

Updated 05/22/19

FEDERAL PROJECT

BIDDING INSTRUCTIONS

FOR ALL PROJECTS:

1. Use pen and ink to complete all paper Bids.
2. As a minimum, the following must be received prior to the time of Bid opening:

For a Paper Bid:

- a) a copy of the Notice to Contractors, b) the completed Acknowledgement of Bid Amendments form, c) the completed Schedule of Items, d) two copies of the completed and signed Contract Offer, Agreement & Award form, e) a Bid Guaranty, (if required), and f) any other certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.

For an Electronic Bid:

- a) a completed Bid using Expedite® software and submitted via the Bid Express™ web-based service, b) an electronic Bid Guaranty (if required) or a faxed copy of a Bid Bond (with original to be delivered within 72 hours), and c) any other Certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.
3. Include prices for all items in the Schedule of Items (excluding non-selected alternates).
 4. Bid Guaranty acceptable forms are:
 - a) a properly completed and signed Bid Bond on the Department's prescribed form (or on a form that does not contain any significant variations from the Department's form as determined by the Department) for 5% of the Bid Amount or
 - b) an Official Bank Check, Cashier's Check, Certified Check, U.S. Postal Money Order or Negotiable Certificate of Deposit in the amount stated in the Notice to Contractors or
 - c) an electronic bid bond submitted with an electronic bid.
 5. If a paper Bid is to be sent, "FedEx First Overnight" delivery is suggested as the package is delivered directly to the DOT Headquarters Building located at 16 Child Street in Augusta. Other means, such as U.S. Postal Service's Express Mail has proven not to be reliable.

IN ADDITION, FOR FEDERAL AID PROJECTS:

6. Complete the DBE Proposed Utilization form, and submit with your bid. If you are submitting your bid electronically, you must FAX the form to (207) 624-3431. This is a curable defect.

*If you need further information regarding Bid preparation, call the DOT
Contracts Section at (207) 624-3410.*

*For complete bidding requirements, refer to Section 102 of the Maine Department
of Transportation, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition.*

NOTICE

The Maine Department of Transportation is attempting to improve the way Bid Amendments/Addendums are handled and allow for an electronic downloading of bid packages from our website, while continuing to maintain an optional plan holders list.

Prospective bidders, subcontractors or suppliers who wish to download a copy of the bid package and receive a courtesy notification of project specific bid amendments must fill out the on-line plan holder registration form and provide an email address to the MDOT Contracts mailbox at: MDOT.contracts@maine.gov. Each bid package will require a separate request.

Additionally, interested parties will be responsible for reviewing and retrieving the Bid Amendments from our web site, and acknowledging receipt and incorporating those Bid Amendments in their bids using the Acknowledgement of Bid Amendment Form.

The downloading of bid packages from the MDOT website is not the same as providing an electronic bid to the Department. Electronic bids must be submitted via <http://www.BIDX.com>. For information on electronic bidding contact Rebecca Snowden at rebecca.snowden@maine.gov or Diane Barnes at diane.barnes@maine.gov.

NOTICE

For security and other reasons, all Bid Packages which are mailed, shall be provided in double (one envelope inside the other) envelopes. The *Inner Envelope* shall have the following information provided on it:

Bid Enclosed - Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor with mailing address and telephone number:

In Addition to the usual address information, the *Outer Envelope* should have written or typed on it:

Double Envelope: Bid Enclosed

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor:

This should not be much of a change for those of you who use Federal Express or similar services.

Hand-carried Bids may be in one envelope as before, and should be marked with the following information:

Bid Enclosed: Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Name of Contractor:

October 16, 2001

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Bid Guaranty-Bid Bond Form

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT _____

_____, of the City/Town of _____ and State of _____

as Principal, and _____ as Surety, a

Corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of _____ and having a usual place of

Business in _____ and hereby held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of

the State of Maine in the sum of _____ for payment which Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally.

The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted to the Maine Department of Transportation, hereafter Department, a certain bid, attached hereto and incorporated as a part herein, to enter into a written contract for the construction of _____

_____ and if the Department shall accept said bid

and the Principal shall execute and deliver a contract in the form attached hereto (properly

completed in accordance with said bid) and shall furnish bonds for this faithful performance of

said contract, and for the payment of all persons performing labor or furnishing material in

connection therewith, and shall in all other respects perform the agreement created by the

acceptance of said bid, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full

force, and effect.

Signed and sealed this _____ day of _____ 20____

WITNESS:

WITNESS

PRINCIPAL:

By _____

By: _____

By: _____

SURETY:

By _____

By: _____

Name of Local Agency: _____

NOTICE

Bidders:

Please use the attached “Request for Information” form when submitting questions concerning specific Contracts that have been advertised for Bid, include additional numbered pages as required. RFI’s may be faxed to 207-624-3431, submitted electronically through the Departments web page of advertised projects by selecting the RFI tab on the project details page or via e-mail to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov.

These are the only allowable mechanisms for answering Project specific questions. MaineDOT will not be bound to any answers to Project specific questions received during the Bidding phase through other processes.

When submitting RFIs by Email please follow the same guidelines as stated on the “Request for Information” form and include the word “RFI” along with the Project name and Identification number in the subject line.

RFI No: _____

Date _____ **Time** _____

WIN(S): _____ **Town(s):** _____ **Bid Date:** _____

Question(s):_____

Company Name: _____ **Phone: ()** _____

Email: _____ **Fax:** (____) _____

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NOTICE

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization

The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization form with their bid. This is a curable bid defect.

The Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan form contains additional information that is required by USDOT.

The Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan form should be used.

A copy of the new Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan and instructions for completing it are attached.

Note: Questions about DBE firms, or to obtain a printed copy of the DBE Directory, contact The Office of Civil Rights at (207) 624-3066.

MDOTs DBE Directory of Certified firms can also be obtained at <https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/>

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING THE MaineDOT CONTRACTOR'S DBE/SUBCONTRACTOR UTILIZATION FORM

The Contractor Shall Extend equal opportunity to MaineDOT certified DBE firms (as listed in MaineDOT's DBE Directory of Certified Businesses) in the selection and utilization of Subcontractors and Suppliers.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FORM:

Insert Contractor name, the name of the person(s) preparing the form, and that person(s) telephone, fax number and e-mail address.

Calculate and provide percentage of your bid that will be allocated to DBE firms, Federal Project Identification Number, and location of the Project work.

In the columns, name each subcontractor, DBE and non-DBE firm to be used, provide the Unit/Item cost of the work/product to be provided by the subcontractor, give a brief description and the dollar value of the work.

Revised 1/12

DBE GOAL NOTICE FFY 2019-2021
Maine Department of Transportation
Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with US DOT regulation 49 CFR Part 26, the Maine Department of Transportation (MaineDOT) has established a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program (DBE) for disadvantaged business participation in the federal-aid highway and bridge construction programs; MaineDOT contracts covered by the program include consulting, construction, supplies, manufacturing, and service contracts.

For FFY 2019-21 (October 1, 2018 through September 30, 2021) MaineDOT has established an annual DBE participation goal of **2.4%** to be achieved through race/gender neutral means. This goal has been approved by the Federal Highway Administration and remains in effect through September 30, 2021. Maine DOT must meet this goal each federal fiscal year. If the goal is not met, MaineDOT must provide a justification for not meeting the goal and provide a plan to ensure the goal is met, which may include placing contract goals on certain projects that contractors will be required to meet.

MaineDOT asks all contractors, consultants and subcontractors to seek certified DBE firms for projects and to work to meet the determined 2.4% goal without the need to impose contract goals. DBE firms are listed on the MaineDOT website at:

<https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/docs/dbe/WeeklyDBEVendorList.pdf>

Interested parties may view MaineDOT's DBE goal setting methodology, also posted on this website. If you have questions regarding this goal or the DBE program you may contact Sherry Tompkins at the Maine Department of Transportation, Civil Rights Office by telephone at (207) 624-3066 or by e-mail at: sherry.tompkins@maine.gov

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**MaineDOT CONTRACTOR'S DBE/SUBCONTRACTOR
PROPOSED UTILIZATION FORM**

All Bidders must furnish this form with their bid on Bid Opening day

Contractor: _____ Telephone: _____ Ext _____

Contact Person: _____ Fax: _____

E-mail: _____

BID DATE: _____

FEDERAL PROJECT PIN # _____ PROJECT LOCATION: _____

TOTAL ANTICIPATED DBE _____% PARTICIPATION FOR THIS CONTRACT

W B E	D B E	Non DBE	Firm Name	Item Number & Description of Work	Quantity	Cost Per Unit/Item	Anticipated \$ Value
Subcontractor Total >							
DBE Total >							

**NOTE: THIS INFORMATION IS USED TO TRACK AND REPORT ANTICIPATED DBE PARTICIPATION IN ALL
FEDERALLY FUNDED MAINE DOT CONTRACTS. THE ANTICIPATED DBE AMOUNT IS VOLUNTARY AND WILL
NOT BECOME A PART OF THE CONTRACTUAL TERMS.**

Equal Opportunity Use:

Form received: ____/____/____ Verified by: _____

FHWA ☐

FTA ☐

FAA ☐

**For a complete list of certified firms and company designation (WBE/DBE) go to
<http://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/>**

Rev. 01/15

Maine Department of Transportation Civil Rights Office

Directory of Certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprises

Listing can be found at:

<https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/>

For additional information and guidance contact:

Civil Rights Office at (207) 624-3066

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to access the DBE Directory at this site in order to have the most current listing.

Vendor Registration

Prospective Bidders must register as a vendor with the Department of Administrative & Financial Services if the vendor is awarded a contract. Vendors will not be able to receive payment without first being registered. Vendors/Contractors will find information and register through the following link –

<http://www.maine.gov/purchases/venbid/index.shtml>

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Bids addressed to the Maine Department of Transportation, Augusta, Maine 04333 and endorsed on the wrapper "Bids for Pavement Milling, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay, Bridge Work, with Drainage and Safety Improvements in the Towns of Edinburg, Howland and Township of Argyle" will be received from contractors at the Reception Desk, MaineDOT Building, Capitol Street, Augusta, Maine, until 11:00 o'clock A.M. (prevailing time) on March 11, 2020 and at that time and place, publicly opened and read. Bids will be accepted from all bidders. The lowest responsive bidder must have completed, or successfully complete, a Highway Construction, Paving, or project specific prequalification to be considered for the award of this contract. We now accept electronic bids for bid packages posted on the bidx.com website. Electronic bids do not have to be accompanied by paper bids. Please note: The Department will accept a facsimile of the bid bond; however, the original bid bond must then be received at the MDOT Contract Section within 72 hours of the bid opening. Until further notice, dual bids (one paper, one electronic) will be accepted, with the paper copy taking precedence.

Description: Maine Federal Aid Project Nos. 2240200, WIN 22402.00, 2361710, WIN 23617.10.

Location: In Penobscot County:

Project 2240200 is located on Interstate 95 Northbound from the Argyle town line north to 0.15 miles north of the Howland Exit 217 /Route 6/155 interchange.

Project 2361710 is located on Interstate 95 Northbound and includes Bridge No. 1423 from Argyle TWP to Howland.

Outline of Work: Pavement Milling, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay, Bridge Work, with Drainage and Safety Improvements, and other incidental work.

For general information regarding Bidding and Contracting procedures, contact George Macdougall at (207) 624-3410. Our webpage at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/> contains a copy of the Schedule of Items, Plan Holders List, written portions of bid amendments, drawings, bid results and an electronic form for RFI submittal. For Project-specific information fax all questions to **George MacDougall** at (207) 624-3431, use electronic RFI form or email questions to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov, project name and identification number should be in the subject line. Questions received after 12:00 noon of Monday (or if that Monday is a state holiday, Friday) prior to bid date will not be answered. Bidders shall not contact any other Departmental staff for clarification of Contract provisions, and the Department will not be responsible for any interpretations so obtained. TTY users call Maine Relay 711.

Specifications and bid forms may be seen at the MaineDOT Building in Augusta, Maine, and at the Department of Transportation's Regional Office in **Presque Isle**. They may be purchased from the Department between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. by cash, credit card (Visa/Mastercard) or check payable to Treasurer, State of Maine sent to Maine Department of Transportation, Attn.: Mailroom, 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Bid Book \$10 (\$13 by mail), payment in advance, all non-refundable.

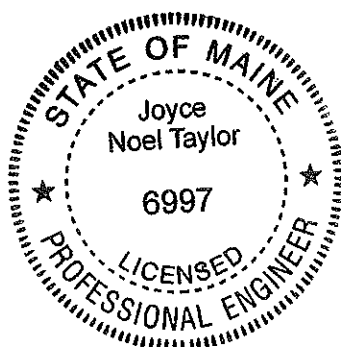
Each Bid must be made upon blank forms provided by the Department and must be accompanied by a bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or an official bank check, cashier's check, certified check, certificate of deposit, or United States postal money order in the amount of **\$225,000** payable to Treasurer, State of Maine as a Bid guarantee. A Contract Performance Surety Bond and a Contract Payment Surety Bond, each in the amount of 100 percent of the Contract price, will be required of the successful Bidder.

This Contract is subject to all applicable Federal Laws. This contract is subject to compliance with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program requirements as set forth by the Maine Department of Transportation.

All work shall be governed by *State of Maine, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition*, price \$10 [\$15 by mail], and *Standard Details, November 2014 Edition*, price \$10 [\$15 by mail]. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. *Standard Detail* updates can be found at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/>.

The right is hereby reserved to the MaineDOT to reject any or all bids.

Augusta, Maine
February 19, 2020



A handwritten signature in black ink that reads "Joyce Noel Taylor".

JOYCE NOEL TAYLOR P. E.
CHIEF ENGINEER

NOTICE

All bids for Federal Projects **shall** be accompanied by the DBE Proposed Utilization form. If you are submitting an electronic bid, the DBE Utilization Form may be faxed to 207-624-3431. Failure to submit the form with the bid will be considered a curable defect.

SPECIAL PROVISION 102.7.3
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF BID AMENDMENTS

With this form, the Bidder acknowledges its responsibility to check for all Amendments to the Bid Package. For each Project under Advertisement, Amendments are located at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/> . It is the responsibility of the Bidder to determine if there are Amendments to the Project, to download them, to incorporate them into their Bid Package, and to reference the Amendment number and the date on the form below. The Maine DOT will not post Bid Amendments any later than noon the day before Bid opening without individually notifying all the planholders.

Amendment Number	Date

The Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby acknowledges that it has received all of the above referenced Amendments to the Bid Package.

CONTRACTOR

Date

Signature of authorized representative

(Name and Title Printed)

2/11/2020

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 1 of 5

Proposal ID: 022402.00

Project(s): 022402.00, 023617.10

SECTION: 1 HIGHWAY ITEMS

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0010	202.2023 REMOVING PAVEMENT SURFACE - MEDIUM CUT DRUM	399,350.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0020	202.203 PAVEMENT BUTT JOINTS	180.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0030	202.205 RUMBLE STRIPS - SHOULDER	164,400.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0040	205.512 WIDENING OF EXISTING SHOULDER	2,350.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0050	403.2081 12.5 MM POLYMER MODIFIED HOT MIX ASPHALT	1,250.000 T	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0060	403.211 HOT MIX ASPHALT (SHIMMING)	500.000 T	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0070	403.2131 12.5 MM POLYMER MODIFIED HMA BASE	18,800.000 T	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0080	409.15 BITUMINOUS TACK COAT - APPLIED	6,400.000 G	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0090	410.151 EMULSIFIED ASPHALT SEALCOAT, APPLIED	133,700.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0100	424.22 ASPHALT RUBBER CRACK SEALER TYPE 2, APPLIED	70,000.000 LB	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0110	424.3333 LOW MODULUS JOINT SEALER, APPLIED	164,400.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0120	424.38 CRACK REPAIR - HOT POUR MASTIC	40,000.000 LB	_____	 _____	_____	 _____

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 022402.00

Project(s): 022402.00, 023617.10

SECTION: 1 HIGHWAY ITEMS

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0130	462.301 POLYMER MODIFIED ULTRATHIN BONDED WEARING COURSE	283,100.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0140	520.2321 ASPHALTIC CRACK CONTROL JOINT	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM		_____	 _____
0150	603.55 CONCRETE PIPE TIES	36.000 GP	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0160	603.7424 REMOVE & RELAY 24 INCH CONCRETE PIPE	280.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0170	603.743 REMOVE & RELAY 30 INCH CONCRETE PIPE	40.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0180	603.7436 REMOVE & RELAY 36 INCH CONCRETE PIPE	64.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0190	606.1301 31" W-BM GR, MID-WAY SPLICE-SGL FACED	3,250.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0200	606.1305 31" W-BM GR, MID-WAY SPLICE FLARED TERMINAL	9.000 EA	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0210	606.265 TERMINAL END - SINGLE RAIL - GALVANIZED STEEL	8.000 EA	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0220	606.3521 LINEAR DELINEATION SYSTEM PANEL	60.000 EA	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0230	606.353 REFLECTORIZED FLEXIBLE GUARDRAIL MARKER	27.000 EA	_____	 _____	_____	 _____

2/11/2020

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 022402.00

Project(s): 022402.00, 023617.10

SECTION: 1 HIGHWAY ITEMS

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0240	606.356 UNDERDRAIN DELINEATOR POST	30.000 EA	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0250	610.08 PLAIN RIPRAP	130.000 CY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0260	613.319 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	1,500.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0270	618.14 SEEDING METHOD NUMBER 2	1,640.000 UN	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0280	619.12 MULCH	1,640.000 UN	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0290	620.58 EROSION CONTROL GEOTEXTILE	250.000 SY	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0300	627.18 12 " SOLID WHITE PAVEMENT MARKING	2,100.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0310	627.30 GROOVING FOR PAVEMENT MARKING	111,275.000 SF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0320	627.745 6" WHITE OR YELLOW POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING LINE (RECESSED)	191,500.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0330	627.75 WHITE OR YELLOW PAVEMENT & CURB MARKING	70.000 SF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____
0340	627.78 TEMPORARY 4 INCH PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE, WHITE OR YELLOW	246,600.000 LF	_____	 _____	_____	 _____

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 022402.00

Project(s): 022402.00, 023617.10

SECTION: 1 HIGHWAY ITEMS

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0350	627.781 TEMPORARY 6 INCH PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE, WHITE OR YELLOW	428,300.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0360	629.05 HAND LABOR, STRAIGHT TIME	115.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0370	631.12 ALL PURPOSE EXCAVATOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	400.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0380	631.133 SKID STEER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	80.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0390	631.14 GRADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	225.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0400	631.172 TRUCK - LARGE (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	650.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0410	631.22 FRONT END LOADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	200.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0420	639.18 FIELD OFFICE TYPE A	1.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0430	645.306 FLEXIBLE REFLECTORIZED DELINEATOR	141.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0440	652.30 FLASHING ARROW BOARD	2.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0450	652.33 DRUM	680.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0460	652.34 CONE	680.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____

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Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 022402.00

Project(s): 022402.00, 023617.10

SECTION: 1 HIGHWAY ITEMS

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0470	652.35 CONSTRUCTION SIGNS	2,830.000 SF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0480	652.36 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES	125.000 CD	_____	_____	_____	_____
0490	652.38 FLAGGER	80.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0500	652.41 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	3.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0510	652.45 AUTOMATED TRAILER MOUNTED SPEED LIMIT SIGN	2.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0520	652.46 SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS	16.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0530	652.47 TEMPORARY PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIP	4.000 GP	_____	_____	_____	_____
0540	656.75 TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL	LUMP SUM	LUMP	SUM	_____	_____
0550	659.10 MOBILIZATION	LUMP SUM	LUMP	SUM	_____	_____
Section: 1			Total:		_____	_____
			Total Bid:		_____	_____

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

_____ a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of _____, with its principal place of business located at _____

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, **WINs 22402.00 & 23617.10 for Pavement Milling, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay, Bridge Work, with Drainage and Safety Improvements in the Towns of Howland, Edinburg and Township of Argyle TWP, County of Penobscot, Maine.** The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, within **98** Working Days. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is _____

\$_____ Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition*, *Standard Details November 2014 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of: **WINS 22402.00 & 23617.10 for Pavement Milling, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay, Bridge Work, with Drainage and Safety Improvements in the Towns of Howland, Edinburg and Township of Argyle TWP, County of Penobscot**, State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the “Notice to Contractors” do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached “Schedule of Items.”

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached “Schedule of Items” in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached “Schedule of Items,” which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a “Force Account” basis as provided in the *Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition*, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier’s check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the “Notice to Contractors”, payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the *Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition* and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor’s Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

Date

(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative
of the Contractor)

Witness

(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted.
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Date

By: Bruce A. Van Note, Commissioner

Witness

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

_____ a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of _____, with its principal place of business located at _____

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, **WINs 22402.00 & 23617.10 for Pavement Milling, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay, Bridge Work, with Drainage and Safety Improvements in the Towns of Howland, Edinburg and Township of Argyle TWP, County of Penobscot, Maine.** The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, within **98** Working Days. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is _____

\$_____ Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition*, *Standard Details November 2014 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of: **WINS 22402.00 & 23617.10 for Pavement Milling, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay, Bridge Work, with Drainage and Safety Improvements in the Towns of Howland, Edinburg and Township of Argyle TWP, County of Penobscot**, State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the “Notice to Contractors” do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached “Schedule of Items.”

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached “Schedule of Items” in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached “Schedule of Items,” which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a “Force Account” basis as provided in the *Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition*, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier’s check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the “Notice to Contractors”, payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the *Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition* and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor’s Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

Date

(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative
of the Contractor)

Witness

(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted.
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Date

By: Bruce A. Van Note, Commissioner

Witness

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

(Name of the firm bidding the job)

a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of Maine, with its principal place of business located at **(address of the firm bidding the job)**

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, PIN No. **1224.00**, for the **Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay** in the town/city of **South Nowhere**, County of **Washington**, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before **November 15, 2006**. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is (Place bid here in alphabetical form such as One Hundred and Two dollars and 10 cents)
\$ (repeat bid here in numerical terms, such as \$102.10) Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement, and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in Appendix A to Division 100 of the Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition (Federal Contract Provisions Supplement), and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, Standard Details November 2014 Edition, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

PIN 1234.00 South Nowhere, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay

State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items".

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items", which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, November 2014 Edition, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors", payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications November 2014 Edition and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

Date

(Witness Sign Here)
Witness

CONTRACTOR

(Sign Here)
(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor)

(Print Name Here)
(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted.
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Date

By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner

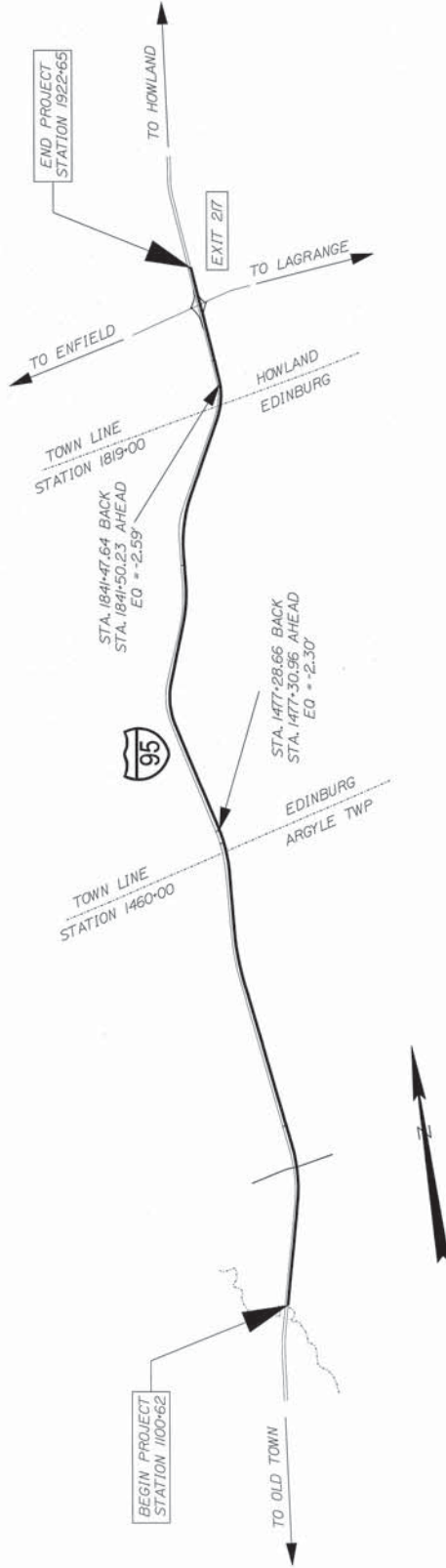
(Witness)

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



ARGYLE TWP-HOWLAND

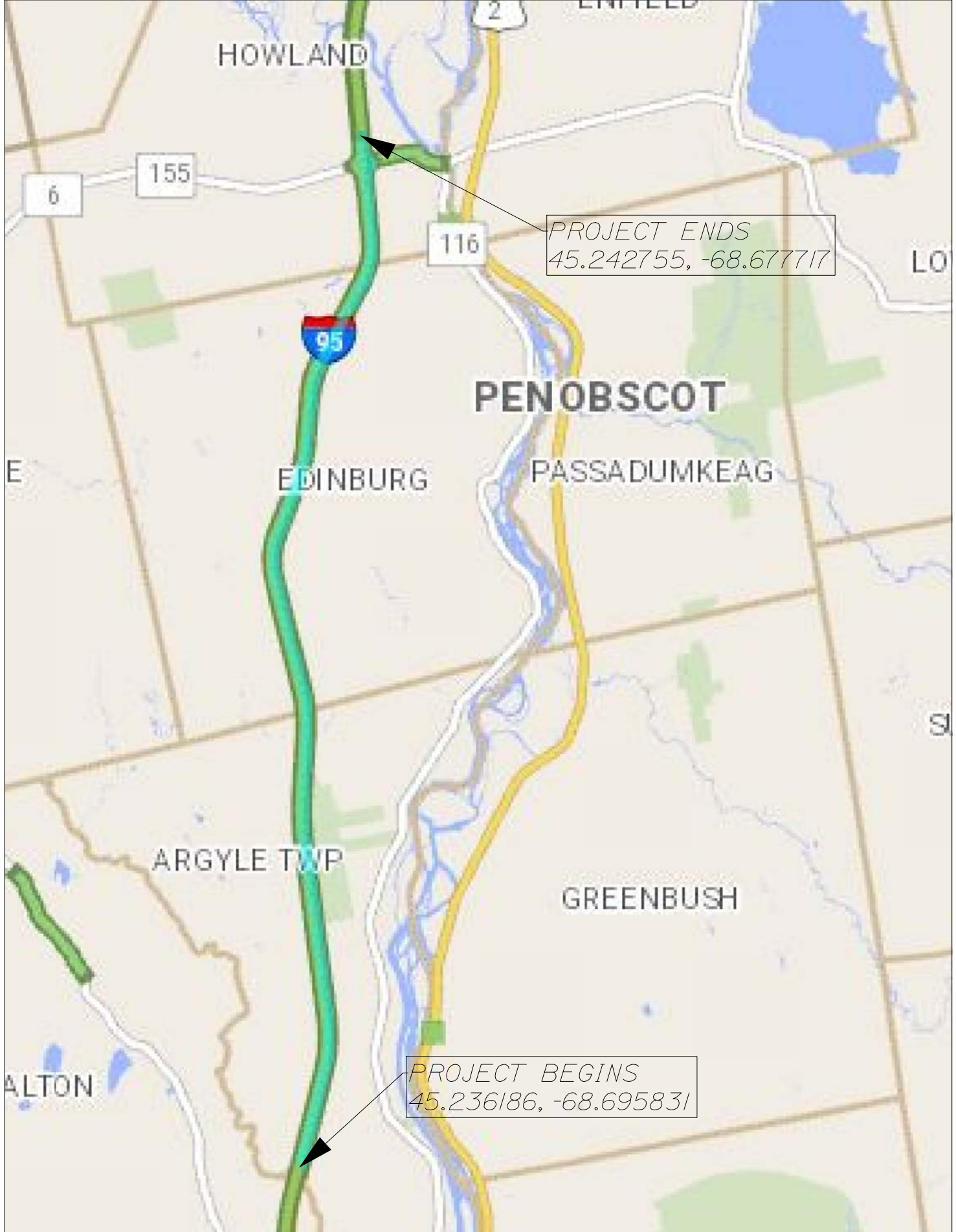
PENOBSCOT COUNTY
INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND
FEDERAL PROJECT NO. 2240200
PROJECT LENGTH : 15.57 MILES



TRAFFIC DATA	
Current (2019) AADT	4680
Future (2031) AADT	5010
DHV - % of AADT	14%
Design Hour Volume	701
% Heavy Trucks (AADT)	16%
Directional Distribution (DHV)	100%
Design Speed (mph)	55
Functional Class: Prime Art Interstate	
Corridor Priority	1

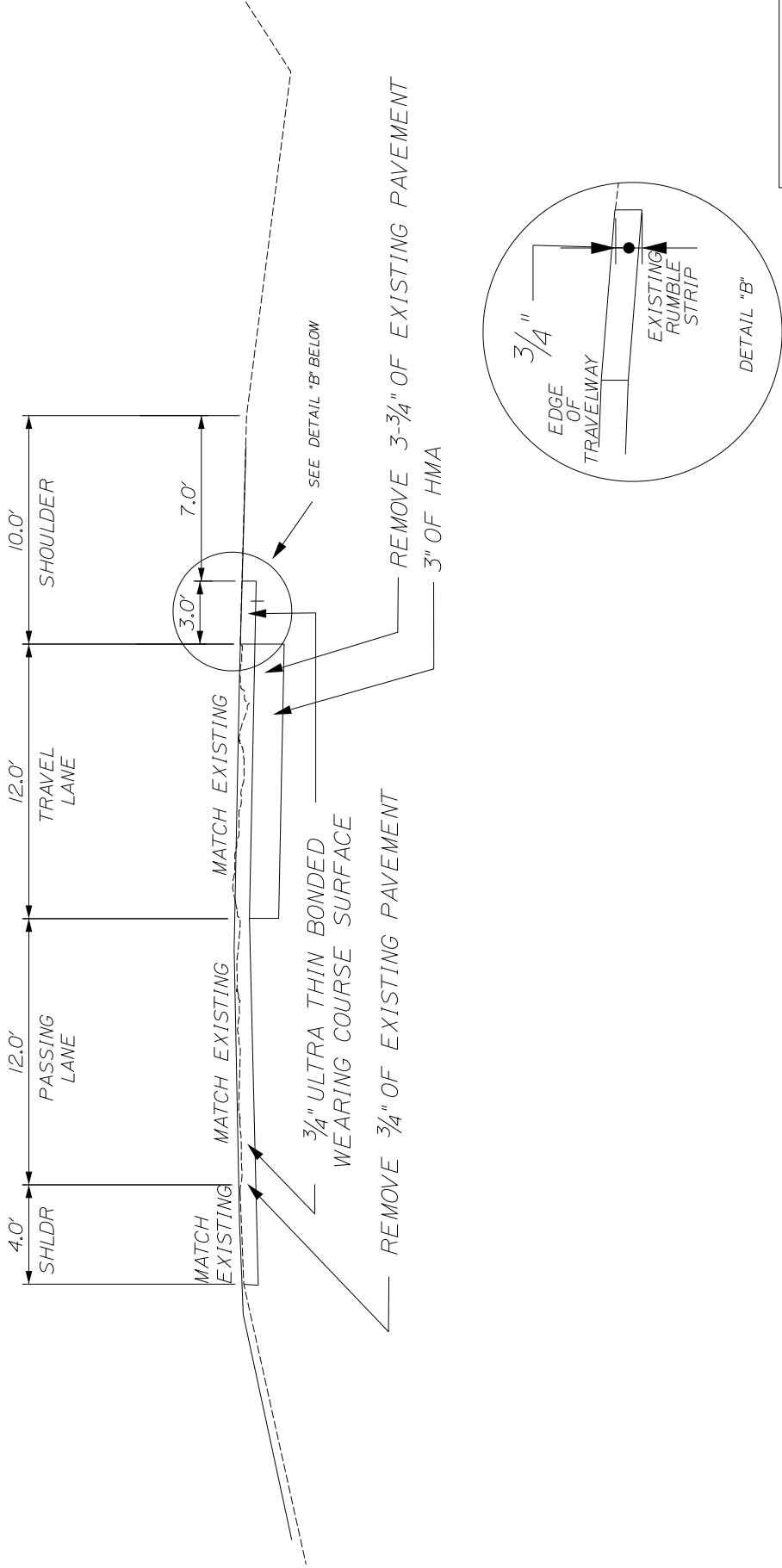
PROJECT LOCATION:	INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND BEGINNING AT THE ARGYLE TOWN LINE AND EXTENDING NORTH 15.57 MILES TO 0.15 MILES NORTH OF THE HOWLAND EXIT 217 /ROUTE 6/55 INTERCHANGE
PROGRAM AREA:	HIGHWAY PROGRAM
SCOPE OF WORK:	MILL & FILL

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION APPROVED: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: 2-6-2020 CHIEF ENGINEER: <i>[Signature]</i> COMMISSIONER: <i>[Signature]</i>		PROJECT INFORMATION PROJECT NO. 2240200 PROJECT NAME: ARGYLE TWP-HOWLAND PROJECT LOCATION: INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND PROJECT LENGTH: 15.57 MILES PROJECT START DATE: 2/14/20 PROJECT END DATE: 2/14/20 PROJECT MANAGER: SHAWN SATHI PROJECT ENGINEER: <i>[Signature]</i> DATE: 2/14/20 P.E. NUMBER: 8214/20	TITLE SHEET ARGYLE TWP-HOWLAND INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND SHEET NUMBER: 1 OF 1



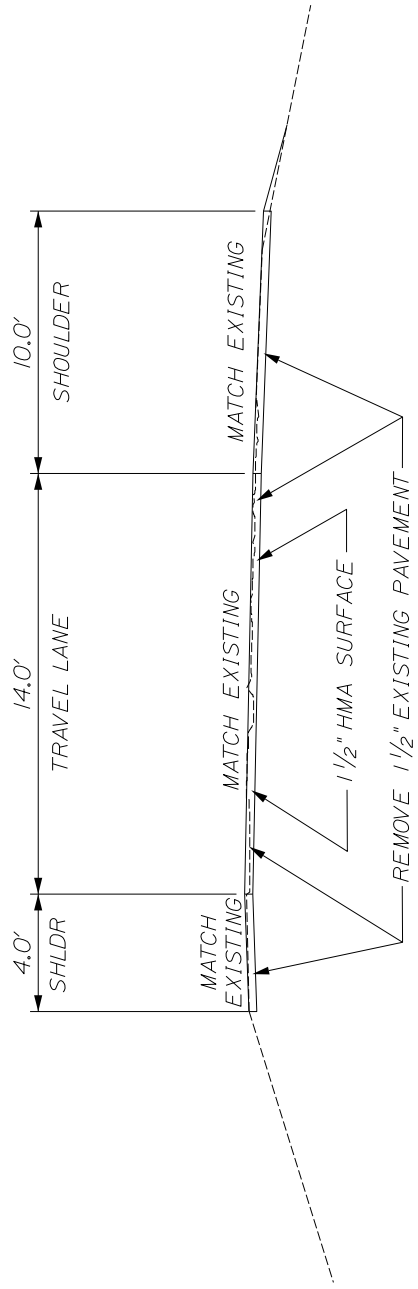
STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	ARGYLE-HOWLAND INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND PENOBSCOT COUNTY	SHEET NUMBER 1 35
22402.00	PLANS	OF 1

3/4" ULTRA THIN BONDED WEARING COURSE
WITH 3" MILL AND FILL IN TRAVEL LANE



ARGYLE-HOWLAND INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND 36 TYPICAL SECTIONS	STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 2240200		NOT TO SCALE
	WIN 22402.00		SHEET NUMBER 1 OF 3
	HIGHWAY PLANS		

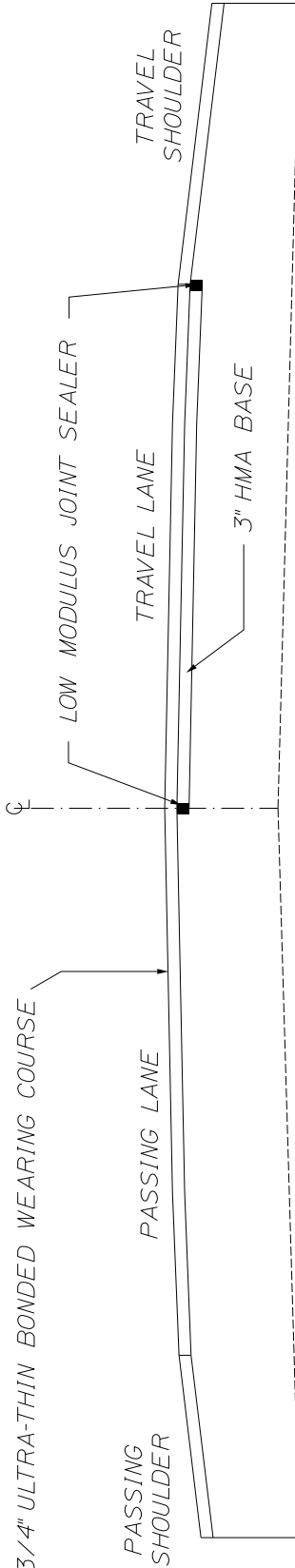
RAMPS
1 1/2" MILL AND FILL



SEE NOTES FOR STATIONS

ARGYLE-HOWLAND INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND		STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION 2240200	NOT TO SCALE
37	TYPICAL SECTIONS		
WIN 22402.00		HIGHWAY PLANS	SHEET NUMBER 2 OF 3

LONGITUDINAL JOINT WITH LOW
MODULUS JOINT SEALER APPLIED



1. LOW MODULUS JOINT SEALER SHALL BE APPLIED DIRECTLY TO THE LONGITUDINAL JOINTS ON BASE LIFT, IMMEDIATELY PRIOR TO THE PLACEMENT OF THE BASE COURSE. SEALER MATERIAL WILL BE APPLIED TO ALL LONGITUDINAL JOINTS ON THE BASE LIFTS WHERE NEW ASPHALT MIX COURSES ARE CONSTRUCTED ABUTTING PREVIOUSLY PLACED ASPHALT MIX COURSES.
2. APPLICATION SHALL BE BY AN APPROVED SEALER APPLICATION WAND, AND SHALL PRODUCE AN EVEN SEAL COAT OVER THE ENTIRE FACE OF THE JOINT, (1/8") COATING TYPICAL.
(APPROX. 75 LIN. FT./GALLON APPLICATION RATE.) SEE SPECIAL PROVISION 424- LOW MODULUS JOINT SEALER.
3. THE SURFACE AREA WHERE THE SEAL COAT IS TO BE APPLIED SHALL BE DRY AND CLEAN OF ALL DIRT, SAND AND LOOSE BITUMINOUS MATERIAL.
4. THE ACTUAL METHOD OF APPLICATION SHALL GENERALLY BE LEFT TO THE CONTRACTOR'S OPTION, BUT ALL METHODS AND RATES OF APPLICATION SHALL BE APPROVED BY THE RESIDENT BEFORE THE WORK PROGRESSES.
5. MEASUREMENT/PAYMENT WILL BE BASED ON THE LINEAR FOOT MEASURED IN PLACE.
6. MATERIAL INVOICES SHALL BE SUPPLIED TO THE RESIDENT STATING THE MATERIAL TYPE, MANUFACTURE, SOURCE AND DATE.
7. APPLICATION EQUIPMENT SHALL BE EQUIPPED WITH A SAMPLING VALVE OR METHOD FOR SAMPLING OF THE SEALER MATERIAL.

NOT TO SCALE			
ARGYLE-HOWLAND INTERSTATE 95 NORTHBOUND 38 TYPICAL SECTIONS	WIN 22402.00	STATE OF MAINE	SHEET NUMBER 3 OF 3
		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
		2240200 HIGHWAY PLANS	

STATIONING

	1819+80	Howland Town Line
	1812+54	Mile Marker 215
	1761+21	Mile Marker 214
Equation	1746+26.49 AHD = 1745+94.42 BK	Eq. = -32.07'
	1655+30	Mile Marker 212
	1634+00	Speed Limit 75 MPH
	1602+58	Mile Marker 211
	1548+70	Mile Marker 210
	1497+22	Mile Marker 209
	1460+00	Edinburgh Town Line
	1444+75	Mile Marker 208
	1417+08	Speed Limit 75 MPH
	1392+00	Mile Marker 207
	1339+33	Mile Marker 206
	1286+75	Mile Marker 205
	1233+75	Mile Marker 204
	1181+25.	Mile Marker 203
	1130+75	Mile Marker 202
Birch Stream Bridge	1100+62	Bridge Joint
Begin Project	1100+62	Begin Project

STATIONING

End Project	1922+65	End Project
	1905+30	Merge Sign
	1889+50	Exit 217 sign in gore
	1880+00	Exit 217 sign
	1866+25	Mile Marker 216
	1850+66	Exit 217 sign
	1834+25	Exit 217 1-mile sign

Ramp Stationing

Exit 217 Howland Off Ramp

STA. 0+00 = STA. 1880+50 I-95 NB

STA. 20+25 = Gutter of Route 6

Exit 217 Howland On Ramp

STA. 0+00 = Gutter of Route 6

STA. 23+15 = STA. 1921+14 I-95 NB

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

Reference to left or right is in direction of stationing which runs south to north

202.2023 Removing Pavement Surface – Medium Cut Drum

<u>Station</u>	<u>to</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1100+62		1745+94	¾"	15' +/- Travel lane, 16' +/- Passing lane
1746+27		1922+65	¾"	15' +/- Travel lane, 16' +/- Passing lane
1100+62		1745+94	3"	12' +/- Travel lane
1746+27		1922+65	3"	12' +/- Travel lane
0+00		20+35	1 ½"	16' +/- Off Ramp (Exit 217)
0+00		23+15	1 ½"	16' +/- On Ramp (Exit 217)

Contractor will remove pavement to maintain existing cross slopes or as directed by the Resident. Mark downs shall be in place on Mainline prior to commencing milling operations. Contractor will establish centerline control points prior to removal of existing centerline. **The Contractor will retain 100% of the millings/grindings.**

202.203 Pavement Butt Joints

Station
1241+00
1466+00
1476+00
1690+00
1854+00

Butt joints are estimated for the crossovers, or as directed by the Resident.

Item 202.205 Rumble Strips – Shoulder

In locations where existing shoulder rumble strips are removed install new shoulder rumble strips as directed.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

403.2081 Polymer Modified Hot Mix Asphalt 12.5 mm HMA Surface

<u>Station</u>	<u>to</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
0+00		20+25	1 ½"	16'	Off Ramp (Exit 217)
0+00		23+15	1 ½"	16'	On Ramp (Exit 217)

<u>Crossovers</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1241+00	1 ½"	25'	Crossover
1466+00	1 ½"	24'	Crossover
1476+00	1 ½"	22'	Crossover
1690+00	1 ½"	22'	Crossover
1854+00	1 ½"	40'	Crossover

403.211 Hot Mix Asphalt (Shim)

This item has been estimated for use at all crossovers at a minimum depth of ½" ±. Shim will also be used for delamination areas identified after milling on mainline, ramps or as directed by the Resident. All bridge deck locations will be reviewed after milling is complete and may receive a shim layer if determined by the Resident.

403.2131 12.5mm Polymer Modified HMA Base

<u>Station</u>	<u>to</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Side</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Depth</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1414+20		1419+20	LT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1631+42		1635+60	LT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1759+10		1764+23	LT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1896+00		1899+50	LT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
18+57		19+70	LT	Variable	2 ½"	Exit 217
1414+20		1419+20	RT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1631+42		1635+60	RT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1759+10		1764+23	RT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1896+00		1899+50	RT	Variable	2 ½"	Shoulder
1100+62		1745+94	RT	12'	3"	Travel lane
1746+27		1922+65	RT	12'	3"	Travel lane

410.151 Emulsified Asphalt Sealcoat, Applied

To be applied to the 4' & 10' shoulders the entire length of the project including the Howland Off and On Ramp shoulders as directed. Item will be applied after Item 202.205 Rumble Strips- Shoulder has been completed. It is the intent to seal the rumble strip areas.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

424.22 Asphalt Rubber Crack Sealer Type 2, Applied

Item will be used to treat cracks after Item 202.2023 has been completed. Sealer will be applied to cracks on centerline, longitudinal cracks and other areas as determined and directed by the Resident. Applications in mainline areas shall have a cure time of 48 hours after application prior to placement of any HMA Shim. Item shall also be applied to cracks on the shoulders over the entire length of project, including ramps and any other areas determined by the Resident prior to application of Item 410.151.

424.3333 Low Modulus Joint Sealer, Applied

Centerline longitudinal joint sealer for Items 403.2131 base course and 403.2081 surface course. See Special Provision 403

424.38 Crack Sealer – Hot Pour Mastic

Item will be used to treat cracks after Item 202.2023 has been completed, this item will be used on cracks wider than 1" on centerline, longitudinal cracks on mainline, including other areas, as determined by the Resident. Applications in mainline areas shall have a cure time of 48 hours after application prior to placement of HMA Shim. Item shall also be applied to cracks wider than 1" on the shoulders over the entire length of project, ramps and as determined by the Resident to application of Item 410.151.

462.301 Polymer Modified Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course

<u>Station</u>	<u>to</u>	<u>Station</u>	<u>Width</u>	<u>Remarks</u>
1100+62		1745+94	16'	Mainline & Left Shoulder
1746+27		1922+65	16'	Mainline & Left Shoulder
1100+62		1745+94	15'	Mainline & Right Shoulder
1746+27		1922+65	15'	Mainline & Right Shoulder

606.356 Underdrain Delineator Post

Item is estimated for use at all existing pipes 30" diameter and smaller, at underdrain locations that need a marker and to install at bridge end post locations.

627.30 Grooving for Pavement Markings

Item shall include yellow edge line, white edge line, and white skips. Skip lines shall be ground 15 ft in length.

CONSTRUCTION NOTES

627.78 Temporary 4" Painted Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow

Item to be used on any areas that received the surface course shall be painted prior to being opened to traffic or immediately after the lane closure is removed. Any striping procedure besides paint, including white and yellow temporary approved raised pavement markers, shall be incidental to item 627.78.

627.781 Temporary 6" Painted Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow

Item is to be used once lanes have been milled and on shim pavement layer prior to being opened to traffic or immediately after the lane closure is removed. Any striping procedure besides paint, including white and yellow temporary approved raised pavement markers, shall be incidental to item 627.781.

627.75 White or Yellow Pavement and Curb Marking

<u>Station</u>	<u>Side</u>	<u>Description</u>
Exit 217	RT	Stop Bar

629 and 631 Hourly Items

These items to be used for plumbing existing delineator posts, cleaning culverts, cleaning winter sand from guardrail areas and paved areas under overpasses, and removing excess material from in-slope, in-slopes behind guardrail area, ditching, and other work as directed. All equipment used for certain tasks and operations will be as directed by the Resident.

652.35 Construction Signs

Two "Road Work Next 16 Miles" signs will be required as part of this project.
Two "End Road Work" signs will be required at the end of the project.

DRAINAGE

STATION	SIZE (inches)	REMOVE (lf)	RELAY (lf)	INSTALL NEW (lf)	RIPRAP (cy)	*PIPE TIES	REMARKS
1108+60 RT	36"	8'	8'		4.50	1	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1123+60 RT	36"	16'	16'		4.50	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1123+60 LT	36"	8'	8'		4.50	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1145+50 RT	24"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1145+50 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1207+00 RT	24"						Ditch Right
1207+00 LT	24"						Ditch Left
1217+00 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Right
1224+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1249+40 LT	36"	8'	8'		4.50	2	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left (2-4' Sections)
1264+50 RT	24"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1264+50 LT	24"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Left
1291+00 RT	24"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1291+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1299+00 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Right
1299+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1321+45 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Right
1321+45 LT	24"						Ditch
1347+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1366+50 RT	36"						Ditching
1366+50 LT	36"	16'	16'		4.50	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Left
1373+00 RT	24"						Ditching
1373+00 LT	24"						Ditching
1381+50 RT	36"						Ditching
1387+00 RT	36"						Ditching
1392+00 RT	24"						Ditching

Item 610.08 shall be placed above the high water line of all culverts.

DRAINAGE

STATION	SIZE (inches)	REMOVE (lf)	RELAY (lf)	INSTALL NEW (lf)	RIPRAP (cy)	*PIPE TIES	REMARKS
1392+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1398+00 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Right Ditch
1398+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1409+50 RT	30"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1409+50 LT	30"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1459+00 RT	24"						Ditching
1459+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1504+00 RT	24"						Ditch
1504+00 LT	24"						Ditch
1533+50 RT	24"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1533+50 LT	24"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Left
1553+00 RT	30"	16'	16'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 16' RCP Right
1565+00 RT	24"	24'	24'		3.78	2	Remove and Reset 24' Right
1565+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' Left
1610+00 RT	36"	8'	8'		4.50	1	Remove and Reset 8' Right
1656+00 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' Right
1656+00 LT	24"						Ditch
1665+00 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Right
1665+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1802+50 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1815+50 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left
1843+00 RT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Right
1843+00 LT	24"	8'	8'		3.78	1	Remove and Reset 8' RCP Left

Item 610.08 shall be placed above the high water line of all culverts.

Guardrail 22402.00 Argyle to Howland Interstate 95 Northbound

MIDWAY SPLICE FLARED TERMINAL Station	NEW GUARDRAIL 31" W-BEAM MDWAY SPLICE TYPE 3D			SHOULDER WIDENING *s.y.	REMARKS
	Station	to	Station I.f.		
1415+20-1415+57.5 Right	1415+57.5	1419+70.0	412.5	288.39	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing RT
1414+20-1414+57.5 Left	1414+57.5	1419+20	462.5	316.44	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing LT
1631+42-1631+79.5 Right	1631+79.5	1635+59.5	415.0	289.75	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing RT
1631+42-1631+79.5 Left	1631+79.5	1635+59.5	415.0	289.76	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing LT
1759+10-1759+47.5 Right	1759+47.5	1764+22.5	475.0	323.09	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing RT
1759+10-1759+47.5 Left	1759+47.5	1764+22.5	475.0	323.09	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing LT
1896+00-1896+37.5 Right	1896+37.5	1899+50.0	312.5	232.81	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing RT
1896+00-1896+37.5 Left	1896+37.5	1899+50.0	312.5	232.81	Widen Shoulder 5' / Remove/Replace Existing LT
Exit 217 Off Ramp					
18+57-18+94.5 Left	18+94.5	19+69.5	75.0	100.0	Widen Shoulder 12' / Remove/Replace Existing LT
					37.5 Over/37.5 Under 15' Radius
Guardrail shall require seven foot posts on all runs. End treatments shall be installed using posts as recommended by the manufacturer. The contractor shall provide the Resident with the system to be used on the project at the pre-construction meeting. The contractor shall plan their work accordingly that end treatments shall be installed within the widen shoulder areas and installed according to manufacturers' recommendations. Any adjustments needed from installing guardrail or end treatments prior to, after paving surface, or after winter suspension shall be the responsibility of the contractor. Terminals and widenings have been estimated for a 37.5' end treatment with a four foot offset.					

* Estimate only, widen as directed

Item 606.3521 Linear Delineation System Panels shall be installed on all runs according to Standard Specifications

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



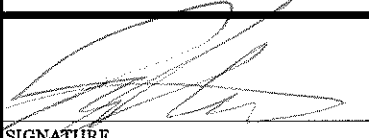
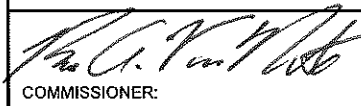
STATE WIDE INTERSTATE BRIDGE JOINTS

I-95

PROJECT NO. 23617.10

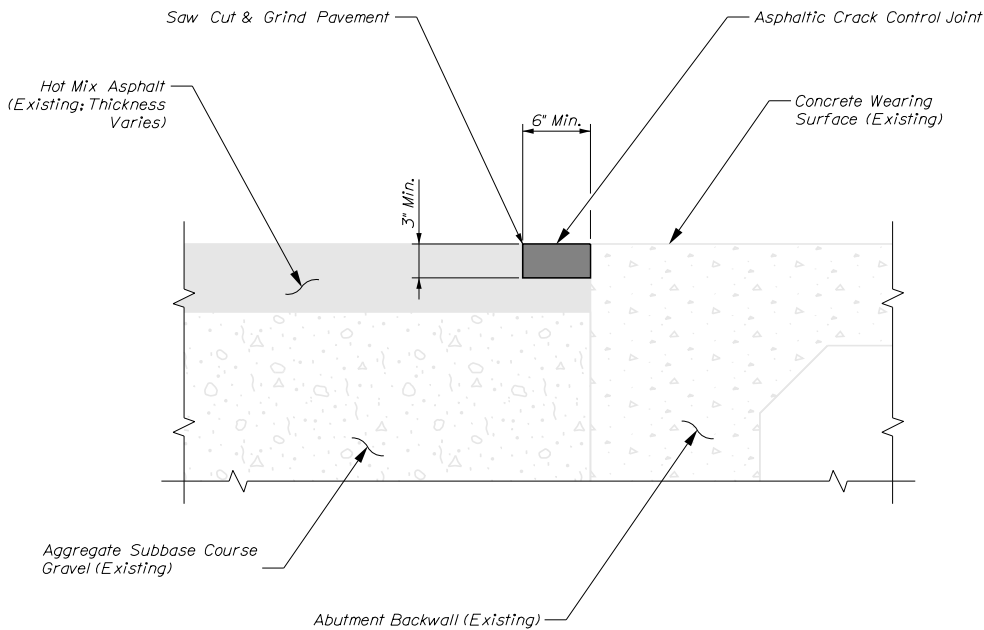
JOINT REPLACEMENT

BRIDGE NO. 1423

PROJECT LOCATION:	Bridge No. 1423 45°1'23.4"N, 68°41'46"W		
PROGRAM AREA:	Highway-Bridges		
OUTLINE OF WORK:	Joint Replacement		
 SIGNATURE 13307 P.E. NUMBER 02-12-2020 DATE		STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	
		APPROVED	DATE
		 COMMISSIONER:	2-13-2020
		 CHIEF ENGINEER:	2-13-2020
STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	STATE WIDE I-95		SHEET NUMBER 1
23617.10	TITLE SHEET		OF 2

ASPHALTIC CRACK CONTROL JOINT NOTES

1. Asphaltic Crack Control Joint materials shall meet the requirements of the project specifications and shall be installed per manufacturer's specifications.
2. Asphaltic Crack Control Joint shall be installed after the surface lift of pavement is installed.
3. Removal of existing bituminous or elastomeric or header concrete shall be completed along the full width of the roadway.



ASPHALTIC CRACK CONTROL JOINT DETAIL

Asphaltic Crack Control Joint Applies From Curb to Curb

STATE OF MAINE

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

STP-2361(700)

BRIDGE NO. 1423
WIN
23617.10
BRIDGE PLANS

INTERSTATE BRIDGE JOINTS

STATE WIDE

ASPHALTIC CRACK CONTROL
JOINT DETAIL

SHEET NUMBER

2

OF 60

PROJ. MANAGER	T. HAMEL	BY	DATE	SIGNATURE
DESIGN-DETAILED	T. HAMEL	R. MAYER	JAN 2020	
CHECKED-REVIEWED		T. HAMEL	JAN 2020	
DESIGN-DETAILED				
DESIGN-DETAILED				
REVISIONS 1				P.E. NUMBER
REVISIONS 2				
REVISIONS 3				
REVISIONS 4				DATE
FIELD CHANGES				

Construction Notes

Bridge Joint Modifications

<u>Bridge No.</u>	<u>Station(s)</u>	<u>Item</u>	<u>Description</u>
1423	1099+66	520.2321	6" Asphaltic Crack Control Joint • Work to be completed upon completion of adjacent new surface treatment.
1423	1100+67	520.2321	6" Asphaltic Crack Control Joint • Work to be completed upon completion of adjacent new surface treatment.

GENERAL NOTES

1. Pavement thicknesses shown on the typical sections are intended to be nominal.
2. All joints between existing and proposed hot bituminous pavement shall be butted.
Payment shall be made under Item 202.203 Pavement Butt Joint.
3. Where deemed necessary by the Resident, unsuitable excess material shall be removed from the edges of shoulders and placed in designated areas or disposed of. Payment will be made under the appropriate contract items.
4. All inslope and ditches in cut areas shall be graded as shown on the typicals or flatter, or as directed by the Resident.
5. The Contractor shall place suitable existing or other material acceptable to the Resident on all pavement edges to allow a drop off no greater than the surface pavement thickness. The material shall be graded to match existing in-slope or as directed by the Resident before surface is placed. The Contractor will be paid under appropriate equipment rental items. Borrow is not authorized until all acceptable waste material has been utilized. Seed and Mulch will be paid for at the contract unit price.
6. All waste material not used on the project shall be disposed of off the project in acceptable waste areas reviewed by the Resident. Grading, seeding and mulching of waste areas shall be considered incidental.
7. Required ditch protection shown on the plans or in the Construction Notes is for estimating purposes only. The actual type and location of ditch protection may be altered by the Resident.
8. Any necessary cleaning of existing pavement prior to paving (or milling) shall be incidental to the related paving (or milling) items. This includes killing and removal of all vegetative matter.
9. When super elevation exceeds the slope of the low side shoulder, the shoulder pavement will have same slope as traveled way.
10. Cross slopes for normal and super elevated sections will be straight unless otherwise directed by the Department
13. The algebraic difference between travelway and shoulder cross slope shall not exceed 8%

GENERAL NOTES

14. The following shall be incidental to the 603 Item(s):
 - a. Any cutting of existing culverts and or connectors necessary to install new culvert replacements or extensions
 - b. All pipe excavation including any cutting and removal of pavement
 - c. All ditching at pipe ends
 - d. Furnishing, placing, grading, and compacting of any new gravel and for temporary detours to maintain traffic during pipe installation (excavation is also incidental).
 - e. All work necessary to connect to existing pipes and drainage structures
 - f. Existing flow lines may be changed by up to 1.5 ft
 - g. Any necessary clearing of brush and non-pay trees within 10 feet of culvert ends
 - h. An 18" wide strip of non-woven geo-textile meeting the requirements of 620.58 shall be placed over all RCP joints
15. Existing culverts and catch basins will be cleaned as directed by the Resident under the appropriate pay items.
16. No existing drainage shall be abandoned, removed or plugged without prior approval of the Resident.
17. As directed by the Resident, all existing underdrain outlets shall be located, cleaned out and ditched as required or replaced as necessary. Payment will be made under appropriate contract items.
18. A 3 ft. x 3 ft. square riprap pad shall be constructed at underdrain outlets.
19. Guardrail end treatments shall be installed concurrently with the placement of each section of beam guardrail.
20. Holes created by Guardrail removal will be filled and compacted with approved materials as directed by the Resident. Payment to be considered incidental to the guardrail items.
21. Guardrail which is removed and not reused on the project shall become the property of the Contractor. Removal and disposal shall be considered incidental to the guardrail items.
22. Two Reflectorized Flexible G.R. Markers (Item 606.353) will be installed at each guardrail end.
23. A delineator post (Item 606.356) will be installed at each underdrain outlet.

GENERAL NOTES

24. Connections for proposed guardrail to existing guardrail will be considered incidental to Item 606.
25. Any base pavement not surfaced before winter will require temporary pavement markings of paint, both yellow centerline and white edge lines and will be considered incidental to Item 627.78.
26. Any damage to the slopes caused by the Contractor's equipment, personnel, or operation shall be repaired to the satisfaction of the resident. All work, equipment, and materials required to make repairs shall be at the Contractor's expense.
27. Plans of previously constructed projects are available on request.
28. Areas requiring fill on the project will come from suitable excavation from excavation, ditch and inslope or equipment rental areas.
29. No separate payment for superintendent or foreman will be made for the supervision of equipment and layout of work being paid for under the equipment rental items.
30. "Undetermined Locations" shall be determined by the Resident.
31. Stations referenced are approximate.
32. The contractor will place appropriately marked stakes at the following locations on the project: striping pattern changes, cross-slope changes, and every 500' for stationing. The contractor will paint every full station (100') on the existing roadway and will transfer the painted stationing through all intermediate lifts (not surface). Appropriately sized striping pattern changes will be painted on surface. Stationing control must be placed before work can commence. Cross-slope and striping change controls must be placed before paving can commence.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 101
CONTRACT INTERPRETATION
(Working Day – Pavement Preservation)

Add the following to 101.2 – Definitions:

Weather Event Any precipitation, such as rain, sleet, snow, or fog that causes wet pavement that prevents the contractor from completing work within the Construction Limits as determined by the Department. This excludes ambient air temperatures below Specification.

Weather Dependent Activities Contractor scheduled work that cannot be completed should a Weather Event occur. Paving or other activities as determined by the Department will be considered Weather Dependent Activities.

Working Day Any Calendar Day except:

- Identified non-work days in the Contract Special Provision 107
- Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays – as outlined in Section 107.3.3
- The period from November 15th to April 15th, inclusive
- Any day a Weather Event prevents the Contractor from performing at least seven hours of weather dependent activities, as determined by the Department. Up to a three-hour hold prior to the start of work may be required if weather conditions are uncertain.

The Contractor may request, in writing, a non-working day due to a Weather Event up to 16 hours in advance of the normal start time. The Department may approve this request depending on the certainty of the forecast.

If the Contractor elects to work a Saturday, an allowable holiday, or receives approval to work Sunday, the same process will be utilized to determine if it is a Working Day.

If the Contractor requests approval to work Saturday and does not cancel their request by Thursday at the end of shift, that Saturday will be considered a Working Day regardless of the actual weather conditions and whether work occurred.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 104
(WAGE RATES)

When two or more wage rate schedules appear in the bid Book, the highest rate shall prevail for each classification.

General Decision Number: ME20200047 01/03/2020

Superseded General Decision Number: ME20190047

State: Maine

Construction Type: Highway

County: Penobscot County in Maine.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Under Executive Order (EO) 13658, an hourly minimum wage of \$10.80 for calendar year 2020 applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2015. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must pay all workers in any classification listed on this wage determination at least \$10.80 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in calendar year 2020. If this contract is covered by the EO and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must pay workers in that classification at least the wage rate determined through the conformance process set forth in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(ii) (or the EO minimum wage rate, if it is higher than the conformed wage rate). The EO minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually.

Please note that this EO applies to the above-mentioned types of contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but it does not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(2)-(60). Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts.

Modification Number	Publication Date
0	01/03/2020

* ENGI0004-004 12/01/2019

	Rates	Fringes
POWER EQUIPMENT OPERATOR:		
Grader/Blade, Mechanic, Paver (Asphalt, Aggregate, and Concrete), Roller Asphalt.....	\$ 30.86	29.01

TEAM0340-003 01/01/2017

	Rates	Fringes
TRUCK DRIVER (Vacuum Truck).....	\$ 14.84	13.08

SUME2014-042 06/23/2017

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER, Includes Form Work....	\$ 18.95	3.23
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER...	\$ 19.27	1.13

ELECTRICIAN.....	\$ 25.78	6.83
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING.....	\$ 21.85	0.00
IRONWORKER, STRUCTURAL.....	\$ 22.33	4.50
LABORER: Asphalt, Includes Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and Distributor.....	\$ 17.08	2.48
LABORER: Common or General.....	\$ 12.83	2.20
LABORER: Landscape.....	\$ 17.03	2.81
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe.....	\$ 16.33	2.78
OPERATOR: Bobcat/Skid Steer/Skid Loader.....	\$ 19.26	5.57
OPERATOR: Broom/Sweeper.....	\$ 18.77	0.00
OPERATOR: Bulldozer.....	\$ 21.71	5.67
OPERATOR: Loader.....	\$ 18.94	7.66
OPERATOR: Milling Machine.....	\$ 26.83	7.05
OPERATOR: Roller (Earth).....	\$ 17.61	2.97
TRAFFIC CONTROL: Flagger.....	\$ 9.00	0.00

TRAFFIC CONTROL:**Laborer-Cones/****Barricades/Barrels -****Setter/Mover/Sweeper.....\$ 17.02 5.37****TRUCK DRIVER: Dump Truck.....\$ 14.56 6.32**

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

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Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts. Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of "identifiers" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than "SU" or "UAVG" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the "SU" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates.

Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data.

EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

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END OF GENERAL DECISION

State of Maine
Department of Labor
Bureau of Labor Standards
Augusta, Maine 04333-0045
Telephone (207) 623-7906

Wage Determination - In accordance with 26 MRS §1301 et. seq., this is a determination by the Bureau of Labor Standards, of the fair minimum wage rate to be paid to laborers and workers employed on the below titled project.

**2020 Fair Minimum Wage Rates
Highway & Earth Penobscot County**

<u>Occupation Title</u>	<u>Minimum Wage</u>	<u>Minimum Benefit</u>	<u>Total</u>	<u>Occupation Title</u>	<u>Minimum Wage</u>	<u>Minimum Benefit</u>	<u>Total</u>
Asphalt Raker	\$15.00	\$0.00	\$15.00	Laborers (Helpers & Tenders)	\$15.00	\$0.26	\$15.26
Backhoe Loader Operator	\$20.00	\$2.60	\$22.60	Laborer - Skilled	\$16.25	\$0.68	\$16.93
Boom Truck (Truck Crane) Operator	\$25.00	\$4.94	\$29.94	Loader Operator - Front-End	\$18.00	\$3.25	\$21.25
Bulldozer Operator	\$19.00	\$1.18	\$20.18	Mechanic- Maintenance	\$21.15	\$3.23	\$24.38
Carpenter	\$22.46	\$2.19	\$24.65	Millwright	\$29.82	\$7.73	\$37.55
Cement Mason/Finisher	\$16.00	\$4.04	\$20.04	Painter	\$18.00	\$0.45	\$18.45
Crane Operator =>15 Tons)	\$30.00	\$7.76	\$37.76	Paver Operator	\$20.25	\$0.47	\$20.72
Crusher Plant Operator	\$22.91	\$10.21	\$33.12	Pipelayer	\$23.78	\$1.60	\$25.38
Driller - Rock	\$12.00	\$8.82	\$20.82	Plumber (Licensed)	\$26.00	\$4.50	\$30.50
Electrician - Licensed	\$28.00	\$6.27	\$34.27	Reclaimer Operator	\$22.91	\$13.25	\$36.16
Electrician Helper/Cable Puller	\$18.00	\$1.84	\$19.84	Roller Operator - Earth	\$16.00	\$0.24	\$16.24
Elevator Constructor/Installer	\$20.00	\$1.78	\$21.78	Roller Operator - Pavement	\$22.91	\$13.25	\$36.16
Excavator Operator	\$19.91	\$1.43	\$21.34	Screed/Wheelman	\$17.75	\$0.24	\$17.99
Fence Setter	\$18.00	\$1.30	\$19.30	Stone Mason	\$20.00	\$0.42	\$20.42
Flagger	\$12.50	\$0.00	\$12.50	Truck Driver - Light	\$16.00	\$0.44	\$16.44
Grader/Scraper Operator	\$19.50	\$1.38	\$20.88	Truck Driver - Medium	\$17.80	\$2.34	\$20.14
Highway Worker/Guardrail Installer	\$18.00	\$1.54	\$19.54	Truck Driver - Heavy	\$16.00	\$0.26	\$16.26
Hot Top Plant Operator	\$22.91	\$13.25	\$36.16	Truck Driver - Tractor Trailer	\$16.50	\$0.00	\$16.50
Ironworker - Reinforcing	\$29.23	\$7.18	\$36.41	Truck Driver - Mixer (Cement)	\$17.25	\$2.26	\$19.51
Ironworker - Structural	\$26.01	\$22.27	\$48.28				

The Laborer classifications include a wide range of work duties. Therefore, if any specific occupation to be employed on this project is not listed in this determination, call the Bureau of Labor Standards at the above number for further clarification.

Welders are classified in the trade to which the welding is incidental.

Apprentices – The minimum wage rate for registered apprentices are those set forth in the standards and policies of the Maine State Apprenticeship and Training Council for approved apprenticeship programs.

Title 26 §1310 requires that a clearly legible statement of all fair minimum wage and benefits rates to be paid the several classes of laborers, workers and mechanics employed on the construction on the public work must be kept posted in a prominent and easily accessible place at the site by each contractor and subcontractor subject to sections 1304 to 1313.

Appeal – Any person affected by the determination of these rates may appeal to the Commissioner of Labor by filing a written notice with the Commissioner stating the specific grounds of the objection within ten (10) days from the filing of these rates.

A true copy

Attest:



Scott R. Cotnoir
Wage & Hour Director
Bureau of Labor Standards

Expiration Date: 12-31-2020

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
SECTION 104
Utilities

UTILITY COORDINATION

The contractor has primary responsibility for coordinating their work with utilities and/or railroad after contract award. The contractor shall communicate directly with the utilities and/or railroad regarding any utility work necessary to maintain the contractor's schedule and prevent project construction delays. The contractor shall notify the resident of any issues.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLAN AND CONDUCT WORK ACCORDINGLY.

MEETING

A Preconstruction Utility Conference, as defined in Subsection 104.4.6 of the Standard Specifications **IS NOT REQUIRED.**

GENERAL INFORMATION

These Special Provisions outline the arrangements that have been made by the Department for utility and/or railroad work to be undertaken in conjunction with this project. The following list identifies all known utilities or railroads having facilities presently located within the limits of this project or intending to install facilities during project construction.

Utilities and/or railroads have been notified and will be furnished a project specification.

Overview & Utility/Railroad Contact Information:

Utility/Railroad	Aerial	Underground	Contact Name	Contact Number
Emera Maine	X		Don King	949-3957
MaineDOT - Electrical	X	X	Ron Cote	446-2305
OTT Communications	X		Jim Knight	590-5111

Temporary utility/railroad adjustments **ARE NOT** anticipated. If any unexpected utility relocations become necessary, they shall be scheduled in accordance with Section 104 of the Standard Specifications and shall be performed by the appropriate utility company in conjunction with the work by the Contractor. Should the Contractor choose to have any poles temporarily relocated, all work shall be done at the Contractor's request and expense, with no additional cost or schedule impacts to the Department.

All adjustments are to be made by the respective utility/railroad unless otherwise specified herein.

Fire hydrants shall not be disturbed until all necessary work has been accomplished to provide proper fire protection.

***** Specific information regarding the line voltage can be requested from Emera Maine *****

Utility/railroad working days are Monday through Friday. Times are estimated on the basis of a single crew for each utility/railroad. Any times and dates mentioned are **estimates only** and are dependent upon favorable weather, working conditions, and freedom from emergencies. The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department if they are exceeded.

AERIAL

Aerial utility adjustments are not anticipated as part of this project. Utilities have been notified and if utility relocations, though unexpected, become necessary, they will be scheduled in compliance with Section 104 of the Standard Specifications and will be done by the utilities in conjunction with the work by the Contractor.

UNDERGROUND

Underground utility adjustments are not anticipated as part of this project. Utilities have been notified and if utility relocations, though unexpected, become necessary, they will be scheduled in compliance with Section 104 of the Standard Specifications and will be done by the utilities in conjunction with the work by the Contractor.

PLEASE NOTE

All underground utilities require **3 working days' notice** for any/all excavation or any other subsurface work around any underground facilities to schedule an on-site representative to be present. The contractor shall hand dig around all the underground facilities.

MAINTAINING UTILITY LOCATION MARKINGS

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the buried utility/railroad location markings following the initial locating by the appropriate utility/railroad or their designated representative.

UTILITY SIGNING

Any utility/railroad working within the construction limits of this project shall ensure that the traveling public is adequately protected at all times. All work areas shall be signed, lighted, and traffic flaggers employed as determined by field conditions. All traffic controls shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as issued by the Federal Highway Administration.

SPECIAL PROVISION 105
CONSTRUCTION AREA

Construction Areas located in **Argyle TWP, Edinburg, & Howland** have been established by the Maine Department of Transportation (MDOT) in accordance with provisions of 29-A § 2382 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated (MRSA).

The sections of highway under construction in Penobscot County:

Project 2240200 is on Interstate 95 northbound beginning at the Argyle TWP town line and extending north 15.57 miles to 0.15 miles north of the Howland EXIT 217/Route 6/155 interchange.

Per 29-A § 2382 (7) MRSA, the MDOT may “issue permits for stated periods of time for loads and equipment employed on public way construction projects, United States Government projects or construction of private ways, when within construction areas established by the Department of Transportation. The permit:

A. Must be procured from the municipal officers for a construction area within that municipality;

B. May require the contractor to be responsible for damage to ways used in the construction areas and may provide for:

(1) Withholding by the agency contracting the work of final payment under contract; or

(2) The furnishing of a bond by the contractor to guarantee suitable repair or payment of damages.

The suitability of repairs or the amount of damage is to be determined by the Department of Transportation on state-maintained ways and bridges, otherwise by the municipal officers;

C. May be granted by the Department of Transportation or by the state engineer in charge of the construction contract; and

D. For construction areas, carries no fee and does not come within the scope of this section.”

The Municipal Officers for **Argyle TWP, Edinburg, & Howland** agreed that an Overlimit Permit will be issued to the Contractor for the purpose of using loads and equipment on municipal ways in excess of the limits as specified in 29-A MRSA, on the municipal ways as described in the “Construction Area.”

As noted above, a bond may be required by the municipality, the exact amount of said bond to be determined prior to use of any municipal way. The MDOT will assist in determining the bond amount if requested by the municipality.

The maximum speed limits for trucks on any town way will be 25 mph (40 km per hour) unless a higher legal limit is specifically agreed upon in writing by the Municipal Officers concerned.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK
(Environmental Requirements)

In-Water work consists of any activity conducted below the normal high water mark of a river, stream, brook, lake, pond or “Coastal Wetland” areas that are subject to tidal action during the highest tide level for the year which an activity is proposed as identified in the tide tables published by the National Ocean Service. <http://www.oceanservice.noaa.gov/> For the full definition of “Coastal Wetlands”, please refer to 38 MRSA 480-B(2)

- I. In-Water Work shall not be allowed between the dates of October 1st and July 14th (In-Water work shall be allowed from July 15th to September 30th)
- II. This In-Water Work window shall apply to the following water bodies at the following stations:
1186+60, 1123+60, 1246+40, 1321+45, 1398+00, 1409+50, 1533+00
- III. Special Conditions of Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) Category II permit NAE-2018-03025 apply (see permit and conditions in contract documents).
- IV. To minimize the effects to the Federal Endangered Species Atlantic salmon (ATS), the following Special Conditions apply to the In-Water Work locations:
 1. The Contractor shall hold a pre-construction meeting with appropriate MaineDOT Environmental Office staff, other MaineDOT staff, and the Contractor(s) to review all procedures and requirements for avoiding and minimizing effects to ATS. The following individuals/agencies shall be invited: FHWA (Federal Highway Administration; Eva Birk, eva.birk@dot.gov), ACOE (Jay Clement, jay.l.clement@usace.army.mil); U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Patrick Dockens, patrick_dockens@fws.gov and Christopher DeVore, christopher_devore@fws.gov).
 2. All in-water excavation shall be conducted within a sealed cofferdam.
 3. All areas of temporary waterway or wetland fill shall be restored to their original contour and character upon completion of the project. Temporary fill includes fill that received authorization and fill that mistakenly enters a resource (i.e., from slope failures, accidental broken sandbag cofferdams
 4. All areas of disturbed soil shall be mulched and seeded with an approved native or non-invasive herbaceous seed mix following construction and/or planted with native woody vegetation and trees appropriate during the first available planting season. In areas where there is little to no slope, and erosion and invasive species establishment is unlikely, the native woody vegetation on the site shall be allowed to regenerate naturally.
 5. Grubbing (removal) of roots and stumps shall only occur in those resource areas subject to permanent impacts.
 6. All off-road equipment working within 25-feet of a stream (RUS) shall be cleaned to remove all soil, seeds, vegetation, or other debris that could contain seeds or reproductive portions of plants prior to entering the area to minimize the spread of

noxious weeds. All equipment shall be inspected prior to offloading to ensure they are clean.

7. Heavy construction equipment shall travel only over stream non-erodible substrate (e.g., ledge, cobble) and when approved by the MaineDOT Environmental Field Contact.
8. Suspended sediment treatment shall follow the procedures described in Attachment 1 “Dirty Water Treatment System”.
9. No equipment, materials, or machinery shall be stored, cleaned, fueled, or repaired within any wetland or stream resource. These activities shall occur more than 100 feet from any wetland or stream resource and shall follow the specifications of the SEWPCP.
10. All pumps and generators required for in-stream work shall be cleaned of external oil, grease, dirt, and mud such that turbid water does not drain to any wetland or stream. Any leaks of this equipment shall be fixed prior to entering streams or areas that drain directly to streams or wetlands. Operation shall follow the specifications of the SEWPCP.
11. Adult Atlantic salmon are not expected in the project area. If adult Atlantic salmon are observed during active construction, all activities shall cease and the MaineDOT shall immediately contact the Service’s Maine Field Office at 207/902-1586 (Patrick Dockens) or 207/902-1585 (Christopher DeVore) within 48 hours of occurrence. The MaineDOT will complete a fish evacuation as water flows permit.

V. Approvals:

1. Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan (SEWPCP)
2. Permitted Protected Natural Resource Impacts, see Corps Category 2 Permit Number NAE-2018-03025 for locations:
 - a. Wetland
 - i. Permanent: none- **No additional riprap permitted**
 - ii. Temporary: 205 s.f.- due to cofferdams/dewatering
 - b. Stream
 - i. Permanent: none- **No additional riprap permitted**
 - ii. Temporary: 510 s.f. – due to cofferdams/dewatering

V. No work is allowed that completely blocks a river, stream, or brook without providing downstream flow.

VII. All activities are prohibited (including placement and removal of cofferdams unless otherwise permitted by Regulatory Agencies) below the normal high water mark if outside the prescribed in-water work window, except for the following:

1. Work within a cofferdam constructed according to MaineDOT’s Standard Specifications and in adherence with the contractors approved “Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan”.

NOTE: Reauthorization of the ACOE Permit is required for any work in jurisdictional resources that is not completed by October 13, 2021. The Contractor shall allow up to 2 weeks for MaineDOT to reauthorize the permit prior to beginning construction

Attachment 1 – “Dirty Water” Treatment System

After the cofferdams have been installed, it is necessary to dewater the work area itself. This water is then pumped into a sediment basin for filtration. The contractor will implement the following steps for the dewatering and filtering process.

1. The system will be installed according to MaineDOT’s Best Management Practices (BMP) Manual.
2. The filter basin may be composed of hay bales and filter fabric (Figure 3-14). Filter fabric is placed inside of the hay bale barrier to filter sediment. These sediments will be disposed of away from the stream in a manner that they cannot erode back into the stream.
3. Proprietary products, such as ‘dirt bags,’ can also be used. A ‘dirt bag’ is a large bag built with filter fabric that will filter turbid water similar to the basin technique described above.
4. The sedimentation basin will be located close to the project location with adequate vegetation between it and the stream to act as a filter.
5. Pumping
 - a. Hoses will be setup between the treatment basin and the work area to be dewatered.
 - b. The “dirty water” pump(s) will then be started in the water will be pumped to the treatment area.
6. The work area will then be pumped as dry as possible.
7. If there is leakage around the cofferdam, or upwelling in the work area, pockets will be excavated in the work area to collect the water. This water will be pumped into the “dirty water” system for treatment, prior to its release back into the stream. (See Figure 3-13 for a pump intake used for maintenance pumping.) Clean crushed stone is often placed around this pump intake to minimize further suspended sediments from being pumped in the treatment basin.

**SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK
(LIMITATIONS OF OPERATIONS)**

- 1. The contractor shall plan operations so that the Resident will have sufficient advance notification to provide the necessary inspection and testing. Sufficient notification will be considered 48 hours.**
- 2. The contractor will provide the Resident with a 48-hour written notice before beginning night work. After receiving this notice, no work shall be allowed for 48 hours. Once work has been completed, the contractor will provide the same notice to return to day work.**
- 3. Over-night / Off Shift lane closures will be permitted**
- 4. Lane closure length will be kept to a minimum required for the day's operation, not to exceed 6.0 miles.**
- 5. All pipe work and rental items shall be completed in an area prior to the contractor commencing placement of HMA surface in a given area.**
- 6. Shoulder closures will not be permitted while the opposite lane is closed.**
- 7. Interstate Crossovers shall not be allowed to be utilized to change direction, unless both passing lanes are closed simultaneously. When the Contractor chooses to utilize crossovers, the opposite side lane closure shall be removed at the end of the shift. The use of crossovers must be addressed in the Contractor's traffic control plan. The utilization of the crossovers will be at the discretion of the Department.**
- 8. All reduced work zone speeds shall be covered or removed when lane closures are removed, or no work is present.**

MaineDOT DBE Project Attainment Target (PAT)
for this Project is 7.5 %

The MaineDOT seeks to meet the specified annual Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) usage goal set out by 49 CFR 26.45 through the efforts of contractors seeking to employ qualified DBE subcontractors. We seek to meet this goal by race neutral means and do not, at this time, use contract specific requirements for each project. We do however, understand the capacity of Maine's DBE community and the unique characteristics a project may have that would differ from the broad annual goal.

Taking this into consideration, the MaineDOT will review each project and develop an anticipated attainment or Project Attainment Target (PAT) based on several factors that are project specific. Those factors include:

- ☐ Scope of Work
- ☐ DBE availability according to Specification Item
- ☐ Geographic location
- ☐ DBE capacity

This PAT is developed to assist contractors to better understand the DBE participation that the MaineDOT can reasonably expect for a specific project. The PAT is NOT a mandate but an assessment of the DBE opportunities that this project could meet or exceed. MaineDOT anticipates that each contractor will make the best effort to reach or exceed the PAT for this project.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
PROSECUTION AND PROGRESS
(Contract Time – Working Days)

This Contract shall be completed within **(98)** working days. The Contractor may begin work anytime on or after **April 15, 2020** in accordance with Standard Specification 104.4.2 and upon approval of all required submittals. Time charge will commence on the start date or no later than **May 11, 2020** whichever occurs first.

At least 21 calendar days prior to the desired Begin Construction Date **and no later than June 15th**, the Contractor shall submit an **electronic copy of their signed request to begin work and the Begin Construction Date**. This signed request shall be sent read receipt through **email** with their **Schedule of Work**, in accordance with Standard Specification 107.4.2, to **Shawn.Smith@Maine.gov**, **Dale.Mayo@Maine.gov**, **Scott.Bickford@Maine.gov**. The Contractor shall notify all utility contacts listed in the 104 Special Provision and provide the utility contacts the submitted schedule of work within 2 calendar days of the schedule of work submittal. **A penalty in the amount of \$500/day will be assessed for each calendar day or partial calendar day beyond June 15th that the schedule of work is not received.** Upon receipt of the schedule of work, a pre-construction meeting will be scheduled.

The Contractor may request to adjust the submitted schedule of work and Begin Construction Date once after the initial submittal. The Department will allow adjustments in the Begin Construction Date of up to **seven calendar days** if the request is made at least **21 calendar days** prior to the updated Begin Construction Date. This signed request shall be sent read receipt through **email** with their **Schedule of Work**, in accordance with Standard Specification 107.4.2, to **Shawn.Smith@Maine.gov**, **Dale.Mayo@Maine.gov**, and **Scott.Bickford@Maine.gov**. The Contractor shall notify all utility contacts listed in the 104 Special Provision and provide the utility contacts the updated schedule of work within 2 calendar days of the request to adjust the Begin Construction Date.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
(Contract Time)

1. The Contractor shall be allowed to work 6 days per week unless otherwise authorized by the Department or stated elsewhere in contract documents.

Except no work will be allowed on:

May 23 beginning at 6 a.m. to May 26 at 6 a.m.

July 2 beginning at 6 p.m. to July 6 at 6 a.m.

September 4 beginning at 6 p.m. to September 8 at 6 a.m.

2. Ramps may be closed Monday night through Friday morning between the hours of 7 pm to 6 am with 72 hours' notice. Work on ramps may continue after these hours with shoulder closures only. The contractor shall notify local emergency personnel resources of closure dates and times. Under no circumstances will two adjacent on or off ramps be closed simultaneously. Message Boards will be in-place 72 hours prior to ramp closure with a message approved by the Department.
3. Any circumstance outside of these time frames, the Contractor shall be charged Supplemental Liquidated Damages as outlined in Special Provision 107 (Supplemental Liquidated Damages).

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
TIME
(Liquidated Damages)
(Working Days)

107.7.2 SCHEDULE OF LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Revise this section by removing the numbers in the chart and replace with the following:

Original Contract Amount

From More Than		To and Including	Amount of Liquidated Damages per Working Day
\$ 0	to	\$ 100,000.00	\$400.00
\$ 100,000.00	to	\$ 250,000.00	\$800.00
\$ 250,000.00	to	\$ 500,000.00	\$1,000.00
\$ 500,000.00	to	\$1,000,000.00	\$1,250.00
\$1,000,000.00	to	\$2,000,000.00	\$1,600.00
\$2,000,000.00	to	\$4,000,000.00	\$2,000.00
\$4,000,000.00	and	More	\$3,350.00

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
SCHEDULING OF WORK

Replace Section 107.4.2 with the following:

"107.4.2 Schedule of Work Required Within 21 Days of Contract Execution and before beginning any on-site activities, the Contractor shall provide the Department with its Schedule of Work. The Contractor shall plan the Work, including the activity of Subcontractors, vendors, and suppliers, such that all Work will be performed in Substantial Conformity with its Schedule of Work. The Schedule must include sufficient time for the Department to perform its functions as indicated in this Contract, including QA inspection and testing, approval of the Contractor's TCP, SEWPCP and QCP, and review of Working Drawings.

At a minimum, the Schedule of Work shall include a bar chart which shows the major Work activities, milestones, durations, submittals and approvals, and a timeline. Milestones to be included in the schedule include: (A) start of Work, (B) beginning and ending of planned Work suspensions, (C) Completion of Physical Work, and (D) Completion. If the Contractor Plans to Complete the Work before the specified Completion date, the Schedule shall so indicate.

Any restrictions that affect the Schedule of Work such as paving restrictions or In-Stream Work windows must be charted with the related activities to demonstrate that the Schedule of Work complies with the Contract.

The Department will review the Schedule of Work and provide comments to the Contractor within 20 days of receipt of the schedule. The Contractor will make the requested changes to the schedule and issue the finalized version to the Department."

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
SECTION 202
REMOVING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS
(Removing Pavement Surface – Medium Cut Drum)

The November 2014 Revision of the Standard Specifications, Section 202-Removing Structures and Obstructions, subsection 202.061-Removing Pavement Surface, has been removed and replaced in its entirety by the following:

202.061 Removing Pavement Surface The equipment for removing the bituminous surface shall be a power operated milling machine or grinder capable of removing bituminous concrete pavement to the required depth, transverse cross slope, and profile grade using an automated grade and slope control system. The controls shall automatically increase or decrease the pavement removal depth as required, and readily maintain desired cross slope, to compensate for surface irregularities in the existing pavement course. The equipment shall be capable of accurately establishing profile grades by referencing from a fixed reference such as a 30 foot minimum contact ski (floating beam), 24 foot non-contact ski (floating beam) with 3 or more sensors; or 3 non-contact sensors directly affixed at the fore, mid, and aft points of the milling machine. Systems designed to incorporate a contact sensor located at the mid-point of the milling machine in lieu of the non-contact sensor will be permitted. Grade control sensors shall all be located on the same side. A single sensor, contact or otherwise, shall not be permitted unless otherwise approved by the Department.

The rotary drum shall be a minimum of 7 feet in width and utilize carbide tip tools spaced not more than $\frac{5}{16}$ inches (8mm) apart and a minimum triple wrap configuration. The difference in height from the top of any ridge to the bottom of the groove adjacent to that ridge shall not exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ inch. The forward speed of the milling machine shall be adjusted to produce a milled surface meeting the groove spacing, groove depth, and surface tolerance requirements of this specification. The tools on the revolving cutting drum must be continually maintained and shall be replaced as warranted to provide a uniform pavement texture. The Department may evaluate the texture of the milled surface for information purposes by performing the Sand Patch test according to ASTM E 965.

The Contractor shall locate and remove all objects in the pavement through the work area that would be detrimental to the milling or grinding machine. Any structures or obstructions left within the travel lane or shoulders shall have tapers installed according to Standard Detail 202(01). The finished milled surface will be inspected before being accepted, and any deviations in the profile exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ inch under a 16 foot string line or straightedge placed parallel to the centerline will be corrected. Any deviations in the cross-slope that exceed $\frac{1}{8}$ inch under a 10 foot string line or straightedge placed transversely to centerline will be corrected. All corrections will be made with approved methods and materials. Any areas that require corrective measures will be subject to the same acceptance tolerances. Excess material that becomes bonded to the milled surface will be removed to the Resident's satisfaction before the area is accepted.

On roadways with adjoining lanes carrying traffic, the Contractor shall remove the pavement surface in each lane per the conditions in Table 1, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Special Provision, Section 105 – Limitations of Operations.

TABLE 1: MILLING CONDITIONS FOR ADJOINING LANES

Depth (At Centerline)	Milling Conditions
Vertical Longitudinal Joint	
¾" and less	The Contractor may remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day.
1" to 1 ¼"	The Contractor may remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension.
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall remove the pavement over the full width of the traveled way section being milled that day.
12:1 Tapered Centerline Joint	
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension. A maximum unmatched centerline joint length of 0.5 miles will be permitted over the weekend.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.

The Contractor will be required to remove the pavement over the full width of the mainline traveled way, regardless of highway type, cut depth, or longitudinal joint type prior to Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, suspensions exceeding three days, or other dates as specified by Special Provision, Section 105 – Limitations of Operations.

The Contractor will also be responsible for installing additional warning signage that clearly defines the centerline elevation differential hazard. Unless otherwise addressed in the contract, the Contractor shall install additional centerline delineation such as a double RPM application, or temporary painted line. The Traffic Control Plan shall be amended to include this option and the additional requirements. All signs and traffic control devices will conform to Section 719.01, and Section 652, and will be installed prior to the work, at a maximum spacing of 0.50 mile for the entire length of effected roadway section. If this option is utilized, all additional signing, labor, traffic control devices, or incidentals will not be paid for directly, will be considered incidental to the appropriate 652 items.

On roadways with immediately adjacent shoulders, the Contractor shall remove the pavement surface in each lane per the conditions in Table 2, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Special Provision, Section 105 – Limitations of Operations.

TABLE 2: MILLING CONDITIONS FOR THE EDGE OF TRAVELED WAY

Depth (At Edge of Traveled Way)	Conditions
1" or less	The Contractor may leave a vertical edge joint exposed indefinitely.
Greater than 1" to 2"	The Contractor may leave a vertical edge joint exposed for up to <u>21 days</u> after milling is performed. The Contractor shall treat vertical edge joints exposed beyond 21 days per the criteria below.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall treat vertical edge joints exposed per the criteria below.

When required by Table 2, the Contractor shall treat vertical edge joints through one of the options below:

1. The vertical edge shall be tapered to a zero edge by means of milling a 12:1 transition from the edge of traveled way onto the shoulder before opening the lane to traffic. Tapers shall be removed to form a vertical edge prior to the placement of the new pavement course. No additional payment will be made for tapers, or taper removal.
2. An additional 2 feet of pavement shall be removed from the shoulder to eliminate the vertical edge at the edge of travelway before opening the lane to traffic. Unless otherwise authorized by the Department, no additional payment will be made for the additional milling.
3. A pavement layer shall be placed to reduce the vertical edge to 1 inch or less before opening the lane to traffic.

As a minimum, the use of temporary painted line, or RPMs placed along the edge of traveled way at 200 foot intervals is required for all elevation differentials. When pavement milling is extended into the shoulder (including milled tapers), appropriate channelization devices shall be placed 2 feet outside the edge of the vertical face at intervals not exceeding 600 feet, and RPMs shall be placed on the remaining pavement surface along the vertical edge at 200 foot intervals. Uneven pavement signs shall be placed at a maximum spacing of ½ mile when any pavement milling operations leaves an exposed uneven pavement surface.

Weepers shall be ground across the full width sections adjacent shoulders or remaining pavement surface matching the milled travel way or shoulder milled depth to minimize water ponding in any lanes carrying traffic. Weepers shall typically be 18 – 24" inches in width, installed along each lane, at a frequency of approximately one per half mile at locations as directed by the Resident or in areas that will provide drainage for the milled areas. Installation of weepers will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to the contracts pavement removal item. The replacement of mix in the weeper locations shall be performed concurrently within the pavement placement operation closure using the appropriate HMA item produced for the Contract or a MaineDOT approved 9.5mm HMA. There will be no separate payment for repaving the weeper locations as they are considered incidental to the square yard price of the contracts pavement removal item.

Any areas of concern, such as de-lamination or pot-holing shall be identified on a continuous basis as milling progresses. Proper corrective action will be determined by the Resident and paid for under the appropriate contract items, and if required, completed prior to opening lane to traffic. Any issues that arise **up to 21 calendar days** after being milled will be the responsibility of the MaineDOT unless otherwise noted in Special Provision Section 105 – Limitations Of Operations.

Basis of Payment

The square yard or hourly rental contract price will be full compensation for mobilizing to the site, de-mobilizing from the site, labor, supervision, cleaning of the milled surface, and all other incidentals required to complete the work. Hauling and stockpiling of the material will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to the milling items.

Square Yard: Payment will be made at the contract unit price for the number of square yards removed.

Hourly: Payment will be made at the contract unit price for the number of hours of operation removing pavement surface as directed by the Resident. The equipment used for pavement removal shall be operated at the minimum speed of 50 fpm, unless the Resident directs otherwise for milled surface quality reasons, or traffic control limitations impact pavement removal operations, or site conditions make operations at the prescribed rate unreasonable. Trimming to create a vertical face along curb line, guardrail, or around structures will be considered incidental to the 202.202 items. Additional trimming beyond the incidental work described will be paid under the appropriate rental items as listed in the Contract.

Pay ItemPay Unit

202.2023 Removing Pavement Surface - Medium Cut Drum	S.Y.
202.20231 Removing Pavement Surface - Medium Cut Drum (Hourly)	Hour

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 202
REMOVING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS
(Shoulder Rumble Strip)

Description This work shall consist of milling a pattern onto highway shoulders at the spacing, offset, width, and depth shown on the plans. Rumble strips shall not be placed across ramp openings, crossover openings, or bridges.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Removing Material The bituminous material shall be removed by a cold milling machine capable of removing the pavement to the required depth and width. The machine must be adjustable to grind or plane on various cross-slopes. Salvage and disposal of bituminous material shall be in accordance with Section 203.

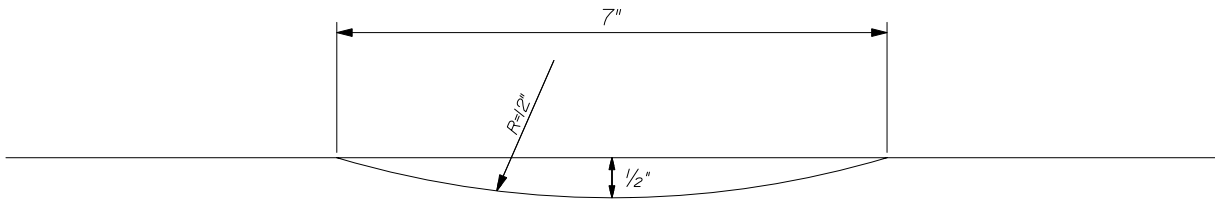
Equipment The equipment shall be a cold milling machine or a cold planing machine specially manufactured for rumble strips. This machine shall be capable of cutting 1200 rumble strips per hour of operation. The Contractor will perform a test section prior to rumble strip installation and at any time as directed by the Resident. The test section will be done to ensure that the machine is capable of milling the rumble strips in accordance with these specifications and the plans.

Method of Measurement Rumble strips will be measured by the meter [foot] longitudinally along the edge of the travelway. For rumbled strips that are broken at regular intervals to permit emergency stopping on shoulders for motorcycles, the length measured for payment shall include the full running length including the regular breaks. Breaks in rumble strip installation for acceleration lanes, deceleration lanes, and crossovers will not be included in the length measured for payment.

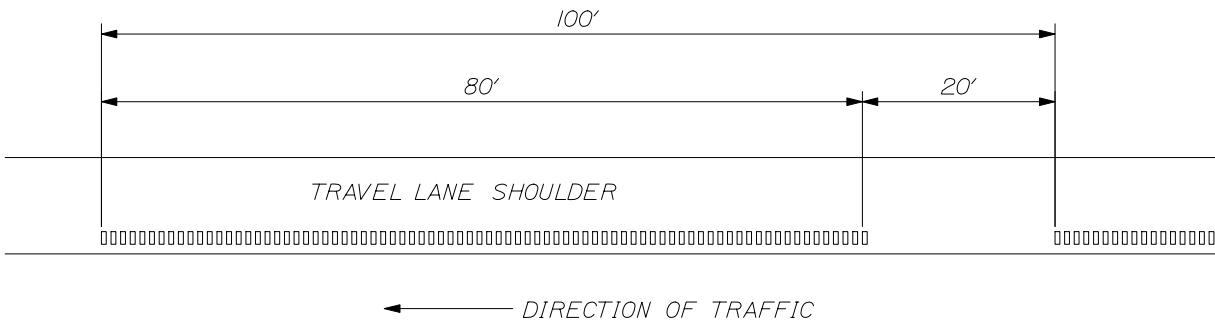
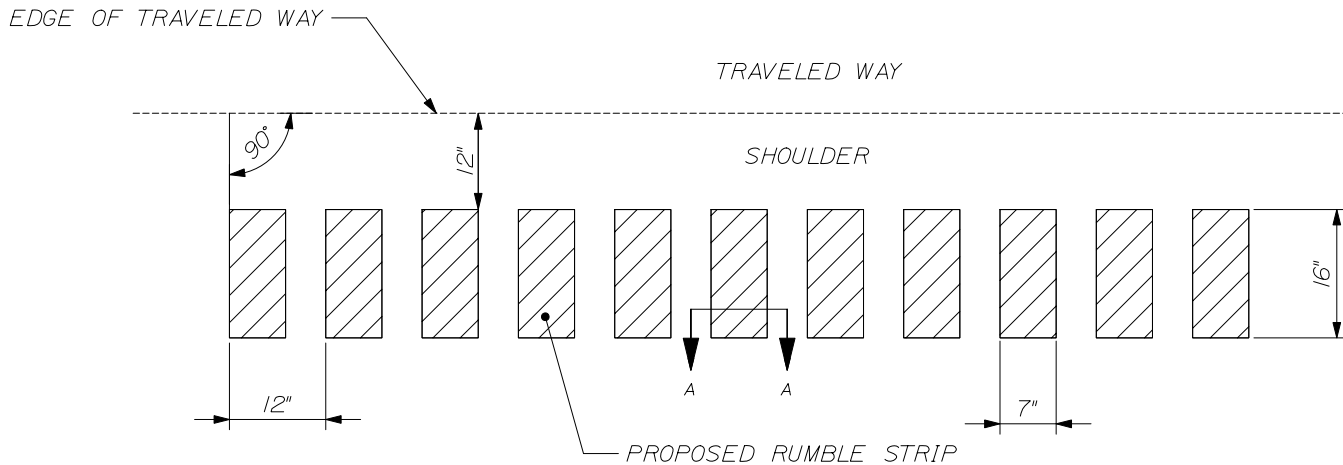
Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of rumble strips will be paid for at the unit price bid per foot [meter] which price will be full compensation for removing and salvaging the bituminous material and for any labor, equipment, and incidentals needed to complete this work.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
202.205 Rumble Strip - Shoulder	Foot [Meter]



SECTION A - A



BREAK DETAIL

NOTES:

1. SHOULDER RUMBLE STRIPS SHALL BE PLACED ON THE MEDIAN AND OUTSIDE SHOULDER AS SHOWN IN THE ABOVE DETAIL.

2. ON THE OUTSIDE SHOULDER, THE RUMBLE STRIP PLACEMENT SHALL BE BROKEN FOR A DISTANCE OF 20 FT FOR EVERY 80 FT PLACED.

SHOULDER RUMBLE STRIP DETAIL - INTERSTATE

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 205
SHOULDER RECONSTRUCTION

The following additions are made to Section 205 Subsections 205.06 and 205.11 of the November 2014 Edition of the Standard Specifications.

205.06 Method of Measurement:

The quantity of widening of existing shoulders measured for payment will be the number of square yards [square meters] measured in place.

205.11 Basis of Payment:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
205.512 Widening of Existing Shoulder	Square Yard

SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

401.01 Description The Contractor shall furnish a uniformly blended, homogeneous mixture placed as one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement (HMA) on an approved base in accordance with the contract documents and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness, and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established by the Resident. The Department will accept this work under Quality Assurance provisions, in accordance with these specifications and the requirements of Section 106 – Quality, the provisions of AASHTO M 323 except where otherwise noted in sections 401 and 703 of these specifications, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

401.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 - Materials:

Asphalt Cement	702.01
Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
RAP for HMA Pavement	703.08
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

401.03 Composition of Mixtures The Contractor shall compose the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement with aggregate, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB), and mineral filler if required. HMA shall be designed and tested according to AASHTO R35 and the volumetric criteria in Table 1. The Contractor shall size, uniformly grade, and combine the aggregate fractions in proportions that provide a mixture meeting the grading requirements of the Job Mix Formula (JMF). Unless otherwise noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at 65 gyrations.

TABLE 1: VOLUMETRIC DESIGN CRITERIA

Design ESAL's (Million s)	Required Density (Percent of G _{mm})			Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA)(Minimum Percent)					Voids Filled with Binder (VFB) (Minimum %)	Fines/Eff. Binder Ratio
				Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size (mm)						
	N _{initial}	N _{design}	N _{max}	25	19	12.5	9.5	4.75		
<0.3	≤91.5	96.0	≤98.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	70-80	0.6-1.2
0.3 to <3	≤90.5								65-80	
3 to <10	≤89.0								65-80*	
10 to <30										
> 30										

*For 9.5 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 82. For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 84.

The Contractor shall submit for Department approval a JMF to the Asphalt Pavement Engineer for each mixture to be supplied. The JMF will be approved by the Department in accordance with the MaineDOT HMA Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing Manual. At the time of JMF submittal, the Contractor shall identify and make available the stockpiles of all proposed aggregates at the plant site. There must be a minimum of 150 ton for coarse aggregate stockpiles and 75 ton for fine aggregate stockpiles before the JMF may be submitted. The Contractor shall provide aggregate samples to the Department unless otherwise required. The Contractor shall also make available to the Department the PGAB proposed for use in the mix in sufficient quantity to test the properties of the asphalt and to produce samples for testing of the mixture. The first day's production shall be monitored, and the approval may be withdrawn if the mixture exhibits undesirable characteristics such as checking, shoving or displacement. The Contractor shall be allowed to submit mix changes for a JMF as outlined in the MaineDOT HMA Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing Manual: Mix Design Approval Section.

The Contractor shall submit a new JMF for approval each time a change in material source or materials properties is proposed. The same approval process shall be followed. The cold feed percentage of any aggregate may be adjusted up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF, however no aggregate listed on the JMF shall be eliminated. The cold feed percentage for RAP may be reduced up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF and shall not exceed the percentage of RAP approved in the JMF or for the specific application under any circumstances.

401.031 Warm Mix Technology The Contractor may place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement produced with an accepted WMA technology if approved by the Department. Methods or technologies shall generally be at the Contractors option, but will be limited to proven, Agency and Industry accepted practice. Mixture production, placement and volumetric testing details, including temperatures, shall be included in the project specific QCP, and submitted to the Department for approval prior to any work.

401.04 Temperature Requirements The temperature of the mixture shall conform to the tolerances in Table 2 as measured at the truck at the mixing plant and at the paver unless otherwise authorized by the Department.

TABLE 2: ALLOWABLE TEMPERATURE RANGES

PGAB Grade(s)	Temperature Range (°F)
PG58-28 / PG64-28	275-325
PG64E-28 / PG70E-28	285-335

401.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder The Contractor shall utilize either a PG58-28, PG64-28, PG64E-28, PG70E-28, or other grade as specified in the 403 Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize a PG64-28 if no liquid grade is specified within the 403 Special Provision.

401.06 Weather and Seasonal Limitations The State is divided into two paving zones as follows:

- a. Zone 1 Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais.
- b. Zone 2 Areas south of Zone 1 including the US Route 2 and Route 9 boundaries.

TABLE 3: SEASONAL AND TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS

Use	Minimum Ambient Air Temperature	Zone 1 Allowable Placement Dates	Zone 2 Allowable Placement Dates
Surface course (travelway & adjacent shoulders) less than 1 in. thick placed during conditions defined as “night work”	50°F	June 1 to Saturday following September 1	
Surface course (travelway & adjacent shoulders) less than 1 in. thick	50°F	May 15 to Saturday following September 15	
Travelway surface course greater than or equal to 1 in. thick	50°F	May 1 to Saturday following October 1	April 15 to Saturday following October 15
HMA for surface course on bridge decks	50°F	May 1 to Saturday following October 1	April 15 to Saturday following October 15
HMA for base or shim course on bridge decks	50°F	April 15 to November 15	
HMA for use other than travelway surface course	40°F	April 15 to November 15	
HMA for curb, driveways, sidewalks, islands, or other incidentals	40°F	N/A	N/A
HMA produced with an approved WMA technology for base or shim course	35°F	April 15 to November 15	

The ambient air temperature shall be determined by an approved thermometer placed in the shade at the paving location. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall not place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement on a wet or frozen surface regardless of the ambient air temperature. The Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement produced with an approved WMA technology shall meet the requirements of section 401.04 - Temperature Requirements, unless otherwise approved by the Department. For the purposes of this Section, the traveled way includes truck lanes, ramps, approach roads and auxiliary lanes.

401.07 Hot Mix Asphalt Plant

401.071 General Requirements HMA plants shall conform to AASHTO M156, Standard Specification for Requirements for Mixing Plants for Hot-Mixed, Hot-Laid Bituminous Paving Mixtures with exception of Section 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.3.4, 4.3.5, and 4.12.2.

All HMA plants will be inspected annually by the Department prior to producing HMA for Department projects. The Contractor shall provide the Department at least 72 hour’s notice that the plant is ready for inspection. The HMA plant will be equipped with ladders and platforms that are accessible and safe to obtain belt and binder samples. The HMA plant will have a sampling platform to perform HMA sampling from the back of haul units. Silo storage time of mixtures shall not exceed 36 hours.

401.072 Stockpiles HMA plants shall have sufficient space for stockpiles, with a minimum of supply for 2 days production of all aggregate products used in MaineDOT approved mix designs currently under production for the facility at all times. A minimum stockpile supply of 100 ton (70 yards) shall be maintained always no matter the production rate for the HMA plant. Stockpiles shall be separated and built to minimize segregation. All aggregate stockpiles of products used in MaineDOT approved mix designs shall be labelled with signage made of weather-proof material. Stockpile identification signs shall be a minimum size of 12” high and 24” wide with reflective lettering that is a minimum of 2” in height. The sign shall be placed so that it is easily readable from outside the stockpile area.

401.073 Cold Feeds Cold Feed Bins will have bin dividers to keep aggregate from intermingling between bins. Adequate means must be provided for obtaining samples of the complete and combined flow of all Cold feed bins. Cold feed bins will not be required to have individual sampling locations.

401.074 Dryer Dryer shall be capable of heating aggregate to required mixing temperature and shall be in good operation and condition. Dryer shall be subject to annual inspection prior to start-up. The Contractor shall dry and heat the aggregates for the HMA to the required temperature. The Contractor shall properly adjust flames to avoid physical damage to the aggregate and to avoid depositing soot on the aggregate. The Contractor shall provide the Department the opportunity to inspect the dryer prior to the annual inspection. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the dryer and provide at least 24 hour's notice that the dryer is ready for inspection.

401.075 Asphalt Binder Asphalt binder heating system shall heat binder to proper mixing temperature. A thermometer shall be provided in the asphalt binder line. Indirect asphalt binder heating system shall be used and no direct flame may come in contact with tank. The temperature of asphalt binder shall be uniformly maintained using insulation or another approved method. An asphalt binder sampling valve shall be provided in the circulation line. The sampling valve shall be provided downstream of any binder additive used. The use of a different sampling location may be approved by the Department. The Contractor shall drain down the asphalt as low as safely possible in any tank that will be switched to a new source or grade prior to adding the new PGAB.

401.076 Additives Additives (WMA, anti-strip, etc.) not directly introduced into the binder at the terminal shall be introduced into the HMA plant per the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Asphalt Pavement Engineer, Pavement Quality Manager, or their authorized representative. The system for introducing additives shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all rates of production and batch sizes. Additive introduction systems shall be controlled by a proportioning device to the amount required on the JMF plus or minus 0.1% of the target. Additive introduction systems shall be interlocked with the plant and the recordation (batch tickets or drum recordation) shall display the additive and the weight and percentage added. A means for sampling any mixture additives will be provided. The sampling point shall be after the additive is mixed with the PGAB before entering the drum or mixer unit.

401.077 Batch Plants

Hot Bins

Hot bins shall provide uniform continuous operation and be in good working condition. The plant shall be able to provide samples of hot bins upon request. Overflow shall be provided for each hot bin. Hot bin gates shall close without leaking. Bin walls must prevent intermingling between bins. Each hot bin shall have telltale devices ("low level indicator") which will alert the operator when the bin is empty.

Mixer Unit

Clearance between blades and liner shall be adjusted to 1" maximum, unless the aggregate exceeds 1 ¼" then the clearance shall be 1 ½". The spray bar length shall be at least 75% of the mixer length. The mixer unit shall be a twin pug mill-type mixer capable of mixing continuously for at least 45 seconds after all materials have been introduced into the mixer. The blades in the mixer shall be of sufficient number and size, capable of producing a homogenous mixture. If the mixer is not enclosed, it shall be equipped with an adjustable hood to prevent loss of dust by dispersion. The mixer unit shall be subject to annual inspection prior to removal of safety features and being readied for service. The Contractor shall provide the Department the opportunity to inspect the mixer unit prior to the annual inspection. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the mixer unit and provide at least 24 hour's notice that the mixer unit is ready for inspection.

Mineral Filler

Mineral filler and fiber shall utilize separate bins and feed systems to store and proportion the required quantity into the mixture. The feed systems shall be accurate to no more than 10% of the required weight with a convenient and accurate means of calibration. Mineral filler and fiber shall be introduced in the weigh hopper and uniformly distributed prior to the injection of the asphalt binder.

Automation

The HMA batch plant shall automatically batch materials, mixes and discharges mixes. The batch plant shall accurately proportion the various materials in the proper order by weight. The entire batching and mixing cycle shall be continuous and shall not require any manual operations. The batch plant shall use auxiliary interlock circuits to trigger an audible alarm whenever an error exceeding the acceptable tolerance occurs. Along with the alarm, the printer shall print an asterisk on the delivery slip in the same row containing the out-of-tolerance weight. The automatic proportioning system shall be capable of consistently delivering material within the full range of batch sizes. When RAP is being used, the plant must be capable of automatically compensating for the moisture content of the RAP.

The HMA batch plant shall be operated within the following tolerances:

Each aggregate component	+/-1.5% cumulative, per bin
Mineral Filler	+/- 0.5%
Bituminous Material	+/- 0.1%
Zero return (aggregate)	+/- 0.5%
Zero Return (AC)	+/- 0.1%
Additives	+/- 0.1%

Recordation

All plants shall be equipped with an approved digital recording device. The printer shall mark any weight on the ticket that exceeds tolerance. The delivery slip load ticket shall contain information required under Section 108.1.3 - Provisions Relating to Certain Measurements, Mass and paragraphs a, b, and c of Section 401.078.

401.078 Drum PlantsCold Feeds and Delivery System

A scalper screen shall be used to remove oversize material. The accuracy of the belt scale shall be within +/- 1.0% of the actual weight being measured. The HMA drum plant shall be capable of correcting for aggregate moisture. Mineral filler and fiber shall utilize separate bin(s) and feeder systems to store and proportion the required quantity into the mixture. The feed systems shall be accurate to no more than +/- 10% of the required weight with a convenient and accurate means of calibration. The plant shall be equipped with a single control to change all feed rates. Mineral filler and fiber shall be introduced such that dry mixing is accomplished no less than 18 inches prior to the injection of the asphalt binder. The Contractor shall ensure that the mineral filler does not become entrained in the exhaust stream of the dryer.

Binder System

The flow of asphalt binder shall adjust automatically with dry aggregate weights. The Department will conduct an asphalt flow meter check annually and after each plant change of location. The flow meter check must be performed prior to receiving approval to produce for Department projects. The plant must be configured to provide a convenient means to check accuracy of the flow meter. The flow meter will be considered accurate if the measured weight is within 1% of actual weight.

Drum Mixer

The HMA drum plant shall be equipped with a diversion system where mix can be diverted at startup/shutdown and any time. The drum mixer shall be subject to annual inspection prior to removal of safety features and being readied for service. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the drum mixer while providing at least 72 hour's notice that the drum mixer is ready for inspection.

Recordation An approved automatic ticket printer system shall be used with all approved HMA drum plants. The requirements for delivery slips for payment of materials measured by weight, as given in the following Sections, shall be waived: 108.1.3 a., 108.1.3 b., 108.1.3 c., and 108.1.3 d. The automatic printed ticket will be considered as the Weight Certificate. The dry aggregate weights and binder flow shall be recorded as well as mineral filler and all binder additives. The recordation of materials shall be printed a minimum of every ten minutes while in production.

The requirements of Section 108.1.3 f. - Delivery Slips, shall be met by the weigh slip or ticket, printed by the automatic system, which accompanies each truckload, except for the following changes:

- a. The quantity information required shall be individual weights of each batch or total net weight of each truckload.
- b. Signatures (legible initials acceptable) of Weighmaster (required only in the event of a malfunction as described in 401.074 c.).
- c. The MaineDOT designation for the JMF.

401.079 Scales and Weight Checks When the HMA is to be weighed on scales meeting the requirements of Section 108 - Payment, the scales shall be inspected and sealed by the State Sealer (or approved alternative) as often as the Department deems necessary to verify their accuracy. Plant scales shall be checked prior to the start of the paving season, and each time a plant is moved to a new location. Subsequent checks will be made as determined by the Resident. The Contractor will have at least ten 50 pound masses for scale testing at batch plants. At Contractor's option, the Contractor can use one single test weight that has been checked on sealed scales. This weight shall be 1,000 lbs. or greater. At least twice during each 5 days of production either of the following checks will be performed:

- a. A loaded truck may be intercepted and weighed on a platform scale that has been sealed by the State Sealer of Weights and Measures within the past 12 months. The inspector will notify the producer to take corrective action on any discrepancy over 1.0%. The producer may continue to operate for 48 hours under the following conditions.
 1. If the discrepancy does not exceed 1.5%; payment will still be governed by the printed ticket.
 2. If the discrepancy exceeds 1.5%, the plant will be allowed to operate as long as payment is determined by truck platform scale net weight.

If, after 48 hours the discrepancy has not been addressed and reduced below 1.0%, than plant operations will cease. Plant operation may resume after the discrepancy has been brought within 1.0%.

- b. Where platform scales are not readily available, a check will be made to verify the accuracy and sensitivity of each scale within the normal weighing range and to assure that the interlocking devices and automatic printer system are functioning properly. If platform scales are not readily available, a weight with a known mass-verified and sealed annually by a licensed scale company, may be used by hanging weight from silo or surge hopper, at lower middle and upper third levels upon request to verify scale accuracy.

- c. In the event of a malfunction of the automatic printer system, production may be continued without the use of platform truck scales for a period not to exceed the next two working days, providing total weights of each batch are recorded on weight tickets and certified by a Licensed Public Weighmaster.

401.08 Hauling Equipment Units hauling HMA shall have tight, clean, and smooth metal bodies, which have been thinly coated with a small amount of approved release agent to prevent the mixture from adhering to the bodies. Release agents that dissolve or strip asphalts, including diesel fuel, will not be allowed.

All mix haul units shall have a cover of canvas or other water repellent material capable of heat retention, which completely covers the mixture. The cover shall be securely fastened on the truck, unless unloading. All mix haul units shall have an opening on both sides, which will accommodate a thermometer stem. The opening shall be located near the midpoint of the body, at least 12 in above the bed.

401.09 Pavers The Contractor shall use pavers meeting the requirements of this section unless otherwise authorized by the Department. Pavers shall be self-contained, self-propelled units with an activated heated screed capable of placing courses of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in full lane widths specified in the contract on the main line, shoulder, or similar construction.

Pavers shall be of sufficient class and size to place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement over the full width of the mainline travel way with a 10 ft minimum main screed with activated extensions. The Contractor shall place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement on the main line with a paver using an automatic grade and slope controlled screed, unless otherwise authorized by the Department. The controls shall automatically adjust the screed and increase or decrease the layer thickness to compensate for irregularities in the preceding course. The controls shall maintain the proper transverse slope and be readily adjustable so that transitions and superelevated curves can be properly paved. The controls shall operate from a fixed or moving reference such as a grade wire or ski type device (floating beam) with a minimum length of 30 ft, a non-contact grade control with a minimum span of 24 ft, except that a 40 ft reference shall be used on Expressway projects.

The Contractor shall operate the paver in such a manner as to produce a visually uniform surface texture and a thickness within the requirements of Section 401.11 - Surface Tolerances. The paver shall have a receiving hopper with sufficient capacity for a uniform spreading operation and a distribution system to place the mixture uniformly, without segregation in front of the screed. The screed assembly shall produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving, or gouging the mixture. Pavers with extendible screeds shall have auger extensions and tunnel extenders as per the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.

The Contractor shall have the paver at the project site sufficiently before the start of paving operations to be inspected and approved by the Department. The Contractor shall repair or replace any paver found worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Pavers that produce an unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA on MaineDOT projects. On a daily basis, the Contractor shall perform density testing across that mat as detailed in Section 401.191 Quality Control - Method A, B & C.

401.10 Rollers Rollers shall be static steel, pneumatic tire, oscillatory, or approved vibrator type. Rollers shall be in good mechanical condition, capable of starting and stopping smoothly, and be free from backlash when reversing direction. Rollers shall be equipped and operated in such a way as to prevent the picking up of hot mixed material by the roller surface. The use of rollers, which result in crushing of the aggregate or in displacement of the HMA will not be permitted. Any Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement that becomes loose, broken, contaminated, shows an excess or deficiency of Performance Graded Asphalt Binder, or is in any other way

defective shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost with fresh Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, which shall be immediately compacted to conform to the adjacent area.

The Contractor shall repair or replace any roller found to be worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Rollers that produce grooved, unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA on MaineDOT projects. The type of rollers to be used and their relative position in the compaction sequence shall generally be the Contractor's option, provided specification densities are attained and with the following requirements:

- a. On variable-depth courses, the first lift of pavement over gravel, reclaimed pavement, on irregular or milled surfaces, or on bridges, at least one roller shall be 16 ton pneumatic-tired. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall be equipped with skirting to minimize the pickup of HMA materials from the paved surface. When required by the Resident, the roller shall be ballasted to 20 ton.
- b. Compaction with a vibratory or steel wheel roller shall precede pneumatic-tired rolling, unless otherwise authorized by the Department.
- c. Vibratory rollers shall not be operated in the vibratory mode when checking or cracking of the mat occurs, or on bridge decks.
- d. Any method, which results in cracking or checking of the mat, will be discontinued and corrective action taken.
- e. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures placed on bridge decks.

The maximum operating speed for a steel wheel or pneumatic roller shall not exceed the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.

401.11 Surface Tolerances The Department will check the following surface tolerances:

- a.) Longitudinally: The pavement surface profile shall be free of deviations in excess of +/- ¼ inches from the required pavement surface profile grade. To verify the surface tolerance a straight plane shall be established using 16 foot straight edge or a taught string line placed parallel to the direction of travel and checked continuously across the width of the lane.
- b.) Transversely: The pavement surface profile shall be free of deviations in excess of 0 inches below and ¼ inches above the required cross sectional profile grade. To verify the surface tolerance a straight plane shall be established using a 10 foot straight edge or taught string line placed perpendicular to the direction of travel and checked continuously along the length of the lane.

The Contractor shall correct defective areas by removing defective work and replacing it with new material as directed by the Department. The Contractor shall furnish a 10 foot straightedge for the Department's use.

401.12 Preparation of Existing Surface The Contractor shall thoroughly clean the surface upon which Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement is to be placed of all objectionable material. When the surface of the existing base or pavement is irregular, the Contractor shall bring it to uniform grade and cross section. All surfaces shall have a tack coat applied prior to placing any new HMA course. Tack coat shall conform to the requirements of Section 409 – Bituminous Tack Coat, Section 702 – Bituminous Material, and all applicable sections of the contract.

401.13 Spreading and Finishing On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, the Contractor shall spread, rake, and lute the HMA with hand tools to provide the required compacted thickness. Release agents that dissolve or strip asphalts, including diesel fuel, will not be allowed. On roadways with adjoining lanes carrying traffic, the Contractor shall

place each course per the conditions in Table 4, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

TABLE 4: PLACEMENT CONDITIONS FOR ADJOINING LANES

Depth (at centerline)	Placement Conditions
Vertical Longitudinal Joint	
¾" and less (incl. shim)	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day.
1" to 1 ¼"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension.
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall place each course over the full width of the traveled way section being paved that day.
Notched-Wedge Longitudinal Joint	
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension. A maximum unmatched centerline joint length of 0.5 miles will be permitted over the weekend.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.

The Contractor will be required to place the specified course over the full width of the mainline traveled way being paved, regardless of use, depth, or longitudinal joint type prior to Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, paving suspensions exceeding three days, or other dates as specified by special provision.

The Contractor shall install additional warning signage that clearly defines the centerline elevation differential hazard. Unless otherwise addressed in the contract, the Contractor shall install additional centerline delineation such as a double RPM application at 100 foot intervals, or temporary painted line. For any exposed vertical edge between the shoulder and traveled way, at a minimum, the use of temporary painted line, or RPMs placed along the edge of traveled way at 200 foot intervals is required. The Traffic Control Plan shall be amended to include this option and the additional requirements. All signs and traffic control devices will conform to Section 719.01, and Section 652, and will be installed prior to the work, at a maximum spacing of 0.50 mile for the entire length of effected roadway section. If this option is utilized, all additional signing, labor, traffic control devices, or incidentals will not be paid for directly, will be considered incidental to the appropriate 652 items.

401.14 Hot Mix Asphalt Placement on Bridge Decks Hot mix asphalt pavement placed on bridges shall also conform to Section 508.04 and the following requirements.

- The bottom course shall be placed with an approved rubber mounted paver of such type and operated in such a manner that the membrane waterproofing will not be damaged in any way.
- The top course shall not be placed until the bottom course has cooled sufficiently to provide stability.
- The Contractor will not be required to cut sample cores from the compacted pavement on the bridge deck, unless otherwise directed by Special Provision.

- d. After the top course has been placed, the shoulder areas shall be sealed 3 ft wide with two applications of an emulsified bituminous sealer meeting the requirements of Section 612.03 – Sealing and Section 702.12 - Emulsified Bituminous Sealing Compound. The first application shall be pre-mixed with fine, sharp sand, similar to mortar sand, as needed to fill all voids in the mix in the area being sealed. The second application may be applied without sand. The sealer shall be carried to the curb at the gutter line in sufficient quantity to leave a bead or fillet of material at the face of the curb. The area to be sealed shall be clean, dry and the surface shall be at ambient temperature.
- e. The furnishing and applying of the required quantity of sealer for the bridge shoulder areas shall be incidental to placing the hot mix asphalt pavement.
- f. The minimum production and placement temperature for the Hot Mix Asphalt placed over membrane shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.

The area between the edge of the membrane and the vertical surface shall be completely sealed with hot-applied rubberized asphalt material, meeting the requirements of Type 4 crack seal; shall be applied to form a complete seal between the membrane and the vertical surface and shall extend up the vertical surface to within ½ inch of the top of the HMA wearing surface. This work shall be considered incidental to the contract pavement items unless 508 membrane items are included in the contract.

401.15 Compaction Immediately after the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement has been spread, struck off, and any surface irregularities adjusted, the Contractor shall thoroughly and uniformly compact the HMA by rolling.

The Contractor shall roll the surface when the mixture is in the proper condition and when the rolling does not cause undue displacement, cracking, or shoving. The Contractor shall prevent adhesion of the HMA to the rollers or vibrating compactors without the use of fuel oil or other petroleum based release agents. Solvents designed to strip asphalt binders from aggregates will not be permitted as release agents on equipment, tools, or pavement surfaces.

The Contractor shall immediately correct any displacement occurring as a result of the reversing of the direction of a roller or from other causes to the satisfaction of the Department. Any operation other than placement of variable depth shim course that results in breakdown of the aggregate shall be discontinued. Any new pavement that shows obvious cracking, checking, or displacement shall be removed and replaced for the full lane width as directed by the Resident at no cost to the Department.

Along forms, curbs, headers, walls, and other places not accessible to the rollers, the Contractor shall thoroughly compact the HMA with mechanical vibrating compactors. The Contractor shall only use hand tamping in areas inaccessible to all other compaction equipment. On depressed areas, the Contractor may use a trench roller or cleated compression strips under a roller to transmit compression to the depressed area.

Any HMA that becomes unacceptable due to cooling, cracking, checking, segregation or deformation as a result of an interruption in mix delivery shall be removed and replaced with material that meets contract specifications at no cost to the Department.

401.16 Joints The Contractor shall construct wearing course transverse and longitudinal joints in such a manner that minimum tolerances shown in Section 401.11 - Surface Tolerances are met when measured with a straightedge. The paver screed shall maintain a uniform head of HMA during transverse and longitudinal joint construction. The HMA shall be free of segregation and meet temperature requirements outlined in Section 401.04. Transverse joints of the wearing course shall be straight and neatly trimmed. The Contractor may form a vertical face exposing the full depth of the course by inserting a header, by breaking the bond with the underlying course, or by cutting back with hand tools. The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt

immediately before paving all joints to the vertical face and 3 in of the adjacent portion of any pavement being overlaid except those formed by pavers operating in echelon. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces, or in the event of a malfunction of the spray apparatus, but for a period of not more than one working day.

Where pavement under this contract joins an existing pavement, or when the Department directs, the Contractor shall cut the existing pavement along a smooth line, producing a neat, even, vertical joint. The Department will not permit broken or raveled edges. The cost of all work necessary for the preparation of joints is incidental to related contract pay items. Longitudinal joints shall be generally straight to the line of travel and constructed in a manner that best ensure joint integrity. Methods or activities that prove detrimental to the construction of straight, sound longitudinal joints will be discontinued.

The Contractor may utilize an approved notched wedge joint device on all HMA layers 1 ½ inches in depth or greater. A notched wedge joint shall be constructed as shown in Figure 1 using a device that is attached to the paver screed and is capable of independently adjusting the top and bottom vertical notches.

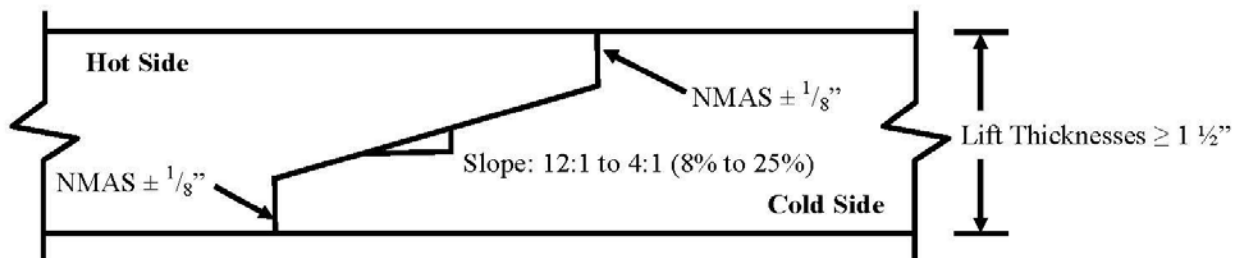


FIGURE 1: Notched Wedge Joint

Notes

1. An emulsified tack coat shall be applied to the vertical edges and the wedge surface so that the total rate is 0.05 G/SY plus the normal specified rate prior to placing the adjacent layer. The Contractor may elect to apply the emulsified tack coat in one or multiple passes.
2. Dimensions shown are compacted depths (after rolling is complete).

The Department reserves the right to have centerline cores cut by the Contractor's QC personnel for informational purposes to monitor the density along the joint. Informational cores at the centerline joint will be taken centered over the tapered part of the wedge joint.

Any notched wedge joint constructed areas that become cracked or broken shall be trimmed back to the limits affected prior to placing the adjoining lane. Any materials that become unbound or separated from the wedge or tapered joint section, or contaminated by materials determined by the Department as being detrimental to the construction of a sound construction joint, shall be removed by sweeping, compressed air and lance, or by hand tools as required. This work, if necessary, will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered incidental to the related contract items.

The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt on the vertical and tapered surface of the longitudinal centerline joint immediately before paving if the notched wedge joint device is used. The total rate of application shall be 0.050 G/SY plus the normal specified tack coat rate. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces.

401.17 Hot Mix Asphalt Documentation The Contractor and the Department shall agree on the amount of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement that has been placed each day. All delivery slips shall conform to the requirements of 401.078.

401.18 Prepave Meeting Prior to placing any mix, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-paving conference to discuss the paving schedule, source of mix, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of paving pattern, rate of mix supply, random sampling, project lots and sublots and traffic control. A copy of the density QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to the Resident. The Departments' random numbers for Acceptance testing shall be generated and on file with the Resident and the Project Manager. All personnel of the Department and the Contractor who have significant information relevant to the paving items shall attend, including the responsible onsite paving supervisor for the Contractor. The Resident will prepare minutes of the conference and distribute them to all attendees. Any requests to revise the minutes must be made to the Resident within 7 Days of Receipt. These minutes will constitute the final record of the Pre-paving conference. On the first day of paving and whenever there is a change in the onsite paving foreman or paving inspector, the Department and the Contractor shall hold an informal onsite meeting to review the minutes of the Pre-paving conference, Project Specific QCP, Plans, Typical, Special Provisions and communication process. This meeting shall be held prior to placing any mix. The onsite paving supervisor, QCT, Superintendent, Resident and/or paving inspector shall attend. Prepave meetings shall not be required on projects designated as Acceptance Method D unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

401.19 Contractor Quality Control The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The Contractor shall not begin paving operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

401.191 Quality Control - Method A, B & C The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.6 - Acceptance and this Section. The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. JMF(s)
- b. Hot mix asphalt plant details
- c. Stockpile Management (to include provisions for how the requirements of 401.071b will be met)
- d. Make and type of paver(s)
- e. Make and type of rollers including weight, weight per inch of steel wheels, and average contact pressure for pneumatic tired rollers
- f. Name of QCP Administrator, and certification number
- g. Name of Process Control Technician(s) and certification number(s)
- h. Name of Quality Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s)
- i. Mixing & transportation including process for ensuring that truck bodies are clean and free of debris or contamination that could adversely affect the finished pavement
- j. Testing Plan
- k. Laydown operations including longitudinal joint construction, procedures for avoiding paving in inclement weather, type of release agent to be used on trucks tools and rollers, compaction of shoulders, tacking of all joints, methods to ensure that segregation is minimized, procedures to determine the maximum rolling and paving speeds based on best engineering practices as well as past experience in achieving the best possible smoothness of the pavement.
- l. Examples of Quality Control forms including a daily plant report, daily paving report, and delivery slip template for any plant to be utilized.
- m. Silo management and details

- n. Provisions for varying mix temperature due to extraordinary conditions or production limitations. If a warm-mix technology is utilized, a proposed target production temperature range (not to exceed 50°F) will be provided for each mix design.
- o. Name and responsibilities of the Responsible onsite Paving Supervisor.
- p. Method for calibration/verification of Density Gauge
- q. A note that all testing will be done in accordance with AASHTO and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.
- r. A detailed description of RAP processing, stockpiling and introduction into the plant as well as a note detailing conditions under which the percent of RAP will vary from that specified on the JMF.
- s. A detailed procedure outlining when production will be halted due to QC or Acceptance testing results.
- t. A plan to address the change in PGAB source or supplier and the potential co-mingling of differing PGAB's.
- u. A procedure to take immediate possession of acceptance samples once released by MaineDOT and deliver said samples to the designated acceptance laboratory.
- v. Provisions for how the QCP will be communicated to the Contractor's field personnel

The QCP shall include the following technicians together with following minimum requirements:

- a. QCP Administrator - A qualified individual shall administer the QCP. The QCP Administrator must be a full-time employee of or a consultant engaged by the Contractor or paving subcontractor. The QCP Administrator shall have full authority to institute any and all actions necessary for the successful operation of the QCP. The QCP Administrator (or its designee in the QCP Administrator's absence) shall be available to communicate with the Department at all times. The QCP Administrator shall be certified as a Quality Assurance Technologist certified by the New England Transportation Technician Certification Program (NETTCP).
- b. Process Control Technician(s) (PCT) shall utilize test results and other quality control practices to assure the quality of aggregates and other mix components and control proportioning to meet the JMF(s). The PCT shall inspect all equipment used in mixing to assure it is operating properly and that mixing conforms to the mix design(s) and other Contract requirements, and that delivery slips and plant recordation accurately reflects the mix being produced with all the required information. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one PCT is required. The Plan shall include the criteria to be utilized by the PCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The PCT shall be certified as a Plant Technician by the NETTCP.
- c. Quality Control Technician(s) (QCT) shall perform and utilize quality control tests at the job site to assure that delivered materials meet the requirements of the JMF(s). The QCT shall inspect all equipment utilized in transporting, laydown, and compacting to assure it is operating properly and that all laydown and compaction conform to the Contract requirements. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one QCT is required. The QCP shall include the criteria utilized by the QCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The QCT shall be certified as a Paving Inspector by the NETTCP.

The QCP shall detail the coordination of the activities of the Plan Administrator, the PCT and the QCT. The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The Contractor shall have a testing lab at the plant site, equipped with all testing equipment necessary to complete the tests in Table 5. The Contractor shall locate an approved Gyratory Compactor at the plant testing lab. The

Contractor shall generate QC sampling random numbers for each approved mix design. A copy of the random numbers shall be emailed to the QC.mainedot@maine.gov email address and remain on-file (in print) and be available for inspection at the QC laboratory. The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with the following minimum frequencies per each approved mix design:

TABLE 5: MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Temperature of mix	6 per day at street and plant	-
Temperature of mat	4 per day	-
%TMD (In-Place Density - Surface)	1 per 125 ton	AASHTO T355 or AASHTO T343
%TMD (In-Place Density - Base)	1 per 250 ton	AASHTO T355 or AASHTO T343
Fines / Effective Binder	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
Gradation	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T30
PGAB Content	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T164 or AASHTO T308
Voids at N_{design}	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
VMA at N_{design}	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
Rice Specific Gravity	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T209
Coarse Aggregate Angularity	1 per 5,000 ton	ASTM D5821
Flat and Elongated Particles	1 Per 5,000 ton	ASTM D4791
Fine Aggregate Angularity	1 Per 5,000 ton	AASHTO T304

*Method A and B only

The Contractor shall monitor plant production on each approved mix design using running average of three control charts as specified in Section 106 - Quality. Control limits shall be as noted in Table 6 below. The UCL and LCL, shall not exceed the allowable gradation control points for the particular type of mixture as outlined in Table 1 of Section 703.09.

TABLE 6: CONTROL LIMITS

Property	UCL and LCL
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-4.0
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/-2.5
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-1.0
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.25
VMA at N_{design}	LCL = LSL + 0.2
Voids at N_{design}	JMF Target +/-1.2
Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity	JMF Target +/-0.020

The Contractor shall submit all HMA QC test reports, inspection reports and updated control charts to the Resident and QC.mainedot@maine.gov by email. The HMA QC test reports, inspection reports and updated control charts shall be signed by the appropriate technician and be submitted to the Department by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP and approved by the Department.

The Contractor shall also retain splits of the previous 5 QC tests, with QC results enclosed for random selection and testing by the Department during inspections of the HMA production facility. Test results of splits that do not meet the Dispute Resolution Variance Limits in Table 14 shall trigger an investigation by the MaineDOT Independent Assurance Unit, and may result in that lab losing NETTCP certification and the ability to request a dispute [Section 401.24 - Process for Dispute Resolution (Methods A, B and C only)].

The Contractor shall make density test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite. Summaries of each day's results, including a daily paving report, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and provided to the QC.mainedot@maine.gov email address and Resident in writing by 1:00 p.m. the next working day. The Contractor shall fill all holes in the pavement resulting from cutting cores by the Contractor or the Department with a properly compacted, acceptable mixture no later than the following working day. Before filling, the Contractor shall carefully clean the holes and apply a coating of emulsified asphalt. The Contractor may only cut additional cores for verification of the densometer, at a rate not to exceed 3 per day or 2 per 1000 ton placed.

If the Contractor's control chart shows the process for a given mix design to be out of control (defined as a single point outside of the control limits on the running average of three chart) on any property listed in Table 6: Control Limits, the Contractor shall notify the Resident of all affected projects in writing of the corrective action by 1:00 PM the next working day. The written description shall detail what action is being taken by the Contractor to bring the property in question back within control limits. Subsequent quality control results are expected to demonstrate an improvement and regression towards the aim. The Department reserves the right to take action, to include cessation of production, in the case of repeated results outside the Table 6 control chart control limits.

On a daily basis, the Contractor shall perform density testing across the mat being placed, prior to being compacted by equipment at 12 in intervals. If the density values vary by more than 2.0% from the mean, the Contractor shall make adjustments to the screed until the inconsistencies are remedied. Failure to replace or repair defective placement equipment may result in a letter of suspension of work and notification of a quality control violation resulting in possible monetary penalties as governed by Section 106 - Quality

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs:

- a. The quality level for density using all quality control tests for the current Lot is less than 60 PWL.
- b. The Coarse Aggregate Angularity or Fine Aggregate Angularity value falls below the requirements of Table 3: Aggregate Consensus Properties Criteria in Section 703.07 for the design traffic level.
- c. The Flat and Elongated Particles value exceeds 10% by ASTM D4791.
- d. There is any visible damage to the aggregate due to over-densification other than on variable depth shim courses.
- e. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.

The Contractor shall notify the Resident in writing as to the reason for shutdown, as well as the corrective action, by the end of the work day. Failure to do so will be treated as a second incident under 106.4.6 QCP Non-compliance. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production. The Department retains the exclusive right, with the exception of the first day's production of a new JMF, to determine whether the resumption of production involves a significant change to the production process. If the Department so determines, then the current lot will be terminated, a pay factor established, and a new lot will begin.

The Contractor may utilize innovative equipment or techniques not addressed by the Contract documents to produce or monitor the production of the mix, subject to approval by the Department.

401.192 Quality Control - Method D Unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the Contractor shall submit a modified QC Plan detailing, how the mix is to be placed, what equipment is to be used, and what HMA plant is to be used for Items covered under Method D. All mix designs (JMF) shall be approved and verified by MaineDOT prior to use. Certified QC personnel shall not be required unless otherwise noted in

Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. The Contractor shall certify the mix and the test results for each item by a Certificate of Compliance.

401.20 Acceptance Method A, B & C These methods utilizes Quality Level Analysis and pay factor specifications. For Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement designated for acceptance under Quality Assurance provisions, the Department will sample once per subplot on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the following Acceptance Properties:

TABLE 7: ACCEPTANCE PROPERTIES

Properties	Point of Sampling	Test Method
Gradation	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T308
% TMD (In-Place Density)	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T269
Voids at N_{design}	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
VMA at N_{design}	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
Fines to Effective Binder	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
VFB	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312

The Department will obtain samples of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in conformance with AASHTO R 97, Sampling Asphalt Mixtures, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing. The Contractor shall transport the samples in containers provided by the Department to the designated MaineDOT Laboratory within 48 hours except when otherwise noted in the project specific QCP or as directed by the Resident. Failure to deliver an acceptance sample to the designated acceptance laboratory will be considered the second incident under 106.4.6–QCP Non-Compliance.

Target values shall be as specified in the JMF. The Department will withhold reporting of the test results for the Acceptance sample until 7:00 AM, on the second working day of receipt of the sample, or after receipt of the Contractors results of the Acceptance sample split. Upon conclusion of each lot, where there is a minimum of four sublots, results shall be examined for statistical outliers, as stated in Section 106.7.2 - Statistical Outliers.

TABLE 8: ACCEPTANCE METHODS

Property	USL and LSL		
	Method A	Method B	Method C
Lot Size*	Entire production per item per contract up to 6000 ton	Entire production per item per contract	Entire production per item per contract up to 6000 ton
Maximum Sublot Size – Mix	750 ton	Lot quantity divided by three	750 ton
Maximum Sublot Size – Density	Surface Layers – 250 ton Base / Intermediate Layers – 500 ton	Lot quantity divided by five	Surface Layers – 250 ton Base / Intermediate Layers – 500 ton
Minimum Number of Samples – Mix	Four	Three	Four
Minimum Number of Samples – Density	Five		

*Unless otherwise agreed upon at the Prepave Meeting

If there is less than one-half of a subplot remaining at the end, then it shall be combined with the previous subplot. If there is more than one-half subplot remaining at the end, then it shall constitute the last subplot and shall be represented

by test results. If it becomes apparent partway through a Lot that, due to an underrun, there will be insufficient mix quantity to obtain the minimum number of sublots needed, the Resident may adjust the size of the remaining sublots and select new sample locations based on the estimated quantity of material remaining in the Lot. Unanticipated over-runs of up to 1500 ton shall be rolled into the last lot. Cases where the lot is terminated prior to reaching completion shall be handled in accordance with Section 106.7.3 Early Termination of Lots. In cases where density incentive/disincentive provision apply, additional cores shall be taken to attain a minimum of three for the Lot.

Isolated Areas During the course of inspection, should it appear that there is an isolated area that is not representative of the lot based on a lack of observed compactive effort, excessive segregation, a change in process or any other questionable practice, that area may be isolated and tested separately. An area so isolated that has a calculated pay factor below 0.80 for Method A and C or below 0.86 for Method B, based on three random tests shall be removed and replaced at the expense of the Contractor for the full lane width and a length not to be less than 150 ft.

Pavement Density The Department will measure pavement density using core samples tested according to AASHTO T 166. The Contractor shall cut 6-inch diameter cores at no additional cost to the Department by the end of the working day following paving. Cores shall be cut such that the nearest edge at least 9 inches from any joint. Pre-testing of the cores will not be allowed. If the Contractor and the Department mutually determine that a core is damaged, the Contractor shall cut new core(s) at the same offset and within 3 ft of the initial sample. The Contractor and the Department will mutually determine if underlying material is adhered to the core and if so will mark the core at the point where sawing is needed. The Department will place the cores in a secure container and the Contractor shall transport the cores to the designated MaineDOT lab. The cores will be saw cut by the Department to remove underlying layers. No recuts are allowed at a test location after the core has been tested. Upon conclusion of each lot, density results shall be examined for statistical outliers as stated in Section 106.7.2.

On all sections of overlay with wearing courses designed to be 1 in or less in thickness, there shall be no pay adjustment for density otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. For overlays designed to be 1 in or less in thickness, density shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway surface courses with a pay adjustments for density, unless otherwise directed by the Department.

There shall be no pay adjustment for density on shoulders unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. Density for shoulders shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway, unless otherwise directed by the Department. Efforts to obtain optimum compaction will not be waived by the Department unless it is apparent during construction that local conditions make densification to this point detrimental to the finished pavement surface course.

TABLE 9: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL		
	Method A	Method B	Method C
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7%		
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-4%	Target +/-5%	Target +/-5%
Percent Passing 0.60 mm sieve	Target +/-3%	Target +/-4%	Target +/-4%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-2%	Target +/-3%	Target +/-2%
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.4%	Target +/-0.5%	Target +/-0.4%
Voids at N _{design}	4.0% +/-1.5%	4.0% +/-2.0%	N/A
Fines to Effective Binder	0.9 +/-0.3	0.9 +/-0.3	N/A
VMA at N _{design}	LSL from Table 1	LSL from Table 1	N/A
VFB	Table 1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL	Table 1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL	N/A
% TMD (In-place Density)	95.0% +/- 2.5%		

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs on a lot in progress:

TABLE 10: CEASE PRODUCTION CONDITIONS

Property	Percent Within Limits (PWL)	
	Method A / Method B	Method C
Percent Passing NMAS sieve*	<60	<60
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve*		
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve*		
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve*		
PGAB Content		N/A
Voids at N _{design}		
Fines to Effective Binder*		
VMA at N _{design}		
VFB		
% TMD (In-place Density)		<60

*Paving operations shall not be required to cease if the mean test value is equal to the LSL or USL and s = 0.

In cases where the Contractor is to cease paving operations based upon an Acceptance result or payfactor, the Contractor will submit a corrective action plan to the Department. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production.

The Department will sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with Section 106 - Quality and Section 401.20 - Acceptance, of this Specification. The Department will use the following criteria for pay adjustment at the completion of the Lot using the pay adjustment factors under Section 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis:

Density If the pay factor for Density falls below 0.80 for Method A or C or 0.86 for Method B, all of the cores will be randomly re-cut by Sublot. A new pay factor will be calculated that combines all initial and retest results.

If the resulting pay factor is below 0.80 for Method A or C or below 0.86 for Method B, the entire Lot shall be removed and replaced with material meeting the specifications at no additional cost to the Department, except that the Department may, when it appears that there is a distinct pattern of defective material, isolate any defective material by investigating each mix sample subplot and require removal of defective mix sample sublots only, leaving any acceptable material in place if it is found to be free of defective material. Pay factors equal to or greater than the reject level will be paid accordingly.

Mix Properties The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using the applicable Acceptance Limits. If any single pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , or Voids at N_{design} falls below 0.80 for Method A, then the composite pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , and Voids at N_{design} shall be 0.55. If any single pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , or Voids at N_{design} falls below 0.86 for Method B, then the composite pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , and Voids at N_{design} shall be 0.70. If the PGAB content falls below 0.80 for Method C, then the PGAB pay factor shall be 0.55.

The following variables will be used for pay adjustment:

PA = Pay Adjustment
 Q = Quantity represented by PF in ton
 P = Contract price per ton
 PF = Pay Factor

The Department will determine a pay adjustment using Table 11: Pay Adjustment Calculations as follows:

TABLE 11: PAY ADJUSTMENT CALCULATIONS

Acceptance Method	Mix Properties / Gradation	Density
Method A	$PA = (\text{Voids @ } N_d \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.20 + (\text{VMA at } N_{\text{design}} \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.20 + (\text{PGAB Content PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.10$	$PA = (\text{density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.50$
Method B		
Method C	$PA = (\% \text{ Passing Nom. Max PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing 2.36 mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing 0.30 mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing 0.075 mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.10 + (\text{PGAB Content PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.25$	

In addition, for 9.5 mm NMAS mixtures the following pay adjustment shall also apply:

The average percent passing for the 0.075 mm sieve shall be evaluated for each Lot. If the average is greater than 6.5%, a pay adjustment according to Table 12 below shall apply in addition to the other pay adjustments for the given method of testing.

TABLE 12: 0.075 MM SIEVE PAY ADJUSTMENT

Average Percent Passing 0.075 mm Sieve	Pay Adjustment
6.6% - 7.0%	-5%
> 7.0%	-10%

The Department shall notify the Contractor whenever the average of at least three samples in a given Lot is greater than 6.5%.

401.21 Acceptance Method D Unless otherwise stated in the 403 special provision, one sample will be taken from the paver hopper or the truck body per 250 ton per pay item. The mix will be tested for gradation and

PGAB content. Disputes will not be allowed. If the mix is within the tolerances listed in Table 13, the Department will pay the contract unit price. Contractor shall cut two 6 in cores, which shall be tested for percent TMD per AASHTO T-269 unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. If the average for the two tests falls below 92.5% the disincentive shall apply. If the test results for each 250 ton increment are outside these limits, the following deductions shall apply to the HMA quantity represented by the test.

TABLE 13: METHOD D ACCEPTANCE LIMITS AND PAY ADJUSTMENTS

Property	USL and LSL	Pay Adjustment
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7%	N/A
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/-7%	-2.0%
Percent Passing 1.18 mm sieve	Target +/-5%	N/A
Percent Passing 0.60 mm sieve	Target +/-4%	N/A
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve	Target +/-3%	-1.0%
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-3%	-2.0%
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.5%	-5.0%
% TMD (In-place Density)	LSL of 92.5%	-10.0%

If test results do not meet the Table 13 requirements, deducts as shown shall be applied to the quantity of mix represented by the test.

401.22 Method of Measurement The Department will measure Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement by the ton in accordance with Section 108.1 - Measurement of Quantities for Payment.

401.23 Basis of Payment The Department will pay for the work, in place and accepted, in accordance with the applicable sections of this Section, for each type of HMA specified.

The Department will pay for the work specified in Section 401.12, for the HMA used, except that cleaning objectionable material from the pavement and furnishing and applying bituminous material to joints and contact surfaces is incidental. Payment for this work under the appropriate pay items shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals necessary to meet all related contract requirements, including design of the JMF, implementation of the QCP, obtaining core samples, transporting cores and samples, filling core holes, applying emulsified asphalt to joints, and providing testing facilities and equipment. The Department will make a pay adjustment for quality as specified in Section 401.20 Acceptance Method A, B & C or 401.21 Acceptance Method D.

401.24 Process for Dispute Resolution (Methods A, B, & C only) At the time of Hot-Mix Asphalt sampling, the Department will obtain a split sample of each Acceptance test random sample for possible dispute resolution testing. The Contractor shall also obtain a split sample of the HMA at this same time. If the Contractor wishes to retain the option of requesting dispute testing of the initial Acceptance sample, the Contractor will test their split of the Acceptance sample and shall report their results to the Resident, with a copy to Contractor.mainedot@maine.gov by 7:00 AM, on the second working day from time of QA sampling, otherwise dispute resolution will not be initiated. The Department's dispute resolution split sample will be properly labeled and stored for a period of at least two weeks after it has been reported, or until the sample is tested. The properties eligible for dispute and the respective variances are shown in Table 14.

The Contractor may dispute the Department's Acceptance results and request that the dispute resolution split sample be tested by notifying the Department's Resident and QA Engineer in writing within two working days after the results of the Acceptance test are reported. The following shall be provided in the request:

- Acceptance sample reference number

- The specific test result(s) or property(ies) being disputed, and
- The complete, signed report of the Contractor's testing (In a lab certified by the NETTCP and MaineDOT) of their split of the Acceptance sample indicating that the variances in Table 14 for the specific test result(s) or property(ies) were exceeded.

TABLE 14: DISPUTE RESOLUTION VARIANCE LIMITS

Property	Disputable on Method A/B	Disputable on Method C	Variance Limits
PGAB Content	Yes	Yes	+/-0.4%
G_{mb}	Yes	No	+/-0.030
G_{mm}	Yes	No	+/-0.020
Voids at N_{design}	Only if G_{mb} or G_{mm} is not disputable	No	+/-0.8%
VMA at N_{design}	Only if G_{mb} or G_{mm} is not disputable	No	+/-0.8%
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	No	Yes	+/- 4.0%
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 0.60 mm sieves	No	Yes	+/- 3.0%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.15 mm sieves	No	Yes	+/- 2.0 %
0.075 mm sieve	Only for 9.5 mm NMAS mixes	Yes	+/- 0.8%

The value of any disputed result or property reported for the initial Acceptance sample shall stand if the value reported for the dispute resolution sample is not closer to the value the Contractor reported for their split sample than to the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample. If the value reported for the dispute resolution falls precisely half-way between the other two values the value reported for the dispute resolution will replace the original acceptance value. Otherwise, the value reported for the dispute resolution sample will replace the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample and will be used to re-calculate any other affected results or properties.

SECTION 402 - PAVEMENT SMOOTHNESS

402.00 Smoothness Projects Projects to have their pavement smoothness analyzed in accordance with this Specification will be so noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

402.01 Pavement Smoothness The final pavement surface shall be evaluated for smoothness using a Class I or Class II profiler as defined by ASTM E950 (94). Smoothness measurements will be expressed in terms of the International Roughness Index (IRI) as defined by the World Bank, in units of inches/mile.

402.02 Lot Size Lot size for smoothness will be 3000 lane-feet. A subplot will consist of 50 lane-feet. Partial lots will be included in the previous lot if less than one-half the size of a normal lot. If equal to or greater than one-half the normal lot size, it will be tested as a separate lot.

402.03 Acceptance Testing The Department will conduct Acceptance testing following completion of the surface course. Sections to be excluded from testing include the following:

- Bridge decks and joints (no smoothness measurements will be taken within 100 ft of bridge joints)
- Acceleration and deceleration lanes
- Shoulders and ramps
- Side streets and roads
- Within 100 ft of transverse joints at the beginning and end of the project

Within 100 ft of railroad crossings
 Urban areas with speed limits of 30 mph or lower

Each lot shall have 2 measurements made in each wheel path. The average of the 4 measurements will determine the smoothness for that lot. The smoothness measurements will be statistically evaluated for pay factors as described in Subsection 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis, using the specification limits shown below.

TABLE 1: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Level	USL
I	50 in/mile
II	60 in/mile
III	70 in/mile

Computation of Smoothness Pay Adjustment:

$$PA = (PF-1.0)(Q)(P)$$

where:

Q = Quantity of surface course in the Lot (excluding shoulders, side streets, bridge decks, ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes)

PF = smoothness pay factor for the Lot

P = Contract unit price for surface pavement

PA = pay adjustment

402.04 Unacceptable Work In the event that any Lot is found to have a pay factor less than 0.80, the Contractor shall take whatever remedial action is required to correct the pavement surface in that Lot at no additional expense to the Department. Such remedial action may include but is not limited to removal and replacement of the unacceptable pavement. In the event remedial action is necessary, the Contractor shall submit a written plan to the Resident outlining the scope of the remedial work. The Resident must approve this plan before the remedial work can begin. Following remedial work, the Lot shall be retested, and will be subject to the specification limits listed above. The resulting pay factor, if within the acceptable range, will be used in the final pay adjustment. The Contractor shall pay the cost of retesting the pavement following corrective action.

Localized surface tolerance defects will be subject to the provisions outlined in Section 401.11 Surface Tolerances.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
402.10 Incentive/Disincentive - Pavement Smoothness	Lump Sum

SECTION 403 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

403.01 Description This work shall consist of constructing one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt pavement on an approved base in accordance with these specifications, and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established. The HMA pavement shall be composed of a mixture of aggregate, filler if required, and asphalt material.

403.02 General The materials and their use shall conform to the requirements of Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

403.03 Construction The construction requirements shall be as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

403.04 Method of Measurement Hot mix asphalt pavement will be measured as specified in Section 401.21- Method of Measurement.

403.05 Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of hot mix asphalt pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for the mixtures, including hot mix asphalt material complete in place. Method A, Method B, Method C and Method D shall be used for acceptance as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements. (See Complementary Notes, Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, for Method location).

Payment will be made under:

	<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
403.102	Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement for Special Areas	Ton
403.206	Hot Mix Asphalt, 25 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.207	Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2071	Hot Mix Asphalt , 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2072	Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Asphalt Rich Base and Intermediate course)	Ton
403.208	Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2081	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.209	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals)	Ton
403.210	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2102	Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Asphalt Rich Intermediate course)	Ton
403.2104	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)	Ton
403.211	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Shimming)	Ton
403.2111	Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Shimming, Polymer Modified))	Ton
403.212	Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.213	Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course)	Ton
403.2131	Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course, Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2132	Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course)	Ton
403.214	Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 Nominal Maximum Size (5/8" Surface Treatment)	Ton

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT
(HMA with Fine Micro-Deval Requirement)

The following subsections of the most current version of Specification 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements have been revised and amended by the following:

401.01 Description The Contractor shall compose Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) Pavement with aggregate, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB), and mineral filler if required. If denoted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the mixtures shall meet the additional aggregate requirements of this special provision.

401.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 – Materials, unless otherwise revised in this special provision:

Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

The HMA blend, minus any RAP used, shall have a Fine Micro-Deval value of 15.0 or less as determined by weighted average of individual fine aggregate source values determined through ASTM D7428.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 401
HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT
(Material Transfer Vehicle)

Description The hot mix asphalt pavement for all leveling, base, binder and wearing courses shall be transferred to the paver by a material transfer vehicle (MTV) on mainline travelways, shoulders, and ramps as denoted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

The MTV shall operate as an independent unit not attached to the paver. It shall be a commercially manufactured unit specifically designed to transfer the hot mix from haul trucks to the paver without depositing the mix on the roadway. A separate hopper with a capacity of 14 ton shall be inserted into the regular paver hopper. The MTV or the hopper insert shall be designed so that the mix receives additional internal mixing action either in the MTV unit or the paver hopper.

Basis of Payment The MTV and the hopper insert will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to the related contract pay items.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 403
HOT MIX ASPHALT

Desc. Of Course	Grad Design.	Item Number	Total Thick	No. Of Layers	Comp. Notes
<u>3 ¾" Mill & Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course with 3" HMA Base</u>					
<u>Travel Lane (As Indicated in Typical)</u>					
Wearing	Type C	462.301	¾"	1	19,27,29,30
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	3"	1/more	5,7,28,30
<u>Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course</u>					
<u>Passing Lane & Adjacent Shoulders (As Indicated)</u>					
Wearing	Type C	462.301	¾"	1	19,27,29,30
<u>On and Off-Ramps - 1 ½" Mill & 1 ½" HMA Overlay Areas</u>					
<u>Travelway & Shoulder (As Indicated)</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 ½"	1	5,8,19,24,28,30
<u>Bridge Decks - 1 ½" Mill & 1 ½" HMA Overlay Areas</u>					
<u>Travelway & Shoulder (As Indicated)</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 ½"	1	5,8,19,24,28,30,31
<u>Guardrail Widening (As Indicated)</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 ½"	1	2,5,8,16,30
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	2 ½"	1	2,5,7,16,30
<u>1 ½" HMA Overlay with Variable Depth Shim</u>					
<u>Cross Overs (As Indicated)</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1 ½"	1	2,5,8,17,30
Shim	9.5 mm	403.211	variable	1/more	2,5,10,11,14
<u>Spot Shims (As Directed by Resident)</u>					
Shim	9.5 mm	403.211	variable	1/more	2,5,10,11,14

COMPLEMENTARY NOTES

2. The density requirements are waived. In addition, the use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all HMA pavements placed on bridge decks.
5. The aggregate qualities shall meet the design traffic level of 3 to <10 million ESALS for mix placed under this contract. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at 65 gyrations.
7. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (1) Method A.
8. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) Method B. The Contractor may request a contract modification to change to testing method "A" prior to work starting on this item.
10. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) Method D.
11. The combined aggregate gradation required for this item shall be classified as a 9.5mm "**fine graded**" mixture, (using the Primary Control Sieve control point) as defined in 703.09.
14. The combined aggregate gradation required for this item shall be classified as a 9.5mm Thin Lift Mixture (TLM) mixture, using the Aggregate Gradation Control Points as defined in 703.09.

16. In areas inaccessible to a **10 ton** roller, compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a **3-5 ton** vibratory roller. Areas less than 2 feet wide shall be compacted with a minimum of a **150 pound** plate compactor. An approved release agent is required to ensure the mixture does not adhere to hand tools, rollers, pavers, and truck bodies. The use of petroleum based fuel oils, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.
17. Compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a **10 ton** vibratory, **12 ton** pneumatic, and a **3-5 ton** finish roller for roadway work. A daily paving report, summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and number of roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the Contractor's representative and presented to the Department's representative by the end of the working day. An approved release agent is required to ensure the mixture does not adhere to hand tools, rollers, pavers, and truck bodies. The use of petroleum based fuel oils, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.
19. The use of a Material Transfer Vehicle (MTV) shall be required on **the I-95 travelway and ramp surface layers only**. See Special Provision 401 – Material Transfer Vehicle for specifics.
24. A tack coat of a RS-1, Item #409.15 shall be applied along the longitudinal centerline construction joint, on the horizontal surface immediately adjacent to the construction joint, and in a minimum width of one foot. The rate of application shall be approximately 0.050 to 0.075 G/SY. This application shall be in addition to the normal application of tack coats to the construction joint face and horizontal surfaces prior to placing a new lift.
27. See Special Provision 462 – Ultra Thin Bonded Wearing Course for project specifics.
28. The mixture shall meet the minimum requirements of Special Provision 401 – HMA Hamburg Wheel Tracker Specification.
29. See Special Provision 401 – HMA with Fine Micro-Deval Requirement for project specifics.
30. The required PGAB shall be a storage-stable, homogeneous, polymer modified asphalt binder that meets **PG 64E-28** grading requirements in AASHTO M 332. All polymer modified asphalt grades utilized on the Project shall be treated with an approved liquid anti-strip. PG binders shall be treated either at the asphalt source terminal with the required dose rate on the delivery documentation, or at the hot mix asphalt plant utilizing a system integrated with the plants controls that will introduce a minimum 0.50 percent anti-strip by weight of asphalt binder used unless a rate is otherwise recommended by the anti-strip manufacturer. The PGAB and anti-strip blend shall meet the **PG 64E-28** requirements. The Contractor shall provide supporting test data showing the PGAB and anti-strip blend meet the required criteria.
31. The Contractor shall determine the approach pavement taper by profiling the bridge and approaches every 10 ft. along the roadway center line and the edge of travelway, out to a match point at minimum 50 feet from the bridge joints. The pavement removal taper shall be calculated to incorporate the removal of $\frac{3}{4}$ inches of pavement thickness at the bridge joint or header. The pavement taper profile and length must be approved by the Resident.

Tack Coat

A tack coat of emulsified asphalt, RS-1, RS-1h, CRS-1 or CRS-1h, Item 409.15 shall be applied to any existing pavement at a rate of approximately 0.030 gal/yd², and on milled pavement approximately 0.05 gal/yd² prior to placing a new course. A fog coat of emulsified asphalt shall be applied between shim /base courses and surface course as well as to any bridge membrane prior to the placement of HMA layers at a rate not to exceed 0.030 gal/yd². Tack used will be paid for at the contract unit price for Item 409.15 Bituminous Tack Coat.

SPECIAL PROVISION**SECTION 400****Pavements**

(Emulsified Asphalt Seal Coat with Cover Coat Material)

Description This work consists of furnishing and applying one or more applications of emulsified asphalt sealcoat material with cover coat material on an approved surface in accordance with these specifications, and in reasonably close conformity with the lines shown on the plans or established.

Materials The bituminous material shall meet the applicable requirements of Section 702 – Bituminous Materials. Liquid asphalt grades for the fog coat treatment shall meet the requirements for CSS-1, CSS-1h, CRS-2h, or CRS-2P. The emulsion type selected shall be used for the entire fog seal application areas unless otherwise approved by the Department.

The emulsified asphalt shall be produced with an approved, certified emulsion product, diluted, and thoroughly mixed into a homogenous liquid at the emulsion manufacturing facility. Each load shall be accompanied by a loading invoice listing the material supplier, emulsion type, dilution rate, total quantity loaded, and copy of the undiluted emulsified asphalt product certification. The diluted emulsion shall meet the requirements listed in Table 1 of this specification.

Table 1 – Diluted Asphalt Emulsion for Seal Coat

<u>Test requirements for diluted material</u>	<u>Range</u>
Sieve test %	0 – 0.10
Residue by distillation, %	28 - 40
Penetration	40 - 90
Application Temperature	100 - 180°F

The cover coat material shall be black or dark brown in color. Cover coat material shall be dried and free from moisture, and be of similar type and size as aluminum oxide or silicon carbide abrasive sandblasting grit meeting the “fine” or “extra fine” gradation requirements (ref: Black Beauty abrasive or similar product).

The Contractor may propose an alternative material for the aggregate cover, but will be required to demonstrate the materials compatibility with the emulsion fog seal prior to use on the project.

Equipment Emulsified asphalt sealcoat material application equipment shall meet the requirements specified in Section 409 – Bituminous Tack Coat, subsection 409.05 – Equipment with the addition of the following:

The asphalt distributor shall contain suitable mechanical circulating and heating mechanisms to provide a uniform approved temperature of the entire mass of material. The distributor shall be equipped with a radar type sensor used to measure ground speed, and feed a Digital Volumetric Accumulator capable of measuring gallons applied and distance traveled.

It shall be capable of applying asphalt material in accurately measured quantities at any rate between 0.01 to 2.0 gallons per square yard, of roadway surface, at any length of spray bar up to 16 feet. The distributor shall be capable of maintaining a uniform rate of distribution of asphalt material regardless of change in grade, width or direction of the road. It shall be equipped with an electronic control for setting asphalt pump discharge rate and on/off switching of spray for nozzles in one (1) foot, increments which shall be located in the truck cab. The spray nozzles and pressure system shall provide a sufficient and uniform fan-shaped spray of asphalt material throughout the entire length of the spray bar at all times while operating. The spray shall completely cover the roadway surface receiving the treatment.

The aggregate spreader shall be mounted on the asphalt distributor. It shall have a minimum capacity of 2000 lbs. The hopper shall have vibratory agitation to facilitate material flow. The cover aggregate spinners shall be variable speed, capable of distributing cover aggregate consistently over variable roadway widths in a single pass. All controls shall be cab-mounted and capable of being operated during the application of the asphalt emulsion by the distributor operator.

CONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

Weather Limitations Emulsified asphalt sealcoat material shall not to be applied when the atmospheric temperature is below 50°F, or pavement surface temperature below 50°F.

Emulsified asphalt sealcoat shall not be applied in wet conditions, or when wet weather conditions are forecasted within a 6 hour period after application.

Preparation of Surface Before application of the emulsion seal coat material the surface shall be thoroughly cleaned of all loose and objectionable material. Preparation of the surface shall be considered incidental to the contract. The Contractor shall be responsible for covering all utility irons just prior to application of emulsion and uncovering utilities after application.

Immediately before applying an emulsified asphalt seal coat, the pavement surface must be cleaned with a road sweeper, power broom to remove dust, dirt, and debris. The pavement surface must be clean and dry before applying the emulsified asphalt sealcoat.

Application Emulsified asphalt seal coat materials shall be applied by a pressure distributor in a uniform, continuous spread over the area to be treated. The target application rate shall be 0.12 gallons per square yard. Emulsion application rates may be adjusted within the range of 0.10 to 0.14 gallons per square yard, as determined by the test section and as directed by the Department. No additional payment consideration or adjustment shall be made unless the required application rate varies from the rate as specified above.

The cover aggregate shall be applied immediately after the emulsion, prior to the emulsion break or cure, and simultaneously with the pressure distributors pass.

Equipment or traffic will not be allowed on the emulsion treated surface until the emulsion has fully cured. Emulsion materials will be applied within the temperature range specified in Section 702.05 – Application Temperatures, or as otherwise listed in this specification. No moisture shall be present on the roadway surface.

The Contractor shall provide dry cover material meeting the requirements of this specification and at a spread rate of 0.35 to 0.75 lbs./ s.y. as determined by the control section. The Contractor shall be required to apply additional cover material above the prescribed rate in the event that excessive emulsion materials are applied. Use of cover material shall be paid for by the pound, by means of verified bagged quantity, or by scaled weight of actual materials applied.

A test section shall be established to verify emulsion and cover coat material target application rates. The section shall be of sufficient length to verify the approximate emulsion use at the prescribed rate. Generally, the length of test section shall be approximately 200-500 linear feet. During emulsion seal material application, adequate provisions shall be made to prevent marring and discoloration of adjacent pavements, structures, vehicles, foliage or personal property. The use of skirting or end panels may be required to control application widths, and limit overspray.

Areas found to lack the proper emulsified asphalt seal coat application rate will require a re-application of emulsion material to meet the required rate. Areas requiring re-application will not be paid for directly but shall be considered incidental to the emulsified asphalt seal coat pay item,

In the event that excessive emulsion materials are applied, the use of cover coat material shall be used to reduce the risk of bleeding and tracking by traffic. Additional aggregate cover material, if required, will be considered incidental to the emulsified asphalt seal coat pay item.

Traffic Control The Contractor may be allowed a limited lane closure lengths if outlined in the contract. If allowed in the contract, traffic volumes shall be monitored to determine peak traffic levels, and lane closures shall be allowed outside peak traffic level times. The Traffic Control Plan will be amended to address traffic control at intersections, businesses, or other high traffic areas. Additional signage shall be used to at .5 mile intervals to warn motorists to stay out of the closed lane and off the sealant. When mainline travelway sealing work is required, adequate quantity and properly spaced cones for travelway delineation along with cones or barricades shall be required. Whether treating travelway, or shoulders, cones or barricades shall be placed across the treated area every 500 ft, immediately after the emulsion and aggregate application, to prevent vehicles from traveling through the sealant during the cure period.

All traffic shall be kept off the emulsified asphalt seal coat areas for a minimum of 4 hours or until curing is complete. The emulsified asphalt seal coat surface will be considered cured when the emulsion and cover coat material does not track off the treated surface and there are no visible uncured emulsion on the surface. The Contractor may elect to use a polymer modified emulsion to further reduce cure time. No additional payment will be made should a polymer modified emulsion be used.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT AND BASIS OF PAYMENT

Method of Measurement The Department will measure the emulsified asphalt seal coat by the square meter (square yard). Payment will be for the actual number of square yards applied in accordance with the typical, Standard Specifications, and Section 109 - Measurement and Payment. Payment for the cover coat material will be paid for by the pound, verified by independent scale checks for bagged or bulk products. Payment shall be full compensation for all labor, materials and equipment required to complete the work in accordance with these specifications.

Basis of Payment The Department will pay for the Work, in place and accepted, in accordance with the applicable sections of the Special Provisions at the contract unit price per square yard applied, and by the pound applied.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
410.151 Emulsified Asphalt Seal Coat, Applied	Square Yard
410.161 Cover Coat Material, Sand	Pound

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 424
ASPHALT RUBBER CRACK SEALER – Type 2

Description This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment and materials necessary to clean, fill and seal longitudinal and transverse cracks in bituminous concrete pavement courses. Materials are to be thoroughly applied to seal the cracks. This work shall consist of the furnishing and placement of crack sealing material in the cracks of existing bituminous concrete pavement in accordance with these Special Provisions. This work shall consist of crack cleaning and drying, material supply and heating, preparation and application material, material finishing or shaping, and providing and installing barrier material or curing materials as required.

Materials Asphalt Rubber Crack Sealer shall be an asphalt and rubber compound designed for a temperature range of 64-28 °C, and which improves the strength and performance of the base asphalt cement. Hot pour rubber crack sealant material shall conform to ASTM D-6690, Type 2.

Cone Penetration	90 max
Flow @ 60°C [140°F]	< 1/4 inch
Bond, non-immersed	Three ½ inch specimens pass 3 cycles @ 50% extension @ -20
Resilience, %	N/A
Asphalt Compatibility, ASTM D5329	pass*

* There shall be no failure in adhesion, formation of any oily exudate at the interface between the sealant and asphaltic concrete or other deleterious effects on the asphaltic concrete or sealant when tested at 140°F.

The contractor shall provide the Resident or authorized representative with a copy of the material manufacturer's recommendations pertaining to heating, application, and reheating prior to the beginning of operations or the changing of materials.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Weather Asphalt Rubber Crack Sealer shall not be applied on a wet surface, or when the atmospheric temperature is below 50°F in a shaded area at the job site, or when weather conditions are otherwise unfavorable to proper construction procedures.

Equipment Equipment used in the performance of the work shall be subject to the Resident's or authorized representative's approval and shall be maintained in a satisfactory working condition at all times. As a minimum, the equipment required will consist of the following:

(1) Air Compressor and air wand: A portable air compressor shall be supplied to clean the cracks to be sealed prior to using a hot air lance. The air compressor shall be coupled with hose and air wand and be capable of furnishing not less than 150 CFM of air at not less than 100 psi pressure through a 5/8"- inch diameter nozzle. A 1/2 -inch or 3/4-inch nozzle may be used with approval of the Inspector as long as the pressure requirements are being met. The compressor shall be equipped with traps that will maintain the compressed air free of oil and water.

(2) Sweeper: Manually operated, gas powered air-broom or self-propelled sweeper designed especially for use in cleaning pavements shall be used to remove debris, dirt, and dust from the cracks.

(3) Hot Air Lance: The hot air lance shall be independent of the air wand unit. The hot air lance shall be operated with propane and compressed air in combination and provide 1000 ft/sec of heated air at 2000°F - 3000°F. The lance should draw propane from no smaller than a 100 lb tank using separate hoses for propane and air draw. The hoses shall be wrapped together with reflectorized wrap to keep them together and to protect workers in low light situations.

(4) Hand Tools: Shall consist of V-shaped squeegee, brooms, shovels, metal bars with chisel shaped ends, and any other tools which may be satisfactorily used to accomplish this work.

(5) Melting Kettle: The unit used to melt the joint sealing compound shall be a double boiler, indirect fired type. The space between inner and outer shells shall be filled with a suitable heat transfer oil or substitute having a flash point of not less than 608°F. The kettle shall be equipped with a satisfactory means of agitating and mixing the joint sealer at all times. This may be accomplished by continuous stirring with mechanically operated paddles and/or a continuous circulating gear pump attached to the heating unit. The kettle must be equipped with thermostatic control calibrated between 200°F and 550°F. The Contractor shall either provide a jacketed thermometer that accurately displays the sealant temperature within the kettle, or provide the Resident or authorized representative with a suitable device for verifying the sealant temperature in the kettle. Temperatures must be able to be checked at any time during the heating of material, application of material, or at the end of the application operation.

Preparations of Cracks All cracks shall be blown free of loose material, dirt, vegetation, and other debris by high pressure air prior to the used of the hot air lance. Material removed from the crack shall be removed from the pavement surface by means of compressed air, power sweeper or appropriate hand tools as required. Cracks showing evidence of vegetation after being blown out shall be additionally cleaned by appropriate hand tools and additionally blown out. All cracks must be blown and heated via the hot air lance no more than 5 minutes prior to the crack

being sealed. Distance between the hot air lance and the crack sealing unit should be no more than 50 ft to eliminate reinvasion of water, debris, and other incompressible materials. All debris, vegetation, and water shall be removed to enhance adhesion of the crack sealing material. THIS WORK SHALL NOT BE DONE IN INCLEMENT WEATHER.

Preparation and Placement of Sealer The rubber crack sealer material shall be heated and applied at the temperature specified by the manufacturer and approved by the Resident or authorized representative. Any material that has been heated above the manufacturer's specification shall not be used. Material that is reheated or held at temperature for an extended period of time may be used as allowed by the manufacturer's specification and approval of the Resident or authorized representative. A copy of the manufacturer's specification shall be provided to the Project when requested.

The Contractor shall provide the Resident or authorized representative with a suitable device for verifying the sealant temperature in the kettle and at the application site.

Any loose material on the surface or in the crack, which may contaminate the crack sealer or impede bonding of the sealant to the pavement, is to be removed by hand tools prior to crack filling. No crack filling material shall be applied in a crack that is wet or where frost, snow, or ice is present. The ambient air temperature must be 50 or higher.

Any over application or spills are to be removed to the satisfaction of the Resident or authorized representative. Any sealed areas with damaged or contaminated sealer or visible voids are to be removed, prepared and resealed. Defective or leaking valves and wands will be repaired or replaced before work continues. If repairs or replacement of defective equipment cannot be accomplished immediately then the Department may permit work to continue but deduct any excess quantities placed as it determines.

Sealer shall be delivered to the crack while the cracks are still hot from the hot air lance preparation through a pressure hose line and applicator nozzle or shoe.

If the work scope requires a flush fill with minimal overbanding then a nozzle sized to fill the cracks shall be used.

If the work scope required crack filling and sealing with overband, then a shoe sized to meet the overband width shall be used. Generally, the shoe width and the sealer overbanding area shall range from 1 inch – 1.5 inch. Overbanding width may vary from the range specified depending on the width and severity of the cracks.

The applicator shall be followed by a V-shaped squeegee to minimize the thickness of the overband. The sealer shall be applied at a rate that produces a coating thickness of 1/8 - inch, typical.

If the sealed area is to be opened to traffic immediately, a barrier material (de-tackifier) such as Glenzoil or an equivalent product approved by the Resident shall be provided by the Contractor and shall be applied to the crack sealer to prevent pickup as directed by the Resident or authorized representative.

If the sealed areas are to be paved over with a hot mix treatment then a 48 hour minimum cure time and use of barrier material (de-tackifier) will be required. Cure times may be extended if excessive pick-up of the crack sealants occurs.

Quality of Work Any excess of sealer, spilled or overapplied, shall be removed from the pavement by approved methods and discarded. Any quality of work determined to be below normal acceptable standards will not be accepted, and will be corrected and/or replaced as directed by the Resident or authorized representative.

Method of Measurement Asphalt Rubber Crack Sealer will be measured by the pound of sealant used. The manufacturer's weights of the sealant for each block (pill) will be accepted as a basis for measurement.

Should tank checks be required to verify material usage, or calculate initial or final gallons remaining in the kettle, a calibrated tank gauge or tank stick shall be used to measure the tank gallons, and a volume correction shall be calculated using Table:1 to correct the gallons to 60 ° F. The corrected gallons shall then be multiplied by the pounds per gallon at 60 ° F listed in the product data sheet provided for the crack seal product being used. The corrected volume and resultant pounds shall be made part of the method of measurement, with consideration given to blocks (pills) added during the day and applied in an acceptable manner.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Asphalt Rubber Crack Sealer will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound complete in place. This price shall be full compensation for furnishing and placing crack sealer, including cleaning cracks and furnishing and placing barrier materials if necessary.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
424.22 Asphalt Rubber Crack Sealer Type 2, Applied	Pound

Conversion Table:1

t	M	t	M	t	M	t	M	t	M	t	M
100	0.9861	135	0.9740	170	0.9621	205	0.9503	240	0.9385	275	0.9269
101	0.9857	136	0.9737	171	0.9618	206	0.9499	241	0.9382	276	0.9266
102	0.9854	137	0.9734	172	0.9614	207	0.9496	242	0.9379	277	0.9263
103	0.9851	138	0.9730	173	0.9611	208	0.9493	243	0.9375	278	0.9259
104	0.9847	139	0.9727	174	0.9607	209	0.9489	244	0.9372	279	0.9256
105	0.9844	140	0.9723	175	0.9604	210	0.9486	245	0.9369	280	0.9253
106	0.9840	141	0.9720	176	0.9601	211	0.9483	246	0.9365	281	0.9250
107	0.9837	142	0.9716	177	0.9597	212	0.9479	247	0.9362	282	0.9246
108	0.9833	143	0.9713	178	0.9594	213	0.9476	248	0.9359	283	0.9243
109	0.9830	144	0.9710	179	0.9590	214	0.9472	249	0.9356	284	0.9240
110	0.9826	145	0.9706	180	0.9587	215	0.9469	250	0.9352	285	0.9236
111	0.9823	146	0.9703	181	0.9584	216	0.9466	251	0.9349	286	0.9233
112	0.9819	147	0.9699	182	0.9580	217	0.9462	252	0.9346	287	0.9230
113	0.9816	148	0.9696	183	0.9577	218	0.9459	253	0.9342	288	0.9227
114	0.9813	149	0.9693	184	0.9574	219	0.9456	254	0.9339	289	0.9223
115	0.9809	150	0.9689	185	0.9570	220	0.9452	255	0.9336	290	0.9220
116	0.9806	151	0.9686	186	0.9567	221	0.9449	256	0.9332	291	0.9217
117	0.9802	152	0.9682	187	0.9563	222	0.9446	257	0.9329	292	0.9213
118	0.9799	153	0.9679	188	0.9560	223	0.9442	258	0.9326	293	0.9210
119	0.9795	154	0.9675	189	0.9557	224	0.9439	259	0.9322	294	0.9207
120	0.9792	155	0.9672	190	0.9553	225	0.9436	260	0.9319	295	0.9204
121	0.9788	156	0.9669	191	0.9550	226	0.9432	261	0.9316	296	0.9200
122	0.9785	157	0.9665	192	0.9547	227	0.9429	262	0.9312	297	0.9197
123	0.9782	158	0.9662	193	0.9543	228	0.9426	263	0.9309	298	0.9194
124	0.9778	159	0.9658	194	0.9540	229	0.9422	264	0.9306	299	0.9190
125	0.9775	160	0.9655	195	0.9536	230	0.9419	265	0.9302	300	0.9187
126	0.9771	161	0.9652	196	0.9533	231	0.9416	266	0.9299	301	0.9184
127	0.9768	162	0.9648	197	0.9530	232	0.9412	267	0.9296	302	0.9181
128	0.9764	163	0.9645	198	0.9526	233	0.9409	268	0.9293	303	0.9177
129	0.9761	164	0.9641	199	0.9523	234	0.9405	269	0.9289	304	0.9174
130	0.9758	165	0.9638	200	0.9520	235	0.9402	270	0.9286	305	0.9171
131	0.9754	166	0.9635	201	0.9516	236	0.9399	271	0.9283	306	0.9167
132	0.9751	167	0.9631	202	0.9513	237	0.9395	272	0.9279	307	0.9164
133	0.9747	168	0.9628	203	0.9509	238	0.9392	273	0.9276	308	0.9161
134	0.9744	169	0.9624	204	0.9505	239	0.9389	274	0.9273	309	0.9158

Legend: t = observed temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.
M = multiplier for reducing volumes to the basis of 60° F.

Conversion Table:1

t	M	t	M	t	M	t	M	t	M
310	0.9154	350	0.9024	390	0.8896	430	0.8768	470	0.8643
311	0.9151	351	0.9021	391	0.8892	431	0.8765	471	0.8640
312	0.9148	352	0.9018	392	0.8889	432	0.8762	472	0.8636
313	0.9145	353	0.9015	393	0.8886	433	0.8759	473	0.8633
314	0.9141	354	0.9011	394	0.8883	434	0.8756	474	0.8630
315	0.9138	355	0.9008	395	0.8880	435	0.8753	475	0.8627
316	0.9135	356	0.9005	396	0.8876	436	0.8749	476	0.8624
317	0.9132	357	0.9002	397	0.8873	437	0.8746	477	0.8621
318	0.9128	358	0.8998	398	0.8870	438	0.8743	478	0.8618
319	0.9125	359	0.8995	399	0.8867	439	0.8740	479	0.8615
320	0.9122	360	0.8992	400	0.8864	440	0.8737	480	0.8611
321	0.9118	361	0.8989	401	0.8861	441	0.8734	481	0.8608
322	0.9115	362	0.8986	402	0.8857	442	0.8731	482	0.8605
323	0.9112	363	0.8982	403	0.8854	443	0.8727	483	0.8602
324	0.9109	364	0.8979	404	0.8851	444	0.8724	484	0.8599
325	0.9105	365	0.8976	405	0.8848	445	0.8721	485	0.8596
326	0.9102	366	0.8973	406	0.8845	446	0.8718	486	0.8593
327	0.9099	367	0.8969	407	0.8841	447	0.8715	487	0.8590
328	0.9096	368	0.8966	408	0.8838	448	0.8712	488	0.8587
329	0.9092	369	0.8963	409	0.8835	449	0.8709	489	0.8583
330	0.9089	370	0.8960	410	0.8832	450	0.8705	490	0.8580
331	0.9086	371	0.8957	411	0.8829	451	0.8702	491	0.8577
332	0.9083	372	0.8953	412	0.8826	452	0.8699	492	0.8574
333	0.9079	373	0.8950	413	0.8822	453	0.8696	493	0.8571
334	0.9076	374	0.8947	414	0.8819	454	0.8693	494	0.8568
335	0.9073	375	0.8944	415	0.8816	455	0.8690	495	0.8565
336	0.9070	376	0.8941	416	0.8813	456	0.8687	496	0.8562
337	0.9066	377	0.8937	417	0.8810	457	0.8683	497	0.8559
338	0.9063	378	0.8934	418	0.8806	458	0.8680	498	0.8556
339	0.9060	379	0.8931	419	0.8803	459	0.8677	499	0.8552
340	0.9057	380	0.8928	420	0.8800	460	0.8674		
341	0.9053	381	0.8924	421	0.8797	461	0.8671		
342	0.9050	382	0.8921	422	0.8794	462	0.8668		
343	0.9047	383	0.8918	423	0.8791	463	0.8665		
344	0.9044	384	0.8915	424	0.8989	464	0.8661		
345	0.9040	385	0.8912	425	0.8984	465	0.8658		
346	0.9037	386	0.8908	426	0.8781	466	0.8655		
347	0.9034	387	0.8905	427	0.8778	467	0.8652		
348	0.9031	388	0.8902	428	0.8775	468	0.8649		
349	0.9028	389	0.8899	429	0.8772	469	0.8646		

Legend: t = observed temperature in degrees Fahrenheit.
M = multiplier for reducing volumes to the basis of 60° F.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 424
LOW MODULUS JOINT SEALER

Description This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment and materials necessary to clean and seal longitudinal and transverse joints that result in the construction of bituminous concrete pavement courses. This material is to be thoroughly applied to the joints during the construction of bituminous pavement courses, to seal the construction joint from deterioration due to the elements, and to adhere the joint materials together.

Materials Asphalt Low Modulus Joint Sealer shall be a modified asphalt and rubber compound designed for sealing and improving the strength and performance of the base asphalt cement and shall conform to ASTM D-6690, Type IV, and the following specification.

Cone Penetration	90 - 150
Flow @ 60°C [140°F]	< 1/8 inch]
Bond, non-immersed	Three ½ inch specimens pass 3 cycles @ 200% extension @ -29°C [-20°F]
Resilience, %	60 min
Asphalt Compatibility, ASTM D5329	pass*

* There shall be no failure in adhesion, formation of any oily exudate at the interface between the sealant and asphaltic concrete or other deleterious effects on the asphaltic concrete or sealant when tested at 140°F.

The contractor shall provide the Resident or authorized representative with a copy of the material manufacturer's recommendations pertaining to heating, application, and reheating prior to the beginning of operations or the changing of materials

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Weather Low modulus joint sealer shall not be applied on a wet surface, or when the atmospheric temperature is below 50°F in a shaded area at the job site, or when weather conditions are otherwise unfavorable to proper construction procedures. An atmospheric temperature of 36°F and rising will be permitted on intermediate and base courses, with the time and weather constraints remaining.

Preparation and Placement This work shall be constructed using a low modulus joint sealer. The sealer shall be heated and applied at a temperature between 340°F - 390°F or as specified by the manufacturer and approved by the Resident. Sealer shall be delivered to the joint through a pressure hose line and applicator shoe. The shoe width shall be designed place sealant over the joint being sealed, and provide full coverage over the joint being sealed, depending on the joint height variability.

The sealer shall be applied at a rate and manner that produces a material thickness of 1/8 inch, typical. The material shall not be applied more than 12 hours prior to the placement of any pavement course, and subject to approval by the Resident.

Preparations of Joints All joints shall be swept or blown free of loose material, dirt, and other debris. Material removed from the joint shall be removed from the pavement surface by means of a power sweeper or appropriate hand tools as required. Joints shall additionally be cleaned by appropriate hand tools if contaminants remain on the face. All debris and water shall be removed to enhance adhesion of the joint sealing material.

THIS WORK SHALL NOT BE DONE IN INCLEMENT WEATHER.

Equipment Equipment used in the performance of the work shall be subject to the Resident's approval and shall be maintained in a satisfactory working condition at all times.

(a) Sweeper: The sweeper shall be a manually operated, gas powered air-broom, or self-propelled sweeper designed especially for use in cleaning pavements shall be used to remove all debris, dirt, and dust from the joints.

(b) Melting Kettle: The unit used to melt the joint sealing compound shall be a double boiler, indirect fired type. The space between inner and outer shells shall be filled with a suitable heat transfer oil or substitute having a flash point of not less than 608°F. The kettle shall be equipped with a satisfactory means of agitating and mixing the joint sealer at all times. This may be accomplished by continuous stirring with mechanically operated paddles and/or a continuous circulating gear pump attached to the heating unit. The kettle must be equipped with thermostatic control calibrated between 170°F and 525°F.

Quality of Work Excess sealer shall be removed from the pavement by approved methods and discarded. Any quality of Work determined to be below normal acceptable standards will not be accepted, and will be corrected and/or replaced as directed by the Resident.

Method of Measurement Low modulus joint sealer will be measured by the foot applied.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Low Modulus Joint Sealer will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot complete in place, which price shall be full compensation for furnishing and placing sealer, including all cleaning of joints, and furnishing and placing all materials necessary to perform the work.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
424.3333 Low Modulus Joint Sealer, Applied	Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 424
 CRACK REPAIR with HOT POUR MASTIC

Description. This work shall consist of preparing and repairing areas identified for crack repair in existing bituminous or concrete pavement layers using hot pour mastic. The hot pour mastic shall be supplied in solid form in boxes containing pre-measured binder blended with aggregates. Products to be used will be subject to approval by the Department. Repair areas will be free of sand, vegetation, water, and any previously placed rubber crack seal or crack repair materials, including cold patch. Preparation, such as cleaning and drying of the cracks by use of oil free compressed air and hot air lance shall be considered included the price per pound of crack repair mastic. Routing or any pavement removal required will be paid for under the appropriate item as described in this Special Provision.

MATERIALS

The hot pour mastic materials are hot-applied, pourable, self-adhesive mastics blended with aggregates designed for maintenance and repair of asphalt and Portland cement concrete pavements. The hot pour mastic materials are composed of highly modified polymer asphalt binder and fine graded lightweight aggregate, or standard weight aggregates as required by the application.

The mastic materials shall be delivered in the manufacturer's original container. The material shall be pre-packaged with the manufacturers name and product name marked on each container. The materials shall conform to the following requirements:

Parameter

Color	Black
Pourability @ 400F (PTM1)*	1000-1400 gm
Stability @ 158F (PTM2)	.6in. max
Flexibility @ Low Temperature (PTM3)	Pass @ -20F
Adhesion @77F (PTM4)	15psi min.
Specific Gravity (ASTM D792)	1.35max.
Skid Resistance, BPN (ASTM E303)	40 min.
Minimum Application Temperature	375°F
Maximum Application Temperature	410°F

The density of the mastic with fine lightweight aggregate is 76 pcf (+/- 3%) and weight per gallon is 10.2 lb/ gal at 60°F. (ref: PolyPatch or equivalent)

The density of the mastic with standard weight aggregate is 116 pcf (+/- 3%) and the weight per gallon is 15.5 lbs/gal at 60°F. (ref: MasticOne or equivalent)

EQUIPMENT

Equipment Equipment used in the performance of the work shall be subject to the Departments or authorized representative's approval and shall be maintained in a satisfactory working condition at all times.

(a) Air Compressor: Air compressors shall be portable and capable of furnishing not less than 4 yd³ of air per minute at not less than 90 psi pressure at the nozzle. The compressor shall be equipped with traps that will maintain the compressed air free of oil and water.

(b) Sweeper: Manually operated, gas powered air-broom or self-propelled sweeper designed especially for use in cleaning pavements shall be used to remove debris, dirt, and dust from the cracks.

(c) Hot Air Lance: Should operate with propane and compressed air in combination at 2000°F - 3000°F, exit air heated at 1000 ft/s. The lance should draw propane from no smaller than a 100 lb tank using separate hoses for propane and air draw. The hoses shall be wrapped together with reflectorized wrap to keep them together and to protect workers in low light situations.

(d) Hand Tools: Shall consist of Boxed or V-shaped squeegee, brooms, shovels, metal bars with chisel shaped ends, and any other tools which may be satisfactorily used to accomplish this work.

(e) Melting Kettle:) The unit used to heat the mastics shall be a double boiler unit equipped with continuous horizontal full sweep agitation and have separate thermostatic control devices that will automatically regulate hot oil and material temperature. Separate digital readouts shall display the temperatures of the hot oil and material. The kettle shall be equipped with mixing paddles, blending augers, or other satisfactory means of agitating, mixing, and blending the aggregates and mastic together. The kettle must be equipped with thermostatic control calibrated between 200°F and 550°F.

If required in the contract the router or crack saw equipment for preparing cracks shall be of a rotary impact type cutter, equipped with a carbide bit or a diamond-blade crack saw which will provide a reservoir of specified dimensions.

An application wand may be required for the work type, and shall apply a controlled flow of material via an insulated or heated hose. The nozzle shall distribute the material as called for in this specification. A pressure regulator shall be provided to regulate pressure at the nozzle. A bypass line into the holding tank is required for use when the nozzle is shut off.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Weather Hot Pour Mastics shall not be applied on a wet or damp surface, or when the atmospheric temperature is below 45°F in a shaded area at the job site, or when weather conditions are otherwise unfavorable to proper crack repair procedures.

Preparation All cracks shall be prepared to receive the mastic material. All cracks must be cleaned of debris, dried and heated to ensure optimal bonding of the sealant material to the existing pavement and crack edges. All cracks shall be flush filled with pre-blended mastic with minimal overband in the same workday as directed by the Resident or authorized representative.

Cracks of less than 1 inch in width shall be shaped as directed by using a crack router or crack saw to a minimum 1 inch width and depth. The router or saw shall be guided so that the crack lies entirely within the routed channel. All material routed or sawn from the cracks shall immediately be removed from the crack and surrounding paved area by use of compressed air, sweeping, or combination of both.

Cracks greater than 1 inch in width shall be thoroughly cleaned by use of compressed air and dried by use of a hot air lance. Any loose or broken materials will be removed from the repair area before placing mastic materials. If it is determined that additional pavement removal or preparation is needed by means of milling, sawing, or cutting of existing pavement the work will be paid under an appropriate pay item. All materials routed, sawn, cut, or otherwise removed from the areas to be repaired shall immediately be removed from the crack and surrounding paved area by use of compressed air sweeping, or combination of both.

Cracks 1 inch in width to 3 inch in width shall be filled with mastic pre-blended with fine lightweight aggregate.

Cracks 3 inch in width to 6 inch width, or repairs that are more structural in nature, such as potholes, depressions, fills or repairs around utility adjustments shall be filled with mastic pre-blended with standard weight aggregates. Generally repairs wider than 6 inches, or that extend below the surface layer may require additional pavement removal or other preparation.

All mastic materials shall be heated to between 380°F and 410°F and thoroughly agitated prior to application. A non-contact infrared thermometer shall be used periodically to monitor the temperature of the material as it exits the kettle. Material may not be used if it is heated beyond the safe heating temperature of 410°F, exceeds the recommended pot life, or is reheated more than one time.

The mastics may be applied to large repair areas when the material has been heated to the lower end of the temperature range to minimize material flow and cooling time.

Mastics shall be applied to the repair areas directly from the melting kettle chute, wand or other conveyance method filled from the kettle. If bucketed, material cooling during transfer must be minimized.

The repair area shall be filled flush to the pavement surface. The material shall be poured into the repair area and worked using boxed or v-shaped squeegees, tools, lutes or heated irons. Care should be taken not to over work the material and cause unequal dispersion of the aggregate within the repair. The material may be applied in multiple lifts to accommodate material shrinkage or flow during cooling.

After the material has been applied to the repair, indirect heating by torch or hot air lance can be used to heat the edges and ensure a watertight seal. Do not burn, scorch or ignite the mastic or adjoining pavement when heating.

Do not allow traffic on the repaired areas for ½ hour, or until the material has cooled enough to support traffic and tracking is minimal.

Quality of Work Excess mastic shall be removed from the pavement by approved methods and discarded. Any work determined to be below normal acceptable standards will not be accepted, and will be corrected and/or replaced as directed by the Resident or authorized representative.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Crack Repair with Hot Pour Mastic will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound. This price will be full compensation for furnishing the appropriate material type for the repair being done, heating, placing and finishing the mastic materials, as well as cleaning and preparing the areas for installation of the mastic, including the use of compressed air, hot air lance, and any sweeping required to remove contaminants from and dry the areas to be treated. Areas identified as requiring pavement removal by means of cutting, sawing, grinding, or routing will be paid under an appropriate contract item.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
424.38 Crack Repair, Hot Pour Mastic	Pound
424.42 Crack Routing	Linear Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 462
GAP-GRADED HMA
(Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course)

The following subsections of the most current version of Specification 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements have been revised and modified by the following:

Description This work shall be constructed in accordance with the applicable referenced sections of Division 400 – Pavements; Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, and the requirements of Section 106 – Quality. All sections not revised by this Special Provision shall be as outlined in the Special Provision 400 Pavements, Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. References to Standard Specifications, Special Provisions, or other documents, shall be determined as the most current version available at the time of bid, or as amended. The Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course consists of a warm polymer modified asphalt emulsion tack coat followed immediately with an Ultra-Thin hot mix asphalt wearing course. The tack coat is spray applied immediately prior to the application of the wearing course to produce a durable wearing surface that can be opened to traffic. The finished surface treatment has a nominal thickness of $\frac{1}{2}$ ", for Type A, $\frac{5}{8}$ " for Type B, and $\frac{3}{4}$ " for Type C.

MATERIALS

The Contractor shall formulate and submit to the Department, a job mix formula (JMF) that satisfies the design general limits listed in Table 1 – Mixture requirements. The JMF aims shall not fall outside the general design limits.

TABLE 1: COMPOSITE GRADATION

AASHTO Standard Sieve Size	Total % Passing by Weight		
	Type A - $\frac{1}{4}$"	Type B - $\frac{3}{8}$"	Type C - $\frac{1}{2}$"
19 mm ($\frac{3}{4}$ "	-	-	100
12.5 mm ($\frac{1}{2}$ "	-	100	85-100
9.5 mm ($\frac{3}{8}$ "	97-100	85-100	45-85
4.75 mm (#4)	40-60	24-41	24-41
2.36 mm (#8)	21-33	21-33	21-33
1.18 mm (#16)	15-26	15-26	15-26
0.60 mm (#30)	11-20	11-20	11-20
0.30 mm (#50)	8-16	8-16	7-16
0.15 mm (#100)	5-10	5-10	5-10
0.075 mm (#200)	4.0-7.0	4.0-7.0	4.0-7.0
Minimum % PGAB	5.1	5.0	5.0

*All aggregate percentages are based on the total weight of the aggregate. The composite gradation for each individual type of mixture shall meet the gradation requirements of Table 1.

The estimated PG binder film thickness shall be calculated for the submitted mix design. Designs with estimated film thickness less than 10 microns may be approved pending successful placement in the field. The estimated film thickness of asphalt shall be calculated using the effective asphalt content in conjunction with the surface area for the aggregates in the JMF according to the following formula and the factors in Table 2:

$$FT = \frac{AC \cdot 1000}{SA \cdot SG}$$

where: *FT* = film thickness (microns)
AC = asphalt content of mix design (%)
SA = total surface area of aggregate (SM/Kg)*
SG = specific gravity of asphalt

* Surface area is calculated by multiplying the percent passing for the design by the factors in the table below for each sieve size and summing the resultant values.

TABLE 2: SURFACE AREA FACTORS

AASHTO Standard Sieve Size	Surface Area Factors (SM/Kg)		
	Type A - ¼"	Type B - ⅜"	Type C - ½"
19 mm (¾")	-	-	0.41
12.5 mm (½")	-	0.41	0
9.5 mm (⅜")	0.41	0	0
4.75 mm (#4)	0.41	0.41	0.41
2.36 mm (#8)	0.82	0.82	0.82
1.18 mm (#16)	1.64	1.64	1.64
0.60 mm (#30)	2.87	2.87	2.87
0.30 mm (#50)	6.14	6.14	6.14
0.15 mm (#100)	12.29	12.29	12.29
0.075 mm (#200)	32.77	32.77	32.77

Aggregates used shall be from an approved source and shall meet the requirements of section 703.07 for 3.0 to < 10 million ESALs, and as modified by items 1 through 7 listed below.

1. Individual coarse aggregates sources shall meet a Micro-Deval (AASHTO T 327) value of 18 or less.
2. Individual coarse aggregates sources shall have a maximum LA Abrasion (AASHTO T96) of 30.
3. Absorption by AASHTO T 84 shall be less than 2.0% for fine aggregate blends.
4. Absorption by AASHTO T 85 shall be less than 2.0% for coarse aggregate blends.
5. Aggregates shall have a minimum sand equivalent of 45, (AASHTO T 176), and the fine aggregate shall be 100% crushed.
6. 95 % of the aggregate shall have at least a single face crushed and 85% shall have 2 or more crushed.
7. Percent by weight of Flat and Elongated particles shall be (5:1 ratio) with 10% maximum.
8. Coarse aggregates, when measured in any dimension, shall not contain particles larger than the lift being placed or ¾ inch, whichever is less.

The Contractor shall test all materials and provide copies of all test results to the Department for materials utilized in the completion of the work. The Contractors' test results shall be submitted to the Department along with the mix design submittal in accordance with the MaineDOT HMA Policy and Procedures Manual.

Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Unless otherwise shown in the contract bid items or noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement, all asphalt binders shall meet a 64-28 PGAB grade. The Contractor may use an approved chemical or wax based warm mix additive when producing UTBWC mixtures using modified PGAB such as 64E-28.

Emulsified Tack Coat Tack Coat shall be modified with latex, natural or synthetic, and shall be certified as meeting the requirements of ASTM D2397 except as modified in Table 3 – Tack Coat Material Properties. It is required that the latex be co-milled at the bulk emulsion facility, to ensure complete and balanced blending. CRS-1P asphalt grade emulsions shall have a minimum asphalt content ratio of 63%.

TABLE 3: TACK COAT MATERIAL PROPERTIES

Property	Method	Minimum	Maximum
Latex Content, % Mass of Total Residue		3.0	
Viscosity at 25°C, (Sec.)	ASTM D244	20	100
Setting Time, Minutes	Observation	3	7
Demulsibility, % by wt. Residue	ASTM D244	40	
Penetration, 25°C (77°F)	T 49	60	150

Deliveries of the emulsified tack coat shall be accompanied by a loading invoice, delivery ticket, or slip, as required under Section 108.1.3 f in addition to the Certificate of Analysis. The emulsified tack coat loading invoice/delivery ticket and Certificate of Analysis shall be provided to the Resident. In the event an intermediate hauler of the asphalt material is involved, a copy of their own delivery slip shall be furnished, as well as a copy of the supplier's loading invoice. The hauler's delivery slip and the supplier's loading invoice shall be cross-referenced by use of their respective serial numbers.

EQUIPMENT

Spray Pavers The spray paver shall be configured to spray tack at the specified rate, and apply hot mix asphalt seconds later. The spray bar shall be located just ahead of the paver's auger, and distribute the liquid through computer-controlled, self-cleaning valves. An onboard microprocessor shall be capable of precisely controlling the rate of flow interlocked to the paver speed. Spray valves shall also be controlled manually if needed. The paver shall have a receiving hopper with sufficient capacity for a uniform spreading operation and a mixture distribution system to place the mixture uniformly, without segregation. The screed assembly shall produce a finished surface of the uniform texture without tearing, shoving, or gouging the mixture.

The self-priming spray paver must be capable of spraying the tack coat, applying the hot asphalt overlay and smoothing the surface of the mat being paved in one pass, at the rate of 33-98 feet per minute. The self-priming spray paver must incorporate a receiving hopper, feed conveyor, heated or insulated storage tank for emulsion, metered tack coat spray bar and a variable width, heated, ironing type screed. The self-priming spray paver shall be a track or rubber tire mounted highway class paver with a minimum combined tractor and screed weight of 44,000 pounds, and a minimum main screed

width of 8 feet. All paver screeds shall be outfitted with auger and tunnel extensions as required to distribute the mix within two feet of the end gate. All pavers shall have power extendible, activated, and heated screed extensions designed by the manufacturer for highway paving. Screeds shall be configured to place mixtures to the required width, crown, and breakpoints as directed by the Department. The paver must have a material receiving hopper size capable of accepting haul trucks, and be of sufficient size and weight to maintain the required rate of placement, line of travel, depth, and cross section while engaged with a loaded tri-axle or trailer haul unit. The screed must be sized to place the mixture over the entire lane width being paved in one pass. It shall also have the ability to be positively crowned at the center of lane and have adjustable extensions to accommodate the desired pavement width and cross sectional profile. The Contractor shall operate the paver in such a manner as to produce a visually uniform surface texture. Any UTBWC that becomes visually unacceptable due to mixture cooling, checking, segregation or deformation as a result of an interruption in mix delivery, or excessive delays in re-charging the emulsion tanks shall be removed and replaced with material that meets contract specifications at no cost to the Department.

Rollers The Contractor shall use 7 foot wide double drum steel wheeled rollers weighing at least 8 to 10 ton, that are equipped with functioning water systems and scrapers to prevent the fresh mix from adhering to the roller drums. If the rollers narrower than 7 foot are to be used, the Contractor will be required to use additional rollers or slow placement speed of the paver to ensure full mat coverage is made immediately behind the spray paver.

CONSTRUCTION DETAILS

Weather and Seasonal Limitations All work shall be in accordance with Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement , subsection 401.06 - Weather and Seasonal Limitations.

Surface Preparation The Contractor shall remove painted striping, mill the existing pavement surface as described in the contract documents, crack seal as required by the contract documents, and sweep the roadway as needed prior to the surface treatment. Stripe removal, milling and crack seal will be paid for under the appropriate contract items.

Crack sealing, if required in the contract, will be paid under the appropriate crack seal item. The Contractor shall crack seal transverse and longitudinal cracks as considered appropriate. Unless otherwise directed cracks shall be flush filled with minimal over-banding, and the material type and shall conform to ASTM D-6690, Type II or AASHTO M 324, and paid under the appropriate Type II crack seal item.

Spot shims or leveling course, if required by the Department, shall be paid for under the appropriate 403.211 - 9.5mm shim unit price included in the contract. Sweeping will not be paid for directly, but shall be included in the 462.30 or 462.301 - Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course contract price.

Application The screed on the paver shall be heated to a temperature between 275°F-335°F before placing Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course on the roadway. Apply the tack coat meeting the requirements of Table 3 at a temperature of 120° - 180° F. The application of tack coat shall be uniform across the entire width to be overlaid, at a rate of 0.22 - 0.25 gallons per square yard, depending upon the existing surface texture. Field adjustments to the target application rate of tack coat shall be determined based upon the existing surface condition of the pavement. The tack coat application rate may be adjusted to 0.17-0.22 gallons per square yard if used over newly placed HMA

levelling course. Adjustments to the tack coat target application rate shall be approved by the Department. All changes to the emulsified tack coat application shall be located with station references, recorded, and included in the daily QC report.

The Contractor shall make all efforts to minimize walking on the unrolled mat. Displacement, marring, or depressions that result from walking on or across the mat will require immediate repair before rolling. Repeated incidences of irreparable surface defects may result in work stoppage until the issue is resolved.

A tack coat of CRS-1P shall be applied to the vertical transverse joint surface and the underlying roadway at each transverse joint takeoff. Should the spray paver be unable to apply tack coat to the vertical transverse joint when paving a tack coat of CRS-1P or RS-1 shall be applied to the vertical joint and adjacent surfaces for at least the first 10 feet. The application rate shall be a minimum of 0.05 gal/s.y. for the tack application at transverse joints. The Contractor shall continuously monitor the rate of spray. No equipment shall come in contact with the tack coat before the hot mix asphalt wearing course is applied. Immediately after applying the tack coat, the contractor shall apply the hot mix asphalt overlay across the full width of the tack coat at a temperature of 290° - 335° F.

Compaction The Contractor shall begin compaction immediately behind the spray paver after the application of wearing course. The roller(s) shall make a minimum of two passes. The roller(s) will not be allowed to stop on the freshly placed wearing course. The Contractor shall use an adequate number of rollers to complete compaction and aggregate seating before the pavement surface temperature falls below 185° F for 64-28 PGABs, or below 210° F for PG 64E-28. The Contractor shall provide an additional roller if the Contractor elects to pave travelway and adjacent shoulder concurrently and the adjacent shoulder exceeds four feet in width. The Contractor shall protect the wearing course from traffic until the rolling operation is complete and the material has cooled sufficiently to resist damage.

UTBWC Documentation The Contractor and the Department shall agree on the amount of UTBWC, measured in square yards, that has been placed each day. The Contractor and the Department shall agree on the amount of emulsified tack coat (in gallons) and HMA (in tons) that have been placed each day. All delivery slips shall conform to the requirements of 401.073.

Quality Control All work shall be in accordance with Division 400 – Pavements; Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement , subsection 401.19- Quality Control Method A, B & C, with the exception of the following revisions;

The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with the following minimum frequencies per each approved mix design:

TABLE 4: MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Temperature of mix	6 per day at street and plant	-
Temperature of mat	4 per day	-
Emulsified tack coat application rate & yield*	1 per 10,000 SY (minimum of 2 per day)	-
Gradation	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 30
PGAB content	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 164 or T 308
Rice Specific Gravity	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 209
Coarse Aggregate Angularity	1 per 5000 ton	ASTM D5821
Flat and Elongated Particles	1 Per 5000 ton	ASTM D4791
Fine Aggregate Angularity	1 Per 5000 ton	AASHTO T 304

* Emulsified tack coat application rate and yield shall be verified independent of the rate displayed on the paver

The Contractor shall monitor plant production on each approved mix design using running average of three control charts as specified in Section 106 - Quality. Control limits shall be as noted in Table 5 below.

TABLE 5: CONTROL LIMITS

Property	UCL and LCL
Passing NMAS sieve	Target +/-4.0 [∇]
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-4.0
Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/-2.5
Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-1.0 [^]
PGAB Content*	Target +/-0.25
Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity	JMF Target +/-0.020

[∇] The mixture shall be produced to comply with the control points outlined in Table 1.

* Based on AASHTO T 308

[^] The minimum LCL shall be 3.0% and the maximum UCL shall be 7.0%.

Acceptance Acceptance shall be in accordance with this Special Provision. The Lot size will be the entire production per JMF for the project, or if so agreed at the Pre-paving Conference, equal lots of up to 4,500 tons (120,000 square yards). Remaining tonnage (square yards) may be rolled into the last lot allowed up to a maximum size of 6,000 tons (160,000 square yards). Sublot sizes shall be 750 tons (20,000 square yards) for mixture properties, with unanticipated over-runs of up to one-half of the sublot rolled into the last sublot. The minimum number of sublots per Lot for mixture properties shall be five.

TABLE 6: UTBWC ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

Property	Point of Sampling	Test Method
Gradation	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 308

TABLE 7: UTBWC ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL
Passing NMA sieve	Target +/-5%*
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-5%
Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-3%
Passing 0.60 mm	Target +/-3%
Passing 0.30 mm to 0.15 mm sieve	Target +/-2%
Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-2%^
PGAB Content	LSL = Target - 0.3% USL = Target + 0.4%

* The mixture shall be produced to comply with the control points outlined in Table 1.

^ The minimum LSL shall be 3.0% and the maximum USL shall be 7.0%.

Pay Adjustment The Department will sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with Section 106 - Quality and Section 401.20 - Acceptance, of Division 400 – Pavements, and this Special Provision.

The Department will use Performance Graded Asphalt Binder content, and the screen sizes listed in this specification for the type of mixture represented in the JMF. If any pay factor for any single property falls below 0.85, the Contractor shall cease production at the HMA plant. If the percent passing the nominal maximum sieve, the 2.36 mm sieve, the 0.300 mm sieve or the 0.075 mm sieve falls below 0.80, then the composite pay factor for the four sieves shall be 0.55.

PGAB Content and Gradation The Department will determine a pay factor for each square yard using Table 7: Acceptance Limits. The Department will calculate the price adjustment for Mixture Properties as follows:

$$PA = 0.70[(\% \text{ Passing Nom. Max PF}-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.05+(\% \text{ passing 2.36 mm PF}-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.05+(\% \text{ passing 0.30 mm PF}-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.05+(\% \text{ passing 0.075 mm PF}-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.10+(PGAB \text{ PF}-1.0)(Q)(P)X0.25]$$

Dispute Resolution All work shall be in accordance with Division 400 – Pavements; Section 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, subsection 401.23 Process for Dispute Resolution.

Method of Measurement The Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course shall be measured by the square yard.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard, complete in-place which price will be full compensation for furnishing all equipment, material, labor, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work. Pay adjustments may be made as outlined in this specification.

Payments will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
462.30 Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	Square Yard
462.301 Polymer-Modified Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course	Square Yard

SPECIAL PROVISION
WIN 23617.10
EXPANSION DEVICES – NON-MODULAR
(Asphaltic Plug Joint)

520.01 Description

This work consists of furnishing and installing asphaltic plug joint systems at the locations shown on the Plans, in accordance with these Specifications, and as directed by the Resident. This work shall include furnishing, installation, and removal of all bond breaking materials used to prevent asphalt pavement layers from adhering to waterproofing membrane, all temporary header(s) installed with the intent to form the asphaltic plug joint channel, and all preparation required for the installation of the asphaltic plug joint.

This work shall also include having the approved manufacturer provide a qualified technical representative to supervise the installation of the joint systems. The representative shall instruct, train, and supervise the Contractor's personnel in the proper methods of installation. All costs associated with this service shall be included in the unit price of the work.

520.02 Submittals

Prior to construction, the Contractor shall submit the following to the Resident for review and approval:

(a) Complete and detailed Shop Drawings of the asphaltic plug joint system. Shop Drawings shall include information covering materials, their properties, installation procedures, storage and handling requirements, and Safety Data Sheets.

(b) The resume of the manufacturer's technical representative, which shall include the representative's experience installing the asphaltic plug joint system along with the names and telephone numbers of contact persons for recent projects where technical assistance was provided.

(c) Certified test reports of the asphaltic binder, closed cell foam backer rod, and the plastic compound.

(d) Certificates of Compliance for bridging plates, centering nails, and aggregate.

520.03 Materials

An asphaltic plug joint system from MaineDOT's Qualified Products List for Expansion Devices – Non-Modular (Asphaltic Plug Joints) shall be used.

520.04 Installation

The asphaltic plug joint system shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's latest instructions and this specification. Manufacturer's representatives shall be present during the entire installation to ensure satisfactory results are obtained.

The asphaltic plug joint system shall allow total joint movement for up to 2 inches. The installation shall be centered over the expansion joint gap as indicated on the Plans. It shall not be installed when ambient or substrate temperatures are below 40°F, when rain is imminent, or as directed by the Resident. The area shall be free of dirt, dust, moisture, petroleum, or solvents that might contaminate the joint materials or reduce the bond of the joint system to the substrate or vertical faces. The use of compressed air and heat may be required to dry the area before installing the joint system.

The asphalt pavement layers shall be removed to the required dimensions shown on the plans. The asphalt pavement shall be sawcut to a depth that will not damage the waterproofing membrane, but permit the removal of the asphalt pavement layer. The pavement layer shall be removed in a manner that will not damage the waterproofing membrane. Bond breakers such as interlayers and fabrics, or temporary header(s), may be used with new hot mix asphalt placements to avoid unnecessary sawcuts and protect the waterproofing membrane from damage. The method of attaching temporary header(s) to the concrete deck shall be approved by the Resident. The use of a temporary header shall not be allowed if it will need to be anchored into a precast prestressed concrete member. Should a concrete levelling course be required before installing the bridging plates, and the membrane layer is removed in the process, it shall be replaced before the asphaltic plug joint system is installed. Vertical surfaces of the asphalt pavement layers shall be cleaned to remove all water, dust, or other contaminants.

Backer rods shall be installed in expansion joint openings at a minimum of 1 inch depth or as indicated on the Plans.

Unless otherwise specified by the asphaltic plug joint system manufacturer, liquid asphalt binder meeting the requirements of a 64-28 or 58-28 PGAB shall be used to coat the membrane and bridging plate surfaces.

The binder shall be heated to 350°F to 410°F, or a safe temperature as recommended by manufacturer. Heating kettles shall be equipped with continuous agitation system, temperature controller, calibrated thermometer, and double steel jacket with an oil layer in between, to prevent scorching of the binder. During application, the temperature of the binder shall be maintained at a minimum of 350°F, but not greater than 410°F. It shall be poured and leveled into the expansion joint openings until overfilled, and the excess binder spread over the area covered by the bridging plates.

Steel bridging plates shall be placed from curb to curb on the roadway portion of expansion joints. The plates shall be centered over the joint opening. Centering nails shall be placed in pre-drilled holes and hammered in to secure the plates.

Once the bridging plates are installed, liquid asphalt binder shall be poured and leveled over the bridging plates and adjacent membrane surfaces in a manner that ensures full coverage. Areas with excessive application, such as pooling of liquid, should be removed or dispersed along the joint area.

Asphaltic plug joint system aggregate shall be heated in a rotating drum mixer to a minimum of 350°F but not greater than 410°F, or as recommended by the manufacturer. The thermoplastic polymeric modified asphalt binder shall be added to the mixer to pre-coat the aggregates.

Coated aggregate shall be placed into blockouts in layers as recommended by the manufacturer. Blockouts shall be overfilled with coated aggregate as required to compensate for compaction. Equipment for compaction shall be as recommended by the manufacturer. Additional thermoplastic polymeric modified asphalt binder shall be screeded over the compacted joint to fill all surface voids.

Top dressing aggregate shall be applied per the manufacturer's recommendation.

Plastic compound shall be used for repairing overcuts in bituminous concrete. Cleaning, mixing, and application shall be in conformance to the manufacturer's instructions.

Vehicular traffic may pass over finished joints two-hours after compaction, or as recommended by the manufacturer.

520.05 Method of Measurement

The Asphaltic Plug Joint system will be measured by the linear foot along the top surface of installed joints to the limits shown on the Plans. Preparation of surfaces for the proposed joint system including cutting, grinding, and cleaning will not be measured separately for payment, but shall be incidental to the Asphaltic Plug Joint.

520.06 Basis of Payment

The Asphaltic Plug Joint system will be paid for at the Contract unit price lump sum, which price shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required for furnishing and installing the Asphaltic Plug Joint system as shown on the Plans, in accordance with these Specifications, and as directed by the Resident. Payment shall also include all work required to repair the concrete deck where anchors were used with a temporary header, and all patching needed for the waterproofing membrane.

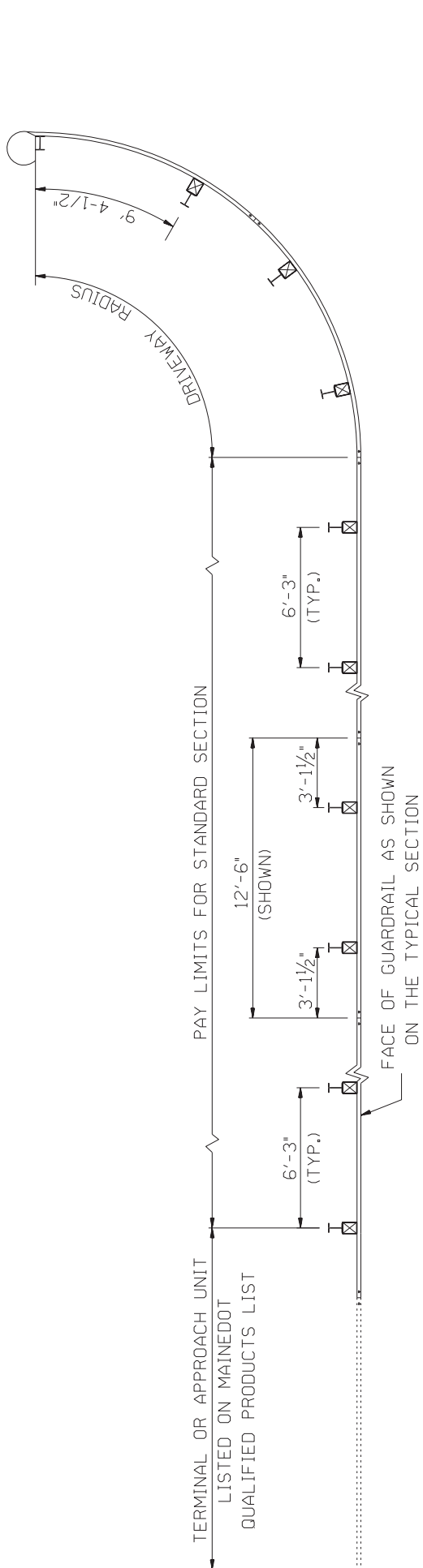
Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
520.2321 Asphaltic Crack Control Joint	Lump Sum

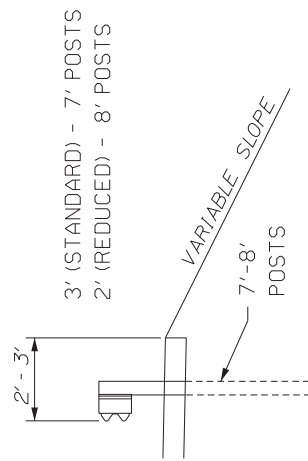
SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 606
GUARDRAIL

606.09 Basis of Payment: This section shall be amended with the addition of the following:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
606.1301 31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice (Steel Post, 8" Offset Blocks, Single Faced)	Linear Foot
606.1302 31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice (Steel Post, 8" Offset Blocks, Double Faced)	Linear Foot
606.1303 31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice (Steel Post, 8" Offset Blocks, 15' Radius and Less)	Linear Foot
606.1304 31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice (Steel Post, 8" Offset Blocks, Over 15' Radius)	Linear Foot
606.1305 31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice Flared Terminal (31" Height)	Each
606.1306 31" W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice Tangent Terminal (31" Height)	Each
606.1307 Bridge Transition (Asymmetrical) – Type 1A	Each
606.1308 Buried-in-Slope Guardrail End, Mid-Way Splice	Each

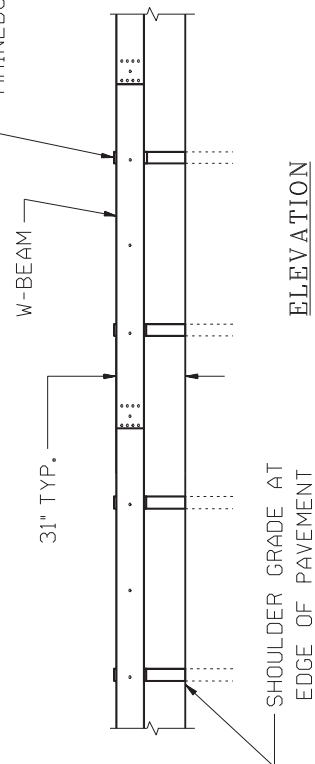


PLAN



CROSS SECTION

W 6x9.0 OR W 6x8.5 STEEL POST WITH 6" x 8" WOOD
OFFSET BLOCK OR OTHER 8" BLOCK LISTED ON
MAINEDOT QUALIFIED PRODUCTS LIST (TYP.)



31" W-BEAM GUARDRAIL - MID-WAY SPLICE

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 606
GUARDRAIL

(LINEAR DELINEATION SYSTEM)

Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing linear delineation system panels on w-beam guardrail.

Materials Each linear delineation system panel shall be 1.5 inches wide by approximately 11 inches nominal length, with a minimum of 5 raised lateral ridges spaced at approximately 2.25 inches. The height of each ridge shall be 0.34 inches with a 45 degree profile and a 0.28 inches radius at the top. Reflective sheeting shall be white or fluorescent yellow and shall meet the applicable requirements of Standard Specification 719.01. Sheeting shall be laminated to thin gauge aluminum with a pre-applied adhesive tape on the back.

Construction Requirements Linear delineation system panels shall be applied at approximately 62.5 foot intervals on tangents (after every tenth post) and 31.25 feet on curves (after every fifth post), and shall be centered vertically on the guardrail beam. Panels shall not be applied to seams or bolt heads; each panel shall be fully attached to only one guardrail beam. The guardrail beam surface shall be cleaned and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. Application air temperature and guardrail surface temperature must be a minimum of 50 degrees F (10 C) with rising temperature.

On two directional highways, panels shall be white on both sides of the highway. On one-way or divided highways panels shall be yellow on the left and white on the right.

Method of Measurement Linear delineation system panels will be measured for payment by each, installed, complete in place and accepted.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of linear delineation system panels will be paid for at the contract unit price each for all work and materials furnished to install, complete in place, including all incidentals necessary to complete the work. Linear delineation system panels shall be considered incidental to the new guardrail item and no additional payment shall be made.

Payment will be under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
606.3521 Linear Delineation System Panel	Each

**SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION - 627
GROOVING FOR PAVEMENT MARKING**

627.30 Description

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a groove in the pavement for placement of pavement markings as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Resident.

627.30.1 Construction Requirements

Prior to grooving any recessed lines, the Contractor shall layout the proposed pavement markings on the surface course with a chalk line or other suitable method so that the Resident can inspect the locations. Once the Resident has inspected and approved the proposed striping layout, the grooves for the proposed pavement markings may be ground. No pavement grooving shall be done without the prior approval of the Resident.

The Contractor shall use gang stacked diamond tipped cutting blades that will produce a smooth texture at the bottom of the groove that will be a flat, uniform texture with minimal variation in height so that the rise in the finished groove between each bottom of the cutting blade does not exceed 10 mils in depth. The acceptability of the surface texture will be decided by the Resident and/or Manufacturer's Technical Representative.

The final depth of the groove shall be 105 mils $\pm$ 5 mils for paint applications, the final depth of groove shall be 125 mils $\pm$ 5 mils for any tape application. The width of the groove shall be one (1) $\pm$ ¼ inch wider than the width of the painted lines indicated in the Contract or as directed by the Resident. A two (2) inch offset from the edge of the recessed groove to the longitudinal surface course pavement joint is desirable. Lengths of grooves shall be determined in the Contract. Depth plates shall be provided by the contractor to assure that desired groove depth is achieved.

Grooves shall be clean, dry with no visible moisture, free of laitance, oil, dirt, grease, paint or other foreign contaminants. Prior to the installation of the pavement marking the grooves shall be air blasted to remove any remaining dirt and residue. The Contractor shall prevent traffic from traversing and damaging the grooves and re-groove or re-clean grooves as necessary prior to application of any pavement markings. All debris resulting from the installation of the grooves shall be removed and disposed of by the contractor.

All grooved locations shall be constructed in accordance with this specification and any additional manufacturer's recommended procedures.

627.30.2 Method of Measurement

The quantity of grooving for markings measured for payment will be the number of Square Feet (ft²) as shown in the Schedule of Items in the Contract. Additional measurement will not be made except for authorized changes during construction or where significant errors are found in the contract quantity. The revision or correction in quantity will be measured, computed and added to or deducted from the contract quantity. When required, grooves will be measured separately and made to the nearest square foot.

When grooving is used for sections of broken lines for acceleration/deceleration, auxiliary lanes and passing zones the length measured for payment shall include only the grooved areas. Breaks or gaps will not be included in the length measured for payment.

627.30.3 Basis of Payment

The accepted quantity of grooving will be paid for at the contract unit price per each of the pay items included in the contract. Payment will be considered full compensation for all labor, equipment, necessary material to complete the described work, including cleaning, loading, hauling, stockpiling and disposal of material; and any other incidental items.

Pay ItemPay Unit

627.30	Grooving for Pavement Marking	Square Foot (ft ²)

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 627- PAVEMENT MARKINGS
POLYUREA PAVEMENT MARKING

627.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and placing reflectorized pavement lines and markings, removing pavement lines and markings, and furnishing and applying reflectorized paint to curbing in reasonably close conformity with the Plans and as designated. The liquid marking material shall be applied by spray method onto asphalt cement concrete and Portland cement concrete surfaces. Following an application of retroreflective optics, and upon curing, the resulting marking shall be an adherent reflectorized stripe during dry and wet conditions of the specified thickness and width that is capable of resisting deformation by traffic.

Work under these items shall consist of the furnishing and installation of white and lead-free yellow polyurea reflectorized pavement markings (including edge lines, center lines, skip lines, cross walks, stop bars and symbols) on all pavement surfaces noted on the Plans.

627.02 Materials Materials shall conform to the requirements identified below:

627.02.1 Polyurea Material The Contractor shall use a polyurea paint that is classified as VERY FAST CURING POLYUREA TRAFFIC PAINT (no-track times < 10 minutes). The following paint or an approved equal shall be used:

- Innovative Performance Systems HPS-5, Ph. 800.448.3482
- Epoplex LS-90, Ph. 800.822.6920
- 3M Series 5000 LPM, Ph. 800.553.1380

At least one component shall be composed of secondary amines, pigments and fillers as needed to meet performance requirements of this specification.

These films shall be manufactured without the use of lead chromate pigments or other similar, lead-containing chemicals.

The white polyurea shall contain not less than 13% by weight rutile titanium dioxide pigment to ensure adequate opacity, hiding power and reflective properties.

The reflective media must include a first drop of 3M CR AW 90 Series elements and second drop of Swarco 18/50 beads (former Utah Performance) bead blend based on manufacturers recommended drop rates. These beads and elements shall be for drop-on application applied simultaneously with paint by pressurized or mechanical means.

627.03 General The pavement markings shall be applied in accordance with the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Longitudinal lines placed on tangent roadway segments shall be straight and true. Longitudinal lines placed on curves shall be continuous smoothly curved lines consistent with the roadway alignment. All pavement markings placed shall meet the tolerance limits shown on the Plans. Broken lines shall consist of alternate 10- foot painted line segments and 30 -foot gaps on non-Interstate or expressway. Broken lines on Interstate and expressway shall consist of alternate 15-foot painted line segments and 25- foot gaps.

Temporary pavement marking lines, defined in Special Provision Section 652, Maintenance of Traffic, Temporary Centerline, will be applied as many times as necessary to properly delineate traffic lanes for the safe passage of traffic. Bi-directional delineators may be used in place of temporary lines, except where specified otherwise in Special Provision 652 Maintenance of Traffic, Temporary Centerline. Delineators will be applied at 40 foot intervals.

In overnight lane closure areas that are not to be overlaid, temporary plastic lines or raised pavement markers shall be used through the length of the taper.

Newly painted lines, markings and curb shall be protected from traffic using cones, stationary vehicles or other approved methods until the paint is dry.

627.02.1 Polyurea Marking Polyurea Marking equipment shall be certified by the manufacturer as suitable for the application of the polyurea and reflective media. The striping equipment shall bear a decal identifying it as manufacturer certified.

At any time throughout the duration of the project, the Contractor shall provide free access to his application equipment for inspection by the Resident, his authorized representative, or the materials representative.

627.04 Polyurea Performance Requirements The preformed markings shall consist of white and yellow films with pigments selected and blended to conform to standard highway colors. The mixed polyurea compound, both white and yellow, when applied to a 144 in² aluminum panel at 15±3 mil in thickness with no glass beads and exposed for 500 hours in a Q.U.V. Environmental Testing Chamber, as described in ASTM G-154, Cycle #1, shall conform to the following minimum requirements. The color of the white polyurea system shall not be darker than Federal Standard No. 595A-17778. The color of the yellow polyurea system shall be reasonably close to Federal Standard No. 595A-13538.

The surface of the retroreflective marking shall provide an initial average skid resistance value of 45 BPN when tested according to ASTM E303.

When tested in accordance with ASTM D-711 the polyurea marking material shall reach a track-free condition in 7 minutes or less at 15 mils with no retroreflective material.

When installed at 77° F, at a wet film thickness of 22±1 mils and reflectorized with glass beads, the polyurea markings shall reach a no-track condition in less than 6 minutes. Dry to “no-tracking” shall be considered as the condition where no visual deposition of the polyurea marking to the pavement surface is observed when viewed from a distance of 50 feet, after a traveling vehicle’s tires have passed over the line.

The polyurea pavement marking materials, when tested according to ACI Method 503, shall demonstrate 100% concrete failure in the performance of this test. The prepared specimens shall be conditioned at room temperature (75° ± 2° F) for a minimum of 24 hours and maximum of 72 hours prior to the performance of the tests indicated.

The polyurea pavement marking materials, when tested according to ACI Method 503, shall demonstrate 100% asphalt failure in the performance of this test. The prepared specimens shall be conditioned at room temperature (75° ± 2° F) for a minimum of 24 hours and maximum of 72 hours prior to the performance of the tests indicated.

The material shall have a minimum Shore D Hardness of between 70 and 100 when tested in accordance with ASTM D 2240.

The material shall have a maximum abrasion resistance of 150 mg at 15 ± 1 mil (0.375 ± 0.025 mm) when tested in accordance with ASTM D-4060 (formally ASTM C 501).

The Contractor shall furnish a certificate of compliance showing the Polyurea material conforms to all requirements of this specification.

627.05 Preparation of Surface At the time of Polyurea application all pavement surfaces shall be grooved to create a recess for the paint that shall be in accordance with specification 627.30 Grooving for Pavement Markings in addition any polyurea manufacturer’s recommended procedures. The acceptability of the surface texture will be decided by the Resident and/or Manufacturer’s Technical Representative prior to application.

The pavement surface temperature and the ambient temperature shall be above 32° F at the time of application. The Resident shall determine the atmospheric conditions and pavement surface conditions that produce satisfactory results.

627.06 Application All work shall be done in accordance with the Material Suppliers specifications and the following:

1. The polyurea binder shall be applied at rates to achieve a minimum uniform wet thickness of 25±2 mils.
2. Marking Performance: The typical dry average initial retro reflectance of the markings shall be 600 [(mcd(ft-2)(fc-1)] for white and 400 [(mcd(ft-2)(fc-1)] for yellow per ASTM E1710. The typical wet average initial retro reflectance of the markings shall be 375 [(mcd(ft-2)(fc-1)] for white and 275 [(mcd(ft-2)(fc-1)] for yellow per ASTM E2177.

The average initial retro reflectance shall be determined according to the measurement and sampling procedures outlined in ASTM D 6359, using a 30 meter retro reflectometer. The 30 meter retro reflectometer shall measure the coefficient of retroreflected luminance, RL, at an observation angle of 1.05 degrees and an entrance angle of 88.76 degrees. RL shall be expressed in units of millicandelas per square foot per foot-candle [(mcd(ft-2)(fc-1)]. The metric equivalent shall be expressed in units of millicandelas per square yard per lux [mcd(m-2)(lux-1)].

627.07 Installation The Contractor shall provide to the Department a written quality control report of the application. The report will include: a thorough summary of the application, weather, temperature, groove depth, wet mil thickness, reflectivity verification tests and any corrective actions taken while applying the Polyurea. The Contractor will submit the report to the Resident within 14 days of application.

The Department will measure initial performance of the pavement markings within fourteen (14) days after application. Measurements shall also be made six (6) and twelve (12) months after application for data purposes only.

627.09 Removing Lines and Markings When it is necessary to remove pavement lines and markings, it shall be done by high pressure water, sand blasting, or other acceptable means approved by the Department. The method chosen must be capable of completely eradicating the existing line or marking without damage to the pavement. Burning or the use of solvents is not permitted.

627.10 Method of Measurement The quantity of permanent pavement marking lines measured for payment will be the number of feet shown in the Schedule of Items in the contract. Polyurea Pavement Marking Lines (Recessed) shall be measured by the linear foot. Double yellow centerline, broken or solid, will be considered one line for measurement purposes. Any broken or dotted white lines measurement will not include the gaps. All other pavement markings will be measured by the square foot for work completed in accordance with the contract.

Reflectorized curb will be measured or computed by the square foot of curb surface painted and reflectorized.

627.11 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of permanent pavement marking lines will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot. No adjustment will be made to the quantity for payment, except as described under Method of Measurement above. All other permanent pavement markings will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
627.734 4" White or Yellow Polyurea Pavement Marking Line (Recessed)	Linear Foot
627.745 6" White or Yellow Polyurea Pavement Marking Line (Recessed)	Linear Foot
627.751 White or Yellow Polyurea Pavement Markings (Recessed)	Square Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 645
HIGHWAY SIGNING
(Flexible Reflectorized Delineator)

Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing flexible reflectorized delineators in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations in reasonably close conformity with the plans and specifications.

Materials Flexible reflectorized delineators shall be one of the following:

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>
Safe-Hit Corp.	Safe-Hit Co-extruded Type SH248GP3 Safe-Hit Co-extruded Type SH254GP3 Safe-Hit Co-extruded Type SH348GP3

Construction Requirements Flexible delineators shall be installed in accordance with Section 645.062 Installation of Delineators, except that the mounted height of the delineator shall be 1200 mm [4 ft] above the edge of shoulder.

Method of Measurement Flexible reflectorized delineators will be measured by the number of units complete in place.

Basis of Payment The accepted reflectorized delineators will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Such payment will be full compensation for furnishing and installing the delineator and all associated hardware complete in place.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
645.306 Flexible Reflectorized Delineator	Each

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Approaches. Approach signing for the work on the Interstate shall include the following signs

Road Work 3 Miles	Road Work Next x Miles
Road Work 2 Miles	End Road Work
Road Work 1 Mile	

Work Areas Interstate. At the work sites, signs, flashing arrow boards and channeling devices as shown on the Work Zone Signing details shall be used as directed by the Resident.

Signs Include:

Right or Left Lane Closed 2 Miles
Lane Ends 1 mile Merge Right or Left Now
Right or Left Lane Closed 1/2 Mile
Speed Limit 55***¹ (Existing speed limit signs will be covered when in use)
Fines Doubled*
Work Zone¹
Do Not Pass*
Right/Left Merge Symbol (W 4-2)
End Work Zone¹
Resume Speed
Exit (green with white legend and border)
Road Work Ahead¹
Merging Traffic Symbol (At on-ramp in right lane closure)
Stop Ahead (At on-ramp in right lane closure)
Single Lane Ahead (At on-ramp in left lane closure)
Stop (At on-ramp in right lane closure)
Directional Arrows (At on-ramp in right lane closure)
Detour
End Detour
Bump
Trucks Entering
Stay In Lane*
Left Turning Trucks with 500 Feet Advisory Plate
Flagger Sign
Grooved Pavement
Caution Rumble Strip
Uneven Lanes
Motorcycles Use Caution

* White with black legend and border

¹ In addition to work zone package these signs will also be required at the end of any on ramps that are within the lane closure

The preceding list of Approach signs and Work Area signs are representative of the contract requirements. Other sign legends may be required.

General Requirements-Interstate.

The Contractor shall provide a minimum traveled way width of 14 feet through an expressway lane closure.

The maximum length of lane closure shall be 6 miles in length.

Lane closures shall not be set up until work in the area is to be performed and must be removed when no work is being performed. **See Special Provision105.**

Lane closures shall be separated by at least 2 miles.

All construction work shall be confined to the lane closed to traffic.

Slow moving construction equipment may travel the closed lane for short distances, **ALL** vehicles shall be orientated with the flow of traffic unless otherwise authorized by the Resident.

Any vehicle using LED Lights shall have them angled as to not to impeded or disrupt normal traffic flow at any time as determined by the Resident. Vehicles unable to manipulate these devices shall be removed from the project immediately.

All trucking shall be done in the lane open to traffic.

No equipment or vehicles of the Contractor, his Subcontractor or employees engaged in work on this contract, shall be parked or stopped on lanes carrying traffic, or on lanes or shoulders adjacent to lanes carrying traffic, at any time.

The Contractor shall keep all paved areas of the roadway as clear as possible at all times. The Contractor's personnel and equipment shall avoid crossing traffic lanes whenever possible. "Road Work Ahead" signs shall be used on roads adjacent to the interstate when the Contractor is working on or near an on-ramp or when the on-ramp enters a lane closure area.

See Special Provision 105 for Off shift lane closures.

All temporary pavement marking lines or markers will be paid under Item 627.781 Temporary 6 Inch Painted Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow or Item 627.78 Temporary 4 Inch Painted Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow. TOM's will not be permitted.

12:1 paved tapers constructed of Hot Mix Asphalt shall be placed at all off/on ramps immediately following milling and paving. Millings shall not be used.

Crossovers shall not be allowed to be utilized to change direction unless a closure package is installed in the northbound passing lane according to Special Provision 652, incorporated into the contractor's traffic control plan, and authorized by the Department. Crossovers may not be used for storage areas.

The Contractor and employees shall conduct all work in a safe and professional manner as it relates to the traveling public (i.e. not adversely disrupting the flow of traffic in an unsafe manner when exiting or entering a lane closure or crossover, negative verbal or physical gestures).

The intent is that attenuator vehicles are to be used at all stationary operations and under most circumstances. They shall be rated for highway speeds. They shall be used in accordance with manufacturers' recommendations. The use of these vehicles shall be written into the contractor's traffic control plan. The cost for these vehicles shall be considered incidental to the traffic control plan. An example would be culvert work or guardrail replacement. Maximum distance between operations and attenuator vehicles will be 500'. Attenuators shall be present at the beginning of paving and milling operations. The cost for these vehicles shall be considered incidental to Item 652.36.

Item 652.47 Temporary Portable Rumble Strips shall be deployed during approach sign set up.

Channelization. Channelization devices shall include the following:

Flashing Arrow Boards

Vertical Panel Markers

Drums (To be used in tapers and as directed by the Resident.)

Cones (In lane closures, the contractor shall place 3 drums across a closed lane every 1500'.)

Channelization devices shall be installed and maintained at the spacing determined by the MUTCD to delineate travel lanes through the project. Vertical Panel markers shall be placed 2 feet from the outside edge of the shoulder on the passing lane at 600 feet intervals when the travel lane is closed in overnight lane closures. The vertical panel marker size shall be 12 inches x 36 inches. The bottom of these panels shall be 4' from the ground below. When directed by the Engineer, drums or other channelization devices shall be placed in the closed lane at a maximum spacing of 2 x speed limit.

Temporary Centerline or Edge Line. A temporary painted centerline and edge line shall be marked each day on all milled surfaces or new pavement to be used by traffic. The temporary line shall conform to the standard marking patterns used for permanent markings and will be paid for under Section 627. Failure to apply a temporary line daily will result in suspension of milling or paving until temporary markings are applied to all previously milled surfaces or placed pavement. In the event of inclement weather that would prevent markings to be applied, MaineDOT will determine the procedure to be followed and whether additional pavement may be removed or placed based upon safety, traffic volumes and patterns.

Item 627.30 Grooving for Pavement Markings must have a temporary painted centerline and edge line applied within according to the following guidelines:

One line grooved	48 hours of grooving
Two or more lines grooved	24 hours of grooving

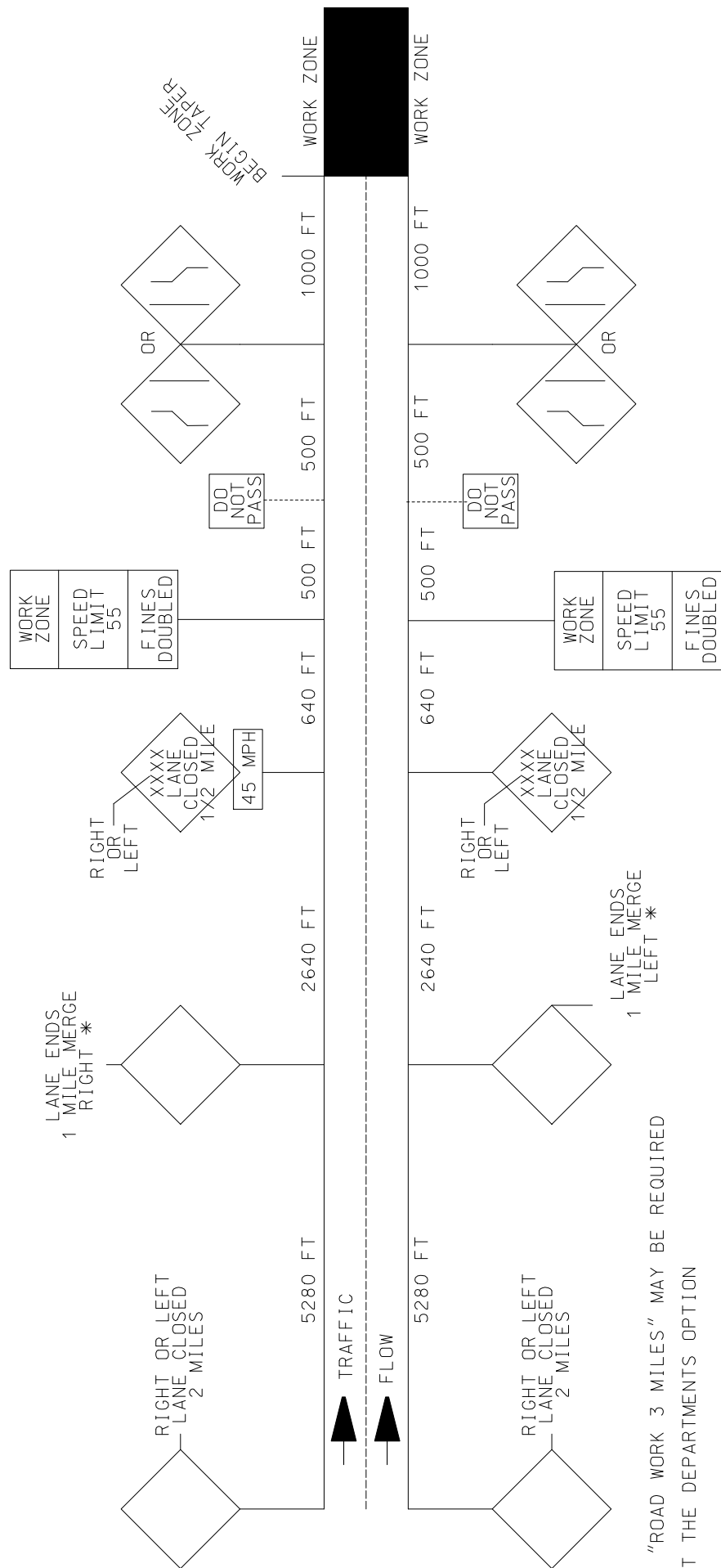
Under no circumstances shall this time span over a weekend or a no work period. Failure to comply with this will result in a traffic control violation until such line has been marked.

Roadside Recovery Area. The Contractor shall not store material nor park equipment within 15 feet of the edge of the established travel lanes.

No long term storage of equipment or material will be allowed within 30 feet of the edge of the established travel lanes. Short term storage of equipment or material less than 30 feet from the edge of the established travel lanes must be approved by the Department and shall be clearly marked by **drums and cones**. Short term storage shall be defined as less than 12 hours. No equipment or material will be allowed within 30 feet of the edge of the established travel lanes at night.

Speed Limits in Work Zones. The Contractor shall sign all approved reduced speed limits on construction project according to APM #431 - A Policy on the Establishment of Speed Limits in Work Zones.

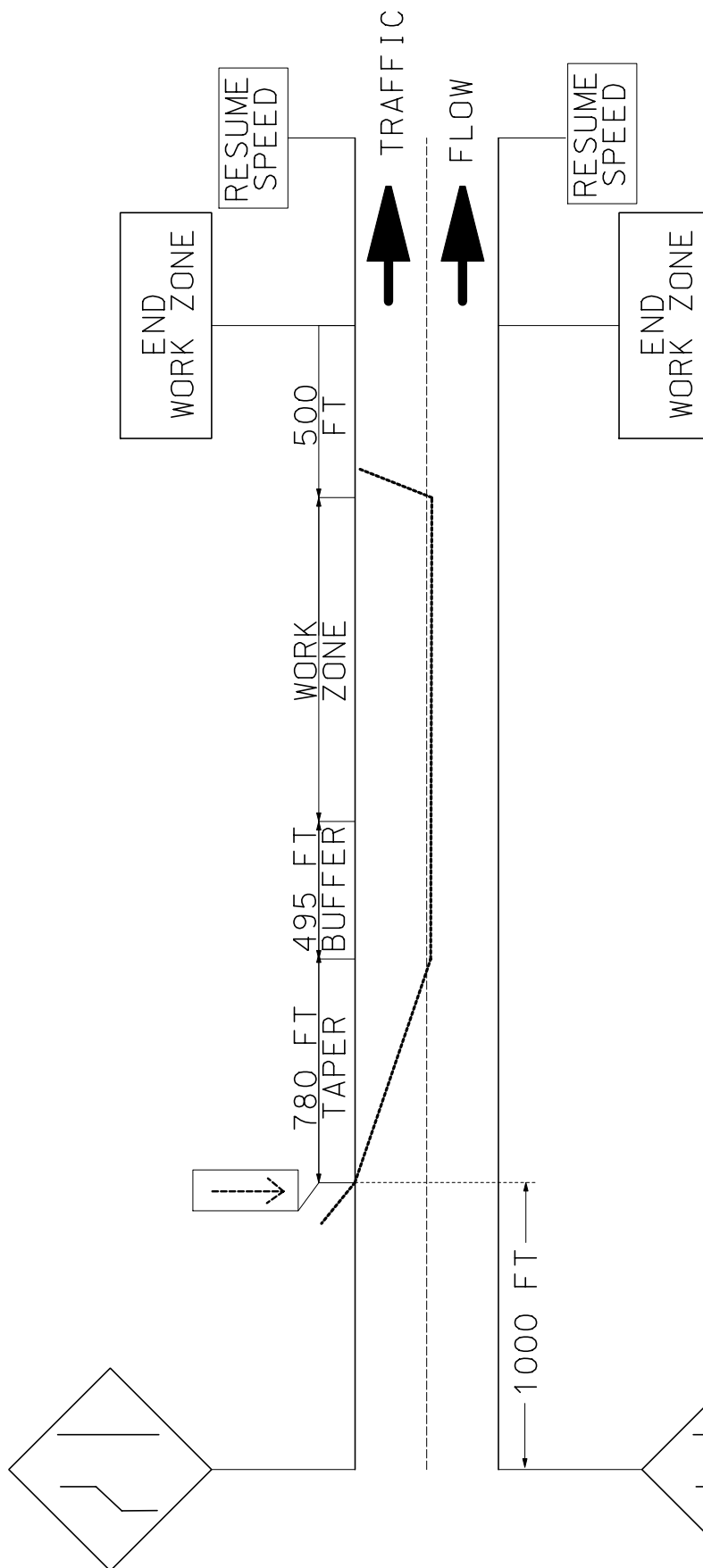
WORK ZONE SIGNING



A "ROAD WORK 3 MILES" MAY BE REQUIRED AT THE DEPARTMENT'S OPTION

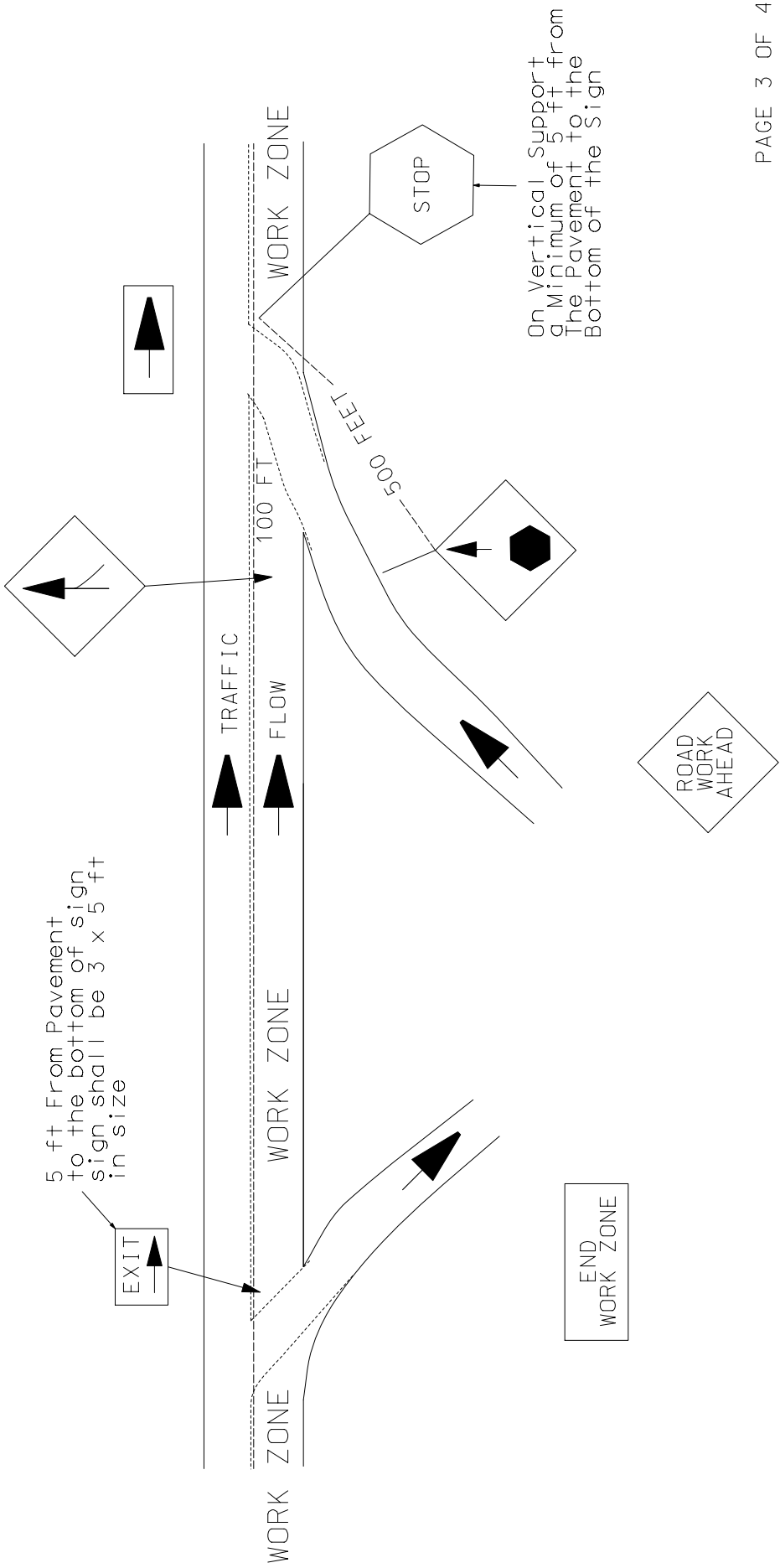
* LANE ENDS 1 MILE MERGE RIGHT OR LEFT SIGNS SHALL ONLY BE PLACED ON SIDE OF ROAD THAT NEEDS TO MERGE

WORK ZONE

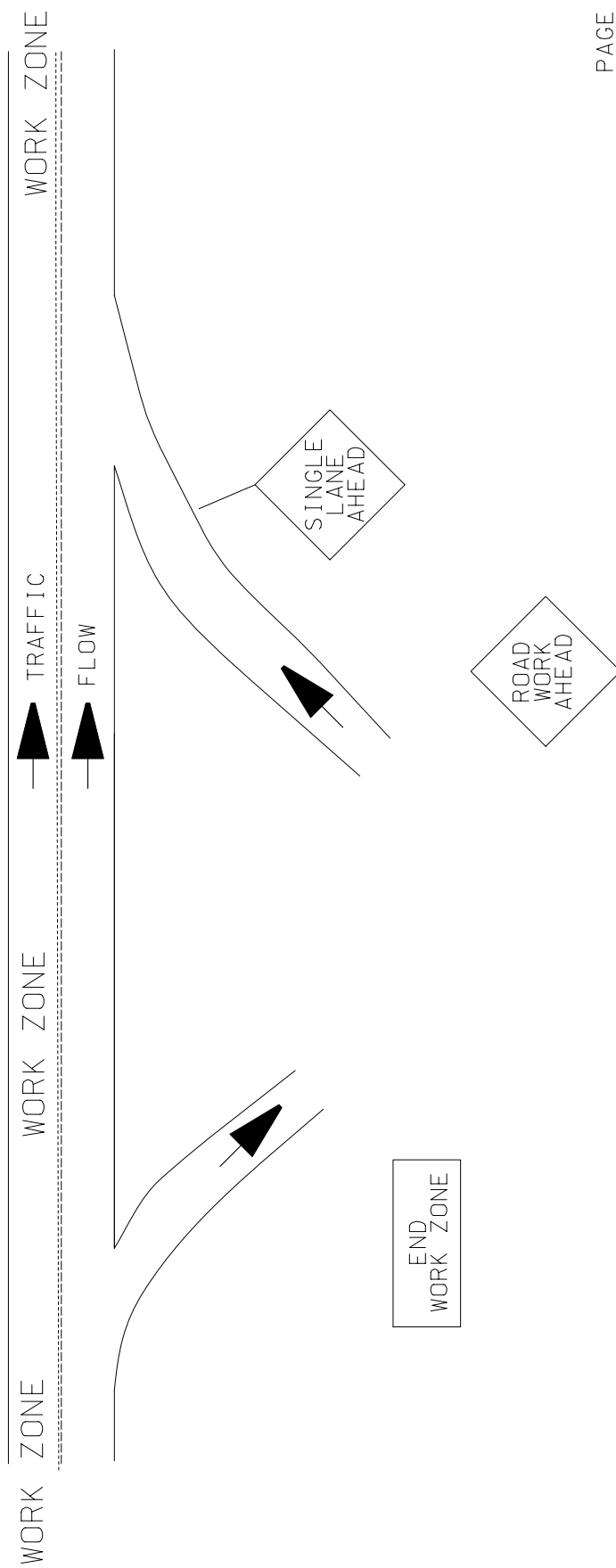


NOTE:
CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL BE SPACED AT A DISTANCE OF 110 FEET
APART WITH 3 DEVICES ACROSS THE CLOSED LANE EVERY 1500 FEET.
DEVICES IN THE TAPER SHALL BE SPACED AT 55 FEET APART.

RAMPS – RIGHT LANE CLOSED



RAMPS - LEFT LANE CLOSED



SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Approaches. Approach signing shall include the following signs at a minimum. Field conditions may warrant the use of additional signs as determined by the Resident.

Road Work Next X* Miles
Road Work 500 Feet (Ahead)
End Road Work

Work Areas. At each work site, signs and channelizing devices shall be used as directed by the Resident.

Signs include:

Road Work xxxx¹.
One Lane Road Ahead
Flagger Sign

Other typical signs include:

Be Prepared to Stop
Low Shoulder
Bump
Pavement Ends

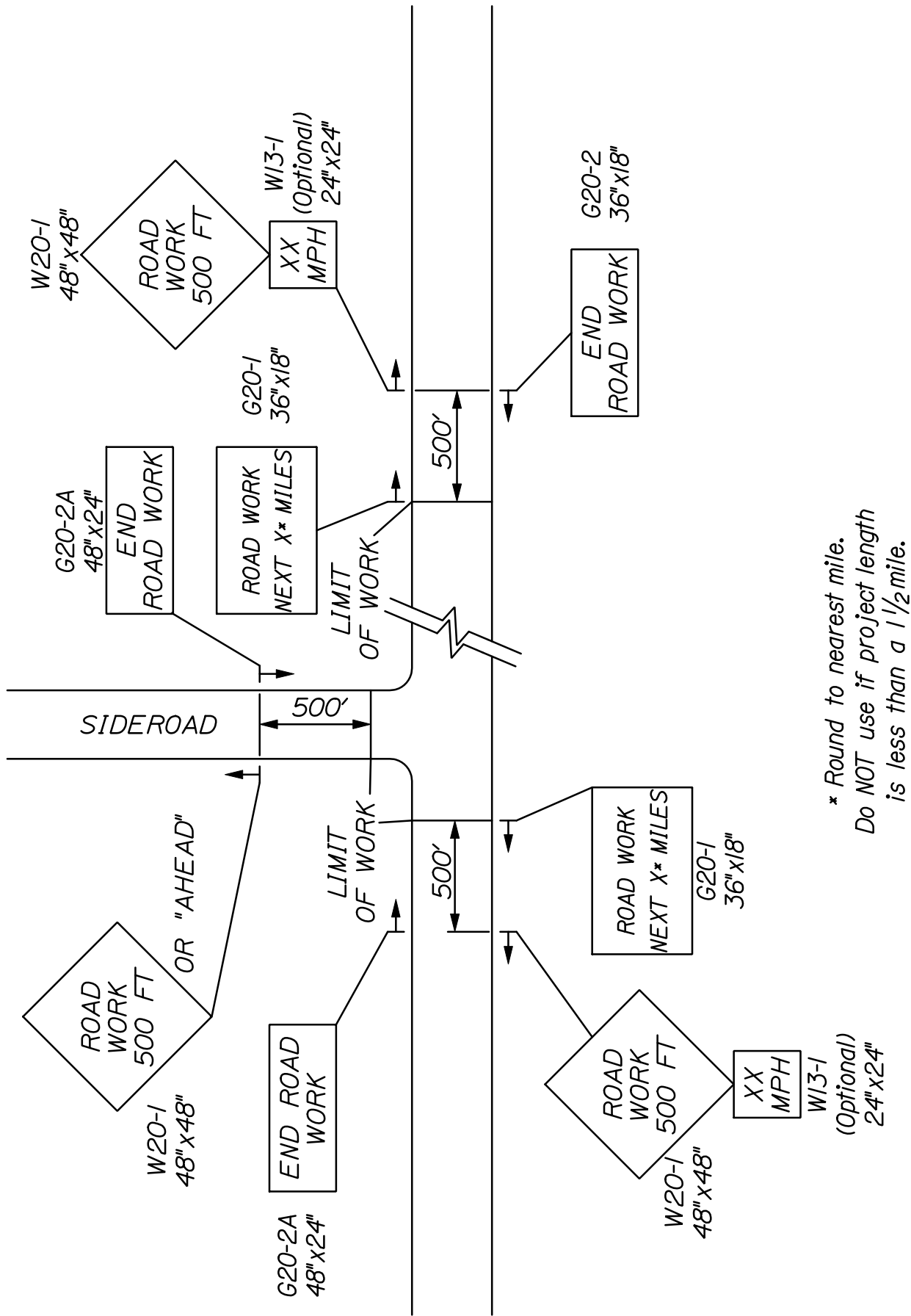
The above lists of Approach signs and Work Area signs are representative of the contract requirements. Other sign legends may be required.

Unless otherwise defined in Special Provision 105/107 or submitted and approved in the Traffic Control Plan, the following shall apply:

- The Contractor shall conduct their operations in such a manner that the roadway will not be restricted to one lane for more than 2,500 feet at each work area and no more than 4,000 feet for paving and milling work areas.
- Where more than one work area restricts traffic to one lane operation, these work areas shall be separated by at least 1 mile of two-way operation.

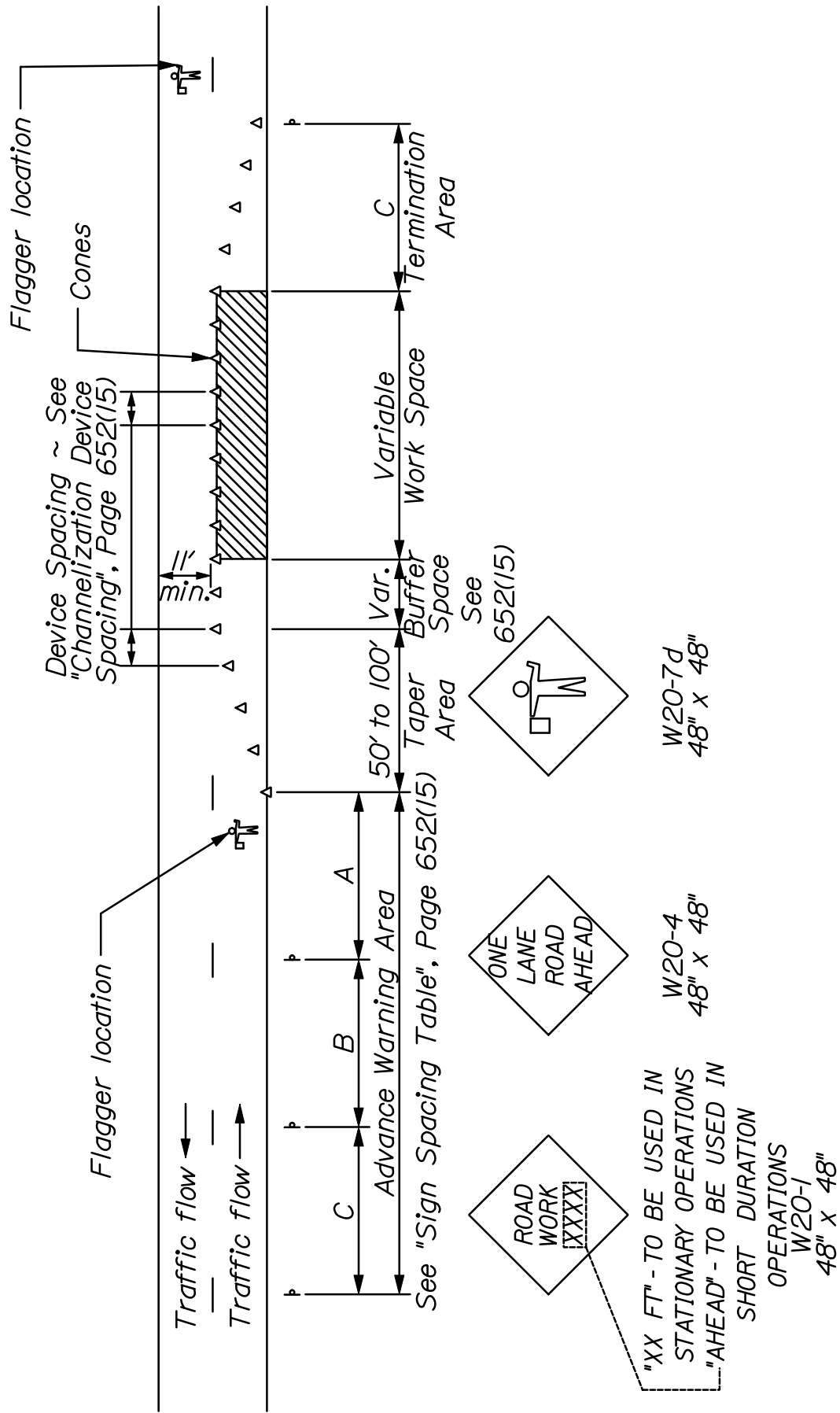
Temporary Centerline A temporary centerline shall be placed each day on all new pavement to be used by traffic. The temporary centerline, when specified of reflectorized traffic paint, shall conform to the standard marking patterns used for permanent markings. Failure to apply a temporary centerline daily will result in a Traffic Control Violation and suspension of paving operations until temporary markers are applied to all previously placed pavement.

¹ "Road Work Ahead" to be used in short duration operations and "Road Work xx feet" to be used in stationary operations as directed by the Resident.



* Round to nearest mile.
Do NOT use if project length
is less than a 1 1/2 mile.

~ PROJECT APPROACH SIGNING ~
TWO WAY TRAFFIC



~ TYPICAL APPLICATION: TWO -WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY,
CLOSING ONE LANE USING FLAGGERS ~

* Formulas for L are as follows:

For speed limits of 40 mph or less:

$$L = \frac{WS^2}{60}$$

For speed limits of 45 mph or greater:

$$L = WS$$

* Formulas for L are as follows:

A minimum of 5 channelization devices shall be used in the taper.

TYPE OF TAPER	TAPER LENGTH (L)*
Merging Taper	at least L
Shifting Taper	at least 0.5 L
Shoulder Taper	at least 0.33 L
One-Lane, Two-Way Traffic Taper	100 ft maximum
Downstream Taper	100 ft per lane

CHANNELIZATION DEVICE SPACING

The spacing of channelization devices shall not exceed a distance in feet equal to 1.0 times the speed limit in mph when used for taper channelization, and a distance in feet of 2.0 times the speed limit in mph when used for tangent channelization.

GENERAL NOTES;

1. Final placement of signs and devices may be changed to fit field conditions as approved by the Resident.

2. Maintain same number of lanes for a shifting taper.

3. Shoulder taper allowed when a minimum of 10 feet can be open from centerline for lane.

SIGN SPACING TABLE			
Road Type	Distance Between Signs**		
	A	B	C
Urban 30 mph or less	100	100	100
Urban 35 mph and greater	350	350	350
Rural	500	500	500
Expressway / Urban Parkway	1000	1500	2640

**Distances are shown in feet.

SUGGESTED BUFFER ZONE LENGTHS

Speed (mph)	Length (feet)	Speed (mph)	Length (feet)
20	115	40	325
25	155	45	360
30	200	50	425
35	250	55	495

**SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC
(Automated Speed Limit Sign)**

Item 652.45 – Automated Trailer-Mounted Speed Limit Sign

652.1 Description This special provision provides for furnishing, operating, and maintaining an Automated Trailer Mounted Radar Speed Limit Sign for project use. The Contractor shall furnish, operate, and maintain the Automated Trailer Mounted radar Speed Limit Signs during the project operations.

652.1.1 Instruction and maintenance manuals shall be provided.

652.2 Materials

Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign

Trailer mounted speed limit signs shall be self-contained units including sign assembly, flashing lights, directional radar to measure speed limits, a regulatory speed limit sign, a construction sign stating “Work Zone Speed Limit When Flashing” and power supply specifically constructed to operate as a trailer-mounted sign. The preferred color of the unit shall be “construction orange”.

Signs Base material for the regulatory speed limit signs shall be weather proof, rigid substrate specifically manufactured for highway signing and meet the retro-reflective sheeting application requirements of the sheeting manufacturer.

Sign text shall consist of the letters, digits and symbols either applied by stick-on or silk screen, to conform to the dimensions and designs indicated in the Contract, MUTCD and/or FHWA Standard Highway Signs. The materials and methods shall be in accordance with standard commercial processes.

The regulatory sign should have changeable speed limit numbers.

“Work Zone” construction signs shall be mounted on the trailer unit above and below the regulatory speed limit sign. (see attached detail). The “When Flashing” construction sign shall be added to the trailer, if the Resident deems the sign necessary.

Signs and secondary signs shall follow the MUTCD for minimum mounting heights.

Power supply The power supply shall be either full battery power with solar panel charging (capable of maintaining a charged battery level) and 135 ampere, 12 volt deep cycle batteries, or diesel powered generator with a fuel capacity sufficient for 10 hours of continuous operation.

Flashing Lights Each unit shall be equipped with two mono-directional flashing lights, placed in accordance with the MUTCD, with amber lenses and reflectors, which are visible through a range of 120 degrees when viewed facing the sign. The lights, either strobe, halogen, or incandescent lamps, shall be visible for a minimum distance of one mile under daylight conditions and shall have a minimum flash rate of 40 flashes per minute. An “On” indicator light shall be mounted on the back of the signs, which is visible for at least 500 feet to provide confirmation that the flashing lights are operating.

Radar The directional radar shall monitor approaching traffic only. The radar shall be capable of measuring speeds from 5 to 70 MPH at a distance of up to 1500 feet and shall have a high speed cut off thresh hold.

Data Collection Units shall obtain traffic data, statistics, to include location, speeds, and times. This information shall be capable of being downloaded from the sign location with Bluetooth, wireless connection, or be accessed remotely via cellular data link. Units shall also have the capability to download this information via a USB port. Software to interface with PC or MAC Operating Systems shall be provided to the Department.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

652.3.2 Responsibility of the Contractor The Contractor shall furnish the automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign as described in 2.1 for this project.

All existing speed limit signs, which conflict with the construction zone trailer mounted speed limit signs shall be covered completely during the operation of the flashing lights. These signs shall be immediately uncovered when the use of the flashing lights is discontinued.

Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Signs shall be used only during the Contractor’s actual work hours, unless specifically authorized by the Engineer.

The Resident will record the actual time and location for the signs on a daily basis when the Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Signs are in use.

Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Signs shall be located as directed by the Resident. Placement of additional “Reminder” signs may be ordered by the Resident.

Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Signs shall be placed outside the clear zone whenever practical and possible. The signs shall be removed outside the clear zone of the traveled way as specified in the Traffic Control Plan when not in use unless protected by portable barrier or equivalent. The signs shall be delineated with retro-reflective temporary traffic control devices while in use and shall also be delineated by affixing a retro-reflective material directly on the trailer.

Upon delivery of the Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign and before acceptance by the Department, the Contractor shall have a representative of the manufacturer review the condition and notify the Resident in writing, of all deficiencies noted.

The Contractor shall arrange to have all necessary repairs performed at no cost to the Department.

To avoid impairing driver vision, the Contractor shall dim the lighted speed limit readings by 50 percent during nighttime use, and restore full power lighting during daytime operation.

METHOD OF MEASUREMENT

652.7 Method of Measurement Each Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign will be measured as a unit.

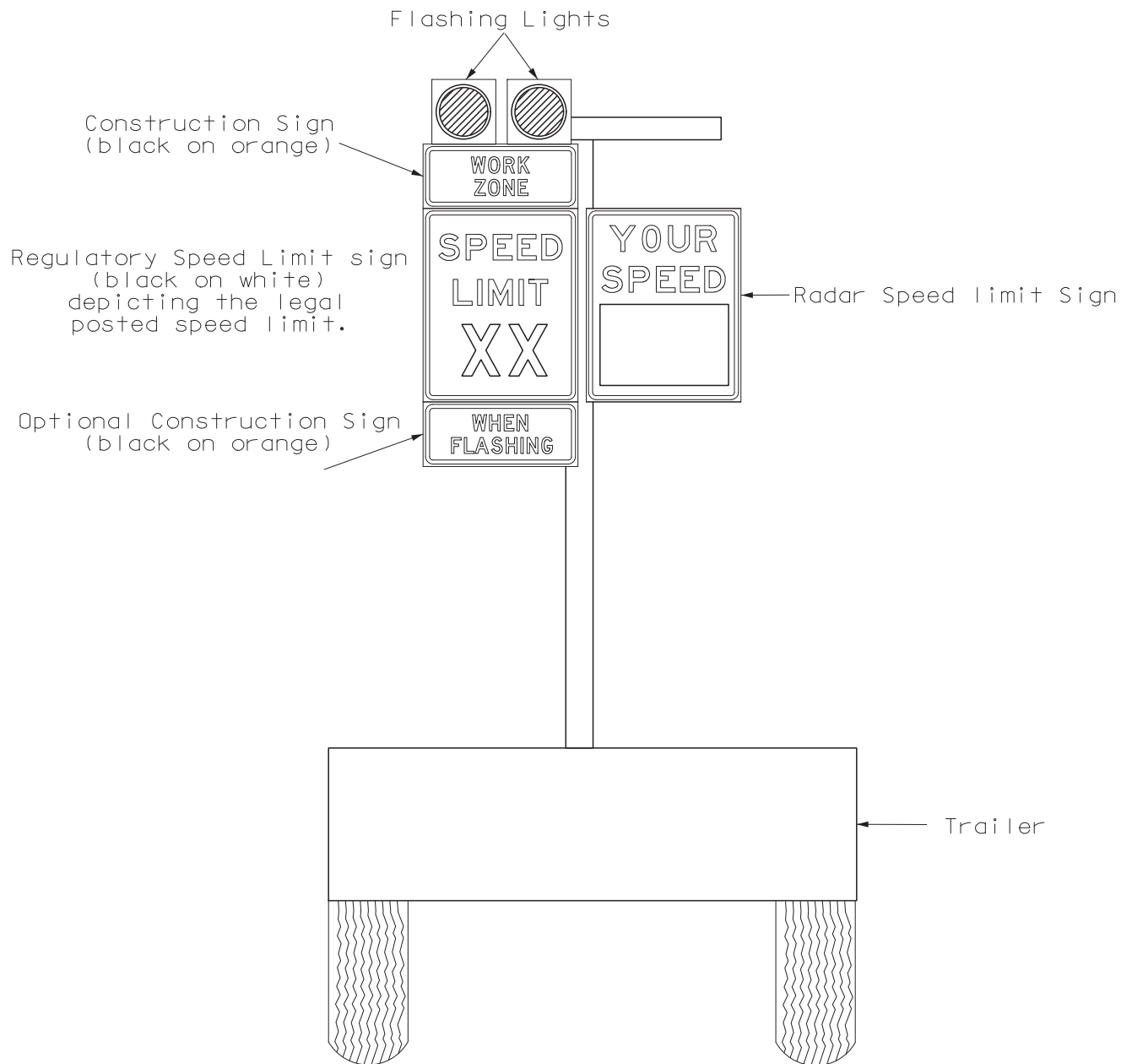
A unit will include the unit as described in 2.1, the trailer, radar Speed Limit Sign, flashing beacon amber lights, regulatory speed limit sign, "Work Zone Speed limit when flashing" construction sign, fuel, necessary maintenance, and all checking of radar Speed Limit Signs by manufacturer. Also included are all project moves including the transporting and delivery of each unit.

BASIS OF PAYMENT

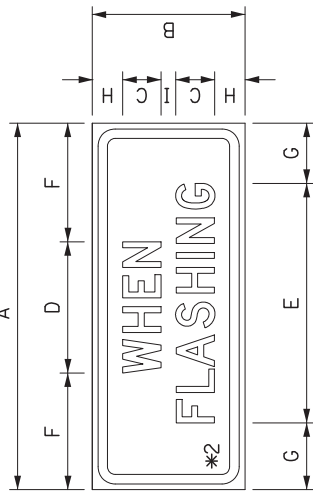
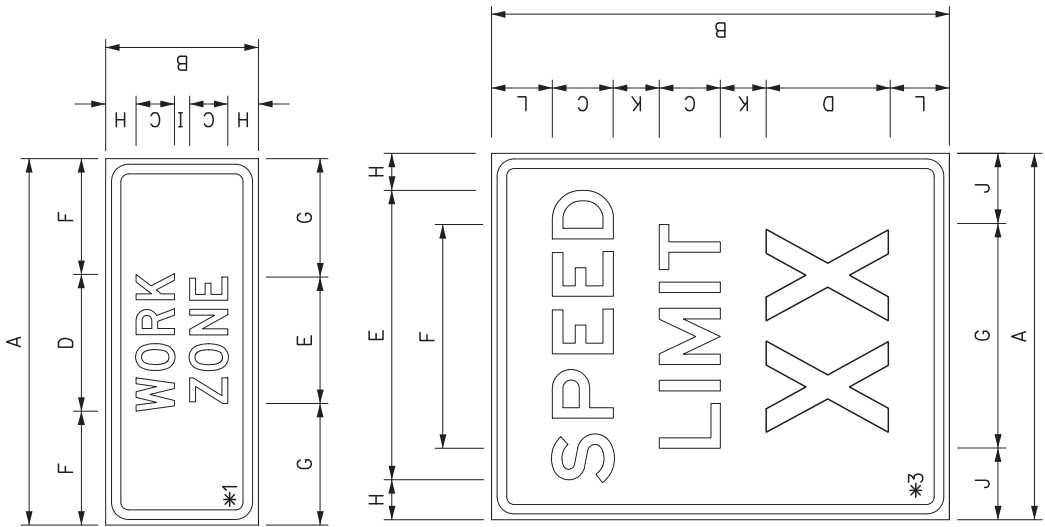
652.8 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign will be paid for at the contract price per unit for the number of units used and accepted.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item	Pay Unit
652.45 Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign	Unit



Automated Trailer Mounted Speed Limit Sign
note: not to scale



*1 - 1.25" BORDER, 0.75" INDENT, BLACK ON ORANGE; BB GRADE PLYWOOD SIGN
*2 - 1.25" BORDER, 0.75" INDENT, BLACK ON WHITE; BB GRADE PLYWOOD SIGN
*3 - 1.25" BORDER, 0.75" INDENT, BLACK ON WHITE; BB GRADE PLYWOOD SIGN

DIMENSIONS (inches)/LETTER FONTS												
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
*1	48	20	5D	18 1/8	16 5/8	14 7/8	15 5/8	4	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
*2	48	20	5D	17 1/4	31 3/8	15 1/2	8 1/4	4	2	N/A	N/A	N/A
*3	48	60	8E	16E	38 1/4	29 1/4	29 1/2	4 7/8	9 3/8	9 1/4	8	6

CONSTRUCTION SIGN/REGULATORY SIGNS

TRAILER MOUNTED CONSTRUCTION ZONE
SPEED LIMIT SIGN

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

SEQUENTIAL FLASHING WARNING LIGHTS

Description Furnish and install Sequential Flashing Warning Lights on drums used for merging tapers during nightly work activities on interstates and freeways with speed limits greater than 55 MPH and or facilities that have significant traffic volumes.

The purpose of these lights is to assist the motorist in determining which direction to merge when approaching a lane closure. It's also designed to reduce the number of late merges resulting in devices being struck and having to be reset to maintain positive guidance at the merge point. The successive flashing of the lights shall occur from the upstream end of the merging taper to the downstream end of the merging taper in order to identify the desired vehicle path.

Materials The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall meet all of the requirements for warning lights within the current edition of the Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

Each light unit shall be capable of operating fully and continuously for a minimum of 200 hours when equipped with a standard battery set.

Each light in the sequence shall be flashed at a rate of not less than 55 times per minute and not more than 75 times per minute. The flash rate and flash duration shall be consistent throughout the sequence.

Supply a Type 3 Certification (Independent Test Lab results) documenting all actual test results for the specified parameters contained in the Institute of Transportation Engineer's (ITE's) *Purchase Specification for Flashing and Steady Burn Warning Lights*. The laboratory shall also identify all manufacturer codes and part numbers for the incandescent lamp or LED clusters, lenses, battery, and circuitry, and the total width of the light with the battery in place. The complete assembly shall be certified as crashworthy when firmly affixed to the channelizing device.

The Contractor shall submit for approval, literature and all necessary certifications to the Department prior to procurement of the product.

Construction Requirement Sequential Flashing Warning Lights are to be used for night time lane closures.

These lights shall flash sequentially beginning with the first light and continuing until the final light.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically flash in sequence when placed on the drums that form the merging taper.

The number of lights used in the drum taper shall equal one half the number of drums used in the taper.

Drums are the only channelizing device allowed to mount sequential flashing warning lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be weather independent and visual obstructions shall not interfere with the operation of the lights.

The Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall automatically sequence when placed in line in an open area with a distance between lights of 10 to 100 feet. A 10 foot stagger in the line of lights shall have no adverse effect on the operation of the lights.

If one light fails, the flashing sequence shall continue. If more than 2 lights fail, all of the lights are to be automatically turned to the "off" mode. Non-sequential flashing is prohibited.

When lane closures are not in effect, the Sequential Flashing Warning Lights shall be deactivated.

Method of Measurement Sequential Flashing Warning Lights will be measured as the maximum number of sequential flashing warning lights satisfactorily installed and properly functioning at any one time during the life of the project.

This includes all materials and labor to install, maintain and remove all Sequential Flashing Warning Lights.

Pay Item	Pay Unit
652.46 Sequential Flashing Warning Lights	Each

**SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC**

TEMPORARY PORTABLE RUMBLE STRIPS

Description This special provision describes providing, relocating, maintaining, and removing temporary portable rumble strips.

Materials Furnish a portable rumble strip system to be used in a transverse installation used within a travel lane. The color of the rumble strip shall only be white, black, or orange and shall not match the color of the pavement. The Contractor will be allowed at their option to use a combination of the color options (i.e. orange, black, orange or white, black, white etc.) or a continuous solid color that does not match the color of the pavement in each transverse installation to delineate the rumble strips to the traveling public. The Contractor shall submit for approval, literature and all necessary certifications to the Department prior to procurement of the product.

Construction Requirement

Provide rumble strips where the plans show or as directed by the Resident as follows:

1. Prior to placing rumble strips, clean the roadway of sand and other materials that may cause slippage.
2. Place one end of the rumble strips 6 inches from the roadway centerline. Extend the strips perpendicular to the direction of travel. Ensure strips lay flat on the roadway surface. Spacing of the rumble strip strips will be per the manufactures recommendation.
3. Only one group of rumble strips, placed before the first work zone, is required per direction of travel for multiple work zones spaced 1 mile or less apart. Work zones spaced greater than 1 mile apart require a separate group of rumble strips. Each lane shall use one group of temporary rumble strips.
4. The use of rumble strips will require an additional work zone sign stating “Caution Rumble Strips” in the approach sign package meeting all applicable MUTCD guidelines. The use of the temporary rumble strips and work zone signage will be discussed in the Contractor’s traffic control plan.

Maintain rumble strips as follows:

1. If rumble strips slide, become out of alignment, or are no longer in the wheel path of approaching vehicles during the work period, thoroughly clean both sides of the rumble strips and reset on a clean roadway.
2. Repair or replace damaged rumble strips immediately.

Method of Measurement The Department will measure temporary portable rumble strips as one group, per lane. A group shall be considered 3 full lane width of rumble strips.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of temporary portable rumble strips will be paid for at the contract unit price per group. Payment is full compensation for providing, relocating, maintaining or replacing, and removing temporary portable rumble strips.

Pay Item

Pay Unit

652.47 Temporary Portable Rumble Strip

Group

SPECIAL PROVISION 700 - MATERIALS

SECTION 703 - AGGREGATES

The Standard Specification 700 – Materials, has been modified with the following revisions. All sections not revised by this Supplemental Specification shall be as outlined in Section 700 of the Standard Specifications.

703.07 Aggregates for HMA Pavements Coarse and fine aggregate for hot mix asphalt pavements shall be of such gradation that when combined in the proper proportions, including filler, if required, the resultant blend will meet the composition of mixture for the type of pavement specified.

Coarse aggregate, that material retained on the No. 4 sieve, shall be crushed stone or crushed gravel and, unless otherwise stipulated, shall consist of clean, tough, durable fragments free from an excess of soft or disintegrated pieces and free from stone coated with dirt or other objectionable matter. Coarse aggregate shall not exceed an absorption of 2.0 percent by weight as determined by AASHTO T 85.

Fine aggregate, material that passes the No. 4 sieve, shall consist of natural sand, manufactured sand, or a combination of these. It shall consist of hard, tough grains, free from injurious amounts of clay, loam, or other deleterious substances. Fine aggregate shall not exceed an absorption of 2.3 percent by weight as determined by AASHTO T 84.

All individual aggregates for hot mix asphalt pavements shall meet Table 3 requirements (excluding LCP) unless otherwise noted. The Department reserves the right to sample and test the composite aggregate for any of the following properties at any time:

TABLE 3: Aggregate Consensus Properties Criteria

Estimated Traffic, Million 18 kip ESALs	AASHTO T 335 Coarse Aggregate Angularity (minimum)	AASHTO T 304 Method A Uncompacted Void Content of Fine Aggregate (minimum)**	ASTM D 4791 (8.4) Flat and Elongated Particles (maximum)	AASHTO T 176 Clay Content/ Sand Equivalent (minimum)	AASHTO T 327 Coarse Micro-Deval (maximum)
< 3.0	75/60	40	10	45	18.0%*
3.0 to < 10	90/80	45		50	
≥ 10	95/90				

* In the event the material exceeds the Micro-Deval limit, a Washington Degradation test shall be performed. The material shall be acceptable if it has a value of 30 or more as determined by Washington State DOT Test Method T 113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value except that the reported degradation value will be the result of testing a single composite specimen from that portion of the sample that passes the ½ inch sieve and is retained on the No. 10 sieve.

** Property will be evaluated on a mix design basis by calculating a weighted average based upon individual aggregate values (weighted average by the percentage proportion of the aggregate within the design).

ASTM D 5821 - “90/80” denotes that 90 percent of the coarse aggregate has one fractured face and 80 percent has two fractured faces.

AASHTO T 304 - Criteria are presented as percent air voids in loosely compacted fine aggregate, (U).

ASTM D 4791 - Criteria are presented as maximum percent by weight of flat and elongated particles (5:1 ratio).

The entire HMA wearing course shall come from the same source of material and the same job mix formula, except when permission is obtained from the Department to change sources.

703.09 HMA Mixture Composition The coarse and fine aggregate shall meet the requirements of Section 703.07. The several aggregate fractions for mixtures shall be sized, graded, and combined in such proportions that the resulting composite blends, including RAP aggregate will meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Aggregate Gradation Control Points						
Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size---Control Points (Percent Passing)						
Sieve Designation	Type 25 mm	Type 19 mm	Type 12.5 mm	Type 9.5 mm	Type 9.5 mm Thin Lift Mixture (TLM)	Type 4.75 mm
Percent By Weight Passing - Combined Aggregate						
37.5 mm	100					
25 mm	90-100	100				
19 mm	-90	90-100	100			
12.5 mm	-	-90	90-100	100	100	100
9.5 mm	-	-	-90	90-100	95-100	95-100
4.75 mm	-	-	-	-90	60-95	80-100
2.36 mm	19-45	23-49	28-58	32-67	47-65	40 - 80
1.18 mm	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.60 mm	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.30 mm	-	-	-	-	-	-
0.075 mm	2.0-6.0	2.0-6.0	2.0-6.0	2.0-7.0*	2.0-7.0*	2.0-7.0

* For 9.5 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum design aim for the percent passing the 75 μ m sieve is 6.5%.

STANDARD DETAIL UPDATES

Standard Details and Standard Detail updates are available at:
<http://maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/standarddetail/>

<u>Detail #</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Revision Date</u>
501(02)	Pipe Pile Splice	3/05/2015
501(03)	H – Pile Splice	3/05/2015
502(04)	Concrete Curb	2/01/2019
504(07)	Diaphragm & Cross Frame Notes	10/13/2015
504(10)	Drip Bar Details	9/06/2017
505(01)	Shear Connectors	10/24/2016
507(13)	Steel Bridge Railing	6/03/2015
507(14)	Steel Bridge Railing	6/03/2015
507(31)	Barrier – Mounted Steel Bridge	8/06/2015
526(02)	Temporary Concrete Barrier	2/01/2015
526(02)	Temporary Concrete Barrier	2/01/2018
606(19)	Guardrail Type 3 – Single Rail Bridge Mounted	6/10/2019
606(21A)	Bridge Transition – Type “IA”	5/29/2019
609(08)	Precast Concrete Transition Curb	6/10/2019
609(9)	Concrete Slip Form Curb	5/06/2018
626(07)	Conduit Trench for Traffic Signals, Highway Signing and Lighting	5/17/2018
645(06)	H-Beam Posts Highway Signing	1/09/2018
652(06)	Construction Signs	10/24/2016
652(12)	Construction Traffic Control	10/24/2016
802(05)	Roadway Culvert End Slope Treatment	1/03/2017
801(11) – 801(26)	ADA Standard Details	6/03/2019

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
(Corrections, Additions, & Revisions to Standard Specifications - November 2014)

SECTION 101
CONTRACT INTERPRETATION

101.1 Abbreviations Revise the definition of AWP to “**American Wood Protection Association**”.

101.2 Definitions

Page 1-5 – Remove the definition of Bridge in its entirety and replace with:

“Bridge A structure that is erected over a depression or an obstruction, such as water, a highway or a railway, and has an opening measured along the centerline of the Roadway of more than 20 feet between: The faces of abutments; spring line of arches; extreme ends of openings of box culverts, pipes or pipe arches; or the extreme ends of openings for multiple box culverts, pipes or pipe arches.”

Page 1-12 – Remove the definition of Large Culvert in its entirety and replace with:

“Large Culvert Any structure not defined as a Culvert or Bridge that provides a drainage or non-drainage opening under the Roadway or Approaches to the Roadway, with an opening that is 5 feet but less than 10 feet.”

Remove the definition of Minor Span in its entirety and replace with:

“Minor Span Same definition as Bridge, except having an opening of between 10 feet and 20 feet, inclusive.”

SECTION 103
AWARD AND CONTRACTING

Amend this Section by adding the following:

“103.1a Tie Bids - In the case where two responsive bids from responsible bidders are equal monetarily, the Department shall determine the apparent low bidder by flipping a coin. The coin shall have sides clearly marked as heads and tails. The contractor whose first letter in their official company name that comes first in the alphabet shall be heads.

If there are three bids, each bidder will flip the coin and the bidder with the odd toss will be the winner. (i.e. if the results are two heads and a tails, the bidder who had tails is the winner). For a three way tie, bidders may flip their own coin or have the Contracts Engineer flip for them.

The coin flip will occur at the next bid opening by the Contracts and Specifications Engineer or a designee. The tied bidders may attend the coin flip in person or watch on the internet as they choose.”

In 103.3.2 Notice of Determination Revise this section by removing sections A – M and replacing with the following A - K:

(A) Default(s) or termination(s) on past or current Contracts.

**(B) Failure on past or current Contracts to pay or settle all bills for labor, Materials or services;
to comply with directives of the Department, to fulfill warranty obligations, or to provide Closeout Documentation.**

(C) "Below Standard" performance as determined from the Department's Contractor's Performance Rating process.

(D) Insufficient bonding capability or Inability of the Contractor to obtain or retain performance or Payment Bonds meeting MDOT requirements, or a pattern of unsupported Claims.

(E) Failure to accept an Award of a Contract made by the Department.

(F) Failure to provide information requested by the Department in a timely manner.

(G) Debarment, suspension or a denial of prequalification or 'award of contract' by any federal, State, or local governmental procurement agency or the Contractor's Agreement to refrain from Bidding as part of the settlement with any such agencies or any of the reasons contained in Section 102.02 of the "Rules Regarding Debarment of Contractors", Maine Department of Transportation Register 17-229, Chapter 102 (October 2, 1985).

(H) Failure to demonstrate ability to do work to the satisfaction and at the sole discretion of the Department.

(I) Number of personnel working directly for the Contractor with applicable knowledge and experience is significantly below industry standards.

(J) Safety Record, Environmental Record, Civil Rights or Equal Opportunity Record significantly below industry standards.

(K) Serious misconduct that the Department reasonably determines will substantially and adversely affect the cost, quality or timeliness of Work, or the safety of Workers or the public, any deceptive, evasive or fraudulent statements or omissions contained in the Application, made or omitted at any interview or hearing, or otherwise made to or omitted from the Department; or any other substantial deficiencies in experience or conduct that are clearly below industry standards and that clearly demonstrate in the sole discretion of the Department, that the Contractor is "Not Qualified".

SECTION 104

GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

This Section shall be amended by adding the following two sub-sections:

104.3.8.1 Electronic Payroll Submission On federally funded projects the prime contractor, all subcontractors, and lower-tier subcontractors will submit their certified payrolls electronically utilizing the Elations system. There is no charge to the contracting community for the use of this service. The submission of paper payrolls will not be allowed or accepted. Additional information can be found at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/> under the “Bidder Info” go to “Electronic Payroll System.”

104.3.8.2 Payment Tracking On federally funded projects the prime contractor and all subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will track and confirm the delivery and receipt of all payments through the Elation System

104.4.10 Coordination of Road Closure / Bridge Closure / Bridge Width Restrictions

Revise the last sentence by adding a period after ‘Resident’; remove the “and” after Resident; and adding “**not covered by Pay Items**” between ‘costs’ and ‘will’. So that the last paragraph reads “**All Newspaper notices, radio announcements and any notifications will be subject to the approval of the Resident. All costs not covered by Pay Items will be considered incidental to the Contract.**”.

104.5.5 Prompt Payment of Subcontractors Add the following paragraph to this subsection:

C. Payment Tracking Federal Projects On federally funded projects, the prime contractor, subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will track and confirm the delivery and receipt of all payments through the Elation System. They will be responsible for entering all payments to all sub and lower tier contractors. MaineDOT will run a query monthly to ensure that contractors are complying and generate an e-mail to contractors who have not responded to confirm receipt of MaineDOT payment or contractor payment to lower tier subcontractors.

SECTION 105

GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK

105.2.5 Compliance with Health and Safety Laws Remove the second paragraph of this subsection in its entirety and replace with:

“For related provisions, see Sections 105.2.3 – Project Specific Emergency Planning, 105.3 – Traffic Control and Management and 105.4 – Maintenance of work.”

105.4.5 Special Detours Remove this subsection in its entirety and replace with:

“105.4.5 Maintenance of Existing Structures When a new Bridge or Minor Span is being installed on a new alignment and the existing structure is to remain in service, the Department will maintain the existing structure and the portions of the roadway required for maintaining traffic until such time that the new structure is opened to traffic and the existing structure is taken out of service. A similar situation exists when a new Bridge or Minor Span is being installed on the same alignment as the existing structure, requiring a temporary detour to be installed by the Contractor per Section 510, Special Detours, prior to removal of the existing structure. In this case, the Department will maintain the existing structure and the portions of the existing roadway required for maintaining traffic until such time that either the temporary detour is opened to traffic or the Contractor begins any work on the existing structure, including, but not limited to, repairs, modifications, moving, demolition or removal. In either case, once the new structure or temporary detour is opened to traffic, or the Contractor begins any work on the existing structure, the Contractor shall be solely responsible for all maintenance of the existing structure and the portions of the existing approaches that lie outside the new roadway or the temporary detour, respectively. This specification is not intended to supersede Standard Specification Section 104.3.11, Responsibility for Property of Others.”

105.6.2.4 Department Verification Add the following to the end of the first sentence:
“or other approved method, such as reference staking, to allow the Department to independently verify the accuracy of the work, as approved by the Department.”

SECTION 106 **QUALITY**

106.3.4 Storage Revise this Section by adding the following sentence after the first sentence:
“Materials shall not be stored under or in close proximity to Highway Structures unless the Contractor receives written permission from the Resident.”

106.4.1 General - In the first sentence, remove “When required by Special Provision,” and replace with **“When required elsewhere in the Contract,”**

Revise Subsection C by replacing the last sentence with the following:

Approval of both standard and project specific QCPs shall be as outlined in paragraph B above, with the exception that the initial 14 day review period for standard plans will begin on March 1, and that the supplemental project specific QCP for the project shall be submitted a minimum of 14 days prior to any related work being performed with an initial review period of 7 days.

Revise Subsection 106.4.6 by removing it in its entirety and replace it with:

“106.4.6 QCP Non-Compliance The Contractor shall comply with the approved QCP and shall take all other steps necessary to assure a high quality project.

Failure by the Contractor to comply with the approved Quality Control Plan will result in a letter describing the violation, a mandatory work suspension, and a reduction in payment as shown in Table 106.4A below. The Contractor shall submit a letter to the Department that details the corrective action made to address the violation in their Quality Control Plan. Work may resume when the Department it is satisfied the corrective action will result in adherence to the Quality Control Plan.

Table 106.4 A - Quality Control Pay Reduction

Quality Control Plan Value*		Pay Reduction		
From More Than	To and Including	1st	2nd	3rd & Subsequent
\$0	\$500,000	\$1,000	\$2,000	\$4,000
\$500,000	\$1,000,000	\$2,000	\$4,000	\$8,000
\$1,000,000	\$3,000,000	\$5,000	\$10,000	\$20,000
\$3,000,000	and more	\$10,000	\$20,000	\$40,000

* The Quality Control Plan Value is the total bid value of all items covered by a Quality Control Plan, as detailed in the applicable specification or Special Provision.

During all periods of the Contractor’s failure to follow the approved QCP, no positive pay incentives will be calculated or paid if the Department accepts the material.

Pay reductions for failure to comply with the approved QCP are additive, and the Department will deduct any pay reductions due from amounts otherwise due the Contractor. These pay reductions are intended to encourage the Contractor to comply with its approved QCP, and are not related to the quality of the material provided.”

Amend this Section by adding the following Subsection:

“106.7.3 Early Termination of Lots In the event a lot in progress is terminated prematurely before the Department is able to take the number of acceptance samples required by the test method specified in the contract, the following will apply as applicable unless otherwise detailed in the specifications for the item:

- A. If three or more samples have been taken, then payfactors will be generated using the available samples results for the lot.
- B. If the termination was requested by the Contractor and approved by the Department prior to three samples being taken, then each property’s payfactor will be set to 0.80.
- C. If the termination was initiated by the Department prior to three samples being taken, then each property’s payfactor will be set to 1.00 for each property.”

SECTION 107 **TIME**

107.7.2 SCHEDULE OF LIQUIDATED DAMAGES

Revise this section by removing the numbers in the chart and replace with the following:

Original Contract Amount		Per Diem Amount of Liquidated Damages	
From More Than	To and Including	Calendar Day	
\$ 0	to \$ 100,000.00		\$250.00
\$ 100,000.00	to \$ 250,000.00		\$500.00
\$ 250,000.00	to \$ 500,000.00		\$650.00
\$ 500,000.00	to \$1,000,000.00		\$800.00
\$1,000,000.00	to \$2,000,000.00		\$1,000.00
\$2,000,000.00	to \$4,000,000.00		\$1,200.00
\$4,000,000.00	and More		\$2,100.00

SECTION 108 **PAYMENT**

108.3 Retainage - Remove the paragraph beginning with “ The Contractor may withdraw...” in its entirety.

108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt:

Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following

For all contracts with hot mix asphalt in excess of 500 tons total, a price adjustment for performance graded binder will be made for the following pay items:

Item 403.102	Hot Mix Asphalt – Special Areas
Item 403.206	Hot Mix Asphalt - 25 mm
Item 403.207	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm
Item 403.2071	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2072	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)
Item 403.208	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm
Item 403.2081	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.209	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (sidewalks, drives, & incidentals)
Item 403.210	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm
Item 403.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2102	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)

Item 403.2104	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)
Item 403.21041	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified Thin Lift Surface Treatment)
Item 403.211	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim
Item 403.2111	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.212	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Shim)
Item 403.213	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course)
Item 403.2131	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2132	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base and intermediate course)
Item 403.214	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Surface)
Item 403.235	Hot Mix Asphalt (High Performance Rubberized HMA)
Item 403.301	Hot Mix Asphalt (Asphalt Rubber Gap-Graded)
Item 404.70	Colored Hot Mix Asphalt – 9.5mm (Surface)
Item 404.72	Colored Hot Mix Asphalt – 9.5mm (Islands, sidewalks, & incidentals)
Item 461.13	Light Capital Pavement
Item 461.210	9.5 mm HMA - Paver Placed Surface
Item 462.30	Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course
Item 462.301	Polymer Modified Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course

Price adjustments will be based on the variance in costs for the performance graded binder component of hot mix asphalt. They will be determined as follows:

The quantity of hot mix asphalt for each pay item will be multiplied by the performance graded binder percentages given in the table below times the difference in price between the base price and the period price of asphalt cement. Adjustments will be made upward or downward, as prices increase or decrease.

Item 403.102–6.2%
Item 403.206–4.8%
Item 403.207–5.2%
Item 403.2071–5.2%
Item 403.2072–5.8%
Item 403.208–5.6%
Item 403.2081–5.6%
Item 403.209–6.2%
Item 403.210–6.2%
Item 403.2101–6.2%
Item 403.2102–6.8%
Item 403.2104–6.2%
Item 403.21041–6.2%
Item 403.211–6.2%
Item 403.2111–6.2%
Item 403.212–6.8%
Item 403.213–5.6%

Item 403.2131–5.6%
Item 403.2132–6.2%
Item 403.214–6.8%
Item 403.235–5.5%
Item 403.301–6.2%
Item 404.70–6.2%
Item 404.72–6.2%
Item 461.13–6.7%
Item 461.210 – 6.4%
Item 462.30–0.0021 tons/SY
Item 462.301–0.0021 tons/SY

Hot Mix Asphalt: The quantity of hot mix asphalt will be determined from the quantity shown on the progress estimate for each pay period.

Base Price: The base price of performance graded binder to be used is the price per standard ton current with the bid opening date. This price is determined by using the average New England Selling Price (Excluding the Connecticut market area), as listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor.

Period Price: The period price of performance graded binder will be determined by the Department by using the average New England Selling Price (Excluding the Connecticut market area), listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor current with the paving date. The maximum Period Price for paving after the adjusted Contract Completion Date will be the Period Price on the adjusted Contract Completion Date.

SECTION 109 **CHANGES**

109.5.1 Definitions - Types of Delays

Delete Paragraph 'A' in its entirety and replace with:

"A. Excusable Delay Except as expressly provided otherwise by this Contract, an "Excusable Delay" is a Delay to the Critical Path that is directly and solely caused by (1) a weather related Event of such an unusually severe nature that a Federal Emergency Disaster is declared. The Contractor will only be entitled to an adjustment of time if the Project falls within the geographic boundaries prescribed under the disaster declaration. or (2) a flooding event at the effected location of the Project that results in a Q25 headwater elevation, or greater, but less than a Q50 headwater elevation. Theoretical headwater elevations will be determined by the Department; actual headwater elevations will be determined by the Contractor and verified by the Department or (3) An Uncontrollable Event."

SECTION 110 **INDEMNIFICATION, BONDING AND INSURANCE**

110.3.9 Administrative & General Provisions

B. Defense of Claims Amend this section by adding the following sentence to the end:
“The Contractor’s insurer shall name the Department of Transportation as a released party (Releasee”) on any release or settlement agreement for settled claims.”

APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100

Remove Section D in its entirety as this is now covered in Section 105.10 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS.

SECTION 203 **EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT**

203.02 Materials

At the bottom of page 2-12, add as the first item in the list:

Crushed Stone, ¾ inch 703.13

203.042 Rock Excavation and Blasting

On page 2-16, add the word “No” to the third sentence in Section 5 Submittals, Subsection V, 1 so that it reads:

“No blasting products will be allowed on the job site if the date codes are missing.”

203.09 Preparation of Embankment Area Revise the first sentence of the second paragraph so that it reads:

“When fill material is placed against existing slopes or previously placed fill, the interface shall be continuously benched by excavating steps of sufficient width to permit operations of placing and compacting the additional material.”

SECTION 304 **AGGREGATE BASE AND SUBBASE COURSE**

Remove Section 304.02 Aggregate entirely and replace with the following:

“304.02 Aggregate Aggregates shall conform to the requirements specified in the following subsections of Division 700 - Materials:

Aggregate Base	Type A & B	703.06 a
Aggregate Base	Type C	703.06 b
Aggregate Subbase	Type D & E	703.06 c

Aggregate for base or subbase courses shall be material meeting the aggregate type requirements specified in the following table:

Material	Aggregate Type (Subsection 703.06)
Base Course, Crushed	¹ A, B or C
Subbase Course, Gravel	² D
¹ Will be designated on the plans ² Subbase Course, Gravel-Type E may be used below the top 9” of the subbase layer at the Contractor’s option	

For the various types of base and subbase, all shall conform to the gradation requirements of the contract at the time it is deposited on the roadbed. The Department will obtain samples from the roadbed for Acceptance prior to compaction. Oversized stones shall be removed from the aggregate before depositing on the roadway. Oversized stones for the various types are as follows:

Type A will not pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve
 Type B and Type C will not pass a 4 inch square mesh sieve
 Type D and E will not pass a 6 inch square mesh sieve.”

The top 3” of Aggregate Base Course-Type C shall consist of Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) or Untreated Aggregate Surface Course-Type B.

304.04 Shaping, Compacting, and Stabilizing Revise the first paragraph in this section by removing “according to AASHTO T 224” and “(An Adjustment Chart/Spreadsheet for this correction is available upon request)” so that it reads:

“Compaction of each layer of base and subbase shall continue until a density of not less than 95% of the maximum density has been achieved for the full width and depth of the layer. The maximum density shall be determined in accordance with AASHTO T180, Method C or D, correcting for oversize particles except mixtures may have 40 percent or less retained on the ¾ inch sieve. Field density tests will be performed by the Department in accordance with AASHTO T 310.”

304.04 Shaping, Compacting, and Stabilizing Replace the tenth paragraph in this section in its entirety with:

“If the Contractor wishes to route public traffic over the completed Aggregate Base-Type A and B or Aggregate Subbase Course for a period of time greater than 48 hours, the Aggregate Base and Aggregate Subbase Course shall be constructed with a minimum 2” surcharge above the design grade. Surcharge shall be constructed with material meeting the requirements of Section 703.06(b), Subbase Aggregate-Type D. Whenever the surcharge is used, it shall be placed on all the Aggregate Base and Aggregate Subbase Course subjected to public traffic. When the surcharge is removed, it may be placed in driveways, sidewalks, approach roads, or the outer portions of the shoulders. Removal of the surcharge shall be followed immediately in succession by the fine grading of the aggregate base or subbase and construction of the HMA base layer. As per subsection 203.041 Salvage of Existing Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be used as the top 3” of aggregate. If RAP is utilized as the top 3”, a surcharge is not required.”

304.04 Shaping, Compacting, and Stabilizing Replace the eleventh paragraph in this section in its entirety with:

“The furnishing, placing, maintaining, and removal of the surcharge will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to the Aggregate Base or Aggregate Subbase course pay item.”

Section 304.07 Basis of Payment add the following:

“RAP or Untreated Aggregate Surface Course-Type B used to cap Aggregate Base Course-Type C will be paid for as Item 304.16-Aggregate Base Course -Type C.”

SECTION 307

FULL DEPTH RECYCLED PAVEMENT

Remove this Section in its entirety and replace with:

SECTION 307

FULL DEPTH RECYCLING

(UNTREATED OR TREATED WITH EMULSIFIED ASPHALT STABILIZER)

307.01 Description This work shall consist of pulverizing a portion of the existing roadway structure into a homogenous mass, adding an emulsified asphalt stabilizer (if required) to the depth of the pulverized material specified in the contract, placing and compacting this material to the lines, grades, and dimensions shown on the plans or established by the Resident.

MATERIALS

307.02 Pulverized Material Pulverized material shall consist of the existing asphalt pavement layers and one inch or more as specified of the underlying gravel, pulverized and blended into a homogenous mass. Pulverized material will be processed to 100% passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve.

307.021 New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material New aggregate, if required by the contract, shall meet the requirements of Subsection 703.10 - Aggregate for Untreated Surface Course and Leveling Course, Type A. Aggregate Subbase Course Gravel Type D processed to 100 percent passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve and meeting the requirements of 703.06 – Aggregate for Base and Subbase may be used in areas requiring depths greater than 2 inches. New aggregate, will be measured and paid for under the appropriate item.

Recycled material, if required, shall consist of salvaged asphalt material from the project or from off-site stockpiles that has been processed before use to 100 percent passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve. Recycled material shall be conditionally accepted at the source by the Resident. It shall be free of winter sand, granular fill, construction debris, or other materials not generally considered asphalt pavement.

Recycled material generated and salvaged from the project shall be used within the roadway limits to the extent it is available as described in 307.09. No additional payment will be made for material salvaged from the project.

Recycled material supplied from off-site stockpiles shall be paid for as described in the contract, or by contract modification.

307.022 Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer. If required, the emulsified asphalt stabilizer shall be grade MS-2, MS-4, SS-1, or CSS-1 meeting the requirements of Subsection 702.04 Emulsified Asphalt.

307.023 Water Water shall be clean and free from deleterious concentrations of acids, alkalis, salts or other organic or chemical substances.

307.024 Portland Cement If required, Portland Cement shall be Type I or II meeting the requirements of AASHTO M85.

307.025 Hydrated Lime If required, Hydrated Lime shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M216.

EQUIPMENT

307.03 Pulverizer The pulverizer shall be a self-propelled machine, specifically manufactured for full-depth recycling work and capable of reducing the required existing materials to a size that will pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve. The machine shall be equipped with standard automatic depth controls and must maintain a consistent cutting depth and width. The machine also shall be equipped with a gauge to show depth of material being processed.

307.04 Liquid Mixer Unit or Distributor. If treatment of the recycled layer with emulsified asphalt is required by the contract, a liquid mixing unit or distributor shall be used to introduce the emulsified asphalt stabilizer into the pulverized material. The mixing unit shall contain a liquid distribution and mixing system which has been specifically manufactured for full-depth recycling work, capable of mixing the pulverized material with an evenly metered distribution of emulsified asphalt into a homogeneous mixture, to the depth and width required.

The mixing unit shall be designed, equipped, maintained, and operated so that emulsified asphalt stabilizer at constant temperature may be applied uniformly on variable widths of pulverized material up to 6 feet at readily determined and controlled rates from 0.01 to 1.06 gal/yd² with uniform pressure and with an allowable variation from any specified rate not to exceed 0.01 gal/ yd². Mixing units shall include a tachometer, pressure gages, and accurate volume measuring devices or a calibrated tank and a thermometer for measuring temperatures of tank contents.

307.041 Cement or Lime Spreader If required by the contract, spreading of the Portland Cement or Hydrated Lime shall be done with a spreader truck designed to spread dry particulate (such as Portland Cement or Lime) or other approved means to insure a uniform distribution across the roadway and minimize fugitive dust. Pneumatic application, including through a slotted pipe, will not be permitted. Other systems that have been developed include fog systems, vacuum systems, etc. Slurry applications may also be accepted. The Department reserves the right to accept or reject the method of spreading cement. The Contractor shall provide a method for verifying that the correct amount of cement is being applied.

307.05 Placement Equipment Placement of the Full Depth recycled material to the required slope and grade shall be done with an approved highway grader or by another method approved by the Resident.

307.06 Rollers The full depth recycled material shall be rolled with a vibratory pad foot roller, a vibratory steel drum soil compactor and a pneumatic tire roller. The pad foot roller drum shall have a minimum of 112 tamping feet 3 inches in height, a minimum contact area per foot of 17 inch², and a minimum width of 84 inches. The vibratory steel drum roller shall have a minimum 84 inch width single drum. The pneumatic tire roller shall meet the requirements of Section 401.10 and the minimum allowable tire pressure shall be 85 psi.

MIX DESIGN

If treatment of the recycled layer with emulsified asphalt is required by the contract, the Department will supply a mix design for the emulsified asphalt stabilized material based on test results from pavement and soil analysis taken to the design depth. The Department will provide the following information prior to construction:

1. Percent of emulsified asphalt to be used.
2. Quantity of lime or cement to be added.
3. Optimum moisture content for proper compaction.

4. Additional aggregate (if required).

After a test strip has been completed or as the work progresses, it may be necessary for the Resident to make necessary adjustments to the mix design. Changes to compensation will be in accordance with the Mix Design Special Provision.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

307.06 Pulverizing The entire depth of existing pavement shall be pulverized together with 1 inch or more of the underlying gravel into a homogenous mass. All pulverizing shall be done with equipment that will provide a homogenous mass of pulverized material, processed in-place, which will pass a 2 inch square mesh sieve.

307.07 Weather Limitations Full depth recycled work shall be performed when;

- A. Recycling operations will be allowed between May 15th and September 15th inclusive in Zone 1 - Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais. Recycling will be allowed between May 1st and September 30th inclusive in Zone 2 - Areas south of Zone 1 including the US Route 2 and Route 9 boundaries.
- B. The atmospheric temperature, as determined by an approved thermometer placed in the shade at the recycling location, is 50°F and rising.
- C. When there is no standing water on the surface.
- D. During generally dry conditions, or when weather conditions are such that proper pulverizing, mixing, grading, finishing and curing can be obtained using proper procedures, and when compaction can be accomplished as determined by the Resident.
- E. When the surface is not frozen and when overnight temperatures are expected to be above 32°F.
- F. Wind conditions are such that the spreading of lime or cement on the roadway ahead of the recycling machine will not adversely affect the operation.

307.08 Surface Tolerance The complete surface of the Full Depth Recycled course shall be shaped and maintained to a tolerance, above or below the required cross sectional shape, of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch.

307.09 Full Depth Recycling Procedure New aggregate or recycled material meeting the requirements of Section 307.021 - New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material, shall be added as necessary to restore cross-slope and/or grade before pulverizing. Locations will be shown on the plans or described in the construction notes. The Resident may add other locations while construction of the project is in progress. The Contractor will use recycled material to the extent it is available, in lieu of new aggregate. The material shall then be pulverized, processed, and blended into a homogeneous mass passing a 2 inch square mesh sieve. Material found not pulverized down to a 2 inch size will be required to be reprocessed by the recycler with successive passes until approved by the Resident.

Should the Contractor be required to add new aggregate or recycled material to restore cross-slope and/or grade after the initial pulverizing process, those areas will require re-processing to blend into a homogenous mass passing a 2 in square mesh sieve.

Sufficient water shall be added during the recycling process to maintain optimum moisture for compaction.

The resultant material from the initial pulverizing processes shall be graded and compacted to the cross-slope and profile shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident. The Contractor will also be responsible for re-establishing the existing profile grade. The completed surface of the full depth recycled course shall be shaped and maintained to a tolerance, above or below the required cross sectional shape, of $\frac{3}{8}$ inch. Areas not meeting this tolerance will be repaired as described in Section 307.091. The initial pulverizing process density requirements will be the same as Section 307.101 unless otherwise directed by the Resident.

Additives, if required, shall be introduced following completion of the initial pulverizing and blending process. Emulsified asphalt stabilizer shall be incorporated into the top of the processed material as specified in section 307.04 to the depth specified in the contract by use of the liquid mixer unit or a distributor, at the rate specified in the mix design. The emulsified asphalt shall then be uniformly blended into a homogeneous mass until an apparent uniform distribution has occurred. The rate of application may be adjusted as necessary by the Resident. Cement or lime shall be introduced as described in section 307.041. The resultant material shall be graded and compacted to the cross-slope and profile shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident. The Contractor will also be responsible for re-establishing the existing profile grade.

After final compaction, the roadway surface shall be treated with a light application of water, and rolled with pneumatic-tired rollers to create a close-knit texture. The finished layer shall be free from:

- A. Surface laminations.
- B. Segregation of fine and coarse aggregate.
- C. Corrugations, centerline differential, potholes, or any other defects that may adversely affect the performance of the layer, or any layers to be placed upon it.

The Contractor shall protect and maintain the recycled layer until a lift of pavement is applied. Any damage or defects in the layer shall be repaired immediately. An even and uniform surface shall be maintained. The recycled surface shall be swept prior to hot mix asphalt overlay placement.

307.091 Repairs Repairs and maintenance of the recycled layers, resulting from damage caused by traffic, weather or environmental conditions, or resulting from damage caused by the Contractor's operations or equipment, shall be completed at no additional cost to the Department.

For recycled layers stabilized with emulsified asphalt, low areas will be repaired using a hot mix asphalt shim. Areas up to 1 inch high can be repaired by milling or shimming with hot mix asphalt. Areas greater than 1 inch high will be repaired using a hot mix asphalt shim. All repair work will be done with the Resident's approval at the Contractor's expense.

TESTING REQUIREMENTS

307.10 Quality Control The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.4 - Quality Control and this Section. The Contractor shall not begin recycling operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing. Prior to performing any recycling process, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-recycle conference to discuss the recycling schedule, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of operations, and traffic control. A copy of the QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to the Resident. All field supervisors including the responsible onsite recycling process supervisor shall attend this meeting.

The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Recycling Process including, but not limited to, the following:

- A. Sources for all materials, including New Aggregate and Additional Recycled Material.
- B. Make and type of rollers including weight, weight per inch of steel wheels, and average contact pressure for pneumatic tired rollers.
- C. Testing Plan.
- D. Recycling operations including recycling speed, methods to ensure that segregation is minimized, grading and compacting operations.
- E. Methods for protecting the finished product from damage and procedures for any necessary corrective action.
- F. Method of grade checks.
- G. Examples of Quality Control forms.
- H. Name, responsibilities, and qualifications of the Responsible onsite Recycling Supervisor experienced and knowledgeable with the process.
- I. A note that all testing will be done in accordance with AASHTO and MDOT/ACM procedures.

The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate the full depth reclamation process in accordance with the following minimum frequencies:

MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Density	1 per 1000 feet / lane	AASHTO T 310
Air Temperature	4 per day at even intervals	

Surface Temperature	At the beginning and end of each days operation	
Yield of all materials (Daily yield, yield since last test, and total project yield.)	1 per 1000 ft/lane	

The Department may view any QC test and request a QC test at any time. The Contractor shall submit all QC test reports and summaries in writing, signed by the appropriate technician, to the Department's onsite representative by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP due to local restrictions. The Contractor shall make all test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite.

The Contractor shall cease recycling operations whenever one of the following occurs:

- A. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.
- B. The Contractor fails to achieve 98 percent density after corrective action has been taken.
- C. The finished product is visually defective, as determined by the Resident.
- D. The computed yield differs from the mix design by 10 percent or more.

Recycling operations shall not resume until the Department approves the corrective action to be taken.

307.101 Test Strip The contractor shall assemble all items of equipment for the recycling operation on the first day of the recycling work. The Contractor shall construct a test strip for the project at a location approved by the Resident. The Responsible onsite Recycling Supervisor will work with Department personnel to determine the suitability of the mixed material, moisture control within the mixed material, and compaction and surface finish. The test strip section is required to:

- A. Demonstrate that the equipment and processes can produce recycled layers to meet the requirements specified in these special provisions.
- B. Determine the effect on the gradation of the recycled material by varying the forward speed of the recycling machine and the rotation rate of the milling drum.

- C. Determine the optimum moisture necessary to achieve proper compaction of the recycled layer.
- D. Determine the sequence and manner of rolling necessary to obtain the compaction requirements and establish a target density. The Contractor and the Department will both conduct testing with their respective gauges at this time.

The test strip shall be at least 300 feet in length of a full lane-width (or a half-road width). Full recycling production will not start until a passing test strip has been accomplished. If a test strip fails to meet the requirements of this specification, the Contractor will be required to repair or replace the test strip to the satisfaction of the Resident. Any repairs, replacement, or duplication of the test strip will be at the Contractor's expense.

After the test strip has been pulverized, and the roadway brought to proper shape, the Contractor shall add water until it is determined that optimum moisture has been obtained. The test strip shall then be rolled using the specified compaction equipment as directed until the density readings show an increase in dry density of less than 1 pcf for the final four roller passes of each roller. The Contractor and Department will each determine a target density using their respective gauges by performing several additional density tests and averaging them. The average of these tests will be used as the target density of the recycled material for QC and Acceptance purposes.

Following completion of the test strip, compaction of the material shall continue until a density of not less than 98 percent of the test strip target density has been achieved for the full width and depth of the layer. During the construction and compaction of the Full Depth Recycled base, should three consecutive Acceptance test results for density fail to meet a minimum of 95 percent of the target density, or exceed 102 percent of target density, a new test strip shall be constructed.

ACCEPTANCE TEST FREQUENCY

Property	Frequency	Test Method
In-place Density	1 per 2000 ft / lane	AASHTO T 310

307.102 Curing. No new pavement shall be placed on the full depth recycled pavement until curing has reduced the moisture content to 1 percent or less by total weight of the mixture, or a curing period of 4 days has elapsed, whichever comes first.

307.11 Method of Measurement Full Depth Recycled Pavement (Untreated or Treated with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) will be measured by the square yard.

307.12 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Full Depth Recycled Asphalt Pavement (Untreated or Treated with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) will be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard, complete in-place which price will be full compensation for furnishing all equipment, materials and labor for pulverizing, blending, placing, grading, compacting, and for all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The addition of materials to restore profile grade and/or cross-slope in areas shown on the plans or described in the construction notes will be paid separately under designated pay items within the contract. No additional payment will be made for materials salvaged from the project.

Payments will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
307.331 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (Untreated)	Square Yard
307.332 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) 5 in. depth	Square Yard
307.333 Full Depth Recycled Pavement (with Emulsified Asphalt Stabilizer) 6 in. depth	Square Yard

SECTION 411 **UNTREATED AGGREGATE SURFACE COURSE**

411.02 – Aggregate Add the following to the end of the first sentence: “- Type A”

SECTION 501 **FOUNDATION PILES**

501.047 Splicing Piles Remove subsection 501.047 d 3, which states “Written welding procedures do not need to be submitted”, in its entirety.

501.05 – Method of Measurement

- b. **Piles Furnished** – After the second sentence, add the sentence “**Measurement will not include any pile tips**”.
- c. **Piles in Place** – Add the sentence to the end of the second paragraph, “**Measurement will include the pile tips**”.
- d. **Pile Tips** – Add the words “**on the Pile**” to the end of the sentence.

SECTION 502

STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

502.05 Composition and Proportioning

Replace Table 1 with

TABLE 1

Concrete CLASS	Minimum Compressive Strength (PSI)	Permeability as indicated by Surface Resistivity (KOhm-cm)	Entrained Air (%)		Notes
			LSL	USL	
S	3,000	LSL N/A	N/A	N/A	4,5
A	4,000	14	6.0	9.0	1,4,5
P	-----	-----	5.5	7.5	1,2,3,4
LP	5,000	17	6.0	9.0	1,4,5
Fill	3,000	N/A	6.0	9.0	4,5

In the list of information submitted by the contractor for a mix design:

Item J Replace “Target Coulomb Value.” with “Target KOhm-cm Value.”

Note #1 - Remove, “...**Standard Specification Section 711.05, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces, and per the manufacturer’s recommendations, at no additional cost to the Department.**” and replace with, “...**Standard Specification Section 515, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces, at no additional cost to the Department.**”

502.1703 Acceptance Methods A and B

In the paragraph that starts with “The Department will take Acceptance...” Remove the word chloride from chloride permeability in the last sentence.

Replace the paragraph starting with “Rapid Chloride Permeability specimens...” With the following:

“Surface Resistivity specimens will be tested by the Department in accordance with AASHTO TP-95 at an age $\geq$ 56 days. Four 4 inch x 8 inch cylinders will be cast per subplot placed. The average of three concrete specimens per subplot will constitute a test result and this average will be used to determine the permeability for pay adjustment computations.”

502.1706 Acceptance Method C

Remove in its entirety and Replace with:

502.1706 Acceptance Method C The Department will determine the acceptability of the concrete through Acceptance testing. Acceptance tests will include compressive strength, air content and permeability. Method C concrete not meeting the requirements listed in Table 1 shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Department. At the Department's sole discretion, material not meeting requirements may be left in place and paid for at a reduced price as described in Section 502.195.

502.1707 Resolution of Disputed Acceptance Test Results

Section B

Remove "Rapid Chloride" from the section heading.

In paragraph 4 replace T-277 with TP-95

502.192 Pay Adjustment for Chloride Permeability

Remove "Chloride" from the heading and from the first sentence.

Replace the sentence that starts with "values greater than..." and replace with "values less than 10 KOhms-cm for Class A concrete or 11 KOhms-cm for Class LP concrete shall be subject to rejection and replacement, at no additional cost to the Department."

502.194 Pay Adjustments for Compressive Strength, Chloride Permeability and Air Content, Methods A and B

Remove the word "Chloride" from the section heading and from the equation for CPF.

502.195 Pay Adjustment Method C

In Table 6: Method C Pay Reductions (page 5-53)

Under "Entrained Air" for "Class Fill", in the first line, change from "< 4.0 (Removal)" to "< **4.5 (Removal)**"

In Table 6: Method C PAY REDUCTIONS, revise the Chloride Permeability section by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:

Surface Resistivity {Permeability in Kohm-cms and Pay Reduction per CY}			
15-16 (\$50)	13 (\$25)	N/A	N/A
13-14 (\$75)	12(\$50)	N/A	N/A
12 (\$100)	11 (\$75)	N/A	N/A
11 (\$125)	10 (\$100)	N/A	N/A
< 11 (Removal)	< 10 (Removal)	N/A	N/A

SECTION 503 **REINFORCING STEEL**

503.06 Placing and Fastening Revise this Subsection by removing, in its entirety, the paragraph which begins, “Stainless steel reinforcement shall not be tied to any other type of reinforcement.....”

SECTION 504 **STRUCTURAL STEEL**

504.06 Inspection Revise this section by removing the last sentence in the first paragraph which reads “Make the results of all measurements and testing available to the QAI.” And replace with **“Provide a copy of all measurements and testing to the QAI.”**

504.08 Rejections Amend this section by adding the following sentences to the end of the 1st paragraph: **“Structural Defects: Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning structural repairs.”**

504.13 Unpainted Steel Revise this section by removing the third sentence which reads “Clean steel that is abrasive-blast cleaned prior to fabrication in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 Solvent Cleaning after fabrication is complete.” And replace it with: **“Clean steel that is abrasive cleaned prior to fabrication in accordance with SSPC-SP 6 shall be cleaned in accordance with SSPC-SP 1 Solvent Cleaning after fabrication is complete.”**

504.26 Welding Remove the second paragraph beginning with “The range of heat....” in its entirety.

504.29 Welding ASTM A 709 HPS 70W Steel. Remove the third paragraph beginning with “Make Weld runoff tabs...” in its entirety.

504.55 Field Welding Revise the first paragraph by replacing the word “Resident” with **“Fabrication Engineer”**.

504.60 Holes for Base Plates Revise this section by removing the second sentence and replacing it with **“The roughness shall not exceed condition of AWS C4.1-77, Sample 4.”**

504.64 Non Destructive Testing-Ancillary Bridge Products and Support Structures Revise the first sentence under number 1 by adding **“fillet or partial penetration welds on”** between the words “of” and “each” so the first sentence reads “Examine ten percent of fillet or partial penetration welds on each production lot using Magnetic Particle (MT) inspection”.

SECTION 506

SHOP APPLIED PROTECTIVE COATING - STEEL

Revise this section by removing the subsection THERMAL SPRAY COATING entirely and replace with:

THERMAL SPRAY COATING

506.30 Description This work shall consist of surface preparation and application of Thermal Spray Coatings (TSC) in accordance with the Plans and this Specification. Application of TSC to steel substrate shall be done in accordance with requirements, recommendations and appendices of the current Joint Standard *NACE NO. 12/AWS C2.23M/SSPC-CS 23.00, Specification for the Application of Thermal Spray Coatings (Metallizing) of Aluminum, Zinc, and Their Alloys and Composites for the Corrosion Protection of Steel* (The Standard) and this Specification.

The applicator shall have a minimum of five years of experience and shall provide copies of application procedures, operator qualifications, QC Manuals and repair procedures.

506.31 Submittals Submit an application procedure and QC Plan for review by the Department prior to beginning work. Submit a certified analysis of the feedstock to the Department. Submit sample copies of QC records for review. Submit copies of applicator qualifications, job history, etc. Provide the name and qualifications of the QCI.

506.32 Surface Preparation Prior to abrasive blast cleaning, round all corners exposed in the assembled product to approximately a 3/32 inch radius. A series of tangents to the approximate radius will be considered acceptable. Remove hardened condition on thermal cut surfaces. Abrasive blast clean all surfaces to be coated in accordance with The Standard and *SSPC-SP 5, White Metal Blast Cleaning* (SP 5). Use SSPC-VIS. 1 as a visual standard to determine acceptable cleanliness. Inspect the substrate immediately before spray application.

The anchor profile shall be per The Standard (minimum 2.5 mils). Measure and record the anchor profile in accordance with *ASTM D4417 Method B or C (Replica Tape)* or both on each plane to be sprayed or at 120 ° intervals on pipe or tube. Measure at the frequency in The Standard. Angular blast media shall conform with The Standard. If the anchor profile fails to meet the minimum required profile, re-blast the substrate until the required anchor profile is achieved.

If compressed air is used for abrasive blast cleaning, perform a blotter test in accordance with *ASTM D4285* at the beginning of each shift. Empty moisture traps at the beginning of each shift and at any time thereafter when moisture appears to be present on the substrate. Notify the QAI prior to performing the test in order that the QAI can witness the blotter test.

506.33 TSC Requirements The coating thickness shall be a minimum of 14 mils. The DFT on faying surfaces shall not exceed the thickness tested for Class B slip coefficient rating. The TSC shall have a minimum tensile bond per The Standard. Test the tensile bond in

accordance with ASTM D4541. The frequency of testing shall be per The Standard. The test location will be as directed by the QAI. The specified tensile force shall be applied to the TSC and removed. If the test does not reveal a failure of the TSC, the tensile bond shall be considered acceptable. Repair or recoat unacceptable work. Tensile testing may be performed on witness panels coated by each technician on each shift TSC is applied; notify the QAI so witness panel coating may be observed.

Perform a bend test as described The Standard, at the beginning of each shift. If the bend test fails, take corrective action and perform another test. After performing the bend test successfully a number of times, the Fabrication Engineer may reduce the frequency of testing. Document the results of the tensile bond test and bend test and provide the results to the Department. Satisfactory bend test results with 7-12 mils thickness will be acceptable.

The TSC shall have a uniform appearance, free from blistering, cracks, loose particles, or exposed steel substrate when examined with 10-X magnification.

506.34 TSC Application Record the batch and lot numbers of the consumables. Measure ~~the~~ environmental conditions in the immediate vicinity of ~~the~~ piece(s) being coated during the coating operation and during the entire cure period for intermediate and top coat. Provide two data loggers capable of measuring ambient humidity and temperature. The data loggers shall come with software that can download the data onto a computer. Print out the data and provide a copy to the QAI for review prior to applying the subsequent coat of paint. Place the data loggers in the immediate vicinity of the coating operation during the entire application and curing cycle. The data will be used to determine that the cure/recoat time requirements for each coat have been met. Failure to comply will result in the coating being cured for the maximum time necessary to assure adequate cure as determined by the Fabrication Engineer.

506.35 Seal Coat and Top Coat Application (Paint) Apply a wash primer and/or seal coat of 2 to 3 mils thickness. The seal coat shall be compatible with an epoxy intermediate coat and a polyurethane top coat from the NEPCOAT QPL. Provide certification of compatibility between the seal coat and intermediate coat from the intermediate coat/top coat manufacturer. Top flanges of beams requiring shear connectors shall receive a seal coat only.

506.36 Materials Provide materials in accordance with 506.11.

506.37 Mixing and Application Mix and apply in accordance with 506.14.

506.38 Dry Film Thickness Measure and record the DFT in accordance with 506.15.

506.39 Touch-up and Repairs Repair damage to TSC by re-blasting the damaged area and re-applying TSC in accordance with this Specification. Perform touch-up and repairs to paint in accordance with 506.16.

SECTION 507 **RAILINGS**

507.07 Aluminum Bridge Railing Amend the paragraph beginning with “Welding shall be done in conformance...” by adding after “Aluminum D1.2” the words “(AWS D1.2)” . Add the following as a new paragraph after this paragraph:

“All welds shall be inspected and conform with AWS D1.2, Clause 5, Inspection. 100% of welds shall be visually examined (VT). In addition to VT, 10% of all partial joint penetration (PJP) and fillet welds shall be dye penetrant tested (PT); locations to be PT examined will be designated by the QAI. 25% of complete joint penetration (CJP) welds shall be either, ultrasonic tested (UT) or PT based on the thinner material in the welded joint; joints with thinner material thicknesses less than 0.25 inch shall be PT examined and joints with thinner material thickness equal or greater than 0.25 inch shall be UT examined. Locations to be UT examined will be designated by the QAI. Extent of testing shall conform with AWS D1.2, Clause 5.”

SECTION 510 **SPECIAL DETOURS**

510.032 Geometric and Approach Design a. Horizontal alignment
The third paragraph of this section is revised to read as follows:

“The roadway width shall be increased on curved portions of the Special Detour to account for the off tracking characteristics of WB-62 vehicle in accordance with the AASHTO publication A Policy On Geometric Design of Highways and Streets (the Green Book), chapter 3 table entitled Design Widths of Pavements for Turning Roadways.”

SECTION 527 **ENERGY ABSORBING UNIT**

527.02 Materials This section is revised to read as follows.

527.02 Materials Work Zone Crash Cushions must comply with NCHRP Report 350. Work Zone Crash Cushions shall be selected from MaineDOT’s Qualified Products List of Crash Cushions / Impact Attenuators, or an approved equal.

SECTION 534 **PRECAST STRUCTURAL CONCRETE**

534.14 Process Control Test Cylinders
Revise this subsection to read:

“534.14 Acceptance and Quality Control Testing of Concrete Refer to Section 712.061.”

534.20 Installation of Precast Units revise this section by removing the first two paragraphs and replacing them with:

534.20 Installation of Precast Units When footings are required, install the precast units on concrete footings that have reached a compressive strength of at least 3,000 psi. Construct the completed footing surface to the lines and grades shown on the Plans. When checked with a 10 foot straightedge, the surface shall not vary more than one-quarter inch in 10 feet. The footing keyway shall be filled with a Department-approved non-shrink flowable cementitious grout with a design compressive strength of at least 5,000 psi.

Three sided frame and box culvert joints shall be sealed with a Department-approved flexible joint sealant in accordance ASTM C990. Joints shall be closed tight. Culvert units shall be equipped with joint closure mechanisms to draw units together and close joints to the required opening.

SECTION 535

PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE

Section 535.08 – Quality Assurance

Revise the second paragraph to read:

“The QAI will perform acceptance sampling and testing and will witness or review documentation, workmanship and testing to assure the Work is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents.”

Section 535.15 - Process Control Test Cylinders

Revise the first paragraph to read:

“535.15 Acceptance and Quality Control Testing of Concrete Acceptance of structural precast/prestressed units, for each day’s production, will be determined by the Department, based on compliance with this specification and satisfactory concrete testing results. At least once per week, the QAI will make 2 concrete cylinders (6 cylinders when the Contract includes permeability requirements) for use by the Department; cylinders shall be standard cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). The QAI will perform entrained air content and slump flow testing, determine water-cement ratio and determine temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting. All testing equipment required by the QAI to perform this testing shall be provided in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502.041, Testing Equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a slump cone meeting the requirements of AASHTO T 119. Providing and maintaining testing and curing equipment shall be considered incidental to the work and no additional payment will be made.”

Insert the following as the second paragraph of Section 535.15:

“Quality Control concrete test cylinders shall be made for each day’s cast and each form bed used. Cylinders tested to determine strand release strength and design strength shall be field cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). 28 day cylinders shall be standard

cured. Record unit identification, entrained air content, water-cement ratio, slump flow and temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting.”

SECTION 603

PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS

603.02 Materials Amend this section by adding the following two paragraphs to the end:

“Reinforced Concrete Pipe (RCP) with inside diameters of 10 ft. (120in) or greater shall be designed, fabricated and accepted in accordance with Section 534- Precast Structural Concrete.

All Pipes or Culverts with inside diameters of 10 ft. (120in) or greater shall be designed using the current version of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications with Maine Modified HL-93 for Strength 1.”

SECTION 604

MANHOLES, INLETS CATCH BASINS

604.04 Adjusting Catch Basins and Manholes,

Add the following paragraph to the end of 604.04 b:

The Department will allow the use of metal ring inserts set into the manhole top frame or composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust manhole slope and grade for paving projects. The use of metal ring inserts shall be in accordance with 604.04 d. Ring Insert Requirements. The use of composite risers shall be in accordance with 604.04 e. Composite Riser Requirements.

Add the following paragraph after the first paragraph of 604.04 c:

The Department will allow the use of metal ring inserts set into the manhole top frame or composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust manhole slope and grade for paving projects. The use of metal ring inserts shall be in accordance with 604.04 d. Ring Insert Requirements. The use of composite risers shall be in accordance with 604.04 e. Composite Riser Requirements.

Add the following sections to 604.04:

d. Ring Insert Requirements Ring inserts to adjust manhole top frame slope and grade will be allowed in accordance with the following requirements:

1) Materials

- i. All ring inserts must be made of iron. *Multiple ring inserts will not be allowed.* The single ring insert may be any height up to a maximum of 2 inches tall.
- ii. Ring inserts shall not be welded to the manhole frame to prevent brittle failure of the cast iron frame.
- iii. Ring inserts shall be fastened to the manhole frame using liquid steel-filled epoxy such as Loctite Fixmaster Steel Liquid or equivalent. The epoxy shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations.

2) Where Ring Inserts May/May Not Be Used

- i. MaineDOT will allow the use of a single manhole ring insert to raise manholes on state and state-aid highways.
- ii. *Manhole ring inserts may not be used along state and state-aid highway sections where the speed limit is 40 miles per hour or more.* The standard brick and mortar or flat composite risers beneath the manhole frame must be used at these locations.

3) Construction Requirements For The Use of Iron Manhole Ring Inserts

- i. Wherever iron ring inserts are used to raise manhole top elevations, the rings shall be fastened to the existing manhole frame using liquid steel-filled epoxy. The liquid steel-filled epoxy shall be placed evenly around the entire manhole frame before placing the ring insert. *Unbonded ring inserts will not be allowed.* If the manufacturer's recommended construction practices result in loose or unacceptable manhole cover restraint, standard brick and mortar or flat composite risers beneath the manhole frame must be used at these locations.

e. Composite Riser Requirements Flat or beveled, doughnut-shaped, composite risers placed beneath the manhole frame to adjust slope and grade are allowed. The composite riser shall be fastened to both the top of the concrete cone and bottom of the manhole frame with the manufacturer's recommended epoxy. Composite risers may be used at all locations on state and state-aid highways under any legal speed limit without restriction.

SECTION 606
GUARDRAIL

606.09 Basis of Payment Amend the first sentence of the eighth paragraph of this subsection by removing the word "meter" and replace it with "linear foot".

SECTION 608 **SIDEWALKS**

608.021 Sidewalk Materials Revise this section by removing the second paragraph which begins with “Portland cement concrete shall...” in its entirety and replace with **“Portland cement concrete shall be Class A and meet the requirements of Section 502, Structural Concrete.”**

SECTION 609 **CURB**

609.03 Vertical Stone Curb, Terminal Section and Transition Sections and Portland Cement Concrete Curb, Terminal Sections and Transition Sections

Amend this section by adding the following paragraph to the end of it:

“The Contractor may elect to substitute concrete to backfill Stone Curbing or Stone Edging at their option. If the concrete backfill option is elected, the following is added to Standard Specification 609 – Curb”

609.02 Materials Amend this section by adding the following to it:

Portland cement and Portland Pozzolan Cement	701.01
Water	701.02
Fine Aggregate for Concrete	703.01
Coarse Aggregate for Concrete	703.02

The Contractor shall submit a concrete mix design for the Portland Cement Concrete to the Resident, with a minimum designed compressive strength of 3000 psi Class Fill concrete.

609.10 Basis of Payment Revise by changing the fifth paragraph which begins with “There will be no separate payment...” this section by removing the word “cement” and replacing it with **“concrete fill, mortar”**.

SECTION 619 **MULCH**

619.07 Basis of Payment Amend this section by adding the words **“; Bark Mulch and Erosion Control Mix will be paid for by the Cubic Yard;”** into the first sentence so that it reads:

“The accepted areas mulched will be paid for at the contract price per unit; Bark Mulch and Erosion Control Mix will be paid for by the Cubic Yard; which shall be full compensation for furnishing and spreading the hay or straw and mulch binder, cellulose fiber mulch, bark mulch or erosion control mix.

Revise the second sentence by removing “**for pay item 619.1201**” So that it reads:

“When Mulch is measured in Bales, each bale will be paid for at 60% of the contract price per Unit”.

Revise this section by removing all pay items and replace them with the following:

619.12 Mulch	Unit
619.13 Bark Mulch	Cubic Yard
619.14 Erosion Control Mix	Cubic Yard

SECTION 621 **LANDSCAPING**

621.0002 Materials - General

In the list of items change “Organic Humus” to “**Humus**”.

621.0019 Plant Pits and Beds

c Class A Planting

In the third paragraph beginning with “The plant pit...” change “½ inch” to “**1 inch**”

SECTION 626 **FOUNDATIONS, CONDUIT AND JUNCTION BOXES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNING, LIGHTING AND SIGNALS**

626.02 General Amend the Material list by adding the following to the list:

Gravel Borrow	703.20

Revise the Material List by removing:

Prewired Conduit	715.04
Metallic Junction and Fuse Box	715.05

626.021 Miscellaneous Material Amend this section by adding the following to the end of it:

“All concrete for concrete encasement of conduit shall be Fill Class concrete in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 502 – Structural Concrete.”

Amend the third paragraph that begins with “If grouting is necessary...” by adding **“included on the Qualified Product List and”** after the word “material”.

626.03 General Amend this section by adding the following section to the end of it

“626.0301 Electrical Supply Lines and Service Connections The following requirements shall apply to Electric Supply Lines and Service Connections feeding traffic signalization equipment control boxes and lighting breaker boxes.

Whenever possible, the meter and breaker panel feeding traffic signal control boxes or lighting control boxes shall be constructed within 30 feet of the service drop pole.

All underground service connections that are constructed in trenches and carrying Secondary Utility Power to a MaineDOT meter and breaker panel, or, directly to MaineDOT traffic signalization control cabinets or lighting breaker boxes shall be in Rigid Metal Conduit or concrete encased PVC conduit.

Where trenchless technologies are employed to install the service connection conduit, Schedule 120 PVC conduit shall be used for the trenchless bore section of conduit. In addition, concrete encasement shall be used for any PVC conduit placed in trench sections and carrying Secondary Utility Power more than 10 feet before or after the limits of the trenchless bore conduit.

The construction practices described above shall be used for service connections up to a maximum of 600 feet. There may be rare exceptional cases where the service connection must exceed 600 feet. In these cases, the power companies may require primary power be run over 600 feet for the purpose of power consumption and dependable service. These cases will be evaluated on a case-by-case basis for alternate power feed methods and/or the need for steel or concrete encased conduit.”

626.031 Conduit Revise this section by removing the second paragraph which begins with “Trenches for conduits...” and replace it with the following:

“Trenches for conduits shall be excavated to a width that will permit proper installation of the conduit and to a minimum depth of 3 feet below finish grade as measured from the top of the conduit. If deeper depths are required, the conduit shall be installed at the depth shown on the plans or as directed. Conduit shall not interfere with poles, guardrail posts, sign foundations or other objects.”

Amend the third paragraph which begins with “All junction or pull boxes...” by adding **“concrete, in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 502 – Structural Concrete,”** after Class LP.

Revise the fifth paragraph which begins with “After the trench has been...” by adding the following to the end of it:

“Where concrete encasement is required around the conduit, backfilling with approved material may begin adjacent to and above the encased conduit no sooner than 24 hours after concrete placement.”

Remove the following:

“All underground conduit shall be placed to at least the depth shown on the plans and shall not interfere with poles, guardrail posts, sign foundations or other objects.”

Revise the paragraph beginning with “All conduit ends shall...” by removing “Prewired Conduit shall be sealed during construction to prevent entry of moisture, dirt, or rocks.”

626.033 Polyvinylchloride Conduit Installation Amend the first paragraph of this section which begins with “Polyvinylchloride conduit and High Density...” by adding the following to the end of it:

“In addition, PVC conduit used for Electrical Supply Lines and Services constructed as underground service connections in trenches and carrying Secondary Utility Power to a MaineDOT meter and breaker panel, or, directly to MaineDOT traffic signalization control cabinets or lighting breaker boxes shall be concrete encased. When trenchless technologies are used to install PVC conduit, concrete encasement shall not be required.

Concrete encasement shall consist of a minimum of 4 inches of concrete above, below and on both sides of the conduit that shall have a minimum compressive strength of 3000 psi and a maximum aggregate size of 1-inch (Fill Class concrete). The concrete encasement may be backfilled no sooner than 24 hours after placement. “

“NON-METALLIC UNDER PAVEMENT CONDUIT INSTALLATION

Where noted on the drawings, non-metallic under pavement conduit of schedule 80 or greater rating shall be provided to facilitate conduit crossing of the existing highway and ramps without disruption to the existing highway and ramp pavement surface. The non-metallic under pavement conduit shall be hydraulically jacked or directional bored below the highway and ramp at a depth of not less than (36 inches). Under pavement conduit shall extend for a distance of (10 feet) beyond the highway or ramp edge at each side.”

Amend the sixth paragraph which begins with “Where PVC conduit runs are...” by changing “3 inch minimum bedding” to **“6 inch minimum bedding”**.

626.034 Concrete Foundations

Revise this section by removing the third paragraph which begins with “In the absence of Design Requirements...” in its entirety and replace with the following:

“In the absence of design requirements being provided on the plans, the Contractor shall prepare and submit the foundation design(s) to the Department for review. The Contractor may propose an alternate shallow spread footing or drilled shaft configuration/design than that set forth on the drawings. Design shall be in accordance with AASHTO LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Sign, Luminaires and Traffic Signals,

current edition; AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, current edition; and FHWA-NHI-10-016 Drilled Shafts, Construction Procedures and Design Methods, current edition. Where conflicting requirements occur, the more stringent requirements shall govern. In addition to other design requirements, foundation design shall account for Torsion for which a minimum Factor of Safety equal to 1.2 shall be achieved. In evaluating axial capacity and torsional resistance in cohesionless soils, load transfer coefficient or side resistance coefficient (beta, β) will be used in accordance with Subsection 13.3.5.1 of FHWA-NHI-10-016, with beta determined in accordance with Equations 13-13 and 13-11 for silty sands to sandy silts (with varying amounts of gravel). The design criteria for the resistance of drilled shaft and spread footing foundations against overturning, sliding and bearing capacity failure shall meet the requirements of Section 4 of AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, current edition. The structural design of foundations shall meet the requirements of AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, current edition. The Contractor shall submit to the Department for review, three (3) copies of detailed plans and calculations of the proposed design. Design shall be prepared and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine. Construction of foundation(s) shall not commence until the Department has reviewed the foundation design.”

On Page 6-85, add the following paragraph before the paragraph beginning with “Drilled shafts shall not be...”.

“ No foundation design will be required for 18- and 24-inch diameter foundations for structures less than 30-feet tall and with no projecting arms. A foundation design prepared by a Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the laws of the State of Maine will be required for all other foundations. Precast foundations will be permitted for 18 and 24-inch diameter foundations for structures less than 30-feet tall and with no projecting arms. Where precast foundations are permitted flowable concrete fill shall be used as backfill in the annular space, and placed from the bottom up. Construction of precast foundations shall conform to the Standard Details and all requirements of Section 712.061 except that the concrete shall have a minimum permeability of 17 kOhm-cm and the use of calcium nitrite will not be required. “

On Page 6-86, Revise the paragraph beginning with “Concrete for drilled shafts...” so that a portion of it reads as follows:

“....The Contractor shall provide temporary dewatering of excavations for foundations such that concrete is placed in the dry. Concrete for drilled shafts shall be placed in accordance with Section 502.10 as temporary casing is withdrawn to prevent debris from contaminating the foundation and to ensure concrete is cast against the surrounding soil. Concrete for drilled shafts and spread footings shall be Class LP in accordance with Section 502 - Structural Concrete. Precast foundations will not be permitted except as specified above in this Section. Backfill for spread footing foundations shall be Gravel Borrow meeting the requirements of Section 703.20 - Gravel Borrow.....”

626.05 Basis of Payment Amend this section by removing the following paragraphs:

The one which starts with “Payment will be made for the total number of linear feet of prewired conduit...”

The one which starts with “Prewired conduit within the foundations...”

Amend this subsection by adding the following paragraph and Pay Items:

“Payment will be made for the total number of linear feet of under pavement conduit actually furnished, installed and accepted at the contract price per linear foot. This price shall include the cost of: furnishing and installing the conduit; excavating; furnishing special backfilling materials, pull wire, fittings, grounding and bonding; test cleaning interiors of conduits and all materials, labor, equipment and incidentals necessary to complete the work.”

Pay Item	PayUnit
626.221 Non-metallic Conduit, Concrete Encased	Linear Foot
626.251 Non-Metallic Under pavement Conduit (Schedule 80 or greater rating)	Linear Foot

Remove the following Pay Items:

626.23 Prewired Conduit Secondary Wiring	Linear Foot
626.24 Prewired Conduit Primary Wiring	Linear Foot

SECTION 627

PAVEMENT MARKINGS

Revise this section by removing it in its entirety and replacing with the following:

627.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and placing reflectorized pavement lines and markings, removing pavement lines and markings, and furnishing and applying reflectorized paint to curbing in reasonably close conformity with the plans and as designated.

627.02 Materials Materials shall conform to the requirements specified in the following Sections of Division 700 - Materials.

Pavement Marking Paint	708.03
Reflectorized Plastic Pavement Marking	712.05

Temporary Bi-directional Yellow Delineators shall be Temporary Object Markers (T.O.M.) as manufactured by the Davidson Plastic Company, 18726 East Valley Highway, Kent, WA 98031 or an approved equal.

627.04 General All pavement lines and markings shall be applied in accordance with the latest edition of Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

Longitudinal lines placed on tangent roadway segments shall be straight and true. Longitudinal lines placed on curves shall be continuous smoothly curved lines consistent with the roadway alignment. All pavement markings placed shall meet the tolerance limits shown on the plans.

Unless otherwise shown on the plans, non-interstate lines shall be 4 inches wide and broken lines shall consist of alternate 10 foot painted line segments and 30 foot gaps. On controlled access divided highways and on the interstate system lines shall be 6 inches wide and broken lines shall consist of alternate 15 foot painted line segments and 25 foot gaps. Width tolerance shall be $\pm \frac{1}{4}$ inch.

Temporary pavement marking lines, defined in Special Provision Section 652, Maintenance of Traffic, Temporary Centerline, will be applied as many times as necessary to properly delineate traffic lanes for the safe passage of traffic. Bi-directional delineators may be used in place of temporary lines, except where specified otherwise in Special Provision 652 Maintenance of Traffic, Temporary Centerline. Delineators will be applied at 40 foot intervals.

In overnight lane closure areas that are not to be overlaid, temporary plastic lines or raised pavement markers shall be used through the length of the taper.

Newly painted lines, markings and curb shall be protected from traffic by the use of cones, stationary vehicles or other approved methods until the paint is dry.

627.05 Preparation of Surface Immediately before applying the pavement marking paint to the pavement or curb, the surface shall be dry and entirely free from dirt, grease, oil, or other foreign matter.

Surface preparation for application of plastic markings shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.

627.06 Application Prior to applying paint for final pavement lines, the Contractor shall perform a test for paint thickness by furnishing and placing a piece of smooth, clean metal with an area of at least 144 in² in the path of the striping truck. The striping truck shall be passed over the piece of metal, painting the surface as it passes, without applying beads. The result of this test will be used to determine the pressure setting and speed of the truck when applying paint to obtain the specified thickness. Additional paint thickness testing may be required on the final paint markings. The wet thickness of paint without beads on final pavement lines shall be a minimum of 16 mils.

On other final pavement markings and on curb, where the paint is applied by hand painting or spraying, application shall be in two uniform covering coats, each at least 10 mils thick. Before the second coat of paint has dried, the glass beads shall be applied by a pressure system that will force the glass beads onto the undried paint as uniformly as possible.

Glass beads shall be applied to the final and temporary pavement lines, marking and curb at a sufficient rate and in sufficient quantity to assure complete and uniform coverage of hand painted surfaces and achieve proper reflectivity.

Permanent and temporary white lines and markings shall have a minimum final reflectivity value of 250 millicandelas per square meter per lux (mcd/m²/lux) and permanent and temporary yellow lines and markings shall have a minimum final reflectivity value of 150 millicandelas per square meter per lux (mcd/m²/lux), as measured by the Department. Measurements taken to determine reflectivity shall be done within 4 weeks after final placement.

If the final reflectivity values are less than the described minimums, the Contractor shall repaint those areas not meeting required reflectivity at no cost to the Department. If the final reflectivity values are less than the described minimums after the second attempt, the Contractor will submit in writing a plan of action to meet the reflectivity minimums prior to continuing any work. Once the plan has been reviewed and approved by the Department, the Contractor shall re apply at no cost to the Department.

Temporary painted lines and markings shall be applied as specified for permanent painted lines, except that the thickness shall be a minimum of 16 mils.

Temporary pliant polymer marking material shall be used for temporary markings on the final pavement and on pavements not to be resurfaced when such pavement markings do not conform to the final pavement markings pattern.

The plastic final pavement lines and markings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations by the inlay method of application.

627.07 Establishment Period Inlaid plastic pavement lines and marking material furnished and installed under this contract for final pavement markings shall still be subject to a six-month period of establishment.

The period of establishment shall commence as soon as the plastic pavement lines and markings are complete and in place and shall continue for six months. At the end of the establishment period, a minimum of 95% of the plastic pavement lines and markings shall still be in place to be acceptable.

If less than 95% of the plastic pavement lines and markings are in place after six months, the Contractor shall replace all unsatisfactory plastic pavement lines and markings on the project without additional payment. Plastic pavement lines and markings designated for replacement shall be installed according to these specifications, unless otherwise directed. Plastic pavement lines and markings replaced at the end of the six month establishment period will not be subject to a further establishment period.

627.08 Removing Lines and Markings When it is necessary to remove pavement lines and markings, it shall be done by high pressure water, grinding or other approved acceptable means. The method chosen must be capable of completely eradicating the existing line or marking without excessive damage to the pavement. Burning and the use of solvents to remove temporary markings from final pavement or from existing pavement not to be resurfaced will not be permitted.

627.09 Method of Measurement The quantity of pavement marking lines identified in the contract as a plan quantity pay item, the measurement of payment will be the number of feet shown in the Schedule of Items. This quantity will be considered final and no adjustments will be made except when changes resulting in increases or decreases are made by the Resident.

The accepted quantity of temporary or permanent pavement marking lines when identified in the contract as a linear foot item shall be measured and paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for the total amount applied and accepted.

Double yellow centerline, broken or solid, will be considered one line for measurement purposes. The measurement of broken lines will include the gaps when painted and will not include the gaps when plastic. Double Yellow Centerline, broken or solid shall not be paid through intersections or side roads and will be paid for the actual length of painted line.

Broken white lines will include the gaps when painted and will not include the gaps when plastic inlaid pavement lines are applied. Yellow or white solid edge lines and will not be paid through intersections or side roads and will be measured by the actual length of painted line.

Temporary pavement marking lines shall not be paid through intersections or side roads and will be measured per linear foot of actual length of painted and accepted.

Reflectorized curb will be measured or computed by the square foot of curb surface actually painted and reflectorized.

The accepted quantity of removing existing pavement markings will be measured by the square foot.

Temporary Bi-directional Yellow Delineators will be measured by each unit, complete in place, maintained, and accepted.

627.10 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of pavement marking lines identified in the contract as a plan quantity pay item will be paid for at the contract unit price for plan quantity. No adjustment will be made to the quantity for payment, except as described 627.09 Method of Measurement

The quantity of permanent or temporary pavement marking lines identified in the contract paid by the linear foot will be measured for payment as described under section 627.09 Method of Measurement.

All other permanent pavement markings will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot in accordance with 627.09 Method of Measurement.

If allowed by Special Provision, the Contractor may utilize Temporary Bi-Directional Yellow and White (as required) Delineators. When utilized, payment will be made as temporary pavement marking lines, measured and paid at the contract unit price per linear foot. Such payment will include as many applications as required and removal.

Payment for final plastic pavement lines and markings will be made in two parts. The first payment of 75% will be made when plastic pavement lines and markings are placed. The payment of the remaining 25% will be made at the end of the establishment period for all plastic line and pavement markings accepted.

The accepted quantity of any pavement marking lines will be paid for at the contract unit price and will include as many applications as required and removal when required.

The accepted quantity of Temporary Bi-directional Yellow Delineators will be paid for at the contract unit price.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
627.18 12 inch Solid White Pavement Marking Line	Linear Foot
627.711 White or Yellow Pavement Marking Line - Plan Quantity	Linear Foot
627.733 4" White or Yellow Painted Pavement Marking Line	Linear Foot
627.744 6" White or Yellow Painted Pavement Marking Line	Linear Foot
627.75 White or Yellow Pavement & Curb Marking	Square Foot
627.77 Removing Existing Pavement Marking	Square Foot
627.78 Temporary 4" Painted Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow	Linear Foot
627.781 Temporary 6" Painted Pavement Marking Line, White or Yellow	Linear Foot
627.407 Reflectorized Plastic, White or Yellow Pavement Marking	Square Foot
627.4071 Reflectorized Plastic, White or Yellow Pavement Marking Line - Plan Quantity	Linear Foot
627.811 Temporary Bi-directional Yellow Delineators	Each

SECTION 634

HIGHWAY LIGHTING

Revise this section by removing this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

634.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing a highway lighting system or modifying or removing an existing highway lighting system, including the design of

Light Standards, in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the plans.

634.02 General All material furnished by the Contractor shall be new unless otherwise specified. Substitutes for specified material may be accepted, upon approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Substitutes shall provide equal or better service. Where an existing system is to be modified, the existing material shall be removed, upgraded, or disposed of as shown on the plans or as directed.

All electrical equipment shall conform to NEMA, UL, or EIA standards, wherever applicable. In addition, all materials and workmanship shall conform to the requirements of the NEC, the local electrical Utility Company, and all local ordinances, which may apply.

634.021 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in the following Section of Division 700 - Materials:

Steel Conduit	715.02
Non-metallic Conduit	715.03
Prewired Conduit	715.04
Metallic Junction and Fuse Box	715.05
Secondary Wiring	715.07
Luminaires, Lamps and Ballast	715.08
Luminaires, Lamp and Ballast for High Mast Lighting	715.09
Photo Electric Control	715.10
Service Equipment	715.11
Lowering System for High Mast Lighting	715.12
Aluminum Supports	720.01
Aluminum Mast Arm and Bracket Arm	720.02
Steel Supports	720.03
Steel Mast Arm and Bracket Arm	720.04
High Mast Light Standard	720.05
Steel H-beam Poles	720.06
Anchor Bolts	720.07
Wood Ornamental Light Standard	720.09
Wood Utility Pole	720.10
Mast Arm for Wood Utility Pole	720.11
Breakaway Devices	721.01

Transformer enclosures shall conform to NESC requirements. They shall be approximately 46 inches high, 42 inches wide and 42 inches deep. Dimensions should be verified with the electrical Utility Company before ordering. Clearances shall be provided as required by the NESC. The enclosure shall be painted inside and outside with one coat of red iron-oxide primer and a finish coat of gray baked enamel. Doors shall be furnished with padlock lugs.

The electric portable power unit shall be a heavy-duty reversing electric motor for the voltage and frequency shown on the plans and shall have a remote control.

The following are the minimum requirements for the high mast lighting lowering system:

- Ball bearing motor
- Grounded frame
- Torque limiter
- Power unit mounting frame
- Coupling to winch drive shaft
- Remote control unit with cable
- Cable with twist lock receptacle and plug for operator of power unit

All bolts for mounting lighting fixtures under bridge structures shall conform to the requirements of ASTM A307. These bolts and other fastening hardware shall be hot-dipped galvanized in accordance with ASTM A153.

Screened sand for bedding and covering direct buried cables shall meet the requirements of Section 703.14, except that there shall be 0-10% passing the No. 200 sieve.

634.022 Equipment List and Drawings Unless otherwise permitted in writing, the Contractor shall submit for review a list of equipment and materials which is proposed to be furnished. The list shall include the name of manufacturer, size, and identifying number of each item and other necessary data, including detailed scale drawings, wiring diagrams of special equipment and any proposed minor deviations from the plans. If requested, the Contractor shall submit sample articles of the material proposed for use. All of the above data except sample articles, shall be submitted in duplicate. Following checking, correction, and approval, not less than two complete sets of approved drawings shall be submitted. The Department will not be liable for material purchased, labor performed, or work delayed before such review. Where electrical equipment is to be constructed as shown on the plans, the submission of detailed drawings and diagrams will not be required.

Upon completion of the work, the Contractor shall submit three complete sets of corrected plans showing all construction changes.

634.023 Miscellaneous Material Insulating tape shall be of the self-bonding type. Jacket tape shall be of the water-resisting type. Friction tape shall be rubber-impregnated, woven cotton fabric.

634.024 Light Standards The terms "conventional standard" or "conventional light standard" shall mean the assembled metal base flange, transformer base or breakaway device, metal columnar shaft, metal overhanging bracket arm and incidental hardware.

The term "high mast pole" shall mean the assembled base plate flange, metal columnar shaft, luminaire tenon, mounting and lowering device and incidental hardware. For purposes of this specification, a structure shall be considered a high mast pole if the pole height, from base plate to the center of the luminaire, exceeds 55 feet.

The design, materials and fabrication of Light Standards shall meet the requirements of the current edition of AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interims thereto, as noted below except as otherwise indicated within these specifications or on the plans.

Light Standards with a luminaire mounting height in excess of 55 feet (high mast pole) shall be designed using the following criteria:

- Basic wind speeds based on a 1700-year mean recurrence interval
- K_z as specified in Table C3.8.4-1 (Height and Exposure Factors)
- K_d as specified in Table 3.8.5-1 (Directionality Factors)
- G as 1.14, minimum (Gust Factor)
- C_d as specified in Table 3.8.7-1 (Wind Drag Coefficients)
- Fatigue Importance Category I with V_{mean} having a range of $9 \text{ mph} < V_{\text{mean}} \leq 11 \text{ mph}$.

Light Standards with a luminaire mounting height of 55 feet or less shall be designed using the following criteria:

- Basic wind speeds based on a 700-year mean recurrence interval
- K_z as specified in Table C3.8.4-1 (Height and Exposure Factors)
- K_d as specified in Table 3.8.5-1 (Directionality Factors)
- G as 1.14, minimum (Gust Factor)
- C_d as specified in Table 3.8.7-1 (Wind Drag Coefficients)
- Fatigue analysis is not required

For structural design purposes the luminaire mounting height for roadside installation is defined as the distance from the center of luminaire to the base plate bottom. For Light Standards mounted on structures and approaches to structures, the luminaire mounting height shall be defined and measured as the distance of the center of the luminaire to one of the following:

- a. For bridges over bodies of water** Above the prevailing water level or, in the case of tidal waters, above mean high tide.

b. For overpass structures Above the lower roadway level.

c. For approach ramps Above the average adjacent ground level, if said ground level is more than 10 feet below the base of the light standard.

The design weight of luminaires shall be 60 pounds with an effective projected area of 2.5 ft², except that pole top-mounted luminaires shall have an effective projected area of 5.0 ft².

Light Standards mounted on a bridge structure or Light Standards fabricated with aluminum shall be equipped with an approved damping or energy-absorbing device.

Deflections of Light Standards and bracket arms shall be limited as follows:

a. Conventional Light Standards shall be able to support a 500 pound transverse load, applied at 18 inches below the pole top with a maximum deflection of 5% of the nominal pole length. A computer simulation or detailed computation using Service I load combination (as specified in the AASHTO LRFD Specification for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals) establishing a maximum of 7% deflection of the nominal pole length may be used as an alternate method.

b. Bracket arms shall be able to support a horizontal load, perpendicular to the axial vector of the arm, of 50 pounds and a concurrent vertical load of 100 pounds, both loads applied at the luminaire tenon, without developing a measurable permanent set.

c. High mast Light Standards shall have a maximum deflection of 7% of the nominal pole length under full design load when equipped with four luminaires.

Conformance to the above deflection criteria for Light Standards, bracket arms and high mast Light Standards shall be substantiated by detailed computations or computer simulation, accompanied by written methodology, or actual tests on materials produced for delivery under a Maine Department of Transportation contract.

The base plates of Light Standards shall have workable leveling nuts beneath and above them with flat washers against both nuts, when erected. The distance between the bottom of the base plate and top of the foundation shall not exceed twice the diameter of the anchor bolts. Grout, or other material, shall not be placed between the base plate and foundations.

Approval for deviations from the plans and/or specifications shall be requested in writing and shall be approved by the Fabrication Engineer before being incorporated in the manufacturer's drawings. Requests for substitution for all specified material shall be submitted in writing with full documentation (specifications, mill certifications, etc.) enabling the Department to evaluate the proposal.

A Certificate of Compliance shall be provided for all applicable materials noted in Section 634.021 – Materials, in accordance with the requirements of the General Statement of Division 700 Materials. Shop certification in accordance with Section 504.04 is required.

634.025 Conventional Light Standards After execution of the contract for conventional Light Standard(s), and before any shop work is commenced, the Contractor shall submit for approval the manufacturer's drawings of all standards and accessories proposed to be furnished and erected under this contract. The drawings shall be of sufficient detail to indicate material and/or dimensional conformance with these specifications and the plans. Each drawing shall contain a reference to the design criteria and certification that the design criteria have been met for the Light Standards, including bracket arms and associated hardware, fittings and breakaway devices, as submitted. A Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the State of Maine regulations shall sign the certification under their official seal. The drawings shall use the same units as found in the project plans.

It is the intent of these specifications that the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the adequacy of the sizes, wall thickness, materials and connections of the Light Standards, including bracket arms and associated hardware, fittings and breakaway devices. Approval of the drawings will signify only approval of the material(s), mounting heights(s) and bracket arm length(s).

634.026 High Mast Light Standard For all high mast Light Standards, as defined in this Section, the Contractor shall submit for approval, in addition to the manufacturer's drawings, 3 sets of the design computations, including fatigue considerations consistent with AASHTO requirements. Approval of the drawings and computations will signify approval of all structurally significant details of the Light Standard and if any, the luminaire mounting and lowering device. All drawings and computations shall be signed by a Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the State of Maine regulations. Approval will be based on the applicable provisions of Section 105.7.

The shaft shall be provided with an equipment access opening approximately 2 ft² and centered approximately 2 feet above the base. The access opening shall be reinforced to maintain the full design strength of the shaft and shall be provided with a hinged, removable, access door equipped with a vandal proof means of being locked in place. A positive means of internal grounding shall be provided inside of the access door.

All shaft sections shall be one plate thickness, except that a doubler plate may be used around the equipment access opening. The walls of polygonal shafts shall have an inside corner radius to wall thickness ratio not less than 2.

The Contractor may propose a galvanized and painted pole, in lieu of using weathering type steel. The steel shall be a base metal listed in the current edition of the AWS Structural Welding Code, D1.1. Paint color will be designated by the Fabrication Engineer. Galvanizing and surface preparation shall be in accordance with Section 504 and paint shall be a two-coat

system designed for use on galvanized surfaces approved by the Engineer. The Contractor shall supply sufficient additional coating material and instructions for touchup work.

634.027 Breakaway Supports Breakaway supports, approved by the Engineer, shall be supplied for use at all locations designated as breakaway. Breakaway Support Certification of both breakaway and structural adequacy shall be provided by the Manufacturer. Design calculations or test data of production samples to support certification shall be provided. Breakaway support components shall provide the same or greater structural strength than the support post or pole utilizing the breakaway device. Breakaway couplings shall not be used in conjunction with transformer bases. Breakaway devices must include a reaction plate connecting all anchor bolts under the breakaway device. Poles containing conductors must contain a fusible breakaway device disconnecting all ungrounded conductors simultaneously

Breakaway devices are subject to the applicable provisions of Section 721 - Breakaway Devices.

634.03 General The location of the roadway lighting systems and other incidental work will be shown on the plans. They are diagrammatic only, but shall be followed as closely as actual conditions at the site and the work of other Contractors will permit. As the work progresses, the drawings may be revised or supplemented by the Resident, and the Contractor shall perform the work required by such revisions or supplements without additional compensation, except as provided in Section 109.

Work shall be scheduled to assure that each highway lighting system shall be completed and ready for operation upon completion of the corresponding section of the roadway or as specified in Special Provision 107.

Before proceeding with any work under this Contract, the Contractor shall conduct continuity and insulating tests to establish the integrity of cable runs already in place. The Contractor shall report all cable faults to the Resident. In cases faults are located while contract work is in progress and the Contractor does not report them, the Contractor will be responsible for correcting those faults without extra compensation.

634.031 Foundations Foundations for Highway Lighting shall meet the requirements of Section 626 – Foundations, Conduit, and Junction Boxes for Highway Lighting, Traffic Signals, and Highway Lighting.

634.04 Cable Installation The Contractor shall pull all wires through conduits without overstressing or stretching any wire or scoring, cutting, twisting or damaging the protective covering or insulation. When pulling cable into conduits, if the strain on the cables is likely to prove excessive, the Contractor shall use soapstone powder or listed cable pulling lubricant as a lubricant. Where two or more cables are to occupy the same conduit, they shall be drawn in together and kept parallel to each other by the use of a pulling head. No aluminum wire shall be installed underground for primary and secondary wiring.

Both ends of each length of cable shall be sealed to prevent the entrance of moisture during shipment or during outdoor storage. Defective and damaged cable will be rejected and shall be replaced at no cost to the State.

Secondary wiring shall be installed as shown on the plans. Secondary wiring shall not be spliced underground. Splicing shall only occur in above ground hand holes and transformer bases. The wire for secondary circuits, which is pulled through ducts, shall be fed slack from the feed end. Secondary wiring being pulled through a junction box shall be provided with enough slack for the center of the cable to be positioned a minimum of one (1) foot outside the top of the junction box

Cables in junction boxes shall be provided with enough slack for the center of the cable to be positioned a minimum of one (1) foot outside the top of the junction box and shall be arranged as directed. After cables have been installed, the end of each section of cable in Light Standards and panel boxes shall be carefully sealed with DAC Heavy Duty KWIK Foam Polyurethane Sealant, Minimum Expanding or an approved equal. Sealant shall penetrate a minimum of four (4) inches into the conduit. All wiring shall be finished to provide a neat and orderly appearance. Ends of cable not connected to any device shall be insulated and sealed.

There will be no underground splicing of power conductors.

The trench for direct-buried cable shall be excavated to the width and depth shown on the plans or as directed.

Placement of the sand bedding shall be coordinated with the installation of the cables. After the cables and screened sand have been placed, the remainder of the trench shall be promptly backfilled with selected excavated material. Surplus material shall be disposed of as directed and the surface of the trench shall be loamed and seeded in accordance with Sections 615 and 618.

When connecting sockets, outlets and other similar equipment, the most accessible bare parts of each piece of equipment shall be connected to the grounded neutral. In order to ensure this has been done, each piece of equipment shall be tested after installation, under the supervision of the Resident, with a test lamp or other instrument, one leg of which has been connected to a definite ground, or by other approved means of testing.

All cables in junction boxes and Light Standards shall be tested for circuit connections, which shall be in conformity with those indicated on the plans. After verification of circuit connections, all cables in junction boxes, light standards and service panels shall be provided with individual metal tags, die-stamped with a phase designated A or B, as applicable. The tags shall be securely attached to the cables.

Splices to form continuous circuits shall be made by the Contractor and will only be permitted in accessible above ground locations. All other splices shall be made with approved crimp-type connectors.

Conductors shall not be pulled into conduit until pull boxes are set to grade, crushed rock sumps installed, grout placed around the conduit, concrete bottom of pull boxes placed and the metallic conduit bonded.

Where roadways are to remain open to traffic and existing lighting systems are to be modified, the existing lighting system shall remain in operation and the final connection to the modified circuit shall be made so that the modified circuit will be in operation by nightfall of the same day.

634.05 Erecting Light Standard To provide continuously aligned lamp post installations, Light Standards shall be located in accordance with the details governing the spacings and setbacks shown on the plans, unless otherwise directed.

The bracket arms shall be set normal to the edge of the roadway, unless otherwise directed. The bracket shall be assembled and attached to the shaft before the light standard is erected. If it is anticipated that there will be a period in excess of 24 hours between the erection of the Light Standards and the installation of the luminaires, the Contractor shall install a weight, weighing between 50 to 75 pounds, at the outboard end of each bracket arm. This weight shall be designed and fastened in such a way that it will not pose a hazard to persons or vehicles passing beneath it.

Light Standards shall be erected in a vertical position, with a maximum deviation from the vertical of ¼ inch in 5 feet, using either the leveling nuts provided with the anchor bolts or the breakaway couplings. Once the Light Standard is in its final position, the top nuts shall be tightened as follows:

a. Anchor Bolts with Breakaway Couplings The manufacturer's recommendation shall be used.

b. Anchor Bolts without Breakaway Couplings the nut shall be tightened to snug tight condition by utilizing the full effort of a worker using a standard spud wrench or comparable tool. After all nuts have been brought to a snug tight condition, each nut shall be tightened an additional 1/3 turn using an impact wrench, torque wrench or large crescent wrench.

A minimum of 2 bolt threads shall project beyond the outside face of the nut.

Nuts for bolts other than anchor bolts shall be tightened as outlined under b. above, for anchor bolts.

The bottom of all transformer bases shall be coated with a bitumen-mastic, epoxy paint.

When foundations and anchor bolts for Light Standards have been installed by others, the Contractor shall verify the anchor bolt dimensions at each location so that bases will be furnished with the proper bolt holes.

Wires in the shaft shall be supported with a Kellum-type, braided, strain-relief grip attached to a "J" hook mounted inside the shaft near the top.

Wood Ornamental Light Standards shall be installed as shown on the plans.

634.051 Removing Light Standards Before removing Light Standards, the luminaires shall be removed from the Light Standards and disposed of as noted on the plans.

Care shall be exercised in removing and transporting the Light Standards. The Contractor will be required to replace, at their expense, all equipment damaged or destroyed by their operations.

634.052 Portable Power Unit for Lowering Luminaires The number of portable electric power units with remote control required for operation of the high mast luminaire lowering system, will be 1 for every 10 high mast poles, or as shown on the plans.

634.06 Luminaires Luminaires shall not be installed until the lamp socket position has been inspected and approved for conformance with the manufacturer's recommended position for the specified distribution. All luminaires shall be adjusted to produce the maximum illumination on the roadway surface and shall be full IES cutoff.

The connections between the luminaires and connector kits shall be made with single conductor, number 12 wires AWG copper stranded THHN, minimum size. A 14 inch long Teflon sleeve shall be placed over each end of each conductor in the luminaire.

Installation of a connector kit, fused or non-fused, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions to provide watertight connections.

634.061 Under-Bridge Lighting Under-bridge lighting shall be installed in accordance with the plans and specifications, or as directed.

Circuits shall be fused in fuse boxes with 5-ampere cartridge-type, midget fuses, $\frac{3}{8}$ inch diameter and 1½ inches long, unless otherwise indicated on the plans. Wiring connections in the under-bridge lighting units shall be made with 300°F wire.

All under bridge lighting, luminaires shall be installed and adjusted for maximum illumination of the roadway surface. The beam angle shall be adjusted as indicated on the plans.

In vehicular undercrossings, underpass lights shall be placed in operation as soon as practicable after falsework has been removed from the structure. Lighting for pedestrian structures shall be placed in operation before opening the structure to pedestrian traffic.

634.08 Service The Contractor shall install metal conduit riser with entrance cap, entrance switch, multiple control relay, and other equipment as shown on the plans.

The lighting system will be supplied with electrical power by the local power company. The type of service will be single phase, three wire, 240/480 volt or the voltage indicated on the plans, 60 hertz, alternating current. The meter trim will include a bypass handle to allow the power company to change the meter without disconnecting the power. An external, standalone breaker capable of shutting off the lighting control cabinet or signals will be provided to disconnect power to the control cabinet. No power shall be routed in or out of the control cabinet before this breaker. The power company will make all connections of the roadway lighting system cables at the power company's service pole. The Contractor shall notify the power company at least two weeks in advance of the time they intend to start construction at each of the sites and shall make all necessary arrangements with the power company for the required installation.

Roadway lighting cabinets shall be installed on stub poles with doors accessible from the roadway. All connections to equipment and terminals shall be neat and orderly conforming to the requirements specified.

Details for the fabrication and installation of service poles with cabinets and other equipment are shown on the plans.

Transformer enclosures used to protect overhead type transformers mounted on concrete pads shall be installed as shown on the plans. Transformers will be furnished by the power company.

All meter mounting devices shall be installed so that the meters will be upright (plumb). They shall be installed with the top of the meter not less than 48 inches nor more than 60 inches from the floor to the final grade. Exceptions to this height requirement will be made where special permission has been given to install group or modular metering, overall metering enclosures, or pole-mounted meters. Level grade shall be maintained for a minimum of 3 feet in front of the meter enclosure to provide a safe working space. In order to meet this requirement on uneven terrain, as an option, the Contractor may install a pressure-treated wood platform.

For any non-residential (industrial or commercial) self-contained meter socket the by-pass requirements are single phase, 100 or 150 amp, single handle lever operated.

The Contractor shall meet all requirements and regulations of Utility Companies when installing equipment on their poles and for the service connection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to contact the appropriate Utility to determine their specific requirements.

634.081 Bonding and Grounding All metal conduit ends, Light Standards, luminaires, control cabinets, and exposed noncurrent carrying metal parts of fixed equipment shall be connected to the grounding conductor. All grounding and bonding shall conform to the current provisions of the NEC.

634.09 Testing Before acceptance of the work the Contractor shall cause the following tests to be made on all lighting circuits, by a licensed electrician. The tests do not need to be performed in the presence of the Resident, but the test results shall be recorded on the Highway Lighting Quality Control Check List and submitted to the Resident by the Contractor for acceptance. The form shall be signed by the licensed electrician certifying that the highway lighting meet the requirements of section 634.09.

a. Continuity Each circuit shall be tested for continuity.

b. Ground Each circuit shall be tested for grounds.

c. Resistance The resistance to ground on non-ground conductors shall be at least five megaohm at 60°F measured with a 1,000 volt megger. The ground resistance shall not be more than 25 ohms.

d. Voltage Voltage readings shall be made at each service pole, in the load contractor, with load and without load, and at each fixture with load.

e. Current Current readings shall be made on the load side of each load contractor phase and neutral. Readings shall be made at night with lighting systems in normal operation.

f. Test Data Electrical test data obtained from the above tests shall be furnished in writing.

g. Operational Test The Contractor shall conduct an operational test for the completed installation under normal operating conditions. This operational test shall have a duration of not less than two full days. The Resident shall be the sole authority to judge the adequacy of the length of the testing period in order to assure the satisfactory operation of the entire system or any of its sections. The work will not be accepted until the operational test has been successfully completed.

h. Functional Test With all equipment connected to the wiring system, a functional test shall be performed by the Contractor, in the presence of the Resident, to demonstrate that the system and all parts thereof function as specified. All defective materials or faulty installations shall be corrected by repairs or replacements by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Resident at no additional cost.

Lighting circuits shall be subjected to such other tests as may be required and it shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to ascertain what tests are required and to perform these tests in the presence of the Resident. All tests shall be performed at the expense of the Contractor. Cost for power to conduct tests shall be paid by the Contractor.

634.091 Acceptance All systems shall be complete and in operation to the satisfaction of the Resident at the time of acceptance of the work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for the proper performance in service, in whole or in part, of the various lighting systems and all other electrical installations furnished and installed under this Contract and shall correct, at their own expense, all deficiencies in the operation which may arise prior to acceptance of the work. The Contractor shall be responsible for the cost of power until the work is accepted.

634.092 Method of Measurement Highway lighting system will be measured by the lump sum.

Light Standards will be measured by the single unit, complete in place and accepted.

The quantity of luminaires for high mast lighting will be measured by each single unit.

634.093 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Light Standards will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the number of units of the respective types. Payment shall be full compensation for the Light Standard and breakaway transformer base or breakaway device, bracket arm and all incidentals necessary to complete the work, including design of the Light Standards. Conduits, junction boxes, and foundations will be paid for under Section 626.

Payment for furnishing and installing luminaires for high mast lighting will be made for the accepted quantity at the contract unit price each, which shall include luminaire, ballast, lamp, and incidentals necessary to complete the work, including design of the high mast lighting.

The accepted highway lighting system will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for the complete lighting system shown on the plans, except that luminaires for high mast lighting and Light Standards will be paid for at the contract unit price each.

Lump sum payment for highway lighting system shall be full compensation for furnishing, installing and erecting: ballast, lamps, wiring in underground conduit, pole wiring, and all other wiring (except prewired conduit), transformer enclosures, luminaires (except luminaires for high mast lighting), break-away devices when applicable, all identification tags, and all materials, labor, equipment, tools, miscellaneous hardware and incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting light standards, installing breakaway devices on existing poles, disposing of unused light standards, as noted on the plans, and for furnishing portable electric power units.

No separate payment will be made for bonding, grounding and ground rods; these costs shall be included in the contract price for conduit, light standards, service panels, or other items requiring bonding and grounding.

Trenching for direct buried cable will be incidental to highway lighting system and shall include excavating, furnishing and placing screened sand and backfilling.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
634.160 Highway Lighting	Lump Sum
634.164 Luminaires for High Mast Lighting	Each
634.2041 Luminaires	Each
634.206 Light Standard for Post Top Luminaire	Each
634.207 High Mast Light Standard	Each
634.209 Wood Ornamental Light Standard	Each
634.210 Conventional Light Standard	Each

SECTION 639

ENGINEERING FACILITIES

Revise this section by removing this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

639.01 Description This work shall consist of providing, erecting, lighting, equipping and maintaining buildings to be solely used by the Resident and other assigned Department representatives as a field office. Upon completion of the work, the buildings and equipment shall remain the property of the Contractor.

639.02 Materials Materials for buildings shall be of good quality customarily used in standard frame house or office trailer construction.

639.03 General The building of the type called for shall be provided before the start of work, and shall remain until work is completed and accepted, unless earlier removal is authorized. The location shall be approved by the Resident and should be adjacent or virtually adjacent to the Project.

A fire extinguisher shall be provided in each building or office trailer for electrical and chemical fires and effective on all solvents used in the building.

Walls, roof, floor, windows, and doors shall be tightly constructed to the required area.

Furnishings shall be supplied as called for. Doors shall be equipped with locks and all keys shall be in the possession of the Resident. Windows shall be equipped with latches so they may

be locked on the inside. Window screens and screen doors shall be supplied when necessary. Adequate desk and desk space shall be provided. If a portable table is supplied, it should be adjustable to accommodate the various heights of employees. A 5-way adjustable office chair shall be provided in the quantities listed.

639.04 Field Offices Field Offices are designated Type A, Type B, or Type C. Buildings, including trailers, may be provided if they substantially equal or exceed the following requirements. Air conditioning, appropriate to the building size, shall be provided in all field offices.

The walls, roof, and floor of the building shall be completely insulated with a minimum insulation value of R-15. Office trailers shall be either new or in very good used condition. The interior walls shall be covered with suitable wall paneling. The entire office trailer shall be for the exclusive use of the Resident. The office trailer shall be winterized and completely enclosed at the bottom, if the trailer will be used in cold weather.

Other types of buildings and facilities may be furnished of equal or better quality. A public work area will be provided in the field office that shall be designed and constructed so that individuals with disabilities can approach, enter, and exit this area.

At least one accessible route to the field office shall be provided from accessible parking. The accessible route shall comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act Accessibility Guidelines (ADAAG) and this specification.

The minimum clear width of an accessible route shall be 36 inches except at doors. The least possible slope shall be used for an accessible route. An accessible route with a running slope greater than 1:20 shall be considered a ramp. Maximum ramp slope is 1:12. The maximum rise for any run of a ramp shall be 30 inches and the minimum clear width shall be 36 inches. Nowhere shall the cross slope of an accessible route exceed 1:50. Changes in level up to ¼ inch may be vertical and without edge treatment. Changes in level between ¼ inch and ½ inch shall be beveled with a slope no greater than 1:2. Ramp floor surfaces shall be stable, firm, and slip-resistant.

Ground floor surfaces along accessible routes and in accessible rooms and spaces including floors, walks, ramps, stairs, and curb ramps, shall be stable, firm, and slip-resistant.

The main door to the public work area shall have a minimum clear opening of 32 inches with the door opened 90 degrees, measured between the face of door and the opposite stop. Minimum maneuvering clearances at doors shall be provided. The floor or ground area within the required clearances shall be level and clear.

The handle and other operating devices on accessible doors shall have a shape that is easy to grasp with one hand and does not require tight grasping. Lever-operated mechanisms push type mechanisms, and U-shaped handles are acceptable designs. Hardware required for accessible door passage shall be mounted no higher than 48 inches above finished floor.

A minimum of 3 parking spaces will be supplied for Class B & C Field Offices and 6 for Class A. One wheelchair accessible parking space shall be located on the shortest accessible route of travel from adjacent parking to an accessible entrance.

Level landings shall be provided at bottom and top of each run. The landing shall be at least as wide as the ramp run leading to it with a minimum length of 60 inches.

If a ramp run has a rise greater than 6 inches or a horizontal projection greater than 72 inches, then it shall have handrails on both sides. Handrails shall have the following features:

- 1) Handrails shall be provided along both sides of ramp segments. The inside handrail on switchback ramps shall always be continuous.**
- 2) If handrails are not continuous, they shall extend at least 12 inches beyond the top and bottom of the ramp segment and shall be parallel with the floor or ground surface.**
- 4) The clear space between the handrail and the wall shall be 1½ inch.**
- 5) Gripping surfaces shall be continuous.**
- 6) Top of handrail gripping surfaces shall be mounted between 34 and 38 inches above ramp surfaces.**
- 6) Ends of handrails shall be either rounded or returned smoothly to floor, wall, or post.**
- 7) Handrails shall not rotate within their fittings.**
- 8) The diameter or width of the gripping surfaces of a handrail shall be 1¼ to 1½ inch, or the shape shall provide an equivalent gripping surface.**

Firm and sturdy steps shall also be provided with 7 inch maximum riser and 11 inch minimum depth, and at least one handrail extending from the top of the steps to a minimum 12 inches beyond the bottom of the steps.

The Contractor will make reasonable effort(s) to provide wheelchair accessible toilet facilities when "portable" facilities are provided.

The Contractor shall provide wheelchair accessible toilet facilities when flush type facilities, that is, those with running water, are provided; and the Contractor shall provide wheelchair accessible portable facilities, if used, when the contract duration exceeds two continuous construction seasons.

In addition to the facilities previously specified in this subsection, each field office shall meet the following minimum requirements:

<u>Description</u>	<u>Quantity</u>		
	<u>Type A</u>	<u>Type B</u>	<u>Type C</u>
Floor Area (Outside Dimension) - ft ²	312	220	125
Inside Wall Height – feet	7	7	7
Window Area - ft ²	55	35	35
Drafting Table Surface Area - ft ²	15	15	15
Drafting Stools - each	2	1	1
Office Desks - each	2	1	1
Ergonomic Swivel Chairs -ea (5-way adjustable)	3	2	2
Folding Chairs - each	3	2	2
Lighting Units - each	4	2	2
Electric Wall Outlets - each	6	4	3
Power Strip Surge Protectors - each	3	2	1
Wall Closets - each	1	1	1
Plan Rack for minimum of 6 sets of plans	1	1	0
Toilet Facility	1	1	1
Wastebaskets - each	2	2	1

All windows shall be provided with shades or blinds.

The toilet facility shall be for the exclusive use of State personnel. If requested, the Contractor will supply a lock to ensure exclusive use.

The Resident will have the option to reject any furniture or supplies provided to the field office based on general condition.

One hundred ten volt, 60 cycle, continuous electric service shall be supplied for lighting and 15 amp duplex wall outlets. Lighting shall consist of florescent light units with rapid start bulbs or LED shop style lights located over the work areas for a minimum of 50 foot candles overall. At least one external light source will be provided.

Drafting surfaces shall be 40 inches above the floor and have shelves beneath. Shelves for plans and rolls shall also be furnished overhead. Drafting stools shall be approximately 28 inches high.

Desks shall be single or double pedestal standard office type, and shall be in addition to “built-in” type desks in the office trailer.

Field offices shall be furnished with one four-drawer letter size metal filing cabinet.

Wall closets shall be 21 inches wide, 15 inches deep, and at least 4 feet high.

Each office shall be furnished with a broom, dustpan, sweeping compound, trash bags, and with cleaning material for cleaning glass. If the field office is carpeted, then a vacuum cleaner will be provided. The contractor will be responsible for disposing of trash from the field office.

The Contractor shall provide a fully functional wireless desktop copier/scanner/printer, capable of copying field books, for the Resident's use during the project. All maintenance and supplies, except paper, shall be the responsibility of the Contractor.

The Contractor shall provide bottled water and a microwave for the duration of the project. All maintenance and supplies shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. Alternate source of water, such as a water cooler, may be provided as approved by resident.

The Contractor shall provide a 4 cubic-foot refrigerator in the field office for the duration of the project.

Each office shall be furnished with a 10-person general-purpose first aid kit. The first aid kit shall be periodically inspected and refilled as necessary.

639.08 Heat Heat appropriate to the building size shall be supplied by the Contractor to maintain an acceptable room temperature during occupancy.

639.091 Broadband Connection The contractor will supply one computer broadband connection, modem lease and router. The router shall have wireless access and be 802.11n or newer capable. The type of connection supplied will be contingent upon the availability of services (i.e. DSL or Cable Broadband). It shall be the contractor's option to provide dynamic or static IP addresses through the service. The selected service will have a minimum download connection of 5.0 Mbps and 1.0 Mbps upload. The contractor shall be responsible for the installation charges and all reinstallation charges following suspended periods. Monthly service and maintenance charges shall be billed by the Internet Service Provider (ISP) directly to the contractor.

639.10 Method of Measurement Field office will be measured by the unit or lump sum for each building provided, equipped and maintained satisfactorily.

639.11 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of field office will be paid for at the contract unit price each or lump sum which payment shall be full compensation for furnishing until contract completion, erecting, equipping, maintaining, furnishing electricity, heating, installing and maintaining toilet facilities and if necessary removing the buildings or office trailers.

Payment for these items will be made in 3 parts; the first payment of ½ to be made after the Contractor has supplied the building or office trailer and it has been approved. The remaining payments shall be made at intervals as follows:

A second payment of ¼ shall be made when one-half of the anticipated work has been completed.

The final payment of the remaining ¼ shall be made upon completion of the work.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
639.18 Field Office, Type A	Each
639.19 Field Office, Type B	Each
639.20 Field Office, Type C	Each

SECTION 643 **TRAFFIC SIGNALS**

643.01 Description Revise this Section by removing in its entirety and replacing it with:

643.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing all equipment necessary for the erection and operation of a traffic signal, including traffic signal structures, flashing beacon, temporary traffic signal or modification of a traffic signal, all in reasonably close conformity with the plans.

643.02 General All equipment shall be new unless otherwise specified. Requests for substitution of any specified material shall be submitted in writing with all documentation (specifications, mill certifications, etc.) in order to enable the Department to evaluate the proposal. Substitutes for specified material may be accepted upon approval by the Fabrication Engineer. Functionally, any substitute shall give equal or better service than the specified material. Existing signal equipment to be used shall be cleaned, repainted, and reconditioned as noted on the plans. All equipment, installation of equipment and other incidental work shall conform to the latest applicable provisions of: NEC, MUTCD, NESC, NEMA, and the ITE Standards for traffic control equipment. All work shall be done to the satisfaction of the Resident. The meaning of specific terms shall be as defined in MUTCD, NESC, and the ITE Standards for traffic control equipment.

643.021 Materials Material shall meet the requirements specified in the following Sections of Division 700 - Materials:

Steel Conduit	715.02
Non-metallic Conduit	715.03
Prewired Conduit	715.04
Metallic Junction and Fuse Box	715.05
Secondary Wiring	715.07
Vehicular Signal Indications	718.01
Pedestrian Signal Indications	718.02
Signal Mounting	718.03
Vehicular Loop Detectors	718.04
Microwave Detectors	718.05
Pedestrian Detectors	718.06

Controllers	718.07
Controller Cabinet	718.08
Flasher	718.09
Program Selection	718.10
Contacts and Relays	718.11
Conductors	718.12
Aluminum Supports	720.01
Aluminum Mast Arm and Bracket Arm	720.02
Steel Supports	720.03
Steel Mast Arm and Bracket Arm	720.04
Anchor Bolts	720.07
Wood Utility Pole	720.10

643.022 Paint Aluminum paint shall conform to AASHTO M69, Type II. Green or yellow enamel paint, as indicated on the plans, shall meet or exceed the latest Federal Specification TT-E-489. The color shall match Federal Color Standard Number 14062.

643.023 Traffic Signal Structures The design, materials and fabrication of Traffic Signal Structures shall meet the requirements of the current edition of AASHTO “LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals” and interims thereto, as noted below except as otherwise indicated within these specifications or on the plans.

All poles and mast arms shall be designed using the following criteria:

- Basic wind speeds based on a 700-year mean recurrence interval
- K_z as specified in Table C3.8.4-1 (Height and Exposure Factors)
- K_d as specified in Table 3.8.5-1 (Directionality Factors)
- G as 1.14, minimum (Gust Factor)
- C_d as specified in Table 3.8.7-1 (Wind Drag Coefficients)
- Deflection requirements as specified in Section 10.4

Traffic signal support structures shall be classified as Fatigue Category III if they are located on roads with a speed limit of 35 mph or less, Fatigue Category II if they are located on roads with a speed limit of greater than 35 mph, and Fatigue Category I if noted on the Contract Plans. Fatigue Importance Factors shall be as specified in Table 11.6-1 (Fatigue Importance Factors).

All Traffic Signal Structures with mast or bracket arms shall be equipped with an approved damping or energy-absorbing device.

After execution of the contract and before any shop work is commenced, the Contractor shall submit for approval the manufacturer's drawings, including design computations and fatigue computations, of all Traffic Signal Structures proposed to be furnished and erected under this Contract. The drawings shall be of sufficient detail to indicate material and

dimensional conformance with these specifications and the plans. Each drawing shall contain a reference to the design criteria and a certification that the design criteria have been met for the Traffic Signal Structures, including poles, mast arms and associated hardware and fittings, as submitted. The certification shall be signed by a Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with State of Maine regulations under their official seal.

It is the intent of these specifications that the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the adequacy of the sizes, wall thicknesses, materials and connections of the Traffic Signal Structures, including poles, mast arms and associated hardware and fittings. Approval of the drawings by the Fabrication Engineer will signify only approval of the materials, mounting height(s) and mast arm length(s). Approval of deviations from the plans and/or specifications shall be requested in writing and approved by the Fabrication Engineer before being incorporated in the manufacturer's drawings.

The Contractor shall furnish and install all electrical fittings, pipe, switches, fuses, and such other material necessary to install the equipment properly and securely. All equipment shall conform to the applicable code and be of first-class workmanship. All electrical fittings shall be complete with weatherproof gaskets.

A Certificate of Compliance shall be provided for all applicable materials noted in Section 634.021 – Materials, in accordance with the requirements of the General Statement of Division 700 Materials. Shop certification in accordance with Section 504.04 is required.

643.024 Miscellaneous Materials Span wire shall be minimum $\frac{5}{16}$ inch diameter, minimum, 7 strand, extra-high strength, galvanized steel wire. Anchors shall be power installed and sized according to strain and soil conditions. All hardware, such as strand vise feed-thru dead ends, preforming guy grip dead ends and angle thimble-eye bolts, shall be standard pole line hardware.

Guying of poles shall meet the requirements of Grade "B" Construction as defined in the NESC. Guys shall be installed in line with the direction of pull. Anchors shall be power installed so that the centerline of the anchor rod will be within 10° of the line of the guy wire. The holding capacity of the anchor shall be 1.25 times the calculated load on the guy wire. Guy wires shall be utility grade and the maximum working stress shall not exceed half of the maximum ultimate tensile strength of utility grade guy strand. Where bedrock is encountered, rock anchors shall be used.

Pipe standoffs for sidewalk anchors shall be galvanized steel pipe sized according to the offset distance from anchor to pole and shall be fitted with standard guying hardware.

Messenger wire shall be $\frac{1}{4}$ inch diameter, 7 strand, extra-high strength, galvanized steel wire, unless otherwise specified.

LED lamps shall have a regulated power supply designed to electrically protect the diodes. The lamp shall be watertight and sealed to eliminate contaminants. The lamps shall be capable of operating at ambient air temperatures of -40°F to 140°F.

Lamp life shall be a minimum of 100,000 hours of continuous operation. They shall be manufactured using the Allen Gap Technology. Power consumption for 12 inch indications including power supply shall not exceed 20w.

643.03 General Installation details will be shown on the plans and/or specifications. The location shown for all equipment and vehicle detectors is approximate; final locations will be determined in the field.

During installation, all heads installed but not operating shall be covered or otherwise concealed from view.

The requirements of certain Sections of this specification may be waived for temporary traffic signals and traffic signal modifications, if so noted on the plans.

643.04 Poles Wood poles shall be placed in the ground to a depth of 20% of their overall length, with a maximum deviation from the vertical of ¼ inch in 5 feet.

After each wood pole has been set in the ground and plumbed, the space around the pole shall be backfilled with selected earth or sand, free of rocks and other deleterious material, placed in layers approximately 4 inches thick. Each layer shall be moistened and thoroughly compacted.

Traffic Signal Structures shall be erected in a vertical position, with a maximum deviation from the vertical of ¼ inch in 5 feet using the leveling nuts provided with the anchor bolts. Once the poles have been plumbed, the top nuts shall be tightened by bringing the nut to a snug tight condition using the full effort of a worker using a spud wrench or compatible tool. After all nuts have been brought to a snug, tight condition, each nut shall be tightened an additional one-third turn, using an impact wrench, torque wrench or large crescent wrench. A minimum of two full threads shall project beyond the outside face of the nut. Nuts and bolts, other than anchor bolts, shall also be tightened by the above procedure.

When foundations and anchor bolts have been installed by others, the Contractor shall verify the anchor bolt dimensions at each location so that bases will be furnished with properly located and sized bolt holes.

Wires in poles shall be supported with a Kellum-type, braided, strain-relief grip attached to a "J" hook mounted inside the pole near the top.

643.041 Foundations Foundations for Traffic Signal Structures shall meet the requirements of Section 626 – Foundations, Conduit, and Junction Boxes for Highway Lighting, Traffic Signals, and Highway Lighting.

643.05 Loop Detector and Loop Detector Wire Installation The detector unit shall be located in the controller. No more than four loops shall be connected to a single detector amplifier.

Detectors shall be installed according to the manufacturer's recommendation, subject to approval. Each detector shall be supplied complete with comprehensive installation instructions. The pavement slot for wire shall be 2 to 3 inches below the finished surface and not closer than 18 inches from the edge of pavement or the curb. The right-angle corners of the pavement slot shall be chamfered to eliminate sharp bends in the loop wires.

Loop detector wire shall be number 14 or number 12 AWG copper conductors drawn through vinyl plastic tubing approximately ¼ inch in diameter. All pulse loop "approach" wiring shall be insulated red and shall be permanently marked "A", "B", "C", or "D", according to the "approach" guidelines in the controller cabinet. All pulse loop "presence" wiring shall be insulated black and shall be permanently marked according to the "presence" guidelines in the controller cabinet. All loop lead-ins shall be of the same conductor with no splicing. The lead-in from the amplifier to the beginning of the loop shall be shielded pairs, as shown on the plans.

All debris and moisture shall be removed from the loop pavement slot before installation of loop wires. The pavement slot shall be filled to the road surface with an approved sealing compound to form a waterproof bond with the pavement after installing the wire loop.

Detector conductors shall not be housed in the same jacket as the signal conductors.

643.06 Microwave Detector Installation The microwave detector shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. A four-conductor wire shall be installed from the microwave unit to the controller. All angles and adjustment of patterns shall be the responsibility of the Contractor. The detectors shall operate in either pulse or presence mode.

643.07 Span Wire, Messenger Wire, and Guy Wire All span wire, messenger wire, and guy wire installations shall be in conformance with the requirements of the Utility Companies, when installed on Utility Facilities.

All span wire hanging traffic signals permanent or temporary will have a bottom tether wire to prevent the signal from excessive swinging

All span wires, messenger wires, guy wires, terminal boxes, controller cabinets, or any other metallic surface that might be contacted by people, shall be bonded to ground.

All sidewalk guy wires and slant guy wires installed in a sidewalk area shall be equipped with full-round or half-round guy guards.

643.08 Conduit All conductors under roadways from the controller to the mast arm poles shall be 3 inch schedule 80 PVC.

643.09 Service Connection The Contractor shall furnish and install the necessary electrical service as directed by the Utility Company. The Contractor shall make all arrangements for the service connection and be responsible for all charges incurred thereby.

Under no condition shall any equipment, except that shown on the plans, be installed on any Utility Facilities.

Traffic signal services shall have an automatic transfer switch such as a GENERLINK model MA23/24 – S installed, this will be required on traffic signals only not beacons or dynamic signs.

Whenever a service connection is to be made, the Contractor shall contact the Utility Company involved and inform them of the location, pole number, and time proposed for the service connection.

The traffic cabinet shall be marked with:

An appropriate arc flash plaque or decal with the following information
Flash hazard boundary
Cal/cm² hazard at 18 inches
PPE level
Shock hazard when cover is off
Limited approach boundary
Restricted approach boundary
The prohibited approach boundary

This shall be located on the outside of the equipment and shall be visible, weatherproof, and fade resistant, and not easily removed.

The Contractor shall be responsible for all outstanding bills for preliminary work done by the Utility Company during the installation of the traffic signal system, to facilitate the service connection.

A service ground rod shall be installed if the service meter trim is not grounded.

The Contractor shall be responsible for grounding the system to 5 OHMS or less. The grounding shall be performed using a ground meter with reference grounds. All testing will be done in the presence of the Resident.

All meter mounting devices shall be installed so that the meters will be upright (plumb). They shall be installed with the top of the meter not less than 48 inches nor more than 60 inches from the floor to the final grade. Exceptions to this height requirement will be made

where special permission has been given to install group or modular metering, overall metering enclosures, or pole-mounted meters. Level grade shall be maintained for a minimum of 3 feet in front of the meter enclosure to provide a safe working space. In order to meet this requirement on uneven terrain, as an option, the Contractor may install a pressure-treated wood platform.

For any non-residential (industrial or commercial) self-contained meter socket the by-pass requirements are single phase, 100 or 150 amp, single handle lever operated.

The Contractor shall meet all requirements and regulations of Utility Companies when installing equipment on their poles and for the service connection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to contact the appropriate Utility to determine their specific requirements.

643.10 Wiring The Contractor shall furnish and install sufficient cable and wire to operate the system properly as shown on the plans and as directed.

The following color code shall be used where possible:

Red Wire	Red, artery
Orange Wire	Yellow, artery
Green Wire	Red, side street
Orange with Tracer	Yellow, side street
Green with Tracer	Green, side street
White and white with tracer	Common for all signals and bond
Blue	All steady burning arrows
Blue with Tracer	Intermittent arrows
Remaining	Detectors and pedestrian signals

The white wire and white wire with tracer shall be used for all common connections and it shall be continuously connected to ground at the controller.

There shall be no wire splices. Connections shall be made on a terminal board inside a watertight galvanized steel or aluminum junction box or in an aerial terminal enclosure with protective cover rated for 600 volts.

Spade type copper terminal ends shall be used to attach all conductors to terminals. All exposed metal parts, including service conduit and the controller cabinet shall be bonded and grounded.

Not more than 3 conductors shall be brought to any one terminal. Terminals shall be mounted to face the cabinet door.

The number and size of conductors required in each cable will be indicated on the plans.

643.11 Vertical Clearance Unless otherwise specified on the plans and/or specifications, vertical clearances for vehicular and pedestrian heads shall be in conformity with the MUTCD. All clearances shall be uniform among each type of head or mounting scheme. Clearance for span wire mounted flashing beacon heads shall be a minimum of 17 feet and a maximum of 18 feet.

643.12 Painting Unless otherwise indicated, all exterior parts of the following equipment shall be delivered to the project finished with green or yellow enamel:

Vehicular Signal Heads
Pedestrian Signal Heads
Pedestrian Push Button Detectors

The outside of the steel controller cabinet shall be painted with aluminum paint.

The Contractor shall apply one coat of green enamel to all existing equipment designated on the plans to be painted. The Contractor shall touch up all scratches on exposed surfaces of new equipment with matching enamel after the equipment has been installed.

All exposed signal parts to be painted shall be cleaned and shall be dry when the paint is applied. No painting shall be done in damp weather nor when the air temperature is below 40°F, unless otherwise permitted.

The Contractor shall identify recently painted equipment with "Wet Paint" signs, and shall be responsible for all claims for damages resulting from contact with wet paint surfaces.

643.13 Power Factor In the event that the equipment is of such design that the power factor is reduced below the requirement of the Utility Company, the Contractor shall furnish and install, without further charge, all equipment necessary to restore the power factor to a satisfactory percentage. Such equipment shall be accessible and shall not be mounted on the Utility Facilities.

643.14 Field Tests Before acceptance of the work, the Contractor shall conduct the following tests on all traffic signal equipment and circuits, by a licensed electrician. The tests do not need to be performed in the presence of the Resident, but the test results shall be recorded on the Traffic Signal Quality Control Check List and submitted to the Resident by the Contractor for acceptance. The form shall be signed by the licensed electrician certifying that the signal equipment and circuits meet the requirements of section 634.14.

a. Continuity Each circuit shall be tested for continuity.

b. Ground Each circuit shall be tested for grounds.

c. Megger Megger tests at 500 volts DC shall be made on each circuit between the circuit and a ground. The insulation resistance shall not be less than 10 megaohms on

all circuits, except for inductive loop detector circuits, which shall have an insulation resistance value of not less than 100 megaohms.

d. Loop Inductance A loop test meter shall be used to determine that the inductance of the installed loop and lead-in are within the tuning range recommended by the loop detector manufacturer.

e. Functional A functional test shall be made in which it is demonstrated that each part of the system functions as specified.

The functional test for each new or modified traffic signal and flashing beacon shall consist of not less than 10 days of continuous satisfactory operation. If unsatisfactory performance of the system develops, the condition shall be corrected and the test shall be repeated until the 10 days of continuous satisfactory operation is obtained.

The initial operation shall be made between 9:00 A.M. and 2:00 P.M. unless specified otherwise. Before initial operation, all equipment shown on the plans shall be installed and operable.

Initial operation of new or modified traffic signal systems shall be made only after all traffic signal circuits have been thoroughly tested as specified above.

During the test period all costs except electrical energy shall be the Contractor's responsibility.

Functional tests shall start on any working day except Monday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday or the day preceding a legal holiday.

Shutdown caused by a power interruption shall not constitute discontinuity of the functional test, however, the test shall continue after power is restored.

643.15 Timing The controller shall be timed as noted on the plans. The Contractor shall notify the Resident, at least 1 week in advance, of their intention to initially operate the signals.

At the time of initial operation of the new signals, the Contractor shall provide police protection from the local police department at the Contractor's expense until the Contractor demonstrates to the Resident that the signal operates in conformance with this specification.

643.16 Final Cleaning Up After all work has been completed, the Contractor shall remove all barriers, "Wet Paint" signs, equipment and all debris which has accumulated during the work.

Unless otherwise specified in the plans, the Contractor shall remove and deliver all unused signal equipment and wiring to the State of Maine, Department of Transportation, as directed by the Resident. The Contractor shall notify the State Traffic Engineer (207-624-3620) as to

time and date of such delivery. (Deliveries will be accepted Monday through Friday between the hours of 7:00 A.M. and 4:00 P.M. only.) Notification shall precede delivery by a minimum of 24 hours.

643.17 Documents The Contractor shall furnish two operation and maintenance manuals for all controller units, auxiliary equipment, vehicle detector sensor units, control units, and amplifiers. Documents shall be delivered with the controller at the time of testing. Each manual must include, but need not be limited to the following:

- a. An explanation of the theory of operation, including a functional description and a detailed circuit description.
- b. A schematic diagram of each unit. A cabinet wiring diagram including all field wiring and pin locations and designations for all plug type connectors. If any circuit changes are made in the field, the changes shall be noted on the schematic diagrams.
- c. A trouble shooting and preventive maintenance procedure including both field and bench trouble shooting analysis.
- d. A parts list including a pictorial diagram showing the location and identification of each component on the chassis or circuit board.
- e. A drawing of the controller cabinet interior showing the location of all shelves, terminal blocks, relays, timers, loop amplifiers.

In addition, manufacturer's warranties and guarantees for materials shall be delivered to the Resident before acceptance of the project.

643.18 Method of Measurement Traffic signals, traffic signal modifications, interconnect wire, video detection system, traffic signal control system, and flashing beacons will each be measured for payment by the lump sum in place. Temporary traffic signals will be measured for payment by the lump sum, satisfactorily installed, operated, and removed.

Pedestal poles, strain poles, combination poles, and mast arm poles with mast arms will be measured by each unit.

Each loop detector installed, connected to appropriate phases in the controller cabinet, complete and operational will be measured by the unit.

Excavation in solid ledge rock for replacement of wood poles will be measured by the cubic yard. The depth of measurement will be to the bottom of the pole, and the diameter of measurement will be the pole diameter plus 30 inches.

643.19 Basis of Payment Traffic signal modifications, traffic signals, interconnect wire and flashing beacons will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which payment will be full

compensation for furnishing and installing all materials, both new and reused, including, but not limited to wood poles, span wire, tether wires, backplates, visors, guys, controllers, vehicular heads, pedestrian heads, flashing beacons, wiring, cable, pole risers, LED lamps, and all appurtenances and incidentals, including design of the Traffic Signal Structures, required for a complete functioning installation and for furnishing all tools and labor necessary for completing the installation. Conduits, junction boxes, and foundations will be paid for under Section 626.

Pedestal poles, strain poles, combination poles and mast arm poles with mast arms will be paid for at the contract unit price each which payment shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing all materials, tools and labor necessary to erect the poles.

Payment for temporary traffic signals shall include compensation for the removal of the system upon completion of the work. All materials used for temporary traffic signals will remain the property of the Contractor. Operating the controller by hand will be paid for under Section 629.

Payment will be made for each Loop Detector at contract price, which will be full compensation for materials, labor, and equipment for each loop installed and fully operational.

Traffic signal control system will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which payment will be full compensation for furnishing and installing all materials, including, but not limited to local intersection traffic signal controller, controller cabinets, on-street master controller, supervisory PC software, and all appurtenances and incidentals required for a complete functioning installation.

Video detection system will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which payment will be full compensation for furnishing and installing all materials, including, but not limited to video processing unit, video cameras, supervisory PC software, and all appurtenances and incidentals required for a complete functioning installation.

Payment for excavation of solid bedrock for the placement of wood poles will be made under Item 206.07.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
643.60 Flashing Beacon at:	Lump Sum
643.71 Traffic Signal Modification:	Lump Sum
643.72 Temporary Traffic Signal:	Lump Sum
643.80 Traffic Signals at: __	Lump Sum
643.81 Traffic Signal Control System	Lump Sum
643.83 Video Detection System	Lump Sum
643.86 Traffic Signal Loop Detector	Each

643.90	Interconnect Wire Between:	Lump Sum
643.91	Mast Arm Pole	Each
643.92	Pedestal Pole	Each
643.93	Strain Pole	Each
643.94	Dual Purpose Pole	Each

SECTION 645 **HIGHWAY SIGNING**

Revise this section by removing this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

645.01 Description This work shall consist of designing, furnishing and installing new signs, sign supports, delineators, Polyvinylchloride (PVC) Pipe and breakaway devices and removing, relocating and/or modifying existing signs and sign supports, in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the Contract Plans.

645.02 General All equipment shall be new unless otherwise specified. Requests for substitution of any specified material shall be submitted in writing with all documentation (specifications, mill certifications, etc.) in order to enable the Department to evaluate the proposal. Substitutes for specified material may be accepted, upon approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Substitutes shall give equal or better service than the specified material. Where an existing system is to be modified, the existing material shall be removed, upgraded, or disposed of as directed by the contract documents.

645.021 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in the following Sections of Division 700 - Materials:

Polyvinylchloride (PVC) Pipe	706.08
Reflective Sheeting	719.01
Demountable High Intensity Reflectorized Letters, Numerals, Symbols and Borders	719.02
Aluminum Extrusions	719.03
Aluminum Sheets	719.04
Plywood	719.05
Demountable Reflectorized Delineators	719.06
Assembly Hardware	719.07
Aluminum Supports	720.01
Steel Supports	720.03
Steel H-beam Poles	720.06
Anchor Bolts	720.07
U-Channel Posts	720.08
Wood Sign Posts	720.12

Paint for the edge and back of plywood and field coat paint for wood sign posts shall be an exterior grade dark green enamel conforming to Federal Specifications TT-P-71b.

Materials shall meet the gradation requirements only of the following:

Aggregate for Untreated Surface Course and	
Leveling Course	703.10
Underdrain Backfill Material	703.22

645.022 Sign Layout Drawings The Contractor shall submit 3 sets of sign-face, layout-detail, and scale drawings. Fabrication of the signs shall not begin until the Contractor has received approval of these drawings. The drawings shall contain complete detailed information and dimensions. One set of drawings will be returned to the Contractor, who will submit corrected drawings, if required. The drawings shall be detailed using the same units used on the Contract Plans.

645.023 Sign Support Structures The design, materials and fabrication of Sign Support Structures shall meet the requirements of the current edition of AASHTO “LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals” and interims thereto, as noted below except as otherwise indicated within these specifications or on the Contract Plans.

Beam-mounted roadside sign supports and associated signs and hardware shall be designed using the following criteria:

- Basic wind speeds based on a 300-year mean recurrence interval
- K_z as specified in Table C3.8.4-1 (Height and Exposure Factors)
- K_d as specified in Table 3.8.5-1 (Directionality Factors)
- G as 1.14, minimum (Gust Factor)
- C_d as specified in Table 3.8.7-1 (Wind Drag Coefficients)

Bridge-mounted, bridge-type, cantilever, and butterfly-type sign supports and associated signs and hardware and all sign support structures supporting variable message signs shall be designed using the following criteria:

- Basic wind speeds based on a 1700-year mean recurrence interval
- K_z as specified in Table C3.8.4-1 (Height and Exposure Factors)
- K_d as specified in Table 3.8.5-1 (Directionality Factors)
- G as 1.14, minimum (Gust Factor)
- C_d as specified in Table 3.8.7-1 (Wind Drag Coefficients)
- Deflection requirements as specified in Section 10.4

Cantilever and butterfly-type sign supports and all structures supporting variable message signs shall be classified as Fatigue Category I. Bridge-type sign supports shall be classified as Fatigue Category II. Fatigue Importance Factors shall be as specified in Table 11.6-1 (Fatigue Importance Factors).

For bridge-mounted sign supports (including approaches to bridge structures), the mounting height shall be measured as the distance of the mounted sign(s) center of gravity to one of the following:

For bridges over bodies of water: above the prevailing water level or, in the case of tidal waters, above mean high tide.

For overpass structures: above the lower roadway level.

For approach ramps: above the average adjacent ground level, if said ground level is more than 10 feet below the base of the structure.

All cantilever and butterfly type sign support structures shall be equipped with an approved damping or energy-absorbing device.

For aluminum construction, welding shall conform to the current edition of AWS Structural Welding Code, Aluminum, D1.2 for aluminum construction.

After execution of the contract and before any shop work has commenced, the Contractor shall submit for approval the drawings, and design and fatigue computations if prescribed below, for all Sign Support Structures proposed to be furnished and erected under this contract. The drawings shall be of sufficient detail to indicate material and/or dimensional conformance with these specifications and the Contract Plans and, in the case of bridge, cantilever and butterfly type sign supports, shall be sufficiently detailed to show all significant structural details.

Approval for deviations from the Contract Plans and/or Specifications shall be requested in writing and shall be approved by the Fabrication Engineer before being incorporated in the manufacturer's drawings. Requests for substitution of all specified material shall be submitted in writing, with full documentation (specifications, mill certification, etc.) enabling the Department to evaluate the proposal.

Sign Support Structures and anchor bolts shall meet the requirements specified in Section 720 as well as the current edition of AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals" and interims thereto.

A Certificate of Compliance shall be provided for all applicable materials noted in Section 645.021 – Materials, in accordance with the requirements of the General Statement of Division 700 - Materials.

a. Beam-Mounted Roadside Signs The beams for beam-mounted roadside signs shall be of the size, material and shape designated in the Contract Documents. The Contractor shall be fully responsible for the adequacy and design of any structural details not shown on the Contract Plans, and each drawing shall contain a reference to the design criteria. A Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the State of

Maine regulations shall sign the certification under their official seal that said design criteria have been met by all parts of the structure designed and/or detailed by the Contractor. Approval of the drawings will signify only approval of the size, material and length of the beam.

b. Bridge-Mounted Sign Supports Bridge-mounted sign supports shall be constructed to the configuration and sizes and of the material shown on the Contract Documents. Approval will be based on the applicable provisions of Section 105.7 - Working Drawings. Fastening sign panels directly to steel or aluminum members shall be as described in Section 719.07, as well as other applicable Sections, Plans and Specifications.

c. Bridge-Type, Cantilever, and Butterfly-Type Sign Supports The Contractor shall be responsible for the design of the Sign Support Structures for bridge-type, cantilever and butterfly-type sign supports in accordance with this specification.

Signs shall be placed on the Sign Support Structure such that the bottom edges are aligned (unless written consent from the Fabrication Engineer is obtained), while accommodating the minimum height requirement - see Section 645.06. The Contractor shall use the Contract Plans in order to determine the approximate horizontal placement of signs. Installation shall be in accordance with Section 645.06 - Installation of Type I Signs. The structure and foundation shall be designed to accommodate an additional theoretical sign load on each structure. This additional theoretical sign load for each sign shown in the contract documents shall be computed by: For single signs increasing the sign widths an additional 25% without changing the horizontal midpoint of the sign; for multiple signs the sign widths shall be increased 25% toward the outside sign edges. The height of all signs shall be increased 25% without changing the bottom edge elevation of the signs.

Bridge-type Sign Support Structures shall be designed using either a tri-chord or four-chord truss structure as the overhead member. Each of the two upright members supporting the bridge-type overhead truss member shall consist of a minimum of two vertical legs. A four chord truss configuration shall be required if the Contract Documents specify placing signs on both sides of the overhead structure (two way traffic beneath structure). Cantilever and butterfly-type structures shall be designed using either a tri-chord or four-chord overhead truss member. The upright member of a cantilever or butterfly-type support structure shall have a maximum horizontal deflection in accordance with Section 10.4.2.1 of the current edition of the AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals", and interims thereto.

The base plates of uprights for all types of Sign Support Structures shall have heavy hex leveling nut with 2 hardened flat washers. The distance between the bottom of the base plates to the top of the foundations shall not exceed twice the diameter of the

anchor bolts. Grout, or other materials, shall not be placed between base plates and the top of foundations.

In addition to the required detail drawings, the Contractor shall submit 3 copies of the design and fatigue computations meeting the all applicable requirements of this specification or the Contract Plans for each Sign Support Structure. Erection lifting points shall be clearly depicted on the shop drawing. The computations shall be sufficiently detailed to allow the Engineer to review the computations. Computer printouts will not be accepted unless they meet the above criteria. All plans and design calculations for sign support structures and foundations shall be sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the State of Maine regulations. Approval will be based on the applicable provisions of Section 105.7 - Working Drawings.

Overhead sign panel mounting devices shall be designed accommodating the requirements of appropriate sign panel tilting included in this specification. The design of this assembly shall include fastening sign panels directly to steel or aluminum members as further described in Section 719.07, as well as other applicable Sections, Plans and Specifications.

d. Breakaway Supports for Sign Supports Breakaway supports for sign supports will be required only for those locations indicated on the Contract Plans. Breakaway supports, approved by the Resident, using load-concentrating couplings shall be supplied for use at all locations designated as breakaway. Breakaway Support Certification of both breakaway and structural adequacy shall be provided by the Manufacturer. Design calculations or test data of production samples to support certification shall be provided. Breakaway support components shall provide the same or greater structural strength as the support post or pole utilizing the breakaway device. On multi-pole sign supports designated as breakaway, each pole shall be equipped with breakaway hinges immediately below the lower edge of the sign. Hinges relying on the friction between the hinge and the pole face for transmitting the design moment will not be accepted for use. Breakaway devices are subject to the applicable provisions of Section 721.

645.024 Bridge, Cantilever and Butterfly Support Structure Foundations Foundations for Highway Signing structures shall meet the requirements of Section 626 – Foundations, Conduit, and Junction Boxes for Highway Lighting, Traffic Signals, and Highway Lighting.

645.03 Classification of Signs Sign sizes, color and legend designs shall conform to these specifications, the Contract Plans, and MUTCD requirements. The signs are classified according to the intended use as follows:

- a. Sign Type I guide signs shall consist of high intensity prismatic, reflectorized sheeting or reflectorized, demountable letters, numerals, symbols and border mounted

on a high intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting background adhered to a sign panel constructed of extruded aluminum planks.

b. Sign Type I regulatory, warning, and route marker assembly signs shall consist of high intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting letters, numerals, symbols, and border on a high intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting background adhered to a sign panel constructed of sheet aluminum.

c. Sign Type II guide signs shall consist of high intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting letters, numerals, symbols and border on a high intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting background attached to a sign panel constructed of plywood.

d. Sign Type II regulatory, warning and route marker assembly signs shall consist of high intensity prismatic reflective sheeting letters, numerals, symbols and border on a high intensity prismatic reflective sheeting background adhered to a sign panel constructed of sheet aluminum or plywood.

645.04 Fabrication of Type I Guide Signs

a. Panels The panels for this type sign shall be shop-fabricated from aluminum planks to the sizes designated on the approved shop drawings. Cut edges shall be true, smooth, and free from burrs or ragged breaks. Flame cutting will not be permitted. Bolt holes may be drilled to finished size or punched to finished size, provided the diameter of the punched hole is at least twice the thickness of the metal being punched.

Fabrication of extruded aluminum sign planks, including punching or drilling holes and cutting to length, shall be completed before the metal degreasing and the application of the reflective sheeting. The bolts required for fastening the extruded aluminum planks together shall conform to the designs used in standard commercial processes for the type of extruded aluminum panels to be used as approved.

All route shields shall be on an overlay aluminum sheet of 0.080 inch minimum thickness and shall be in full color with reflective background; they shall not have demountable numerals and borders.

b. Reflective Sheeting The high intensity prismatic reflective sheeting shall be applied to the extruded aluminum plank in accordance with the current recommendations of the sheeting Manufacturer.

The reflective sheeting shall cover the complete panel and shall not be trimmed to conform to the border. The reflective sheeting shall overlap into the side recess of the individual planks. There shall be no paint applied to the sign panels. The surface of all completed sign panels shall be flat and free of defects. Extruded aluminum molding shall be placed on the edges of the extruded panels, as shown on the Contract Plans.

c. Text The design of upper and lower case letters, numerals and symbols, and the arrangement and spacing of texts shall be as provided on the Contract Plans and in conformance with the MUTCD and Standard Highway Signs.

Text for Guide Signs shall be composed of demountable letters, numerals, symbols, and borders and shall be high-intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting. The demountable text shall be applied to the panels by use of aluminum pop rivets, in accordance with standard commercial processes, as approved. All demountable letters, numerals, symbols, and borders shall be the same manufacturer's make for the entire project. Cutout high-intensity, reflective sheeting text shall be applied to the sign panel with a pre-coated, adhesive backing.

645.041 Fabrication of Type I Regulatory, Warning and Route Marker Assembly Signs and Type II Sheet Aluminum Regulatory, Warning and Route Marker Assembly Signs

a. Panels Sheet aluminum sign panels shall be shop-fabricated to the size shown on the Contract Plans. The corners shall be rounded to the indicated radius where shown.

Bolt holes may be drilled or punched to finished size provided the diameter of the punched hole is at least twice the thickness of the metal being punched. Cut edges shall be true, smooth, and free from burrs or ragged breaks. Flame cutting will not be permitted. Punching or drilling of holes and cutting to size shall be completed before metal degreasing and the application of reflective sheeting.

b. Reflective Sheeting The high intensity prismatic reflective sheeting shall be applied to the sheet aluminum sign panels in accordance with the current recommendations of the sheeting Manufacturer. The reflective sheeting colors shall conform to the MUTCD Standard Highway Sign colors for each type of sign. Surface of all panels shall be flat and free from defects.

c. Text The text for regulatory, warning, confirmation and route marker assembly signs shall be composed of: High intensity prismatic, reflective sheeting letters, numerals, symbols and borders; or the silver letters may be formed by applying transparent ink to the reflective sheeting background where the silk screen process is used; or other methods to form the text may be used, when approved in advance.

645.042 Fabrication of Type II Guide Signs and Type II Plywood, Regulatory, Warning and Route Marker Assembly Signs

a. Panels Fabrication of all sign panels from high-density, overlaid plywood shall be performed in a uniform manner. All fabrication, including cutting, drilling, and edge routing, shall be completed prior to painting and application of reflective sheeting to the high-density, overlaid plywood. Panels shall be cut to size and shall be plywood. Panels shall be cut to size and shall be free of warping, open checks, open splits, open

joints, open cracks, loose knots and other defects resulting from fabrication. Corners shall be left square. The surface of all sign panels shall be flat.

The edge and back of the plywood shall be painted with an exterior grade dark green paint.

b. Blanks Sign blanks shall be cut to shape using a saw blade that does not tear plywood grain. Holes shall be clean-cut and uniform. All cracks, open checks, open splits and other defects occurring on the edge surfaces shall be filled with a synthetic wood filler and sanded smooth prior to sealing and painting. The sign blank edges shall be sealed using an approved sealer/primer. The edges shall then be painted with an exterior grade, dark green paint.

The surface shall not be painted before application of reflective sheeting. Before applying reflective sheeting, dirt or wax shall be removed by one of the following methods:

1. The surface shall be buffed lightly with solvent-soaked steel wool, fine or medium, using organic solvents, such as lacquer thinner, xylol, heptane, benzene or naphtha, and wiped dry with clean cloths.
2. The panel shall be sanded lightly with fine-grade paper, cleaned with solvent, and wiped dry using clean cloths.

c. Reflective Sheeting The High intensity prismatic reflective sheeting shall be applied directly to the cleaned high-density surface in accordance with the recommendations of the reflective sheeting manufacturer.

d. Text The text for regulatory, warning, confirmation and route marker assembly signs shall be composed of cutout, High intensity prismatic reflective sheeting letters, numerals, symbols and borders or the silver letters may be formed by applying transparent ink to the reflective sheeting background where the silk screen process is used. Other methods to form the text may be used when approved in advance.

The design of the letters, numerals, and symbols, the spacing of the text and the size and spacing of the border shall conform to the MUTCD and Standard Highway Signs.

645.06 Installation of Type I Signs The sign locations shown on the Contract Plans are approximate; exact locations will be determined in the field by the Resident. Signs stockpiled before erection shall be stored in a vertical position and completely covered to avoid staining, weathering, and dirt accumulation.

a. Sign Supports Poles for single and multiple support beam-mounted roadside signs shall be erected plumb, using the leveling nuts supplied with the anchor bolts. When

signs are supported by more than one pole, all poles shall be carefully aligned to avoid warping of the sign panel.

Bridge-mounted sign supports shall be fabricated and assembled in accordance with the details as shown on the Contract Plans and with Section 504. Additionally, if required to be painted, bridge-mounted sign supports shall be painted in accordance with Section 506.

Bridge-type, butterfly and cantilever-type sign supports and their foundations shall be constructed, assembled and erected, in accordance with the manufacturer's details, as approved. All horizontal supports spanning the roadway shall be level and shall have permanent camber as described in Section 10.5 of the current edition of AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals", and interims thereto. If, at any time after their erection, bridge-type, butterfly or cantilever-type sign supports are to remain for a period in excess of 72 hours without the sign(s) for which they were designed being in place, suitable vibration damping devices, approved by the Resident, shall be installed until such time as the sign(s) can be erected.

Where aluminum surfaces are in contact with concrete or dissimilar metals, the contacting surface shall be thoroughly coated with an approved aluminum impregnated caulking compound, or the surfaces shall be separated by another approved material. Before signs are attached, aluminum sign supports shall be cleaned of all dirt and discoloration using methods recommended by the manufacturer.

b. Sign Panels Extruded aluminum planks for sign panels shall be bolted together, as indicated on the Contract Plans. Extruded aluminum molding shall be placed on the edges of the extruded panels. Sign panels shall be attached to the posts to provide the vertical and horizontal clearances from the roadway as indicated on the Contract Plans. Sign panels on overhead structures shall provide a minimum vertical clearance of 18 feet to the highest point of the roadway surface under the sign(s). Sign panels on bridge-mounted sign supports shall be installed with the bottom edge of the sign approximately 4 inches above the bottom of the bridge beam.

Sign panels mounted over the roadway shall tilt in the direction of the approaching traffic in such a manner that the angle between the sign face and the roadway grade, at the sign location shall be $85^{\circ} \pm 3^{\circ}$.

Ground-mounted signs located 4 to 30 feet from the edge of shoulder shall form an angle of 93° between the approach roadway and the sign.

Signs located more than 30 feet from the edge of the shoulder shall form an angle between the approach roadway and the sign face equal to $87^{\circ} - 1^{\circ}$ for each additional 10 feet beyond 30 feet.

Unless otherwise shown on the Contract Plans, or designated by the Resident, a minimum lateral clearance of 4 feet shall be provided between the edge of the shoulder and the edge of any sign panel.

The elevation of the bottom edge of guide sign panels shall be 7 feet above the elevation of the edge of the traveled way, at the sign location, or in case of a curb section, 7 feet above the elevation of the outer edge of the roadway, unless authorized otherwise.

Signs located 30 feet or more from the edge of traveled way shall be 5 feet above the elevation of the edge of shoulder.

In the event that a second sign is to be placed under the main sign, the elevation of the bottom edge of the principal sign shall be a minimum of 8 feet above the outer edge of the traveled way, or a minimum of 8 feet above the edge of the traveled way, in curbed sections; the bottom edge of the second sign must be at least 5 feet above the edge of the traveled way.

The elevation of the bottom edge of the regulatory, warning and route marker sign panels shall be 6 feet above the elevation of the edge of the pavement, or edge of roadway in curbed sections, at the sign location. The elevation of the bottom edge of these sign panels above the elevation of the edge of the pavement on all crossing or connecting roadways shall be 5 feet in rural areas or 7 feet in urban areas. Field conditions may require some variation in elevations, as directed.

Each sign shall have at least two fasteners connecting it to the sign poles, except signs of 1 foot or less in height may have one fastener.

645.061 Installation of Type II Signs The exact sign locations will be determined in the field. Signs stockpiled before erection shall be stored in a vertical position and completely covered to avoid staining, weathering, and dirt accumulation.

When a steel pole is to be used, before any shop work is commenced, the Contractor shall submit 3 sets of the manufacturer's drawings of all standards and accessories proposed to be furnished and erected under this contract. The drawings shall be of sufficient detail to indicate material and/or dimensional conformance with these specifications and the contract drawings. Each drawing shall contain a reference to the design criteria and certification that the design criteria have been met for current edition of the AASHTO "LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals", and interims thereto, for bracket arms and associated hardware, fittings and breakaway devices, as submitted. A Professional Engineer licensed in accordance with the State of Maine regulations shall sign the certification under their official seal. The drawings shall use the same units as found in the Contract Plans. It is the intent of these specifications that the Contractor shall be fully responsible for the adequacy of the sizes, wall thickness, materials and connections of the standards, bracket arms and associated hardware, fittings and breakaway devices. Approval

of the drawings will signify only approval of the material(s), mounting heights(s) and bracket arm length(s).

a. Sign Supports Support posts for Type II signs shall be U-channel posts weighing 2½ pounds per foot for signs of less than 6.24 ft² in area, 4 inch by 4 inch wood posts or two U-channel posts weighing 2½ lb/ft for signs of area 6.24 ft² to 9 ft², 4 inch by 6 inch wood posts for signs of area 9 ft² to 16 ft², and 6 inch by 6 inch wood posts for signs of area over 16 ft². All signs 60 inches wide or wider shall be mounted on two wood posts. Wood posts shall be set to a depth of 4 feet. U-channel posts shall be set to a minimum depth of 30 inches. Leading signs less than 9 ft² on the apex of islands will be installed on U-channel posts. Solar powered sign mounted beacon arrays shall be mounted on galvanized steel poles. Any signs installed on/in an island, shall be installed in a PVC sleeve of the appropriate size for the type of post being installed, as shown in the standard details.

When it is necessary to set sign posts in bedrock, holes shall be excavated to the required depth and size at the locations indicated on the Contact Plans. The excavated material will be satisfactorily disposed of, as directed, and the posts set to the required depth.

When installing pressure-treated sign posts, the cut end of the posts shall not be buried in the ground.

Backfilling around the posts shall be with excavated material unless the excavated material is considered unsatisfactory, in which case the backfill shall be granular material conforming to the requirements of Section 703.19 - Granular Borrow. Backfill shall be thoroughly tamped in layers not exceeding 8 inches in depth.

When directed, the area around the posts shall be loamed and seeded in accordance with the applicable provisions of Section 615 and Section 618.

The Contractor shall be responsible for and shall repair all damage to underground drainage structures, utilities, or lighting conduits encountered during placing the posts.

b. Mounting Type II signs shall be mounted using assembly hardware specified in Section 719.07.

PVC pipe shall be installed in all locations where sign posts are to be placed in paved islands and shall have an inside diameter of 12 inches. For sleeves that are to be utilized for U-channel posts, the PVC pipe shall have a minimum length of 3 feet. For sleeves that are to be utilized for wood posts, the PVC pipe shall have a minimum length of 5 feet.

Installation of the PVC pipe shall occur prior to paving of the island. The pipe shall be placed at a depth so that the top of the pipe shall have no more than a 1 inch reveal from finished surface pavement. Once placed, the pipe shall be backfilled around the outside diameter in layers that are thoroughly compacted and that do not exceed a depth of 8 inches.

Once installed and backfilled, the pipe shall be completely filled to the top of the pipe with material that meets the gradation requirements of Aggregate for Untreated Surface Course and Leveling Course Type A or Type B or Underdrain Backfill Material.

645.062 Installation of Delineators Posts for delineators shall be erected so that posts and assemblies will be plumb. All posts, which are bent or otherwise damaged, shall be removed and properly replaced. Posts shall be driven 4 feet from the outside edge of shoulder, 4 feet from the face of curb and 4 feet from the normal edge of shoulder in guardrail sections. A suitable driving cap shall be used and after driving, the top of the post shall have substantially the same cross sectional dimensions as the body of the post.

When bedrock is encountered in erecting posts, the depth to be drilled into the rock shall be determined by the Resident.

After the posts are driven, delineators shall be mounted 4 feet above the elevation of the edge of the traveled way. In the event that a delineator is required to be installed on a bridge structure, it shall be installed by use of a bracket as shown on the Contract Plans.

Sign support posts to be installed in the sleeve shall be plumbed and set in the material which shall be compacted or tamped around the post. The posts shall be placed so that there is a 2 foot maximum distance from the bottom of the retro-reflective strip on the sign post to the paved travelway or shoulder surface. For wooden posts only, 4 feet of the post shall be placed in the sleeve. Other sign support post installation requirements shall be followed as per Section 645 of the Standard Specifications.

645.063 Installation of Breakaway Devices Breakaway devices shall be installed at locations indicated on the Contact Plans by an approved method. Each sign and pole shall be carefully demounted for reinstallation at the same or at a new location. Manufacturer's installation information shall be provided on the project.

If required, poles shall be cut in such a manner that no rough edges will remain. No flame cutting will be permitted. Cut edges on steel poles shall be painted in accordance with Section 645.07.

Existing foundations shall be modified for attachment of the breakaway device as shown on the Contract Plans or approved.

Breakaway devices shall be attached to new foundations in accordance with the recommendations of the breakaway device manufacturer and as approved.

645.064 Installation of Sign Mounted Beacon Array Beacons installation shall conform to current MUTCD standards.

Battery and solar assembly shall be of sufficient size to power sign for 7 days without solar charging. Batteries shall be gel cell or absorbed glass mat (AGM) batteries. Solar panel shall be installed facing true south and 60 degrees from vertical.

Connections to service shall be in accordance with section 643.09.

The cabinet should be positioned on the side of the pole farthest from traffic. Only aluminum and steel cabinets will be accepted. All exposed wiring shall be in accordance with section 715.11.

All wiring shall be in accordance with section 718.01-c.

Beacon Array shall meet testing requirements outlined in sections 643.14 a, b, and e.

645.07 Demounting and Reinstalling Existing Signs and Poles Signs and poles designated to be demounted and not designated to be reinstalled, except those designated to be demounted by others, shall be delivered to the Resident.

Existing sign panels, poles, foundations, and sign hardware, damaged because of the Contractor's operations shall be replaced or repaired by the Contractor to the satisfaction of the Resident.

New or relocated regulatory, warning, confirmation or route marker assembly signs shall be installed the same working day as the corresponding existing signs are demounted. All new or relocated guide signs shall be installed within two working days of the time the corresponding existing sign is demounted. Before the Contractor demounts any regulatory or warning sign, they shall erect a similar easel mounted sign at a designated location. The Contractor shall maintain this temporary sign in place until the permanent sign is installed.

Existing signs and poles shall be reinstalled in accordance with the applicable requirements for installing new signs and poles.

Relocated steel posts and clamps shall be field painted two coats after the posts have been erected. The first coat shall be a zinc-dust primer paint meeting Federal Specification TT-P-641B Type II. The second coat shall be bright aluminum paint, aluminum-dust Type II, Class 3 brightness, meeting Federal Specification TT-A-468 with a minimum of 2 lb/gal, with vehicle meeting or exceeding Federal Specification TT-V-109. Scratches shall be touched up after the erection of the sign panels. The touchup shall be with both primer and finish coat. Sign pole surfaces to be painted shall be cleaned and dry when the paint is applied. No painting shall be done in damp weather nor when the air temperature is below 40°F.

645.08 Method of Measurement Demount Signs, Demount Poles, Reinstall Signs, and Reinstall Poles will be measured by each unit.

Bridge-type, cantilever and butterfly-type Sign Support Structures, including the foundations and sign panels, complete in place, as called for on the Contract Plans, will be measured by each unit.

Bridge-Mounted Guide Signs, including supports, will be measured by each unit in place.

Breakaway devices (1 per pole) shall be measured by the unit complete in place and accepted.

The area of roadside guide signs, regulatory, warning, confirmation and route marker assembly signs of the respective types, will be measured by the area in square feet, computed to nearest hundredth of a square foot, as determined by the overall height multiplied by the overall width.

Aluminum poles for roadside guide signs, Type I will be measured by the number of units of each diameter, complete in place. Steel H-beam poles will be measured for payment by the pound, determined from the nominal weight per foot for each size and the lengths as indicated on the Contract Plans.

Demountable reflectorized delineators will be measured by the number of units of each type in place.

All beacons installed on an individual post/pole shall constitute a single installation. Each installation will be measured for payment by the lump sum in place

645.09 Basis of Payment The accepted demounted signs and demounted poles will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the respective item specified. Such price will be full compensation for delivering signs and poles not to be reinstalled to a site designated by the Resident, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work.

The accepted reinstalled signs or reinstalled poles will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Such price will be full compensation for furnishing new hardware, when required, and all incidentals necessary to complete the installations. All signs or poles designated to be reinstalled that are damaged by the Contractor shall be replaced by the Contractor with new signs or poles conforming to the applicable Specifications at no additional cost to the State.

The accepted bridge-type, cantilever and butterfly-type Sign Support Structures will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for the respective items. Such price will be full compensation for the signs, support structures, foundations, and incidentals necessary to complete the work, including design of the sign supports.

The accepted guide signs-overpass mounted, will be paid for at the contract lump sum price for the respective items, which price will be full compensation for the signs, supports and incidentals necessary to complete the work, including design of the sign supports.

The accepted roadside guide signs and regulatory, warning, confirmation, and route marker assembly signs will be paid for at the contract unit price per square foot. Such payment will be full compensation for furnishing and installing signs, assembly hardware, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work, including design of the sign supports.

The accepted aluminum poles will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the specified diameter, complete in place.

The accepted demountable reflectorized delineators will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the type specified, which payment will be full compensation for delineator and post or bridge rail mounting, complete in place.

Payment for breakaway devices shall be full compensation for furnishing and installing the device, all required pole cutting, for adapting the pole to the breakaway device, for adapting the concrete base to the breakaway device and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work. Separate payment will be made at the respective contract unit prices for demounting and reinstalling the signs and the poles at multi-pole installations. At single-pole installations, separate payment will be made at the respective contract unit prices for demounting and reinstalling the poles only.

The accepted quantity of steel H-beam poles will be paid for at the contract unit price per pound, complete in place as shown on the Contract Plans or as designated.

Furnishing and installing posts for Type II signs, including earth excavation and backfilling, furnishing and placing assembly hardware, backfilling material, loam, seed and other incidentals, will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to the cost of the signs they support.

Sign Mounted Beacon Arrays will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which payment will be full compensation for furnishing all materials including, but not limited to the LED-arrays, flasher, timer, controller cabinets, wiring, pedestrian push buttons, solar panels, batteries, radio devices, radar units, and all appurtenances and incidentals required for a complete and functioning installation and for furnishing all tools and labor necessary for completing the installation. Array must meet all testing and connection requirements of this section

All work, PVC Pipe, Aggregate for Untreated Surface Course and Leveling Course, Underdrain Backfill Material and other materials furnished to install, backfill around, and fill the sleeve in the island and place the sign post in the sleeve shall be incidental to the Section 645 Items.

Payment for excavation of solid bedrock for the placement of wood poles will be made under Item 206.07.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>		<u>Pay Unit</u>
645.103	Demount Guide Sign	Each
645.106	Demount Regulatory, Warning, Confirmation and Route Marker Assembly Sign	Each
645.108	Demount Pole	Each
645.113	Reinstall Guide Sign	Each
645.116	Reinstall Regulatory, Warning, Confirmation and Route Marker Assembly Sign	Each
645.118	Reinstall Pole	Each
645.12	Overhead Guide Sign: (STA X + XXX)	Lump Sum
645.13	Bridge Overpass-Mounted Guide Sign: (STA X + XXX) (Left/Right XX)	Lump Sum
645.14	Special Work No.: ____	Lump Sum
645.15	Cantilever Guide Sign: (STA X + XXX)	Lump Sum
645.161	Breakaway Device Single Pole	Each
645.162	Breakaway Device Multi Pole	Each
645.251	Roadside Guide Signs, Type I	Square Foot
645.261	Bridge Guide Sign, Type I	Square Foot
645.271	Regulatory, Warning, Confirmation and Route Assembly Sign, Type I	Square Foot
645.281	5 Inch Aluminum Pole	Each
645.282	6 Inch Aluminum Pole	Each
645.283	7 Inch Aluminum Pole	Each
645.284	8 Inch Aluminum Pole	Each
645.285	10 Inch Aluminum Pole	Each
645.286	12 Inch Aluminum Pole	Each
645.289	Steel H-Beam Poles	Pounds
645.291	Roadside Guide Signs Type II	Square Foot
645.292	Regulatory, Warning, Confirmation and Route Marker Assembly Signs Type II	Square Foot
645.301	Demountable Reflectorized Delineator, Single	Each
645.302	Demountable Reflectorized Delineator, Double	Each
645.305	Sign Mounted Beacon Array	Lump Sum

SECTION 652

MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

652.2.4 Other Devices Revise this Section by removing the following paragraph:
“ STOP/SLOW paddles shall be the primary and preferred hand held signaling device. Flags shall be limited to Emergencies. The paddle shall have an octagonal shape and be at least 18 inches wide with letters at least 6 inches high and should be fabricated from semi-rigid material”

And replace with these paragraphs:

“Flaggers shall use a STOP / SLOW hand held paddle as the primary and preferred hand signaling device. Flags shall only be limited to emergencies.

STOP / SLOW paddles shall have high intensity prismatic retro reflective sheeting, have an octagonal shape on a rigid handle and shall be at least 18 inches wide with letters at least 6 inches high and shall be constructed from light semi-rigid material. The STOP (R1-1) face shall have white letters and a white border on a red background. The SLOW (W20-8) face shall have black letters and a black border on an orange background.

STOP / SLOW paddles shall also incorporate either white or red flashing lights on the STOP face and white or yellow flashing lights on the SLOW face of the paddle and always be in use. Paddles must conform to any of the following patterns:

A. Two white or red lights (colors shall be all white or all red), one centered vertically above and one centered vertically below the STOP legend; and/or two white or yellow lights (colors shall be all white or all yellow), one centered vertically above and one centered vertically below the SLOW legend;

B. Two white or red lights (colors shall be all white or all red), one centered horizontally on each side of the STOP legend; and/or two white or yellow lights (colors shall be all white or all yellow), one centered horizontally on each side of the SLOW legend;

C. One white or red light centered below the STOP legend; and/or one white or yellow light centered below the SLOW legend;

D. A series of eight or more small all white or all red lights no larger than 1/4 inch in diameter along the outer edge of the paddle, arranged in an octagonal pattern at the eight corners of the border of the STOP face; and/or a series of eight or more small all white or all yellow lights no larger than 1/4 inch in diameter along the outer edge of the paddle, arranged in a diamond pattern along the border of the SLOW face; or

E. A series of white lights forming the shapes of the letters in the legend.

Flashing light patterns shall be compliant with Section 6E.03 Hand Signaling Devices in the most current version of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices.

All flashing light patterns on the STOP / SLOW paddle shall be visible from a minimum distance of 1000 feet.”

652.3.3 Submittal of Traffic Control Plan On page **6-148**;

Note **b**, revise this section by replacing “5 minutes” with “**10 minutes**” so that the sentence reads: **“The Contractor shall conduct the Work such that traffic delays do not exceed 10 minutes unless longer periods are authorized by the department.”**

Note **f**, in the last sentence revise the “105.2.2” to “105.2.3” so that the last sentence reads, **“For a related provision, see Section 105.2.3 – Project Specific Emergency Planning.”**

652.3.4 General Revise the eighth paragraph by removing “Earth Berm” and replace it with **“Concrete Barrier”**.

Amend this section by adding the following paragraph before the paragraph beginning with “Special Detours and temporary structures...”:

“A temporary ramp shall be constructed with HMA at the ends of the roadway section paved or milled each day. The use of millings or RAP will not be allowed, but cold patch may be temporarily utilized until HMA plants are open for the season. The maximum ramp change in elevation shall not exceed 4” vertical. For Interstate Highways or roadways with speed limits equaling or exceeding 50 mph; temporary ramps shall be constructed at a length of eight feet per inch of transition depth. For roadways with speed limits less than 50 mph and greater than 25 mph, temporary ramps shall be constructed at a length of four feet per inch of transition depth. For roadways with speed limits 25 mph or less, temporary ramps shall be constructed at a length of two feet per inch of transition depth. Materials, placement, maintenance, and removal shall be incidental to contract items.”

652.4 Flaggers Revise this section by removing the first paragraph, and replace it with the following”

“The Contractor shall furnish flaggers as required by the TCP or as otherwise specified by the Resident. All flaggers must have successfully completed a flagger test approved by the Department and administered by a Department-approved Flagger-Certifier. All flaggers must carry an official certification card with them at all times while flagging.

For daytime conditions, flaggers shall wear a top (vest, shirt or jacket) that is orange, yellow, yellow-green, or fluorescent versions of these colors meeting ANSI 107-2004, Class 2 or Class 3, along with a hardhat with 360 ° retro-reflectivity.

For nighttime conditions, flaggers shall wear all Class 3 apparel, meeting ANSI 107-2004, including a Class 3 top (vest, shirt or jacket) and a Class E bottom (pants or coveralls), shall be worn along with a hardhat with 360 ° retro-reflectivity and shall be visible at a minimum distance of 1000 ft. Flagger stations must be illuminated in nighttime conditions to assure visibility and will be specifically addressed in detail in the Contractor’s TCP”.

652.41 TRAFFIC OFFICERS

Revise this subsection so that the subsection number and title is

“652.4.1 TRAFFIC OFFICERS ”

652.6.1 Daylight Work Times Revise this section by removing the word “table” in the first sentence and replacing it with “times procured”. Also remove the link <http://www.sunrisesunset.com/usa/Maine.asp> and replace with <https://www.sunrisesunset.com/usa/Maine/>.

SECTION 654
VACANT

Change this Section to:

SECTION 654
INTELLIGENT TRANSPORTATION SYSTEMS
RESERVED

SECTION 656
TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

656.3.4 Water Pollution Control Requirements Revise this section by adding the following to the end:

“g. Water withdrawals for dust control or moisture control for compaction is prohibited from waterbodies in Maine that have identified invasive plant infestations. For current information and a map of waterbodies where withdrawal is prohibited, visit the DEP website; <https://www.maine.gov/dep/water/invasives/>. Under the heading, “Control” there is a link to infested waterbodies. “

656.5.2 If No Pay Item Add the following to the end of the first paragraph:

“Failure by the Contractor to follow Standard Specification or Special Provision - Section 656 will result in a violation letter and a reduction in payment as shown in the schedule list in 656.5.1. The Department’s Resident or any other representative of The Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item.”

SECTION 660
ON-THE-JOB TRAINING

660.06 Method of Measurement

Remove the first sentence in its entirety and replace with “ **The OJT item will be measured by the number of OJT hours by a trainee who has successfully completed an approved training program.**”

660.07 Basis of payment to the Contractor

Remove the last word in the first sentence so that the first sentence reads “ The OJT shall be paid for once successfully completed at the contract unit price per **hour.**”

Payment will be made under

Change the Pay Item from “660.22” to “**660.21**” and change the Pay Unit from “Each” to “**Hour**”.

SECTION 672

PRECAST CONCRETE BLOCK GRAVITY WALL

672.031 Concrete Units Revise this section by making the following changes:

In the second paragraph remove “A” and underline “**Materials**”.

In the third paragraph remove “B” and underline “**Quality Control and Quality Assurance**”.

Revise this section by removing the paragraph “C Construction...” and replacing it with:

“Construction. Construction requirements are modified as follows:

Add the following paragraph at the end of the **Construction** section:

Face texture of the units shall be a formed finish on all exposed surfaces. Pigment shall be added during the casting process of the concrete unit to achieve a consistent shade of gray or other color as determined by the Resident.

Curing. Curing requirements are modified as follows:

Replace the first sentence in the paragraph which begins “Forms shall remain ...” with the following:

The forms shall remain in place until the concrete has gained sufficient strength such that removal of the forms and subsequent handling will not damage the units.”

In the paragraph beginning with “D” remove “D” and underline “**Concrete Testing**”.

In the paragraph beginning with “E” remove the “E” and underline “**Tolerances**”. Also in this paragraph add “**Replace Tolerance contents in 712.061 with the following:**” after Tolerances.

672.035 Backfill Material– Revise this section by adding the following after the second paragraph:
Backfill materials shall meet the criteria in the following table.

<u>Base Polymer</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Criteria</u>	<u>Test Method</u>
Polyester (PET)	pH	3 < pH < 9	AASHTO T-289
Polyolefin (PP & HDPE)	pH	pH > 3	AASHTO T-289

672.04 Design Requirements – Revise this section by replacing items 2 and 3 in the second paragraph with the following:

- 2. FHWA-NHI-10-024 and FHWA-NHI-10-025, Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, Volumes I and II, current edition.**
- 3. FHWA-NHI-09-087 Corrosion/Degradation of Soil Reinforcements for Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, current edition.**

SECTION 673

WETCAST SMALL LANDSCAPE BLOCK WALL

673.031 Concrete Units Revise this section by making the following changes:

In the second paragraph remove “A” and underline “**Materials**”.

In the third paragraph remove “B” and underline “**Quality Control and Quality Assurance**”.

Revise this section by removing the paragraph “C Construction...” and replacing it with:

“Construction Add the following paragraph at the end of the Construction section:

Face texture of the units shall be a formed finish on all exposed surfaces.

Pigment shall be added during the casting process of the concrete unit to achieve a consistent shade of gray or other color as determined by the Resident.

Curing. Curing requirements are modified as follows:

Replace the first sentence in the paragraph which begins “Forms shall remain ...” with the following:

The forms shall remain in place until the concrete has gained sufficient strength such that removal of the forms and subsequent handling will not damage the units.”

In the paragraph beginning with “D” remove “D” and underline “**Concrete Testing**”.

In the paragraph beginning with “E” remove the “E” and underline “**Tolerances**”. Also in this paragraph add “**Replace Tolerance contents in 712.061 with the following:**” after Tolerances.

673.035 Backfill Material – Revise this section by adding the following after the second paragraph:

Backfill materials shall meet the criteria in the following table.

<u>Base Polymer</u>	<u>Property</u>	<u>Criteria</u>	<u>Test Method</u>
Polyester (PET)	pH	3 < pH < 9	AASHTO T-289
Polyolefin (PP & HDPE)	pH	pH > 3	AASHTO T-289

673.04 Design Requirements – Revise this section by replacing items 2 and 3 in the second paragraph with the following:

2. FHWA-NHI-10-024 and FHWA-NHI-10-025, Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, Volumes I and II, current edition.

3. FHWA-NHI-09-087 Corrosion/Degradation of Soil Reinforcements for Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, current edition

SECTION 674

PREFABRICATED CONCRETE MODULAR GRAVITY WALL

674.02 Materials Amend this section by replacing the last sentence in the first paragraph which begins with “Materials shall...” with the following: **“Modify requirements in 712.061 as follows:”**.

Amend this section by adding the following after “Concrete Units:” and before the paragraph beginning with “Tolerances”.

Concrete shall be Class P. The concrete shall contain a minimum of 5.5 gallons per cubic yard of calcium nitrite solution.

The minimum permeability of the concrete as indicated by Surface Resistivity shall be 17 KOhm-cm.

Defects Defects which may cause rejection of precast units include, but are not limited to, the following:

Any discontinuity (crack, rock pocket, etc.) of the concrete which could allow moisture to reach the reinforcing steel.

Rock pockets or honeycomb over 6 square inches in area or over 1 inch deep.

Edge or corner breakage exceeding 12 inches in length or 1 inch in depth.

Any other defect that clearly and substantially impacts the quality, durability, or maintainability of the structure, as determined by the Fabrication Engineer.

Repair honeycombing, ragged or irregular edges and other non-structural or cosmetic defects using a patching material from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List (QPL). The repair, including preparation of the repair area, mixing and application and curing of the patching material, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's product data sheet. Corners that are not exposed in the final product may be ground smooth with no further repair necessary if the depth of the defect does not exceed 1/2 inch. Remove form ties and other hardware to a depth of not less than 1 inch from the face of the concrete and patch the holes using a patching material from the MaineDOT QPL.

Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Structural defects include, but are not be limited to, exposed reinforcing steel or strand, cracks in bearing areas, through cracks and cracks 0.013 inch in width that extend more than 12 inches in length in any direction. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning any structural repairs.

SECTION 677

MECHANICALLY STABILIZED EARTH RETAINING WALL

677.03 Design Requirements – Revise this section by replacing items 6, 7 and 8 in the second paragraph with the following:

6. FHWA-NHI-10-024, Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, Volumes I, current edition.
7. FHWA-NHI-10-025, Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, Volumes II, current edition.
8. FHWA-NHI-09-087 Corrosion/Degradation of Soil Reinforcements for Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, current edition

On page 6 - 203 change “636.041” to “677.041”

Amend 677.042 Precast Panel Tolerances and Surface Finish by the addition of the following:

Defects Defects which may cause rejection of precast units include, but are not limited to, the following:

Any discontinuity (crack, rock pocket, etc.) of the concrete which could allow moisture to reach the reinforcing steel.

Rock pockets or honeycomb over 6 square inches in area or over 1 inch deep.

Edge or corner breakage exceeding 12 inches in length or 1 inch in depth.

Any other defect that clearly and substantially impacts the quality, durability, or maintainability of the structure, as determined by the Fabrication Engineer.

Repair honeycombing, ragged or irregular edges and other non-structural or cosmetic defects using a patching material from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List (QPL). The repair, including preparation of the repair area, mixing and application and curing of the patching material, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's product data sheet. Corners that are not exposed in the final product may be ground smooth with no further repair necessary if the depth of the defect does not exceed 1/2 inch. Remove form ties and other hardware to a depth of not less than 1 inch from the face of the concrete and patch the holes using a patching material from the MaineDOT QPL.

Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Structural defects include, but are not be limited to, exposed reinforcing steel or strand, cracks in bearing areas, through cracks and cracks 0.013 inch in width that extend more than 12 inches in length in any direction. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning any structural repairs.

SECTION 681

PRECAST AGGREGATE-FILLED, CONCRETE BLOCK GRAVITY WALL

681.031 Concrete Units Revise this section by making the following changes:

In the second paragraph remove “A” and underline “**Materials**”.

In the third paragraph remove “B” and underline “**Quality Control and Quality Assurance**”.

In the fourth paragraph remove “C” and underline “**Construction**”.

In the fifth paragraph remove “D” and underline “**Concrete Testing**”.

In the sixth paragraph remove the “E” and underline “**Tolerances**”.

SECTION 702

BITUMINOUS MATERIAL

702.01 Asphalt Cement - Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

Performance-Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB) that has not been modified with polymer shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 320. Polymer modified binder shall meet the requirements of AASHTO M 332 and AASHTO R 92, except that the percent difference in nonrecoverable creep compliance, J_{nr}diff, shall not be enforced. Performance-Graded Asphalt Binder shall not contain re-refined engine oil bottoms (REOB).

The Contractor shall arrange for the Supplier to furnish the following items to the Department’s Asphalt Pavement Engineer:

a. A Quality Control Plan that conforms to the requirements of AASHTO R 26 “Certifying Suppliers of Performance-Graded Asphalt Binders” and

b. A CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS for all asphalt materials furnished for use on the project. The Certificate shall include the actual test results of the material in storage from which the shipments are being made. Certificates shall be supplied for each lot, batch, or blend of each type and grade of material. A new certificate shall be issued at least every 30 days or upon receiving or manufacture of a new material. The original of each Certificate of Analysis shall be mailed to the Departments Asphalt Pavement Engineer.

The Contractor shall give the supplier sufficient notice of orders to permit testing and certification. Material not certified will not be accepted for use.

Deliveries of asphalt materials shall be accompanied by a Bill of Lading containing the information required under Section 108.1.3 f. The Bill of Lading shall include the applicable certificate number and shall include a printed or stamped statement such as the following: “THIS IS TO CERTIFY THAT THE ASPHALT MATERIAL REPRESENTED BY THIS LOADING INVOICE CONFORMS TO THE SPECIFICATIONS OF THE PURCHASER FOR THE MATERIAL TYPE AND GRADE STATED THEREON.”

In the event an intermediate hauler of the asphalt material is involved, a copy of their own delivery slip shall be furnished, as well as a copy of the supplier's loading invoice. The hauler's delivery slip and the supplier's loading invoice shall be cross-referenced by use of their respective serial numbers.

All non-bituminous components added to the binder prior to the sampling point for binder certification shall be included on the asphalt binder Certificate of Analysis identifying their presence. All non-bituminous components added after the certification sampling point and prior to transport shall be included on the Bill of Lading. All non-bituminous components added to the binder at the HMA plant shall be identified on the mix plant documentation and accompanied by test results and certification showing the effect of the additives introduced, if any.

702.04 Emulsified Asphalt

Revise this Section by removing the first paragraph in its entirety and replace with the following:

Emulsified Asphalt shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 140. Cationic emulsified asphalt shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 208. Anionic emulsified asphalt Grade RS-1h shall conform to the requirements in the following table:

Type	Rapid-Setting	
Grade	RS-1h	
Tests on Emulsions	min	max
Viscosity, Saybolt Furol at 25°C SFS	20	100
Storage Stability test, 24-h, % ^A	-	1.0
Demulsibility, 35 ml, 0.02 N CaCl ₂ , %	60	-
Sieve Test, % ^A	-	0.10
Residue by distillation, %	55	-
Tests on Residue from Distillation Test	min	max
Penetration, 25°C 100g, 5 s	40	90
Ductility, 25°C 5 cm/min, cm	40	-
Solubility in trichloroethylene or n-propyl bromide, %	97.5	-

^A This requirement is waived if successful application of material has been achieved in the field.

SECTION 703 **AGGREGATES**

703.01 Fine Aggregate for Concrete Replace the second paragraph with the following:

“All fine aggregate shall be free from injurious amounts of organic impurities. Should the fine aggregate, when subjected to the colorimetric test for organic impurities, AASHTO T 21, produce a color darker than organic plate number 3, the fine aggregate shall be rejected.”

703.0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates. Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

All coarse and fine aggregates proposed for use in concrete shall be tested for Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) potential under AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260), Accelerated Detection of Potentially Deleterious Expansion of Mortar Bars Due to Alkali-Silica Reaction, prior to

being accepted for use. Acceptance will be based on testing performed by an accredited independent lab submitted to the Department. Aggregate submittals will be required on a 5-year cycle, unless the source or character of the aggregate in question has changed within 5 years from the last test date.

As per AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260): Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be allowed with no restrictions when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand less than or equal to 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be classified as potentially reactive when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand greater than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of this aggregate will only be allowed with the use of cement-pozzolan blends and/or chemical admixtures that result in mortar bar expansion of less than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting as tested under ASTM C 1567.

Acceptable pozzolans and chemical admixtures that may be used when an aggregate is classified as potentially reactive include, but are not limited to the following:

Class F Coal Fly Ash meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 295.

Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (Grade 100 or 120) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 302.

Densified Silica Fume meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 307.

Lithium based admixtures

Metakaolin

Pozzolans or chemical admixtures required to offset the effects of potentially reactive aggregates will be incorporated into the concrete at no additional cost to the Department.

703.06 Aggregate for Base and Subbase - Remove the first two paragraphs in their entirety and replace with these:

“The following shall apply to Sections (a.) and (c.) below. The material shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0, the Washington State Degradation DOT Test Method T113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (January 2009 version) shall be performed, except that the test shall be performed on the portion of the sample that passes the 1/2 in sieve and is retained on the No. 10 sieve. If the material has a Washington Degradation value of less than 15, the material shall be rejected.

The material used in Section (b.) below shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0 the material may be used if it does not exceed 25 percent loss on AASHTO T 96, Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine. “

703.081 RAP for Asphalt Pavement

Remove this section in its entirety and replace with the following:

703.081 RAP for Asphalt Pavement Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be introduced into hot-mix asphalt pavement at percentages approved by the Department according to the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

If approved by the Department, the Contractor shall provide documentation stating the source, test results for average residual asphalt content, and stockpile gradations showing RAP materials have been sized to meet the maximum aggregate size requirements of each mix designation. The Department will obtain samples for verification and approval prior to its use.

The maximum allowable percent of RAP shall be determined by the asphalt content, the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve, the ratio between the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve and the asphalt content, and Coarse Micro-Deval loss values as tested by the Department. The maximum percentage of RAP allowable shall be the lowest percentage as determined according to Table 4 below:

Table 4: Maximum Percent RAP According to Test Results

Classification	Maximum RAP Percentage Allowed	Asphalt content standard deviation	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve standard deviation	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve / asphalt content ratio	Residual aggregate M-D loss value
Class III	10%	≤ 1.0	N/A	≤ 4.0	≤ 18
Class II	20%	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.0	≤ 2.8	
Class I	30%	≤ 0.3	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.8	

The Department will monitor RAP asphalt content and gradation during production by testing samples from the stockpile at approximately 15,000 T intervals (in terms of mix production). The allowable variance limits (from the numerical average values used for mix designs) for this testing are determined based upon the maximum allowable RAP percentage, and are shown below in Table 5.

Table 5: RAP Verification Limits

Classification	Asphalt content (compared to aim)	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve (compared to aim)
Class III	± 1.5	± 2.0

Class II	± 1.0	± 1.5
Class I	± 0.5	± 0.7

For specification purposes, RAP will be categorized as follows:

Class III – A maximum of 10.0 percent of Class III RAP may be used in any base, intermediate base, surface, or shim mixture. A maximum of 20.0 percent of Class III RAP may be used in hand-placed mixes for item 403.209.

Class II – A maximum of 20.0 percent Class II RAP in any base, binder, surface, or shim course.

Class I – A maximum of 20.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in any base, intermediate base, surface, or shim mixture without requiring a change to the specified asphalt binder. A maximum of 30.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in in any base or intermediate base mixture provided that a PG 58-28 or PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used. A maximum of 30.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in any surface or shim mixture provided that PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used. Mixtures exceeding 20.0 percent Class I RAP must be evaluated and approved by the Department.

The Contractor may use up to two different RAP sources in any one mix design. The total RAP percentage of the mix shall not exceed the maximum allowed for the highest classification RAP source used (i.e. if a Class I & Class III used, total RAP must not exceed 30.0%). The blended RAP material must meet all the requirements of the classification for which the RAP is entered (i.e. 10% Class III with 20% Class I, blend must meet Class I criteria). The Department may take belt cuts of the blended RAP to verify the material meets these requirements. If the Contractor elects to use more than one RAP source in a design, the Contractor shall provide an acceptable point of sampling blended RAP material from the feed belt.

In the event that RAP source or properties change, the Contractor shall notify the Department of the change and submit new documentation stating the new source or properties a minimum of 72 hours prior to the change to allow for obtaining new samples and approval.

703.19 Granular Borrow

Remove the gradation requirements table, and replace with the following:

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves	
	Material for Underwater Backfill	Material for Embankment Construction
6 inch	100	
No. 40	0-70	0-70
No. 200	0-7.0	0-20.0

703.33 Stone Ballast - In the third paragraph, remove the words “less than” before 2.60 and add the words “or greater” after 2.60.

SECTION 705
JOINT MATERIAL

705.03 Flexible Watertight Gaskets Revise this section by deleting it in its entirety and replace with “**Flexible gaskets, either rubber or plastic, shall conform to ASTM C990**”

SECTION 708
PAINTS AND PRESERVATIVES

708.05 Timber Preservative Revise this section by removing it in its entirety and replacing with: “**Timber preservatives shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 133 and AWPA Standard U1. All preservatives shall meet the requirements of the US EPA regulations under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act.**”

SECTION 709
REINFORCING STEEL AND WELDED STEEL WIRE FABRIC

709.01 Reinforcing Steel Revise this section by removing the sentence starting with “The chemical composition...” in the third paragraph and replace it with the following: “**The chemical composition shall conform to one of the types listed in Table 2 of ASTM A955 or UNS S32304 Duplex.**”

SECTION 710

FENCE AND GUARDRAIL

710.07 Guardrail Posts Amend subsection ‘a’ by removing the words “white oak”, “cedar”, “tamarack”, “maple”, “beech”, “birch” and “red oak” from the first sentence. Also in the first sentence, place an “**or**” between “pine” and “eastern hemlock”. In the second sentence remove the words “well seasoned”. Remove the sentence beginning with “Wood posts and offset brackets...” and replace it with: **“Wood posts and offset brackets shall be preservative treated in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M 133 and AWP A U1, UC4A Commodity Specification A: Sawn Products.”**

SECTION 712

MISCELLANEOUS HIGHWAY MATERIAL

712.061- Structural Precast Concrete Units

Under the heading, Quality Control and Quality Assurance, revise the fourth paragraph to read:

“Acceptance is the prerogative of the Department. The Department will conduct Quality Assurance (QA) in accordance with Standard Specification Subsection 106.5. Testing deemed necessary by the Department that is in addition to the minimum testing requirements will be scheduled to minimize interference with the production schedule. The QAI will perform acceptance sampling and testing and will witness or review documentation, workmanship and testing to assure the Work is being performed in accordance with the Contract Documents.”

Under the heading, Construction, revise the paragraph beginning with “Recess inserts one inch...” by removing the first sentence and replacing it with **“Recess metal inserts and form ties a minimum of one inch, unless noted otherwise in the Contract.”**

Under the heading, Concrete Testing, revise the first paragraph to read as the following two paragraphs:

“Concrete Testing Acceptance of structural precast units, for each day’s production, will be determined by the Department, based on compliance with this specification and satisfactory concrete testing results.

At least once per week, the QAI will make 2 concrete cylinders (6 cylinders when the Contract includes permeability requirements) for use by the Department; cylinders shall be standard cured in accordance with AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31). The QAI will perform entrained air content and slump flow testing, determine water-cement ratio and determine temperature of the sampled concrete at the time of cylinder casting. All testing equipment required by the QAI to perform this testing shall be in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502.041, Testing Equipment. In addition, the Contractor shall provide a slump cone meeting the requirements of AASHTO T 119. Providing and maintaining testing and curing equipment shall be considered incidental to the work and no additional payment will be made.

Quality Control test cylinders shall be made and tested in accordance with the following standards:

AASHTO T 22 (ASTM C39) Test Method for Compressive Strength of Cylindrical Concrete Specimens

AASHTO T23 (ASTM C31) Practice for Making and Curing Concrete Test Specimens in Field

AASHTO T141 (ASTM C172) Practice for Sampling Freshly Mixed Concrete

AASHTO T152 (ASTM C231) Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Pressure Method

AASHTO T196 (ASTM C173) Standard Test Method for Air Content of Freshly Mixed Concrete by the Volumetric Method

ASTM C1064 Test Method for Temperature of Freshly mixed Portland Cement Concrete

ASTM C1611 Standard Test Method for Slump Flow of Self-Consolidating Concrete”

Under the heading, Concrete Testing, **delete** the paragraph that begins:

“At least once per week, the Contractor shall make 2 concrete cylinders.....for use by the Department.....”

Under the heading, Concrete Testing, revise the paragraph beginning with “Perform compressive strength testing...” by replacing the word ”transfer” with the word “**stripping**”.

Under the heading, Concrete Testing, revise letter “b” to only read “Air Content shall be 5.5% to 7.5%.”

Under the heading, Surface Finish and Repairs, Revise this section by removing it and replacing it with:

“Surface Finish and Repairs. Exposed surfaces shall be finished and repaired in conformance with the referenced specification. If the finish is not specified, then surfaces shall have a uniform appearance; make repairs to remove and blend fins, patch minor spalls, tie holes, handling device recesses, entrapped air pockets, honeycombing, ragged or irregular edges and other non-structural or cosmetic defects using a patching material from the MaineDOT Qualified Products List (QPL). The repair, including preparation of the repair area, mixing and application and curing of the patching material, shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's product data sheet. Corners not exposed in the final product may be ground smooth with no further repair necessary, if the depth of the defect does not exceed one-half inch. Remove form ties and other hardware to a depth of not less than one inch from the face of the concrete and patch the holes using a patching material from the MaineDOT QPL.

Repair of structural defects: Structural defects include, but are not be limited to, exposed reinforcing steel, cracks in bearing areas, through cracks and cracks

0.013 inch in width that extend more than 12 inches in length in any direction. Repair structural defects only with the approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Submit a nonconformance report (NCR) to the Fabrication Engineer with a proposed repair procedure. Do not perform structural repairs without an NCR that has been reviewed by the Fabrication Engineer. Give the QAI adequate notice prior to beginning any structural repairs.”

SECTION 713

STRUCTURAL STEEL AND RELATED MATERIAL

Section 713.01- Structural Steel Revise this Section by removing the sentence:

“ Impact test sampling and testing procedures shall be in accordance with AASHTO T.”

And replace it with: **“Impact test sampling and testing procedures shall be in accordance with AASHTO T 243 M/T 243 and AASHTO T 244.”**

713.02 High Strength Bolts Revise this section by adding **“F3125, Grade”** after **“ASTM”** in the first and fifth paragraphs. In the fifth paragraph, remove **“They shall meet the chemical and mechanical requirements of ASTM A 325”**

SECTION 717

ROADSIDE IMPROVEMENT MATERIAL

717.02 Agricultural Ground Limestone

In the table after the third paragraph which starts with **“Liquid lime...”** change the Specification for Nitrogen (N) from **“15.5 percent of which 1% is from ammoniac nitrogen and 14.5 /5 is from Nitrate Nitrogen”** to read **“15.5 % of which 1% is from Ammoniacal Nitrogen and 14.5 % is from Nitrate Nitrogen”**

717.061 Erosion Control Blankets Revise this section by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

“717.061 Erosion Control Blankets Shall consist of a machine produced rolled blanket of biodegradable fibers, evenly distributed over the entire area of blanket, of a consistent thickness, sewn into a biodegradable mesh on the top and bottom surface using a cotton blend thread. The blanket shall remain in place when subject to shear stress of 1.55 lb/ft². The blanket shall remain intact until grass is established. The blanket shall be a product currently listed on the department’s Qualified Products List (QPL) of Erosion Control Products. See Section 618.10 - Seeding, Maintenance and Acceptance.”

SECTION 720

STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS, LUMINAIRES AND TRAFFIC SIGNALS

720.01 Aluminum Supports Revise the first paragraph by removing the words "light standards" from the last sentence. Amend this paragraph by adding "(AWS D1.2)" after "Aluminum D1.2". Further amend this section by adding the following as a new second paragraph:

"All welds shall be inspected and conform with AWS D1.2, Clause 5, Inspection. 100% of welds shall be visually examined (VT). In addition to VT, 10% of all partial joint penetration (PJP) and fillet welds shall be dye penetrant tested (PT); locations to be PT examined will be designated by the QAI. 25% of complete joint penetration (CJP) welds shall be ultrasonic tested (UT) or PT based on the thinner material in the welded joint; joints with thinner material thicknesses less than 0.25 inch shall be PT examined and joints with thinner material thickness equal or greater than 0.25 inch shall be UT examined. Locations to be UT examined will be designated by the QAI. Extent of testing shall conform with AWS D1.2, Clause 5."

720.02 Aluminum Mast Arm and Bracket Arm Revise the first paragraph by removing the words "light standards" from the last sentence. Amend this paragraph by adding "(AWS D1.2)" after "Aluminum D1.2".

Further amend this section by adding the following as a new second paragraph:

"All welds shall be inspected and conform with AWS D1.2, Clause 5, Inspection. 100% of welds shall be visually examined (VT). In addition to VT, 10% of all partial joint penetration (PJP) and fillet welds shall be dye penetrant tested (PT); locations to be PT examined will be designated by the QAI. 25% of complete joint penetration (CJP) welds shall be ultrasonic tested (UT) or PT based on the thinner material in the welded joint; joints with thinner material thicknesses less than 0.25 inch shall be PT examined and joints with thinner material thickness equal or greater than 0.25 inch shall be UT examined. Locations to be UT examined will be designated by the QAI. Extent of testing shall conform with AWS D1.2, Clause 5."

720.10 Wood Utility Pole Amend the first sentence in this section by adding ", Red Pine" after "Douglas Fir".

Replace the paragraph beginning with "Wood Utility poles..." with:

"Wood Utility poles shall be pressure treated, after fabrication in accordance with AASHTO Specifications M 133 and AWP A U1, UC4B, Commodity Specification D: Poles."

720.12 Wood Sign Posts Remove the first sentence and replace with **"Wood sign posts shall be rectangular, straight and sound timber, cut from live growing native spruce, red pine, hemlock or cedar trees, free from loose knots or other structurally weakening defects of importance, such as shake or holes or heart rot."**

Remove the paragraph beginning with "When pressure treated sign posts are called for on the plans ..." with **"When pressure treated sign posts are called for on the plans, the wood shall be Yellow Pine, Number 2 or better, or the species listed above. The pressure treated wood shall meet AASHTO M 133 and AWP A Standard U1, UC4A, Commodity Specification A: Sawn Products."**

APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100

SECTION 1 - BIDDING PROVISIONS

A. Federally Required Certifications By signing and delivering a Bid, the Bidder certifies as provided in all certifications set forth in this Appendix A - Federal Contract Provisions Supplement including:

- Certification Regarding No Kickbacks to Procure Contract as provided on this page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-collusion as provided on page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-segregated Facilities as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section III set forth on page 21 below.
- "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XI set forth on page 32 below.
- "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XII set forth on page 35 below.

Unless otherwise provided below, the term "Bidder", for the purposes of these certifications, includes the Bidder, its principals, and the person(s) signing the Bid. Upon execution of the Contract, the Bidder (then called the Contractor) will again make all the certifications indicated in this paragraph above.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING NO KICKBACKS TO PROCURE CONTRACT Except expressly stated by the Bidder on sheets submitted with the Bid (if any), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it has not:

(A) employed or retained for a commission, percentage, brokerage, contingent fee, or other consideration, any firm or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) to solicit or secure this contract;

(B) agreed, as an express or implied condition for obtaining this contract, to employ or retain the services of any firm or person in connection with carrying out the contract, or;

(C) paid, or agreed to pay, to any firm, organization, or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) any fee, contribution, donation, or consideration of any kind for, or in connection with, procuring or carrying out the contract;

By signing and submitting a Bid, the Bidder acknowledges that this certification is to be furnished to the Maine Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation in connection with this contract in anticipation of federal aid highway funds and is subject to applicable state and federal laws, both criminal and civil.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING NONCOLLUSION Under penalty of perjury as provided by federal law (28 U.S.C. §1746), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that:

the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with the Contract.

For a related provisions, see Section 102.7.2 (C) of the Standard Specifications - "Effects of Signing and Delivery of Bids" - "Certifications", Section 3 of this Appendix A entitled "Other Federal Requirements" including section XI - "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion" and section XII. - "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying."

B. Bid Rigging Hotline To report bid rigging activities call: **1-800-424-9071**

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

SECTION 2 - FEDERAL EEO AND CIVIL RIGHTS REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 2 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. Nondiscrimination & Civil Rights - Title VI The Contractor and its subcontractors shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this Contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the Department deems appropriate. The Contractor and subcontractors shall comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and with all State of Maine and other Federal Civil Rights laws.

For related provisions, see Subsection B - "Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246" of this Section 2 and Section 3 - Other Federal Requirements of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" including section II - "Nondiscrimination" of the "Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts", FHWA-1273.

B. Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246 Pursuant to Executive Order 11246, which was issued by President Johnson in 1965 and amended in 1967 and 1978, this Contract provides as follows.

The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its efforts to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidations, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all forepersons, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.

Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its union have employment opportunities available, and to maintain a record of the organization's responses.

Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

Provide immediate written notification to the Department's Civil Rights Office when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Design-Builder's efforts to meet its obligations.

Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under B above.

Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligation; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.

Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Forepersons, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractor's and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

Direct its recruitment efforts, both orally and written to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above describing the openings, screenings, procedures, and test to be used in the selection process.

Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth, both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's workforce.

Validate all tests and other selection requirements.

Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.

Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction Contractor's and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female Contractor associations and other business associations.

Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

C. Goals for Employment of Women and Minorities Per Executive Order 11246, craft tradesperson goals are 6.9% women and .5% minorities employed. However, goals may be adjusted upward at the mutual agreement of the Contractor and the Department. Calculation of these percentages shall not include On-the-Job Training Program trainees, and shall not include clerical or field clerk position employees.

For a more complete presentation of requirements for such Goals, see the federally required document "Goals for Employment of Females and Minorities" set forth in the next 6 pages below.

Start of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES
Federally Required Contract Document

§60-4.2 Solicitations

- (d) The following notice shall be included in, and shall be part of, all solicitations for offers and bids on all Federal and federally assisted construction contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000 to be performed in geographical areas designated by the Director pursuant to §60-4.6 of this part (see 41 CFR 60-4.2(a)):

Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Opportunity (Executive Order 11246)

1. The Offeror's or bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

<u>Goals for female participation in each trade</u>	6.9%

Goals for minority participation for each trade

Maine

001 Bangor, ME	0.8%

Non-SMSA Counties (Aroostook, Hancock, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Waldo, Washington)

002 Portland-Lewiston, ME

SMSA Counties: 4243 Lewiston-Auburn, ME (Androscoggin)	0.5%

6403 Portland, ME (Cumberland, Sagadahoc)	0.6%

Non-SMSA Counties:
(Franklin, Kennebec, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford, Somerset, York)

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non federally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be in violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated started and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

4. As used in this Notice, and in the Contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is (insert description of the geographical areas where the contract is to be performed giving the state, county and city, if any).

STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. As used in these specifications:
 - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
 - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
 - c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department form 941;
 - d. "Minority" includes:

- (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);
 - (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
 - (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
 - (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
3. If the contractor, is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors for Subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7 a. through p. of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical areas where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specific.
5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant, thereto.

6. In order for the non working training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.
7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as expensive as the following:
 - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, when possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
 - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organization's responses.
 - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment sources or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
 - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
 - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources complied under 7b above.

- f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment, efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
- l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
 - o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of solicitation to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.
 - p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7 a through p.). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7 a through p. of these specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program and reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions take on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, specific minority group of women is underutilized.)
10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
11. The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementation regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.

13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.6.
14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g. mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and location at which the work was performed. Records be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.
15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

End of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES
Federally Required Contract Document

D. Section '**D Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements**' is removed in its entirety. The DBE material is in:

Section 105.10 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS.

SECTION 3 - OTHER FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 3 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. Buy America

If the cost of products purchased for permanent use in this project which are manufactured of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials exceeds 0.1 percent of the contract amount, or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater, the products shall have been manufactured and the coating applied in the United States. The coating materials are not subject to this clause, only the application of the coating. In computing that amount, only the cost of the product and coating application cost will be included.

Ore, for the manufacture of steel or iron, may be from outside the United States; however, all other manufacturing processes of steel or iron must be in the United States to qualify as having been manufactured in the United States.

United States includes the 50 United States and any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof.

Products of steel include, but are not limited to, such products as structural steel, piles, guardrail, steel culverts, reinforcing steel, structural plate and steel supports for signs, luminaries and signals.

Products of iron include, but are not limited to, such products as cast iron grates.

Application of coatings include, but are not limited to, such applications as epoxy, galvanized and paint.

To assure compliance with this section, the Contractor shall submit a certification letter on its letterhead to the Department stating the following:

“This is to certify that products made of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials whose costs are in excess of \$2,500.00 or 0.1 percent of the original contract amount, whichever is greater, were manufactured and the coating, if one was required, was applied in the United States.”

B. Materials

a. Convict Produced Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 114(b)(2), 23 CFR 635.417

Applicability: FHWA's prohibition against the use of convict material only applies to Federal-aid highways. Materials produced after July 1, 1991, by convict labor may only be incorporated in a Federal-aid highway construction project if: 1) such materials have been produced by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation from a prison; or 2) such material has been produced in a qualified prison facility, e.g., prison industry, with the amount produced during any 12-month period, for use in Federal-aid projects, not exceeding the amount produced, for such use, during the 12-month period ending July 1, 1987.

Materials obtained from prison facilities (e.g., prison industries) are subject to the same requirements for Federal-aid participation that are imposed upon materials acquired from other sources. Materials manufactured or produced by convict labor will be given no preferential treatment.

The preferred method of obtaining materials for a project is through normal contracting procedures which require the contractor to furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work. The contractor selects the source, public or private, from which the materials are to be obtained (23 CFR 635.407). Prison industries are prohibited from bidding on projects directly (23 CFR 635.112e), but may act as material supplier to construction contractors.

Prison materials may also be approved as State-furnished material. However, since public agencies may not bid in competition with private firms, direct acquisition of materials from a

prison industry for use as State-furnished material is subject to a public interest finding with the Division Administrator's concurrence (23 CFR 635.407d). Selection of materials produced by convict labor as State-furnished materials for mandatory use should be cleared prior to the submittal of the Plans Specifications & Estimates (PS&E).

b. Patented/Proprietary Products References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.411

FHWA will not participate, directly or indirectly, in payment for any premium or royalty on any patented or proprietary material, specification, or process specifically set forth in the plans and specifications for a project, unless:

- the item is purchased or obtained through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items,
- the STA certifies either that the proprietary or patented item is essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists, or
- the item is used for research or for a special type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. States should follow FHWA's procedures for "Construction Projects Incorporating Experimental Features" ([expermnt.htm](#)) for the submittal of work plans and evaluations.

The primary purpose of the policy is to have competition in selection of materials and allow for development of new materials and products. The policy further permits materials and products that are judged equal may be bid under generic specifications. If only patented or proprietary products are acceptable, they shall be bid as alternatives with all, or at least a reasonable number of, acceptable materials or products listed; and the Division Administrator may approve a single source if it can be found that its utilization is in the public interest.

Trade names are generally the key to identifying patented or proprietary materials. Trade name examples include 3M, Corten, etc. Generally, products identified by their brand or trade name are not to be specified without an "or equal" phrase, and, if trade names are used, all, or at least a reasonable number of acceptable "equal" materials or products should be listed. The licensing of several suppliers to produce a product does not change the fact that it is a single product and should not be specified to the exclusion of other equally suitable products.

c. State Preference References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.409

Materials produced within Maine shall not be favored to the exclusion of comparable materials produced outside of Maine. State preference clauses give particular advantage to the designated source and thus restrict competition. Therefore, State preference provisions shall not be used on any Federal-aid construction projects.

This policy also applies to State preference actions against materials of foreign origin, except as otherwise permitted by Federal law. Thus, States cannot give preference to in-State material sources over foreign material sources. Under the Buy America provisions, the States are

permitted to expand the Buy America restrictions provided that the STA is legally authorized under State law to impose more stringent requirements.

d. State Owned/Furnished/Designated Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.407

Current FHWA policy requires that the contractor must furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work, and the contractor shall be permitted to select the sources from which the materials are to be obtained. Exceptions to this requirement may be made when there is a definite finding, by MaineDOT and concurred in by Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Division Administrator, that it is in the public interest to require the contractor to use materials furnished by the MaineDOT or from sources designated by MaineDOT. The exception policy can best be understood by separating State-furnished materials into the categories of manufactured materials and local natural materials.

Manufactured Materials When the use of State-furnished manufactured materials is approved based on a public interest finding, such use must be made mandatory. The optional use of State-furnished manufactured materials is in violation of our policy prohibiting public agencies from competing with private firms. Manufactured materials to be furnished by MaineDOT must be acquired through competitive bidding, unless there is a public interest finding for another method, and concurred in by FHWA's Division Administrator.

Local Natural Materials When MaineDOT owns or controls a local natural materials source such as a borrow pit or a stockpile of salvaged pavement material, etc., the materials may be designated for either optional or mandatory use; however, mandatory use will require a public interest finding (PIF) and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence.

In order to permit prospective bidders to properly prepare their bids, the location, cost, and any conditions to be met for obtaining materials that are made available to the contractor shall be stated in the bidding documents.

Mandatory Disposal Sites Normally, the disposal site for surplus excavated materials is to be of the contractor's choosing; although, an optional site(s) may be shown in the contract provisions. A mandatory site shall be specified when there is a finding by MaineDOT, with the concurrence of the Division Administrator, that such placement is the most economical or that the environment would be substantially enhanced without excessive cost. Discussion of the mandatory use of a disposal site in the environmental document may serve as the basis for the public interest finding.

Summarizing FHWA policy for the mandatory use of borrow or disposal sites:

- mandatory use of either requires a public interest finding and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence,
- mandatory use of either may be based on environmental consideration where the environment will be substantially enhanced without excessive additional cost, and
- where the use is based on environmental considerations, the discussion in the environmental document may be used as the basis for the public interest finding.

Factors to justify a public interest finding should include such items as cost effectiveness, system integrity, and local shortages of material.

C. Standard FHWA Contract Provisions - FHWA 1273

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the following “Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts”, FHWA-1273, are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

Cargo Preference Act : Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. “Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—“(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.”(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.”(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.”(Reorganization Plans No. 21 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1273) and No. 7 of 1961 (75 Stat. 840) as amended by Pub. L. 91-469 (84 Stat. 1036) and Department of Commerce Organization Order 10-8 (38 FR 19707, July 23, 1973)) [42 FR 57126, Nov. 1, 1977]

The Cargo Preference Act requirements apply to materials or equipment that are acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. In general, the requirements are not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract. For example, the requirements would not apply to shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, as industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories. In general, most of the materials used for highway construction originate from existing inventories and are not acquired solely for a specific Federal-aid project. However, if materials or equipment are acquired solely for a Federal-aid project, then the Cargo Preference Act requirements apply.”

Start of FHWA 1273 REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (As revised through May 1, 2012)

FHWA-1273 -- Revised May 1, 2012

**REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS**

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Nonsegregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Compliance with Governmentwide Suspension and Debarment Requirements
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under Title 23 (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in bid proposal or request for proposal documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment,

termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230 are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR 60, 29 CFR 1625-1627, Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR 60, and 29 CFR 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with Title 23 USC Section 140, the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 USC 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26 and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR 230, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630, 29 CFR 1625-1627, 41 CFR 60 and 49 CFR 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract.

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women.

Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide sufficient referrals (even

though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants / Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established there under. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment: The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurance Required by 49 CFR 26.13(b):

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's U.S. DOT-approved DBE program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the contracting agency deems appropriate.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women;

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project, indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.

The contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location, under the contractor's control, where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size). The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. Contracting agencies may elect to apply these requirements to other projects.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages

a. All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work, will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (29 CFR part 3)), the full amount of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics.

Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.d. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in 29 CFR 5.5(a)(4). Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: Provided, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classification and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.b. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. (1) The contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits therefore only when the following criteria have been met:

- (i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and
- (ii) The classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry; and
- (iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, Washington, DC 20210. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(3) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraphs 1.b.(2) or 1.b.(3) of this section, shall be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

c. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

d. If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, Provided, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

2. Withholding

The contracting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor under this contract, or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements, which is held by the same prime contractor, so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contracting agency may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

3. Payrolls and basic records

a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of three years thereafter for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work. Such records shall contain the name, address, and social security number of each such worker, his or her correct classification, hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act),

daily and weekly number of hours worked, deductions made and actual wages paid. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(1)(iv) that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits. Contractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs and certification of trainee programs, the registration of the apprentices and trainees, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. (1) The contractor shall submit weekly for each week in which any contract work is performed a copy of all payrolls to the contracting agency. The payrolls submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under 29 CFR 5.5(a)(3)(i), except that full social security numbers and home addresses shall not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead the payrolls shall only need to include an individually identifying number for each employee (e.g. , the last four digits of the employee's social security number). The required weekly payroll information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division Web site at <http://www.dol.gov/esa/whd/forms/wh347instr.htm> or its successor site. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors. Contractors and subcontractors shall maintain the full social security number and current address of each covered worker, and shall provide them upon request to the contracting agency for transmission to the State DOT, the FHWA or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or audit of compliance with prevailing wage requirements. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide addresses and social security numbers to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission to the contracting agency..

(2) Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his or her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:

(i) That the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under §5.5 (a)(3)(ii) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, the appropriate information is being maintained under §5.5 (a)(3)(i) of Regulations, 29 CFR part 5, and that such information is correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in Regulations, 29 CFR part 3;

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(3) The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the “Statement of Compliance” required by paragraph 3.b.(2) of this section.

(4) The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under section 1001 of title 18 and section 231 of title 31 of the United States Code.

c. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 3.a. of this section available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the FHWA may, after written notice to the contractor, the contracting agency or the State DOT, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

4. Apprentices and trainees

a. Apprentices (programs of the USDOL).

Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, or if a person is employed in his or her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.

The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeymen on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman's hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeymen hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a

different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.

In the event the Office of Apprenticeship Training, Employer and Labor Services, or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the Office, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees (programs of the USDOL).

Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration.

The ratio of trainees to journeymen on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration.

Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for the trainee's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

c. Equal employment opportunity. The utilization of apprentices, trainees and journeymen under this part shall be in conformity with the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and 29 CFR part 30.

d. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert Form FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts and also require the subcontractors to include Form FHWA-1273 in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility.

a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it (nor he or she) nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of section 3(a) of the Davis-Bacon Act or 29 CFR 5.12(a)(1).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Criminal Code, 18 U.S.C. 1001.

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

The following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchmen and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or mechanic, including watchmen and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph (1.) of this section.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages. The FHWA or the contacting agency shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor withhold or cause to be withheld, from any moneys payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph (2.) of this section.

4. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor shall insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraph (1.) through (4.) of this section and also a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs (1.) through (4.) of this section.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term “perform work with its own organization” refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions:

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;
- (3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and
- (4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.

2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

5. The 30% self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements.

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C.3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any person who is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract is not prohibited from receiving an award due to a violation of Section 508 of the Clean Water Act or Section 306 of the Clean Air Act.
2. That the contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph (1) of this Section X in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
- c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200)

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a grantee or subgrantee of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the Excluded Parties List System website (<https://www.epls.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

* * * * *

**Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--
Lower Tier Participants:**

1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency.

2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 (49 CFR 20).

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS PREFERENCE FOR
APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL
ACCESS ROAD CONTRACTS**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

End of FHWA 1273

The United States Department of Transportation (USDOT)

FHWA STANDARD TITLE VI/NONDISCRIMINATION ASSURANCES

DOT Order No. 1050.2A

The Maine Department of Transportation (herein referred to as the "Recipient"), **HEREBY AGREES THAT**, as a condition to receiving any Federal financial assistance from the U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT), through The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA), is subject to and will comply with the following:

Statutory/Regulatory Authorities

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d *et seq.*, 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin);
- 49 C.F.R. Part 21 (entitled *Nondiscrimination In Federally-Assisted Programs Of The Department Of Transportation—Effectuation Of Title VI Of The Civil Rights Act Of 1964*);
- 28 C.F.R. section 50.3 (U.S. Department of Justice Guidelines for Enforcement of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964);

FHWA may include additional Statutory/Regulatory Authorities here.

The preceding statutory and regulatory cites hereinafter are referred to as the "Acts" and "Regulations," respectively.

General Assurances

In accordance with the Acts, the Regulations, and other pertinent directives, circulars, policy, memoranda, and/or guidance, the Recipient hereby gives assurance that it will promptly take any measures necessary to ensure that:

No person in the United States shall, on the grounds of race, color, or national origin, be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination under any program or activity," for which the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance from DOT, including FHWA..

The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987 clarified the original intent of Congress, with respect to Title VI and other Nondiscrimination requirements (The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973), by restoring the broad, institutional-wide scope and coverage of these nondiscrimination statutes and requirements to include all programs and activities of the Recipient, so long as any portion of the program is Federally assisted.

FHWA may include additional General Assurances in this section, or reference an addendum here.

Specific Assurances

More specifically, and without limiting the above general Assurance, the Recipient agrees with and gives the following Assurances with respect to its federally assisted programs:

1. The Recipient agrees that each "activity," "facility," or "program," as defined in §§ 21.23 (b) and 21.23 (e) of 49 C.F.R. § 21 will be (with regard to an "activity") facilitated, or will be (with regard to a "facility") operated, or will be (with regard to a "program") conducted in compliance with all requirements imposed by, or pursuant to the Acts and the Regulations.
2. The Recipient will insert the following notification in all solicitations for bids, Requests For Proposals for work, or material subject to the Acts and the Regulations made in connection with all Federal Highway Programs and, in adapted form, in all proposals for negotiated agreements regardless of funding source:

The (Agency), in accordance with the provisions of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (78 Stat. 252, 42 U.S.C. §§ 2000d to 2000d-4) and the Regulations, hereby notifies all bidders that it will affirmatively insure that any contract entered into pursuant to this advertisement, disadvantaged business enterprises will be afforded full opportunity to submit bids in response to this invitation and will not be discriminated against on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in consideration for an award.

3. The Recipient will insert the clauses of Appendix A and E of this Assurance in every contract or agreement subject to the Acts and the Regulations.
4. The Recipient will insert the clauses of Appendix B of this Assurance, as a covenant running with the land, in any deed from the United States effecting or recording a transfer of real property, structures, use, or improvements thereon or interest therein to a Recipient.
5. That where the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance to construct a facility, or part of a facility, the Assurance will extend to the entire facility and facilities operated in connection therewith.
6. That where the Recipient receives Federal financial assistance in the form, or for the acquisition of real property or an interest in real property, the Assurance will extend to rights to space on, over, or under such property.
7. That the Recipient will include the clauses set forth in Appendix C and Appendix D of this Assurance, as a covenant running with the land, in any future deeds, leases, licenses, permits, or similar instruments entered into by the Recipient with other parties:
 - a. for the subsequent transfer of real property acquired or improved under the applicable activity, project, or program; and
 - b. for the construction or use of, or access to, space on, over, or under real property acquired or improved under the applicable activity, project, or program.
8. That this Assurance obligates the Recipient for the period during which Federal financial assistance is extended to the program, except where the Federal financial assistance is to provide, or is in the form of, personal property, or real property, or interest therein, or structures or improvements thereon, in which case the Assurance obligates the Recipient, or any transferee for the longer of the following periods:

- a. the period during which the property is used for a purpose for which the Federal financial assistance is extended, or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits; or
 - b. the period during which the Recipient retains ownership or possession of the property.
9. The Recipient will provide for such methods of administration for the program as are found by the Secretary of Transportation or the official to whom he/she delegates specific authority to give reasonable guarantee that it, other recipients, sub-recipients, sub-grantees, contractors, subcontractors, consultants, transferees, successors in interest, and other participants of Federal financial assistance under such program will comply with all requirements imposed or pursuant to the Acts, the Regulations, and this Assurance.
10. The Recipient agrees that the United States has a right to seek judicial enforcement with regard to any matter arising under the Acts, the Regulations, and this Assurance.

FHWA may include additional Specific Assurances in this section.

By signing this ASSURANCE, Maine Department of Transportation also agrees to comply (and require any subrecipients, sub-grantees, contractors, successors, transferees, and/or assignees to comply) with all applicable provisions governing the FHWA access to records, accounts, documents, information, facilities, and staff. You also recognize that you must comply with any program or compliance reviews, and/or complaint investigations conducted by FHWA. You must keep records, reports, and submit the material for review upon request to FHWA, or their designees in a timely, complete, and accurate way. Additionally, you must comply with all other reporting, data collection, and evaluation requirements, as prescribed by law or detailed in program guidance.

Maine Department of Transportation gives this ASSURANCE in consideration of and for obtaining any Federal grants, loans, contracts, agreements, property, and/or discounts, or other Federal-aid and Federal financial assistance extended after the date hereof to the recipients by the U.S. Department of Transportation. This ASSURANCE is binding on Maine Department of Transportation, other recipients, sub-recipients, sub-grantees, contractors, subcontractors and their subcontractors', transferees, successors in interest, and any other participants in it programs. . The person(s) signing below is authorized to sign this ASSURANCE on behalf of the Recipient.

Name of Recipient: Maine Department of Transportation



David Bernhardt, Commissioner

DATED: 9/18/14

APPENDIX A

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the “contractor”) agrees as follows:

1. **Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Nondiscrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, **Federal Highway Administration**, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
2. **Nondiscrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations as set forth in Appendix E, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
3. **Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor’s obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
4. **Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the **Federal Highway Administration**, to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the **Federal Highway Administration**, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
5. **Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor’s noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the **Federal Highway Administration**, may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the **Federal Highway Administration**, may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

(APPENDIX C TO MAINEDOT TITLE VI ASSURANCE)

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION ASSISTED PROGRAMS

The following clauses shall be included in all deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar instruments entered into

by the Maine Department of Transportation pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(a).

The (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for herself/himself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree [in the case of deeds and leases add "as a covenant running with the land"] that in the event facilities are constructed, maintained, or otherwise operated on the said property described in this (deed, license, lease, permit, etc.) for a purpose for which a Department of Transportation program or activity is extended or for another purpose involving the provision of similar services or benefits, the (grantee, licensee lessee, permittee, etc.) shall maintain and operate such facilities and services in compliance with all other requirements imposed pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination of Federally-Assisted Programs of the Department of Transportation - Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations may be amended.

[Include in licenses, leases, permits, etc.]*

That in the event of breach of any of the above nondiscrimination covenants, Maine Department of Transportation shall have the right to terminate the [license, lease, permit, etc.] and to re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said [licenses, lease, permit, etc.] had never been made or issued.

[Include in deeds]*

That in the event of breach of any of the above nondiscrimination covenants, Maine Department of Transportation shall have the right to re-enter said lands and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities shall thereupon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of Maine Department of Transportation and its assigns.

The following shall be included in all deeds, licenses, leases, permits, or similar agreements entered into by Maine Department of Transportation pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b).

The (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for herself/himself, his/her personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in case of deeds, and leases add "as a covenant running with the land") that (1) no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin shall be excluded from participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over or under such land and the furnishing services thereon, no person on the grounds of race, color, or national origin shall be excluded from the participation in, be denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination, and (3) that the (grantee, licensee, lessee, permittee, etc.) shall use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to Title 49, Code of Federal Regulations, Department of Transportation, Subtitle A, Office of the Secretary, Part 21, Nondiscrimination in Federally-Assisted Programs of the Department of Transportation - Effectuation of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and as said Regulations may be amended.

[Include in licenses, leases, permits, etc.]*

That in the event of breach of any of the above nondiscrimination covenants, Maine Department of Transportation shall have the right to terminate the [license, lease, permit, etc.] and to re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said [license, lease, permit, etc.] had never been made or issued.

[Include in deeds]*

That in the event of breach of any of the above nondiscrimination covenants, Maine Department of Transportation shall have the right to re-enter said land and facilities thereon, and the above described lands and facilities shall thereupon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of Maine Department of Transportation and its assigns.

* Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary in order to effectuate the purpose of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964.

APPENDIX D

CLAUSES FOR CONSTRUCTION/USE/ACCESS TO REAL PROPERTY ACQUIRED UNDER THE ACTIVITY, FACILITY OR PROGRAM

The following clauses will be included in deeds, licenses, permits, or similar instruments/agreements entered into by The Maine Department of Transportation pursuant to the provisions of Assurance 7(b):

- A. The (grantee, licensee, permittee, etc., as appropriate) for himself/herself, his/her heirs, personal representatives, successors in interest, and assigns, as a part of the consideration hereof, does hereby covenant and agree (in the case of deeds and leases add, “as a covenant running with the land”) that (1) no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or be otherwise subjected to discrimination in the use of said facilities, (2) that in the construction of any improvements on, over, or under such land, and the furnishing of services thereon, no person on the ground of race, color, or national origin, will be excluded from participation in, denied the benefits of, or otherwise be subjected to discriminations, (3) that the (grantee, licensees, lessee, permittee, etc.) will use the premises in compliance with all other requirements imposed by or pursuant to the Acts and Regulations, as amended, set forth in this Assurance.
- B. With respect to (licenses, leases, permits, etc.), in the event of breach of any of the above Non-discrimination covenants, (**The Maine Department of Transportation**) will have the right to terminate the (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) and to enter or re-enter and repossess said land and the facilities thereon, and hold the same as if said (license, permit, etc., as appropriate) had never been made or issued.*
- C. With respect to deeds, in the event of breach of any of the above Non-discrimination covenants, (**The Maine Department of Transportation**) will there upon revert to and vest in and become the absolute property of (**The Maine Department of Transportation**) and its assigns.*

(*Reverter clause and related language to be used only when it is determined that such a clause is necessary to make clear the purpose of Title VI.)

APPENDIX E

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the “contractor”) agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. §2000d *et seq.*, 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. §4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. §324 *et seq.*), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. §794 *et seq.*), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. §6101 *et seq.*), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 U.S.C. §471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms “programs or activities” to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. Parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration’s Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. §47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 *et seq.*).



REPLY TO
ATTENTION OF

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT, CORPS OF ENGINEERS
696 VIRGINIA ROAD
CONCORD, MASSACHUSETTS 01742-2751

MAINE GENERAL PERMIT (GP)
AUTHORIZATION LETTER AND SCREENING SUMMARY

ENVIRONMENTAL OFFICE
MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
16 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333

CORPS PERMIT # NAE-2018-03025
CORPS GP ID# 18-755
STATE ID# PBR

DESCRIPTION OF WORK:

Place temporary fill below the ordinary high water mark of multiple unnamed streams and in adjacent freshwater wetlands between Argyle Township and Howland, Maine in order to reset the ends of seven cross culverts beneath I-95 northbound. This work will result in approximately 510 s.f. of temporary stream bed impact and 205 s.f. of temporary wetland impact. This work is shown on the attached plans and table entitled "MaineDOT WIN 22402.00, Argyle-Howland I-95 Project" in two sheets undated and "Interstate 95 (Northbound), WIN 24402.00, Argyle Township-Howland" in seven sheets revised "2/7/19".

LAT/LONG COORDINATES : 45.083032° N -68.4693010° W USGS QUAD: GREENBUSH, ME

I. CORPS DETERMINATION:

Based on our review of the information you provided, we have determined that your project will have only minimal individual and cumulative impacts on waters and wetlands of the United States. Your work is therefore authorized by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers under the Federal Permit, the Maine General Permit (GP). http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/Portals/74/docs/regulatory/StateGeneralPermits/ME/Maine_General_Permit_2015.pdf

You must perform the activity authorized herein in compliance with all the terms and conditions of the GP [including any attached Additional Conditions and any conditions placed on the State 401 Water Quality Certification including any required mitigation]. Please review the enclosed GP carefully, including the GP conditions beginning on page 5, to familiarize yourself with its contents. You are responsible for complying with all of the GP requirements; therefore you should be certain that whoever does the work fully understands all of the conditions. You may wish to discuss the conditions of this authorization with your contractor to ensure the contractor can accomplish the work in a manner that conforms to all requirements.

If you change the plans or construction methods for work within our jurisdiction, please contact us immediately to discuss modification of this authorization. This office must approve any changes before you undertake them.

Condition 38 of the GP (page 16) provides one year for completion of work that has commenced or is under contract to commence prior to the expiration of the GP on October 13, 2020. You will need to apply for reauthorization for any work within Corps jurisdiction that is not completed by October 13, 2021.

This authorization presumes the work shown on your plans noted above is in waters of the U.S. Should you desire to appeal our jurisdiction, please submit a request for an approved jurisdictional determination in writing to the undersigned.

No work may be started unless and until all other required local, State and Federal licenses and permits have been obtained. This includes but is not limited to a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town if necessary.

II. STATE ACTIONS: PENDING [X], ISSUED [], DENIED [] DATE _____

APPLICATION TYPE: PBR: X, TIER 1: _____, TIER 2: _____, TIER 3: _____, LURC: _____, DMR LEASE: _____, NA: _____

III. FEDERAL ACTIONS:

JOINT PROCESSING MEETING: 12/13/18 LEVEL OF REVIEW: CATEGORY 1: _____ CATEGORY 2: X

AUTHORITY (Based on a review of plans and/or State/Federal applications): SEC 10 _____, 404 X, 10/404 _____, 103 _____

EXCLUSIONS: The exclusionary criteria identified in the general permit do not apply to this project.

FEDERAL RESOURCE AGENCY OBJECTIONS: EPA NO _____, USF&WS NO _____, NMFS NO _____

If you have any questions on this matter, please contact my staff at 207-623-8367 at our Augusta, Maine Project Office. In order for us to better serve you, we would appreciate your completing our Customer Service Survey located at http://corpsmapu.usace.army.mil/cm_apex/f?p=136:4:0

JAY L. CLEMENT
SENIOR PROJECT MANAGER
MAINE PROJECT OFFICE

FRANK J. DEL GIUDICE
CHIEF, PERMITS & ENFORCEMENT BRANCH
REGULATORY DIVISION
DATE: 2/13/19

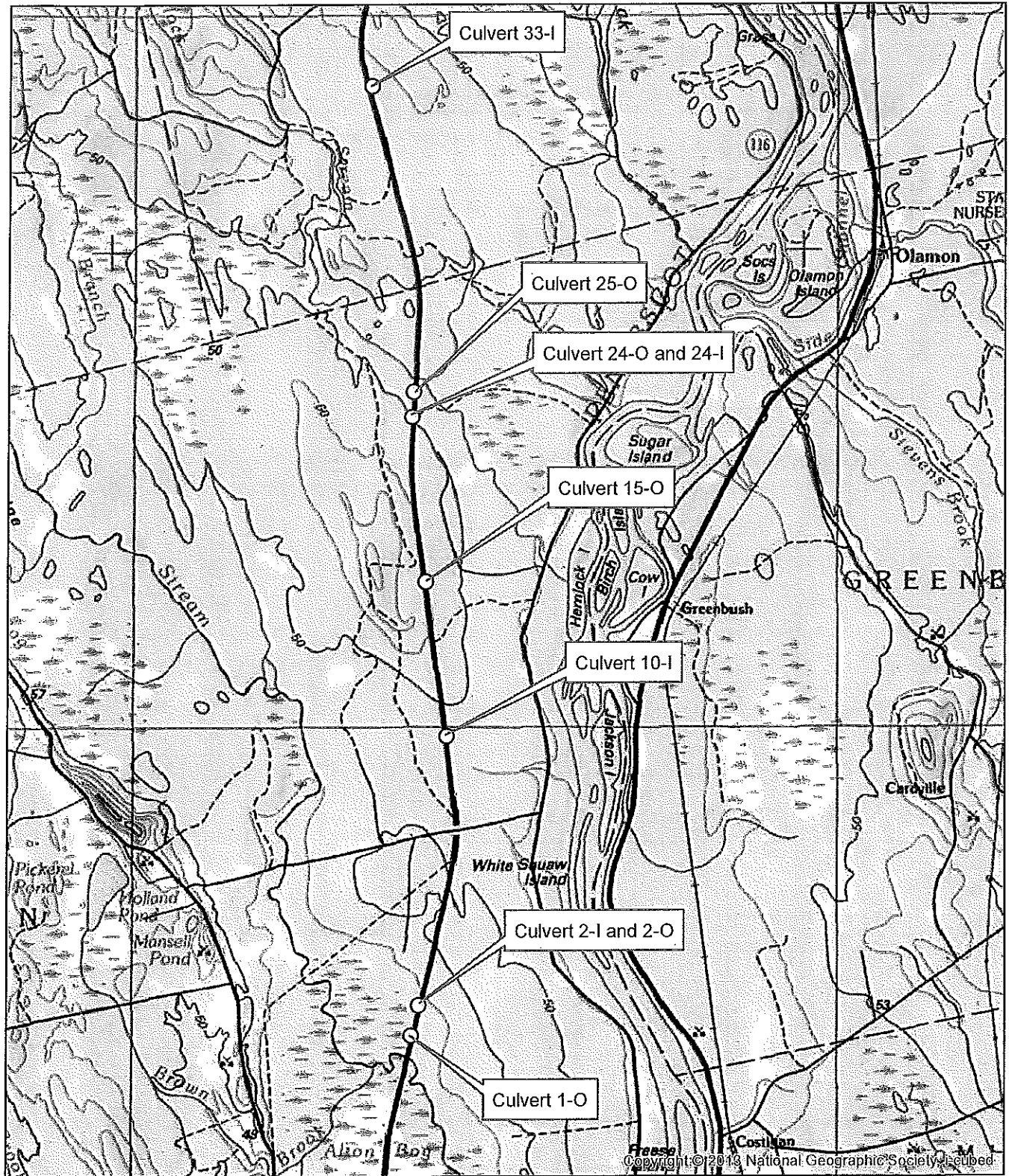


**US Army Corps
of Engineers** ®
New England District

**PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING CONDITIONS FOR
DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
GENERAL PERMIT
NO. NAE-2018-03025**

1. This authorization requires you to 1) notify us before beginning work so we may inspect the project, and 2) submit a Compliance Certification Form. You must complete and return the enclosed Work Start Notification Form(s) to this office at least two weeks before the anticipated starting date. You must complete and return the enclosed Compliance Certification Form within one month following the completion of the authorized work and any required mitigation (but not mitigation monitoring, which requires separate submittals).
2. The permittee shall assure that a copy of this permit is at the work site whenever work is being performed and that all personnel performing work at the site of the work authorized by this permit are fully aware of the terms and conditions of the permit. This permit, including its drawings and any appendices and other attachments, shall be made a part of any and all contracts and sub-contracts for work which affects areas of Corps of Engineers' jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this permit. This shall be done by including the entire permit in the specifications for the work. If the permit is issued after construction specifications but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. The term "entire permit" includes permit amendments. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or sub-contractors, all contractors and sub-contractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions of the entire permit, and no contract or sub-contract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps of Engineers jurisdiction.
3. The permittee and his contractor(s) shall minimize the potential for effects to salmon and both sturgeon species by conducting all construction activities for the project in accordance with the Maine DOT - approved Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan. Instream turbidity will be visually monitored and all erosion controls will be inspected daily to ensure that the measures taken are adequate. If inspection shows that the erosion controls are ineffective, immediate action will be taken to repair, replace, or reinforce controls as necessary.
4. All exposed soils resulting from the construction will be promptly seeded and mulched in order to achieve vegetative stabilization.
5. All areas of temporary fill shall be restored to their original contour and character upon completion of the work.
6. In water work shall be conducted between July 15 and September 30 of any year in order to minimize potential impacts to aquatic resources and local water quality.
7. In accordance with the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Programmatic Biological Opinion dated January 23, 2017 and the Project Notification Form supporting the work described in this permit (countersigned by USFWS on November 23, 2018), the permittee shall comply with all designated Avoidance and Minimization Measures (AMMs).

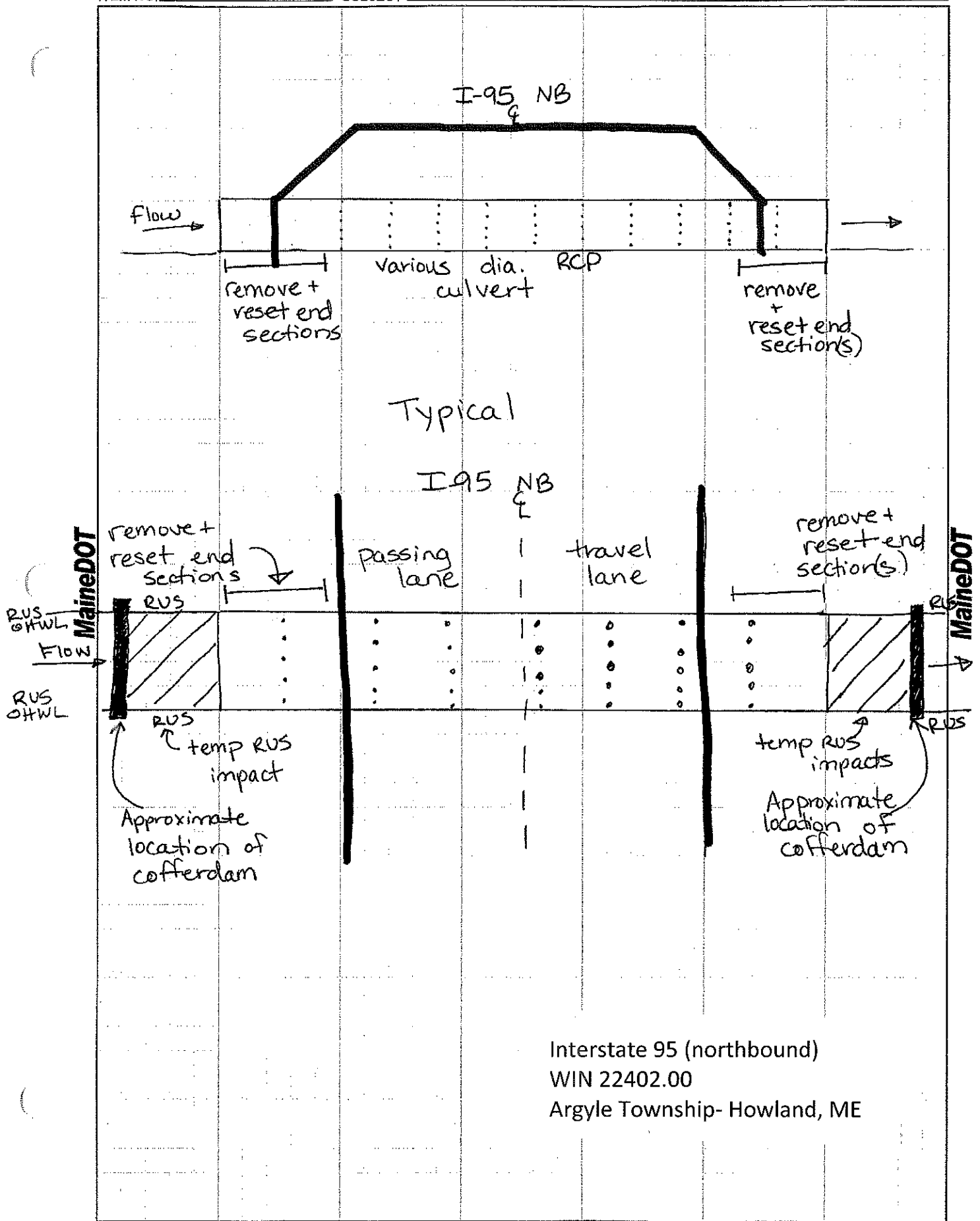
Section 3-Cross Culvert Locations



MaineDOT WIN 22402.00
Argyle-Howland I-95 Project

Culvert_ID	Location	Latitude, Longitude	Existing pipe	Resource	End Section Activity	Change in Length	Permanent Impact below OHWL	Temporary Impact below OHWL	Temporary Impact Wetland
1-O	Sta. 11086+60	45.02538, -68.6956	36" dia.	Stream crossing (Perennial)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	60	30
2-I	Sta. 1123+60	45.029196, -68.6938	36" dia.	Stream Crossing (Intermittent)	remove 16' RCP, Relay 16' RCP	no change	0	60	30
2-O	Sta. 1123+60	45.029308, -68.6942	36" dia.	Stream Crossing (Intermittent)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	60	30
10-I	Sta. 1249+40	45.06342, -68.68922	36" dia	Stream crossing (Perennial)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	60	0
15-O	Sta. 1321+45	45.082904, -68.692396	36" dia.	Stream crossing (Perennial)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	60	0
24-O	Sta. 1398+00	45.10375, -68.6947	24" dia.	Stream Crossing (Intermittent)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	50	30
24-I	Sta. 1398+00	45.10377, -68.6952	24" dia.	Stream Crossing (Intermittent)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	50	30
25-O	Sta. 1409+50	45.1069, -68.6944	30" dia.	Stream crossing (Perennial)	remove 8' RCP, Relay 8' RCP	no change	0	50	25
33-I	Sta. 1533+00	45.145608, -68.7018	30" dia.	Stream Crossing (Intermittent)	remove 16' RCP, Relay 16' RCP	no change	0	60	30

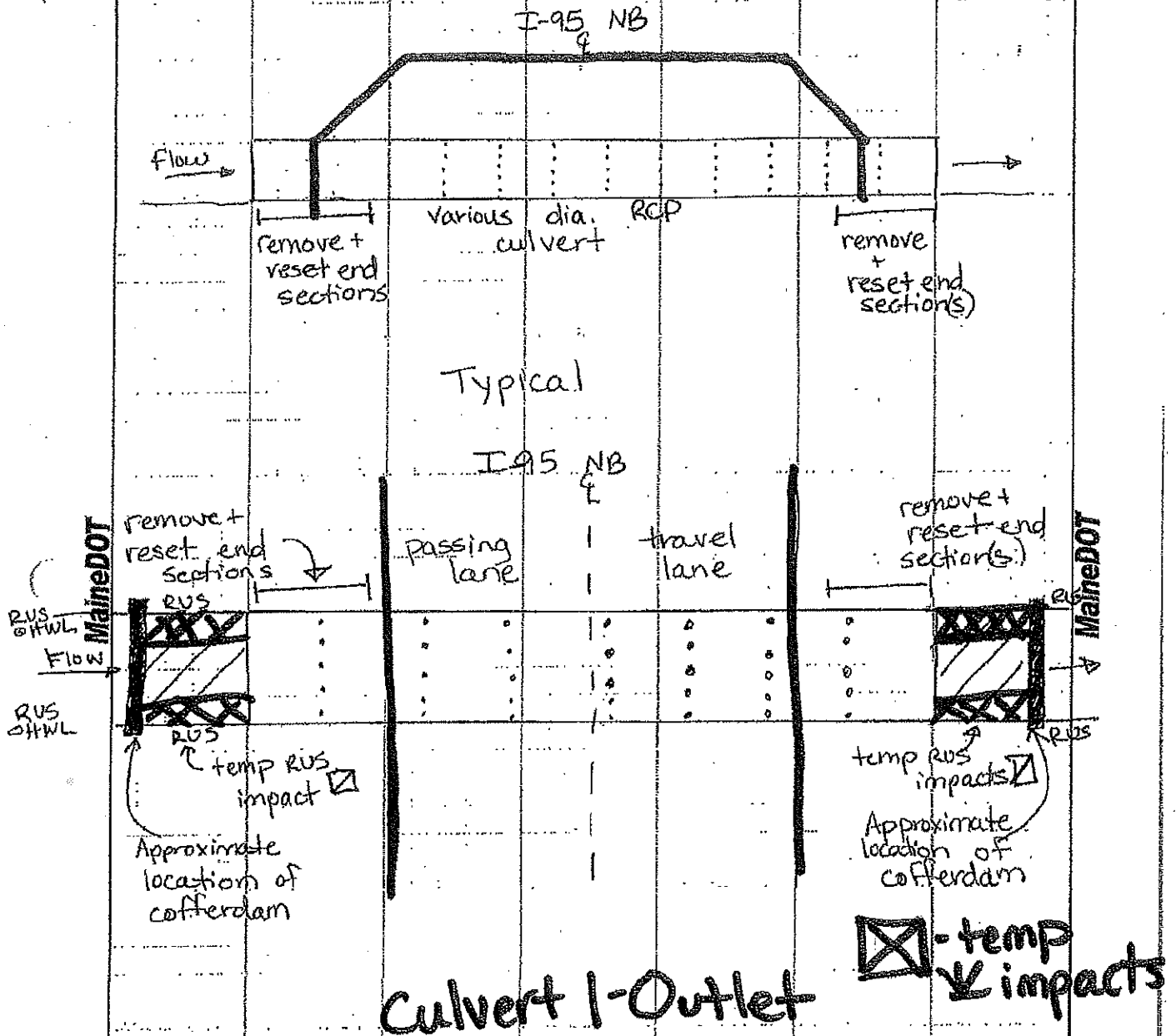
MaineDOT WIN 22402.00
Argyle-Howland I-95 Project



Interstate 95 (northbound)
 WIN 22402.00
 Argyle Township- Howland, ME

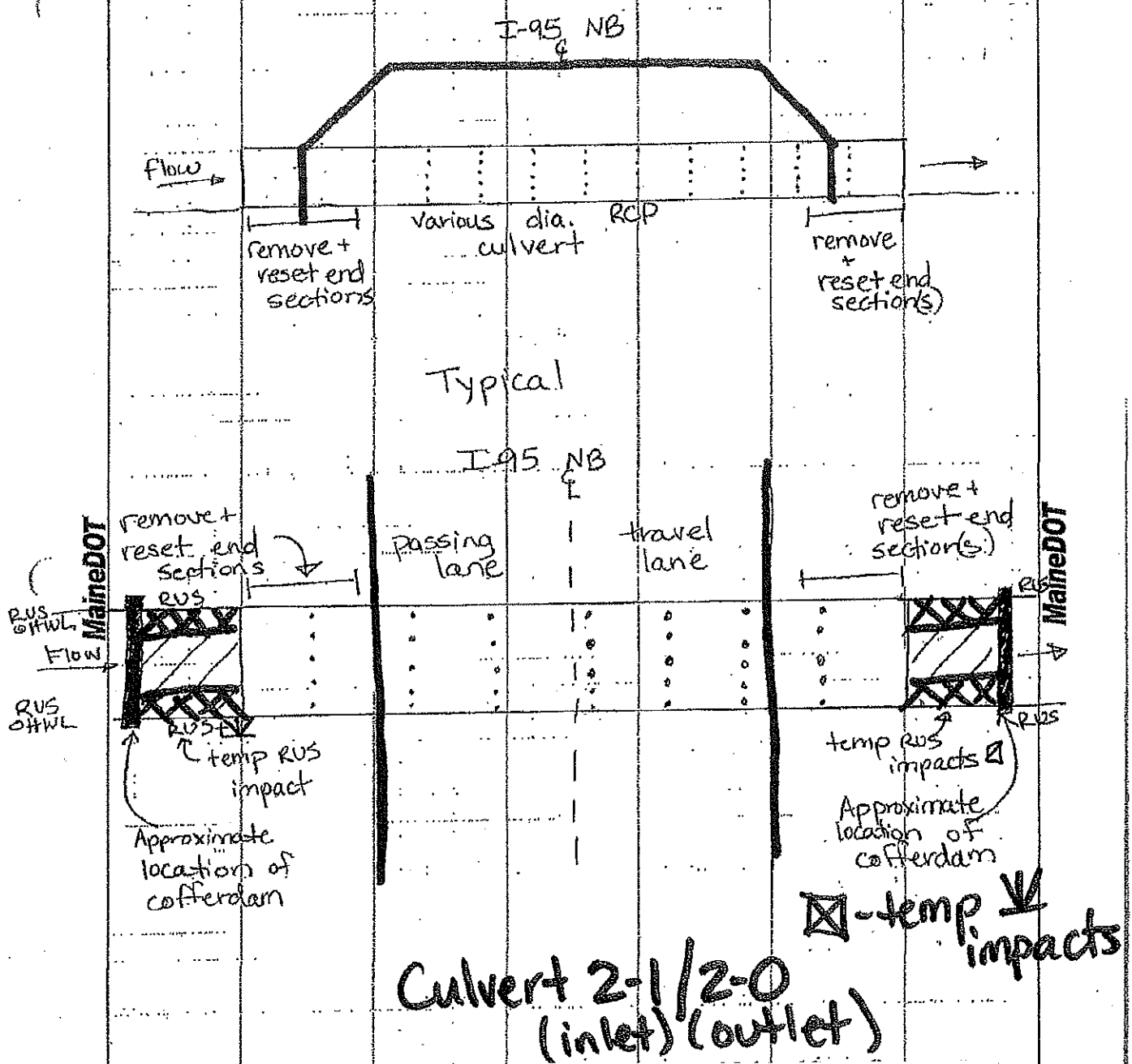
PRELIM. BY ALTA DATE 12/3/18 PROJ. NO. WIN 22402.00 FILE NO. OF
 FINAL CHK. BY DATE LOCATION Argyle Twp - Howland SHEET NO. OF
 ITEM NO. SUBJECT Revised 2/7/19

Section 6: Plans



Interstate 95 (northbound)
 WIN 22402.00
 Argyle Township- Howland, ME

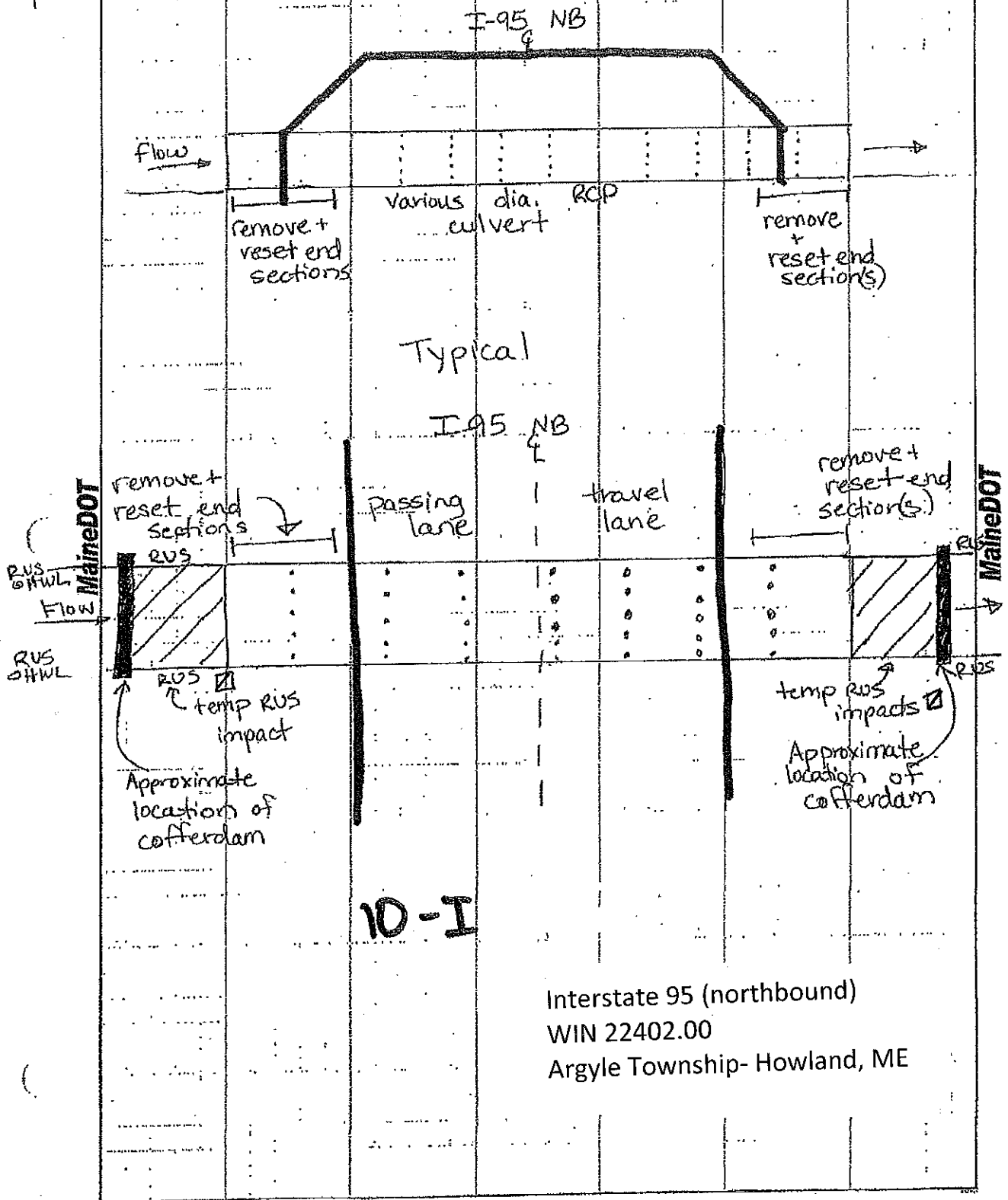
Section 6: Plans



Interstate 95 (northbound)
 WIN 22402.00
 Argyle Township- Howland, ME

PRELIM. BY ALTA DATE 12/3/18 PROJ. NO. WIN 22402.00 FILE NO. OF
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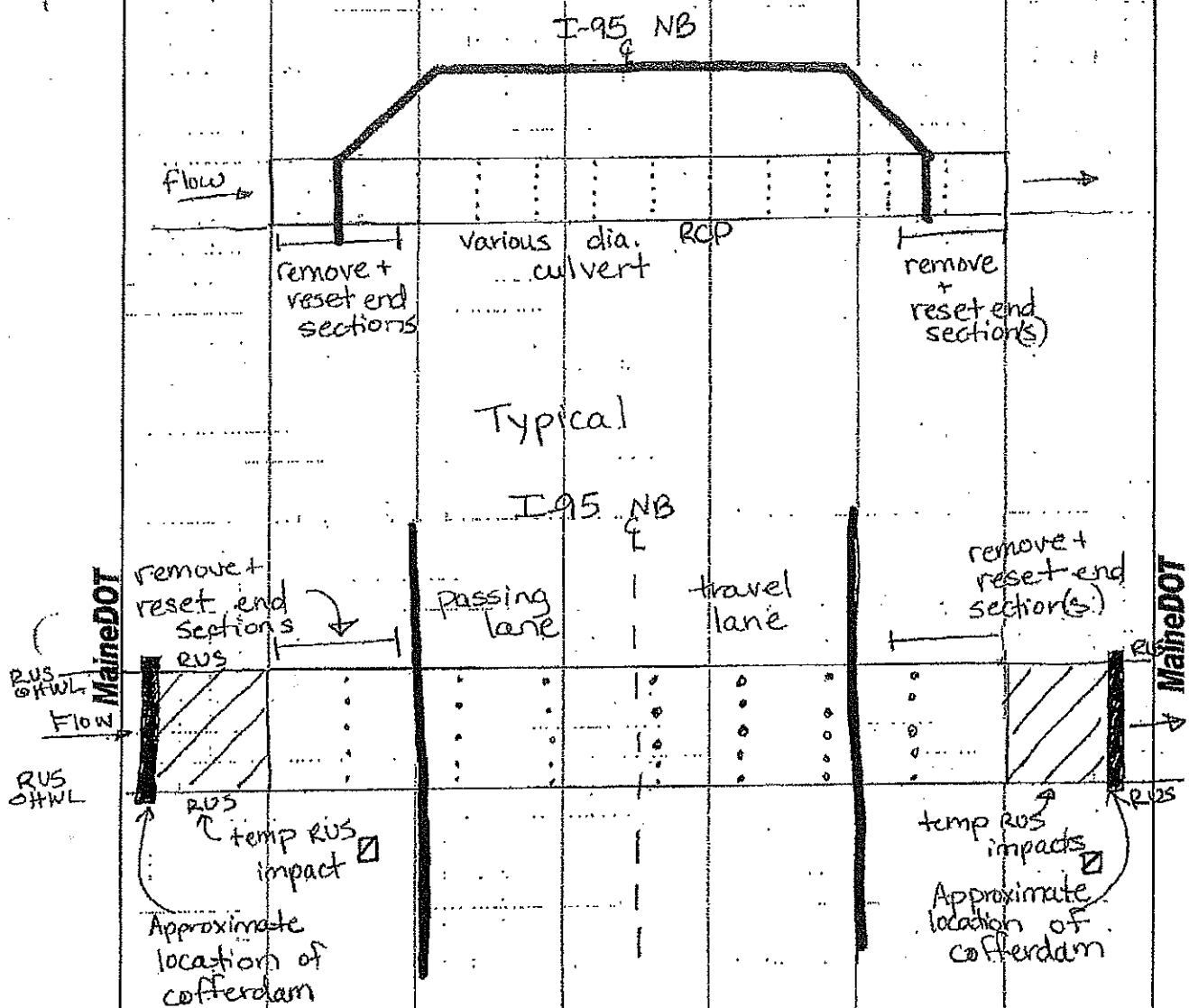
Section 6: Plans



Interstate 95 (northbound)
 WIN 22402.00
 Argyle Township- Howland, ME

PRELIM. BY ALTA DATE 12/3/18 PROJ. NO. WIN 22402.00 FILE NO. OF
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 ITEM NO. SUBJECT Revised 2/7/19

Section 6: Plans



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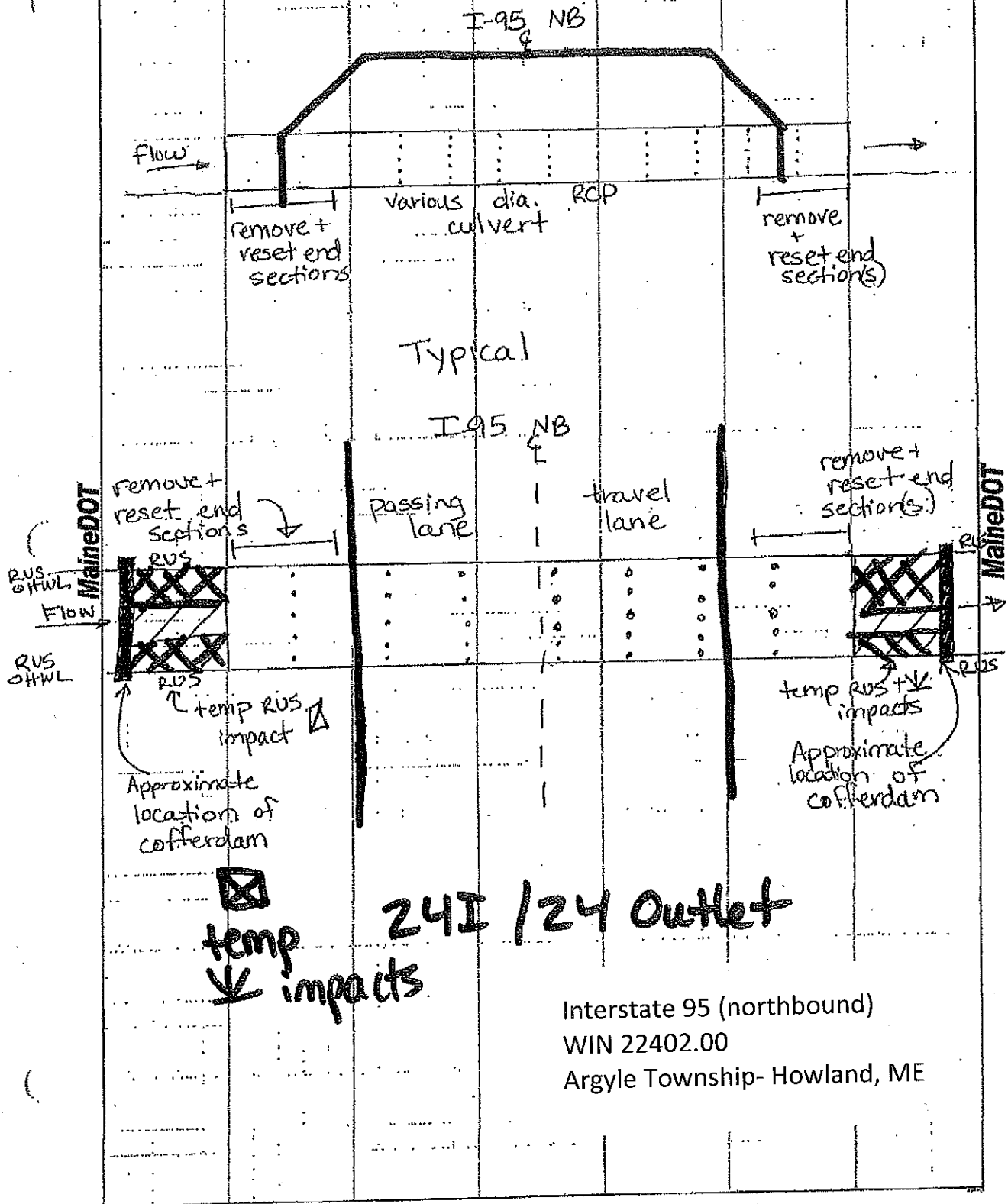
Interstate 95 (northbound)
 WIN 22402.00
 Argyle Township- Howland, ME

PRELIM. BY ALTA
FINAL CHK. BY
ITEM NO.

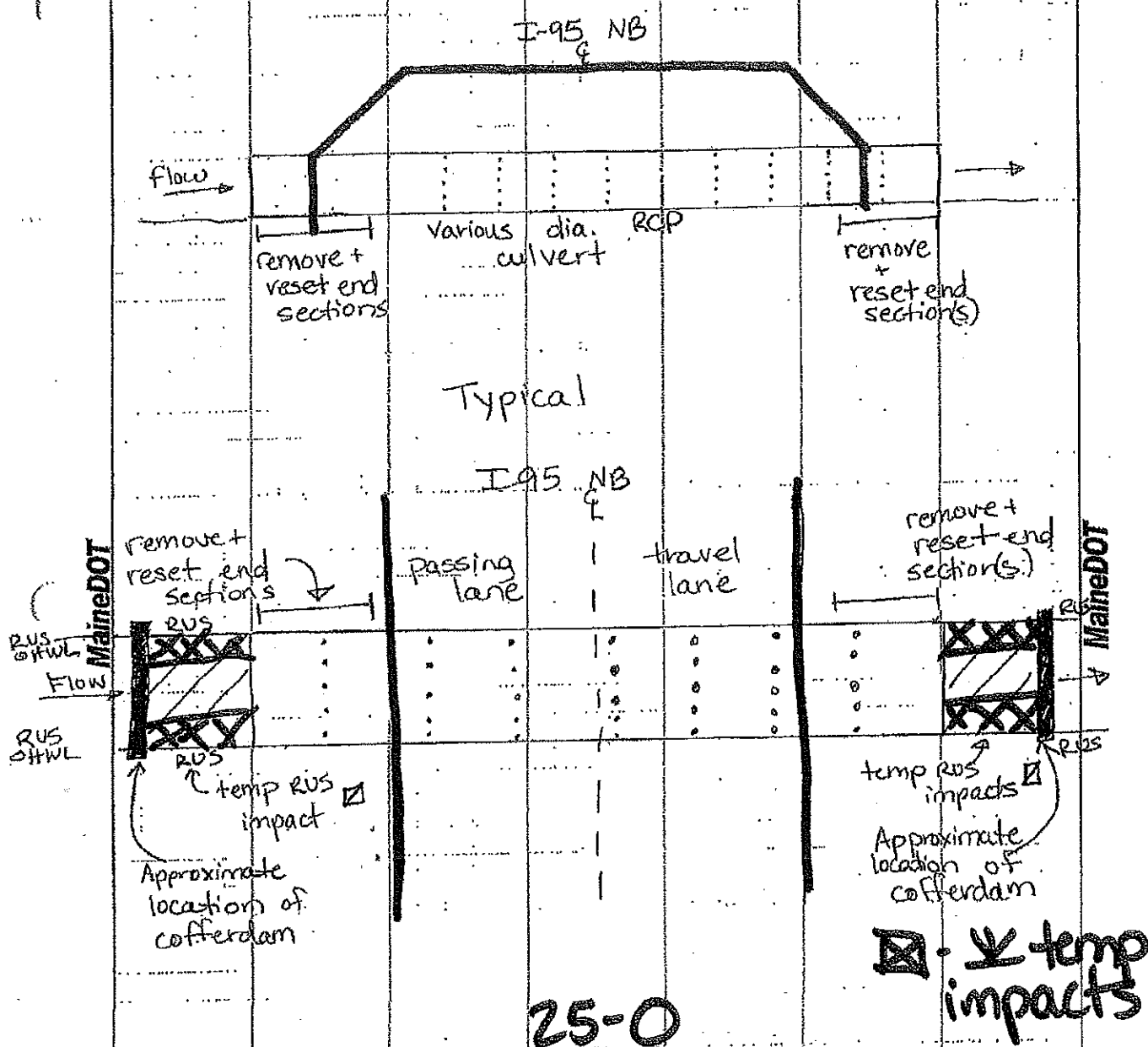
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DATE LOCATION Argyle Twp - Howland
SUBJECT Revised 2/7/19

FILE NO. OF
SHEET NO. OF

Section 6: Plans



Section 6: Plans



Interstate 95 (northbound)
 WIN 22402.00
 Argyle Township- Howland, ME

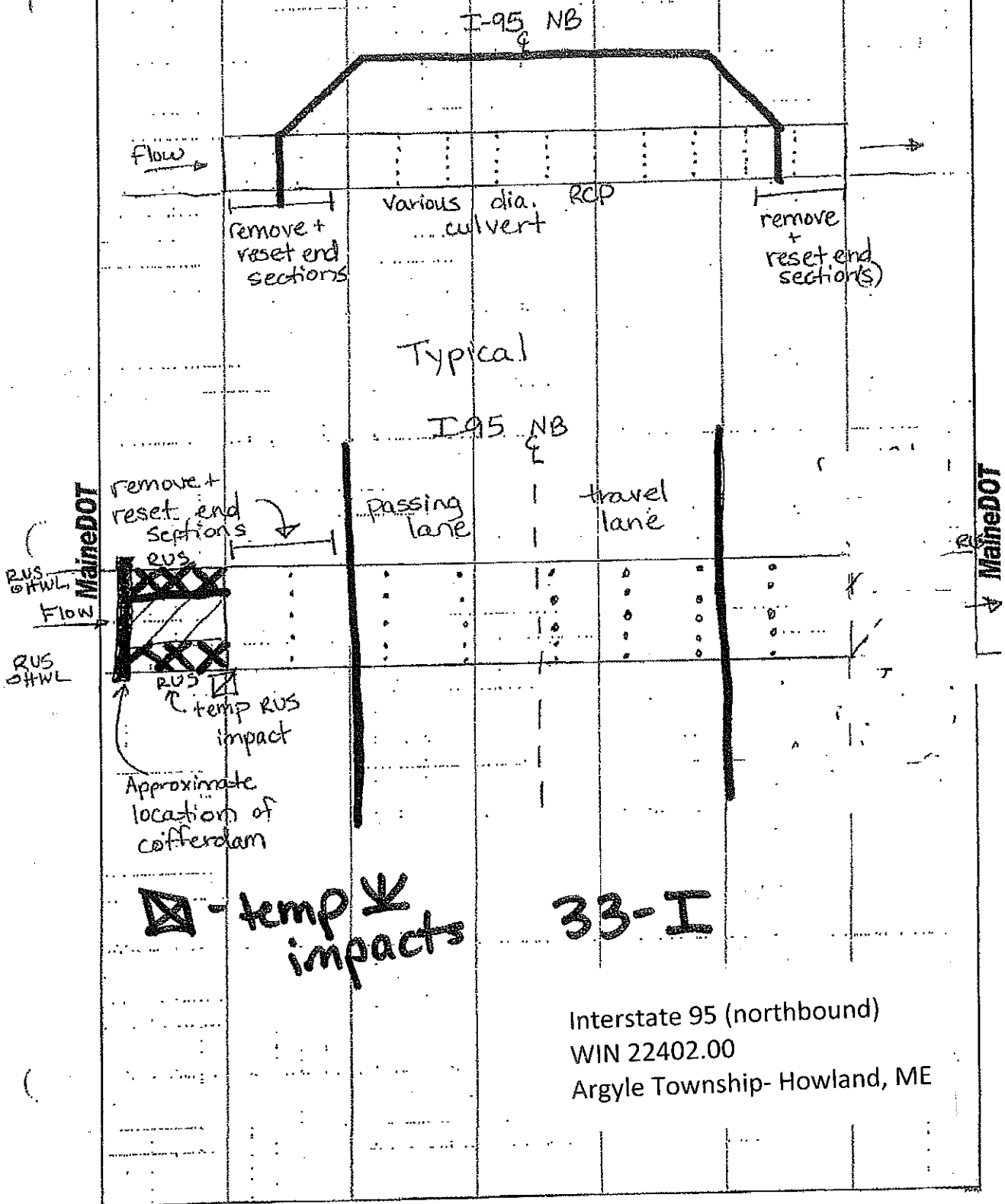
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FINAL CHK. BY
ITEM NO.

DATE 12/3/18
DATE
SUBJECT Revised 2/7/19

PROJ. NO. WIN 22402.00
LOCATION Argyle Twp - Howland
SUBJECT

FILE NO. OF
SHEET NO. OF

Section 6: Plans





**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**
New England District

**GENERAL PERMIT
WORK-START NOTIFICATION FORM**
(Minimum Notice: Two weeks before work begins)

* MAIL TO: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England District *
* Permits and Enforcement Branch *
* Regulatory Division *
* 696 Virginia Road *
* Concord, Massachusetts 01742-2751 *

Corps of Engineers Permit No. NAE-2018-03025 was issued to the Maine Dept. of Transportation on . This work is located in multiple unnamed streams and in their adjacent freshwater wetlands between Argyle Township and Howland, Maine. The permit authorized the permittee to place temporary fill in order to reset the ends of seven cross culverts beneath I-95 northbound. This work will result in approximately 510 s.f. of temporary stream bed impact and 205 s.f. of temporary wetland impact.

The people (e.g., contractor) listed below will do the work, and they understand the permit's conditions and limitations.

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE

Name of Person/Firm: _____

Business Address: _____

Telephone Numbers: () _____ () _____

Proposed Work Dates: Start: _____ Finish: _____

Permittee/Agent Signature: _____ **Date:** _____

Printed Name: _____ **Title:** _____

Date Permit Issued: _____ **Date Permit Expires:** _____

FOR USE BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS

PM: Clement _____ **Submittals Required:** No _____

Inspection Recommendation: Inspect as convenient _____



**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**
New England District

(Minimum Notice: Permittee must sign and return notification
within one month of the completion of work.)

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION FORM

Permit Number: NAE-2018-03025

Project Manager Clement

Name of Permittee: Maine Dept. of Transportation

Permit Issuance Date: _____

Please sign this certification and return it to the following address upon completion of the activity and any mitigation required by the permit. You must submit this after the mitigation is complete, but not the mitigation monitoring, which requires separate submittals.

* MAIL TO: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England District *
* Permits and Enforcement Branch C *
* Regulatory Division *
* 696 Virginia Road *
* Concord, Massachusetts 01742-2751 *

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by an U.S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. If you fail to comply with this permit you are subject to permit suspension, modification, or revocation.

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit was completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the above referenced permit, and any required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

Signature of Permittee

Date

Printed Name

Date of Work Completion

() _____
Telephone Number

() _____
Telephone Number



Environmental Summary Sheet

WIN: 22402.00

Date Submitted: 1/30/2020

Town: Argyle-Howland

CPD Team Leader: Audie Arbo

ENV Field Contact: Ryan Annis

NEPA Complete: Programmatic Categorical Exclusion per 23 CFR §771.117(c)(26) on 12/18/2018

☒ **Section 106**
Complete- PA-E
Section 106 Resources:

☒ **Section 4(f) and 6(f)**
Section 4(f)
Complete- no use
Section 6(f)
Complete- no takes

☐ **Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Essential Habitat**

Not Applicable

Timing Window: Not Applicable

☒ **Section 7**
Complete- Programmatic Consultation
Species of Concern: Atlantic salmon (not likely to adversely affect) and Northern long-eared bat (no effect)

☒ **Essential Fish Habitat**
Complete- Minimal adverse effects

☐ **Maine Department of Conservation/Public Lands, Submerged Land Lease**
Not Applicable

☐ **Maine Land Use Regulation Commission**
Not Applicable

☐ **Maine Department of Environmental Protection**
Exempt from permitting

**Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*

☒ **Army Corps of Engineers: Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.**
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Category 2 Permit # NAE-2018-03025, corrected 1/30/2020
-Work Start Notification form to be completed by ENV Field Contact and submitted to ACOE with copy to Kristen Chamberlain
-Compliance Certification Form to be completed by ENV Field Contact and submitted to ACOE with copy to Kristen Chamberlain

**Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*

☐ **Stormwater Review**
Not Applicable

☒ Special Provisions Required		
Special Provision 105-Environmental Requirements	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒
Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Disturbance	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Standard Specification 656-Erosion Control Plan	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒
Special Provision 203-Dredge Spec	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
General Note for Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 203-Special Fill-Streambed Materials	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 610-Stream Channel Rock	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 203-Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 105.9	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐

**All permits and approvals based on plans/scope as of: 10/9/2018*



Environmental Summary Sheet

WIN: 23617.10
Town: Argyle-Howland I-95 N
CPD Team Leader: Andrea Brady
ENV Field Contact: Ryan Annis

Date Submitted: 1/22/2020

NEPA Complete: 12/19/2018 Programmatic Categorical Exclusion

☒ **Section 106**
PA- E
Section 106 Resources: None

☒ **Section 4(f) and 6(f)**
Section 4(f)
Review Complete - No Use
Section 6(f)
Not Applicable - No Takes

☒ **Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Essential Habitat**

Not Applicable Timing Window:

☒ **Section 7**
No Effect
Species of Concern: Atlantic salmon DPS and CH
Comments/References: No effect (no in-water work)
Species of Concern: Northern long-eared bat
Comments/References: No tree clearing

☒ **Essential Fish Habitat**
Not applicable (no in-water work proposed)

☒ **Maine Department of Conservation/Public Lands, Submerged Land Lease**
Not Applicable

☒ **Maine Land Use Planning Commission**
No LUPC Permit Required
**Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*

☒ **Maine Department of Environmental Protection**
No DEP Permit Required
**Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*

☒ **Army Corps of Engineers, Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act.**
No ACOE Permit Required
**Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*

☒ **Stormwater Review**
Not applicable

☒ Special Provisions Required		
Special Provision 105-Timing of Work Restriction	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Disturbance	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Standard Specification 656-Erosion Control Plan	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒
Special Provision 203-Dredge Spec	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
General Note for Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 203-Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
Special Provision 105.9	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐

**All permits and approvals based on plans/scope as of: 1/22/2020*