \pm = S \end{array}$	ar Strength (psf) ngth (ksf) h (psf)	LL = Liquid Lin PL = Plastic Lin Pl = Plasticity I G = Grain Size C = Consolidat	nit ndex Analysis ion Test
ft.)	No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)						и	: Log	Visual Descri	ption and Remarks		Laboratory Testing Results/ AASHTO
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Re	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (Strength (psf) or RQD (%)	N-value	Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log				and Unified Class.
0						- 1	SSA			Probe, no material descriptions giv	ren.		
- 5 -								-					
								-					
- 10 -								-					
- 15 -							\bigvee	-					
							¥ 	327.2		Bottom of Exploration at REFUSAL	16.3 feet below ground s	surface.	
- 20 -								-					
25 Rema	arke												
Stratific	ation lines	s represent	approximate bou	ndaries betwe	een soil types: tr	ansitions m	ay be	gradual.			Page 1 of 1		
* Water	r level read	dings have		ies and under	conditions state				s may c	ccur due to conditions other	Boring No.	: HB-SAN-	-102
											I		

N	laine			of Transporta	tation Project: Large Culvert Replacement on Route 202 Location: Sanford, Maine					Boring No.:	HB-SA	N-103
			Soil/Rock Exp JS CUSTOM			ŀ	_ocation	: Sani	ford, Maine	WIN:	237	47.00
Drillin	na Conti	ractor:	MaineDOT		Elevat	ion ((ft.)	342.	1	Auger ID/OD:	5" Dia.	
Opera	-		Daggett/Brool	ks	Datum		(***)		VD88	Sampler:	N/A	
<u> </u>	ed By:		B. Wilder		Rig Ty				E 45C	Hammer Wt./Fall:	N/A	
	Start/Fir	nish:	1/19/2023-1/1	9/2023	Drilling		thod:		d Stem Auger	Core Barrel:	N/A	
	g Locat		12+07.2, 24.7		Casing			N/A		Water Level*:	None Observe	d
Definitio S = Sar	ons: D = mple off Au	Spilt Spoo Iger Flights	n Sample	MU = Unsucc R = Rock Cor	essful Thin V e Sample	·			pt WO1P = Weight of 1 Person S _u = Peak/Remolded Field Vane U			
MD = U	Insuccessf		r Flights oon Sample Atter		Stem Auge				S _{u(lab)} = Lab Vane Undrained She q _p = Unconfined Compressive Stre	ar Strength (pst) ngth (ksf)	LL = Liquid Lin PL = Plastic Li	nit
MV = U		ul Field Va	ne Shear Test At			lamm	ner		N-value = Raw Field SPT N-value T _v = Pocket Torvane Shear Strengt	h (psf)	PI = Plasticity I G = Grain Size	
V = Fie	ld Vane Sh	ear Test,	PP= Pocket Per	netrometer WOR/C = We Sample Information	ight of Rods	or Ca	asing		WC = Water Content, percent ≅ = 5	Similar or Equal too	C = Consolidat	ion Test
		<u> </u>										Laboratory
	<u>o</u>	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength (psf) or RQD (%)				bo				Testing Results/
ft.	le ⊳	Rec	e D	gth D (°	e e	<u>,</u>	tion	lic L	Visual Descr	iption and Remarks		AASHTO
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	en./I	amp (;	ows near trene sf) sf)	N-value	Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log				and Unified Class.
	ů	ď	ů E	ଟେଉଉଲ	z c		ΞE	Ċ	Probe, no material descriptions giv	7.044		
Ŭ					S	\$A			Probe, no material descriptions giv	en.		
						-	-					
						+	-					
- 5 -							-					
							1					
						-	-					
						+	-					
- 10 -												
10												
						+	1					
						-	-					
						+	-					
- 15 -												
15												
						+	1					
						-	-					
					1	1						
						+						
- 20 -						∖//	-					
						V	321.3				20.8	1
							521.5		Bottom of Exploration at	20.8 feet below ground		
							-		REFUSAL			
25												
Rema	irks:											
				ndaries between soil types; t						Page 1 of 1		
			been made at tim me measuremen	ies and under conditions stat	ed. Ground	vater	fluctuation	s may c	occur due to conditions other	Boring No.	HB-SAN	-103
undir l		sin at the li		to the made.								100

I	Aain	e Depa	artment	of Transport	atio	n	Project:	Large	Culver	t Replacement on Route 202	Boring No.:	HB-SA	AN-104
			Soil/Rock Expl				Locatio	n: Sani	ord, M	aine			
			US CUSTOMA	ARY UNITS							WIN:	2374	47.00
Drille	er:		MaineDOT		Ele	evatior	n (ft.)	342.	7		Auger ID/OD:	5" Solid Stem	
Oper	ator:		Daggett/Brook	(S	Da	tum:		NAV	/D88		Sampler:	Standard Split	Spoon
Logg	ed By:		B. Wilder		Rig	д Туре	:	CM	E 45C		Hammer Wt./Fall:	140#/30"	
Date	Start/Fi	inish:	1/19/2023; 08:	00-11:30	Dri	illing N	lethod:	Case	d Wasł	1 Boring	Core Barrel:	NQ-2"	
Borii	ng Loca	tion:	12+21.7, 14.1	ft Rt.	Ca	sing II	D/OD:	NW	-3"		Water Level*:	None Observe	d
Ham	mer Effi	iciency F	actor: 0.906		Ha	mmer	Туре:	Automa	ıtic⊠	Hydraulic 🗆	Rope & Cathead □		
MD = 1 U = Th MU = 1 V = Fie	lit Spoon Jnsuccess in Wall Tu Jnsuccess eld Vane S	sful Split Spo ibe Sample sful Thin Wa Shear Test,	con Sample Attern III Tube Sample At PP = Pocket Per <u>ne Shear Test Atte</u>	RC = Rolle ttempt WOH = We netrometer WOR/C = V	d Stem A low Stem r Cone eight of 1 Weight o	Auger n Auger 140lb. Ha of Rods o	r Casing	S _{u(la} q _p = N-un Hami N ₆₀ :	b) = Lab Unconfir corrected ner Effic = SPT N	molded Field Vane Undrained She Vane Undrained Shear Strength (ksf) ed Compressive Strength (ksf) d = Raw Field SPT N-value iency Factor = Rig Specific Annual -uncorrected Corrected for Hamme rer Efficiency Factor/60%)*N-uncor	osf) WC = LL = PL = Calibration Value PI = r Efficiency G = 0	Pocket Torvane She - Water Content, per- Liquid Limit Plastic Limit Plasticity Index Srain Size Analysis Consolidation Test	
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength (psf) or RQD (%)	N-uncorrected	N60	Casing Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log	Visual De	scription and Remarks		Laboratory Testing Results/ AASHTO and Unified Class.
0							SSA	342.4	****	4" HMA.			
	1D	24/18	1.50 - 3.50	13/22/16/15	38	57				Brown, damp, very dense, (occasional small cobbles, (1			G#380790 A-1-b, SW-SM WC=4.9%
- 5 -	2D	24/20	5.00 - 7.00	13/19/19/14	38	57				Brown, damp, very dense, (occasional small cobbles, (1		ND, little silt,	
- 10 -													
10	3D	24/13	10.00 - 12.00	4/4/5/6	9	14	7			Brown, wet, medium dense silt, occasional cobble.	, fine to coarse SAND, so	me gravel, little	
							14						
							14						
							17						
							66						
- 15 -							63	327.7	\otimes			15.0	
							122			Roller Coned ahead from 1 Boulder from 15.0-16.0 ft b			
	4D	21.6/16	16.00 - 17.80	32/36/27/50(3.6)	63	95	62			Light brown, wet, very den	se, GRAVEL, some fine t	o coarse sand,	G#380791 A-1-a, GW-
				x/			-		00 CQ	trace silt, occasional small o	cobbles.		GM
							125			Cobble from 17.9-18.3 ft by	7S		WC=11.4%
							78		0.000	10.0 10	2		
							109						
- 20 -			00.00	0.5/50 (a85 blows for 0.7 ft.			G#380792
	5D R1	8.4/6 60/57	20.00 - 20.70 20.70 - 25.70	25/50(2.4") RQD = 15%			a85 NQ-2	322.0		Light brown, wet, dense, fin Top of Bedrock at Elev. 32 R1: Bedrock: Interbedded F DOLOSTONE [Rindgemer	2.0 ft. PELITE and SANDSTON	E and/or	A-1-a, GW- GM WC=11.2%
25										Rock Quality = Very Poor R1: Core Times (min:sec) 20.7-21.7 ft (2:51) 21.7-22.7 ft (2:30) 22.7-23.7 ft (2:38)			
Rem	arks:	1	1			1				(2.50)			
				ndaries between soil types; es and under conditions sta		-	-	ns may o	ccur due	to conditions other	Page 1 of 2		
			me measurement					,-			Boring No.	: HB-SAN-	104

Ι	Aaino	e Dep	of Tra	nsporta	tion Project: Large Culvert Replacement on Route 202						Boring No.:	HB-SA	AN-104	
			Soil/Rock Exp	-				Locatio	n: Sanf	ord, M	aine	WIN:	2374	47.00
Drille	er:		MaineDOT			Elevat	tion	(ft.)	342.	7		Auger ID/OD:	5" Solid Stem	
Oper	ator:		Daggett/Broo	ks		Datum	n:	. ,	NAV	/D88		Sampler:	Standard Split	Spoon
Logg	jed By:		B. Wilder			Rig Ty	/pe:		CMI	E 45C		Hammer Wt./Fall:	140#/30"	
	Start/Fi	nish:	1/19/2023; 08	:00-11:30		Drillin	gМ	ethod:	Case	d Was	h Boring	Core Barrel:	NQ-2"	
Bori	ng Loca	tion:	12+21.7, 14.1	ft Rt.		Casin	g ID	/OD:	NW	.3"		Water Level*:	None Observed	1
Ham	mer Effi	ciency F	actor: 0.906			Hamm	1er T	Гуре:	Automa		Hydraulic 🗆	Rope & Cathead 🗆		
MD = U = Th MU = V = Fi	olit Spoon S Unsuccess hin Wall Tu Unsuccess eld Vane S	ful Split Sp be Sample ful Thin Wa hear Test,	all Tube Sample A PP = Pocket Pe ane Shear Test At	Attempt enetrometer	R = Rock Co SSA = Solid HSA = Hollow RC = Roller (WOH = Weig WOR/C = Weig WO1P = Weig	Stem Auge w Stem Aug Cone ght of 140 II eight of Ro	ger b. Hai ds or	Casing	S _{u(la} q _p = N-uno Hamr N ₆₀ =	b) = Lal Unconfi correcte ner Effi = SPT N	emolded Field Vane Undrained Sh b Vane Undrained Shear Strength (ned Compressive Strength (ksf) d = Raw Field SPT N-value ciency Factor = Rig Specific Annual I-uncorrected Corrected for Hamme ner Efficiency Factor/60%)*N-unco	psf) W LL Pl Calibration Value Pl er Efficiency G	 Pocket Torvane She C = Water Content, period Liquid Limit Plastic Limit Plasticity Index Grain Size Analysis Consolidation Test 	cent
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength		N-uncorrected	N60	Casing Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log		scription and Remark	(S	Laboratory Testing Results/ AASHTO and Unified Class.
25								\vee	317.0		23.7-24.7 ft (2:22) 24.7-25.7 ft (3:02) 95% Recovery			
											Bottom of Exploration	n at 25.7 feet below gr	ound surface.	
- 30 -														
- 35 -														
- 40 -														
- 45 -														
=0														
50 	arks:	1			I	1		1	<u> </u>					
Stratifi	cation line	s represent	approximate bou	ndaries betwee	en soil types: tr	ansitions m	nav be	e gradual.				Page 2 of 2		
* Wate	er level rea	dings have		nes and under o				-	ns may o	ccur du	e to conditions other		o.: HB-SAN-	104
ulan														- ~ .

Ι	Main	e Dep	artment	of Transport	atio	n	Project	: Large	Culver	t Replacement on Route 202	Boring No.:	HB-SA	AN-105
		-	Soil/Rock Expl				Locatio	on: San	ford, Ma	aine			
		ļ	US CUSTOMA	ARY UNITS					,		WIN:	2374	47.00
Drille	er:		MaineDOT		Ele	vation		343.	5		Auger ID/OD:	5" Solid Stem	
	rator:		Daggett/Brook	rs.	-	tum:	. ()		/D88		Sampler:	Standard Split	Spoon
⊢÷–	ged By:		B. Wilder		-	j Type			E 45C		Hammer Wt./Fall:	140#/30"	opeen
<u> </u>	Start/Fi	inish:	1/30/2023; 10:	00-13:30			/lethod:			1 Boring	Core Barrel:	NQ-2"	
	ng Loca	-	11+96.5, 15.4			sing IE		NW		I Doning	Water Level*:	14.0 ft bgs	
<u> </u>			actor: 0.906	It Kt.		mmer		Autom		Hydraulic 🗆	Rope & Cathead	14.0 ft bgs	
Definit		ICIEIICY P	actor. 0.900	R = Rock C			Type.	S _U =	Peak/Re	molded Field Vane Undrained She	ar Strength (psf) T _v = I	Pocket Torvane She	ar Strength (psf)
	plit Spoon		oon Sample Attem	ssa = Solid hpt HSA = Hold				S _{u(la}	_{ib)} = Lab	Vane Undrained Shear Strength (ned Compressive Strength (ksf)		Water Content, per	cent
U = Tł	nin Wall Tu	ibe Sample		RC = Roller	Cone	-		N-un	corrected	d = Raw Field SPT N-value	PL =	Plastic Limit	
V = Fi	eld Vane S	Shear Test,	II Tube Sample At PP = Pocket Per	netrometer WOR/C = V	leight of	f Rods o	r Casing	N60	= SPT N	iency Factor = Rig Specific Annual -uncorrected Corrected for Hamme	r Efficiency G = G	Plasticity Index Grain Size Analysis	
MV =	Unsuccess	sful Field Va	ne Shear Test Atte		eight of (One Per	son	N ₆₀	= (Hamm 1	ner Efficiency Factor/60%)*N-uncor	rected C = C	onsolidation Test	
				Sample Information	σ				1				Laboratory
	ö	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength (psf) or RQD (%)	N-uncorrected				Log				Testing Results/
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Sec.	e D	D (9	orre		0	Elevation (ft.)		Visual De	scription and Remarks		AASHTO
pth	du	H.n		ows lear reng RQ	nnc	ø	Casing Blows	evat	Graphic				and Unified Class.
	Sa	Ъе	San (ft.)	ਤ <u>ਹ</u> ਿਲ ਲੋ ਕ	ż	N ₆₀	ů ă	± ≣€	ğ				Unined Class.
0							SSA	343.2	****	4" HMA.			
	10	24/12	1.00 2.00	5/12/11/10	22	25		1		Brown, moist, dense, Grave			G#380793
	1D	24/13	1.00 - 3.00	5/12/11/10	23	35		4		occasional small cobbles, (I	Fill).		A-1-a, SW-SM WC=5.9%
													WC-3.970
								1					
								4					
- 5 -	2D	24/18	5.00 - 7.00	7/6/10/24	16	24		1		Brown, moist, medium dens		SAND, little silt,	
	20	24/18	3.00 - 7.00	//0/10/24	16	24		337.5		occasional small cobbles, (I	Fill).	6.0-	
								337.3		Layer of Old Pavement fror	n 6.0-6.2 ft bgs.	6.2-	
								1		Cobble from 7.2-7.7 ft bgs.			
								-					
							$\uparrow \uparrow / /$	1					
- 10 -								-		Light brown, moist, mediur	n dense, fine to coarse SA	ND some	G#380794
	3D	24/17	10.00 - 12.00	3/3/6/9	9	14	8			gravel, little silt, old pavem		ive, some	A-1-b, SP-SM
							14	1					WC=8.4%
								-					
							50						
							61						
								-					
- 15 -							65						0.112.005.05
	4D	24/16	15.00 - 17.00	7/7/15/31	22	33	9			Grey brown, wet, dense, Gr	avering time to coarse SAIN	D, trace sift.	G#380795 A-1-a, SW-SM
							38	1					WC=10.6%
							30	326.5				17.0	
							82	1	88 A 1	Cobble from 17.2-17.5 ft bg			
							242	1	a	Cobble from 17.8-18.0 ft bg Roller Coned ahead to 20.5	ft bgs.		
			+ +					-		Cobble from 18.7-19.1 ft bg	gs.		
- 20 -							66	1		20011 0 0 5 5			
	5D	6/3	20.00 - 20.50	50			a98	323.0		a98 blows for 0.5 ft. ∖Cobbles in Spoon.			
	R1	54/42	20.80 - 25.30	RQD = 26%			<u>− NQ-2</u>	1		Top of Bedrock at Elev. 32.	2 0 ft	20.5-	
										Roller Coned ahead to 20.8			
									Ŵ	R1: Bedrock: Interbedded F DOLOSTONE [Rindgemer	PELITE and SANDSTON		
								1		Rock Quality = Poor	e i officion Lower Memt		
								4	Ŵ	R1: Core Times (min:sec)			
25								1		20.8-21.8 ft (1:57) 21.8-22.8 ft (1:29)			
_	arks:			I			1 1		<u></u>	× · /			
Stratif	ication line	s represent	approximate bour	ndaries between soil types; t	ransitior	ns may b	oe gradual.				Page 1 of 2		
		-		es and under conditions stat	ed. Gro	oundwate	er fluctuati	ons may c	ccur due	to conditions other	Deniment		105
than	those pres	sent at the ti	me measurement	s were made.							Boring No.	. пв-заn-	103

Maine Department of Transportation							Project:	Large	Culvert	Replacement on Route 202	Boring No.:	HB-SA	N-105
			Soil/Rock Exp JS CUSTOM				Locatio	n: Sanf	ord, Ma	aine	WIN:	2374	17.00
Drille	er:		MaineDOT			Elevatior	L 1 (ft.)	343.:	5		Auger ID/OD:	5" Solid Stem	
	rator:		Daggett/Brool	ks		Datum:	()	NAV			Sampler:	Standard Split	Spoon
<u> </u>	ged By:		B. Wilder			Rig Type	:		E 45C		Hammer Wt./Fall:	140#/30"	1
	Start/Fi	nish:	1/30/2023; 10	:00-13:30		Drilling N				Boring	Core Barrel:	NQ-2"	
L	ng Loca		11+96.5, 15.4			Casing II		NW-		6	Water Level*:	14.0 ft bgs	
			actor: 0.906			Hammer		Automa	tic 🛛	Hydraulic 🗆	Rope & Cathead □	5	
Definit D = SI MD = U = TH MU = V = Fi	tions: olit Spoon S Unsuccess nin Wall Tu Unsuccess eld Vane S	Sample sful Split Spo be Sample sful Thin Wa shear Test,	oon Sample Atter II Tube Sample A PP = Pocket Pe ne Shear Test At	mpt F F Attempt V enetrometer V	RC = Roller C VOH = Weigh VOR/C = Weigh VO1P = Weigh	Stem Auger	r Casing	S _{u(lai} q _p = l N-uno Hamr N ₆₀ =	o) = Lab Unconfin corrected ner Effic = SPT N-	molded Field Vane Undrained She Vane Undrained Shear Strength (ed Compressive Strength (ksf) i = Raw Field SPT N-value iency Factor = Rig Specific Annual uncorrected Corrected for Hamme er Efficiency Factor/60%)*N-uncor	Strength (psf) Tv = psf) WC LL = PL = I Calibration Value PI = or Efficiency G =	Pocket Torvane She: = Water Content, pero Liquid Limit Plastic Limit Plasticity Index Grain Size Analysis Consolidation Test	ar Strength (psf) cent
						g							Laboratory
Depth (ft.)	Sample No.	Pen./Rec. (in.)	Sample Depth (ft.)	Blows (/6 in.) Shear Strength (psf)	or RQD (%)	N-uncorrected N60	Casing Blows	Elevation (ft.)	Graphic Log		scription and Remarks		Testing Results/ AASHTO and Unified Class.
25	R2	18/12	25.30 - 26.80	RQD = 33	3%			318.2	XX	22.8-23.8 ft (0:45) 4" seam 24.8-25.3 ft (2:00) Core Blo			
- 30 -							316.7		77% Recovery R2: Bedrock: Interbedded I DOLOSTONE [Rindgemer Rock Quality = Poor R2: Core Times (min:sec) 25.3-25.8 ft (1:02) 25.8-26.8 ft (2:16) 66% recovery	PELITE and SANDSTON	ber]. 26.8-		
- 35 -	5												
- 40 -													
- 45 -													
Stratifi * Wate	er level read	dings have				-	-	ns may or	ccur due	to conditions other	Page 2 of 2 Boring No	: HB-SAN-	105
uian	alose prés	sent at the ti	me measuremen	no were made.									105

Appendix **B**

Laboratory Test Results

State of Maine - Department of Transportation Laboratory Testing Summary Sheet

Town(s):	Sanfo	ord			Worl	κNι	ımk	oer	: 2374	47.00	
Boring & Sample	Station	Offset	Depth	Reference	G.S.D.C.	W.C.	L.L.	P.I.	Cla	ssification	1 I
Identification Number	(Feet)	(Feet)	(Feet)	Number	Sheet	%			Unified	AASHTO	Frost
HB-SAN-101, 1D	11+68.6	24.7 Lt.	1.0-3.0	380788	1	5.1			SW-SM	A-1-b	0
HB-SAN-101, 3D	11+68.6	24.7 Lt.	10.0-12.0	380789	1	12.6			SW-SM	A-1-b	0
HB-SAN-104, 1D	12+21.7	14.1 Rt.	1.5-3.5	380790	2	4.9			SW-SM		0
HB-SAN-104, 4D	12+21.7	14.1 Rt.	16.0-17.8	380791	2	11.4			GW-GM		0
HB-SAN-104, 5D	12+21.7	14.1 Rt.	20.0-20.7	380792	2	11.2			GW-GM		0
HB-SAN-105, 1D	11+96.5	15.4 Rt.	1.0-3.0	380793	3	5.9			SW-SM	A-1-a	0
HB-SAN-105, 3D	11+96.5	15.4 Rt.		380794	3	8.4			SP-SM		0
HB-SAN-105, 4D	11+96.5	15.4 Rt.	15.0-17.0	380795	3	10.6			SW-SM	A-1-a	0
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Classification of th	nese soil sami	oles is in a	ccordance wit	h AASHTO C	lassificati	on Syst	tem M-	145-4	0. This cla	ssificatior	1
is followed by the						-					
The "Frost Sus		-	-						-		
GSDC = Grain Size Distribu											
WC = water content as dete			-				00	() .oup		/	

WC = water content as determined by AASHTO T 265-93 and/or ASTM D 2216-98

LL = Liquid limit as determined by AASHTO T 89-96 and/or ASTM D 4318-98 NP = Non Plastic

PI = Plasticity Index as determined by AASHTO 90-96 and/or ASTM D4318-98



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION

	Boring/Sample No.	Station	Offset, ft	Depth, ft	Description	WC, %	LL	PL	PI
0	HB-SAN-101/1D	11+68.6	24.7 LT	1.0-3.0	Gravelly SAND, little silt.	5.1			
۲	HB-SAN-101/3D	11+68.6	24.7 LT	10.0-12.0	SAND, some gravel, little silt.	12.6			
X									

WI	N		
023747.00			
Tov	vn		
Sanford			
Reported by/Date			
WHITE, TERRY A	3/13/2024		



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION

	Boring/Sample No.	Station	Offset, ft	Depth, ft	Description	WC, %	LL	PL	PI
0	HB-SAN-104/1D	12+21.7	14.1 RT	1.5-3.5	Gravelly SAND, little silt.	4.9			
	HB-SAN-104/4D	12+21.7	14.1 RT	16.0-17.8	GRAVEL, some sand, trace silt.	11.4			
	HB-SAN-104/5D	12+21.7	14.1 RT	20.0-20.7	Sandy GRAVEL, little silt.	11.2			
X									

WI	N		
023747.00			
Tov	vn		
Sanford			
Reported by/Date			
WHITE, TERRY A	3/13/2024		



UNIFIED CLASSIFICATION

	Boring/Sample No.	Station	Offset, ft	Depth, ft	Description	WC, %	LL	PL	PI
0	HB-SAN-105/1D	11+96.5	15.4 RT	1.0-3.0	Gravelly SAND, trace silt.	5.9			
•	HB-SAN-105/3D	11+96.5	15.4 RT	10.0-12.0	SAND, some gravel, little silt.	8.4			
	HB-SAN-105/4D	11+96.5	15.4 RT	15.0-17.0	Gravelly SAND, trace silt.	10.6			
X									

WI	N		
023747.00			
Town			
Sanford			
Reported by/Date			
WHITE, TERRY A	3/13/2024		

Appendix C

Calculations

Bearing Resistance - Existing Soils:

Part 1 - Service Limit State

Nominal and factored Bearing Resistance - Box Culvert on Glacial Till

Presumptive Bearing Resistance for Service Limit State ONLY

Reference: AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications 9th Edition 2020 Table C10.6.2.6.1-1 Presumptive Bearing Resistances for Spread Footings at the Service Limit State Modified after US Department of Navy (1982)

Type of Bearing Material: Gravel-Sand mixture (SW-SM, GW-GM)

Based on N-values, soils are dense near the bearing elevation

Density In Place: Dense

Bearing Resistance: Ordinary Range (ksf) 8 to 14 (gravel-sand mixture)

Recommended Value of Use: $q_{nom} := 10 \cdot ksf$

Resistance factor at the service limit state = 1.0 (LRFD Article 10.5.5.1)	$\phi_{\text{service bc}} \coloneqq 1.0$
---	--

 $q_{\text{factored_service_bc}} := q_{\text{nom}} \cdot \phi_{\text{service_bc}} \qquad q_{\text{factored_service_bc}}$

 $q_{\text{factored service bc}} = 10 \cdot \text{ksf}$

Note: This bearing resistance is settlement limited (1 inch) and applies only at the service limit state.

Part 2 - Strength Limit State

Nominal and factored Bearing Resistance - Box Culvert on Gravel/Sand

Reference: AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications 9th Edition 2020 - Article 10.6.3.1

Assumptions:

1. The box will be founded at ~ Elev 324.9 feet

Bottom of Construction will be 2 feet below box invert $D_{footing} \coloneqq 2.0 \cdot ft$

2. Assumed parameters for fill soils:

Saturated unit weight:	$\gamma_s := 125 \cdot pcf$
Internal friction angle:	$\varphi_{ns} \coloneqq 32 \cdot deg$
Undrained shear strength:	$c_{ns} := 0 \cdot psf$

3. Box Culvert parameters

Width of box culvert, B	$B_{box} := 24 \cdot ft$
Length of box culvert, L	$L_{box} := 148 \cdot ft$

Nominal Bearing Resistance per LRFD Equation 10.6.3.1.2a-1

$$q_n = cN_{cm} + \gamma D_f N_{qm} C_{wq} + 0.5\gamma BN_{\gamma m} C_{w\gamma}$$

Bearing Capacity Factors - LRFD Table 10.6.3.1.2a-1

For
$$\phi$$
=32 deg N_c := 35.5 N_g := 23.2 N_y := 30.2

Shape Correction Factors LRFD Table 10.6.3.1.2a.-3

for ϕ =32 degrees

$$s_{c} \coloneqq 1 + \left(\frac{B_{box}}{L_{box}}\right) \left(\frac{N_{q}}{N_{c}}\right) \qquad s_{c} = 1.11$$
$$s_{\gamma} \coloneqq 1 - 0.4 \left(\frac{B_{box}}{L_{box}}\right) \qquad s_{\gamma} = 0.9351$$

$$s_q \coloneqq 1 + \left(\frac{B_{box}}{L_{box}} \cdot tan(\phi_{ns})\right) \qquad s_q = 1.1$$

Load Inclination Factors: Assume all are 1.0 (LRFD Article C10.6.3.1.2a)

 $i_c \coloneqq 1.0 \qquad \qquad i_q \coloneqq 1.0 \qquad \qquad i_\gamma \coloneqq 1.0$

Depth Correction Factor $d_q := 1 + 2 \cdot tan(\phi_{ns}) \cdot (1 - sin(\phi_{ns}))^2 \cdot tan \left(\frac{D_{footing}}{B_{box}}\right)^{-1}$ $d_q = 4.3063$ LRFD Eq. 10.6.3.1.2a-10

$N_{cm} := N_c \cdot s_c \cdot i_c$	$N_{cm} = 39.2622$	LRFD Eq. 10.6.3.1.2a-2
$N_{qm} \coloneqq N_q \cdot s_q \cdot d_q \cdot i_q$	$N_{qm} = 110.03$	LRFD Eq. 10.6.3.1.2a-3
$N_{\gamma m} \coloneqq N_\gamma \cdot s_\gamma \cdot i_\gamma$	$N_{\gamma m} = 28.24$	LRFD Eq. 10.6.3.1.2a-4

Coefficients for Groundwater Depths LRFD Table 10.6.3.1.2a-2

 $q_{nominal} = 34.9 \cdot ksf$

Factored Bearing Resistance for Strength Limit State

Resistance Factor: $\phi_h := 0.45$ LRFD Table 10.5.5.2.2-1

 $q_{factored} \coloneqq q_{nominal} \cdot \varphi_b$

 $q_{factored} = 15.7 \cdot ksf$

Recommend a limiting factored bearing resistance of 15.0 ksf for the Strength Limit State.

Modulus of Subgrade Reaction:

Reference: Foundation Analysis and Design 5th Edition JE Bowles Section 9-6

Width of box culvert, B	$B_{box} = 24 ft$					
Length of box culvert, L	$L_{box} = 148 \text{ ft}$					
Thickness of box culvert, t	$t_{box} \coloneqq 12 \cdot in$ assumed					
Depth of box, D	$D_{box} := 17.7 \cdot ft$					
Bearing Resistance:	$q_{factored_service_bc} = 10 \cdot ksf$ Calculated above					
	oils at bearing elevation are Sand/Gravel. Use values for Sand and Gravel (dense). Bowles Table 2-8 Modulus Es for Sand, dense ranges from 2100 - 4200 ksf					

Use Modulus of Elasticity, Es $E_s := 2200 \cdot ksf$

Poisson's Ratio:

ons Site conditions at bearing elevation are Sand/Gravel. Use values for sand, gravelly sand (dense). From Bowles Table 2-7 Poisson's Ration μ for Sand, gravelly sand ranges from 0.3 - 0.4

Analyze corner:

Take H as 5*B as recommended in Bowles Chapter 5

$$H_{inf} := \frac{5 \cdot B_{box}}{B_{box}} \qquad H_{inf} = 5 \quad N \text{ in Table 5-2}$$

$$\frac{L_{box}}{B_{box}} = 6.1667 \qquad M \text{ in Table 5-2} \qquad I_1 := 0.547$$

$$I_2 := 0.121$$

Determine Steinbrenner influence factor - Bowles Section 5-6:

$$I_s := I_1 + \left[\frac{1 - (2 \cdot \mu)}{1 - \mu}\right] \cdot I_2$$
 $I_s = 0.6028$

Determine Influence factor for footing depth - Bowles Figure 5-7

Depth ratio:
$$\frac{D_{box}}{B_{box}} = 0.7375$$
 $\frac{L_{box}}{B_{box}} = 6.1667$ $\mu = 0.35$ $I_F := 0.86$

Calculate modulus of subgrade reaction - Bowles Eq. 9-7

$$k_s := \frac{1}{B_{box} \cdot E_{prime_s} \cdot I_s \cdot I_F}$$
Bowles Eq. 9-7

 $k_s = 117 \cdot pci$

Recommend Modulus of Subgrade Reaction of 120 pci

From Table 5-2 for N=5 and M=6.1667