

Updated 12/13/2021

FEDERAL PROJECT

BIDDING INSTRUCTIONS

FOR ALL PROJECTS:

1. Use pen and ink to complete all paper Bids.
2. As a minimum, the following must be received prior to the time of Bid opening:

For a Paper Bid:

- a) a copy of the Notice to Contractors, b) the completed Acknowledgement of Bid Amendments form, c) the completed Schedule of Items, d) two copies of the completed and signed Contract Offer, Agreement & Award form, e) a Bid Guaranty, (if required), and f) any other certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.

For an Electronic Bid:

NOTE: Not all projects accept Electronic Bids. Please review the Notice to Contractors and see if it specifically states that Electronic Bids will be accepted.

- a) a completed Bid using Expedite® software and submitted via the Bid Express™ web-based service, b) an electronic Bid Guaranty (if required) or a faxed copy of a Bid Bond (with original to be delivered within 72 hours), and c) any other Certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.
3. Include prices for all items in the Schedule of Items (excluding non-selected alternates).
 4. Bid Guaranty acceptable forms are:
 - a) a properly completed and signed Bid Bond on the Department's prescribed form (or on a form that does not contain any significant variations from the Department's form as determined by the Department) for 5% of the Bid Amount or
 - b) an Official Bank Check, Cashier's Check, Certified Check, U.S. Postal Money Order or Negotiable Certificate of Deposit in the amount stated in the Notice to Contractors or
 - c) an electronic bid bond submitted with an electronic bid.
 5. If a paper Bid is to be sent, "FedEx First Overnight" delivery is suggested as the package is delivered directly to the DOT Headquarters Building located at 16 Child Street in Augusta. Other means, such as U.S. Postal Service's Express Mail has proven not to be reliable.

IN ADDITION, FOR FEDERAL AID PROJECTS:

6. Complete the DBE Proposed Utilization form, and submit with your bid. If you are submitting your bid electronically, you must FAX the form to (207) 624-3431. This is a curable defect.

If you need further information regarding Bid preparation, call the DOT Contracts Section at (207) 624-3410.

For complete bidding requirements, refer to Section 102 of the Maine Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition.

NOTICE

The Maine Department of Transportation is attempting to improve the way Bid Amendments/Addendums are handled and allow for an electronic downloading of bid packages from our website, while continuing to maintain an optional plan holders list.

Prospective bidders, subcontractors or suppliers who wish to download a copy of the bid package and receive a courtesy notification of project specific bid amendments must fill out the on-line plan holder registration form and provide an email address to the MDOT Contracts mailbox at: MDOT.contracts@maine.gov. Each bid package will require a separate request.

Additionally, interested parties will be responsible for reviewing and retrieving the Bid Amendments from our web site, and acknowledging receipt and incorporating those Bid Amendments in their bids using the Acknowledgement of Bid Amendment Form.

The downloading of bid packages from the MDOT website is not the same as providing an electronic bid to the Department. Electronic bids must be submitted via <http://www.BIDX.com>. For information on electronic bidding contact Rebecca Snowden at rebecca.snowden@maine.gov or Guy Berthiaume at guy.berthiaume@maine.gov.

NOTICE

For security and other reasons, all Bid Packages which are mailed, shall be provided in double (one envelope inside the other) envelopes. The *Inner Envelope* shall have the following information provided on it:

Bid Enclosed - Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor with mailing address and telephone number:

In Addition to the usual address information, the *Outer Envelope* should have written or typed on it:

Double Envelope: Bid Enclosed

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor:

This should not be much of a change for those of you who use Federal Express or similar services.

Hand-carried Bids may be in one envelope as before, and should be marked with the following information:

Bid Enclosed: Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Name of Contractor:

October 16, 2001

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
Bid Guaranty-Bid Bond Form

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT _____

_____, of the City/Town of _____ and State of _____

as Principal, and _____ as Surety, a

Corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of _____ and having a usual place of

Business in _____ and hereby held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of

the State of Maine in the sum of _____, for payment which Principal and Surety bind

themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally.

The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted to the Maine Department of

Transportation, hereafter Department, a certain bid, attached hereto and incorporated as a

part herein, to enter into a written contract for the construction of _____

_____ and if the Department shall accept said bid

and the Principal shall execute and deliver a contract in the form attached hereto (properly

completed in accordance with said bid) and shall furnish bonds for this faithful performance of

said contract, and for the payment of all persons performing labor or furnishing material in

connection therewith, and shall in all other respects perform the agreement created by the

acceptance of said bid, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full

force, and effect.

Signed and sealed this _____ day of _____ 20____

WITNESS:

WITNESS

PRINCIPAL:

By _____

By: _____

By: _____

SURETY:

By _____

By: _____

Name of Local Agency: _____

NOTICE

Bidders:

Please use the attached “Request for Information” form when submitting questions concerning specific Contracts that have been advertised for Bid, include additional numbered pages as required. RFI’s may be faxed to 207-624-3431, submitted electronically through the Departments web page of advertised projects by selecting the RFI tab on the project details page or via e-mail to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov.

These are the only allowable mechanisms for answering Project specific questions. Maine DOT will not be bound to any answers to Project specific questions received during the Bidding phase through other processes.

When submitting RFIs by Email please follow the same guidelines as stated on the “Request for Information” form and include the word “RFI” along with the Project name and Identification number in the subject line.

RFI No: _____

Date _____ **Time** _____

WIN(S): _____ **Town(s):** _____ **Bid Date:** _____

Question(s):_____

Company Name: _____ **Phone: ()** _____

Email: _____ **Fax:** (____) _____

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NOTICE

Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization

The Apparent Low Bidder shall submit the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization form with their bid. This is a curable bid defect.

The Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan form contains additional information that is required by USDOT.

The Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan form should be used.

A copy of the new Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan and instructions for completing it are attached.

Note: Questions about DBE firms, or to obtain a printed copy of the DBE Directory, contact The Office of Civil Rights at (207) 624-3066.

MDOTs DBE Directory of Certified firms can also be obtained at <https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/>

INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING THE MaineDOT CONTRACTOR'S DBE/SUBCONTRACTOR UTILIZATION FORM

The Contractor Shall Extend equal opportunity to MaineDOT certified DBE firms (as listed in MaineDOT's DBE Directory of Certified Businesses) in the selection and utilization of Subcontractors and Suppliers.

SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FORM:

Insert Contractor name, the name of the person(s) preparing the form, and that person(s) telephone, fax number and e-mail address.

Calculate and provide percentage of your bid that will be allocated to DBE firms, Federal Project Identification Number, and location of the Project work.

In the columns, name each subcontractor, DBE and non-DBE firm to be used, provide the Unit/Item cost of the work/product to be provided by the subcontractor, give a brief description and the dollar value of the work.

Revised 1/12

DBE GOAL NOTICE FFY 2022-2024
Maine Department of Transportation
Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with US DOT regulation 49 CFR Part 26, the Maine Department of Transportation (MaineDOT) has established a Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program (DBE) for disadvantaged business participation in the federal-aid highway and bridge construction programs; MaineDOT contracts covered by the program include consulting, construction, supplies, manufacturing, and service contracts.

For FFY 2022-24 (October 1, 2021 through September 30, 2024) MaineDOT has established an annual DBE participation goal of **1.97%** to be achieved through race/gender neutral means. This goal has been approved by the Federal Highway Administration and remains in effect through September 30, 2024. MaineDOT must meet this goal each federal fiscal year. If the goal is not met, MaineDOT must provide a justification for not meeting the goal and provide a plan to ensure the goal is met, which may include contract goals on certain projects that contractors will be required to meet.

MaineDOT asks all contractors, consultants and subcontractors to seek certified DBE firms for projects and to work to meet the determined 1.97% goal without the need to impose contract goals. DBE firms are listed on the MaineDOT website at:

<http://www.maine.gov/mdot/disadvantaged-business-enterprises/pdf/directory.pdf>

Interested parties may view MaineDOT's DBE goal setting methodology, also posted on this website. If you have questions regarding this goal or the DBE program you may contact Sherry Tompkins at the Maine Department of Transportation, Civil Rights Office by telephone at (207) 624-3066 or by e-mail at: sherry.tompkins@maine.gov

**MaineDOT CONTRACTOR'S DBE/SUBCONTRACTOR
PROPOSED UTILIZATION FORM**

All Bidders must furnish this form with their bid on Bid Opening day

Contractor: _____ Telephone: _____ Ext _____

Contact Person: _____ Fax: _____

E-mail: _____

BID DATE: _____

FEDERAL PROJECT PIN # _____ PROJECT LOCATION: _____

TOTAL ANTICIPATED DBE _____% PARTICIPATION FOR THIS CONTRACT

W B E	D B E	Non DBE	Firm Name	Item Number & Description of Work	Quantity	Cost Per Unit/Item	Anticipated \$ Value
Subcontractor Total >							
DBE Total >							

**NOTE: THIS INFORMATION IS USED TO TRACK AND REPORT ANTICIPATED DBE PARTICIPATION IN ALL
FEDERALLY FUNDED MAINE DOT CONTRACTS. THE ANTICIPATED DBE AMOUNT IS VOLUNTARY AND WILL
NOT BECOME A PART OF THE CONTRACTUAL TERMS.**

Equal Opportunity Use:

Form received: ____/____/____ Verified by: _____

FHWA ☐

FTA ☐

FAA ☐

**For a complete list of certified firms and company designation (WBE/DBE) go to
<http://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/>**

Rev. 01/15

Maine Department of Transportation Civil Rights Office

Directory of Certified Disadvantaged Business Enterprises

Listing can be found at:

<https://www.maine.gov/mdot/civilrights/dbe/>

For additional information and guidance contact:

Civil Rights Office at (207) 624-3066

It is the responsibility of the Contractor to access the DBE Directory at this site in order to have the most current listing.

Vendor Registration

Prospective Bidders must register as a vendor with the Department of Administrative & Financial Services if the vendor is awarded a contract. Vendors will not be able to receive payment without first being registered. Vendors/Contractors will find information and register through the following link –

<http://www.maine.gov/purchases/venbid/index.shtml>

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS

Sealed Bids addressed to the Maine Department of Transportation, Augusta, Maine 04333 and endorsed on the wrapper "Bids for U.S. Route 1 Cousins River Bridge Replacement and Interstate 295 Northbound/ Cousins River Bridge Rehabilitation in the town of **FREEPORT** and **YARMOUTH**" will be received from contractors at the Reception Desk, MaineDOT Building, Capitol Street, Augusta, Maine, until 11:00 o'clock A.M. (prevailing time) on April 17, 2024, and at that time and place, publicly opened and read. Bids will be accepted from all bidders. The lowest responsive bidder must have completed, or successfully complete, a bridge prequalification, or project specific prequalification to be considered for the award of this contract. **We now accept electronic bids for bid packages posted on the bidx.com website. Electronic bids do not have to be accompanied by paper bids. Please note: The Department will accept a facsimile of the bid bond; however, the original bid bond must then be received at the MDOT Contract Section within 72 hours of the bid opening.** Until further notice, dual bids (one paper, one electronic) will be accepted, with the paper copy taking precedence.

Description: Maine Federal Aid Project No. STP-2172(500) WIN 021725.00, 2646200 WIN 026462.00

Location: In Cumberland County, U.S. Route 1 Cousins River Bridge (No. 2183) is located on the Freeport / Yarmouth town line, carrying US Route 1 over the Cousins River. Interstate 295 Northbound/Cousins River Bridge (No. 1137) over Cousins River located on the Freeport-Yarmouth town line.

Scope of Work: U.S. Route 1 Cousins River bridge replacement and Interstate 295 Northbound/ Cousins River bridge rehabilitation plus other incidental work.

For general information regarding Bidding and Contracting procedures, contact George Macdougall at (207) 624-3410. Our webpage at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/> contains a copy of the Schedule of Items, Plan Holders List, written portions of bid amendments, drawings, bid results and an electronic form for RFI submittal. For Project-specific information fax all questions to **Project Manager Andrew Lathe** at (207) 624-3431, use electronic RFI form or email questions to RFI-Contracts.MDOT@maine.gov, project name and identification number should be in the subject line. Questions received after 12:00 noon of Monday (or if that Monday is a state holiday, Friday) prior to bid date will not be answered. Bidders shall not contact any other Departmental staff for clarification of Contract provisions, and the Department will not be responsible for any interpretations so obtained. TTY users call Maine Relay 711.

Bid Documents, specifications and bid forms can be viewed and obtained digitally at no cost at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/>. They may be purchased from the Department between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. by cash, credit card (Visa/Mastercard) or check payable to Treasurer, State of Maine sent to Maine Department of Transportation, **Attn.: Mailroom**, 24 Child Street, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. Full size plans \$68.00 (\$73.50 by mail). Half size plans \$34.00 (\$37.25 by mail), Bid Book \$10 (\$13 by mail), Single Sheets \$2, payment in advance, all non-refundable.

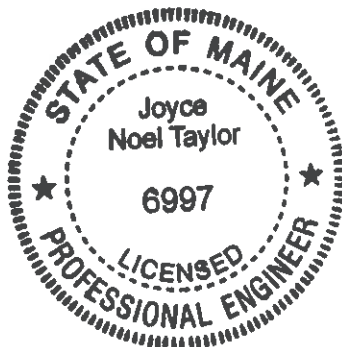
Each Bid must be made upon blank forms provided by the Department and must be accompanied by a bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or an official bank check, cashier's check, certified check, certificate of deposit, or United States postal money order in the amount of 5% of the bid amount, payable to Treasurer, State of Maine as a Bid guarantee. A Contract Performance Surety Bond and a Contract Payment Surety Bond, each in the amount of 100 percent of the Contract price, will be required of the successful Bidder.

This Contract is subject to all applicable Federal Laws. This contract is subject to compliance with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program requirements as set forth by the Maine Department of Transportation.

All work shall be governed by *State of Maine, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition*, price \$10 [\$15 by mail], and *Standard Details, March 2020 Edition*, price \$10 [\$15 by mail]. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 7:00 a.m. to 3:30 p.m. *Standard Detail* updates can be found at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/>.

The right is hereby reserved to the MaineDOT to reject any or all bids.

Augusta, Maine
March 27, 2024



JOYCE NOEL TAYLOR P. E.
CHIEF ENGINEER

SPECIAL PROVISION 102.7.3
ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF BID AMENDMENTS

With this form, the Bidder acknowledges its responsibility to check for all Amendments to the Bid Package. For each Project under Advertisement, Amendments are located at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractors/> . It is the responsibility of the Bidder to determine if there are Amendments to the Project, to download them, to incorporate them into their Bid Package, and to reference the Amendment number and the date on the form below. The Maine DOT will not post Bid Amendments any later than noon the day before Bid opening without individually notifying all the planholders.

Amendment Number	Date

The Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby acknowledges that it has received all of the above referenced Amendments to the Bid Package.

CONTRACTOR

Date

Signature of authorized representative

(Name and Title Printed)

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Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0010	202.13 REMOVING EXISTING RAILINGS (RETAINED BY DEPARTMENT)	195.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0020	202.19 REMOVING EXISTING BRIDGE	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM		_____	_____
0030	202.202 REMOVING PAVEMENT SURFACE	1,912.000 SY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0040	203.20 COMMON EXCAVATION	5,900.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0050	203.24 COMMON BORROW	1,250.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0060	203.25 GRANULAR BORROW	310.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0070	203.4338 LIGHTWEIGHT FILL FOAMED GLASS AGGREGATE	2,900.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0080	206.082 STRUCTURAL EARTH EXCAVATION - MAJOR STRUCTURES	240.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0090	304.10 AGGREGATE SUBBASE COURSE - GRAVEL	4,800.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0100	403.2081 12.5 MM POLYMER MODIFIED HOT MIX ASPHALT	593.000 T	_____	_____	_____	_____
0110	403.209 HOT MIX ASPHALT 9.5 MM (SIDEWALKS, DRIVES, INCIDENTALS)	330.000 T	_____	_____	_____	_____
0120	403.2131 12.5 MM POLYMER MODIFIED HMA BASE	1,285.000 T	_____	_____	_____	_____

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0130	409.15 BITUMINOUS TACK COAT - APPLIED	451.000 G	_____	_____	_____	_____
0140	461.131 TEMPORARY PAVEMENT	80.000 T	_____	_____	_____	_____
0150	501.231 DYNAMIC LOADING TEST	4.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0160	501.301 STEEL SHEET PILING	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	_____	_____	_____
0170	501.50 STEEL H-BEAM PILES 89 LBS/FT, DELIVERED	1,400.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0180	501.501 STEEL H-BEAM PILES 89 LBS/FT, IN PLACE	1,300.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0190	501.90 PILE TIPS	14.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0200	501.91 PILE SPLICES	28.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0210	501.92 PILE DRIVING EQUIPMENT MOBILIZATION	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	_____	_____	_____
0220	502.219 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE, ABUTMENTS AND RETAINING WALLS	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	_____	_____	_____
0230	502.261 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE ROADWAY & SIDEWALK SLAB ON CONCRETE BRIDGE	LUMP SUM	LUMP SUM	_____	_____	_____

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Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0240	502.31 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE APPROACH SLABS	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0250	502.77 FIBER REINFORCED POLYMER BRIDGE DRAIN - TYPE: A	2.000 EA				
0260	503.17 MECHANICAL WELDED SPLICE	556.000 EA				
0270	503.19 LOW-CARBON, CHROMIUM REINFORCEMENT - FABRICATED & DELIVERED	75,200.000 LB				
0280	503.20 LOW-CARBON, CHROMIUM REINFORCEMENT - PLACING	75,200.000 LB				
0290	506.1775 FIELD PAINTING	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0300	507.0833 BARRIER MOUNTED BRIDGE RAIL, BICYCLE	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0310	507.0848 BARRIER-MOUNTED STEEL BRIDGE RAILING, 2 BAR	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0320	508.14 HIGH PERFORMANCE WATERPROOFING MEMBRANE	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0330	511.07 COFFERDAM: ABUT NO.1	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0340	511.07 COFFERDAM: ABUT NO.2	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0350	515.21 PROTECTIVE COATING FOR CONCRETE SURFACES	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0360	518.50 REPAIR OF UPWARD FACING SURFACES - TO REINFORCING STEEL < 8 IN.	110.000 SF				
0370	518.51 REPAIR OF UPWARD FACING SURFACES - BELOW REINFORCING STEEL < 8 IN.	33.000 SF				
0380	519.60 EXPANSION DEVICE - ASPHALTIC PLUG JOINT	68.000 LF				
0390	523.52 BEARING INSTALLATION	12.000 EA				
0400	523.5401 LAMINATED ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS, FIXED	6.000 EA				
0410	523.5402 LAMINATED ELASTOMERIC BEARINGS, EXPANSION	6.000 EA				
0420	524.301 TEMPORARY STRUCTURAL SUPPORT BR NO. 1137	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0430	524.301 TEMPORARY STRUCTURAL SUPPORT BR NO. 2183	LUMP SUM		LUMP SUM		
0440	526.302 PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER	365.000 LF				

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Proposal Schedule of Items

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0450	526.305 PORTABLE CONCRETE BARRIER, BRACED TYPE 1	LUMP SUM	LUMP	SUM	_____	_____
0460	526.341 PERMANENT CONCRETE BARRIER SPECIAL	LUMP SUM	LUMP	SUM	_____	_____
0470	527.34 WORK ZONE CRASH CUSHIONS	4.000 UN	_____	_____	_____	_____
0480	535.61 PRESTRESSED STRUCTURAL CONCRETE I-GIRDERS	LUMP SUM	LUMP	SUM	_____	_____
0490	603.159 12 INCH CULVERT PIPE OPTION III	47.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0500	603.195 24 INCH REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CLASS III	24.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0510	604.092 CATCH BASIN TYPE B1-C	3.250 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0520	604.252 CATCH BASIN TYPE A5-C	2.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0530	604.262 CATCH BASIN TYPE B5-C	1.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0540	605.11 12 INCH UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	1,061.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0550	606.1301 31" W-BM GR, MID-WAY SPLICE-SGL FACED	1,463.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0560	606.1305 31" W-BM GR, MID-WAY SPLICE FLARED TERMINAL	3.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0570	606.1306 31" W-BM GR, MID-WAY SPLICE TANGENT TERMINAL	1.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0580	606.1307 BRIDGE TRANSITION (ASYMMETRICAL) - TYPE 1A	4.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0590	606.353 REFLECTORIZED FLEXIBLE GUARDRAIL MARKER	7.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0600	606.47 SINGLE WOOD POST	1.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0610	607.16 CHAIN LINK FENCE - 4 FOOT	823.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0620	607.25 REMOVE AND RESET CHAIN LINK FENCE	500.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0630	607.41 PROTECTIVE WOOD FENCE	200.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____
0640	609.31 CURB TYPE 3	920.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0650	609.312 SPECIAL CURB PRECAST CONC VERT CURB 20 INCH	120.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0660	609.312 SPECIAL CURB PRECAST CONC VERT CURB 36 INCH	78.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0670	610.08 PLAIN RIPRAP	360.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0680	610.16 HEAVY RIPRAP	1,950.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____

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Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0690	610.18 STONE DITCH PROTECTION	10.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0700	613.319 EROSION CONTROL BLANKET	1,200.000 SY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0710	615.07 LOAM	170.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0720	618.14 SEEDING METHOD NUMBER 2	20.000 UN	_____	_____	_____	_____
0730	619.12 MULCH	20.000 UN	_____	_____	_____	_____
0740	619.14 EROSION CONTROL MIX	410.000 CY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0750	620.58 EROSION CONTROL GEOTEXTILE	1,550.000 SY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0760	620.65 REINFORCEMENT GEOGRID	1,950.000 SY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0770	620.66 DRAINAGE GEOCOMPOSITE	100.000 SY	_____	_____	_____	_____
0780	627.18 12 " SOLID WHITE PAVEMENT MARKING	24.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0790	627.733 4" WHITE OR YELLOW PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE	4,550.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0800	627.77 REMOVING PAVEMENT MARKINGS	450.000 SF	_____	_____	_____	_____

3/18/2024

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 8 of 9

Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0810	627.78 TEMPORARY 4 INCH PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE, WHITE OR YELLOW	1,950.000 LF	_____	_____	_____	_____
0820	629.05 HAND LABOR, STRAIGHT TIME	50.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0830	631.10 AIR COMPRESSOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	30.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0840	631.11 AIR TOOL (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	30.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0850	631.12 ALL PURPOSE EXCAVATOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	40.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0860	631.14 GRADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	40.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0870	631.15 ROLLER, EARTH AND BASE COURSE (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	40.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0880	631.172 TRUCK - LARGE (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	40.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0890	631.22 FRONT END LOADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	30.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0900	631.32 CULVERT CLEANER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	32.000 HR	_____	_____	_____	_____
0910	639.18 FIELD OFFICE TYPE A	1.000 EA	_____	_____	_____	_____

3/18/2024

Maine Department of Transportation

Proposal Schedule of Items

Page 9 of 9

Proposal ID: 021725.00

Project(s): 021725.00, 026462.00

SECTION: 1 INITIAL GROUP

Alt Set ID:

Alt Mbr ID:

Contractor: _____

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price		Bid Amount	
			Dollars	Cents	Dollars	Cents
0920	643.72 TEMPORARY TRAFFIC SIGNAL	LUMP SUM				
0930	652.30 FLASHING ARROW BOARD	2.000 EA				
0940	652.312 TYPE III BARRICADE	10.000 EA				
0950	652.33 DRUM	200.000 EA				
0960	652.34 CONE	120.000 EA				
0970	652.35 CONSTRUCTION SIGNS	2,180.000 SF				
0980	652.361 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES	LUMP SUM				
0990	652.38 FLAGGER	700.000 HR				
1000	652.41 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	3.000 EA				
1010	656.75 TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL	LUMP SUM				
1020	659.10 MOBILIZATION	LUMP SUM				
Section: 1			Total:			
			Total Bid:			

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

_____ a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of _____, with its principal place of business located at _____

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, WIN **021725.00** for **US Route 1 Cousins River Bridge Replacement** and WIN **026462.00** for **Interstate 295 Northbound Cousins River Bridge Rehabilitation** in the town of **Freeport** and **Yarmouth**, County of **Cumberland**, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work; performing construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation; providing all required documentation at the conclusion of the project; warranting its work; and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract. Payment shall be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work for **WIN 021725.00**, on or before **November 30, 2026**. The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work for **WIN 026462.00**, on or before **May 16, 2025**. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is _____

\$_____ Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, Standard Details March 2020 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition*, *Standard Details March 2020 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of: **WIN 021725.00, US Route 1 Cousins River Bridge replacement and WIN 026462.00, Interstate 295 Northbound Cousins River Bridge rehabilitation plus other incidental work**, State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the “Notice to Contractors” do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached “Schedule of Items.”

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached “Schedule of Items” in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached “Schedule of Items,” which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a “Force Account” basis as provided in the *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition*, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier’s check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the “Notice to Contractors”, payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the *Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition* and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and

submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

Date

(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative
of the Contractor)

Witness

(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted.
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Date

By: Bruce A. Van Note, Commissioner

Witness

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

_____ a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of _____, with its principal place of business located at _____

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, WIN **021725.00** for **US Route 1 Cousins River Bridge Replacement** and WIN **026462.00** for **Interstate 295 Northbound Cousins River Bridge Rehabilitation** in the town of **Freeport** and **Yarmouth**, County of **Cumberland**, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work; performing construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation; providing all required documentation at the conclusion of the project; warranting its work; and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract. Payment shall be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work for **WIN 021725.00**, on or before **November 30, 2026**. The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work for **WIN 026462.00**, on or before **May 16, 2025**. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is _____

\$_____ Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, Standard Details March 2020 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition*, *Standard Details March 2020 Edition* as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of: **WIN 021725.00, US Route 1 Cousins River Bridge replacement and WIN 026462.00, Interstate 295 Northbound Cousins River Bridge rehabilitation plus other incidental work**, State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the “Notice to Contractors” do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached “Schedule of Items.”

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached “Schedule of Items” in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached “Schedule of Items,” which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a “Force Account” basis as provided in the *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition*, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier’s check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the “Notice to Contractors”, payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the *Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition* and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and

submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

Date

(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative
of the Contractor)

Witness

(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted.
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Date

By: Bruce A. Van Note, Commissioner

Witness

CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

(Name of the firm bidding the job)

a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of Maine, with its principal place of business located at **(address of the firm bidding the job)**

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

A. The Work.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, PIN No.01 **12345.00**, for the **Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay** in the town/city of **South Nowhere**, County of **Washington**, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

B. Time.

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before **November 15, 2006**. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the *State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition* and related Special Provisions.

C. Price.

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is (Place bid here in alphabetical form such as One Hundred and Two dollars and 10 cents)
\$ (repeat bid here in numerical terms, such as \$102.10) Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

D. Contract.

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, Standard Details March 2020 Edition*, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

E. Certifications.

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in Appendix A to Division 100 of the *Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition* (Federal Contract Provisions Supplement), and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

F. Offer.

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition, Standard Details March 2020 Edition*, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

PIN 012345.00 South Nowhere, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay,

State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items."

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items," which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the *Standard Specifications, March 2020 Edition*, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors", payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the *Standard Specifications March 2020 Edition* and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

Date

(Witness Sign Here)
Witness

CONTRACTOR

(Sign Here)
(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative
of the Contractor)

(Print Name Here)
(Name and Title Printed)

G. Award.

Your offer is hereby accepted.
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Date

By: Bruce A. Van Note, Commissioner

(Witness)

BOND # _____

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND
(Surety Company Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That _____
_____ in the State of _____, as principal,
and _____,
a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of _____ and having a
usual place of business _____,
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of the State of Maine in the sum
of _____ and 00/100 Dollars (\$ _____),
to be paid said Treasurer of the State of Maine or his successors in office, for which
payment well and truly to be made, Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs,
executors and administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally by these
presents.

The condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal designated as Contractor in
the Contract to construct Project Number _____ in the Municipality of _____
promptly and faithfully performs the Contract, then this
obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

The Surety hereby waives notice of any alteration or extension of time made by the State
of Maine.

Signed and sealed this _____ day of _____, 20....

WITNESSES:

Signature.....
Print Name Legibly

Signature

SURETY ADDRESS:

.....
.....
.....

TELEPHONE.....

SIGNATURES:

CONTRACTOR:

.....
Print Name Legibly

SURETY:

.....
Print Name Legibly

NAME OF LOCAL AGENCY:

ADDRESS

BOND # _____

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND
(Surety Company Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That _____
_____ **in the State of** _____, as principal,
and.....
a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of and having a
usual place of business in
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of the State of Maine for the use
and benefit of claimants as herein below defined, in the sum of
_____ **and 00/100 Dollars (\$** _____ **)**
for the payment whereof Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors and
administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally by these presents.

The condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal designated as Contractor in
the Contract to construct Project Number _____ in the Municipality of
_____ promptly satisfies all claims and demands incurred for all
labor and material, used or required by him in connection with the work contemplated by
said Contract, and fully reimburses the obligee for all outlay and expense which the
obligee may incur in making good any default of said Principal, then this obligation shall
be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

A claimant is defined as one having a direct contract with the Principal or with a
Subcontractor of the Principal for labor, material or both, used or reasonably required for
use in the performance of the contract.

Signed and sealed this day of, 20

WITNESS:

SIGNATURES:

CONTRACTOR:

Signature.....

.....

Print Name Legibly

Print Name Legibly

SURETY:

Signature.....

.....

Print Name Legibly

Print Name Legibly

SURETY ADDRESS:

NAME OF LOCAL AGENCY:

.....

ADDRESS

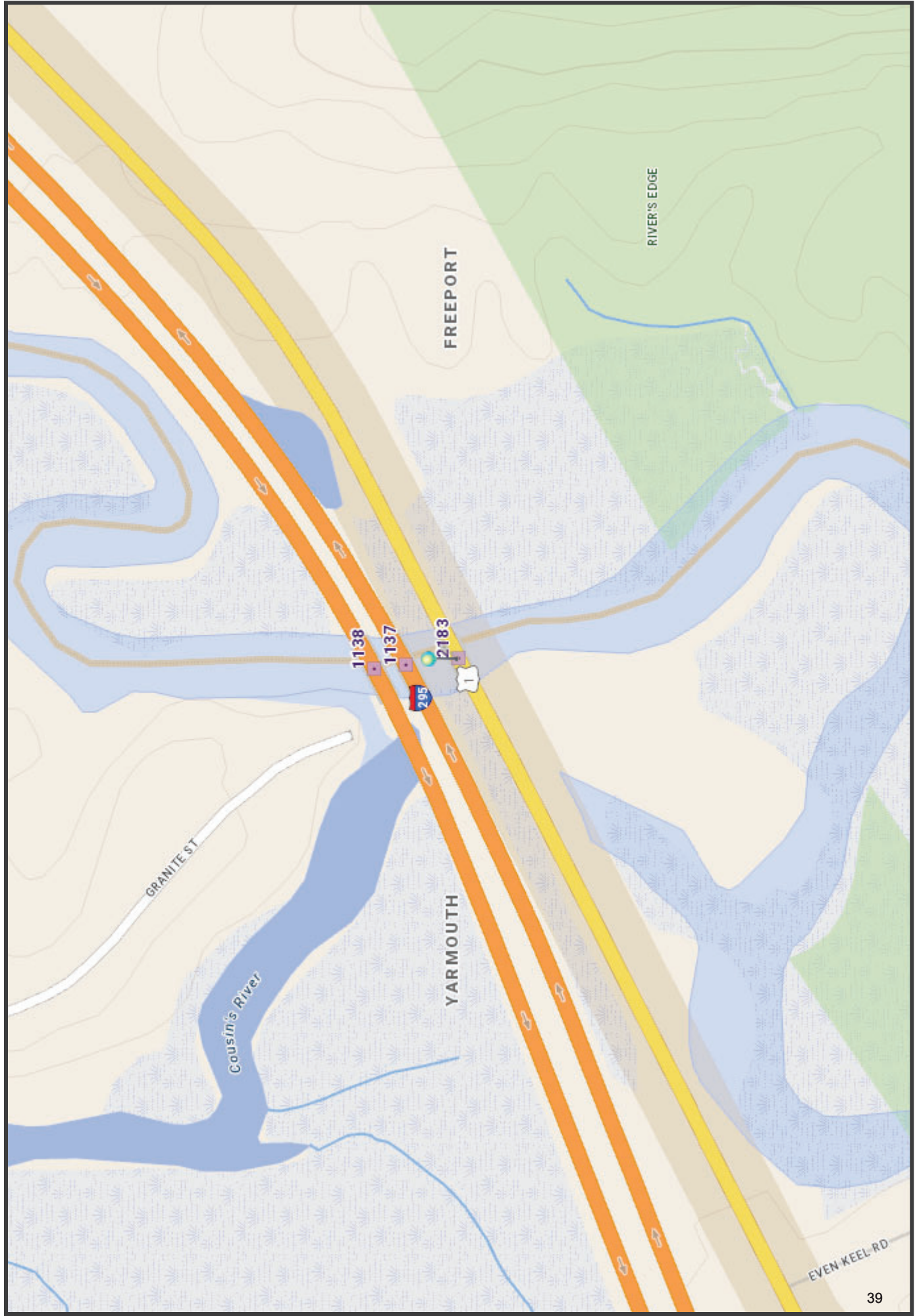
.....

.....

TELEPHONE

.....

BRIDGE NO. 1137 & 2183



The Maine Department of Transportation provides this publication for information only. Reliance upon this information is at user risk. It is subject to revision and may be incomplete depending upon changing conditions. The Department assumes no liability if injuries or damages result from this information. This map is not intended to support emergency dispatch.

0.1 Miles
1 inch = 0.07 miles

Date: 3/5/2024
Time: 2:24:36 PM

"General Decision Number: ME20240046 01/05/2024

Superseded General Decision Number: ME20230046

State: Maine

Construction Type: Highway

County: Cumberland County in Maine.

HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS

Note: Contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act are generally required to pay at least the applicable minimum wage rate required under Executive Order 14026 or Executive Order 13658. Please note that these Executive Orders apply to covered contracts entered into by the federal government that are subject to the Davis-Bacon Act itself, but do not apply to contracts subject only to the Davis-Bacon Related Acts, including those set forth at 29 CFR 5.1(a)(1).

If the contract is entered into on or after January 30, 2022, or the contract is renewed or extended (e.g., an option is exercised) on or after January 30, 2022:	. Executive Order 14026 generally applies to the contract. . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$17.20 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on the contract in 2024.
If the contract was awarded on or between January 1, 2015 and January 29, 2022, and the contract is not renewed or extended on or after January 30, 2022:	. Executive Order 13658 generally applies to the contract. . The contractor must pay all covered workers at least \$12.90 per hour (or the applicable wage rate listed on this wage determination, if it is higher) for all hours spent performing on that contract in 2024.

The applicable Executive Order minimum wage rate will be adjusted annually. If this contract is covered by one of the Executive Orders and a classification considered necessary for performance of work on the contract does not appear on this wage determination, the contractor must still submit a conformance request.

Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the Executive Orders is available at <http://www.dol.gov/whd/govcontracts>.

Modification Number Publication Date
0 01/05/2024

SUME2014-041 06/23/2017

	Rates	Fringes
CARPENTER, Includes Form Work....	\$ 18.95	3.23
CEMENT MASON/CONCRETE FINISHER...	\$ 19.27	1.13
ELECTRICIAN.....	\$ 26.40	6.66
HIGHWAY/PARKING LOT STRIPING:		
Laborer.....	\$ 15.53 **	2.04
INSTALLER - GUARDRAIL.....	\$ 19.98	2.55
IRONWORKER, REINFORCING.....	\$ 21.85	0.00
IRONWORKER, STRUCTURAL.....	\$ 22.33	4.50
LABORER: Asphalt, Includes Raker, Shoveler, Spreader and Distributor.....	\$ 17.44	2.07
LABORER: Common or General.....	\$ 15.29 **	2.08
LABORER: Epoxy Injector (Concrete).....	\$ 13.43 **	1.15
LABORER: Wheelman.....	\$ 20.34	3.43
OPERATOR: Backhoe/Excavator/Trackhoe.....	\$ 21.07	4.39
OPERATOR: Bobcat/Skid Steer/Skid Loader.....	\$ 21.97	1.74
OPERATOR: Broom/Sweeper.....	\$ 19.02	0.00
OPERATOR: Bulldozer.....	\$ 21.71	5.67
OPERATOR: Grader/Blade.....	\$ 27.40	8.13
OPERATOR: Loader.....	\$ 19.95	2.86
OPERATOR: Mechanic.....	\$ 24.69	8.18
OPERATOR: Milling Machine.....	\$ 28.51	5.44

OPERATOR: Paver (Asphalt, Aggregate, and Concrete).....	\$ 19.98	4.95
OPERATOR: Roller (Earth).....	\$ 18.57	2.50
OPERATOR: Roller Asphalt.....	\$ 19.30	4.09
TRAFFIC CONTROL: Flagger.....	\$ 9.00 **	0.00
TRAFFIC CONTROL: Laborer-Cones/ Barricades/Barrels - Setter/Mover/Sweeper.....	\$ 17.02 **	5.37
TRUCK DRIVER: Dump Truck.....	\$ 16.71 **	2.80

WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.

=====

** Workers in this classification may be entitled to a higher minimum wage under Executive Order 14026 (\$17.20) or 13658 (\$12.90). Please see the Note at the top of the wage determination for more information. Please also note that the minimum wage requirements of Executive Order 14026 are not currently being enforced as to any contract or subcontract to which the states of Texas, Louisiana, or Mississippi, including their agencies, are a party.

Note: Executive Order (EO) 13706, Establishing Paid Sick Leave for Federal Contractors applies to all contracts subject to the Davis-Bacon Act for which the contract is awarded (and any solicitation was issued) on or after January 1, 2017. If this contract is covered by the EO, the contractor must provide employees with 1 hour of paid sick leave for every 30 hours they work, up to 56 hours of paid sick leave each year. Employees must be permitted to use paid sick leave for their own illness, injury or other health-related needs, including preventive care; to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is ill, injured, or has other health-related needs, including preventive care; or for reasons resulting from, or to assist a family member (or person who is like family to the employee) who is a victim of, domestic violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Additional information on contractor requirements and worker protections under the EO is available at <https://www.dol.gov/agencies/whd/government-contracts>.

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (iii)).

The body of each wage determination lists the classification and wage rates that have been found to be prevailing for the cited type(s) of construction in the area covered by the wage determination. The classifications are listed in alphabetical order of ""identifiers"" that indicate whether the particular rate is a union rate (current union negotiated rate for local), a survey rate (weighted average rate) or a union average rate (weighted union average rate).

Union Rate Identifiers

A four letter classification abbreviation identifier enclosed in dotted lines beginning with characters other than ""SU"" or ""UAVG"" denotes that the union classification and rate were prevailing for that classification in the survey. Example: PLUM0198-005 07/01/2014. PLUM is an abbreviation identifier of the union which prevailed in the survey for this classification, which in this example would be Plumbers. 0198 indicates the local union number or district council number where applicable, i.e., Plumbers Local 0198. The next number, 005 in the example, is an internal number used in processing the wage determination. 07/01/2014 is the effective date of the most current negotiated rate, which in this example is July 1, 2014.

Union prevailing wage rates are updated to reflect all rate changes in the collective bargaining agreement (CBA) governing this classification and rate.

Survey Rate Identifiers

Classifications listed under the ""SU"" identifier indicate that no one rate prevailed for this classification in the survey and the published rate is derived by computing a weighted average rate based on all the rates reported in the survey for that classification. As this weighted average rate includes all rates reported in the survey, it may include both union and non-union rates. Example: SULA2012-007 5/13/2014. SU indicates the rates are survey rates based on a weighted average calculation of rates and are not majority rates. LA indicates the State of Louisiana. 2012 is the year of survey on which these classifications and rates are based. The next number, 007 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 5/13/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

Survey wage rates are not updated and remain in effect until a new survey is conducted.

Union Average Rate Identifiers

Classification(s) listed under the UAVG identifier indicate that no single majority rate prevailed for those classifications; however, 100% of the data reported for the classifications was union data. EXAMPLE: UAVG-OH-0010 08/29/2014. UAVG indicates that the rate is a weighted union average rate. OH indicates the state. The next number, 0010 in the example, is an internal number used in producing the wage determination. 08/29/2014 indicates the survey completion date for the classifications and rates under that identifier.

A UAVG rate will be updated once a year, usually in January of each year, to reflect a weighted average of the current negotiated/CBA rate of the union locals from which the rate is based.

WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- * an existing published wage determination
- * a survey underlying a wage determination
- * a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- * a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour National Office because National Office has responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations
Wage and Hour Division
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator
U.S. Department of Labor

200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board
U.S. Department of Labor
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.
Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

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END OF GENERAL DECISION"

MaineDOT DBE Project Attainment Target (PAT) for this Project is <u>.068 %</u>
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The MaineDOT seeks to meet the specified annual Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) usage goal set out by 49 CFR 26.45 through the efforts of contractors seeking to employ qualified DBE subcontractors. We seek to meet this goal by race neutral means and do not, at this time, use contract specific requirements for each project. We do however, understand the capacity of Maine's DBE community and the unique characteristics a project may have that would differ from the broad annual goal.

Taking this into consideration, the MaineDOT will review each project and develop an anticipated attainment or Project Attainment Target (PAT) based on several factors that are project specific. Those factors include:

- ☐ Scope of Work
- ☐ DBE availability according to Specification Item
- ☐ Geographic location
- ☐ DBE capacity

This PAT is developed to assist contractors to better understand the DBE participation that the MaineDOT can reasonably expect for a specific project. The PAT is NOT a mandate but an assessment of the DBE opportunities that this project could meet or exceed. MaineDOT anticipates that each contractor will make the best effort to reach or exceed the PAT for this project.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
SECTION 104
Utilities

UTILITY COORDINATION

The contractor has primary responsibility for coordinating their work with utilities after contract award. The contractor shall communicate directly with the utilities regarding any utility work necessary to maintain the contractor's schedule and prevent project construction delays. The contractor shall notify the resident of any issues.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLAN AND CONDUCT WORK ACCORDINGLY.

MEETING

A Preconstruction Utility Conference, as defined in Subsection 104.4.6 of the Standard Specifications **IS** required.

GENERAL INFORMATION

These Special Provisions outline the arrangements that have been made by the Department for utility and/or railroad work to be undertaken in conjunction with this project. The following list identifies all known utilities or railroads having facilities presently located within the limits of this project or intending to install facilities during project construction.

Utilities have been notified and will be furnished a project specification.

The Contractor shall give all Utilities **ten (10) working days' notice** prior to beginning **ANY** work on this project.

OVERVIEW

Utility	Aerial	Subsurface	Contact Person	Contact Phone
Central Maine Power	x	x	Chris Turgeon	(207) 530-1261
Consolidated Communication	x	x	Martin Pease	(207) 535-4208
Comcast	x		Kendall Blodgett	(207) 522-7385
Firstlight	x	x	Mike Ellingwood	(207) 333-3471
GWI/Biddeford Internet Corp.	x		Thomas Gilmore	(207) 494-2135
Gonetspeed	x	x	Jim Knight	(207) 688-8284
Maine Water Company		x	Dillon Dougherty	(207) 590-0219
Mainecom Services	x		Mike Atwater	(207) 557-1591
Oxford Networks	x		Keith Ellis	(207) 333-3473
Yarmouth Water District		x	Eric Gagnon	(207) 846-5821
Yarmouth, Town Of		x	Chris Cline	(207) 846-2415

Temporary utility adjustments **ARE** anticipated. If any unexpected utility relocations become necessary, they shall be scheduled in accordance with Section 104 of the Standard Specifications and shall be performed by the appropriate utility company in conjunction with the work by the Contractor. Should the Contractor choose to have any poles temporarily relocated, all work shall be done at the Contractor's request and expense, with no additional cost or schedule impacts to the Department.

Unless otherwise specified, any underground utility facilities shown on the project plans represent approximate locations gathered from available information. The Department cannot certify the level of accuracy of this data. Underground facilities indicated on the topographic sheets (plan views) have been collected from historical records and/or on-site designations provided by the respective utility companies. Underground facilities indicated on the cross-sections have been carried over from the plan view data and may also include further approximations of the elevations (depths) based upon straight-line interpolation from the nearest manholes, gate valves, or test pits.

All adjustments are to be made by the respective utility/railroad unless otherwise specified herein.

Fire hydrants shall not be disturbed until all necessary work has been accomplished to provide proper fire protection.

All clearing and tree removal in areas where utilities are involved must be completed before the utilities are able to relocate their facilities.

It is the responsibility of the Contractor with the Utility Pole owner, to layout all of the proposed pole locations in the field prior to the start of utility relocations. Should any adjustments be needed, the Utility will document adjustments and inform the Department prior to utility relocations.

The Contractor shall provide the utilities access to the new pole locations. Construction of any spot cuts or fills in excess of 2 feet must be completed prior to utility relocations. The Contractor shall prepare a plan for how access and the spot cuts and fills will be accomplished and what the schedule will be for performing the work. This plan will be discussed at the pre-construction utility meeting.

**** Specific information regarding the line voltage can be requested from Central Maine Power Co. ****

Utility working days are Monday through Friday. Times are estimated on the basis of a single crew for each utility. Any times and dates mentioned are **estimates only** and are dependent upon favorable weather, working conditions, and freedom from emergencies.

AERIAL

Aerial utilities require **five (5) working days' notice** prior to any operations involving work around their lines.

**** POLE LIST ****

Summary:

Utility	Pole Set	New Wires/ Cables	Trans. Wires/ Cables	Remove Poles	Estimated Working Days
Central Maine Power	x	x	x	x	20
Consolidated Communications Inc.		x	x		20
Comcast		x	x		7
Firstlight		x	x		7
GW/Biddeford Internet Corp.					7
Gonetspeed					7
Mainecom Services					7
Oxford Networks					7
Total:					70

Utility Specific Issues: Consolidate Communication Inc. will be placing new poles along the northerly side of the project. Transfers to the new poles shall be planned to avoid impact to the construction of the first half of the new bridge during stage 1. After setting the new poles, but prior to stage 2 traffic transfers, Central Maine Power will mobilize and install new conductors, which will tie into the existing conductors at each end of the pole runs. CMP will also install new conduit to provide power to the Best Western Property. An additional conduit to supply phone, internet and cable services will be laid at the same time to provide access to those services to the Best Western Property. Transfers of wires to the new poles shall proceed from top to bottom. It is the Utilities responsibility to notify the contractor of anticipated completion of the tranfers. It is the Contractor's responsibility to notify the next utility that transfers can take place. **Each of**

the utilities will require two weeks to schedule their work after notice is received.
 Estimated days to complete work is noted in the table above.

Pole List:

Existing Pole #	Existing Station	Left/Right		Existing Offset	Proposed Station	Left/Right		Proposed Offset	Comments
		LT	RT			LT	RT		
CMP 50/91	105+22.4		x	58.1'	104+39.6		x	52.75'	
					106.00	x		28'	new
CMP 2/51	107+50		x	45'	107+50	x		23.5'	
No number	107+62	x		6.3'					remove
CMP 152/92	110+27.1		x	52'	110+27	x		25'	
CMP 151/93	113+18		x	41.8'	112+45	x		28.3'	
CMP 150/94	114+80		x	44.7'	114+63	x		25	
CMP 149/95									remains

SUBSURFACE

Summary:

Utility	Summary of Work	Estimated Working Days
Central Maine Power	Service conduit installation	Included above
Consolidated Communications Inc.	Service conduit installation	Included above
Total:		

Utility Specific Issues: All subsurface waterline work has been completed prior to the project. There is an existing water line that is attached to the existing bridge. Most of that water line has been abandoned in place and been replaced with directionally bored HDPE waterline. The contractor shall notify the water districts prior to any demolition work so ensure the valves are completely closed.

MAINTAINING UTILITY LOCATION MARKINGS

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the buried utility location markings following the initial locating by the appropriate utility or their designated representative.

UTILITY SIGNING

Any utility working within the construction limits of this project shall ensure that the traveling public is adequately protected at all times. All work areas shall be signed, lighted, and traffic flaggers employed as determined by field conditions. All traffic controls shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as issued by the Federal Highway Administration.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
SECTION 104
Utilities

UTILITY COORDINATION

The Contractor has primary responsibility for coordinating their work with utilities after contract award. The Contractor shall communicate directly with the utilities regarding any utility work necessary to maintain the Contractor's schedule and prevent project construction delays. The Contractor shall notify the resident of any issues.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLAN AND CONDUCT WORK ACCORDINGLY.

MEETING

A Preconstruction Utility Conference, as defined in Subsection 104.4.6 of the Standard Specifications **IS NOT** required.

GENERAL INFORMATION

These Special Provisions outline the arrangements that have been made by the Department for utility work to be undertaken in conjunction with this project. The following list identifies all known utilities or railroads having facilities presently located within the limits of this project or intending to install facilities during project construction.

Utility Specific Information:

AERIAL

There are no aerial utility conflicts anticipated within the scope of work planned for this project. Should any arise, the Contractor shall notify the Resident and the utility must be contacted as soon as possible.

SUBSURFACE

There are no subsurface utility conflicts anticipated within the project limits. Should any arise, the Contractor shall notify the Resident and the utility must be contacted as soon as possible.

MAINTAINING UTILITY LOCATION MARKINGS

The Contractor will be responsible for maintaining the buried utility location markings following the initial locating by the appropriate utility or their designated representative.

UTILITY SIGNING

Any utility working within the construction limits of this project shall ensure that the traveling public is adequately protected at all times. All work areas shall be signed, lighted, and traffic flaggers employed as determined by field conditions. All traffic controls shall be in accordance with the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices for Streets and Highways, as issued by the Federal Highway Administration.

Freeport-Yarmouth
Cousins River Bridge #3528
WIN 021725.00
March 7, 2024

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK
(Traffic Control and Management)

1. The Contractor shall maintain two-way traffic on Route 1 at all times except as noted below.
2. The Contractor shall maintain two-way traffic on Route 1 whenever the Contractor detours traffic from Interstate 295 northbound onto Route 1 as part of the work for WIN 026462.00.
3. The Contractor may reduce traffic on Route 1 to alternating one-way traffic between October 15th and May 15th.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK
(Traffic Control and Management)

1. I-295 Northbound (NB) travel lanes shall be a minimum of 12'-0" wide with 2'-0" wide shoulders.
2. The Contractor may close I-295 NB and the Exit 17 northbound on-ramp and detour traffic on to Route 1 between exits 17 and 20 for beam jacking. Refer to *Special Provision 107 Time (Work Times) (Supplemental Liquidated Damages)* for timing restrictions.
3. Rolling Slowdowns are allowed on I-295 NB.
 - a. A Rolling Slowdown is a traffic control strategy that uses a rolling blockade of vehicles, each equipped with amber warning lights, traveling at slow speeds to create a gap in traffic to enable completion of work activities requiring exclusive access across or over the directional roadway that would otherwise present significant risks to motorists.
 - b. Refer to *Special Provision 107 Time (Work Times) (Supplemental Liquidated Damages)* for timing restrictions.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK
(Build America, Buy America)

105.11 Other Federal Requirements Amend this section by adding the following:

This special provision was created for the Build America, Buy America Act (BABA) to expand the list of construction materials required to be manufactured in the United States beyond what is currently only required for steel/iron products. The Infrastructure Investment and Jobs Act (IIJA), Public Law No. 117-58 includes the Build America, Buy America Act. The Office of Management and Budget issued memorandum M-22-11 to provide guidance on the law which can be found here:

<https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/M-22-11.pdf>

All iron/steel, including the iron/steel in construction materials and manufactured products, must satisfy Buy America 23 CFR 635.410 requirements.

All construction materials, as defined in the following, that are permanently incorporated into federal-aid projects shall meet Build America, Buy America requirements.

For the purpose of this Specification, construction materials shall include an article, material, or supply that is or consists primarily of the following.

- Non-ferrous metals,
- Plastic and polymer-based products (including polyvinylchloride, composite building materials, and polymers used in fiber optic cables),
- Glass (including optic glass),
- Lumber, or
- Drywall.

All manufacturing processes for construction materials shall occur within the United States. The category of construction materials excludes cement and cementitious materials, aggregates such as stone, sand, or gravel, or aggregate binding agents or additives.

Due to a nationwide waiver, BABA requirements do not apply to manufactured products for FHWA funded projects. Manufactured products are items that consist of two or more of the listed construction materials that have been combined through a manufacturing process, and items that include at least one of the listed materials combined with a material that is not listed (including steel/iron) through a manufacturing process.

The Contractor shall certify in writing that all permanently incorporated Construction Materials for this contract meet the BABA requirements.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
General Scope of Work
(Environmental Requirements)

In-Water work consists of any activity conducted below the highest astronomical tide as identified in the tide tables published by the National Ocean Service. <http://www.oceanservice.noaa.gov/>

The following special conditions shall apply to this project:

- I. In-Water Work shall not be allowed between the dates of March 15 and July 31.
(In-Water Work is allowed August 1 to March 14)
- II. In-Water work window applies to the following water bodies at the following station #'s:
 1. Cousins River at proposed bridge replacement project
- III. Special Conditions
 1. Special Conditions of Army Corps of Engineers (ACOE) Individual Permit apply (see permit and other conditions in this Special Provision 105).
 2. Special Conditions of Informal Endangered Species Act (Section 7) FHWA Programmatic Consultation and Essential Fish Habitat Consultation with National Marine Fisheries Service (summarized in this Special Provision 105 and ACOE permit).
 3. The Contractor shall hold a pre-construction meeting with appropriate MaineDOT Environmental Office staff, other MaineDOT staff, and the Contractor(s) to review all procedures and requirements for avoiding and minimizing effects to ESA-listed species (Atlantic & shortnose sturgeon and Northern Long-Eared Bat). The following individuals/ agencies shall be invited: ACOE (Richard Kristoff, Richard.C.Kristoff@usace.army.mil); National Marine Fisheries Service staff (Roosevelt Mesa - NOAA Affiliate, roosevelt.mesa@noaa.gov); NOAA (Kaitlyn Shaw, kaitlyn.shaw@noaa.gov); FHWA (Gary Scholze, gary.scholze@dot.gov) U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Patrick Dockens, patrick_dockens@fws.gov; Nicole Pauley, nicole_pauley@fws.gov).
 4. If the contractor witnesses a bat (dead or alive), any activities that may injure any live bats must cease immediately and the MaineDOT ENV office must be contacted for further coordination. Deceased bats must be collected for further investigation and injured bats must be properly transferred to a veterinarian. MaineDOT ENV office will coordinate. Work in that area of the bridge project should not resume until the ENV office or project resident confirms it is acceptable to do so.
 5. Fish passage must be maintained in Cousins River throughout the duration of the project.
 6. The Contractor shall contact Nicholas Koltai of MaineDOT Environmental Office (207-557-3471, nicholas.koltai@maine.gov) at least two weeks prior to installation of cofferdams to coordinate fish evacuation.
 7. No work shall occur from March 15 to June 30 that will cause sedimentation or produce turbidity within the waterway.
 8. Temporary sediment control barriers shall be removed upon completion of work, but not until all disturbed areas are permanently stabilized. The sediment collected by these sediment barriers shall be removed and placed at an upland location and stabilized to prevent its later erosion into a waterway or wetland.
 9. In-water blasting is not allowed.
 10. The project will not adversely impact any submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) or oyster reefs.
 11. Turbidity control measures, including cofferdams, must be designed to not entangle or entrap ESA-listed species.
 12. Any in-water lines, ropes, or chains must be made of materials and installed in a manner to minimize or avoid the risk of entanglement by using thick, heavy, and taut lines that do not loop or entangle. Lines can be enclosed in a rigid sleeve.

13. If in-water impact pile driving is occurring during a time of year when ESA-listed species may be present (May 1 – July 31), a “soft start” is required to allow animals an opportunity to leave the project vicinity before sound pressure levels increase. In addition to using a soft start at the beginning of the work day for impact pile driving, one must also be used at any time following cessation of pile driving for a period of 30 minutes or longer.
14. For impact pile driving: pile driving will commence with an initial set of three strikes by the hammer at 40% energy, followed by a one minute wait period, then two subsequent three-strike sets at 40% energy, with one-minute waiting periods, before initiating continuous impact driving.
15. For in-water vibratory pile installation: pile driving will be initiated for 15 seconds at reduced energy followed by a one-minute waiting period. This sequence of 15 seconds of reduced energy driving, one-minute waiting period will be repeated two additional times, followed immediately by pile-driving at full rate and energy.
16. If excavating or dredging, only mechanical buckets, hydraulic cutterheads, or low volume hopper dredges (e.g., CURRITUCK, ≤300 cubic yard maximum bin capacity) may be used.
17. Work behind cofferdams, turbidity curtains, or other instruments to control turbidity is required when operationally feasible and ESA-listed species are likely to be present (if presence is limited to rare, transient individuals, turbidity control methods are not necessary).
18. For any required pumping operations, the contractor shall use a screen on each pump intake sufficiently large enough so that the approach velocity does not exceed 6.10 m sec⁻¹ (0.20 ft sec⁻¹). Square or round screen face openings are not to exceed 2.38 mm (3/32 in) on a diagonal. Criteria for slotted face openings must not exceed 1.75 mm (approximately 1/16 in) in the narrow direction. These screen criteria follow NMFS guidelines (2008).
19. All in-water excavation shall be completed in a cofferdam.
20. Temporary fill will consist of non-erodible material on top of a geotextile fabric filter layer.
21. All areas of temporary river or wetland fill must be within the specified limits on the plans and shall be restored to their original contour and character upon completion of the project. Temporary fill includes fill that received authorization and fill that mistakenly enters a resource (i.e., from slope failures, accidental broken sandbag cofferdams, miscellaneous construction materials, etc.)
22. If piles are removed by cutting, they must be cut to one foot below the substrate level. If piles are removed by pulling, the work will be completed using a BMP to minimize turbidity.
23. The Contractor shall conduct all construction activities in accordance with the MEDOT-approved SEWPCP.
24. No equipment, materials, or machinery shall be stored, cleaned, fueled, or repaired within any wetland or water body. These activities shall occur more than 100 feet from any wetland or water body and shall follow the specifications of the SEWPCP.
25. All pumps and generators required for in-water work shall be cleaned of external oil, grease, dirt, and mud such that turbid water does not drain to any wetland or water body. Any leaks of this equipment shall be fixed prior to entering water bodies or areas that drain directly to water bodies or wetlands. Operation shall follow the specifications of the SEWPCP.
26. The contractor shall minimize vegetation clearing and soil disturbance adjacent to the river to the maximum extent practicable. Areas of disturbed soil adjacent to the waterways will be stabilized and re-vegetated with a seed mix appropriate for riparian areas in Maine.
27. The introduction or spread of invasive or other unacceptable plant or animal species on the project site or areas adjacent to the project site caused by the site work shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. For example, construction mats and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and free of vegetation and soil before and after use. The introduction or spread of invasive plant or animal species on the project site caused by the site work shall be controlled.
28. The contractor shall fully remove all cofferdams immediately following completion of in-water work using techniques to minimize turbidity releases.

Town: Freeport-Yarmouth
WIN #: 21725.00
Date: February 12, 2024

IV. Approvals:

1. Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan
2. Permitted Resource Impacts (square feet), see ACOE permit for locations:

Freshwater Stream:

Permanent RUS: 0

Temporary RUS: 0

Freshwater Wetland:

Permanent PEM: 545

Temporary: 0

Coastal Wetland:

Permanent E2US/EEM: 16,035

Permanent Addit'l Area Below HAT: 1,100

Permanent Conversion: 11,865

Temporary E2US: 3580

V. All activities are prohibited (including placement and removal of cofferdams unless otherwise permitted by Regulatory Agencies) below the ordinary high water mark if outside the prescribed in-water work window (see Section I), except for the following:

1. Work within a cofferdam constructed according to MaineDOT's Standard Specifications and in adherence with the contractor's approved "Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan".

VI. No work is allowed that completely blocks a river, stream, or brook without providing downstream flow.

NOTE: Regulatory Review and Approval is required to modify the existing In-Water work window. Requests for work window extensions must be submitted to the MaineDOT Environmental Office. Approval of requests for work window extensions is not guaranteed and may result in delays in construction schedule that are the sole responsibility of the contractor.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 105
General Scope of Work
(Environmental Requirements)

III. Special Conditions:

1. No in-water work is permitted at any time.
2. MaineDOT ENV Office will attend a preconstruction meeting and discuss potential presence of endangered bats.
3. Endangered Species - Northern Long-Eared Bats are not expected to be present at the project location. If the Contractor witnesses a bat (dead or alive), any activities that may injure any live bats must cease immediately, and the Contractor shall contact Eric Ham of MaineDOT Environmental Office (207-215-7356) for further coordination. MaineDOT shall coordinate the collection of dead or injured bats.

IV. Approvals:

1. Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan

SPECIAL PROVISION 105
CONSTRUCTION AREA

A Construction Area located in the **Town of Freeport** and **Yarmouth** has been established by the Maine Department of Transportation (MDOT) in accordance with provisions of 29-A § 2382 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated (MRSA).

- (a) The section of highway under construction in the town of Freeport and Yarmouth, Cumberland County on US Route 1 over Cousins River.
- (b) (US Route 1) over Cousins River station 100+00.00 to station 115+50.00 of the construction plus approaches.

Per 29-A § 2382 (7) MRSA, the MDOT may “*issue permits for stated periods of time for loads and equipment employed on public way construction projects, United States Government projects or construction of private ways, when within construction areas established by the Department of Transportation. The permit:*

A. Must be procured from the municipal officers for a construction area within that municipality;

B. May require the contractor to be responsible for damage to ways used in the construction areas and may provide for:

(1) Withholding by the agency contracting the work of final payment under contract; or

(2) The furnishing of a bond by the contractor to guarantee suitable repair or payment of damages.

The suitability of repairs or the amount of damage is to be determined by the Department of Transportation on state-maintained ways and bridges, otherwise by the municipal officers;

C. May be granted by the Department of Transportation or by the state engineer in charge of the construction contract; and

D. For construction areas, carries no fee and does not come within the scope of this section.”

The Municipal Officers for the **Town of Freeport** agreed that an Overlimit Permit will be issued to the Contractor for the purpose of using loads and equipment on municipal ways in excess of the limits as specified in 29-A MRSA, on the municipal ways as described in the “Construction Area”.

As noted above, a bond may be required by the municipality, the exact amount of said bond to be determined prior to use of any municipal way. The MDOT will assist in determining the bond amount if requested by the municipality.

The maximum speed limits for trucks on any town way will be 25 mph (40 km per hour) unless a higher legal limit is specifically agreed upon in writing by the Municipal Officers concerned.

SPECIAL PROVISION 105
CONSTRUCTION AREA

A Construction Area located in the **Town of Yarmouth** and **Freeport** has been established by the Maine Department of Transportation (MDOT) in accordance with provisions of 29-A § 2382 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated (MRSA).

- (a) The section of highway under construction in the town of Freeport and Yarmouth, Cumberland County on US Route 1 over Cousins River.
- (b) (US Route 1) over Cousins River station 100+00.00 to station 115+50.00 of the construction plus approaches.

Per 29-A § 2382 (7) MRSA, the MDOT may “*issue permits for stated periods of time for loads and equipment employed on public way construction projects, United States Government projects or construction of private ways, when within construction areas established by the Department of Transportation. The permit:*

A. Must be procured from the municipal officers for a construction area within that municipality;

B. May require the contractor to be responsible for damage to ways used in the construction areas and may provide for:

(1) Withholding by the agency contracting the work of final payment under contract; or

(2) The furnishing of a bond by the contractor to guarantee suitable repair or payment of damages.

The suitability of repairs or the amount of damage is to be determined by the Department of Transportation on state-maintained ways and bridges, otherwise by the municipal officers;

C. May be granted by the Department of Transportation or by the state engineer in charge of the construction contract; and

D. For construction areas, carries no fee and does not come within the scope of this section.”

The Municipal Officers for the **Town of Yarmouth** agreed that an Overlimit Permit will be issued to the Contractor for the purpose of using loads and equipment on municipal ways in excess of the limits as specified in 29-A MRSA, on the municipal ways as described in the “Construction Area”.

As noted above, a bond may be required by the municipality, the exact amount of said bond to be determined prior to use of any municipal way. The MDOT will assist in determining the bond amount if requested by the municipality.

The maximum speed limits for trucks on any town way will be 25 mph (40 km per hour) unless a higher legal limit is specifically agreed upon in writing by the Municipal Officers concerned.

Freeport-Yarmouth
Cousins River Bridge
WIN 021725.00
February 8, 2024

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
TIME
(Contract Completion Date)

The specified Contract Completion Date for this contract is November 30th, 2026.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
TIME
(Contract Time)

The contract completion date for this contract is May 16, 2025.

The bridge shall remain open to traffic during the duration of the work, except as otherwise allowed in the Contract. Once work has begun on one abutment it shall remain continuous until the installation of the replacement bearings at that abutment is complete. Suspension of work between abutments may be allowed, as approved by the Resident. No additional payment will be made due to an approved suspension.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
TIME
(Work Times)
(Supplemental Liquidated Damages)

The Contractor shall maintain two travel lanes with shoulders on I-295 northbound (NB), and have all ramps open during the following holiday periods:

- Memorial Day Weekend: 6:00 AM the Friday before to 6:00 AM the following Tuesday;
- Wednesday July 3, 2024 at 6:00 AM to Sunday July 7, 2024 at 8:00 PM;
- Labor Day Weekend: 6:00 AM the Friday before to 6:00 AM the following Tuesday;
- Indigenous People's Day Weekend: 6:00 AM the Friday before to 6:00 AM the following Tuesday;
- Thanksgiving Weekend: 6:00 AM the Wednesday before to 6:00 AM the following Monday;

Supplemental Liquidated Damages in the amount of \$10,000 will be assessed per hour, or any portion of an hour, for each lane that is not open as specified above.

For all other times not listed above, the following shall apply:

1. Full closures
 - a. I-295 NB:
 - i. Allowed from 8:00 PM to 6:00 AM Sunday night through Friday morning.
 - ii. Full closures are permitted for beam jacking operations or as approved by the Resident.
 - iii. Before the roadway is reopened, all materials and equipment shall be secured or cleared from the site and the roadway shall be cleaned as approved by the Resident.
 - iv. Supplemental Liquidated Damages in the amount of \$2,000 will be assessed per fifteen-minute period for each lane that is not open as specified above.
 - b. Closure of I-295 NB on-ramp at Exit 17:
 - i. Allowed from 8:00 PM to 6:00 AM.
 - ii. Allowed for beam jacking operations or as approved by the Resident.
 - iii. Supplemental Liquidated Damages in the amount of \$5,000 will be assessed per hour, or any portion of an hour, that this ramp is not open as specified above.

2. Rolling Slowdowns

- a. Rolling Slowdowns are allowed on I-295 NB between 8:00 PM and 6:00 AM Sunday night through Friday morning upon approval from the Department.
- b. The Department reserves the right to restrict or disallow the use of the Rolling Slowdowns, with limited advance warning, due to heavy traffic, traffic backups, accidents, inclement weather, forecasted storm events, etc. The Department will try to provide as much advance notification as possible before restricting or disallowing the Rolling Slowdowns.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 107
TIME
(Supplemental Liquidated Damages for Fabrication Time)

Section 107 of the Standard Specifications is amended by addition of the following:

107.8.1 Fabrication Time The Department has budgeted for the following amounts of continuous full time fabrication/shop QA inspection for the following Work components:

<u>Element</u>	<u>Time</u> (Calendar Days)	<u>Supplemental Liquidated Damages</u> (\$ per Calendar Day)
Prestressed Structural Concrete I-Girders	56	\$1250

The Contractor is responsible for requiring their fabricators and suppliers to produce these products for the Work continuously until finished, including any needed actions to correct unacceptable workmanship or materials. If the Department determines that QA inspection beyond these times is required, then the corresponding Supplemental Liquidated Damages will be deducted as they occur from the amounts otherwise due to the Contractor. These allowed Fabrication Time begins on the first day of fabrication and runs consecutively until expiration.

If a fabricator or supplier works more than one shift per day and the Department determines that inspection is required for each shift, each shift will count as a calendar day and the LD rate will be the noted amount per shift per Calendar Day in lieu of per Calendar Day.

QA inspector presence is required but not limited to the following activities:

Prestressed Structural Concrete I-Girders: Materials verification, tensioning of strands, batching and casting of concrete, breaking of test cylinders, de-tensioning of strands, repairs and finishing fascia surfaces and any other times as required in the 535 Special Provision.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 108
PAYMENT
(Steel Cost Adjustment)

This Special Provision was developed to minimize risk to the Contractor and steel fabricator(s) associated with current volatile fluctuations in the cost of steel materials.

Description Steel cost adjustments will be made to provide additional compensation to the Contractor, or a credit to the Department, for fluctuations in steel prices. All prices and costs are in U.S. Dollars (USD).

Types of Steel Products: An adjustment will be made for fluctuations in the cost of reinforcing steel (all reinforcing/reinforcement items included in Standard Specification Section 503), and plate and rolled-shape steel used in the fabrication of steel for Contract pay items covered under the following sections of the Standard Specification:

- Section 503, Reinforcing Steel
- Section 507, Railings

The adjustments shall apply to the above items when they are part of the original Contract or Extra Work added by Contract Modification and paid for by agreed unit prices. The adjustments shall not apply when the item is Extra Work added by Contract Modification and paid for at a lump sum price or by Force Account.

Documentation Sufficient documentation shall be furnished to the Department to verify the following:

1. The full Purchase Order weight and date of the material order with signature.
2. The quantity of steel, in pounds, incorporated into the various pay items covered by this Special Provision. The Department reserves the right to verify submitted quantities.

Method of Adjustment Steel cost adjustments shall be computed as follows:

$$SCA = Q \times D$$

Where: SCA = steel cost adjustment, in USD

Q = quantity of steel incorporated into the work, in pounds. For 503 items, this quantity shall be the quantity included in the schedule of items; for 504 and 507 items, this quantity shall be the weight of steel included in the accepted as-built Working Drawings; the weight of scrap steel and steel used for convenience shall not be included in these weights.

D = price factor, in USD per pound

$$D = MP_B - MP_A$$

Where: **MP_B** = The Platts Steel Spot Market Prices for the bid item listed in the table below for the month the material Purchase Order, including the total weight of steel and date of the order, is executed. The price will be converted from USD per ton to USD per pound.

MP_A = The Platts Steel Spot Market Prices for the bid item listed in the table below, for the month prior to the bid opening, for work paid for at the Contract price; or for the month the Contract Modification is signed by the Contractor for Extra Work that is paid for by agreed unit prices. The price will be converted from USD per ton to USD per pound.

The estimated total weight of the steel and market price identifier that will be used to calculate the steel cost adjustment for the respective Pay Items is shown in the following table:

Standard Specification Section	Estimated Total Weight of Steel (lbs.)	Platts Market Price
503, Reinforcing	75,200	Reinforcing Bar, No.5
507, Railings	14,400	Plate

No steel cost adjustment will be made for any products manufactured from steel having a mill shipping date prior to the Contract Bid date.

If the Contractor fails to provide the required documentation, the method of adjustment will be calculated as described above; however, the **MP_B** will be based on the date the material arrives at the jobsite. In this case, an adjustment will only be made when there is a decrease in steel costs.

Basis of Payment Steel cost adjustments may be positive or negative.

Steel cost adjustments will be calculated by the Department and will be paid or deducted when all other Contract requirements for the applicable items of work are satisfied. Adjustments will only be made for fluctuations in the cost of the steel as described herein. No adjustments will be made for changes in the cost of manufacturing, fabrication, shipping, storage, etc.

The steel cost adjustments shall not apply during any time after the Contract Completion Date when the Contractor is being assessed Liquidated Damages.

Cost adjustments, if any, shall be made by Contract Modification in accordance with this Special Provision.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 202
REMOVING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS
(Removing Existing Railings – Retained by Department)

The following items on the existing bridge shall be removed by the Contractor and remain property of the Department:

1. 2 bar aluminum bridge rail including posts.

The Contractor shall use great care during removal of the existing bridge rail and rail posts. The bridge rail and rail posts shall be transported by the Contractor from the project site to the following location:

Maine Department of Transportation
Dunstan Bridge Maintenance Lot
576 US Route 1
Scarborough, Maine

The Contractor shall contact the Resident and Ken Littlefield, the Region Bridge Maintenance Manager, (207) 592-1861, a minimum of 72 hours in advance of delivery of the metal railing and posts. The railing and posts will be unloaded by the Department.

The aluminum rail and post shall be adequately secured to wooden pallets before being returned to the Department. Base plates, rail caps, splice bars, clamp bars and miscellaneous hardware shall be placed in wooden boxes on wooden pallets. The wooden boxes shall have wooden covers attached with two hinges and a clasp. The clasp shall be secured in the closed position by a method approved by the Resident. The size of the pallets and boxes shall be approved by the Resident. The weight limit on the pallets shall be such that no damage will occur to the pallets or the materials stored on the pallets.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
SECTION 202
REMOVING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS
(Removing Pavement Surface)

The March 2020 Revision of the Standard Specifications, Section 202-Removing Structures and Obstructions, subsection 202.061-Removing Pavement Surface, has been removed and replaced in its entirety by the following:

202.061 Removing Pavement Surface The equipment for removing the bituminous surface shall be a power operated milling machine or grinder capable of removing bituminous concrete pavement to the required depth, transverse cross slope, and profile grade using an automated grade and slope control system. The controls shall automatically increase or decrease the pavement removal depth as required, and readily maintain desired cross slope, to compensate for surface irregularities in the existing pavement course. The equipment shall be capable of accurately establishing profile grades by referencing from a fixed reference such as a 30 foot minimum contact ski (floating beam), 24 foot non-contact ski (floating beam) with 3 or more sensors; or 3 non-contact sensors directly affixed at the fore, mid, and aft points of the milling machine. Systems designed to incorporate a contact sensor located at the mid-point of the milling machine in lieu of the non-contact sensor will be permitted. Grade control sensors shall all be located on the same side. A single sensor, contact or otherwise, shall not be permitted unless otherwise approved by the Department.

The rotary drum shall be a minimum of 7 feet in width and utilize carbide tip tools at a minimum triple wrap configuration. The difference in height from the top of any ridge to the bottom of the groove adjacent to that ridge shall not exceed $\frac{1}{4}$ inch. The forward speed of the milling machine shall be adjusted to produce a milled surface meeting the groove spacing, groove depth, and surface tolerance requirements of this specification. The tools on the revolving cutting drum must be continually maintained and shall be replaced as warranted to provide a uniform pavement texture. The Department may evaluate the texture of the milled surface for information purposes by performing the Sand Patch test according to ASTM E 965.

The Contractor shall locate and remove all objects in the pavement through the work area that would be detrimental to the milling or grinding machine. Any structures or obstructions left within the travel lane or shoulders shall have tapers installed according to Standard Detail 202(01). The finished milled surface will be inspected before being accepted, and any deviations in the profile exceeding $\frac{1}{2}$ inch under a 16 foot string line or straightedge placed parallel to the centerline will be corrected. Any deviations in the cross-slope that exceed $\frac{3}{8}$ inch under a 10 foot string line or straightedge placed transversely to centerline will be corrected. All corrections will be made with approved methods and materials. Any areas that require corrective measures will be subject to the same acceptance tolerances. Excess material that becomes bonded to the milled surface will be removed to the Resident's satisfaction before the area is accepted.

On roadways with adjoining lanes carrying traffic, the Contractor shall remove the pavement surface in each lane per the conditions in Table 1, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Special Provision, Section 105 – Limitations of Operations.

TABLE 1: MILLING CONDITIONS FOR ADJOINING LANES

Depth (At Centerline)	Milling Conditions
Vertical Longitudinal Joint	
2" and less	The Contractor may remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall remove the pavement over the full width of the traveled way section being paved that day.
12:1 Tapered Centerline Joint	
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension. A maximum unmatched centerline joint length of 0.5 miles will be permitted over the weekend.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall remove the pavement on a single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to mill the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.

The Contractor will be required to remove the pavement over the full width of the mainline traveled way, regardless of highway type, cut depth, or longitudinal joint type prior to Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, suspensions exceeding three days, or other dates as specified by Special Provision, Section 105 – Limitations of Operations.

The Contractor will also be responsible for installing additional warning signage that clearly defines the centerline elevation differential hazard. Unless otherwise addressed in the contract, the Contractor shall install additional centerline delineation such as a double RPM application, or temporary painted line. The Traffic Control Plan shall be amended to include this option and the additional requirements. All signs and traffic control devices will conform to Section 719.01, and Section 652, and will be installed prior to the work, at a maximum spacing of 0.50 mile for the entire length of effected roadway section. If this option is utilized, all additional signing, labor, traffic control devices, or incidentals will not be paid for directly, will be considered incidental to the appropriate 652 items.

On roadways with immediately adjacent shoulders, the Contractor shall remove the pavement surface in each lane per the conditions in Table 2, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Special Provision, Section 105 – Limitations of Operations.

TABLE 2: MILLING CONDITIONS FOR THE EDGE OF TRAVELED WAY

Depth (At Edge of Traveled Way)	Conditions
2" and less	The Contractor may leave a vertical edge joint exposed for up to 21 days after milling is performed. The Contractor shall treat vertical edge joints exposed beyond 21 days per the criteria below.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall treat vertical edge joints exposed per the criteria below.

When required by Table 2, the Contractor shall treat vertical edge joints through one of the options below:

1. The vertical edge shall be tapered to a zero edge by means of milling a 12:1 transition from the edge of traveled way onto the shoulder before opening the lane to traffic. Tapers shall be removed to form a vertical edge prior to the placement of the new pavement course. No additional payment will be made for tapers, or taper removal.
2. An additional 2 feet of pavement shall be removed from the shoulder to eliminate the vertical edge at the edge of travelway before opening the lane to traffic. Unless otherwise authorized by the Department, no additional payment will be made for the additional milling.
3. A pavement layer shall be placed to reduce the vertical edge to 1 inch or less before opening the lane to traffic.

As a minimum, the use of temporary painted line, or RPMs placed along the edge of traveled way at 200 foot intervals is required for all elevation differentials. When pavement milling is extended into the shoulder (including milled tapers), appropriate channelization devices shall be placed 2 feet outside the edge of the vertical face at intervals not exceeding 600 feet, and RPMs shall be placed on the remaining pavement surface along the vertical edge at 200 foot intervals. Uneven pavement signs shall be placed at a maximum spacing of ½ mile when any pavement milling operations leaves an exposed uneven pavement surface.

Weepers shall be ground across the full width sections adjacent shoulders or remaining pavement surface matching the milled travel way or shoulder milled depth to minimize water ponding in any lanes carrying traffic. Weepers shall typically be 18 - 24" inches in width, installed along each lane, at a frequency of approximately one per half mile at locations as directed by the Resident or in areas that will provide drainage for the milled areas. Installation of weepers will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to the contracts pavement removal item. The replacement of mix in the weeper locations shall be performed concurrently within the pavement placement operation closure using the appropriate HMA item produced for the Contract or a MaineDOT approved 9.5mm HMA. There will be no separate payment for repaving the weeper locations as they are considered incidental to the square yard price of the contracts pavement removal item.

The milled surface shall be cleaned of all material resulting from the pavement removal operation. Loaders, skid steers, motorized side cast brooms, sweeper pick up brooms, vacuum pick up machines and hand labor may be used in any number or sequence as determined by the Contractor in order to clean the milled surfaces to the satisfaction of the Department before acceptance and opening the area up to traffic. The use of compressed air may be required to loosen any bonded materials from the surface to aid in cleaning.

Any areas of concern, such as de-lamination or pot-holing shall be identified on a continuous basis as milling progresses. Proper corrective action will be determined by the Resident and paid for under the appropriate contract items, and if required, completed prior to opening lane to traffic. Any issues that arise up to 7 calendar days after being milled will be the responsibility of the MaineDOT unless otherwise noted in Special Provision Section 105 – Limitations Of Operations.

Basis of Payment

The square yard or hourly rental contract price will be full compensation for mobilizing to the site, de-mobilizing from the site, labor, supervision, cleaning of the milled surface, and all other incidentals required to complete the work. Hauling and stockpiling of the material will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to the milling items.

Square Yard: Payment will be made at the contract unit price for the number of square yards removed.

Hourly: Payment will be made at the contract unit price for the number of hours of operation removing pavement surface as directed by the Resident. The equipment used for pavement removal shall be operated at the minimum speed of 50 fpm, unless the Resident directs otherwise for milled surface quality reasons, or traffic control limitations impact pavement removal operations, or site conditions make operations at the prescribed rate unreasonable. Trimming to create a vertical face along curb line, guardrail, or around structures will be considered incidental to the 202.202 items. Additional trimming beyond the incidental work described will be paid under the appropriate rental items as listed in the Contract.

Pay Item

Pay Unit

202.202 Removing Pavement Surface
202.20201 Removing Pavement Surface (Hourly)

S.Y.
Hour

SPECIAL PROVISIONS
SECTION 202
REMOVING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS
(Vacuum Truck)

Description The Contractor shall provide a vacuum truck as part of the pavement removal surface cleaning operation. The vacuum truck may act as a supplement to the contractors normal milled surface cleaning equipment train, or act as the primary cleaning equipment. Number of vacuum trucks to be used, the sequence of how they are used, and duration they are to be used will generally be up to the contractor with the exception that the vacuum truck will be required in any final cleanup operation prior to the roadway being opened up to traffic.

The equipment shall meet the minimum criteria outlined in this Special Provision.

Equipment The equipment for vacuuming the pavement surface removing the bituminous surface shall be a power operated regenerative air sweeper equipped with cleaning and vacuum system that contains the materials being cleaned and vacuumed from the surface, filters the air of any milling debris, contains the milling debris in a sealed, onboard self-off-loading hopper, and returns the air to the sweeper heads to aid in continued surface cleaning.

Each machine shall use a controlled blast of air the width of the pickup head to dislodge debris from the surface. It will be equipped with a mid-mount, on demand wide sweeper broom, gutter brooms, and vacuum system which will use high velocity recycled air to assist in removing millings and dirt from the surface. The broom assist pick-up head shall work independently of gutter brooms. Recycled air will be distributed across the entire width of a pick-up head(s), covering the entire width of the sweeper. The sweeper shall have positive contact suction heads designed to remove milling debris and dust from surface. All debris picked up by the pick-up head is directed up a large diameter heavy duty 12" -14" suction hose into the hopper. A high-capacity dust separator located before the blower is required limiting polluted air (dust) to re-enter back into the atmosphere. Each air assisted vacuum head shall be equipped with a minimum of 2 water nozzle jets used to minimize dust. The additional use of compressed air and air wand may be required to loosen bonded materials from the surface in preparation of vacuuming.

Basis of Payment Payment will not be made directly for the vacuum truck but will be considered incidental to the square yard or hourly rental contract price for removing pavement surface and will be full compensation for mobilizing to the site, de-mobilizing from the site, labor, supervision, and cleaning of the milled surface, and disposal of all vacuumed materials removed from required surfaces. Hauling and stockpiling of the material will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to the pavement removal items.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 203
EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT
(Dredge Materials)

Description: Dredge Material (See MaineDOT Standard Specifications § 101.2 Definitions) is regulated as a Special Waste.

Work associated with the Freeport-Yarmouth, Route 1, Cousins River Bridge (#2183) Replacement initiative will require excavation of select Dredge Material from the Cousins River (River Class SB Waterbody). It is estimated that approximately 500 cubic yards (CY) of dredge will be excavated at the project location. There is onsite Beneficial Use for all Dredge Material.

It is acknowledged that excavation of Dredge for this work may include some boulders. The Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MDEP) has determined that sound boulders (rock 12-inches or more in diameter), that are free of adhering sediment or other contaminants, shall be deemed to be Inert Fill material and shall not be included in Dredge Material Quantities.

CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS

Management: The Contractor shall Beneficially Use all Dredge Material excavated at the Freeport-Yarmouth, Route 1, Cousins River Bridge (#2183) Replacement initiative in areas adjacent to the dredged waterbody. No more than 500-cubic yards of Dredge Material may be excavated at the project location.

Method of Measurement: Excavation of Dredge Material will be measured for payment under related Contract items.

Basis of Payment: Payment for the Beneficial Use of Dredge Material will be incidental to the Contract Pay Items.

Payment shall be full compensation for dewatering, managing, transporting, and placement of Dredge Materials.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 203
EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT
(Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate)

203.01 Description.

The following is added to Subsection 203.01 of the Standard Specifications:

The work shall consist of furnishing all labor, equipment, and materials, including supplying the Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate (ULFGA), and performing all operations required to install ULFGA fill to the limits shown on the Plans or as approved by the Resident (for the work of this section the term Resident will include the Geotechnical Engineer). All work performed under this Special Provision shall be coordinated with the Resident. The work shall include complete encapsulation of the ULFGA from surrounding materials using a separation geotextile as shown in the Plans and as outlined herein, including:

1. Separating pavement subbase materials (above) from the ULFGA.
2. Separating the soils present at embankment subgrade (below) from the ULFGA.
3. Separating the fill materials or underdrain material alongside the ULFGA section from the ULFGA.

The Contractor shall furnish all labor, materials, equipment, tools, and appurtenances required to complete the Work specified in this Section, including:

1. Preparation of subgrade.
2. Storage and handling of ULFGA.
3. Protection of all existing utilities and structures.
4. Placement and compaction of ULFGA fill to the limits shown on the Plans.
5. Placement of separation geotextile as specified herein and to the limits shown on the Plans.
6. Protection of placed ULFGA and separation geotextile from damage or disturbance.

203.02 Materials

The following is added to Subsection 203.02 of the Standard Specifications:

The Contractor shall supply and install ULFGA fills that conforms to the following requirements:

1. ULFGA shall be made from of a minimum of 95% recycled glass.
2. ULFGA shall meet the gradation specifications presented in Table A upon delivery. Gradation test methods shall conform to the requirements of ASTM C136/136M-19 (modified) and the additional requirements of AASHTO Method T27.

Table A

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve
4-in.	100
2 1/2-in.	85-100
3/8-in	0-15

3. The as-manufactured ULFGA shall have a maximum dry bulk density of 15 pounds per cubic foot (pcf) per ASTM C29/29M-17a. The as-delivered ULFGA shall have a maximum compacted moist bulk density of 18 pcf per ASTM C29/29M-17a.
4. The manufacturing process shall produce a closed cell ULFGA material, which is non-leaching. The ULFGA material may be manufactured using either the dry-process or wet-process, provided it meets the requirements specified herein.
5. The ULFGA shall have a minimum peak friction angle for normal stresses between 500 and 1,000 psf of 45 degrees per ASTM D3080/D3080M-11.
6. The ULFGA (subjected to no precompression) shall have a minimum compressive strength at 20% deformation of 15,000 psf per EN 1097-11 (modified).
7. The ULFGA manufacturer must demonstrate experience of manufacturing a minimum of 100,000 cubic yards of ULFGA meeting the requirements of this Section.

Geotextile fabric shall completely encapsulate the placed ULFGA and separate it from adjacent prepared subgrades below, topsoil/fill on embankment slopes, and granular fills on top.

The geotextile fabric shall be a non-woven, staple fiber, needle-punched, polypropylene geotextile. The geotextile shall consist of punched, non-woven geotextile with a minimum grab tensile strength of 160 lbs per ASTM D4632 and shall meet the requirements of Subsection 722.04 for Separation Geotextile.

203.021 Submittals

The following is added to Subsection 203 of the Standard Specifications:

The Contractor shall submit an Installation Plan to the Resident for approval a minimum of 30 calendar days prior to the first scheduled delivery of ULFGA material to the site. The Installation Plan shall include but may not be limited to the following:

1. The name and address of the ULFGA supplier(s).
2. Manufacturer's specifications, catalog cut sheets, laboratory testing results, and other product data needed to demonstrate compliance with the requirements specified herein.
3. Written certification from manufacturer's quality control testing laboratory indicating that the product meets or exceeds the gradation, strength, compacted unit weight, and internal friction angle requirements specified herein. The laboratory test results shall be completed within 60 calendar days of submitting the Installation Plan to the Resident.

The Contractor shall submit additional laboratory testing results to the Resident prior to delivery of the ULFGA material to the site per Table B.

TABLE B

Property	Test Method	Test Frequency
Particle Size and Gradation	ASTM C136/136M-19 (modified)	1
Dry Bulk Unit Weight	ASTM C29/29M-17a, Method C	per 500 cy
Compressive strength at 20% deformation (no precompression)	EN 1097-11 (modified)	1
Apparent Peak Friction Angle (Normal Stress between 500 psf and 1000 psf)	ASTM D3080/D3080M-11	1

4. Two (2) bulk samples of ULFGA.
5. Proposed means of delivery to the site and stockpiling (if proposed).
6. Proposed equipment specifications and procedures for placing separation geotextile and placing and compacting ULFGA.
7. Proposed plan for protecting exposed ULFGA.
8. Description of methodology to provide a continuous ULFGA fill layer in accordance with the Plans considering phased bridge construction.
9. Proposed methods of controlling buoyancy of the ULFGA during construction, including but not limited to, the use of dewatering or keeping the ULFGA weighted with ballast, so that compaction is not negatively impacted during tidal inundation.
10. Proposed test strip dimensions and equipment for open area compaction as specified herein.
11. If alternative ULFGA compaction procedures are proposed, provide information on the proposed equipment, procedures, and test strip dimensions and location.

203.04 General

The following is added to Subsection 203.04 of the Standard Specifications:

ULFGA Product Delivery, Storage and Handling

1. Deliver, store, and handle materials in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.
2. During all stages of manufacture, shipment, storage, and construction, the Contractor shall minimize the amount that the ULFGA material moves on site to prevent physical damage. Construction equipment other than for placement and compaction of ULFGA shall not operate on the exposed ULFGA surface until a minimum 12-in. thickness of aggregate subbase material (i.e., cover material) is placed over the ULFGA. The cover material shall be placed and compacted within 48 hours of placing and compacting the

final lift(s) of ULFGA in an area. Until that time, operation of construction equipment directly on the ULFGA shall be limited to light-duty equipment with rubber tires.

3. During delivery, storage and handling, the Contractor shall not contaminate the ULFGA with earth material or any other debris or aggregate materials.
4. The Contractor shall protect the ULFGA before, during, and after construction as recommended by the material manufacturer.

ULFGA Installation

1. The Contractor shall provide a minimum of five (5) working days' notice to the Resident prior to the placement of any ULFGA fill.
2. The Contractor shall place the ULFGA fill in dry conditions.
3. The Contractor shall place the ULFGA fill to the plan and vertical limits shown on the Plans. Preparation of the subgrade shall include excavation with a smooth-edged bucket to minimize disturbance of the subgrade materials. If deemed necessary by the Resident, the Contractor shall proof compact soil subgrades prior to placement of ULFGA fill to the satisfaction of the Resident at no additional cost to the Department.
4. Compaction shall be performed in the presence of the Resident who will observe performance of the selected equipment and compactive effort and will modify requirements for the number of passes and lift thickness stated herein if needed for specific compaction equipment.
5. The areas to be filled using ULFGA shall not have standing water, ice, organic, or otherwise unsuitable materials present prior to placement. If unsuitable materials are encountered, as identified by the Resident, the Contractor shall excavate these materials and replace them with compacted fill meeting the requirements of Subsection 703.18 Common Borrow at the direction of the Resident.
6. A non-woven geotextile fabric shall be used to separate the ULFGA fill cell from naturally deposited subgrade soils, adjacent Granular or Common Borrow embankment fill, and/or pavement subbase materials placed above the ULFGA. The geotextile will act as a separator between the ULFGA and adjacent materials. Adjacent panels of geotextile shall be either sewn together or overlapped a minimum of 12 inches. The Contractor shall not place separation geotextile fabric until the subgrades have been inspected and approved by the Resident.
7. Where the separation geotextile abuts Temporary Structural Support at the base of the excavation, the separation geotextile shall be folded up the side of the Temporary Structural Support with a minimum vertical length equivalent to one lift of ULFGA. The fold or overlap shall be in the direction of construction and held in place by pins, staples, or the first lift of fill material specified on the plans. The Contractor shall not place fill materials until the separation geotextile placement has been inspected and approved by the Resident.
8. Where the separation geotextile abuts Temporary Structural Support at the top of the final lift of ULFGA, the separation geotextile shall be folded or cut to conform to the side of the Temporary Structural Support. The Contractor shall not place materials above the separation geotextile it has been inspected and approved by the Resident. To limit

possible degradation, the separation geotextile shall not be exposed to the elements for more than 14 days after placement.

9. ULFGA may be dumped and spread in place. Construction equipment other than for placement and compaction shall not operate on the exposed ULFGA. If equipment is anticipated over exposed material, the Contractor shall bridge the exposed material using crane mats or similar materials. The Contractor should select means, methods, and sequencing to minimize construction traffic and loads on the ULFGA. If rutting, damage, or disturbance of the FGA occurs due to construction equipment traffic, the ULFGA shall be excavated and replaced to the satisfaction of the Resident at no additional cost to the Department.
10. Dry-process manufactured ULFGA: In open areas, ULFGA shall be placed in uncompacted lifts of 24 inches using tracked equipment (excavator or dozer) with ground pressures of between 625 psf and 1025 psf. Compaction shall be performed using tracked equipment and tracking over the layer for a total of four (4) full passes, where a full pass is defined as a minimum of 100% coverage of the tracks passing over the top of the lift. Sufficient compaction has been achieved when the material ceases to densify further, as determined by the Resident. Excessive compaction shall be avoided to minimize ULFGA particle crushing.
11. Wet-process manufactured ULFGA: In open areas, ULFGA shall be placed in uncompacted lifts with a minimum thickness of 6 inches and a maximum thickness of 12 inches and leveled to a flatness tolerance of ± 1 inch before compaction begins. Compaction shall be performed with a plate compactor having a weight ranging from 175 lbs to 200 lbs, a frequency ranging from 85 hertz (Hz) to 100 Hz, and a supporting area of 20 inches. Compaction shall be performed to a compression ratio of 1.3:1. Sufficient compaction has been achieved when the material ceases to densify further, as determined by the Resident. Excessive compaction shall be avoided to minimize ULFGA particle crushing.
12. A test strip is required for the compaction methods specified herein and for Contractor-proposed alternative compaction methods for open areas prior to full production placement of the ULFGA. This test strip area will be used to determine lift thickness based on the Contractor's chosen equipment for placement and the number of passes required to achieve the desired compaction without degrading the ULFGA material. The desired compaction is defined as a compression ratio of 1.3:1 for ULFGA manufactured using either the dry-process or wet-process. The test strip shall have a minimum area of 10 times the contact area of the proposed equipment tracks or plate compactor plate area. The test strip shall be completed within the onsite footprint of the finished ULFGA placement. The test strip placement and compaction will be observed and approved by the Resident and the Engineer of Record. Notification shall be made at least 5 business days before the compaction test strip is planned to be completed. If the Contractor chooses to change equipment type or installation method, a new test strip will need to be completed prior to full production placement.
13. In areas not accessible by larger equipment (e.g., adjacent to bridge abutments and wingwalls, near utilities, etc.), ULFGA fill shall be placed using smaller tracked equipment in uncompacted lifts with a minimum thickness of 6 inches and maximum

thickness of 12 inches. Compaction in these areas shall be performed using a small vibratory plate compactor with a maximum operating weight of 200 lbs. Sufficient compaction has been achieved when, in the judgement of the Resident, the material ceases to densify further with additional passes of the plate compactor. Excessive compaction shall be avoided to minimize crushing of the ULFGA particles.

14. Care shall be taken during placement of topsoil/loam/riprap on embankment side slopes to prevent damage to ULFGA.

ULFGA Testing

1. The Contractor shall measure the compacted bulk density at the site per the requirements of ASTM C29/29M-17a and shall submit documentation of the results to the Resident. A minimum of one (1) test per 500 cubic yards of material delivered to the project site shall be performed. All bulk density testing shall be performed in the presence of the Resident. The Resident may request additional bulk density testing at their discretion.
2. Compaction of each lift shall be performed in the presence of the Resident who will observe performance of the selected equipment and the compactive effort. The Contractor shall not place additional lifts of ULFGA until the previous lift has been inspected and approved by the Resident.

203.18 Method of Measurement

The following is added to Subsection 203.18 of the Standard Specifications:

Lightweight Fill (ULFGA) will be measured by the Cubic Yard in place to limits shown on the Plans.

203.19 Basis of Payment

The following subsection is added to Section 203 of the Standard Specifications:

Lightweight Fill (ULFGA) will be paid for at the contract unit price per in place Cubic Yard, which shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, equipment, and incidentals required to supply, deliver, protect, place, and compact the ULFGA and separation geotextile as described herein and shown on the Plans including the creation of an Installation Plan. Removal and replacement of ULFGA material that has been damaged by the Contractor, in the opinion of the Resident, shall be incidental to the work, as directed by the Resident. No additional compensation shall be provided for separation geotextile.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
203.4338 Lightweight Fill – Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate	Cubic Yard

SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

401.01 Description The Contractor shall furnish a uniformly blended, homogeneous mixture placed as one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement (HMA) on an approved base in accordance with the contract documents and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness, and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established by the Resident. The Department will accept this work under Quality Assurance provisions, in accordance with these specifications and the requirements of Section 106 – Quality, the provisions of AASHTO M 323 except where otherwise noted in sections 401 and 703 of these specifications, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

401.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 - Materials:

Asphalt Cement	702.01
Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
RAP for HMA Pavement	703.08
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

401.03 Composition of Mixtures The Contractor shall compose the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement with aggregate, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB), approved antistrip, warm mix additive, and/or mineral filler if required. HMA shall be designed and tested according to AASHTO R 35 and the volumetric criteria in Table 1. The Contractor shall size, uniformly grade, and combine the aggregate fractions in proportions that provide a mixture meeting the grading requirements of the Job Mix Formula (JMF). Unless otherwise noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at 65 gyrations.

TABLE 1: VOLUMETRIC DESIGN CRITERIA

Design ESAL's (Millions)	Required Density (Percent of G _{mm})			Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA) (Minimum Percent)					Voids Filled with Binder (VFB) (Minimum %)	Fines/Eff . Binder Ratio
				Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size (mm)						
	N _{initial}	N _{design}	N _{max}	25.0	19.0	12.5	9.5	4.75		
< 3.0	≤90.5	96.0	≤98.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	65-80*	0.6-1.2
3 to <10	≤89.0									
> 10										

*For 9.5 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 82. For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 84.

The Contractor shall submit a JMF to the Department for each mixture to be supplied. The JMF will be approved by the Department in accordance with the MaineDOT HMA Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing Manual. At the time of JMF submittal, the Contractor shall identify and make available the stockpiles of all proposed aggregates at the plant site. There must be a minimum of 150 ton for coarse aggregate stockpiles and 75 ton for fine aggregate stockpiles before the JMF may be submitted. The Contractor shall provide aggregate samples to the Department unless otherwise required. The Contractor shall also make available to the Department the PGAB proposed for use in the mix in sufficient quantity to test the properties of the asphalt and to produce

samples for testing of the mixture. The first day's production shall be monitored, and the approval may be withdrawn if the mixture exhibits undesirable characteristics such as checking, shoving or displacement. The Contractor shall be allowed to submit mix changes for a JMF as outlined in the MaineDOT HMA Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing Manual: Mix Design Approval Section.

The Contractor shall submit a new JMF for approval each time a change in material source or materials properties is proposed. The same approval process shall be followed. The cold feed percentage of any aggregate may be adjusted up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF, however no aggregate listed on the JMF shall be eliminated. The cold feed percentage for RAP may be reduced up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF and shall not exceed the percentage of RAP approved in the JMF or for the specific application under any circumstances.

401.031 Warm Mix Technology The Contractor may place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement produced with an accepted WMA technology if approved by the Department. Methods or technologies shall generally be at the Contractor's option, but will be limited to proven, Agency and Industry accepted practice. Mixture production, placement and volumetric testing details, including temperatures, shall be included in the project specific QCP, and submitted to the Department for approval prior to any work.

401.04 Temperature Requirements The temperature of the mixture shall conform to the tolerances in Table 2 as measured at the truck at the mixing plant and at the paver unless otherwise authorized by the Department.

TABLE 2: ALLOWABLE TEMPERATURE RANGES

PGAB Grade(s)	Temperature Range (°F)
PG58-28 / PG64-28	275-325
PG64E-28 / PG70E-28	285-335

401.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder The Contractor shall utilize either a PG58-28, PG64-28, PG64E-28, PG70E-28, or other grade as specified in the 403 Special Provision. The Contractor shall utilize a PG64-28 if no liquid grade is specified within the 403 Special Provision.

401.06 Weather and Seasonal Limitations The State is divided into two paving zones as follows:

- a. Zone 1 Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais.
- b. Zone 2 Areas south of Zone 1 including the US Route 2 and Route 9 boundaries.

TABLE 3: SEASONAL AND TEMPERATURE LIMITATIONS

Use	Minimum Ambient Air Temperature	Zone 1 Allowable Placement Dates	Zone 2 Allowable Placement Dates
Surface course (travelway & adjacent shoulders*) less than 1 in. thick placed during conditions defined as “night work”	50°F	June 1 to Saturday following September 1	
Surface course (travelway & adjacent shoulders*) less than 1 in. thick	50°F	May 15 to Saturday following September 15	
Travelway surface course greater than or equal to 1 in. thick	50°F	May 1 to Saturday following October 1	April 15 to Saturday following October 15
HMA for surface course on bridge decks	50°F	May 1 to Saturday following October 1	April 15 to Saturday following October 15
HMA for base or shim course on bridge decks	50°F	April 15 to November 15	
HMA for use other than travelway surface course	40°F	April 15 to November 15	
HMA for curb, driveways, sidewalks, islands, or other incidentals	40°F	N/A	N/A
HMA produced with an approved WMA technology for base or shim course	35°F	April 15 to November 15	
*Adjacent shoulders shall be considered shoulders paved in the same operation as the travelway.			

The ambient air temperature shall be determined by an approved thermometer placed in the shade at the paving location. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall not place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement on a wet or frozen surface regardless of the ambient air temperature. The Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement produced with an approved WMA technology shall meet the requirements of section 401.04 - Temperature Requirements, unless otherwise approved by the Department. For the purposes of this Section, the traveled way includes truck lanes, ramps, approach roads and auxiliary lanes.

401.07 Hot Mix Asphalt Plant

401.071 General Requirements HMA plants shall conform to AASHTO M 156, Standard Specification for Requirements for Mixing Plants for Hot-Mixed, Hot-Laid Bituminous Paving Mixtures with exception of Section 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.3.4, 4.3.5, and 4.12.2.

All HMA plants will be inspected annually by the Department prior to producing HMA for Department projects. The Contractor shall provide the Department at least 72 hours' notice that the plant is ready for inspection. The Contractor shall equip the plant with ladders and platforms that are accessible and safe to obtain samples of PGAB, aggregate and mix from the relevant tanks, collector belts and haul units. Silo storage time of mixtures shall not exceed 36 hours.

401.072 Stockpiles The Contractor shall provide sufficient space for stockpiles and maintain a minimum of supply for 2 days production of all aggregate products used in MaineDOT approved mix designs currently under production. A minimum stockpile supply of 100 ton (70 yards) shall be

maintained at all times. The Contractor shall construct stockpiles to prevent intermingling and to minimize segregation. All stockpiles used in MaineDOT mixes shall be identified with weatherproof signs at least 12" high and 24" wide, with reflective lettering at least 2" high.

401.073 Cold Feeds Cold Feed Bins will have bin dividers to keep aggregate products separated. Adequate means must be provided for obtaining samples of the combined flow of all Cold feed bins.

401.074 Dryer Dryer shall be capable of heating aggregate to required mixing temperature and shall be in good operation and condition. Dryer shall be subject to annual inspection prior to start-up. The Contractor shall dry and heat the aggregates for the HMA to the required temperature, adjusting flames to avoid damaging the aggregates. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the dryer and provide at least 24 hours' notice that the dryer is ready for inspection.

401.075 Asphalt Binder The plant shall include a heating system and insulation to maintain the asphalt binder at a uniform temperature for proper mixing and compaction. A thermometer shall be provided in the asphalt binder line. No direct flame may come in contact with tank. A sampling valve shall be provided in the circulation line downstream of any binder additive used unless otherwise approved by the Department. The Contractor shall drain down the asphalt as low as safely possible in any tank that will be switched to a new source or grade prior to adding the new PGAB.

401.076 Additives Additives (WMA, anti-strip, etc.) introduced into the binder at the HMA plant shall be introduced per the supplier's recommendations and shall be approved by the Department. The system for introducing additives shall be interlocked with the aggregate feed or weigh system to maintain correct proportions for all production rates and batch sizes. Additive introduction systems shall be controlled by a proportioning device to the amount required on the JMF plus or minus 0.1% of the target. Additive introduction systems shall be interlocked with the plant and the recordation (batch tickets or drum recordation) shall display the additive and the weight and percentage added. A means for sampling the PG binder with additive introduced will be provided. The sampling point shall be after the additive is mixed with the PGAB before entering the drum or mixer unit.

401.077 Batch Plants

Hot Bins Hot bins shall provide uniform continuous operation and be in good working condition. The plant shall be able to provide samples of hot bins upon request. Overflow shall be provided for each hot bin. Hot bin gates shall close without leaking. Bin walls must prevent intermingling between bins. Each hot bin shall have low level indicators which will alert the operator when the bin is empty.

Mixer Unit Clearance between blades and liner shall be 1" maximum, unless the aggregate exceeds 1 1/4" then the clearance shall be 1 1/2". The spray bar length shall be at least 75% of the mixer length. The mixer unit shall be a twin pug mill-type mixer capable of mixing continuously for at least 45 seconds after all materials have been introduced into the mixer. The blades in the mixer shall be capable of producing a homogenous mixture. If the mixer is not enclosed, it shall be equipped with an adjustable hood to prevent loss of dust by dispersion. The mixer unit shall be subject to annual inspection prior to removal of safety features and being readied for service. The Contractor shall provide the Department the opportunity to inspect the mixer unit prior to the

annual inspection. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the mixer unit and provide at least 24 hours' notice that the mixer unit is ready for inspection.

Mineral Filler Mineral filler and fiber shall utilize separate bins and feed systems to store and proportion the required quantity into the mixture. The feed systems shall be accurate to no more than 10% of the required weight with a convenient and accurate means of calibration. Mineral filler and fiber shall be introduced in the weigh hopper and uniformly distributed prior to the injection of the asphalt binder.

Automation The HMA batch plant shall automatically batch, mix and discharges mixes. The batch plant shall accurately proportion the various materials in the proper order by weight. The entire batching and mixing cycle shall be continuous and shall not require any manual operations. The batch plant shall use auxiliary interlock circuits to trigger an audible alarm whenever an error exceeding the acceptable tolerance occurs. Along with the alarm, the printer shall print an asterisk on the delivery slip in the same row containing the out-of-tolerance weight. The automatic proportioning system shall be capable of consistently delivering material within the full range of batch sizes. When RAP is being used, the plant must be capable of automatically compensating for the moisture content of the RAP.

The HMA batch plant shall be operated within the following tolerances:

Each aggregate component	+/- 1.5% cumulative, per bin
Mineral Filler	+/- 0.5%
Bituminous Material	+/- 0.1%
Zero return (aggregate)	+/- 0.5%
Zero Return (AC)	+/- 0.1%
Additives	+/- 0.1%

Recordation All plants shall be equipped with an approved digital recording device. The printer shall mark any weight on the ticket that exceeds tolerance. The delivery slip shall contain information required under Section 108.1.3 - Provisions Relating to Certain Measurements, Mass and paragraphs a, b, and c of Section 401.078.

401.078 Drum Plants

Cold Feeds and Delivery System A scalper screen shall be used to remove oversize material. The accuracy of the belt scale shall be within +/- 1.0% of the actual weight being measured. The plant shall be capable of correcting for aggregate moisture. Mineral filler and fiber shall utilize separate bin(s) and feeder systems to store and proportion the required quantity into the mixture. The feed systems shall be accurate to no more than +/- 10% of the required weight with a convenient and accurate means of calibration. The plant shall be equipped with a single control to change all feed rates. Mineral filler and fiber shall be introduced such that dry mixing is accomplished no less than 18 inches prior to the injection of the asphalt binder. The Contractor shall ensure that the mineral filler does not become entrained in the exhaust stream of the dryer.

Binder System The flow of asphalt binder shall adjust automatically with dry aggregate weights. The Department will conduct an asphalt flow meter check annually and after each change of plant location. The flow meter check must be performed prior to producing mix for Department projects. The plant must be configured to provide a convenient means to check accuracy of the flow meter. The flow meter will be considered accurate if the measured weight is within 1% of actual weight.

Drum Mixer The plant shall be equipped with a diversion system where mix can be diverted at startup/shutdown and any time. The drum mixer shall be subject to annual inspection prior to removal of safety features and being readied for service. The Contractor shall provide the Department a minimum period of 72 hours to inspect the drum mixer while providing at least 72 hours' notice that the drum mixer is ready for inspection.

Recordation An approved automatic ticket printer system shall be used to print delivery slips. The requirements for delivery slips for payment of materials measured by weight, as given in the following Sections, shall be waived: 108.1.3 a., 108.1.3 b., 108.1.3 c., and 108.1.3 d. The automatic printed ticket will be considered as the Weight Certificate. The dry aggregate weights and binder flow shall be recorded as well as mineral filler and all binder additives. The recordation of materials shall be printed a minimum of every ten minutes while in production.

The requirements of Section 108.1.3 f. - Delivery Slips, shall be met by the delivery slip printed by the automatic system, which accompanies each truckload, except for the following changes:

- a. The quantity information required shall be individual weights of each batch or total net weigh of each truckload.
- b. Signatures (legible initials acceptable) of Weighmaster (required only in the event of a malfunction as described in 401.074 c.).
- c. The MaineDOT designation for the JMF.

401.079 Scales and Weight Checks Scales shall meeting the requirements of Section 108 - Payment. The scales shall be inspected and sealed by the State Sealer (or approved alternative) as often as the Department deems necessary to verify their accuracy. Plant scales shall be checked prior to the start of the paving season, and each time a plant is moved to a new location. Subsequent checks will be made as determined by the Resident. The Contractor will have at least ten 50 pound masses for scale testing at batch plants. At Contractor's option, the Contractor can use one single test weight that has been checked on sealed scales. This weight shall be 1,000 lbs. or greater. At least twice during each 5 days of production either of the following checks will be performed:

- a. A loaded truck may be intercepted and weighed on a platform scale that has been sealed by the State Sealer of Weights and Measures within the past 12 months. The inspector will notify the producer to take corrective action on any discrepancy over 1.0%. The producer may continue to operate for 48 hours under the following conditions.
 1. If the discrepancy does not exceed 1.5%; payment will still be governed by the printed ticket.
 2. If the discrepancy exceeds 1.5%, the plant will be allowed to operate as long as payment is determined by truck platform scale net weight.

If, after 48 hours the discrepancy has not been addressed and reduced below 1.0%, then plant operations will cease. Plant operation may resume after the discrepancy has been brought within 1.0%.
- b. Where platform scales are not readily available, a check will be made to verify the accuracy and sensitivity of each scale within the normal weighing range and to assure that the interlocking devices and automatic printer system are functioning properly. If platform scales are not readily available, a weight with a known mass-verified and sealed annually by a licensed scale company, may be used by hanging weight from silo or surge hopper, at lower middle and upper third levels upon request to verify scale accuracy.
- c. In the event of a malfunction of the automatic printer system, production may be continued without the use of platform truck scales for a period not to exceed the next two working

days, providing total weights of each batch are recorded on weight tickets and certified by a Licensed Public Weighmaster.

401.08 Hauling Equipment Units hauling HMA shall have tight, clean, and smooth metal bodies, which have been thinly coated with a small amount of approved release agent to prevent the mixture from adhering to the bodies. Release agents that dissolve or strip asphalts, including diesel fuel, will not be allowed.

All mix haul units shall have a cover of water repellent material capable of heat retention, which completely covers the mixture. The cover shall be securely fastened on the truck, unless unloading. Haul units shall have an opening on both sides near the midpoint of the body, at least 12 in above the bed, which will accommodate a thermometer stem.

401.09 Pavers The Contractor shall use pavers meeting the requirements of this section unless otherwise authorized by the Department. Pavers shall meet the requirements of Table 4: Paver Requirements.

TABLE 4: PAVER REQUIREMENTS

Use	Paver Requirement
Traveled Way & Auxiliary Lanes	Equipped with a 10 ft minimum main screed with activated extensions. The minimum tractor weight shall be 30,000 pounds.
	Equipped with automatic grade and slope controls that automatically adjust the screed and increase or decrease the layer thickness to compensate for irregularities in the preceding course. The controls shall maintain the proper transverse slope and be readily adjustable so that transitions and superelevated curves can be properly paved. The controls shall operate from a fixed or moving reference such as a grade wire or ski type device (floating beam) with a minimum length of 30 ft, a non-contact grade control with a minimum span of 24 ft, except that a 40 ft reference shall be used on interstate and divided highway projects.
All HMA Placement	Self-contained, self-propelled units of sufficient class and size to place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in full lane widths specified in the contract on the main line, shoulder, or similar construction.
	Equipped with a free-floating activated heated main screed with activated extensions. Pavers with extendible screeds shall have auger extensions and tunnel extenders as per the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.
	Equipped with a receiving hopper with sufficient capacity for a uniform spreading operation and a distribution system to place the mixture uniformly, without segregation in front of the screed.
	Operated in such a manner as to produce a visually uniform surface texture and a thickness within the requirements of Section 401.11 - Surface Tolerances. The screed assembly shall produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving, or gouging the mixture.

The Contractor shall have the paver at the project site sufficiently before the start of paving operations to be inspected and approved by the Department. The Contractor shall repair or replace any paver found worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Pavers that produce an unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA on MaineDOT projects. On a daily basis, the Contractor shall perform density testing across that mat as detailed in Section 401.191 Quality Control - Method A, B & C.

401.10 Rollers Rollers shall be static steel, pneumatic tire, oscillatory, or approved vibrator type. Rollers shall be in good mechanical condition, capable of starting and stopping smoothly, and be free from backlash when reversing direction. Rollers shall be equipped and operated in such a way as to prevent the picking up of hot mixed material by the roller drums or tires. Crushing of the aggregate or displacement of the HMA during rolling will not be permitted. Any HMA Pavement that becomes loose, broken, contaminated, shows an excess or deficiency of PGAB, or is in any other way defective shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost with fresh material which shall be immediately compacted to conform to the adjacent area.

The Contractor shall repair or replace any roller found to be worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Rollers that produce grooved, unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA. The type of rollers to be used and their relative position in the compaction sequence shall generally be the Contractor's option unless otherwise specified in the contract, provided specified density is attained and with the following requirements:

- a. On variable-depth courses, the first lift of pavement over gravel, reclaimed pavement, on irregular or milled surfaces, or on bridges, at least one roller shall be 16 ton pneumatic-tired. Pneumatic-tired rollers shall be equipped with skirting to minimize the pickup of HMA materials from the paved surface. When required by the Resident, the roller shall be ballasted to 20 ton.
- b. Compaction with a vibratory or steel wheel roller shall precede pneumatic-tired rolling, unless otherwise authorized by the Department.
- c. Vibratory rollers shall not be operated in the vibratory mode on bridge decks.
- d. Any method, which results in cracking or checking of the mat, will be discontinued and corrective action taken.
- e. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures placed on bridge decks.

The maximum operating speed for a steel wheel or pneumatic roller shall not exceed the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.

401.11 Surface Tolerances The Department will check the following surface tolerances:

- a. Longitudinally: The pavement surface profile shall be free of deviations in excess of +/- ¼ inches from the required pavement surface profile grade. To verify the surface tolerance a straight plane shall be established using 16 foot straight edge or a taught string line placed parallel to the direction of travel and checked continuously across the width of the lane.
- b. Transversely: The pavement surface profile shall be free of deviations in excess of 0 inches below and ¼ inches above the required cross-sectional profile grade. To verify the surface tolerance a straight plane shall be established using a 10 foot straight edge or taught string line placed perpendicular to the direction of travel and checked continuously along the length of the lane.

The Contractor shall correct defective areas by removing defective work and replacing it with new material as directed by the Department. The Contractor shall furnish a 10 foot straightedge for the Department's use.

401.12 Preparation of Existing Surface The Contractor shall thoroughly clean the surface upon which Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement is to be placed of all objectionable material. When the surface of the existing base or pavement is irregular, the Contractor shall bring it to uniform grade and cross section. All surfaces shall have a tack coat applied prior to placing any new HMA course. Tack coat shall conform to the requirements of Section 409 – Bituminous Tack Coat, Section 702 – Bituminous Material, and all applicable sections of the contract.

401.13 Spreading and Finishing On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, the Contractor shall spread, rake, and lute the HMA with hand tools to provide the required compacted thickness. Release agents that dissolve or strip asphalts, including diesel fuel, will not be allowed. On roadways with adjoining lanes carrying traffic, the Contractor shall place each course per the conditions in Table 5, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

TABLE 5: PLACEMENT CONDITIONS FOR ADJOINING LANES

Depth (at centerline)	Placement Conditions
Vertical Longitudinal Joint	
¾" and less (incl. shim)	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day.
1" to 1 ¼"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension.
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor shall place each course over the full width of the traveled way section being paved that day.
Notched-Wedge Longitudinal Joint	
1 ½" to 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before weekend or holiday suspension. A maximum unmatched centerline joint length of 0.5 miles will be permitted over the weekend.
Greater than 2"	The Contractor may place the HMA course over the full single travel lane width for each production day and will be required to place a matching course of HMA over the adjacent section of travel lane before the end of the following calendar day.

The Contractor shall place the specified course over the full width of the mainline traveled way being paved, regardless of use, depth, or longitudinal joint type prior to Memorial Day, July 4th, Labor Day, paving suspensions exceeding three days, or other dates as specified by special provision.

The Contractor shall install additional warning signage that clearly defines the centerline elevation differential hazard. Unless otherwise addressed in the contract, the Contractor shall install additional centerline delineation such as a double application of raised pavement markers at 100 foot intervals, or temporary painted line. For any exposed vertical edge between the shoulder and traveled way, at a minimum, the use of temporary painted line, or RPMs placed along the edge of traveled way at 200 foot intervals is required. The Traffic Control Plan shall be amended to include this option and the additional requirements. All signs and traffic control devices will conform to Section 719.01, and Section 652, and will be installed prior to the work, at a maximum spacing of

0.50 mile for the entire length of effected roadway section. If this option is utilized, all additional signing, labor, traffic control devices, or incidentals will not be paid for directly, will be considered incidental to the appropriate 652 items.

401.14 Hot Mix Asphalt Placement on Bridge Decks Hot mix asphalt pavement placed on bridges shall also conform to Section 508.04 and the following requirements.

- a. The minimum production and placement temperature for the Hot Mix Asphalt placed over membrane shall conform to the manufacturer's recommendations.
- b. The bottom course shall be placed with an approved rubber mounted paver of such type and operated in such a manner that the membrane waterproofing will not be damaged in any way.
- c. The top course shall not be placed until the bottom course has cooled sufficiently to provide stability.
- d. The Contractor will not be required to cut sample cores from the compacted pavement on the bridge deck, unless otherwise directed by Special Provision.
- e. After the top course has been placed, the shoulder areas shall be sealed 3 ft wide with two applications of an emulsified bituminous sealer meeting the requirements of Section 612.03 - Sealing and Section 702.12 - Emulsified Bituminous Sealing Compound. The first application shall be pre-mixed with fine, sharp sand, similar to mortar sand, as needed to fill all voids in the mix in the area being sealed. The second application may be applied without sand. The sealer shall be carried to the curb at the gutter line in sufficient quantity to leave a bead or fillet of material at the face of the curb. The area to be sealed shall be clean, dry and the surface shall be at ambient temperature. The furnishing and applying of the required quantity of sealer for the bridge shoulder areas shall be incidental to placing the hot mix asphalt pavement.
- f. The area between the edge of the membrane and the vertical surface shall be completely sealed with hot-applied rubberized asphalt material, meeting the requirements of Type 4 crack seal; shall be applied to form a complete seal between the membrane and the vertical surface and shall extend up the vertical surface to within ½ inch of the top of the HMA wearing surface. This work shall be considered incidental to the contract pavement items unless 508 membrane items are included in the contract.

401.15 Compaction Immediately after the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement has been spread, struck off, and any surface irregularities adjusted, the Contractor shall thoroughly and uniformly compact the HMA by rolling.

The Contractor shall roll the surface when the mixture is in the proper condition and when the rolling does not cause undue displacement, cracking, or shoving. The Contractor shall prevent adhesion of the HMA to the rollers or vibrating compactors without the use of fuel oil or other petroleum-based release agents. Solvents designed to strip asphalt binders from aggregates will not be permitted as release agents on equipment, tools, or pavement surfaces.

The Contractor shall immediately correct any displacement occurring as a result of the reversing of the direction of a roller or from other causes to the satisfaction of the Department. Any operation other than placement of variable depth shim course that results in breakdown of the aggregate shall be discontinued. Any new pavement that shows obvious cracking, checking, or displacement shall be removed and replaced for the full lane width as directed by the Resident at no cost to the Department.

Along forms, curbs, headers, walls, and other places not accessible to the rollers, the Contractor shall thoroughly compact the HMA with mechanical vibrating compactors. The Contractor shall only use hand tamping in areas inaccessible to all other compaction equipment. On depressed areas, the Contractor may use a trench roller or cleated compression strips under a roller to transmit compression to the depressed area.

Any HMA that becomes unacceptable due to cooling, cracking, checking, segregation or deformation as a result of an interruption in mix delivery shall be removed and replaced with material that meets contract specifications at no cost to the Department.

For all items requiring pavement density testing, the Contractor shall cut 6-inch diameter cores at no additional cost to the Department by the end of the working day following paving. Cores shall be cut such that the nearest edge at least 9 inches from any joint. Pre-testing of the cores will not be allowed. If the Contractor and the Department mutually determine that a core is damaged, the Contractor shall cut new core(s) at the same offset and within 3 ft of the initial sample. The Contractor and the Department will mutually determine if underlying material is adhered to the core and if so will mark the core at the point where sawing is needed. The Department will place the cores in a secure container and the Contractor shall transport the cores to the designated MaineDOT lab. The cores will be saw cut by the Department to remove underlying layers. No recuts are allowed at a test location after the core has been tested.

On all sections of overlay with wearing courses designed to be 1 in or less in thickness, there shall be no pay adjustment for density otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. For overlays designed to be 1 in or less in thickness, density shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway surface courses with a pay adjustment for density, unless otherwise directed by the Department.

There shall be no pay adjustment for density on shoulders unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. Density for shoulders shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway, unless otherwise directed by the Department. Efforts to obtain optimum compaction will not be waived by the Department unless it is apparent during construction that local conditions make densification to this point detrimental to the finished pavement surface course.

401.16 Joints The Contractor shall construct wearing course transverse and longitudinal joints in such a manner that minimum tolerances shown in Section 401.11 - Surface Tolerances are met when measured with a straightedge. The paver screed shall maintain a uniform head of HMA during transverse and longitudinal joint construction. The HMA shall be free of segregation and meet temperature requirements outlined in Section 401.04. Transverse joints of the wearing course shall be straight and neatly trimmed. The Contractor may form a vertical face exposing the full depth of the course by inserting a header, by breaking the bond with the underlying course, or by cutting back with hand tools. The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt immediately before paving all joints to the vertical face and 3 in of the adjacent portion of any pavement being overlaid except those formed by pavers operating in echelon. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces, or in the event of a malfunction of the spray apparatus, but for a period of not more than one working day.

Where pavement under this contract joins an existing pavement, or when the Department directs, the Contractor shall cut the existing pavement along a smooth line, producing a neat, even, vertical joint. The Department will not permit broken or raveled edges. The cost of all work necessary for the preparation of joints is incidental to related contract pay items. Longitudinal joints shall be generally straight to the line of travel and constructed in a manner that best ensure joint integrity. Methods or activities that prove detrimental to the construction of straight, sound longitudinal joints will be discontinued.

The Contractor may utilize an approved notched wedge joint device on all HMA layers 1 ½ inches in depth or greater. A notched wedge joint shall be constructed as shown in Figure 1 using a device that is attached to the paver screed and is capable of independently adjusting the top and bottom vertical notches.

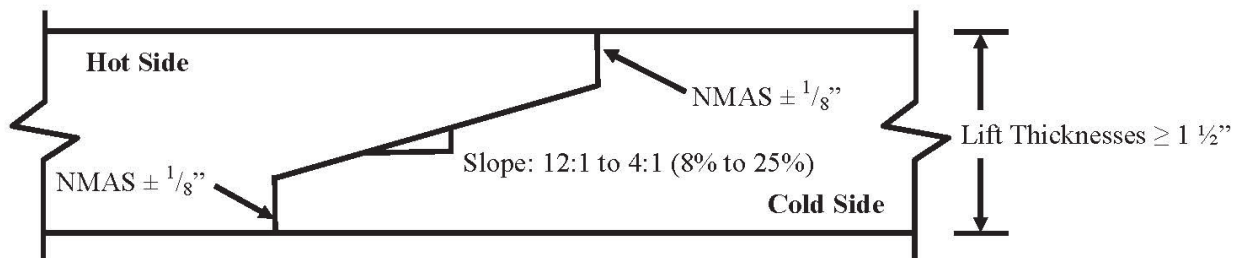


FIGURE 1: Notched Wedge Joint

Notes

1. An emulsified tack coat shall be applied to the vertical edges and the wedge surface so that the total rate is 0.05 G/SY plus the normal specified rate prior to placing the adjacent layer. The Contractor may elect to apply the emulsified tack coat in one or multiple passes.
2. Dimensions shown are compacted depths (after rolling is complete).

The Department reserves the right to have centerline cores cut by the Contractor's QC personnel for informational purposes to monitor the density along the joint. Informational cores at the centerline joint will be taken centered over the tapered part of the wedge joint.

Any notched wedge joint constructed areas that become cracked or broken shall be trimmed back to the limits affected prior to placing the adjoining lane. Any materials that become unbound or separated from the wedge or tapered joint section, or contaminated by materials determined by the Department as being detrimental to the construction of a sound construction joint, shall be removed by sweeping, compressed air and lance, or by hand tools as required. This work, if necessary, will not be paid for directly, but shall be considered incidental to the related contract items.

The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt on the vertical and tapered surface of the longitudinal centerline joint immediately before paving if the notched wedge joint device is used.

The total rate of application shall be 0.050 G/SY plus the normal specified tack coat rate. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces.

401.17 Hot Mix Asphalt Documentation The Contractor and the Department shall agree on the amount of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement that has been placed each day. All delivery slips shall conform to the requirements of 401.078.

401.18 Prepave Meeting Prior to placing any mix, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-paving conference to discuss the paving schedule, source of mix, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of paving pattern, rate of mix supply, random sampling, project lots and sublots and traffic control. A copy of the density QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to the Resident. The Departments' random numbers for Acceptance testing shall be generated and on file with the Resident and the Project Manager. All personnel of the Department and the Contractor who have significant information relevant to the paving items shall attend, including the responsible onsite paving supervisor for the Contractor. The Resident will prepare minutes of the conference and distribute them to all attendees. Any requests to revise the minutes must be made to the Resident within 7 Days of Receipt. These minutes will constitute the final record of the Pre-paving conference. On the first day of paving and whenever there is a change in the onsite paving foreman or paving inspector, the Department and the Contractor shall hold an informal onsite meeting to review the minutes of the Pre-paving conference, Project Specific QCP, Plans, Typical, Special Provisions and communication process. This meeting shall be held prior to placing any mix and, at minimum, shall occur yearly for multi-year contracts. The onsite paving supervisor, QCT, Superintendent, Resident and/or paving inspector shall attend.

401.19 Contractor Quality Control – Method A, B, C & D

The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The Contractor shall not begin paving operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

401.191 Quality Control The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.6 – Acceptance and this Section. The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, and shall include the following personnel meeting these minimum requirements:

- a. QCP Administrator – The QCP Administrator must be a full-time employee of or a consultant engaged by the Contractor or paving subcontractor. The QCP Administrator shall have full authority to institute any and all actions necessary for the successful operation of the QCP. The QCP Administrator (or their designee in the QCP Administrator's absence) shall be available to communicate with the Department at all times.
 - For items accepted under Methods A and B, the QCP Administrator shall be certified as a Quality Assurance Technologist (QAT) by NETTCP.
 - For items accepted under Methods C and D, the QCP Administrator shall be certified by NETTCP as a Quality Assurance Technologist (QAT), Plant Technician, or Paving Inspector.
- b. Process Control Technician(s) (PCT) shall utilize test results and other quality control practices to assure the quality of aggregates and other mix components and control proportioning to meet the JMF(s). The PCT shall inspect all equipment used in mixing to assure it is operating properly and that mixing conforms to the mix design(s) and other Contract requirements, and that delivery slips and plant recordation accurately reflects the mix being produced with all the required information. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one PCT is required. The Plan shall include the criteria to be utilized by the PCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The PCT shall be certified as a Plant Technician by the NETTCP.
- c. Quality Control Technician(s) (QCT) shall perform and utilize quality control tests at the job site to assure that delivered materials meet the requirements of the JMF(s). The QCT

shall inspect all equipment utilized in transporting, laydown, and compacting to assure it is operating properly and that all laydown and compaction conform to the Contract requirements. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one QCT is required. The QCP shall include the criteria utilized by the QCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The QCT shall be certified as a Paving Inspector by the NETTCP.

The QCP shall detail the coordination of the activities of the Plan Administrator, the PCT and the QCT. The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. General Requirements:
 - Job Mix Formulas (JMFs)
 - Name of QCP Administrator, and certification number
 - Description of corrective action process
 - Disposition of defective material
 - A procedure to take immediate possession of acceptance samples once released by MaineDOT and deliver said samples to the designated acceptance laboratory.
- b. Process Control Requirements: Each Hot Mix Asphalt plant shall have a Plant Specific Process Control Plan. At minimum the plan shall include:
 - Name of Plant Specific Process Control Technician(s) and certification number(s)
 - Hot mix asphalt plant details
 - Stockpile Management
 - Mixing & transportation
 - Silo management and details
 - A detailed description of RAP processing, stockpiling and introduction into the plant
 - PG Binder management:
 - Tanks and storage (including polymer modified binders if applicable)
 - Binder temperature
 - Sample points
 - Method to ensure mixture contains the specified binder grade
 - Additive introduction details if introduced at the plant
 - Testing and inspection plan for control of aggregates and RAP
 - Mix Testing and inspection plan
- c. Quality Control Requirements – Method A & B:
 - Name of Quality Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s)
 - Laydown operations
 - Longitudinal joint construction including the tacking of all joints.
 - Procedures for avoiding paving in inclement weather
 - Compaction of shoulders
 - Methods to ensure that segregation is minimized
 - Procedures to determine the maximum rolling and paving speeds based on best engineering practices and past experience in achieving acceptable pavement smoothness.

- Sequence for paving around drainage structures, under guard rail, around curb, at bridges, intersections, drives and minor approaches to ensure proper compaction, finish, and drainage.
- Type of release agent to be used on haul units, tools and rollers.

d. Quality Control Requirements – Method C and D:

- Name of QCP Administrator and certification number(s) as specified in Section 401.19.
- Name of Process Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s).
- Name of Quality Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s).
- Anticipated Compaction Temperature Zones for each roller pass during placement.
- Mix TMD to be used for density gauge setting for method spec density work
- Procedures for avoiding paving in inclement weather.
- Type of release agent to be used on haul units, tools and rollers.
- A note stating that the use of petroleum-based fuel oils, such as diesel or kerosene, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.

The Contractor shall also supply a Laydown Operation Plan that addresses sequence of work, layout of work, longitudinal joint construction, compaction of shoulders, methods to minimize segregation, and procedures to achieve acceptable pavement smoothness.

For each production day, a summary of each day's results, including a daily paving report, summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and the number of roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and presented to the Department's representative by 1 PM the following working day.

Unless otherwise noted in Section 403 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the Contractor shall submit a modified QC Plan every year detailing, how the mix is to be placed, what equipment is to be used, and what HMA plant is to be used for Items covered under the Plan. All mix designs (JMF) shall be approved and verified by MaineDOT prior to use.

A QCP, certified QC personnel, and a Prepave Meeting shall not be required for Item 403.209 - Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals) accepted under visual or Method D. An approved JMF shall be provided to the Resident prior to placement.

The Contractor shall certify the mix and the test results for each item by a Certificate of Compliance.

The Contractor shall have a testing lab at the plant site, equipped with all testing equipment necessary to complete the tests in Table 6. The Contractor shall generate QC sampling random numbers for each approved mix design every year. A copy of the random numbers shall be emailed to the QC.mainedot@maine.gov email address and remain on-file (in print) and be available for inspection at the QC laboratory. The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with the minimum frequencies per each approved mix design.

TABLE 6: MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Temperature of mix	6 per day at street and plant	-
Temperature of mat	4 per day	-
%TMD (In-Place Density - Surface)	1 per 125 ton	AASHTO T 355 or AASHTO T 343
%TMD (In-Place Density - Base)	1 per 250 ton	AASHTO T 355 or AASHTO T 343
Fines / Effective Binder	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
Gradation	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 164 or AASHTO T 308
Voids at N_{design}	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
VMA at N_{design}	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 312*
Rice Specific Gravity	1 per 500 ton	AASHTO T 209
Percent Fractured Particles	1 per 5,000 ton	AASHTO T 335
Flat and Elongated Particles	1 Per 5,000 ton	ASTM D4791
Fine Aggregate Angularity	1 Per 5,000 ton	AASHTO T 304

*Method A and B only

The Contractor shall monitor plant production on each approved mix design using running average of three control charts as specified in Section 106 - Quality. Control limits shall be as noted in Table 7 below. The UCL and LCL, shall not exceed the allowable gradation control points for the particular type of mixture as outlined in Table 1 of Section 703.09.

TABLE 7: CONTROL LIMITS

Property	UCL and LCL
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/- 4.0
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/- 2.5
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/- 1.0
PGAB Content	Target +/- 0.25
VMA at N_{design}	LCL = LSL + 0.2
Voids at N_{design}	JMF Target +/- 1.2
Theoretical Maximum Specific Gravity	JMF Target +/- 0.020

The Contractor shall submit all QC test and inspection reports and updated control charts to the Resident and QC.mainedot@maine.gov by email. The reports and updated control charts shall be signed by the appropriate technician and be submitted to the Department by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP and approved by the Department.

The Contractor shall also retain splits of the previous 5 QC tests, with QC results enclosed for random selection and testing by the Department. Test results of splits that do not meet the Dispute Resolution

Variance Limits in Table 18 shall trigger an investigation by the MaineDOT Independent Assurance Unit and may result in that lab losing NETTCP certification and the ability to request a dispute [Section 401.50 - Process for Dispute Resolution].

The Contractor shall make density test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite. Summaries of each day's results, including a daily paving report summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and the number of

roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and provided to the QC.mainedot@maine.gov email address and Resident in writing by 1:00 p.m. the next working day. The Contractor shall fill all holes in the pavement resulting from cutting cores by the Contractor or the Department with a properly compacted, acceptable mixture no later than the following working day. Before filling, the Contractor shall carefully clean the holes and apply a coating of emulsified asphalt. The Contractor may only cut additional cores for verification of the densometer, at a rate not to exceed 3 per day or 2 per 1000 ton placed.

If the Contractor's control chart shows the process for a given mix design to be out of control (defined as a single point outside of the control limits on the running average of three chart) on any property listed in Table 7: Control Limits, the Contractor shall notify the Resident of all affected projects in writing of the corrective action by 1:00 PM the next working day. The written description shall detail what action is being taken by the Contractor to bring the property in question back within control limits. Subsequent quality control results are expected to demonstrate an improvement and regression towards the aim. The Department reserves the right to take action, to include cessation of production, in the case of repeated results outside the Table 7 control chart control limits.

On a daily basis, or whenever equipment type or sequence is modified, the Contractor shall perform density testing across the mat being placed, prior to being compacted by equipment at 12 in intervals. If the density values vary by more than 2.0% from the mean, the Contractor shall make adjustments to the screed until the inconsistencies are remedied. Failure to replace or repair defective placement equipment may result in a letter of suspension of work and notification of a quality control violation resulting in possible monetary penalties as governed by Section 106 – Quality.

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs:

- a. The quality level for density using all quality control tests for the current Lot is less than 60 PWL.
- b. The Coarse Aggregate Angularity or Fine Aggregate Angularity value falls below the requirements of Section 703.07, Table 3: Aggregate Consensus Properties Criteria for the design traffic level.
- c. The Flat and Elongated Particles value exceeds 10% by ASTM D4791.
- d. There is any visible damage to the aggregate due to over-densification other than on variable depth shim courses.
- e. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.

The Contractor shall notify the Resident in writing as to the reason for shutdown, as well as the corrective action, by the end of the workday. Failure to do so will be treated as a second incident under 106.4.6 QCP Non-compliance. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production. The Department

retains the exclusive right, with the exception of the first day's production of a new JMF, to determine whether the resumption of production involves a significant change to the production process. If the Department so determines, then the current lot will be terminated, a pay factor established, and a new lot will begin.

The Contractor may utilize innovative equipment or techniques not addressed by the Contract documents to produce or monitor the production of the mix, subject to approval by the Department.

401.192 Quality Control for Method D, (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals) and visual acceptance items A QCP, certified QC personnel, or Prepave Meeting shall not be required for Item 403.209 - Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals) accepted under visual or Method D. An approved JMF shall be provided to the Resident prior to placement.

401.20 Acceptance Method A & C These methods utilize Quality Level Analysis and pay factor specifications. For Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement designated for acceptance under Quality Assurance provisions, the Department will sample once per subplot on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the Acceptance Properties as outlined in Table 8:

TABLE 8: ACCEPTANCE PROPERTIES – METHOD A & C

Properties	Point of Sampling	Test Method
Gradation	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 308
% TMD (In-Place Density)	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T 269
Voids at N_{design}	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
VMA at N_{design}	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
Fines to Effective Binder	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
VFB	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312

The Department will obtain samples of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in conformance with AASHTO R 97, Sampling Asphalt Mixtures, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing. The Contractor shall transport the samples in containers provided by the Department to the designated MaineDOT Laboratory within 48 hours except when otherwise noted in the project specific QCP or as directed by the Resident. Failure to deliver an acceptance sample to the designated acceptance laboratory will be considered the second incident under 106.4.6–QCP Non-Compliance.

Target values shall be as specified in the JMF. The Department will withhold reporting of the test results for the Acceptance sample until 7:00 AM, on the second working day of receipt of the sample, or after receipt of the Contractors results of the Acceptance sample split. Upon conclusion of each lot being evaluated under quality level analysis, where there is a minimum of four sublots, results shall be examined for statistical outliers, as stated in Section 106.7.2 - Statistical Outliers.

Lot sizes and subplot sizes shall be determined as outlined in Table 9.

TABLE 9: LOT AND SUBLOT SIZES – METHOD A & C

Lot Size*	Entire production per item per contract per year up to 6000 ton
Maximum Sublot Size – Mix	750 ton
Maximum Sublot Size – Density	Surface Layers – 250 ton Base / Intermediate Layers – 500 ton
Minimum Number of Samples – Mix	Four
Minimum Number of Samples – Density	Five

*General – Lot and Sublot size may be adjusted to accommodate the work scope and schedule, or as otherwise agreed upon at the Prepave Meeting

If there is less than one-half of a subplot remaining at the end of production for the year, then it shall be combined with the previous subplot. If there is more than one-half subplot remaining at the end of production for the year, then it shall constitute the last subplot and shall be represented by test results. If it becomes apparent partway through a Lot that, due to an underrun, there will be insufficient mix quantity to obtain the minimum number of sublots needed, the Resident may adjust the size of the remaining sublots and select new sample locations based on the estimated quantity of material remaining in the Lot. Unanticipated over-runs of up to 1500 ton shall be rolled into the last lot. Cases where the lot is terminated prior to reaching completion shall be handled in accordance with Section 106.7.3 Early Termination of Lots. In cases where density incentive/disincentive provision apply, additional cores shall be taken to attain a minimum of three for the Lot.

Isolated Areas During the course of inspection, should it appear that there is an isolated area that is not representative of the lot based on a lack of observed compactive effort, excessive segregation, a change in process or any other questionable practice, that area may be isolated and tested separately. An area so isolated that has a calculated pay factor below 0.80 for Method A, based on three random tests shall be removed and replaced at the expense of the Contractor for the full lane width and a length not to be less than 150 ft.

TABLE 10: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS – METHOD A & C

Property	USL and LSL	
	Method A	Method C
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/- 7%	Target +/- 7%
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/- 4%	Target +/- 5%
Percent Passing 0.60 mm sieve	Target +/- 3%	Target +/- 4%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/- 2%	Target +/- 2%
PGAB Content	Target +/- 0.4%	Target +/- 0.4%
Voids at N_{design}	4.0% +/- 1.5%	N/A
Fines to Effective Binder	0.9 +/- 0.3	N/A
VMA at N_{design}	LSL from Table 1	N/A
VFB	Table 1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL	N/A
% TMD (In-place Density)	94.5% +/- 2.5%	94.5% +/- 2.5%

Cease Production The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs on a lot in progress:

TABLE 11: CEASE PRODUCTION – METHOD A & C

Property	Percent Within Limits (PWL)	
	Method A	Method C
Percent Passing NMA sieve*	<60 PWL	<60 PWL
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve*		
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve*		
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve*		
PGAB Content		N/A
Voids at N_{design}		
Fines to Effective Binder*		
VMA at N_{design}		
VFB		
% TMD (In-place Density)		<60 PWL

*Paving operations shall not be required to cease if the mean test value is equal to the LSL or USL and $s = 0$.

In cases where the Contractor is to cease paving operations based upon an Acceptance result or payfactor, the Contractor will submit a corrective action plan to the Department. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production.

401.201 Pay Adjustment - Method A & C The Department will use the following criteria for pay adjustment at the completion of the Lot using the pay adjustment factors under Section 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis.

Density Upon conclusion of each lot, density results shall be examined for statistical outliers as stated in Section 106.7.2. If the pay factor for Density falls below 0.80, all of the cores will be randomly re-cut by Sublot. A new pay factor will be calculated that combines all initial and retest results. If the resulting pay factor is below 0.80, the entire Lot shall be removed and replaced with material meeting the specifications at no additional cost to the Department, except that the Department may, when it appears that there is a distinct pattern of defective material, isolate any defective material by investigating each mix sample subplot and require removal of defective mix sample sublots only, leaving any acceptable material in place if it is found to be free of defective material. Pay factors equal to or greater than the reject level will be paid accordingly.

Mix Properties The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using the applicable Acceptance Limits. If all three pay factors for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , and Voids at N_{design} fall below 0.80 for Method A, then the composite pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA at N_{design} , and Voids at N_{design} shall be 0.50.

The following variables will be used for pay adjustment:

PA = Pay Adjustment
 Q = Quantity represented by PF in ton
 P = Contract price per ton
 PF = Pay Factor

The Department will determine a pay adjustment using Table 12: Pay Adjustment Calculations as follows:

TABLE 12: PAY ADJUSTMENT CALCULATIONS – METHOD A & C

Acceptance Method	Mix Properties / Gradation	Density
Method A	$PA = (\text{Voids @ } N_d \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.20 + (\text{VMA @ } N_d - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.20 + (\text{PGAB Content PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.10$	$PA = (\text{density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.50$
Method C	$PA = (\% \text{ Passing Nom. Max PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing } 2.36 \text{ mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing } 0.30 \text{ mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing } 0.075 \text{ mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.10 + (\text{PGAB Content PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.25$	$PA = (\text{density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.50$

In addition, for 9.5 mm NMAS mixtures the following pay adjustment shall also apply:

The average percent passing for the 0.075 mm sieve shall be evaluated for each Lot. If the average is greater than 6.5%, a pay adjustment according to Table 13 below shall apply in addition to the other pay adjustments for the given method of testing.

TABLE 13: 0.075 MM SIEVE PAY ADJUSTMENT

Average Percent Passing 0.075 mm Sieve	Pay Adjustment
6.6% - 7.0%	-5%
> 7.0%	-10%

The Department shall notify the Contractor whenever the average of at least three samples in a given Lot is greater than 6.5%.

401.21 Acceptance Method B & D Unless otherwise stated in the 403 special provision, the Lot shall be the entire mix quantity per item per contract per year. The Department will sample once per subplot per pay item on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the Acceptance Properties in Table 14. The Department will obtain samples of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in conformance with AASHTO R 97, Sampling Asphalt Mixtures, and the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing. The Contractor shall transport the samples in containers provided by the Department to the designated MaineDOT Laboratory within 48 hours except when otherwise noted in the project specific QCP or as directed by the Resident. Failure to deliver an acceptance sample to the designated acceptance laboratory will be considered the second incident under 106.4.6–QCP Non-Compliance. Target values shall be as specified in the JMF. The Department will withhold reporting of the test results for the Acceptance sample until 7:00 AM, on the second working day of receipt of the sample, or after receipt of the Contractors results of the Acceptance sample split.

TABLE 14: ACCEPTANCE PROPERTIES – METHOD B & D

Properties	Point of Sampling		Test Method
	Method B	Method D	
Gradation	Paver Hopper	Paver Hopper or Truck	AASHTO T 30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	Paver Hopper or Truck	AASHTO T 308
% TMD (In-Place Density)	Mat behind all Rollers	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T 269
Voids at N_{design}	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312
VMA at N_{design}	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312
Fines to Effective Binder	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312
VFB	Paver Hopper	N/A	AASHTO T 312

TABLE 15: LOT AND SUBLOT SIZES – METHOD B & D

Lot Size*	Entire mix quantity per item per contract per year	
Maximum Sublot Size – Mix	(Lot size $\leq$ 1000 tons)	(Lot size $>$ 1000 tons)
	250 ton	750 ton
Sublot Size – Density	125 ton (Max 5 Sublots)	250 ton

*General – Lot and Sublot size may be adjusted to accommodate the work scope and schedule, or as otherwise agreed upon at the Prepave Meeting

If there is less than one-half of a sublot remaining at the end of production for the year, then it shall be combined with the previous sublot. If there is more than one-half sublot remaining at the end of production for the year, then it shall constitute the last sublot.

TABLE 16: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS – METHOD B & D

Property	USL and LSL	
	Method B	Method D
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger	Target +/- 7%	Target +/- 7%
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/- 5%	Target +/- 7%
Percent Passing 1.18 mm sieve	Target +/- 5%	Target +/- 5%
Percent Passing 0.60 mm sieve	Target +/- 4%	Target +/- 4%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve	Target +/- 3%	Target +/- 3%
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/- 3%	Target +/- 3%
PGAB Content	Target +/- 0.5%	Target +/- 0.5%
Voids at N_{design}	4.0% +/- 2.0%	N/A
Fines to Effective Binder	0.9 +/- 0.3	N/A
VMA at N_{design}	LSL from Table 1	N/A
VFB	Table 1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL	N/A
% TMD (In-place Density)	94.5% +/- 2.5%	LSL of 92.0%

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever two consecutive Method B or D tests fall outside specification limits on the same property. The Contractor will submit a corrective action plan to the Department. The Department will only allow the continuation of paving operations when it is satisfied the corrective action will result in an improvement in results. The Department may require the submittal of a passing verification sample to allow further production.

401.211 Pay Adjustment - Method B & D For items accepted under Method B or D, if the mix is within the tolerances listed in Table 16, the Department will pay the contract unit price, otherwise pay adjustments as shown in Table 17 shall be applied to the quantity of mix represented by the test. The Contractor shall cut one 6 in core per subplot unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. If the density result is not within the specified limits the disincentive shall apply. If the subplot density is less than 88.5 percent or greater than 99.0 percent of the subplot TMD, two additional cores shall be cut at random locations determined by the Department. If either of the additional cores has a density less than 88.5 percent or greater than 99.0 percent of the subplot TMD, the subplot shall be removed and replaced at no cost to the Department; otherwise, the average of the three cores will be used to determine the subplot pay adjustment.

TABLE 17: PAY ADJUSTMENTS – METHOD B & D

Property	Method B		Method D	
Percent Passing 2.36 mm sieve	N/A		-2.0%	
Percent Passing 0.30 mm sieve	N/A		-1.0%	
Percent Passing 0.075 mm sieve	-2.0%		-2.0%	
PGAB Content	-5.0%		-5.0%	
Voids at N_{design}	-3.0%		N/A	
% TMD (In-place Density)	91.5% - 91.9% or 97.1% - 97.5%	-5.0%	91.5% - 91.9%	-5.0%
	90.5% - 91.4% or 97.6% - 98.5%	-10.0%	90.5% - 91.4%	-10.0%
	89.5% - 90.4% or 98.6% - 99.0%	-20.0%	89.5% - 90.4%	-20.0%
	88.5% - 89.4%	-30.0%	88.5% - 89.4%	-30.0%
	<88.5% or >99.0%	Reject	<88.5% or >99.0%	Reject

401.30 Method of Measurement The Department will measure Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement by the ton in accordance with Section 108.1 - Measurement of Quantities for Payment.

401.40 Basis of Payment The Department will pay for the work, in place and accepted, in accordance with the applicable sections of this Section, for each type of HMA specified.

The Department will pay for the work specified in Section 401.12, for the HMA used, except that cleaning objectionable material from the pavement and furnishing and applying bituminous material to joints and contact surfaces is incidental. Payment for this work under the appropriate pay items shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals necessary to meet all related contract requirements, including design of the JMF, implementation of the QCP, obtaining core samples, transporting cores and samples, filling core holes, applying emulsified asphalt to joints, and providing testing facilities and equipment. The Department will make a pay adjustment for quality as specified in Section 401.20 Acceptance Method A & B or 401.21 Acceptance Method C & D.

401.50 Process for Dispute Resolution At the time of Hot-Mix Asphalt sampling, the Department will obtain a split sample of each Acceptance test random sample for possible dispute resolution testing. The Contractor shall also obtain a split sample of the HMA at this same time. If the

Contractor wishes to retain the option of requesting dispute testing of the initial Acceptance sample, the Contractor will test their split of the Acceptance sample in accordance with applicable AASHTO procedure and accepted supplemental practice as described in the Department's HMA Sampling and Testing Policies and Procedures manual. The Contractor shall report their results to the Resident, with a copy to Contractor.mainedot@maine.gov by 7:00 AM, on the second working day from time of QA sampling, otherwise dispute resolution will not be initiated. The Department's dispute resolution split sample will be properly labeled and stored for a period of at least two weeks after it has been reported, or until the sample is tested. The properties eligible for dispute and the respective variances are shown in Table 18.

The Contractor may dispute the Department's Acceptance results and request that the dispute resolution split sample be tested by notifying the Department's Resident and QA Engineer in writing within two working days after the results of the Acceptance test are reported. The following shall be provided in the request:

- Acceptance sample reference number
- The specific test result(s) or property(ies) being disputed, and
- The complete, signed report of the Contractor's testing (In a lab certified by the NETTCP and MaineDOT) of their split of the Acceptance sample indicating that the variances in Table 18 for the specific test result(s) or property(ies) were exceeded.

TABLE 18: DISPUTE RESOLUTION VARIANCE LIMITS

Property	Method A & B	Method C & D*	Variance Limits
PGAB Content	Yes	Yes	+/- 0.4%
G _{mb}	Yes	No	+/- 0.030
G _{mm}	Yes	Only if referenced to a Core	+/- 0.020
Voids at N _{design}	Only if G _{mb} or G _{mm} is not disputable	No	+/- 0.8%
VMA at N _{design}	Only if G _{mb} or G _{mm} is not disputable	No	+/- 0.8%
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	No	Yes^	+/- 4.0%
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 0.60 mm sieves	No	Yes^	+/- 3.0%
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.15 mm sieves	No	Yes^	+/- 2.0 %
0.075 mm sieve	Only for 9.5 mm NMAS mixes	Yes	+/- 0.8%

*Disputes will not be allowed on Item 403.209

^Disputes will only be allowed on Sieve Sizes used for pay adjustment calculations

The value of any disputed result or property reported for the initial Acceptance sample shall stand if the value reported for the dispute resolution sample is not closer to the value the Contractor reported for their split sample than to the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample. If the value reported for the dispute resolution falls precisely half-way between the other two values the value reported for the dispute resolution will replace the original acceptance value. Otherwise, the

value reported for the dispute resolution sample will replace the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample and will be used to re-calculate any other affected results or properties.

SECTION 402 - PAVEMENT SMOOTHNESS

402.00 Smoothness Projects Projects to have their pavement smoothness analyzed in accordance with this Specification will be so noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

402.01 Pavement Smoothness The final pavement surface shall be evaluated for smoothness using a Class I or Class II profiler as defined by ASTM E950 (94). Smoothness measurements will be expressed in terms of the International Roughness Index (IRI) as defined by the World Bank, in units of inches/mile.

402.02 Lot Size Lot size for smoothness will be 3000 lane-feet. A subplot will consist of 50 lane-feet. Partial lots will be included in the previous lot if less than one-half the size of a normal lot. If equal to or greater than one-half the normal lot size, it will be tested as a separate lot.

402.03 Acceptance Testing The Department will conduct Acceptance testing following completion of the surface course. Sections to be excluded from testing include the following:

- Bridge decks and joints (no smoothness measurements will be taken within 100 ft of bridge joints)
- Acceleration and deceleration lanes
- Shoulders and ramps
- Side streets and roads
- Within 100 ft of transverse joints at the beginning and end of the project
- Within 100 ft of railroad crossings
- Urban areas with speed limits of 30 mph or lower

Each lot shall have 2 measurements made in each wheel path. The average of the 4 measurements will determine the smoothness for that lot. The smoothness measurements will be statistically evaluated for pay factors as described in Subsection 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis, using the specification limits shown below.

TABLE 1: ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Level	USL
I	55 in/mile
II	65 in/mile
III	75 in/mile

Computation of Smoothness Pay Adjustment:

$PA = (PF - 1.0)(Q)(P)$ where:

Q = Quantity of surface course in the Lot (excluding shoulders, side streets, bridge decks, ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes)

PF = smoothness pay factor for the Lot

P = Contract unit price for surface pavement

PA = pay adjustment

402.04 Unacceptable Work In the event that any Lot is found to have a pay factor less than 0.80, the Contractor shall take whatever remedial action is required to correct the pavement surface in that Lot at no additional expense to the Department. Such remedial action may include but is not limited to removal and replacement of the unacceptable pavement. In the event remedial action is necessary, the Contractor shall submit a written plan to the Resident outlining the scope of the remedial work. The Resident must approve this plan before the remedial work can begin. Following remedial work, the Lot shall be retested, and will be subject to the specification limits listed above. The resulting pay factor, if within the acceptable range, will be used in the final pay adjustment. The Contractor shall pay the cost of retesting the pavement following corrective action.

Localized surface tolerance defects will be subject to the provisions outlined in Section 401.11 Surface Tolerances.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
402.10 Incentive/Disincentive - Pavement Smoothness	Lump Sum

SECTION 403 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

403.01 Description This work shall consist of constructing one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt pavement on an approved base in accordance with these specifications, and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established. The HMA pavement shall be composed of a mixture of aggregate, filler if required, and asphalt material.

403.02 General The materials and their use shall conform to the requirements of Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

403.03 Construction The construction requirements shall be as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

403.04 Method of Measurement Hot mix asphalt pavement will be measured as specified in Section 401.21- Method of Measurement.

403.05 Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of hot mix asphalt pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price per ton for the mixtures, including hot mix asphalt material complete in place. Method A, Method B, Method C and Method D shall be used for acceptance as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements. (See Complementary Notes, Section 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, for Method location).

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
403.102 Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement for Special Areas	Ton
403.206 Hot Mix Asphalt, 25 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.207 Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2071 Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2072 Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Asphalt Rich Base and Intermediate course)	Ton
403.208 Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2081 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.209 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Sidewalks, Drives, Islands & Incidentals)	Ton
403.210 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.2101 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2104 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)	Ton
403.211 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Shimming)	Ton
403.2111 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Shimming, Polymer Modified))	Ton
403.212 Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton
403.213 Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course)	Ton
403.2131 Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course, Polymer Modified)	Ton
403.2132 Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course)	Ton
403.214 Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 Nominal Maximum Size (5/8" Surface Treatment)	Ton

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 401
HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

401 HOT MIX ASPHALT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

401.30 Description The Department will measure the pavement density of longitudinal joints constructed between adjoining travel lanes; turn lanes, truck (climbing) lanes, and passing lanes will be considered travel lanes for longitudinal joint density testing unless otherwise noted in Section 403 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. Core samples shall be tested according to AASHTO T-166. The Contractor shall cut 6-inch diameter cores at no additional cost to the Department by the end of the working day following paving. Pre-testing of the acceptance cores will not be allowed. If the Contractor and the Department mutually determine that a core is damaged, the Contractor shall cut new core(s) at the same offset and within 3 ft of the initial sample. The Contractor and the Department will mutually determine if underlying material is adhered to the core and if so will mark the core at the point where sawing is needed. The Department will place the cores in a secure container and the Contractor shall transport the cores to the designated MaineDOT lab. The cores will be saw cut by the Department to remove underlying layers. No recuts are allowed at a test location after the core has been tested.

For vertical longitudinal joints, cores shall be taken directly centered over the construction joint. For notch-wedge longitudinal joints, the cores shall be cut directly over the center of the tapered portion of the wedge.

As part of the project specific QCP, the Contractor shall include details as to methods of construction, rolling and compaction efforts, and action plan to adjust methods or equipment should the Quality level fall below 50 percent within limits. The Contractor shall be required to measure the joint density at randomly selected locations with a minimum frequency of one measurement per 750 linear feet. The Contractor shall have the option to cut calibration/verification cores at a rate not to exceed 1 per day.

If the Quality level for density falls below 50 percent within limits, the Contractor shall cease placement operations and submit a corrective action letter to the Department before proceeding with the Lot or before starting a new Lot. The Department will respond and either accept or reject the Contractor's proposed corrective action. If the Department accepts the corrective action, three stratified verification cores will be taken from the first 1500 foot section of longitudinal joint constructed for the purpose of evaluating the corrective action. These cores will be in addition to any Acceptance cores that may be designated in this area. The results from these cores shall be combined with the cores from the Lot in progress. Should the combined Quality level for density show an improvement, the Department will accept the corrective action and normal Acceptance sampling frequency shall resume. If an improvement has not been made to the combined Quality level for density, the Contractor shall cease production and submit an additional corrective action letter for consideration.

401.31 Acceptance This method utilizes Quality Level Analysis and pay factor specifications as described in Section 106. For Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement designated for acceptance under

Quality Assurance provisions, the Department will sample once per subplot on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the following Acceptance Properties:

Lot size will be the entire length of longitudinal joint for the given HMA layer for the project, or equal Lots of a size agreed upon at the Pre-paving conference. The maximum subplot size shall be 2000 linear feet of longitudinal joint for density and the minimum number of sublots for any Lot shall be five. The Lot will be divided up into sublots of equal length. There shall be a separate Lot for each lift of HMA pavement, and Lots shall not be comprised of results from more than one HMA layer.

The Department will determine a pay factor using acceptance limits from Table 1.

TABLE 1: LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

PROPERTY	LSL
% TMD (In-Place Density)*	91.0%

* The Theoretical Maximum Density will be determined from the average of the G_{mm} values used to determine the percent compaction of the nearest acceptance cores on either side of the Longitudinal Joint Core from each adjacent mat.

The Department will calculate the Pay Adjustment for Longitudinal Joint Density as follows:

Where

$$PA = (\text{joint density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.40$$

PA = Pay Adjustment
 Q = Quantity of traveled way pavement represented by PF in tons
 P = Contract price per ton
 PF = Pay Factor

If the joint density Pay Factor is less than 0.88, the Pay Adjustment shall be:

$$PA = (-0.05)(Q)(P)$$

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT
(HMA with Fine Micro-Deval Requirement)

The following subsections of the most current version of Specification 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements have been revised and amended by the following:

401.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 – Materials, unless otherwise revised in this special provision:

Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

The HMA composite blend, minus any RAP used, shall have a Micro-Deval value of 18.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T327. The HMA composite blend, minus any RAP used, shall have a Fine Micro-Deval value of 14.0 or less as determined by ASTM D7428.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of hot bituminous pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price per Ton for the bituminous mixtures complete in place.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
403.2081 Hot Mix Asphalt Surface - 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	Ton

SPECIAL PROVISION

SECTION 403

HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

Desc. Of Course	Grad Design.	Item Number	Total Thick	No. Of Layers	Comp. Notes
<u>3" – Cousins River Bridge Deck</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1½"	1	2,4,8,21,22,24,30
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	1½"	1	2,4,8,21,22,24,30
<u>6" – US Route 1 Travel Way & Shoulders - Full Depth Construction</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1½"	1	2,4,8,22,24
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	1½"	1	2,4,8,22,24
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	3"	1/more	4,8
<u>3" – US Route 1 Travel Way & Shoulders</u>					
<u>Mill & Overlay</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1½"	1	2,4,8,22,24
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	1½"	1	2,4,8,22,24
<u>3" – US Route 1 Guardrail Flareouts & Widening</u>					
<u>Full Depth Construction</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1½"	1	2,4,8,22,24
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	1½"	1	2,4,8,22,24
<u>3" – Commercial Entrances/Parking Areas</u>					
Wearing	9.5 mm	403.209	3"	2/more	3,20,30
<u>3" – Sidewalks/Multiuse Paths and Incidentals</u>					
Wearing	9.5 mm	403.209	3"	2/more	3,20,30,32,54
<u>3" – Temporary Pavement</u>					
Temp. Surface	12.5 mm	461.131	3"	2	25

COMPLEMENTARY NOTES

2. The required PGAB shall be a storage-stable, homogeneous, polymer modified asphalt binder that meets **PG 70E-28** grading requirements in AASHTO M 332. All polymer modified asphalt grades utilized on the Project shall be treated with an approved liquid anti-strip. PG binders shall be treated either at the asphalt source terminal with the required dose rate on the delivery documentation, or at the hot mix asphalt plant utilizing a system integrated with the plants controls that will introduce a minimum 0.50 percent anti-strip by weight of asphalt binder used unless a rate is otherwise recommended by the anti-strip manufacturer. The PGAB and anti-strip blend shall meet the **PG 70E-28** requirements. The Contractor shall provide supporting test data showing the PGAB and anti-strip blend meet the required criteria.
3. The design traffic level for mix placed shall be <3 million ESALS. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at **65 gyrations**.
4. The aggregate qualities shall meet the design traffic level of 3 to <10 million ESALS for mix placed under this contract. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at **65 gyrations**.

8. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) Method B. The Contractor may request a contract modification to change to testing method “A” prior to work starting on this item.
20. The combined aggregate gradation required for this item shall be classified as a 9.5mm Thin Lift Mixture (TLM) mixture, using the Aggregate Gradation Control Points as defined in 703.09.
21. The combined aggregate gradation required for this item shall be classified as a 12.5mm “**fine graded**” mixture, (using the Primary Control Sieve control point) as defined in 703.09.
22. Longitudinal joint density testing shall be applied to the specified HMA layer. See Special Provision 401 – Hot Mix Asphalt Longitudinal Joint Density for project specifics.
24. See Special Provision 401 - HMA with Fine Micro-Deval Requirement for project specifics.
25. See Special Provision 461 – Temporary Pavement for project specifics.
30. The incentive/disincentive provisions for density shall not apply. Rollers shall meet the requirements of this special provision. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures pavements placed on bridge decks.
32. Compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a **3-5 ton** vibratory roller. Areas less than 2 feet wide shall be compacted with a minimum of a **150 pound** plate compactor. An approved release agent is required to ensure the mixture does not adhere to hand tools, rollers, pavers, and truck bodies. The use of petroleum based fuel oils, or asphalt stripping solvents will not be permitted.
54. A mixture meeting the gradation of 12.5 mm hot mix asphalt may be used at the option of the contractor.

Tack Coat

A tack coat of emulsified asphalt, RS-1, RS-1h, CRS-1 or CRS-1h, Item 409.15 shall be applied to any existing pavement at a rate of approximately 0.030 gal/yd², and on milled pavement approximately 0.05 gal/yd² prior to placing a new course. A fog coat of emulsified asphalt shall be applied between shim /base courses and surface course as well as to any bridge membrane prior to the placement of HMA layers at a rate not to exceed 0.030 gal/yd². Tack used will be **paid for at the contract unit price** for Item 409.15 Bituminous Tack Coat.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 403
HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

Desc. Of Course	Grad Design.	Item Number	Total Thick	No. Of Layers	Comp. Notes
<u>4" – I-295 Travel Way & Shoulders - Mill & Overlay</u>					
Wearing	12.5 mm	403.2081	1½"	1	2,5,8,30,31
Base	12.5 mm	403.2131	2½"	1	2,5,8,30,31

COMPLEMENTARY NOTES

2. The required PGAB shall be a storage-stable, homogeneous, polymer modified asphalt binder that meets **PG 70E-28** grading requirements in AASHTO M 332. All polymer modified asphalt grades utilized on the Project shall be treated with an approved liquid anti-strip. PG binders shall be treated either at the asphalt source terminal with the required dose rate on the delivery documentation, or at the hot mix asphalt plant utilizing a system integrated with the plants controls that will introduce a minimum 0.50 percent anti-strip by weight of asphalt binder used unless a rate is otherwise recommended by the anti-strip manufacturer. The PGAB and anti-strip blend shall meet the **PG 70E-28** requirements. The Contractor shall provide supporting test data showing the PGAB and anti-strip blend meet the required criteria.
5. The aggregate qualities shall meet the design traffic level of >10 million ESALS for mix placed under this contract. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at **65 gyrations**.
8. Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) Method B. The Contractor may request a contract modification to change to testing method "A" prior to work starting on this item.
30. The incentive/disincentive provisions for density shall not apply. Rollers shall meet the requirements of this special provision. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all mixtures pavements placed on **bridge decks**.
31. Compaction of the new Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be obtained using a minimal roller train consisting of a **10 ton** vibratory, **12 ton** pneumatic, and a **10 ton** finish roller for roadway work. A **Quality Control Technician (QCT) equipped with a density meter** shall be required for all roadway mixtures placed under this contract. Density testing of the mixture will be performed by the QCT in accordance with AASHTO T355 or AASHTO T343. The mixture will be rolled until the density readings show less than 1 pcf change for the final roller passes. This density will be used as the target TMD for the mixture. The remaining mixture shall be compacted to a minimum density of 95% of the target density as determined in the control section. The Contractor shall make density test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department's representative onsite. Summaries of each day's results, including a daily paving report, summarizing the mixture type, mixture temperature, equipment used, environmental conditions, and number of roller passes, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and presented to the Department's representative by the **end of the working day**. The Department may require cores for informational purposes.

Tack Coat

A tack coat of emulsified asphalt, RS-1, RS-1h, CRS-1 or CRS-1h, Item 409.15 shall be applied to any existing pavement at a rate of approximately 0.030 gal/yd², and on milled pavement approximately 0.05 gal/yd² prior to placing a new course. A fog coat of emulsified asphalt shall be applied between shim /base courses and surface course as well as to any bridge membrane prior to the placement of HMA layers at a rate not to exceed 0.030 gal/yd². Tack used will be **paid for at the contract unit price** for Item 409.15 Bituminous Tack Coat.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 461
TEMPORARY PAVEMENT

Description

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, materials and equipment, for the manufacturing, installation and removal of all Temporary Pavement in accordance with these specifications, Special Provision 403 Hot Mix Asphalt, and the Plans.

For Temporary Traveled Ways, pavement shall meet all mix design requirements of a 12.5 mm surface mix for the top 1½ inches, and a 12.5 mm base mix for the remaining 1½ inches.

For Temporary Sidewalks and Pedestrian Access, pavement shall meet all mix design requirements of a 9.5 mm surface mix for the required 2 inches.

The Department reserves the right to take informational samples to verify mix properties.

Acceptance

This work shall not be eligible for mix or density incentive/disincentive.

The Department will accept or reject any HMA based on a **visual basis**, either prior to its use, during placement, or in its final disposition.

Method of Measurement

This work will be measured for payment by the Ton, complete in place and accepted.

Basis of Payment

The work shall be paid for at the contract Ton price for the manufacturing, installation and removal of all Temporary Pavement.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item

Pay Unit

461.131

Temporary Pavement

Ton

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 501
FOUNDATION PILES
(Steel Sheet Piling)

Description

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing steel sheet pile for the Temporary Structural Support that will remain in place permanently.

Materials

The sheet piles shall meet the requirements of the design for the Temporary Structural Support under Special Provision 524.

Construction

Once Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate has been installed against the sheet pile, the pile shall not be pulled or driven deeper since it could contaminate or disturb the ULFGA layers, or if the pile is pulled or driven the ULFGA shall be excavated, any contaminated material removed, and replaced.

The top cutoff elevation for the sheet pile shall be as shown in the Plans.

Method of Measurement

The steel sheet piling and associated work will be measured as one lump sum.

Basis of Payment

The accepted quantity of steel sheet piling will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price, complete in place. The price shall be full compensation for supplying and installing the sheet pile.

	<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
501.301	Steel Sheet Piling	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 502
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
(QC/QA Acceptance Methods)

CLASS	ITEM NO.	DESCRIPTION	P	METHOD
A	502.219	Structural Concrete, Abutments and Retaining Walls	\$400	A
A	502.261	Structural Concrete Roadway and Sidewalk Slab on Concrete Bridges	\$400	A
A	502.31	Structural Concrete Approach Slab	-	C
LP	526.341	Permanent Concrete Barrier, Special	-	C

P values listed above reflect the price per cubic yard (CY) for all pay adjustment purposes.

The quantity used for Pay Adjustment purposes shall be the actual quantity of cast in place concrete placed and accepted. This quantity shall be computed by the Contractor and submitted to the Resident for approval.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 502
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
(Combined Aggregate Grading for Concrete)

502.03 Materials Add the following:

Combined Aggregate Grading for Concrete

703.03

502.1701 Quality Control, Method A and B Amend the paragraph before Table 4 as follows:

The Contractor shall maintain records of all QC tests and calculations. The gradation test data and results shall be reported to the Department before the placement they represent. The Contractor or supplier shall retain split samples of the most recent QC gradations for possible ~~Verification~~ testing by the Department. In addition, the Department will sample the aggregates at the plant monthly to determine ~~specification~~ **compliance with 703.03 Combined Aggregate Grading for Concrete. The Combined Aggregate Grading will be calculated by mathematically blending the individual aggregate gradations using the batch percentages from the approved mix design.** If the Department's gradation tests determine that the aggregate does not meet the specified gradation limits, corrective action shall be required before additional concrete may be supplied to the project. The compressive strength test results shall be reported to the Department by 10:00 A.M. of the first working day following the test. All QC test data shall be signed by the person who performed the test. The Contractor shall record all onsite QC test data and calculations at the time of the placement and present this information, on a form acceptable to the Department, to the Department by 10:00 A.M. of the first working day following the concrete placement. All Method A and B QC testing shall meet the minimum requirements found in Table 4.

SPECIAL PROVISION

SECTION 703

AGGREGATES

(Combined Aggregate Grading for Concrete)

SECTION 703 – AGGREGATES Add the following:

703.03 Combined Aggregate Grading for Concrete The combined gradation of the fine and coarse aggregates when mathematically blended using the mix design percentages shall conform to the requirements of the following table for the size or sizes designated and shall be well graded between the limits specified.

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves			
Grading	A	AA	S	LATEX
Aggregate Size	1 inch	¾ inch	1½ inch	½ inch
2 inch			100	
1½ inch	100		95-100	
1 inch	95-100	100	85-100	
¾ inch	90-100	93 - 100	55-90	100
½ inch	55-78	60 - 90	45-75	90-100
⅜ inch	40-65	50 - 75	40-65	55-85
No. 4	35-50	35 - 50	35-55	30-60
No. 8	28-45	30 - 47	25-50	25-55
No. 16	18-35	19 - 37	15-40	18-50
No. 30	9-25	10 - 26	7-25	8-30
No. 50	4-14	4 - 14	3-14	3-15
No. 100	0-5	1 - 6	0-5	0-6
No. 200	0-3.0*	0 - 3.0*	0-3.0*	0 - 3.0*

*The percent passing the No. 200 sieve shall not exceed 5.0 percent for any fine aggregate. The percent passing the No. 200 sieve shall not exceed 1.5 percent for any single coarse aggregate.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 502
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
(Hydration Stabilizing Admixture)

502.07 Mixing and Delivery Replace the last sentence in paragraph “A” with the following:

“An approved hydration stabilizing admixture may be used to increase the discharge time. Justification for the need for a hydration stabilizing admixture shall be provided in the QC Plan. When a hydration stabilizing admixture is used, the manufacturer, dosage rate and discharge time, from the time cement is added to the aggregate, shall be documented in the approved QC Plan. The proposed discharge time(s) shall be based on the manufacturer’s written recommendations, the anticipated concrete temperatures and anticipated ambient conditions at the time of placement(s). Discharge time(s) shall be adjusted when conditions change or are not as anticipated as outlined in the approved QC Plan. The discharge time(s) approved by the Department shall be subject to change at any time, and discharge of concrete into the permanent Work shall cease immediately if the concrete is determined to have attained Accelerated Hydration Gain. Accelerated Hydration Gain being the condition where the fresh concrete has hydrated to the point where the workability and finishability is detrimental to the quality of the final product. Determination of when concrete has attained Accelerated Hydration Gain shall be made by the Contractor’s Quality Control Technician(s) and shall be based on parameters proposed by the Contractor in the QC Plan, such as, but not limited to, loss of slump, plasticity, or workability, an increase in concrete temperature, or a change in the percentage of entrained air.”

502.1701 Quality Control, Method A and B Under the list with the heading, “The QCP shall address all elements that affect the quality of the structural concrete including, but not limited to, the following:”:

Revise “F” to read: “Mix and Transportation, including Time from Batching to Completion of Delivery, **as well as manufacturer, product name, proposed dosage(s) and discharge time(s) if a hydration stabilizing admixture is used.**”

Revise “H” to read: “Process QC Testing, **including monitoring for attainment of Accelerated Hydration Gain when a hydration stabilizing admixture is used.**”

502.1702 Quality Control, Method C Revise to read:

“The Contractor shall submit a QCP listing the mix design(s) to be used, the name and location of the production facility, a brief description of the placement and curing process and the name and qualifications of any QCT to be used. **When a hydration stabilizing admixture is proposed for use, the manufacturer, product name, dosage rate and discharge time, from the time cement is added to the aggregate, shall be included, as well as procedures for monitoring attainment of Accelerated Hydration Gain.** A QCT will be required. The Contractor shall provide a Certificate of Compliance for each truckload of concrete to the Department at the time of the load placement.”

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 502
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
(Fiber Reinforced Polymer Bridge Drains)

Description

This work shall consist of design, fabrication and delivery of bridge drains using FRP (Fiber Reinforced Polymer) composite materials in accordance with the plans and this specification.

Specifications

Work shall be done in general accordance with the following specifications:

- a. AASHTO LRFD Guide Specifications for Design of Concrete-Filled FRP Tubes for Flexural and Axial Members, 2012.
- b. American Composites Manufacturing Association, ACMA Code of Standard Practice, First Edition, 2011.
- c. ISO/IEC Guide 58, Calibration and Testing Laboratory Accreditation Systems - General Requirements for Operation and Recognition.
- d. ISO/IEC 17025 General Requirements for the Competence of testing and Calibration Laboratories.
- e. MaineDOT Standard Specifications.

2.3 Standards

- A.) ASTM D 2584. *Standard Test Method for Ignition Loss of Cured Reinforced Resins*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.
- B.) ASTM D 3039. *Standard Test Method for Tensile Properties of Polymer Matrix Composite Materials*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.
- C.) ASTM D 3171. *Standard Test Methods for Constituent Content of Composite Materials*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.
- D.) ASTM D 4385. *Standard Practice for Classifying Visual Defects in Thermosetting Reinforced Plastic Pultruded Products*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.
- E.) ASTM D 570. *Test Method for Water Absorption of Plastics*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.
- F.) ASTM E 1356. *Standard Test Method for Assignment of the Glass Transition Temperatures by Differential Scanning Calorimetry*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.

- G.) ASTM E 1640. *Standard Test Method for Assignment of the Glass Transition Temperature by Dynamic Mechanical Analysis*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.
- H.) ASTM C 582. *Standard Specification for Contact-Mold Reinforced Thermosetting Plastic (RTP) Laminates for Corrosion-Resistant Equipment*. American Society for Testing and Materials, West Conshohocken, PA.

Material

Materials shall conform to the following requirements:

1. FRP composite drain and pipe material shall meet the requirements of Appendix A.
2. All material and workmanship will meet or exceed the requirements of the ASTM Specifications above.
3. Drain support assembly shall meet the material and protective coating requirements specified in the Standard Details.

Construction Requirements

FRP DRAIN MANUFACTURERS

The FRP bridge drains shall be supplied by one of the following companies:

1. Kenway Corporation
2. FRP Bridge Drain Pipe-Westfall Company
3. ACO USA

The above suppliers have been pre-certified by providing materials samples that have been tested in accordance with Appendix A. Other suppliers/manufacturers may become certified if FRP bridge drain samples are tested in accordance with the requirements in Appendix A along with meeting the following requirements.

All manufactures or fabricators of FRP bridge drain systems/components are required to have a minimum of 3 years of experience in providing FRP composite structural grade products to the general market. Manufacturers need to provide documentation that personnel involved in manufacture/fabrication hold and maintain American Composites Manufactures Association (ACMA) certifications in a minimum of one of the following disciplines; 1) Open Molding, 2) Corrosion, 3) Vacuum Infusion, 4) Closed Molding and that the Manufacturer/Fabricator have an ISO 9001:(current year) or other independent certification to ensure that the Manufacturer's process has been independently audited for conformance.

Design Guide for FRP Composite Scupper Bodies/Drain Inlets

General

The bridge shall use a drain size specified on the plans. See Appendix B for additional details. The bottom of the downspout shall extend a minimum of 12 inches below the bottom of the beams. For bridge decks with an integral concrete wearing surface, the drain pan depth shall be reduced to provide adequate concrete cover.

Deck/interface drain holes.

For bridge decks with pavement and waterproofing membrane, drain holes are required on both sides of the scupper to capture moisture at the interface between the top of the deck and bottom of the asphalt pavement. Three holes one half inch in diameter spaced at 6 inches on center and three and one quarter inches on center below the top of the grate, or pavement thickness, shall be placed on both sides of the scupper. If the holes are created after the molding process by punching, drilling or other mechanical means the holes shall be sealed using a compatible epoxy compound.

Grates

Grates shall be bicycle friendly and designed for HL-93 Live Load unless otherwise specified. Any gaps in grates shall have a maximum clear width of two inches. The minimum clear opening size in any grating shall be 1 1/8" by 1 1/8". Grates shall be stainless steel (ASTM A995) or FRP specifically designed and meeting the HL-93 Live Load requirements.

- Steel grating shall be commercial heavy - duty grating with 1 1/2" x 5/16" bearing bars spaced at 2 3/8" and 3/8" diameter cross bars spaced at 2". The grating shall be centered in the drain top. The bearing bars shall run parallel to traffic.
- FRP grating if used shall provide an opening area at least 75% of steel grating noted above. FRP gratings that do not meet this requirement are not acceptable and shall not be used.

Grates shall be designed so that they can be removed by mechanical means. Fasteners for grates shall be stainless. Where selected grates require orientation to flow, the grates will have orienting features included as required, i.e. for orders of paired drains one drain would have left hand orientation and the other right-hand orientation.

Grate Frames

Grate frames may be either integrated FRP composite or of stainless steel construction attached to the scupper/inlet body in a matter consistent with the physical design parameters.

Anchoring provisions

Scupper/inlet anchoring shall be bonded to the grate framing in a manner that provides a load path into the concrete decking. Anchor details to be specified as part of the shop drawings for the bridge drains and be a non-corrosive material.

Cross and Longitudinal Slope Compensation

The scupper/inlet designs shall provide a means to match the grate to the deck angles while maintaining the downspout in a plumb orientation. If purchased in pairs, one left handed version will be required for each right handed version. This may be achieved when a down spout portion is bonded to the scupper body, through the frame attachment to the scupper body.

FRP Composite Drain Sections

Bridge deck downspouts, bridge drain deck extensions, elbows and pipe for under drains shall be constructed using a circular cross section; however other cross sections are allowed with approval of the Fabrication Engineer. Drain sections shall comply with the material requirements set forth in Appendix A and maintain wall thickness of no less than 1/4 inch.

FRP Composite Deck Drain Extensions.

Down spout drain extensions shall be integrated and bonded directly to the scupper bodies.

Transitions through Connections and Components.

All transitions and joints to be manufactured through the use of smooth radius molds. Miter joint and edged transitions are not allowed. All internal joint connections are to be smooth and continuous.

Pigmented FRP Composite Drain Components

Pipes, fittings, bodies and all FRP composite drain system components shall be pigmented through the wall. The color used shall match the color of the beams unless otherwise allowed by the Fabrication Engineer. Paint, gel-coat or any other exterior coating shall not be accepted.

Joint Connections

Joints may be welded using manufacturer recommended adhesives in accordance to the adhesive manufacturer's application procedures. Adhesives must be compatible with the FRP resins, applied in a way that ensures complete bonding and liquid tight sealing of the resins, and be compatible with the environmental conditions such as temperature, freeze thaw conditions, and wet alkaline environments.

Shop Drawings/Inspection

Drawings The Contractor shall prepare shop detail, erection and other necessary working drawings in accordance with Section 105.7 - Working Drawings. Drawings shall include dimensions and tolerances necessary for manufacture and installation, all hardware, orienting features, anchor details, fastener details, gasket details, cross and longitudinal matching features, joint details, transition details, and material lay-up/composition

Notice of Beginning Work The Contractor shall give the Fabrication Engineer a minimum of two weeks notice before the beginning of work. No work shall be performed before the Fabrication Engineer has been notified. Before beginning work, a pre-fabrication meeting may be held at the discretion of the Fabrication Engineer or, if requested, by the Contractor.

The Contractor shall advise the Fabrication Engineer of the production schedule and any changes to it. If the Contractor suspends work on a project, the Fabrication Engineer will require 48 hours notice prior to the resumption of work.

Inspection Quality Control (Q.C.) is the responsibility of the Contractor. The Quality Control Inspector (Q.C.I.) shall inspect all aspects of the work and shall supervise all nondestructive examination (NDE). The Q.C.I. shall record measurements and test results in a clear and legible manner. The Q.C.I. shall reject materials and workmanship that do not meet contract requirements. The Contractor may perform NDE in addition to the minimum required. The results of all measurements and testing shall be made available to the Quality Assurance Inspector (Q.A.I.).

Quality Assurance (Q.A.) is the prerogative of the Fabrication Engineer. The Q.A.I. will ensure that the Q.C. Department is performing properly, verify documentation, periodically inspect workmanship and witness NDE. Q.A. testing deemed necessary by the Fabrication Engineer in addition to the minimum testing requirements shall be scheduled to minimize interference with the production schedule.

Inspector's Authority The Q.A.I. will have the authority to reject material or workmanship that does not meet the contract requirements. The acceptance of material or workmanship by the Q.A.I. will not prevent subsequent rejection, if found unacceptable.

Rejections Rejected material and workmanship shall be corrected or replaced by the Contractor.

Bill of Materials The Contractor shall provide the Fabrication Engineer with copies of all bills of materials used in the fabrication of the FRP bridge drains.

Packaging, Storage and Shipping of Components

FRP drains shall be stored and handled in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation. The drains shall be stored above the ground and not be allowed to come into contact with seawater, mud, grease, dirt or other deleterious materials that may be present on the job site.

Installation

The Contractor shall install the FRP drains in accordance with the manufacturer's installation procedures, Contract Plans, and in accordance with the Contractor's installation drawings. FRP bridge drains will be accurately placed at the locations shown on the Plans or as authorized by the Resident. Adequate means shall be provided for securely holding the drains in place during placement of concrete. Any damaged drain shall be repaired or replaced at the Resident's discretion and at no additional cost to the Department.

Method of Measurement

FRP Bridge Drains will be measured by the number of units, for fabrication and delivery. Installation for the drains will be incidental to the Structural Concrete Superstructure item.

Basis of Payment

Yarmouth-Freeport
WIN 21725.00
March 11, 2024

FRP Bridge Drains will be paid for at the contract unit price. Such payment will include compensation for the fabrication and delivery of the drains in accordance with this specification.

Payment will be under:

<u>Pay Item</u>		<u>Pay Unit</u>
502.77	FRP Bridge Drain –Type A	Each

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 502
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
(Fiber Reinforced Polymer Bridge Drains)

APPENDIX A

A.1 Scope

This section specifies the material composition, properties, test requirements and reports that shall be submitted and approved prior to and after product certification of each FRP composite drain component type, e.g. scupper body or pipe component. The manufacturer is responsible for testing using an approved independent lab per section A.5.3. Once certified the approved product may be manufactured with only internal testing provided the manufacturing process and laminate composition do not change. Changes to process and or composition do require additional testing and product certification. The manufacturer shall report the individual test results per section A.5.3. If the strength is less than the required properties certification will not be granted.

A.2 Material/Laminate Composition

A.2.1 Fibers

Fiber sizings and coupling agents shall be compatible with the resin system used to impregnate them.

A.2.2 Matrix Resins

Commercial grades of vinyl ester and epoxy resin systems are permitted provided the finished product meets the material property requirements before and after durability conditioning as set forth in Section A. Styrene is permitted to be added to the polymer resin during processing. Added styrene shall be less than 10 percent by mass of the polymer resin. The amount of styrene, as a mass percentage of the polymer resin, added during processing shall be reported per Section A.5.3.

A.2.3 Fillers and Additives

Commercial grade inorganic fillers such as kaolin clay, calcium carbonate, and alumina tri-hydrate shall not exceed 20 percent by mass of the polymer resin constituent. Commercial grade additives and process-aids, such as release agents, low profile shrink additives, initiators, promoters, hardeners, catalysts, pigments, fire-retardants, and ultra-violet inhibitors are permitted and depend on the processing method. Shrink additives, if used, shall be less than 20 percent by mass of the polymer resin. Commercial grade inorganic or organic non-woven surfacing mats or veils are permitted.

A.2.4 Fiber Content

Fiber content shall be measured by ASTM D 3171 or ASTM D 2584. Fiber content shall be high enough to meet the mechanical property requirements of the FRP system laminate. The

manufacturer shall report the fiber content of the end product by volume or by mass in accordance to the method used. If fiber content is not provided by the manufacturer, then the manufacturer shall provide material data sheets with the weight per unit area of the fiber reinforcement used to manufacture the part.

A.2.5 Glass Transition Temperature

The characteristic value of the glass transition temperature of the composite system, determined in accordance with ASTM E1640, shall be at least 40 degrees Fahrenheit higher than the maximum design temperature, $T_{MaxDesign}$, defined in section 3.12.2.2 of the AASHTO LRFD Guide Specifications for Design of Concrete-Filled FRP Tubes for Flexural and Axial Members, 2012. FRP drain systems may not be used in environments with a service temperature higher than the glass transition temperature of the resin used for their manufacturing.

A.2.6 Longitudinal and Transverse Coefficients of Thermal Expansion (CTE)

The coefficient of Thermal Expansion (CTE) of the tube may vary in the longitudinal and circumferential directions of the component depending on the laminate architecture and type of fibers and resins.

A.3 Mechanical Properties

A.3.1 Tensile Properties

The tensile strength, tensile modulus of elasticity, and ultimate tensile strain shall be determined for both the axial and hoop directions of the tubular components or in transverse and longitudinal directions of inlet bodies, see Section A.5.1 Test Samples. The tensile strength as reported by the manufacturer for product certification shall be measured according to ASTM Test Method D 3039, or other tension test method designed to determine tensile properties of composite laminates at the approved frequency and number of specimens as specified in section A.5.

A.3.4 Compressive Properties

The compressive strength and ultimate compressive strain shall be determined for the longitudinal directions of the tube laminate. The compressive strength and ultimate compressive strains shall be derived from specimens tested in accordance with ASTM Test Method D 6641, or other approved compression test method designed to determine compressive properties of the composite.

A.4 Durability Properties

Material properties shall retain 85% of their baseline values for the material properties listed in Section 2.3 after conditioning for all the durability tests listed below. Durability test methods are adopted from AASHTO Guide Specifications for Design of Bonded FRP Systems for Repair and Strengthening of Concrete Bridge Elements.

Durability property testing is only required for initial product certification and not required for subsequent production orders. The testing is the responsibility of the manufacturer and shall be conducted by an approved independent testing lab per section A.5.2.

A.4.1 Moisture Absorption

Samples will be immersed in distilled water having a temperature of 100 +/-3 degrees Fahrenheit and tested after 1,000 hours of exposure.

A.4.2 Resistance to Alkaline Environment

Samples will be immersed in a saturated solution of calcium hydroxide (pH-11) at ambient temperature of 73 +/-3 degrees Fahrenheit for 1,000 hours prior to testing. The pH level will be monitored and the solution will be maintained as needed.

A.4.3 Alternating Ultraviolet Light and Condensation Humidity

Samples will be conditioned in an apparatus under Cycle I-UV exposure condition according to ASTM G154 Standard Practice. Samples will be tested within two hours after removal from the apparatus.

A.4.4 Freeze-Thaw

Samples will be exposed to 100 repeated cycles of freezing and thawing in an apparatus meeting the requirements of ASTM C666.

A.5 Sampling, Testing & Results.

A.5.1 Test Samples.

The manufacturer is responsible for testing and may use samples in accordance to the test methods and needs of test equipment available. Test coupons may be cut from manufactured products or prepared using identical processes e.g. wet lay-up, vacuum infusion, etc. in a flat sheet, or witness plate, in which test coupons may be cut. Approval of the Fabrication Engineer shall be required for acceptance of test specimens produced by a different manufacturing method. Samples derived from special coupon test sheets shall be taken interior to edge sections 1.5x the width of the required coupon width. Samples shall be prepared from samples oriented with the directions illustrated in figures 1 and 2 for scupper body and drain pipes. For samples from filament wound pipes, samples shall be constructed over polygon mandrels allowing for flat panels to be removed for test purposes. Each test shall use a quantity of three samples. See Tables A.5.4 for tests, material requirements and sample breakdown.

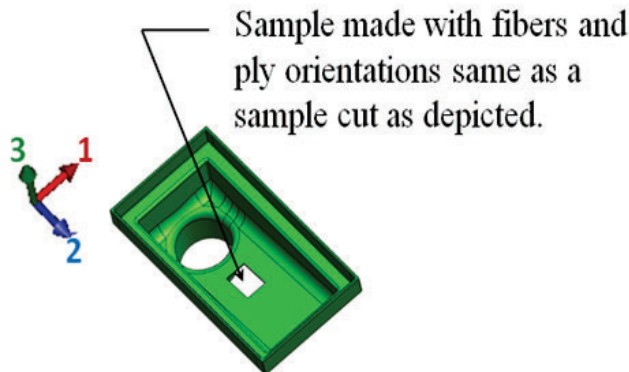


Figure 1.) Scupper Body
Sample Orientations.

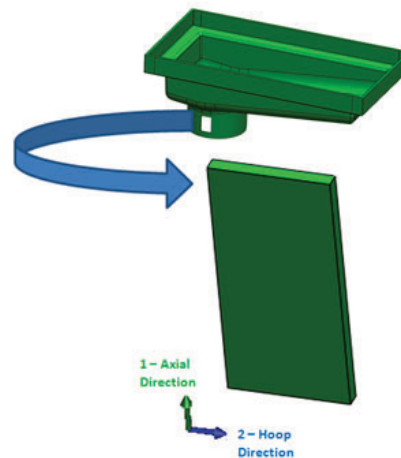


Figure 2.) Drain Pipe
Sample Orientations.

A.5.2 Test Lab Requirements.

All testing of FRP material properties is being conducting in accordance to specified standards. Internal or external testing is to be conducted through laboratory facilities in accordance to ISO/IEC Guide 58, *Calibration and Testing Laboratory Accreditation Systems - General Requirements for Operation and Recognition* and ISO/IEC 17025 *General Requirements for the Competence of testing and Calibration Laboratories* as related by AASHTO document R18 "Recommended Practice for Establishing and Implementing a Quality System for Construction Materials Testing Laboratories."

A.5.3 Production Validation (PV) Testing.

Certification of materials used in FRP drain products must undergo PV testing of the specified material properties before and after environmental conditioning as set forth in Section A.5.4 by an independent lab. PV tests may be conducted internally by the manufacturer for development but are not acceptable for certification. Reported values for the material composition is be recorded and reported by the manufacturer, no independent audit is required.

A.5.4 Production Validation Sample Quantities, Minimum Material Properties and Reported Values

The following data shall be reported for material certification. Note that the tables shown use orientations related to FRP scupper or inlet bodies as set forth in Figure 1 of Section A.5.1. When evaluating tubular sections, orientation direction 2 as shown in Figure 2 of Section A.5.1 shall be substituted for orientation direction 3. The required number of samples have been reduced from ASTM requirements.

Table A.5.4.a PV reported material composition data. (Recorded by the manufacturer during the manufacturing process)

Section No.	Characteristic	Applicable Test Standard	Number of Samples	Tolerance	Reported
A.2.2	Styrene, mass percentage of polymer resin	per tolerance	N/A	10% max	
A.2.3	Inorganic fillers, mass percentage of polymer resin.	per tolerance	N/A	20% max	
	Shrink additives, mass percentage of polymer resin.	per tolerance	N/A	20% max	
A.2.4	Fiber Content	ASTM D3171 or ASTM D2584	3	Sufficient to meet mechanical properties	
A.2.5	Glass Transition Temperature	ASTM E1640	3	> Max Design Temperature	

Table A.5.4.b PV Reported Baseline Mechanical Properties

(Conducted by an independent laboratory. Samples as Manufactured w/o additional conditioning per Section A.3)

Section No.	Direction	Characteristic	Applicable Test Standard	No. of Samples	Minimum Allowable Values	Independent Lab Reported Values			
						Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Avg Value
A.3.1	1	Tensile Strength	ASTM D3039	3	10000 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			800000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.003 in/ in				
	2	Tensile Strength		3	10000 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			800000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.003 in/ in				
A.3.4	1	Compressive Strength	ASTM D6641	3	22000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.003 in/ in				
	3	Compressive Strength		3	22000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.003 in/ in				

Table A.5.4c PV Reported Mechanical Properties after 1000 hr. Moisture Immersion Conditioning per Section A.4.1

(Conducted by an independent laboratory)

Section No.	Direction	Characteristic	Applicable Test Standard	No. of Samples	Minimum Allowable Values	Independent Lab Reported Values			
						Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Avg Value
A.3.1	1	Tensile Strength	ASTM D3039	3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	2	Tensile Strength		3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
A.3.4	1	Compressive Strength	ASTM D6641	3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	3	Compressive Strength		3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				

Table A.5.4d PV Reported Mechanical Properties after 1000 hr. of Alkaline Environment Conditioning per Section A.4.2

(Conducted by an independent laboratory)

Section No.	Direction	Characteristic	Applicable Test Standard	No. of Samples	Minimum Allowable Values	Independent Lab Reported Values			
						Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Avg Value
A.3.1	1	Tensile Strength	ASTM D3039	3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	2	Tensile Strength		3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
A.3.4	1	Compressive Strength	ASTM D6641	3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	3	Compressive Strength		3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				

Table A.5.4e PV Reported Mechanical Properties after UV Light Conditioning per Section A.4.3 (ASTM G154).

(Conducted by an independent laboratory)

Section No.	Direction	Characteristic	Applicable Test Standard	No. of Samples	Minimum Allowable Values	Independent Lab Reported Values			
						Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Avg Value
A.3.1	1	Tensile Strength	ASTM D3039	3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	2	Tensile Strength		3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
A.3.4	1	Compressive Strength	ASTM D6641	3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	3	Compressive Strength		3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				

Table A.5.4f PV Reported Mechanical Properties after 100 Freeze-Thaw Cycle Conditioning per Section A.4.4 (ASTM C666).

(Conducted by an independent laboratory)

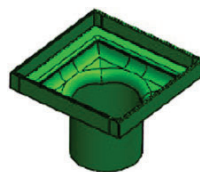
Section No.	Direction	Characteristic	Applicable Test Standard	No. of Samples	Minimum Allowable Values	Independent Lab Reported Values			
						Sample 1	Sample 2	Sample 3	Avg Value
A.3.1	1	Tensile Strength	ASTM D3039	3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	2	Tensile Strength		3	8500 (psi)				
		Tensile Modulus of Elasticity			680000 (psi)				
		Ultimate Tensile Strain			0.0025 in/in				
A.3.4	1	Compressive Strength	ASTM D6641	3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				
	3	Compressive Strength		3	18700 (psi)				
		Ultimate Compressive Strain			0.0025 in/in				

Yarmouth-Freeport
WIN 21725.00
March 11, 2024

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 502
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE
(Fiber Reinforced Polymer Bridge Drains)

APPENDIX B

Standard Details



Bridge Drain – Symmetric Inlet

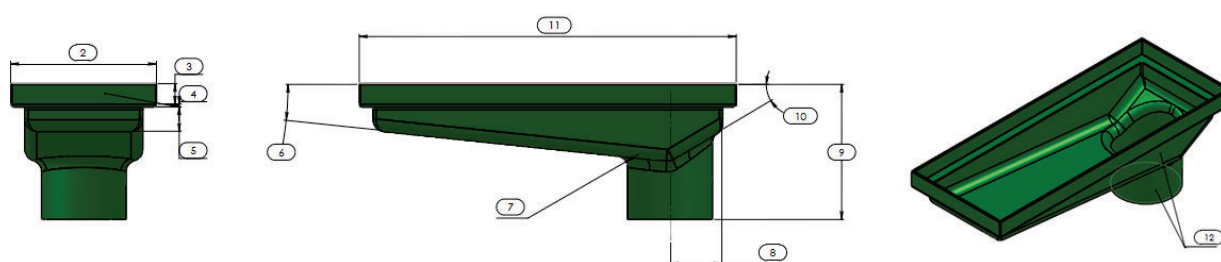
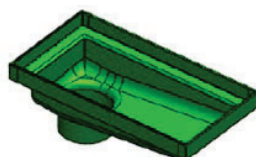


Table B1 Preferred Symmetric FRP Composite Inlet Bodies

Size Designation		A	B	C		
Size Dimensions (Grate Length x Width, Down Spout Diameter)		12x12xØ8	14x14xØ10	18x18xØ12		
Number	Dimension Name	Nominal Dimensions			Nominal Design Tolerance	Manufacturing Tolerance
1	Down Spout Inner Diameter	8"	10"	12"	min	+/- 0.015"
2	Grate Frame Width	12"	14"	18"	+/- 1"	+/- 0.025"
3	Grate Frame Height	As required to contain grate and recessed from deck surface				
4	Grate Frame Flange & Wall Thickness	0.25"	0.25"	0.25"	min	+/- 0.025"
5	Scupper Toe Depth	4"	4"	4"	+1"/-0"	+/- 0.1"
6	Scupper Toe Slope	1:10	1:10	1:10	min	+ 1 degree
7	Scupper Body Radii	2"	2"	2"	min	+0.1"
8	Down Spout Position to Heel	6"	6"	6"	+/- 0.5"	
9	Height	18"	18"	18"	Open	+/- 0.25"
10	Scupper Heel Slope	1:10	1:10	1:10	min	+0.1"
11	Grate Frame Length	12"	14"	18"	+/- 1"	+/- 0.025"
12	Scupper and Down Spout Wall Thickness	0.25"	0.25"	0.25"	min	+0.015"



Bridge Drain-Offset Scupper

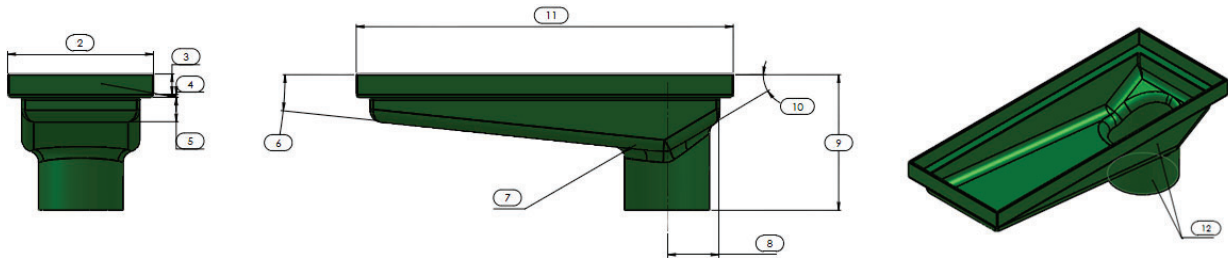


Table B2 Preferred Offset FRP Composite Scupper Bodies

Size Designation		D	E	F	G		
Size Dimensions (Grate Length x Width, Down Spout Diameter)		24x12xØ8	30x12xØ10	36x12xØ10	42x12xØ12		
Number	Dimension Name	Nominal Dimensions				Nominal Design Tolerance	Manufacturing Tolerance
1	Down Spout Inner Diameter	8"	10"	10"	12"	min	+/- 0.015"
2	Grate Frame Width	12"	12"	12"	12"	+ 2"/-0"	+/- 0.025"
3	Grate Frame Height	As required to contain grate and recessed from deck surface					
4	Grate Frame Flange & Wall Thickness	0.25"	0.25"	0.25"	0.25"	min	+/- 0.025"
5	Scupper Toe Depth	4"	4"	4"	4"	+1"/-0"	+/- 0.1"
6	Scupper Toe Slope	1:10	1:10	1:10	1:10	min	+ 1 degree
7	Scupper Body Radii	2"	2"	2"	2"	min	+0.1"
8	Down Spout Position to Heel	6"	6"	6"	6"	+/- 0.5"	
9	Height	13.5"	16"	18"	18"	Open	+/- 0.25"
10	Scupper Heel Slope	1:10	1:10	1:10	1:10	min	+0.1"
11	Grate Frame Length	24"	30"	36"	42"	+ 2"/-0"	+/- 0.025"
12	Scupper and Down Spout Wall Thickness	0.25"	0.25"	0.25"	0.25"	min	+0.015"

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 506
SHOP APPLIED PROTECTIVE COATING – STEEL
(Field Painting)

506.01 Description

This specification covers field cleaning of existing steel and field application of a protective coating system.

506.02 Materials

Existing structural steel shall be coated with a rust inhibiting, penetrating epoxy primer followed by a compatible topcoat. The primer shall be one of the following or an approved equal:

1. BLP Time-Lock MoPoxY PRE-PRP Rust Penetrating Sealer 41-AF-2
2. Sherman Williams Macropoxy 5000 Penetrating Epoxy Primer/Sealer
3. Carboline Rustbond and Rustbond FC

The finish topcoat color shall be light green and match AMS-STD-595 Colors Used in Government Procurement color number: 14272

Assure that the latest copies of the following documents are on site and available at all times. Applicable parts of the documents are enforceable as part of the Contract:

- SSPC 05-03 Surface Preparation Specifications and Practices
- SSPC Vis 3, Visual Standard for Power and Hand-Tool Cleaned Steel.
- 29 CFR 1926, OSHA Construction Industry Health Standards.

Supply the Resident with the applicable product data sheets and material safety data sheets (MSDS) before any coating work is performed. Also obtain from the manufacturer written procedures for touch-up including acceptable coating materials. If the coating manufacturer recommends a coating material for touch-up that is different from the coating material chosen by the Contractor, it will be supplied at no additional cost to the Department. Obtain in writing from the coating manufacturer, and provide to the Resident, a chart or table listing minimum and maximum recoat times for the primer and intermediate coat over the expected range of temperatures and relative humidity.

506.03 Hazardous Materials

Field painting existing structural steel requires the removal of existing rust, mill scale, and coatings which may contain lead, hexavalent chromium, and Fluid Film. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to test the existing coating to determine the toxic metal content and, based on these results, design and implement the appropriate plans for containment, environmental protection, waste disposal, and worker safety.

The Contractor is responsible for performing lead abatement in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local regulations, including the current version of 20 CFR 1926,

OSHA Construction Industry Health and Safety Standards, and in particular, the OSHA Lead in Construction Standard (29 CFR 1926.62).

The Contractor shall collect, store and dispose of all hazardous, special and solid waste in compliance with relevant Federal, State and local laws and requirements. The procedures used for management and disposal of lead paint and related waste shall conform to the State of Maine Hazardous Waste Management Rules, 06-096 CMR Chapters 850-857 and US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), Resources Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) regulations.

A visual inspection of the ground surface with respect to the presence of paint chips and debris shall be performed prior to the start of work and after. The visual inspection shall include photo documentation of existing soil and site conditions.

Hazardous/special paint debris and other waste shall not be placed on or accumulated on unprotected ground or released to waters of the State. Work areas shall be adequately shielded at all times to prevent dispersion of debris by wind and rain. The Contractor's equipment and storage areas used for the handling and storage of hazardous waste and hazardous materials shall have impervious tarps placed under them.

On a daily basis, visually inspect the site for releases of dust and paint chips outside of the work area or in areas where rainwater could carry the debris outside of the work area. Clean up visible paint chips and debris by manually removing paint chips or HEPA vacuuming.

506.03 Quality Control

Submit a Quality Control (QC) plan to the Department for review at least 21 days prior to the beginning of any removal of paint. The QC plan shall cover all aspects of the work including equipment used for paint removal, surface preparation, painting procedure, and all procedures and containment required to protect both workers and the public from hazardous materials.

506.04 Surface Preparation

Remove and properly dispose of accumulated winter sand/salt, bird droppings, dirt, grease, and debris from all areas to be prepared and painted prior to undertaking any paint removal or surface preparation operations.

Clean the steel in accordance with SSPC-SP3 Power Tool Cleaning, SSPC-SP2 Hand Tool Cleaning, or as recommended by the approved manufacturer. Exercise care to avoid any nicking or gouging of the steel during rust removal. Repair damage to steel caused by surface preparation.

Clean the steel prior to field drilling any holes for new steel attachment. The limits for cleaning and painting shall be 2 inches from the edge of the new steel in all directions or as shown on the plans.

506.05 Paint Application

Thoroughly mix the coating according to the manufacturer's recommendations. Thinning, if necessary, shall be per the manufacturer's recommendations.

Apply and cure all coatings in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Measure the environmental conditions in the immediate vicinity of the piece(s) being coated during the coating operation and the cure period. Apply each coat in a neat and workmanlike manner. Correct skips, thin areas, or other deficiencies before each succeeding coat is applied. The surface of the paint receiving additional coating shall be free from dust, grease, oil, or other contaminant that would prevent bonding.

Inform the Resident prior to mixing and thinning of all coatings. Record the batch and lot numbers of the coating, the type and amount of thinner used, the time and pot life of the coating. Mixing and thinners shall conform to the manufacturer's recommended procedure and materials.

Brushes, when used, shall be of good quality and not leave bristles in the coating. Brushes shall have sufficient body and length of bristle to spread the coating in a uniform flow. Rollers, when used, shall be of a type which will not leave a stippled texture or roller particles on the coated surface.

In areas where new steel is connected to existing steel by bolts, prime the entire cleaned area prior to installing the new steel. After installing the new steel, prime any additional bare steel such as bolts before applying the topcoat.

506.60 Method of Measurement

Surface Preparation, Field Painting, New and Existing Steel with Sealant and Paint will be measured for payment as one lump sum, as work completed according to the Contract Plans and accepted.

506.61 Basis of Payment

Field Painting, New and Existing Steel with Sealant and Paint will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, complete and accepted, which shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, tools, equipment, scaffolding, containment, QC activities, environmental testing, and waste disposal necessary for satisfactory performance of the work.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
506.1775 Field Painting	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 507
BRIDGE RAILING
(Delivery of Extra Railing to the Department)

The additional quantity of new railing pieces called for in the Plans shall be transported by the Contractor to the following location:

Maine Department of Transportation
Dunstan Bridge Maintenance Lot
576 US Route 1
Scarborough, Maine

The Contractor shall contact the Resident and Ken Littlefield, the Region Bridge Maintenance Manager, (207) 592-1861, a minimum of 72 hours in advance of delivery of the metal railing and posts. The railing and posts will be unloaded by the Department.

The railing and posts shall be adequately secured to wooden pallets before being delivered to the Department. Base plates, rail caps, splice bars, clamp bars, and miscellaneous hardware shall be placed in wooden boxes on wooden pallets. The wooden boxes shall have wooden covers attached with two hinges and a clasp. The clasp shall be secured in the closed position by a method approved by the Resident. The size of the pallets and boxes shall be approved by the Resident. The weight limit on the pallets shall be such that no damage will occur to the pallets or to the materials stored on the pallets.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 507
BRIDGE RAILING
(Barrier Mounted Bicycle Railing)

Amend 507.05 Steel Bridge Railing by adding the following paragraphs and table:

The 8" by 4 $\frac{7}{8}$ " elliptical member shall be shaped from round pipe. The material of the original pipe and the elliptical splice sleeves shall comply with the following table:

8" by 4$\frac{7}{8}$" Ellipse	Elliptical Splice Sleeve	
<i>Material</i>	<i>Material</i>	<i>Thickness</i>
6" Diameter Standard Pipe ASTM A53 Type E or S, Grade B	ASTM A53 Grade B	0.353"
	ASTM A36 or A500 Grade B	0.339"
	API 5L X52	0.224"
6 $\frac{5}{8}$ " Outer Diameter Pipe, 0.188" Wall Thickness API 5L X52	ASTM A53 Grade B	0.339"
	ASTM A36 or A500 Grade B	0.325"
	API 5L X52	0.188"

Other sections of equal or greater strength are acceptable for elliptical sleeves. The major and minor diameters of the rail member may vary ± 0.1875 " from plan dimension. However, the difference between the outside diameters of the elliptical sleeve and the inside diameters of the rail member must not exceed 0.25".

Amend 507.09 Basis of Payment by adding the following pay item:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
507.0833 Barrier Mounted Bridge Rail, Bicycle	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 524
TEMPORARY STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS
(Roadway Support During Staged Construction)

The following is added to Standard Specification Section 524:

524.01 Description

This work shall consist of designing, fabricating, erecting, maintaining, and dismantling temporary structural support wall(s) for the purpose of supporting partially excavated Roadway during staged construction. Temporary Structural Support shall include support, bracing, or otherwise stabilizing any structures disturbed or partially removed as part of the Work.

524.03 Design

The temporary structure and approaches shall achieve acceptable minimum factors of safety. Minimum factors of safety for slope stability are 1.3 for approach embankment slopes and 1.5 for embankment slopes that contain or support structures. The minimum factor of safety for sliding and overturning is 1.3.

The design for the Temporary Structural Support shall be submitted to the Resident at least 3 weeks prior to the start of Work.

524.04 Erection and Removal

Steel sheet pile that is in contact with the Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate shall not be removed at the end of the project, or adjusted once any ULFGA is installed against it. If the sheet pile is driven deeper or pulled after the ULFGA is installed against it, the ULFGA shall be excavated, any contaminated material removed, and replaced.

524.05 Method of Measurement

Temporary Structural Supports for Roadway support during staged construction will be measured as one lump sum satisfactorily designed, installed, maintained, dismantled, and removed for the entire project. Installation and reinstallation of Temporary Structural Supports between construction phases, if required, will not be measured separately, but will be considered incidental to the Temporary Structural Support pay item. Any work associated with support, bracing, or otherwise stabilizing any structures disturbed or partially removed as part of the Work or with removal and reinstallation of existing highway appurtenances (e.g. guardrails, sign supports, etc.) to facilitate the erection of Temporary Structural Supports will not be measured for payment, but will be considered incidental to the Temporary Structural Support Pay Item.

Removal and reinstallation of Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate due to contamination and disturbance from work associated with the Temporary Structural Supports

will not be measured separately, but will be considered incidental to the Temporary Structural Support pay item.

524.06 Basis of Payment

Temporary Structural Support for Roadway support will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price, which shall be full compensation for all materials, equipment, labor, and incidentals necessary for the design, installation, maintenance, dismantling, and removal of such supports in accordance with the Standard Specifications and as specified herein.

Steel sheet piling that will not be removed will be paid for under Special Provision Section 501 Foundation Piles - Steel Sheet Piling.

Payments will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
524.301 Temporary Structural Support	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 524
TEMPORARY STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS

The following is added to Standard Specification section 524:

524.01 Description

This work shall consist of furnishing all labor, tools, and equipment for the jacking and temporary support of the existing superstructure at both abutments for the removal of the existing steel bearings, masonry plates, soles plates, concrete pedestal repair, and the installation of replacement bearings, masonry plates, sole plates, bolster blocks and anchor rods and all other related work. This work shall also consist of designing, fabricating, erecting, operating, maintaining, and dismantling the temporary structural supports and jacking system required to perform the work.

524.03 Materials

Materials used for the supports shall be structural grade sawn timber, structural steel, or a combination of both at the Contractor's option. All support materials, whether new or used, shall be sound and of adequate cross section for the intended loads. All structural steel shall have a minimum yield strength of 36,000 psi.

Blocking and/or pads required to accommodate differences in elevation and/or distribute loads may additionally incorporate leveling grout, plain and/or reinforced concrete.

524.03 Design

The Contractor shall submit a Temporary Support Plan to the Resident at least 30 business days prior to the start of work. The plan shall outline the methods and equipment to be used to support the bridge during abutment and bearing modification work, as well as what traffic may be present, and the safety risks associated to the work.

The Contractor is responsible for the complete design of the bridge jacking procedures and the materials used. The Contractor shall furnish and place all bracing, shoring, blocking, cribbing, temporary structural steel, timber, shims, wedges, hydraulic jacks, and any other materials and equipment necessary for safe and proper execution of the work. Design and load requirements shall conform to the most current edition of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, applicable Interim Specifications, and these Specifications, unless otherwise noted on the Plans.

The unfactored bearing loads are as follows:

	Unfactored Dead Load (kips)	Unfactored Live Load (kips)
Interior Girder	67	94
Exterior Girder	58	76

The above loads are the existing dead loads per the as-built plans and HL-93 live load, including impact. Formwork or other additional maintenance and incidental loads were not considered. If any forms or any other loads are in place during the proposed jacking process, those loads shall be considered in the design of the Temporary Support.

The Contractor shall provide a jacking system and a temporary support system with a capacity of at least 150% of the unfactored jacking loads. If loads are found in excess of these limits, the jacking operations shall cease and the Resident shall be notified. Jacking operations may not resume until the Professional Engineer for the Contractor provides guidance.

The Contractor shall make provisions to prevent longitudinal and transverse movement of the superstructure as well as twisting of the stringers during the jacking operations and while the beams are temporarily supported. These provisions shall be submitted to the Resident for review. The jacking system and temporary structural support shall be designed and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine. Design computations, plans, details, working drawings, and other documentation necessary to complete the work and certify conformance with these provisions shall be submitted to the Department prior to beginning this work. The Department shall have no obligation to review or comment on the design of the Contractor's jacking system. No review or comment by the Department, or any lack of review or comment by the Department, shall relieve the Contractor of its responsibility to properly design, construct, maintain, and remove the jacking system in accordance with the Contract, or shall shift any responsibility to the Department.

The Contractor shall ensure that the jacking system is stable under tidal flows and make provisions to remove or reset the jacks before or during an anticipated storm event.

524.04 Erection and Removal

It shall be the Contractor's responsibility to prevent any damage to the structure. Should any damage result from this work, the Contractor shall make repairs at no additional cost to the Department. Any such repair work is subject to the review of and acceptance by the Resident. The Contractor may support the jacking systems and temporary structural support systems off the bearing seats, front face of the abutment stem wall, tops of footings or Contractor-furnished blocking systems. Bracing shall be provided to maintain the superstructure in a stable condition during the jacking operations and while temporarily supported. The jacking shall be synchronized so that all portions of the

girders are raised by approximately equal amounts simultaneously. A maximum of 1/4 inch differential movement between adjacent girders will be permitted during jacking operations. The process of temporary structural supports removal and the jacking operation to lower the bridge back onto the bearings shall be completed in a manner similar to that of the erection process. Drawings showing the proposed method to raise, temporarily support, and brace the superstructure shall be stamped by a Licensed Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine, and shall be submitted to the Resident for review prior to starting work.

All fabrication of structural steel shall be done in conformance with the latest AASHTO, American Welding Society, and MaineDOT specifications. All surfaces of existing steel members where paint is removed for welding prior to jacking shall be recoated as outlined in Special Provision 506, unless otherwise approved by the Resident.

524.05 Method of Measurement

Temporary Structural Supports will be measured by the lump sum, satisfactorily designed, erected, and dismantled. Temporary supports used by the Contractor for their convenience will not be measured for payment. The work associated with removal and reinstallation of the existing highway appurtenances (e.g., riprap, guardrails, sign supports, etc.) to facilitate the erection of temporary supports will not be measured for payment, but will be considered incidental to the Temporary Structural Support pay item.

524.06 Basis of Payment

Temporary structural supports will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price, which shall be full compensation for all material, equipment, labor, and incidentals necessary to design, erect, maintain, and dismantle the jacking and temporary support of the existing superstructure.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
524.301 Temporary Structural Support	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 526
CONCRETE BARRIER
(Permanent Concrete Barrier, Special)

Amend 526.01 Description by adding the following:

Permanent Concrete Barrier, Special Single or double face bridge rail barrier as shown on the Plans.

Amend 526.04 Method of Measurement by adding the following at the end of the first paragraph:

Permanent Concrete Barrier, Special will be measured by the lump sum, complete in place.

Amend 526.05 Basis of Payment by adding the following paragraph and pay item:

The accepted quantity of Permanent Concrete Barrier, Special will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price. Steel Bridge Rail mounted on top of the barrier will be measured and paid for separately under Section 507.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
526.341 Permanent Concrete Barrier, Special	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 526
CONCRETE BARRIER
(Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I)

526.01 Description The following paragraph is added:

This work shall consist of furnishing, setting, resetting, and removing Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I as shown on the Plans.

The following concrete barrier designations are added:

Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I Removable concrete barrier fabricated and installed in accordance with New York Department of Transportation U.S. Customary Standard Sheet 619-01 (Temporary Concrete Barrier) available at the following web address:

<https://www.dot.ny.gov/main/business-center/engineering/cadd-info/drawings/standard-sheets-us/619>

526.02 Materials The following paragraphs are added:

f. Temporary Concrete Barrier shall have a 28-day minimum compressive strength of 3,000 psi.

The following subsection is added:

526.021 Acceptance

The Resident shall have the authority to accept or reject all unacceptably damaged portions of Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I used on the Project.

526.03 Construction Requirements The following paragraph is added:

Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I All Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I shall be fabricated and constructed in accordance with New York Department of Transportation U.S. Customary Standard Sheet 619-01 (Temporary Concrete Barrier). The minimum concrete barrier section length is 14 feet. Box beam bracing shall be installed on the back side of the barrier as is shown in the Standard Sheet.

526.04 Method of Measurement The following paragraph is added:

Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I shall be measured for payment by the lump sum.

Setting, resetting, and temporary storage of concrete barrier between construction phases, if required, will not be measured separately for payment, but shall be incidental to the barrier Pay Item. Additionally, the bracing and/or anchoring of bridge barrier, and all associated work, will not be measured separately for payment, but shall be incidental to the cost of the barrier.

526.05 Basis of Payment The following paragraph is added:

Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I shall be paid for at the Contract lump sum price, complete in place. Payment shall be full compensation for furnishing, setting, bracing, anchoring, assembling, resetting, and removing the barrier, and all other incidentals, tools, materials and labor necessary to complete the work.

Payment shall be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>		<u>Pay Unit</u>
526.305	Temporary Concrete Barrier, Braced Type I	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 534
PRECAST STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

Revise Paragraph 2 of 534.07 Quality Control to say:

Provide a copy of the Quality System Manual (QSM) to the Fabrication Engineer for review and approval.

Add the following Paragraph to 534.07 Quality Control:

QC staff shall be separate from production and shall not perform any production work.

Revise Sentence 1 in 534.17 Finishing Concrete to say:

Concrete Products shall be finished to meet the Standard Grade finish as described in the MNL-116.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 535
PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE
(Camber)

Standard Specifications Section 535 is amended by adding the following:

535.01 Description This work shall include submittal of calculated beam camber, submittal of a Camber Management Plan, measurement of actual beam camber, management of beam camber, survey of erected beams, adjustment of dimensions and elevations shown on the Plans, and all labor and equipment necessary to meet the requirements specified herein. All camber adjustments shall allow for construction of the bridge to the Profile shown on the Plans.

All Work specified herein is the responsibility of the Contractor unless otherwise specified.

535.011 Definitions

Camber Management Plan An outline of proposed means and methods for adjusting or mitigating camber growth and adjusting bridge geometry for beam camber.

Final Camber The beam camber in the completed bridge i.e. beam camber after deflections due to deck, curb, sidewalk and bridge rail weights have occurred. Anticipated Final Camber will be considered the measured beam camber at the time of beam erection minus the deflection due to superimposed loads.

535.03 Working Drawings The Working Drawings shall include calculated camber at release and at the time of beam erection based on the Contractor's and fabricator's anticipated schedules.

The Working Drawings shall include a Camber Management Plan. The Camber Management Plan may include:

- Application of temporary load prior to beam erection. The Camber Management Plan may include proposed location and magnitude of temporary loads and proposed means of load application (e.g. temporary concrete barrier).
- Adjustment of beam support points prior to beam erection.
- Addition of shims or grout pads, where discrete pedestals and/or bearings are used, between the concrete abutment elements and Elastomeric Bearing Pads. Shims shall be stainless steel; no other material will be accepted.
- Other means and methods may be submitted for review.

The Camber Management Plan shall include procedures for varying the camber management techniques relative to the degree in which the camber varies from the camber values on the approved Working Drawings. The Camber Management Plan shall include procedures for addressing over and under cambered beams.

535.221 Camber Tolerance Beam camber at release and beam camber at erection shall be within the tolerance permitted in the Precast/Prestressed Concrete Institute Tolerance Manual for Precast and Prestressed Concrete Construction (MNL-135). Camber tolerance at release and erection will be measured from the camber values on the approved Working Drawings.

535.24 Installation of Slabs, Beams and Girders

Bridge seat elevations shall be adjusted to accommodate differences between camber assumed during design and actual camber at the time of erection. Final bridge seat elevations shall be determined and submitted to the Department for approval prior to casting the abutments. Measure beam camber no more than 3 days prior to Abutment placement. The bridge seat elevations at both abutments shall be uniformly raised and/or lowered based upon the beam with the largest measured camber.

The deck thickness shall be 8 inches. At midspan and each Abutment Centerline of Bearing, the minimum allowable haunch thickness is 1 inch and the maximum allowable haunch thickness is 3 inches. Survey the beams after erection and adjust deck thicknesses as necessary to match the final Profile. Prior to deck concrete placement, the final deck thicknesses will be subject to the approval of the Department.

535.26 Method of Measurement The Work specified herein will not be directly measured.

535.27 Basis of Payment The Work specified herein is included under Pay Item 535.61, Prestressed Structural Concrete I-Girder. No separate payment will be made

**SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 535
PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE
(Tolerances)**

Remove subsection 535.22 Tolerances and replace with the following:

Product dimensional tolerances shall be in conformance with the latest edition of PCI MNL-135, Tolerance Manual for Precast and Prestressed Concrete Construction, as applicable to the particular product (e.g., slab, I-girder, box beam), the Plans, and this Specification. Use Box Beam fabrication tolerances for voided or solid slab beams and use Double Tee tolerances for NEXT beams. In case of dispute, the Fabrication Engineer shall determine the allowable tolerance.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 603
PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS

603.11 Method of Measurement

Amend this section by adding the following paragraph:

Special connections or splices between an existing culvert and a new section of pipe will be considered as one special fitting.

603.12 Basis of Payment

Amend this section by adding the following pay item:

	<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
603.195	24" RCP Class III	Linear Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 607
FENCES
(Protective Wood Fence)

Section 607 Fences of the Standard Specifications is amended as follows:

607.01 Materials

Add:

Timber caps and rails shall be pressure treated southern yellow pine, no. 1. Timber posts shall be cedar, no. 2.

607.06 Method of Measurement

Add:

Protective wood fence will be measured by the linear foot accepted in place.

607.07 Basis of Payment

Add:

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>
607.41 Protective Wood Fence

<u>Pay Unit</u>
Linear Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 609
CURB
(Precast Concrete Vertical Curb)

Section 609 Curb of the Standard Specifications is amended as follows:

609.01 Description Add the following:

This work shall also consist of furnishing and placing precast concrete vertical curb in conformance with these specifications, Supplemental Standard Detail 609(09), and the Plans.

Revise the title of subsection 609.03 to read “609.03 Vertical Stone Curb Terminal Section and Transition Sections; and Portland Cement Concrete Curb Terminal Sections, Transition Sections, and Precast Vertical Curbs”.

609.10 Basis of Payment Add the following pay items:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
609.312 Special Curb – Precast Concrete Vertical Curb – 20 inch	Linear Foot
609.312 Special Curb – Precast Concrete Vertical Curb – 36 inch	Linear Foot

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 620
GEOTEXTILES
(Reinforcement Geogrid)

620.01 Description.

This work shall consist of furnishing and installing reinforcement geogrid in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, and dimensions shown on the plans, or as directed by the Resident.

620.02 Materials

Geogrids shall consist of a regular network of integrally connected polymeric tensile elements with aperture geometry sufficient to permit significant mechanical interlock with the surrounding soil, aggregate or other material. The geogrid structure shall be dimensionally stable to retain its geometry under construction stresses and shall have high resistance to damage during construction, ultraviolet degradation, and all forms of chemical and biological degradation encountered in the soil being reinforced. Woven geogrids are not acceptable for this application.

The reinforcement geogrid shall meet or exceed the Minimum Average Roll Values (MARV) of the properties in Table 1.

Table 1. Physical Property Requirements
(Non-Woven Uniaxial Reinforcement Geogrid)

Reinforcement Geogrid Mechanical Property	Test Method	Minimum Average Roll Value (MARV)¹
Ultimate Tensile Strength, T_{ult} ²	ASTM D6637	5,480 lb/ft
Tensile Strength at 5% Strain MD	ASTM D6637	2,740 lb/ft
Aperture Openings $\pm$ 20%		Between 0.9 and 1.1 inches
Percent Open Area		50% to 80%

¹ Values are minimum average roll values determined in accordance with ASTM D-4759.

² The nominal long term reinforcement design strength (T_{al} = 3320 lb/ft) shall be determined by reducing T_{ult} by reduction factors (RF) in accordance with FHWA NHI 10-024.

620.03 Placement

Reinforcement Geogrid shall be installed, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, to the proper elevation and alignment, as shown on the plans or as directed by the Resident.

1. The Reinforcement Geogrid shall be laid at the proper elevation and alignment as shown on the plans. The Contractor shall verify correct orientation of the Reinforcement Geogrid.

2. Reinforcement Geogrid shall be oriented such that the roll length runs parallel to the construction centerline.
3. Adjacent rolls of Reinforcement Geogrid shall be overlapped a minimum of 1 foot.
4. Lengths of Reinforcement Geogrid shall be continuous. Splicing along the length with hog rings, cable ties, or similar, will not be allowed.
5. The Reinforcement Geogrid shall be rolled out so that it is flat, taut, and free from slack and wrinkles, as directed by the Resident. The Reinforcement Geogrid may be temporarily secured in-place with staples, pins, sandbags or backfill as allowed by Special Provision 203 Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate (ULFGA), weather conditions, or as directed by the Resident.
6. The Reinforcement Geogrid shall extend to the back edge of the abutment and wrapped per the plans, ensuring there is enough length to extend vertically parallel to the abutment wall and wrap backwards over the compacted lift for the length specified on the plans. Placement of the ULFGA fill should be from the wall face backward to remove and prevent the formation of wrinkles in geogrid. See Special Provision 203 for information placement of the ULFGA fill material.
7. Where the Reinforcement Geogrid abuts a Temporary Structural Support, it shall be cut to conform to the shape of the Temporary Structural Support. The Contractor shall not place fill materials until the Reinforcement Geogrid placement has been inspected and approved by the Resident.
8. ULFGA shall not be dumped directly onto the Reinforcement Geogrid. It shall be dumped at the edge of Reinforcement Geogrid and spread onto the UFLGA and compacted in accordance with the UFLGA specifications.
9. ULFGA may then be pushed onto the Reinforcement Geogrid using a track mounted bulldozer. At no time shall construction equipment be allowed directly onto the Reinforcement Geogrid. Turning of vehicles should be kept to a minimum to prevent tracks from displacing the ULFGA and damaging the geogrid. Sudden braking and sharp turning shall be avoided. Equipment speeds over 15 MPH shall not be allowed.
10. The Reinforcement Geogrid shall be covered with ULFGA materials within 14 days of placement to protect against unnecessary exposure.
11. ULFGA shall be compacted as specified in (1) Special Provision 203 Ultra-Lightweight Foamed Glass Aggregate.
12. During construction, the surface of the ULFGA shall be kept approximately horizontal. ULFGA shall be graded away from the slope crest and rolled at the end of each workday to prevent ponding of water on the surface of the reinforced soil mass.
13. The wrapped ends of the Reinforcement Geogrid should be tight and without exposed ULFGA at the abutment.
14. Any damage to the Reinforcement Geogrid shall be repaired or replaced in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. The Contractor shall replace any Reinforcement Geogrid damaged during installation at no additional cost to the Department.

620.06 Certification

Prior to construction the Contractor shall submit to the Resident the Manufacturer's certification that the geogrid supplied has been evaluated in full compliance with this Specification and is fit for long-term, critical soil reinforcement applications. The Contractor's submittal package shall include, but not be limited to, actual tests for tension and creep, durability and aging, construction damage, and quality control tensile testing.

620.08 Shipment, Storage, Protection, and Repair of Fabric

The Contractor shall check the Reinforcement Geogrid upon delivery to ensure that the proper material has been received. Each geogrid roll shall be shipped in a protective bag and clearly marked with roll number, lot number, geogrid style and principle strength direction. During all periods of shipment and storage, the geogrid shall be protected from temperatures greater than 140°F and all deleterious materials that might otherwise become affixed to the geogrid and affect its performance. The manufacturer's recommendations shall be followed to protection from direct sunlight. The geogrid shall be stored off the ground in a clean, dry environment out of the pathway of construction equipment.

620.09 Method of Measurement

Reinforcement Geogrid measurement will be by the square yard of material installed. Incidental overlaps for connections, splices, etc. are not included in the pay item.

620.10 Basis of Payment

Reinforcement Geogrid placement will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square yard which shall be full compensation for all off-loading, inspection, storage, labor, materials, equipment, tools, and any incidentals to complete the installation.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
620.65 Reinforcement Geogrid	Square Yard

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 620
GEOTEXTILES
(Drainage Geocomposite)

Description This work shall consist of furnishing and placing Drainage Geocomposite and Weep Hole Connections as specified herein, as shown on the plans, and as directed by the Resident. Geocomposite Drainage shall consist of a formed polystyrene core covered on one side with a non-woven, needle-punched polypropylene filter fabric.

Materials Drainage Geocomposite must be a composite system consisting of permeable geotextile and three-dimensional polymeric core providing equal flow in two perpendicular directions.

The Contractor shall furnish and install a Drainage Geocomposite as a hydrostatic water relief system. The Drainage Geocomposite shall be tied in to a water discharge system or weep holes. The weep holes shall be fitted with Weep Hole Connections, that effectively drain water from the geocomposite through the weep holes. The Weep Hole Connections may consist of Sitedrain AWD-102, Option 2 – Drain Gate connections, or equivalent.

Drainage Geocomposite work shall consist of furnishing all materials and labor required for placing and securing Drainage Geocomposite material, connection pipes, footing drains, weep holes and Weep Hole Connections, and horizontal drains, as shown on the Plans or as directed by the Resident.

Quality Assurance Testing Drainage Geocomposite must be backed by a Letter of Certification from the Manufacturer that the flow rate in the plane of the core meets or exceeds the specified flow given herein and determined by ASTM D4716.

Submittals The required submittals are as follows:

A. Submit Letter of Certification that material meets or exceeds physical properties per the following table.

B. The design layout of the Drainage Geocomposite including type, spacing, overlap, collection drainage, and other information.

Product Specification The Drainage Geocomposite shall consist of Miradrain 6000XL, Amerdrain 500, or equal that meets or exceeds the following properties:

TYPICAL PROPERTIES	Typical Value	Test Method
Fabric Properties		
Material	Non-woven Polypropylene	
Grab tensile strength	100 lbs	ASTM D4632
Puncture strength	65 lbs	ASTM D4833
AOS	70 sieve	ASTM D4751
Permeability	0.3 cm/sec	ASTM D4491
Core properties		
Material	Polystyrene	
Compressive strength	15,000 psf	ASTM D1621 (Mod.)
Product properties		
Flow capacity per unit width ¹	16 gpm/ft	ASTM D4716

¹ In Plane Flow Rate, Gradient = 1.0

All numeric values in the above table, except AOS, represent minimum average roll values in the weakest principal direction (i.e., average test results of any roll in a lot sampled for conformance or quality assurance testing shall meet or exceed the minimum values). Values for AOS represent maximum average roll values.

Placement Requirements The Drainage Geocomposite shall be installed by methods approved by the Manufacturer.

The installer shall place the Drainage Geocomposite at the elevations and alignment shown on the Plans, as noted and as directed by the Resident. The Drainage Geocomposite shall be installed with the fabric side toward the soil.

When installing the Drainage Geocomposite:

- Start at the low point of the wall and attach the panel to the wall.
- Weep Hole Connections shall be installed in conjunction with the Drainage Geocomposite.
- Adjacent panels may be:
 - (1) Joined together with the lateral edge of the next/upper panel placed over the flanged edge of the lower panel;
 - (2) Overlap the dimples of the preceding panel onto the dimples of the previous panel by 2 inches.

The Drainage Geocomposite from the adjacent panels shall overlap the preceding panel. The overlap fabric can be adhered with the Manufacturer's approved tape or duct tape. The Drainage Geocomposite shall be attached to non-waterproofed walls with contact adhesive, tape or concrete nails. The Drainage Geocomposite will be permanently secured prior to completion of backfilling.

Backfilling shall be placed within seven days of Drainage Geocomposite installation. Backfill to at least 6 inches above the top edge of the Drainage Geocomposite.

The top or terminal edge of the Drainage Geocomposite shall be covered by applying a piece of filter geotextile, meeting the requirements of MaineDOT Standard Specification Section 722.03, over the edge sufficient in width to prevent soil or other foreign construction materials from intruding into or behind the Drainage Geocomposite panels.

If necessary, the Drainage Geocomposite and filter geotextile shall be positioned by hand to minimize wrinkles.

Unanticipated subsurface drainage features exposed in the excavation shall be drained independently of the Drainage Geocomposite.

Backfill Requirements Structural backfill as shown on the Plans shall be placed immediately against the Drainage Geocomposite. Care shall be taken during the backfill operation not to damage the geotextile surface of the drain. The backfill shall be placed and compacted in accordance with the project Plans and specifications. Care shall also be taken to avoid excessive settlement of the backfill material. The Drainage Geocomposite, once installed, shall not be exposed for more than seven days prior to backfilling.

Storage Requirements The Contractor shall check the Drainage Geocomposite upon delivery to ensure that the proper material has been delivered. The Contractor shall be responsible for the storage of the Drainage Geocomposite material at the site.

Drainage Geocomposite shall be provided in rolls wrapped with a protective covering and stored in a manner, which protects the material from temperatures greater than 140° F, mud, dirt, dust, and debris. Protective wrapping shall not be removed until immediately before the Drainage Geocomposite is installed.

Drainage Geocomposite material shall be delivered and stored in original packages bearing the Manufacturer's name. The fabric shall not be exposed to direct sunlight for more than seven days during its storage and installation. The Drainage Geocomposite material shall be stored in a clean, dry environment out of the pathway of construction equipment. Each roll of Drainage Geocomposite material shall be labeled to identify the production run.

Repair Requirements Prior to the placement of the Drainage Geocomposite each roll shall be inspected for damage resulting from construction.

Any ripped, torn, or damaged areas of the Drainage Geocomposite material shall be removed and patched by placing a patch large enough to cover the damaged area and provide a sufficient overlap on all sides to fasten. The patch shall be secured to the original Drainage Geocomposite material using the Manufacturer's approved methods. If the hole width or tear width across the panel is more than 50% of the width of the material, the damaged area shall be cut out and the two

portions of the Drainage Geocomposite material shall be joined in accordance with the placement requirement.

If the damage occurs to the Drainage Geocomposite material during shipping, handling, or installation, the damaged areas shall be cut out and a repair section of Drainage Geocomposite shall be installed at the Contractor's expense.

Method of Measurement Drainage Geocomposite installation shall be measured by the square yard in place and accepted. Measurements will not be made for overlaps, patches, and repairs.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Drainage Geocomposite installed shall be paid for at the contract unit price per square yard, which shall be full compensation for off-loading, inspection, storage, materials, equipment, and any incidentals necessary to complete the installation.

The cost and placement of the drainage collection pipe will be incidental to the installation of the Drainage Geocomposite.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Unit</u>
620.66 Drainage Geocomposite	Square Yard

Highway Lighting Quality Control Checklist

Subsection 634.09 Field Testing

Project Pin # _____

Location (if multiple services, please be specific)- _____

Grounding Electrode Resistance at service _____

Number of Circuits _____

Hand-Off-Auto Switch? _____

Circuit #1

Open Circuit Resistance- (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Megger Test- (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Current draw- (during normal operation)

Leg #1

Leg #2

Operating Voltage at last pole _____

Circuit #2

Open Circuit Resistance- (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Megger Test- (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Current draw- (during normal operation)

Leg #1

Leg #2

Operating Voltage at last pole _____

I, _____, certify that this work was done in accordance with subsection 643.14 and current NEC _____ guidelines, and when tested, was functioning as intended.
(YEAR)

Electrician's Signature _____

Electrician's License # _____

Highway Lighting Quality Control Checklist

Subsection 634.09 Field Testing

Project Pin # _____

Location (if multiple services, please be specific)- _____

Grounding Electrode Resistance at service _____

Number of Circuits _____

Hand-Off-Auto Switch? _____

Circuit #3

Open Circuit Resistance- (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Megger Test- (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Current draw- (during normal operation)

Leg #1

Leg #2

Operating Voltage at last pole _____

Circuit #4

Open Circuit Resistance- (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Megger Test- (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) _____

Current draw- (during normal operation)

Leg #1

Leg #2

Operating Voltage at last pole _____

I, _____, certify that this work was done in accordance with subsection 643.14 and current NEC _____ guidelines, and when tested, was functioning as intended.
(YEAR)

Electrician's Signature _____

Electrician's License # _____

Traffic Signal Quality Control Checklist

Subsection 643.14 Field Testing

Project Pin # _____

Grounding Electrode Resistance at service _____

ID tags on loop amps / detector cards? _____

Location _____

Street Approach	_____
Loop #	_____ Resistance _____
Phase #	_____ Meg to ground _____
L,C, or R Lane	_____ Amount of bondo covering loop _____
Pulse or Presence	_____

Street Approach	_____
Loop #	_____ Resistance _____
Phase #	_____ Meg to ground _____
L,C, or R Lane	_____ Amount of bondo covering loop _____
Pulse or Presence	_____

Street Approach	_____
Loop #	_____ Resistance _____
Phase #	_____ Meg to ground _____
L,C, or R Lane	_____ Amount of bondo covering loop _____
Pulse or Presence	_____

I, _____, certify that this work was done in accordance
with subsection 643.14 and current NEC _____ guidelines, and
(YEAR)
when tested, was functioning as intended.

Electrician's Signature _____

Electrician's License # _____

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 643
TRAFFIC SIGNALS
(Temporary Traffic Signal)

The following is added to Standard Specifications Section 643:

The Contractor shall install and maintain temporary traffic signals at all times that alternating one-way traffic is maintained.

Signal heads at each approach to the work area shall be mounted on a temporary structure supplied by the Contractor and approved by the Resident. Two heads shall face traffic on each approach. All signal heads shall have 12 inch red, yellow and green circular LED indications with 5 inch back plates and yellow retroreflective tape along each border.

Signal heads shall also be provided for the southern Muddy River driveway (approx. 105+00 RT) and mounted on a temporary structure supplied by the Contractor and approved by the Resident. Two heads shall face the drive approach. All signal heads shall have 12" R-Y-G circular LED indications with 5" backplates and yellow retroreflective tape along all borders. A "No Right Turn On Red" sign shall be installed at the drive. All other driveways to the Muddy Rudder shall be closed off.

As shown in the timing chart below no phases shall have recall; the signals shall all rest on red if no vehicles are present to activate any phase.

Stop bar detection shall be provided on each approach. The Contractor shall determine the method of detection with the Resident's approval.

Fire Preemption

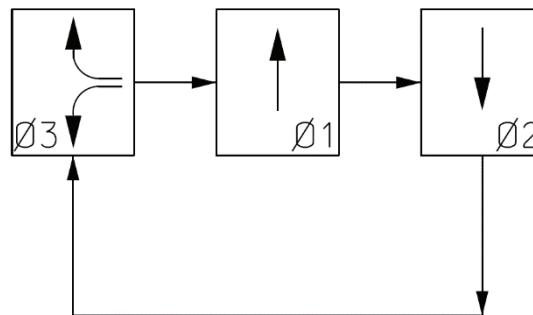
- Preemption signals shall be serviced on a first come-first served basis.
- Minimum green and normal vehicle clearance times shall be provided on phases that are to be terminated by preemption demand.
- Location of emergency vehicle preemption receivers shall be determined in the field by the Contractor, the Resident, and the Town of Falmouth & Yarmouth fire departments.

The Contractor shall program the signal controller with the following phasing and timing (in seconds):

	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3*
Min Green	5	5	5
Extension	3	3	3
Max Green 1 (12 AM to 12 PM)	30	45	10
Max Green 2 (12 PM to 12 AM)	45	30	10
Yellow Cl.	5	5	3
All Red	19	19	5
Recall	Off	Off	Off

* Calls to Ø3 shall also place a locking call on Ø1.

Phase 1 – US 1 Northbound
Phase 2 – US 1 Southbound
Phase 3 – Muddy Rudder South Driveway Sta. 105+00 RT



The clearance time is based on a vehicle speed of 30 mph for 825 feet.

Temporary stop bars are anticipated to be placed at approximately Sta. 104+50 and Sta. 112+75.

The specified signal timing may be adjusted by a Licensed Professional Engineer as operation requires. The Resident may increase All Red Clearance times as necessary for the safety of the traveling public.

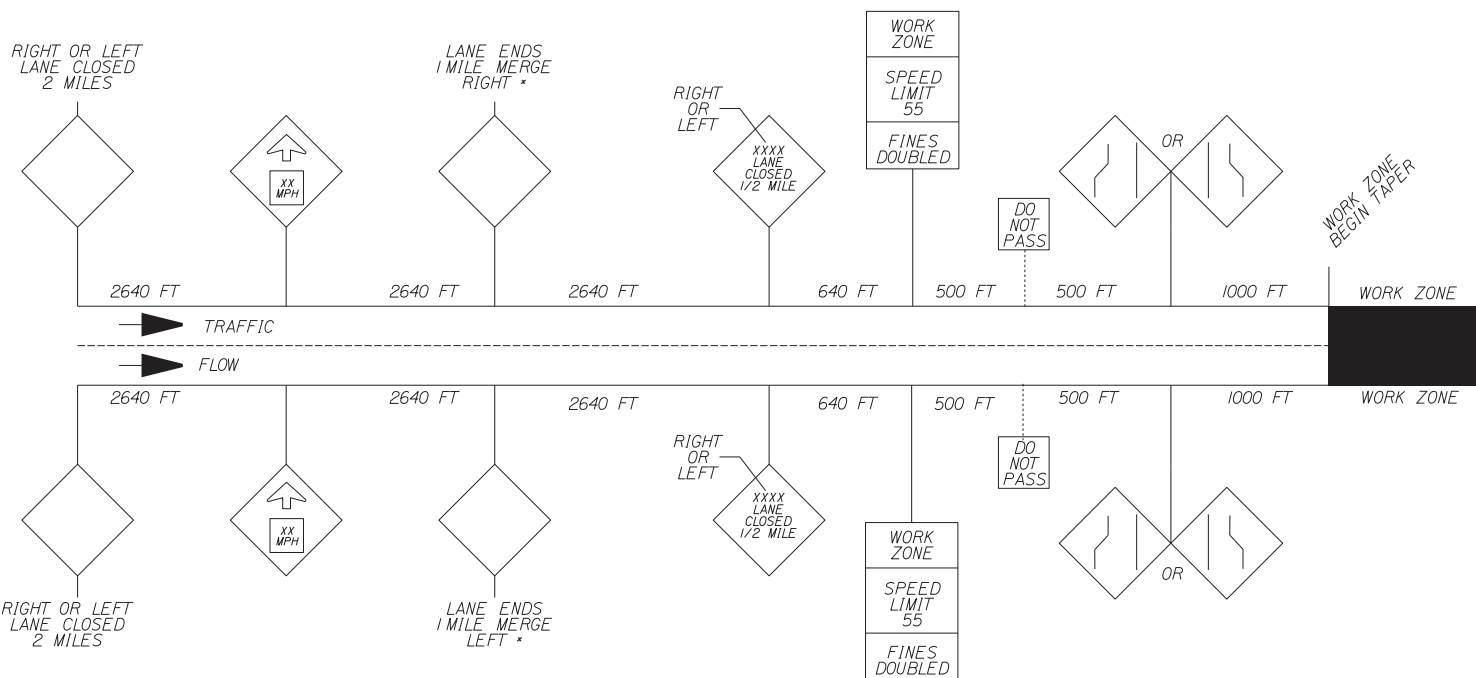
643.18 Method of Measurement Replace the third paragraph with the following:

Each stop bar detection system installed, connected to appropriate phases in the controller cabinet, complete and operational will not be measured for payment but will be considered incidental to the Temporary Traffic Signal Pay Item.

643.19 Basis of Payment Replace the fourth paragraph with the following:

The stop bar detection system will be considered incidental to the Temporary Traffic Signal, which will be full compensation for materials, labor, and equipment for each detection system installed, fully operational, and removed. If loop detectors are used as the stop bar detection system, loops may be abandoned in place.

WORK ZONE SIGNING



A "ROAD WORK 3 MILES" MAY BE REQUIRED
AT THE DEPARTMENTS OPTION

* LANE ENDS 1 MILE MERGE RIGHT OR LEFT SIGNS
SHALL ONLY BE PLACED ON SIDE OF ROAD THAT NEEDS TO MERGE

NOT TO SCALE

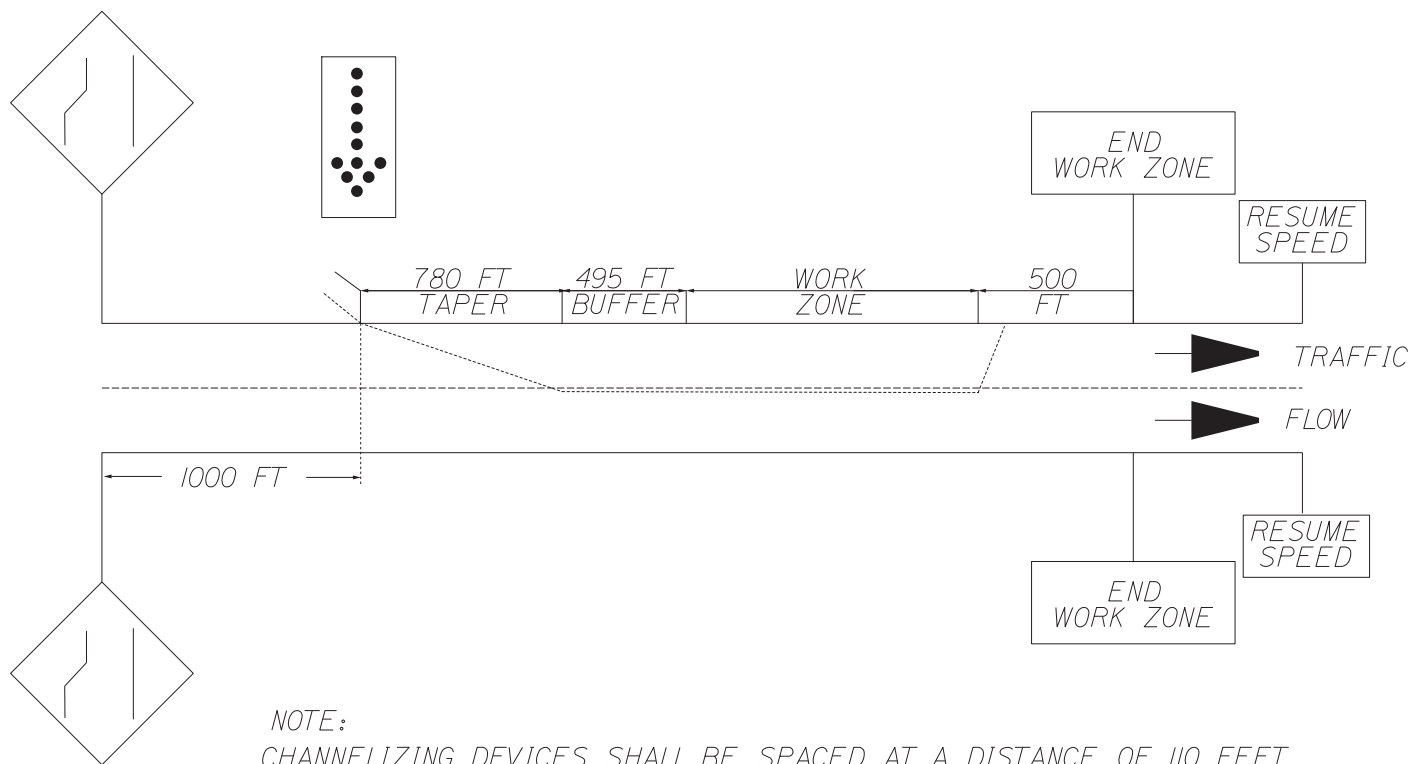
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC
INTERSTATE SYSTEM
TYPICAL SECTIONS

REVISED DECEMBER 28, 2021

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SECTION 652 HIGHWAY PLANS

SHEET NUMBER
1 OF 4
170

WORK ZONE



NOTE:

CHANNELIZING DEVICES SHALL BE SPACED AT A DISTANCE OF 110 FEET APART WITH 3 DEVICES ACROSS THE CLOSED LANE EVERY 1500 FEET. DEVICES IN THE TAPER SHALL BE SPACED AT 55 FEET APART.

NOT TO SCALE

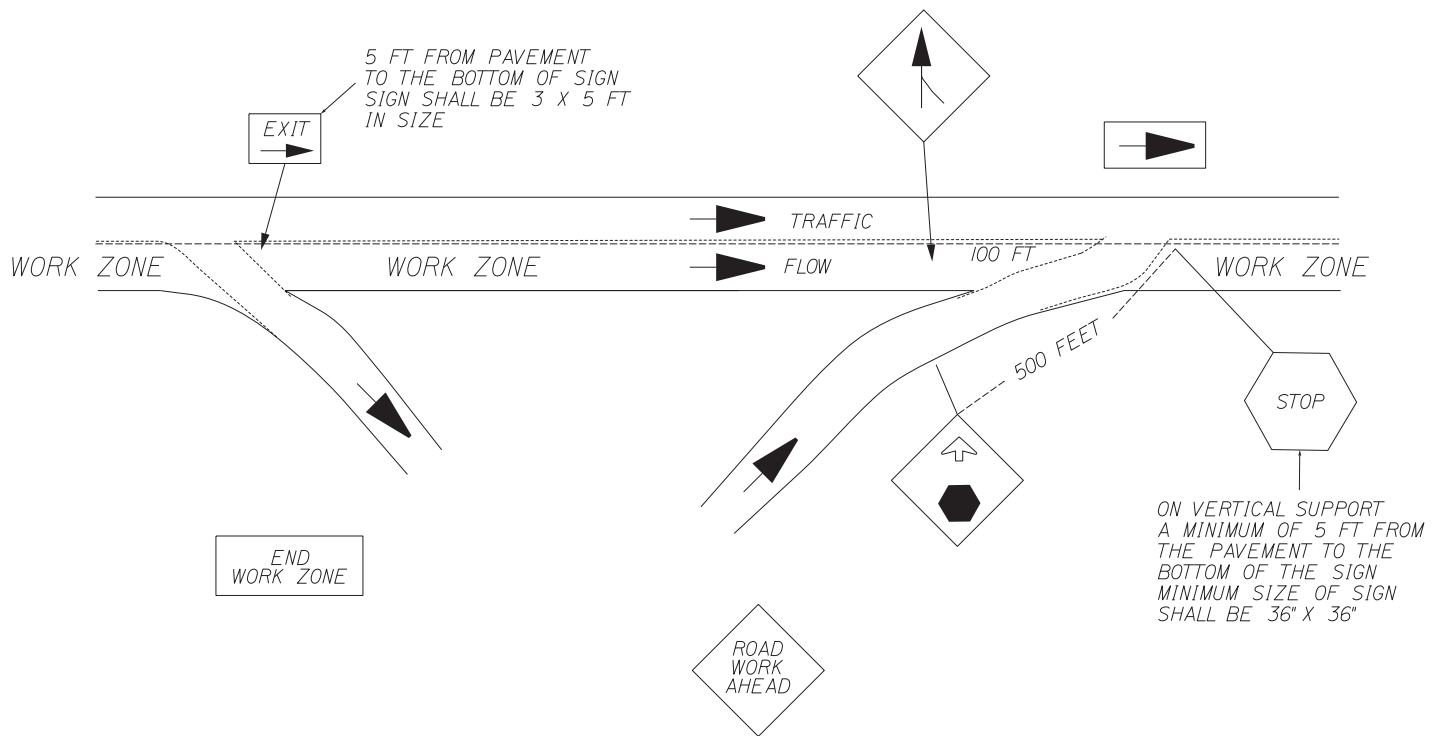
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC
INTERSTATE SYSTEM
TYPICAL SECTIONS

REVISED DECEMBER 28, 2021

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SECTION 652 HIGHWAY PLANS

SHEET NUMBER
2 OF 4
171

RAMPS - RIGHT LANE CLOSED



NOT TO SCALE

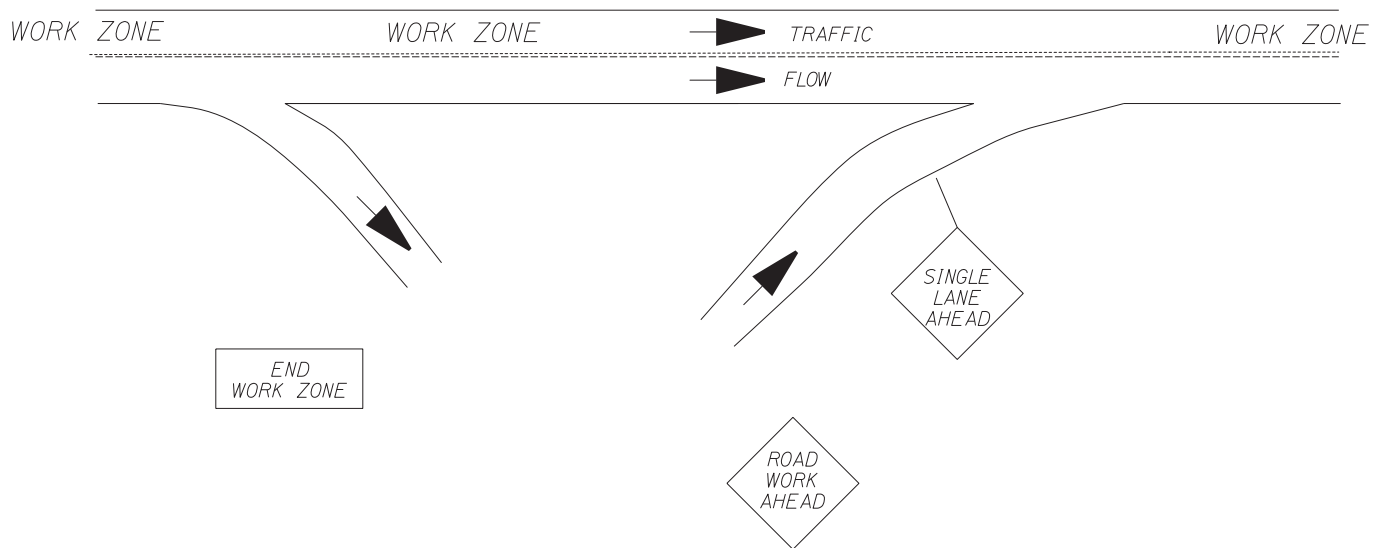
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC
INTERSTATE SYSTEM
TYPICAL SECTIONS

REVISED DECEMBER 28, 2021

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SECTION 652 HIGHWAY PLANS

SHEET NUMBER
3 OF 4
172

RAMPS - LEFT LANE CLOSED



NOT TO SCALE

MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC
INTERSTATE SYSTEM
TYPICAL SECTIONS

REVISED DECEMBER 28, 2021

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
SECTION 652 HIGHWAY PLANS

SHEET NUMBER
4 OF 4
173

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC
Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals
Automated Flagging Assistance Devices (AFADs)

652.01 Description Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals or Remotely Controlled Automated Flagging Assistant Devices (AFADs) may be used in conformance with this Special Provision at the option of the Contractor in lieu of Flaggers and as approved by the Department.

Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals shall conform to Part 4H.02 of the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and shall be the Dolly Type (SQ2) or the Trailer Mounted Type (SQ3). AFADs shall conform to Part 6E.04 of the latest edition of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD).

Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals and AFADs must satisfy applicable crashworthiness standards based on device weight which shall be in accordance with National Cooperative Highway Research Program (NCHRP) Report 350 and the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials (AASHTO) Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware. The use of Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals may be suspended at any time at the discretion of the Resident.

652.02 Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals Operation

The Contractor shall submit a Traffic Control Plan to the Resident for approval which shall detail Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals operation.

Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals may be used during daytime or nighttime operations; however, Dolly Types (SQ2) shall not be in operation when the work site is unattended.

Work zones utilizing Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals shall add A Signal Ahead symbol (W3-3) sign that will replace the Flagger symbol sign. An 18-inch-wide removable stop line with a STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6) sign shall be installed at the intended stopping point.

The Resident may waive the requirement for a stop line if the roadway is unpaved or it is otherwise impractical to install a stop line and the STOP HERE ON RED sign is in place.

The distance between Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals units shall not exceed the phase timing and distances as designed by a Professional Engineer, registered in the state of Maine, or as designated on the Charts provided in this specification.

When the work no longer necessitates use of the Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals, the units shall be removed or turned off and moved out of view from the traveled way.

652.03 Automated Flagging Assistance Devices (AFADs)

AFADs shall be used only for short-term or intermediate-term lane closures in situations where there is one lane of approaching traffic that needs to be controlled. AFAD use is acceptable in either of the following cases: The first case employs an AFAD unit at each end of the work zone while the second case employs an AFAD unit at one end and a flagger at the other end. Utilizing an AFAD, a single flagger may remotely control two or more AFAD units provided that the flagger has a clear view of each unit, and of approaching traffic in both directions. Other cases may be used as approved by the Resident.

AFAD use is permitted during daytime or nighttime operations; but, if used at night, the AFADs must be illuminated in accordance with Section 6E.08 of the latest edition of the MUTCD.

AFADs are not traffic control signals, they should not be used to replace traffic signals or other continuously operating traffic control devices.

A competent, certified flagger, who has been trained on the operation of the AFADs shall operate and not leave the AFADs unattended at any time. The flagger shall have an unobstructed view of the AFADs and approaching traffic in both directions at all times. The distance between AFAD units shall not exceed one-half mile.

Work zones utilizing AFADs shall comply with the Standard Sheet for flagger operation on a 2-lane 2-way roadway, where an AFAD unit, or units, is used in lieu of a flagger a BE PREPARED TO STOP sign (W3-4) is to be used in lieu of the Flagger symbol sign. Red/Yellow lens AFADs shall have a STOP HERE ON RED (R10-6) sign installed on the right-hand shoulder at least 8 feet in advance of the RCRYLS unit where vehicles are expected to stop and Stop/Slow AFADs shall have WAIT ON STOP (R1-7) and GO ON SLOW (R1-8) signs immediately adjacent to the AFAD.

The Contractor's Traffic Control Plan shall detail AFAD operation including a list of competent, certified flaggers trained to operate the AFADs. When the work no longer necessitates use of the AFADs, units shall be moved out of view from the traveled way.

652.04 General Operation

Portable/Temporary Traffic Signal and AFAD units shall be placed in the shoulder on the right-hand side of the road with a sight distance as designated in the Minimum Sight Distance for Signal Visibility chart provided in this specification.

If the shoulder is not adequate, the Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals or AFADs may encroach on the travel lane provided that the appropriate sight distance is available and as approved by the Resident. Re-positioning of the Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals or AFADs shall need the approval of the Resident.

Appropriate flagger apparel and equipment shall be maintained near each Portable/Temporary Traffic Signal or AFAD unit to facilitate flagging in the event of a malfunction or operational need due to frequent disruptions of traffic flow. The Contractor shall immediately provide traffic control with flaggers if a Portable/Temporary Traffic Signal or AFAD unit malfunctions; fails to properly or adequately control traffic; creates congestion, queues or gridlock which cannot be remedied by timely on-site adjustments to the signal operation; or is otherwise inadequate; all of which shall be determined by the Resident.

When Flaggers are being utilized, Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals shall not be in operation.

Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals or AFADs shall not be located within 200 feet of a grade crossing unless the temporary traffic control signal is provided with preemption in accordance with MUTCD Section 4D.27, or unless a uniformed officer or flagger is provided at the crossing to prevent vehicles from stopping within the crossing.

652.05 Method of Measurement Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals or AFADs shall be measured by the hour for each approach that are in place and operating.

652.06 Basis of Payment Portable/Temporary Traffic Signals shall be paid at the Flagger Hourly Rate for each approach in operation.

AFADs shall be paid at the Flagger Hourly Rate for each unit in operation and for the operator.

(1st Example: One set of AFADs (one unit), plus operator, would be paid as 2 X Flagger hourly rate X hours in use.)

(2nd Example: One set of AFADs (two units), plus operator, would be paid as 3 X Flagger hourly rate X hours in use.)

Payment will be made under:

<u>Item Number</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Unit</u>
652.38	Flagger	Hour

Minimum Sight Distance for Signal Visibility

<u>Posted Speed Limit (mph)</u>	<u>Minimum Sight Distance (ft)</u>
25	270
30	325
35	390
40	460
45	540
50	625
55	715



Example of Dolly type or SQ2



Example of Trailer Mounted type or SQ3



Example of an AFAD

All red Clearance Intervals
 Less Than 40 mph
 Assumed Travel Speed 15 mph

Posted Speed Limit	Distance Between Stop Bars		Minimum All red Clearance Time
	Yards	Feet	Seconds
25, 30 & 35	33	100	4.6
	50	150	6.9
	67	200	9.1
	83	250	11.4
	100	300	13.7
	117	350	16.0
	133	400	18.2
	150	450	20.5
	167	500	22.8
	183	550	25.0
	200	600	27.3
	217	650	29.6
	233	700	31.9
	250	750	34.1
	267	800	36.4
	283	850	38.7
	300	900	41.0
	333	1000	45.5
	350	1050	47.8
	367	1100	50.0
	383	1150	52.3
	400	1200	54.6
	417	1250	56.9
	433	1300	59.1
	450	1350	61.4
	467	1400	63.7
	483	1450	66.0
	500	1500	68.2
	517	1550	70.5

All red Clearance Intervals
40 mph and Above
Assumed Travel Speed 25 mph

Posted Speed Limit	Distance Between Stop Bars		Minimum All red Clearance Time
	Yards	Feet	Seconds
40,45,50 & 55	33	100	3.5
	50	150	5.2
	67	200	6.9
	83	250	8.6
	100	300	10.3
	117	350	12.0
	133	400	13.7
	150	450	15.4
	167	500	17.1
	183	550	18.8
	200	600	20.5
	217	650	22.2
	233	700	23.9
	250	750	25.6
	267	800	27.3
	283	850	29.0
	300	900	30.7
	317	950	32.4
	333	1000	34.1
	350	1050	35.8
	367	1100	37.5
	383	1150	39.2
	400	1200	40.9
	417	1250	42.7
	433	1300	44.4
	450	1350	46.1
	467	1400	47.8
	483	1450	49.5
	500	1500	51.2
	517	1550	52.9

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 652
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Approaches. Approach signing shall include the following signs at a minimum. Field conditions may warrant the use of additional signs as determined by the Resident.

Road Work Next X* Miles
Road Work 500 Feet (Ahead)
End Road Work

Work Areas. At each work site, signs and channelizing devices shall be used as directed by the Resident.

Signs include:

Road Work xxxx¹.
One Lane Road Ahead
Flagger Sign

Other typical signs include:

Be Prepared to Stop
Low Shoulder
Bump
Pavement Ends

The above lists of Approach signs and Work Area signs are representative of the contract requirements. Other sign legends may be required.

Unless otherwise defined in Special Provision 105/107 or submitted and approved in the Traffic Control Plan, the following shall apply:

- The Contractor shall conduct their operations in such a manner that the roadway will not be restricted to one lane for more than 2,500 feet at each work area and no more than 4,000 feet for paving, milling, and crack seal/repair work areas.
- Where more than one work area restricts traffic to one lane operation, these work areas shall be separated by at least 1 mile of two-way operation.

Temporary Centerline A temporary centerline shall be placed each day on all new pavement to be used by traffic. The temporary centerline, when specified of reflectorized traffic paint, shall conform to the standard marking patterns used for permanent markings. Failure to apply a temporary centerline daily will result in a Traffic Control Violation and suspension of paving operations until temporary markers are applied to all previously placed pavement.

¹ "Road Work Ahead" to be used in short duration operations and "Road Work xx feet" to be used in stationary operations as directed by the Resident.

SPECIAL PROVISION
SECTION 659
 MOBILIZATION

Replace Standard Specification 108.2.3 – Mobilization Payments with the following:

108.2.3 Mobilization Payments “Mobilization” includes the mobilization and demobilization of all resources as many times as necessary during the Work.

Percent Mobilization Bid will be determined by taking the amount Bid for Mobilization and dividing by the Total Contract Amount less Mobilization. $\text{Mob}/(\text{Total Contract} - \text{Mob})$.

Payment will be made at the following intervals:

% Mobilization Bid	% Mobilization Paid at Contract Award	% Mobilization Paid after the Department determines 50% of the work is Complete	% Mobilization Paid at Final Acceptance
10% or less	50%	50%	
More than 10% to 15%	33%	33%	34%
More than 15% to 20%	25%	25%	50%
More than 20% to 30%	15%	15%	70%
Greater than 30%	10%	10%	80%

2020 STANDARD DETAIL UPDATES

Standard Details and Standard Detail updates are available at:
<http://maine.gov/mdot/contractors/publications/standarddetail/>

<u>Detail #</u>	<u>Description</u>	<u>Revision Date</u>
502(19)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
502(15)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
502(20)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
502(23)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
502(24)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
502(25)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
502(26)	Bridge Drains	3/17/2023
504(07)	Diaphragm & Crossframe Notes	3/17/2023
507(20)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021
507(21)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021
507(22)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021
507(23)	Steel Approach Railing 3-Bar	2/11/2021
507(27)	Steel Approach Railing	2/11/2021
526(01)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(01A)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(01B)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(02)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(02A)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(03)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(04)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(04A)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(04B)	Portable Concrete Barrier	1/14/2021
526(05)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	3/17/2023
526(21)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	3/17/2023
526(22)	Concrete Transition Barrier	3/17/2023
526(38)	Concrete Transition Barrier	3/17/2023
526(39)	Texas Classic Rail	3/17/2023
526(55)	Texas Classic Rail	3/17/2023

603(10)	Concrete Pipe Ties	6/10/2021
605(01)	Underdrain	7/8/2022
605(01)	Underdrain Notes	7/8/2022
606(17)	Midway Splice Guardrail Transition	6/10/2022
606(23)	Standard Bridge Transition – Type “1”	2/11/2021
606(24)	Standard Bridge Transition – Type “1A”	2/11/2021
608(02)	Detectable Warnings	6/10/2021
609(09)	Precast Concrete Vertical Curb	2/11/2021
627(07)	Crosswalk	2/22/2022
627(08)	Crosswalk	2/22/2022
643(11)	ATCC Cabinet	12/14/2020
801(11)	Pedestrian Ramp Notes	11/20/2023
801(12)	Pedestrian Ramp Requirements	11/20/2023
801(13)	Ramp Length Table	11/20/2023
801(14)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp	11/20/2023
801(15)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 1	11/20/2023
801(16)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2A	11/20/2023
801(17)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2A	11/20/2023
801(18)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2B	11/20/2023
801(19)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 2B	11/20/2023
801(20)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Option 3	11/20/2023
801(21)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Option 3	11/20/2023
801(22)	Side Street Pedestrian Ramp	11/20/2023
801(23)	Parallel Pedestrian Ramp – Esplanade	11/20/2023
801(24)	Perpendicular Pedestrian Ramp – Esplanade	11/20/2023
801(25)	Island Crossings	11/20/2023
801(26)	Blended Transition	11/20/2023
801(26)	Blended Transition	1/19/2024
801(27)	Pedestrian Ramp Adjacent to Driveway or Entrance	11/20/2023
802(05)	Roadway Culvert End Slope Treatment	1/03/2017

SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATIONS
(Corrections, Additions, & Revisions to Standard Specifications – March 2020)

SECTION 101
CONTRACT INTERPRETATION

101.2 Definitions

Construction Easement revise this definition by removing it in its entirety and replace with:
“A right acquired by the Department for a specific use of private property outside of the established Right-of-Way. Examples include but are not limited to Drainage Easements, Construction and Maintenance Easements, and Slope Easements. Construction Easement areas, including Temporary Construction Limits and Temporary Road Limits, outside of the Right-of-Way remain private property. No use other than to access and perform the specified work activity is permitted without written permission of the owner.”

Construction Limit Line Remove this definition in its entirety.

Holidays Amend this paragraph by adding “**Juneteenth**” between ‘Memorial Day’ and ‘Independence Day’.

Plans Revise this paragraph by removing “**Standard Details, Supplemental Standard Details**” from the first sentence.

Project Limits Revise this definition by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:
“Areas within the Right-of-Way, Construction Easements, or Temporary Construction Limits shown on the Plans or otherwise indicated in the Contract. If no Project Limits are indicated in the Contract, the Project Limits shall be determined by the Department. For a related Maine statute, see 23 MRSA § 653. “

Right-Of-Way Revise this definition by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:
“The area of land, property, or interest therein, acquired for or devoted to the Project or other purposes. Portions of the Right-of-Way may be used for storage of materials and equipment and the location of engineering facilities, subject to written approval by the Department.”

Amend this Section by adding the following two definitions (that replace Construction Limit Line);

Temporary Construction Limits The area within which the Contractor may access and perform the Physical Work and outside of which Work may not be performed without written authorization by the property owner.

Temporary Road Limits The area within which the Contractor may construct and maintain a temporary detour for maintenance of traffic.

SECTION 102 BIDDING

102.11 Bid Responsiveness Revise the paragraph that states
“The Bid is not signed by a duly authorized representative of the Bidder.” So that it reads:

“The Bid is not signed by a duly authorized representative of the Bidder.

- **Properly submitted electronic bids meet this requirement.**
- **Paper bids must include at least one signed copy of the Contract Agreement Offer & Award form.”**

SECTION 103 AWARD AND CONTRACTING

103.3.1 Qualification Requirement for Award Revise this subsection so that it reads:

“103.3.1 Qualification Requirement for Award If the Notice to Contractors lists a Prequalification requirement, the Apparent Successful Bidder must successfully complete the Prequalification process as a condition of Award. The Apparent Successful Bidder who does not already hold an Annual Prequalification shall have 21 days to provide the Department with their Prequal documents or the Department may move on to the next low bidder.”

SECTION 104 GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

104.2.1 Furnishing of Right-of-Way Revise this subsection by removing it in its entirety and replace with the new subsection:

“104.2.1 Furnishing of Property Rights The Department will secure all necessary rights to real property within the Project Limits shown on the Right-of-Way Plans that are provided with the Bid Documents. For related provisions, see Sections 104.3.2 – Furnishing of Other Property Rights, Licenses and Permits and 105.4.5 - Maintenance of Existing Structures. For related definitions, see Construction Easements and Right-of-Way.”

104.3.2 Furnishing of Other Property Rights, Licenses and Permits Revise this subsection by replacing “104.2.1 Furnishing of Right-of-Way” with “**104.2.1 Furnishing of Property Rights**”.

SECTION 105 GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK

105.10.2 Requirements Applicable to All Contracts Under section A, number 2, in the first sentence of the first paragraph, revise this Section by replacing the word “handicap” in two places with the word “disability” so it now reads:

“2) The Contractor will, in all solicitations or advertisements for employees placed by or on behalf of the Contractor, State that all qualified applicants will receive consideration for employment without regard to race, color, sexual orientation, religious creed, sex, national origin, ancestry, age, physical disability, or mental disability.”

SECTION 106 QUALITY

106.6 Acceptance Revise this Subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with “Acceptance of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be based” with:

“Acceptance of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement will be based on Method A or C Statistical Acceptance, or Method B or D Acceptance as specified. The method of acceptance for each item is defined in Special Provision, Section 403, Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement. When items of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement are not so designated, Method A will be utilized whenever there are more than 1000 tons per Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement item, and Method B will be utilized when there are less than or equal to 1000 tons per Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement item.”

Revise Subsection “B” by removing it and replacing it with:

“B. Items not designated for Statistical Acceptance will utilize Method B or D Acceptance testing to validate the quality of the material incorporated into the Project. For material paid under Item 403.209 – Method D, or designated to be visually accepted, the Contractor shall provide the Department with a Certification Letter that indicates that the material supplied complies with the Specifications. Test results representative of the certified material shall be attached to the letter.

The Department will randomly sample and test the certified Material for properties noted in Table 1 of Section 502 - Structural Concrete or Table 14 of Section –401.21 Acceptance Method B & D. Material will be subject to rejection as noted in Structural Concrete Section 502.195 - Quality Assurance Method C Concrete or Hot Mix Asphalt, Section 401.2022 Pay Adjustment – Method B & D.”

106.7.1 Standard Deviation Method Revise 106.7.1, subsection H by removing the following from the first paragraph:

“Method B: PF = [70 + (Quality Level * 0.33)] * 0.01”

106.9.1 Warranty by Contractor Revise the third paragraph of this section so that it reads:

“For a related provision regarding obligations regarding plantings, see section 621.36 – Maintenance Period. “

SECTION 107 TIME

107.3.1 General Amend this paragraph by adding **“Juneteenth”** between ‘Patriot’s Day’ and ‘the Friday after Thanksgiving’.

SECTION 108 PAYMENT

108.2.3 Mobilization Payments Replace Standard Specification 108.2.3 – Mobilization Payments with the following:

“108.2.3 Mobilization Payments “Mobilization” includes the mobilization and demobilization of all resources as many times as necessary during the Work.

Percent Mobilization Bid will be determined by taking the amount Bid for Mobilization and dividing by the Total Contract Amount less Mobilization. Mob/(Total Contract – Mob).

Payment will be made at the following intervals:

% Mobilization Bid	% Mobilization Paid at Contract Award	% Mobilization Paid after the Department determines 50% of the work is Complete	% Mobilization Paid at Final Acceptance
10% or less	50%	50%	
More than 10% to 15%	33%	33%	34%
More than 15% to 20%	25%	25%	50%
More than 20% to 30%	15%	15%	70%
Greater than 30%	10%	10%	80%

108.3 Retainage Revise the third paragraph of this section so that it reads:

“Upon Final Acceptance, and determination by the department that there are no claims either by or on the Contractor or Subcontractors; no over payments by the department; no LDs due; and no disincentives due, the Department will reduce Retent to 1% of the original Contract Award amount, or \$100,000, whichever is less, as it deems desirable and prudent.”

108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt Revise this section by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with the following:

“108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt: For each Contract, a price adjustment for performance graded binder will be made for the following pay items, when the total quantity of Hot Mix Asphalt included in these items is in excess of 500 tons, based on the estimated quantities of these items at the time of bid.

Item 403.102	Hot Mix Asphalt – Special Areas
Item 403.207	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm
Item 403.2071	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2072	Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)
Item 403.208	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm
Item 403.2081	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2084	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Highly Modified HiMAP)
Item 403.209	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (sidewalks, drives, & incidentals)
Item 403.210	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm
Item 403.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2104	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Thin Lift Surface Treatment)
Item 403.21041	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified Thin Lift Surface Treatment)
Item 403.211	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim
Item 403.2111	Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim (Polymer Modified)
Item 403.212	Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Shim)
Item 403.213	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course)
Item 403.2131	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course Polymer Modified)
Item 403.2132	Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base and intermediate course)
Item 403.301	Hot Mix Asphalt (Asphalt Rubber Gap-Graded)
Item 461.13	Light Capital Pavement
Item 461.210	9.5 mm HMA - Paver Placed Surface
Item 461.2101	Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
Item 461.216	Hot Mix Asphalt (Shim)
Item 462.30	Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course
Item 462.301	Polymer Modified Ultra-Thin Bonded Wearing Course

Price adjustments will be based on the variance in costs for the performance graded binder component of hot mix asphalt. They will be determined as follows:

The quantity of hot mix asphalt for each pay item will be multiplied by the performance graded binder percentages given in the table below times the difference in price between the base price and the period price of asphalt cement. Adjustments will be made upward or downward, as prices increase or decrease.

Item 403.102–6.2%
Item 403.207–5.2%
Item 403.2071–5.2%
Item 403.2072–5.8%
Item 403.208–5.6%
Item 403.2081–5.6%
Item 403.2084 – 6.2%
Item 403.209–6.2%
Item 403.210–6.2%
Item 403.2101–6.2%
Item 403.2104–6.2%
Item 403.21041–6.2%
Item 403.211–6.2%
Item 403.2111–6.2%
Item 403.212–6.8%
Item 403.213–5.6%
Item 403.2131–5.6%
Item 403.2132–6.2%
Item 403.301–6.2%
Item 461.13–6.7%
Item 461.210 – 6.4%
Item 461.2101 – 6.4%
Item 461.216 – 6.7%
Item 462.30–0.0021 tons/SY
Item 462.301–0.0021 tons/SY”

SECTION 110 INDEMNIFICATION, BONDING, AND INSURANCE

110.3.9 Administrative & General Provisions Amend this subsection by adding “**Automobile Liability**” under letter A) Additional Insured to the list of exceptions.

SECTION 206 STRUCTURAL EXCAVATION

206.01 Description – *Structural Earth Excavation, Below Grade* delete the entire sentence and replace with “**shall consist of the removal of excavation required for unknown or unanticipated subsurface condition. See 206.04 – Method of Measurement for pay limits.**”

206.04 Method of Measurement – Drainage and Minor Structures Paragraph 1, sentence 2, delete the remainder of the sentence beginning with “....provided the maximum allowable...” And replace with: “**....in accordance with the following limits:**”

- **Vertical pay limits:**
 - o **Below a plane parallel with and 12 inches below the bottom of the drainage or minor structure or**
 - o **Below the excavation limits shown in the Bid Documents; whichever is greater.**
- **Horizontal pay limits – The maximum allowable horizontal dimensions shall not exceed those bounded by vertical surfaces 18 inches outside the base, or extreme limits of, the structure, and to the vertical neat lines of underdrain trenches, as shown in the Contract Documents.**

SECTION 401 HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

401.19 Contractor Quality Control Amend this Section by adding the following to the end:
“**Failure to comply with the approved QCP will result in work suspension and pay reductions as outlined in Section 106.4.6. The Quality Control Plan Value shall be the total bid value for all items covered by the QCP as identified in Special Provision 403.**”

SECTION 501 FOUNDATION PILES

501.05 Method of Measurement
c. Piles in Place Revise the third paragraph by replacing the “10” with “20” so that it reads:

Unused pile cutoffs **20** feet or more in length, except those required to accommodate the Contractor’s construction method, as discussed herein, will remain the property of the Department and will be stored at a bridge maintenance yard nearest the project. Hauling and unloading of piles will be done by the Contractor or by the Department, depending upon availability of services.

SECTION 502 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

502.09 Forms and Falsework Amend this subsection by adding the subsection title “**502.10 Placing Concrete**” after section “D” Removal of Forms and False work” and after the paragraph beginning with “2. Forms and False work, including blocking...”. So that a new subsection starts and reads:

“502.10 Placing Concrete

A. **General** Concrete shall not be placed until forms”

502.1701 Quality Control, Method A and B Revise this Section so that the first paragraph and the first sentence of the second paragraph read:

“502.17 Quality Control The Contractor shall control the quality of the concrete through testing, inspection, and practices which shall be described in the QCP, sufficient to assure a product meeting the Contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106, Quality, and this specification. No work under this item shall proceed until the QCP is submitted to and approved by the Department. Failure to comply with the approved QCP will result in work suspension and pay reductions as outlined in Section 106.4.6. The Quality Control Plan Value shall be the total bid value for all cast-in-place items covered by the QCP, using the P value listed in Special Provision 502. If no P value is listed, a value of \$350, or bid value per cubic yard, whichever is less, shall be used.

502.1701 Quality Control, Method A and B The QCP shall address all elements that affect the quality of the structural concrete including, but not limited to, the following: “

Section 502.1701, Quality Control, Revise Table 4 of this Subsection by removing it in its entirety and replacing it with:

TABLE 4
METHOD A & B MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL TESTING REQUIREMENTS *

TEST	TEST METHOD	SAMPLING LOCATION	FREQUENCY
Gradation	AASHTO T-27 & T-11	Stockpile	One set per proposed grading before production. One set every 100 yd ³ (Min. 1 set per month)
Organic Impurities	AASHTO T-21	Stockpile	Once per fine aggregate per year **
% Absorption	AASHTO T-84 & T-85	Stockpile	Once per aggregate per year
Specific Gravity	AASHTO T-84 & T-85	Stockpile	Once per aggregate per year
Total Moisture in Aggregate	AASHTO T-255	Stockpile	One set per day's production
Free Water and Aggregate Wt.	N/A		One per day's production
% Entrained Air	AASHTO T-152	On Project	On first two loads and every third load thereafter

			provided consistent results are achieved
Compressive Strength	AASHTO T-22	On Project	One set per subplot
Compressive Strength	AASHTO T-22 @ 7days	On Project	One set per subplot

* Additional QC testing will be required any time a process change occurs during a placement, including changes in type or dosage of admixture. Additional testing shall include, but is not limited to, entrained air testing.

**** If the color produced is a laboratory designation Plate III, then the fine aggregate shall be tested once per month.**

502.18, Method of Measurement, Revise Subsection 'F' by removing the word 'transverse' so that it reads: **"Saw cut grooving of concrete wearing surfaces, complete and accepted, will be measured for payment as one lump sum."**

502.19, Basis of Payment, Revise the third paragraph by removing the word 'transverse' so that it reads: **"Saw cut grooving of concrete wearing surfaces will be paid for at the Contract Lump Sum Price, which shall be payment for furnishing all materials, labor, and equipment, including depth gauges and all incidentals, to satisfactorily complete the work."**

(Also see 535.24 and 535.25 for related changes)

SECTION 503 REINFORCING STEEL

Section 503.07 Splicing Revise this section by removing the table and following footnote and replacing them with:

Minimum Lap Splice Length (inches)									
Bar Type	Bar Size								
	#3	#4	#5	#6	#7	#8	#9	#10	#11
Plain or Galvanized	16	20	24	29	38	47	59	72	85
Epoxy or Dual Coated	17	24	36	43	56	71	88	107	128
Stainless	19	24	30	36	47	59	73	89	107
Low-carbon Chromium	24	32	39	47	63	78	97	119	142

"The minimum lap splice lengths in the table above are based on the parameters below. When any of these parameters are altered, appropriate minimum lap splice lengths will be as shown on the Plans.

- Normal weight concrete
- Minimum 28-day concrete compressive strength from 4,000 psi to 10,000 psi
- Class B tension lap splice

- **Minimum center-to-center spacing between bars of 6 inches**
- **Minimum clear cover of 2 inches**
- **Nominal reinforcing steel yield strengths**
 - **Low-carbon Chromium = 100 ksi**
 - **Stainless = 75 ksi**
 - **All others = 60 ksi**
- **Reinforcement with yield strengths greater than 75 ksi shall have beam transverse reinforcement and column ties provided over the required lap splice length in accordance with the current edition of the AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications**

When lap splices are placed horizontally in an element where the concrete depth below the splice will be 12 inches, or more, the indicated lap splice lengths shall be multiplied by a factor of 1.3.”

SECTION 506 SHOP APPLIED PROTECTIVE COATING – STEEL

506.13 Surface Preparation Amend this section by adding this paragraph to the end:

“Steel shall meet the requirements of SSPC SP8 Pickling prior to being immersed in the zinc tanks. Verification of the surface preparation shall be included in the QC documentation.”

SECTION 523 BEARINGS

523.051 Protective Coating Revise this subsection by removing the paragraph beginning with “Anchor rods shall be galvanized...” and replacing with:

“Anchor rods shall be galvanized. When anchor rods are designated to secure bare unpainted steel or painted steel, a dielectric coating (epoxy or bituminous type coatings are acceptable) shall be applied to the anchor rod and/or adjacent steel to prevent contact between galvanized surfaces and painted or unpainted steel.”

523.22 Fabrication Amend this subsection by adding the following: **“Elastomeric Bearings shall be fabricated in accordance with AASHTO M251.”**

SECTION 526 CONCRETE BARRIER

Amend this section by deleting it in its entirety and replacing it with:

“526.01 Description This work shall consist of the furnishing, constructing, erecting, setting, resetting, and removal of concrete barrier and associated elements in accordance with these specifications, the Standard Details, and the lines and grades shown on the Plans or established by the Resident.

The types of concrete barrier are designated as follows:

Portable Concrete Barrier Type I Double faced removable barrier in accordance with the Standard Details.

Permanent Concrete Barrier Type II Double faced barrier as shown on the Plans.

Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIa Single faced barrier 32 inches high in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIb Single faced barrier 42 inches high in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

Permanent Concrete Transition Barrier Barrier of various heights joining steel bridge rail to steel guardrail in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

Permanent Texas Classic Rail Barrier Traffic rail or sidewalk rail, in accordance with the Standard Details or as shown on the Plans.

526.02 Materials

a. **Concrete** Concrete for barriers, both permanent and portable, shall have a design strength of 5,000 psi.

For cast-in-place barrier: The concrete shall be Class LP, in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502, Structural Concrete.

For precast barrier: The concrete shall meet the requirements of Standard Specification 712.061, Structural Precast Concrete Units, except that the stripping strength for precast barriers is 4,000 psi.

b. **Reinforcing Steel** Reinforcing steel shall meet the requirements of Section 503, Reinforcing Steel.

c. **Structural Steel** Plates and barrier connections shall meet the requirements specified in Standard Specification 504 - Structural Steel and shall be hot dip galvanized after fabrication in accordance with Standard Specification 506, Shop Applied Protective Coating – Steel

d. **Bolts** Bolts shall meet the requirements specified in Section 713.02, High Strength Bolts.

e. **Connecting Pins for Portable Concrete Barrier** Portable concrete barriers must be connected using a 1- inch diameter pin. The connecting pin must be smooth, not deformed, i.e., reinforcing bar may not be used, and shall meet the strength requirements of ASTM A449 steel. Materials with greater strength may be used with the approval of the Department.

f. Anchor Pins for Portable Concrete Barrier Anchoring to concrete or asphalt will be required when specified on the Plans. When required, portable concrete barriers must be anchored using a 1 ½ - inch diameter anchor pin. The anchor pin must be smooth, not deformed, i.e., reinforcing bar may not be used, and shall meet the strength requirements of ASTM A36 steel. Materials with greater strength may be used with the approval of the Department.

g. Device Crashworthiness MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Portable Concrete Barrier on the following schedule:

New Portable Concrete Barrier shall be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria.

Current Portable Concrete Barrier in useful serviceable condition that is successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029.

Other current Portable Concrete Barrier that is deemed acceptable by the Department may be utilized on projects off the National Highway System through December 31, 2024.

526.03 Construction Requirements

Cast-in-place barriers shall be fabricated in accordance with Standard Specification Section 502, Structural Concrete. Precast barriers shall be fabricated in accordance with Standard Specification 534, Precast Structural Concrete.

Concrete finish for permanent barrier shall be rubbed as defined in Standard Specification Section 502, Structural Concrete, 502.13 D2 or an approved equal.

Portable concrete barrier shall be generally free from fins and porous areas and shall present a neat and uniform appearance.

Permanent barrier shall have a protective coating applied in accordance with Standard Specification Section 515, Protective Coating for Concrete Surfaces.

Reflective delineators for concrete median barrier shall meet the requirements of Special Provision 645, Highway Signing.

Preformed Joint Filler shall meet the requirements specified in Subsection 705.01, Preformed Expansion Joint Filler.

Permissible dimensional tolerances for all concrete barriers shall be as follows:

a. Cross-sectional dimensions shall not vary from design dimensions by more than ¼ inch. The vertical centerline shall not be out of plumb by more than ¼ inch.

b. Longitudinal dimensions shall not vary from the design dimensions by more than ¼ inch per 10 feet of barrier section and shall not exceed ¾ inches per section.

c. Location of anchoring holes shall not vary by more than ½ inch from the dimensions shown in the concrete barrier details on the Plans.

d. Surface straightness shall not vary more than ¼ inch under a 10-foot straightedge.

e. The barrier shall have no significant cracking. Significant cracking is defined as fractures or cracks passing through the section, or any continuous crack extending for a length of 12 inches or more, regardless of position in the section.

526.04 Method of Measurement Permanent Concrete Barrier Type II, IIIa, IIIb, Texas Classic Rail, and Precast Median Barrier will be measured for payment by lump sum, complete in place.

Portable concrete barrier, both anchored and unanchored will be measured for payment by lump sum. Lump sum measurement will include verification of the installation and removal of all portable concrete at the completion of the Contractor's operations.

The Contractor shall replace sections of portable concrete barrier, including anchored barrier damaged by the traveling public when directed by the Resident. Replacement sections will be measured for payment in accordance with Standard Specification 109.7, Equitable Adjustments to Compensation and Time.

Transition barrier will be measured by each, complete in place.

526.05 Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of Concrete Barrier Type II, IIIa, IIIb, Texas Classic Rail, and Precast Median Barrier will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price for the type specified, complete in place.

The accepted quantities of Portable Concrete Barrier Type I, both anchored and unanchored will be paid for at the Contract lump sum price. Such payment shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, assembling, moving, resetting, transporting, temporarily storing, removing barrier, furnishing new parts as necessary, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Portable barrier shall become the property of the Contractor upon completion of the use of the barrier on the project and shall be removed from the project site by the Contractor.

Transition barrier will be paid for at the Contract price each, complete in place.

The accepted quantity of all types of concrete barrier, whether portable or permanent, will be paid for at the lump sum or per each price, as applicable, which payment shall be full compensation for all materials, including reinforcing steel, protective coating, reflective delineators, steel plates and hardware, equipment, labor and incidentals required, as necessary, to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

	<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
526.301	Portable Concrete Barrier, Type I	Lump Sum
526.304	Portable Concrete Barrier, Anchored Type I	Lump Sum
526.312	Permanent Concrete Barrier Type II	Lump Sum
526.321	Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIa	Lump Sum
526.323	Texas Classic Rail	Lump Sum
526.331	Permanent Concrete Barrier Type IIIb	Lump Sum
526.34	Permanent Concrete Transition Barrier	Each
526.502	Precast Concrete Median Barrier	Lump Sum”

SECTION 527 ENERGY ABSORBING UNIT

527.02 Materials Amend this section by deleting it in its entirety and replacing it with:

“MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices on the following schedule:

Portable Crash Cushions will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 3 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029.

Work Zone Crash Cushions shall be selected from the Department’s Qualified Products List of Crash Cushions/Impact Attenuators or approved equal.”

SECTION 535 PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE

535.22 Tolerances Amend this section by deleting it in its entirety and replacing it with:

“Product dimensional tolerances shall be in conformance with the latest edition of PCI MNL-135, Tolerance Manual for Precast and Prestressed Concrete Construction, as applicable to the particular product (e.g., slab, I-girder, box beam), the Plans, and this Specification. Use Box Beam fabrication tolerances for voided or solid slab beams and use Double Tee tolerances for NEXT beams. In case of dispute, the Fabrication Engineer shall determine the allowable tolerance.”

535.24 Installation of Slabs, Beams, and Girders Revise the 5th paragraph by replacing “6.0 and 9.0” to “5.0 and 8.0” so it reads: **“Ready mixed grout shall achieve a design compressive strength of 6,000 psi at 28 days, have an entrained air content of between 5.0 and 8.0 percent, be non-shrink, flowable, and contain a non-shrink additive listed on the Department QPL for expansive cements.”**

535.25, Installation of Precast/Prestressed Deck Panels Revise the 2nd paragraph by replacing “6.0 and 9.0” to “5.0 and 8.0” so it reads: **“Ready mixed grout shall achieve a design compressive**

strength of 6,000 psi at 28 days, have an entrained air content of between 5.0 and 8.0 percent, be non-shrink, flowable, and contain a non-shrink additive listed on the Department QPL for expansive cements.”

SECTION 606 GUARDRAIL

Amend this section by replacing it with the following:

606.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing guardrail components in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines and grades shown on the plans or as established. Guardrail is designated as:

31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice

Galvanized steel w-beam, 8” wood or composite offset blocks, galvanized steel posts

Thrie Beam

Galvanized steel thrie beam, 8” wood or composite offset blocks, galvanized steel posts

Median guardrail shall consist of two beams of the above types, mounted on single posts.

Bridge mounted guardrail shall consist of furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to install guardrail as shown on the plans. This work shall also include drilling for and installation of offset blocks if specified, and incidental hardware necessary for satisfactory completion of the work.

Remove and Reset and Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail shall consist of removing the existing designated guardrail and resetting in a new location as shown on the plans or directed by the Resident. Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail and Modify guardrail include the following guardrail modifications: Removing plate washers at all posts, except at anchorage assemblies as noted on the Standard Details, adding offset blocks, and other modifications as listed in the Construction Notes or General Notes. Modifications shall conform to the guardrail Standard Details.

Bridge Connection shall consist of the installation and attachment of beam guardrail to the existing bridge. This work shall consist of constructing a concrete end post or modifying an existing end post as required, furnishing, and installing a terminal connector, necessary hardware, and incidentals required to complete the work as shown on the plans. Bridge Transition shall consist of a bridge connection and furnishing and installing guardrail components as shown in the Standard Details.

606.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in the following Sections of Division 700 - Materials:

Timber Preservative	708.05
Metal Beam Rail	710.04
Guardrail Posts	710.07
Guardrail Hardware	710.08

Guardrail components shall meet the applicable standards of "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" prepared and approved by the AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Cooperative Committee, Task Force 13 Report.

Posts for underdrain delineators shall be "U" channel steel, 8 ft long, 2 ½ lb/ft minimum and have 3/8-inch round holes, 1-inch center to center for a minimum distance of 2 ft from the top of the post.

Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Markers shall be mounted on all guardrails. A marker shall be mounted onto guardrail posts at the flared guardrail terminal end point and tangent point, both at the leading and trailing ends of each run of guardrail. The marker's flexible posts shall be gray with either silver-white or yellow reflectors (to match the edge line striping) at the tangents, red at leading ends, and green at trailing ends. Whenever the guardrail terminal is not flared, markers will only be required at the terminal end point. These shall be red or green as appropriate. Markers shall be installed on the protected side of guardrail posts unless otherwise approved by the Resident. Reflectorized flexible guardrail markers shall be from the Department's Qualified Products List of Delineators. The marker shall be gray, flexible, durable, and of a non-discoloring material to which 3-inch by 9-inch reflectors shall be applied, and capable of recovering from repeated impacts and meeting MASH 16 requirements. Reflective material shall meet the requirements of Section 719.01 for ASTM D 4956 Type III reflective sheeting. The marker shall be secured to the guardrail post with two fasteners, as shown in the Standard Details.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors shall be mounted on all "w" beam guardrail and shall be either the "butterfly" type or linear delineation system panels. "Butterfly" or linear delineation panels shall be installed at approximately 62.5 foot intervals on tangents (after every tenth post) and 31.25 feet on curves (after every fifth post), and shall be centered on the guardrail beam. On Divided highways, the left-hand delineators shall be yellow and the right-hand delineators shall be silver/ white. On two-way directional highways, the right-hand side will have silver / white reflectors and no reflectorized delineator used on the left. Delineators shall have reflective sheeting that meets or exceeds the requirements of Section 719.01.

"Butterfly" reflectors shall be fabricated from high-impact, ultraviolet & weather resistant thermoplastic. Aluminum, galvanized metal or other materials shall not be used. Reflective sheeting will be applied to only one side of the delineator facing the direction of traffic and shall be centered vertically on the guardrail beam as shown in the Standard Detail 606(7).

Linear delineation system panels shall be 1.5 inches wide by approximately 11 inches nominal length, with a minimum of 5 raised lateral ridges spaced at approximately 2.25 inches. The height of each ridge shall be 0.34 inches with a 45 degree profile and a 0.28 inches radius at the top. Sheeting shall be laminated to thin gauge aluminum with a pre-applied adhesive tape on the back. Panels shall not be installed over seams or bolt heads and shall be centered horizontally on the guardrail beam; linear delineation panels shall be attached to only one guardrail beam. The guardrail beam surface shall be cleaned and prepared according to the manufacturer's instructions. Air temperature and guardrail surface temperature must be a minimum of 50 degrees F (10 C) with rising temperature at the time of installation.

Exact locations of the either the “butterfly” type or the linear delineation panels shall be approved by the Resident prior to installation.

Single wood post shall be of cedar, white oak, or tamarack, well-seasoned, straight, and sound and have been cut from live trees. The outer and inner bark shall be removed, and all knots trimmed flush with the surface of the post. Posts shall be uniform taper and free of kinks and bends.

Single steel post shall conform to the requirements of Section 710.07 b.

Single steel pipe post shall be galvanized, seamless steel pipe conforming to the requirements of ASTM A120, Schedule No. 40, Standard Weight.

Acceptable multiple mailbox assemblies shall be listed on the Department’s Qualified Products List and shall be MASH 16 tested and approved.

Flared and Tangent w-beam guardrail terminals and guardrail offset blocks shall be from the Department’s Qualified Products List. Flared terminals shall be installed with a 4 ft offset as shown in the Manufacturer’s installation instructions.

Anchorage assemblies used to anchor trailing ends, radius guardrail, or other ends not exposed to traffic shall meet the applicable standards of "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" prepared and approved by the AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Cooperative Committee, Task Force 13 Report, Drawing SEW02a.

Existing materials damaged or lost during adjusting, removing and resetting, or removing, modifying, and resetting, shall be replaced by the Contractor without additional compensation. Existing guardrail posts and guardrail beams found to be unfit for reuse shall be replaced when directed by the Resident.

606.03 Posts Posts for guardrail shall be set plumb in holes or they may be driven if suitable driving equipment is used to prevent battering and distorting the post. When posts are driven through pavement, the damaged area around the post shall be repaired with approved bituminous patching. Damage to lighting and signal conduit and conductors shall be repaired by the Contractor.

When set in holes, posts shall be on a stable foundation and the space around the posts, backfilled in layers with suitable material, thoroughly tamped.

The reflectorized flexible guardrail markers shall be set plumb with the reflective surface facing the oncoming traffic. Markers shall be installed on the protected side of guardrail posts. Markers, which become bent or otherwise damaged, shall be removed and replaced with new markers.

Single wood posts shall be set plumb in holes and backfilled in layers with suitable material, thoroughly tamped. The Resident will designate the elevation and shape of the top. The posts, that are not pressure treated, shall be painted two coats of good quality oil base exterior house paint.

Single steel posts shall be set plumb in holes as specified for single wood posts or they may be driven if suitable driving equipment is used to prevent battering and distorting the post.

Additional bolt holes required in existing posts shall be drilled or punched, but the size of the holes shall not exceed the dimensions given in the Standard Details. Metal around the holes shall be thoroughly cleaned and painted with two coats of approved aluminum rust resistant paint. Holes shall not be burned.

606.04 Rails Brackets and fittings shall be placed and fastened as shown on the plans. Rail beams shall be erected and aligned to provide a smooth, continuous barrier. Beams shall be lapped with the exposed end away from approaching traffic.

End assemblies shall be installed as shown on the plans and shall be securely attached to the rail section and end post.

All bolts shall be of sufficient length to extend beyond the nuts but not more than ½ inch. Nuts shall be drawn tight.

Additional bolt holes required in existing beams shall be drilled or punched, but the size of the holes shall not exceed the dimensions given in the Standard Details. Metal around the holes shall be thoroughly cleaned and painted with two coats of approved aluminum rust resistant paint. Holes shall not be burned.

606.045 Offset Blocks The same offset block material is to be provided for the entire project unless otherwise specified.

606.05 Shoulder Widening At designated locations the existing shoulder of the roadway shall be widened as shown on the plans. All grading, paving, seeding, and other necessary work shall be in accordance with the Specifications for the type work being done.

606.06 Mail Box Post Single wood post shall be installed at the designated location for the support of the mailbox. The multiple mailbox assemblies shall be installed at the designated location in accordance with the Standard Details and as recommended by the Manufacturer. Attachment of the mailbox to the post will be the responsibility of the home or business owner.

606.07 Abraded Surfaces All galvanized surfaces of new guardrail and posts, which have been abraded so that the base metal is exposed, and the threaded portions of all fittings and fasteners and cut ends of bolts shall be cleaned and painted with two coats of approved rust resistant paint.

606.08 Method of Measurement Guardrail will be measured by the linear foot from center to center of end posts along the gradient of the rail except where end connections are made to masonry or steel structures, in which case measurement will be as shown on the plans. When connected to radius rail, measurement will be to the end of the last tangent beam.

Guardrail terminal, reflectorized flexible guardrail marker, terminal end, anchorage assembly, bridge transition, bridge connection, multiple mailbox post, and single post will be measured by each unit of the kind specified and installed.

Widened shoulder will be measured as a unit of grading within the limits shown on the plans.

Excavation in solid rock for placement of posts will be paid under force account unless otherwise indicated in the Bid Documents.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors (“butterfly” type or linear delineation system panels) when identified by pay item, will be measured for payment by each.

606.09 Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot for the type specified, complete in place. Reflectorized beam guardrail (“butterfly”-type) delineators will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to guardrail items. Reflectorized flexible guardrail marker, terminal end, anchorage assembly, bridge transition, bridge connection, multiple mailbox post, and single post will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the kind specified complete in place.

Guardrail terminals will be paid for at the contract price each, complete in place which price shall be full payment for furnishing and installing all components including the terminal section, posts, offset blocks, "w" beam, cable foundation posts, plates and for all incidentals necessary to complete the installation within the limits as shown on the Standard Details or the Manufacturer's installation instructions. Pay limits for a flared terminal will be 37.5 feet. Pay limits for a tangent terminal will be 50 feet. Each guardrail terminal will be clearly marked with the Manufacturer's name and model number to facilitate any future needed repair. Such payment shall also be full compensation for furnishing all material, excavating, backfilling holes, assembling, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work, except that for excavation for posts or anchorages in solid ledge rock, payment will be made under 109.7.5 – Force Account. Type III Retroreflective Adhesive Sheeting shall be applied to the approach buffer end sections and sized to substantially cover the end section. On all roadways, the ends shall be marked with alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes. The stripes shall be 3 in wide and sloped down at an angle of 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic is to pass the end section. Guardrail terminals shall also include a set of installation drawings supplied to the Resident.

Anchorage to bridge end posts will be part of the bridge work. Connections thereto will be considered included in the unit bid price for guardrail.

Guardrail to be placed on a radius of curvature of 150 ft or less will be paid for under the designated radius pay item for the type guardrail being placed.

Widened shoulder will be paid for at the contract unit price each complete in place and will be full compensation for furnishing and placing, grading and compaction of aggregate subbase and any required fill material.

Adjust guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot and will be full compensation for adjusting to grade. Payment shall also include adjusting guardrail terminals where required.

Modify guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot and will be full compensation for furnishing and installing offset blocks, additional posts, and other specified modifications; removing, modifying, installing, and adjusting to grade existing posts and beams;

removing plate washers and backup plates, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting guardrail terminals where required.

Remove and Reset guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per linear foot and will be full compensation for removing, transporting, storing, reassembling all parts, necessary cutting, furnishing new parts when necessary, reinstalling at the new location, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting guardrail terminals when required.

Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per foot and will be full compensation for the requirements listed in Modify guardrail and Remove and Reset guardrail.

Bridge Connections will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Payment shall include, attaching the connection to the endpost including furnishing and placing concrete and reinforcing steel necessary to construct new endposts if required, furnishing and installing the terminal connector, and all miscellaneous hardware, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Bridge Transitions will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Payment shall include furnishing and installing the thrie beam or “w”-beam terminal connector, doubled beam section, and transition section, where called for, posts, hardware, precast concrete transition curb, and any other necessary materials and labor, including the bridge connection as stated in the previous paragraph.

No payment will be made for guardrail removed, but not reset and all costs for such removal shall be considered incidental to the various contract pay items.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors (“butterfly” type and the linear delineation panels) will not be paid for directly but will be considered incidental to all new guardrail items. The Contractor shall furnish and install either the “butterfly” type or linear delineation panels, at its discretion, for new guardrail items.

Reflectorized beam guardrail reflectors (either “butterfly” type or linear delineation system panels) will be paid for under the applicable pay items for installation in conjunction with Adjust, Modify, Remove and Reset, Remove Modify and Reset guardrail items. The accepted quantity of “butterfly” type or linear delineation system panels will be paid for at the contract unit price each for all work and materials furnished to install, complete in place, including all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
606.1301 31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice – Single Faced	Linear Foot
606.1302 31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice – Double Faced	Linear Foot
606.1303 31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice, 15’ Radius and Less	Linear Foot
606.1304 31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice, Over 15’ Radius	Linear Foot
606.1305 31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice Flared Terminal	Each
606.1306 31” W-Beam Guardrail - Mid-Way Splice Tangent Terminal	Each

606.1307	Bridge Transition (Asymmetrical) – Type IA	Each
606.1721	Bridge Transition - Type I	Each
606.1722	Bridge Transition - Type II	Each
606.1731	Bridge Connection - Type I	Each
606.1732	Bridge Connection - Type II	Each
606.178	Guardrail Beam	Linear Foot
606.25	Terminal Connector	Each
606.257	Terminal Connector - Thrie Beam	Each
606.259	Anchorage Assembly	Each
606.265	Terminal End-Single Rail - Galvanized Steel	Each
606.266	Terminal End-Single Rail - Corrosion Resistant Steel	Each
606.275	Terminal End-Double Rail - Galvanized Steel	Each
606.276	Terminal End-Double Rail - Corrosion Resistant Steel	Each
606.352	Reflectorized Beam Guardrail Delineators (“Butterfly” type)	Each
606.3521	Linear Delineation System Panel	Each
606.353	Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Marker	Each
606.354	Remove and Reset Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Marker	Each
606.356	Underdrain Delineator Post	Each
606.358	Guardrail, Modify	Linear Foot
606.362	Guardrail, Adjust	Linear Foot
606.365	Guardrail, Remove, Modify, and Reset	Linear Foot
606.366	Guardrail, Remove and Reset	Linear Foot
606.367	Replace Unusable Existing Guardrail Posts	Each
606.3671	Replace Unusable Offset Blocks	Each
606.47	Single Wood Post	Each
606.48	Single Galvanized Steel Post	Each
606.50	Single Steel Pipe Post	Each
606.51	Multiple Mailbox Support	Each
606.568	Guardrail, Modify - Double Rail	Linear Foot
606.63	Thrie Beam Rail Beam	Linear Foot
606.64	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Double Rail	Linear Foot
606.65	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Single Rail	Linear Foot
606.66	Terminal End Thrie Beam	Each
606.70	Transition Section - Thrie Beam	Each
606.71	Guardrail Thrie Beam - 15 ft radius and less	Linear Foot
606.72	Guardrail Thrie Beam - over 15 ft radius	Linear Foot
606.73	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Single Rail Bridge Mounted	Linear Foot
606.74	Guardrail - Single Rail Bridge Mounted	Linear Foot
606.753	Widen Shoulder for Low Volume Guardrail End	Each
606.754	Widen Shoulder for Flared Guardrail Terminal	Each
606.78	Low Volume Guardrail End	Each
606.80	Buried-in-Slope Guardrail End	Each

SECTION 608 SIDEWALKS

Section 608.022 Detectable Warning Materials Standard Revise this section by removing the last sentence of this section beginning with “Concrete...” and replacing it with **“Concrete shall meet the requirements of Section 608.021, Sidewalk Materials, of this specification or may be a prepackaged concrete mix from the Department’s Qualified Products List (QPL).”**

SECTION 609 CURB

609.02 Materials Revise the paragraph beginning “The Contractor shall submit a concrete mix...” so that it reads:

“The Contractor shall submit a concrete mix design for the Portland Cement Concrete to the Resident, with a minimum designed compressive strength of 3000 psi concrete fill.”

609.03 Vertical Stone Curb, Terminal Section and Transition Sections and Portland Cement Concrete Curb, Terminal Sections and Transition Sections Revise this section by underlining the section number and title so that it reads in the spec book as:

“609.03 Vertical Stone Curb, Terminal Section and Transition Sections and Portland Cement Concrete Curb, Terminal Sections and Transition Sections”

Revise the last paragraph beginning with “The Contractor may elect...” so that it reads:

“The Contractor may elect to substitute concrete to backfill Stone Curbing or Stone Edging at their option. If the concrete backfill option is elected, the Concrete Fill shall meet the requirements of 609.02. The Contractor shall submit a concrete design for the Portland Cement Concrete, with a minimum designated compressive strength of 3000 PSI meeting the requirements of Class S or Class Fill Concrete. The Contractor may elect to choose a Prepackaged Concrete Mix from the Department’s Qualified Products list (QPL). Concrete backfill shall be completed in conformance with a Department supplied concrete backfill detail.”

SECTION 610 STONE FILL, RIPRAP, STONE BLANKET, AND STONE DITCH PROTECTION

610.02 Materials Amend this subsection by adding the following to the end of the material list:
“Stone Ditch Protection 703.29”

SECTION 618 SEEDING

618.08 Mulching Revise this Section so that the third sentence reads: “Mulch for Seeding Method Number 1 shall only be cellulous fiber mulch Section 619.04 (b) or straw mulch Section 619.04 (a).”

SECTION 619 MULCH

619.03 General Amend this Section by adding the following sentence to the end: “**Straw mulch shall be used in all wetland areas.**”

SECTION 626 FOUNDATIONS, CONDUIT, AND JUNCTION BOXES FOR HIGHWAY SIGNING, LIGHTING, AND SIGNALS

Section 626.021 Miscellaneous Materials Revise this section by removing the fourth paragraph beginning with “ All Concrete for concrete encasement...” and replace it with “**All concrete for concrete encasement of conduit shall be Class S or Class Fill concrete in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 502 – Structural Concrete, or a Prepackaged Concrete Mix from the Department’s Qualified Products List (QPL).**”

Section 626.031 Conduit Revise the fifth paragraph beginning with “After the trench has been...” by removing the last sentence beginning with “Where concrete encasement...” and replacing it with “**Where concrete encasement is required around the conduit, the concrete shall meet Class S, Class Fill in accordance with the applicable requirements of Section 502 – Structural Concrete, or a Prepackaged Concrete Mix from the Department’s Qualified Products List (QPL).**”

626.034 Concrete Foundations Revise this Section by changing ‘626.037’ to ‘**626.036**’ in the Second Paragraph which begins with “Foundations shall consist of cast-in-place...”.

Revise the 10th paragraph beginning with “Before placing concrete, the required elbows...” by removing “...**in accordance with Standard Specification 633.**”

626.036 Precast Foundations Revise the last sentence of paragraph one so that it reads: “**Construction of precast foundations shall conform to the Standard Details and all requirements of 712.061.**”

SECTION 627 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

627.02 Materials Amend this section by adding the following to the existing Specification:

“When pavement marking paint must be applied on pavement with an air temperature between 35 °F and 50 °F, a low temperature waterborne paint may be used upon the Department’s approval as noted below.

The Contractor shall submit the following information for Department review and approval at least 10 calendar days prior to application:

The manufacturer and product name of the low temperature waterborne paint

The manufacturer’s technical product data sheets

The product’s SDS sheets

All required and recommended application specifications for the product

The manufacturer’s requirements for temperature, surface preparation, paint thickness and the bead application shall be followed. No additional payment will be made for the use of low temperature waterborne paint. “

627.06 Application Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with “ On other final pavement markings...” with the following:

“On other final pavement markings and on curb, where the paint is applied by hand painting or spraying, application shall be one uniform covering coat at least 16 mils thick. Before the paint has dried, the glass beads shall be applied by a pressure system that will force the glass beads onto the undried paint as uniformly as possible.

Painted lines and markings shall be applied in accordance with the manufacturer’s published recommendations. These recommendations will be supplied to the Resident prior to installation.”

Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with “ If the final reflectivity values are less...” with the following:

The final reflectivity will be acceptable if 90 percent or more of the painted pavement lines and markings meet the specified minimum value. If less than 90 percent of the painted pavement lines and markings meet the specified minimum final reflectivity values, the Contractor shall repaint those areas not meeting required reflectivity at no cost to the Department.

If, after repainting, analysis of the final reflectivity values results in the need for a second repainting, the Contractor will submit in writing a plan of action to meet the reflectivity

minimums prior to continuing any work. Once the plan has been reviewed and approved by the Department, the Contractor shall reapply at no cost to the Department.

SECTION 637
DUST CONTROL

Revise this section by removing it in its entirety.

SECTION 643
TRAFFIC SIGNALS

643.021 Materials Amend this subsection by adding the following at the end:

“MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices on the following schedule:

Temporary Traffic Control Signals will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 4 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029.”

643.023 Traffic Signal Structures Remove the third paragraph and replace it with the following:

“Traffic signal support structures shall be classified as Fatigue Category III if they are located on roads with a speed limit of 35 mph or less, Fatigue Category II if they are located on roads with a speed limit of greater than 35 mph, and Fatigue Category I if noted on the Contract Plans. Fatigue Importance Factors shall be as specified in Table 11.6-1 (Fatigue Importance Factors). Fatigue analyses are not required for span-wire (strain) pole traffic signal support structures with heights of 55 feet or less unless required by the current edition of AASHTO “LRFD Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaires, and Traffic Signals”.

643.09 Service Connection Revise this subsection by removing the paragraph that begins with “Traffic signal services shall have...”.

And by removing the paragraphs beginning with “ A service ground rod shall be installed...” and “A total of 4, 10’ service...” and replace them with **“A total of 4, 10’ service ground rods shall be installed and properly connected together on the outside of the cabinet foundation. One ground rod shall be located at each corner and shall be either flush or slightly below finished grade. The connection between the ground rod and the ground wire shall be an exothermic connection such as a Cadweld. The ground wire from the interconnected ground rods shall be routed through a conduit in the foundation and into the base of the cabinet”.**

SECTION 645 HIGHWAY SIGNING

Section 645.023 Sign Support Structures. Under letter “c.”, revise the fifth paragraph beginning with “In addition to the required details...” by removing the words **”and foundation”** from the 5th sentence.

Section 645.08 Method of Measurement. Revise the second paragraph beginning with “Bridge-type, cantilever and...” by removing the words **”including the foundation”** .

Section 645.09 Basis of Payment. Revise the third paragraph beginning with “The accepted bridge-type, cantilever and...” by removing the word **”foundation”** from the second sentence. Add the following sentence to the end of the paragraph **“Conduits, Junction Boxes, and Foundations will be paid for under Section 626.”**

SECTION 652 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

652.2.5 Portable Changeable Message Sign Revise the fifth paragraph so it reads:

“The control system shall include a display screen upon which messages can be reviewed before being displayed on the message sign. The control system shall be capable of maintaining memory when power is unavailable. Messages must be changeable with either a portable electronic device like a notebook computer or an on-board keypad. The controller shall have the capability to store a minimum of 200 user-defined and 200 pre-programmed messages. Controller and battery compartments shall be enclosed in lockable, weather-tight boxes. The cabinet shall be locked at all times that the Contractor is not actively changing the message. The Contractor shall change the password for the controller prior to stationing the PCMS and shall provide the password to the Resident. The password shall be unique per PCMS and secure and shall not be written anywhere in, on, around, or stored in the PCMS.”

Amend this Section by adding the following new subsection:

“652.2.6 Device Crashworthiness **MaineDOT is transitioning to MASH2016 criteria for Work Zone Traffic Control Devices on the following schedule:**

Category 1 (Cones, Drums, Tubular Markers, Flexible Delineators, and similar devices that have little chance of causing windshield penetration, tire damage, or other significant effect on the control or trajectory of a vehicle) – All Category 1 devices will be manufacturer self-certified as MASH2016 by January 1, 2025. Current Category 1 devices in useful serviceable condition that are not self-certified as MASH2016 compliant may be utilized through December 31, 2024.

Category 2 (Barricades, Portable Sign Supports, Category 1 devices with attachments, and similar devices that are not expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change but may be otherwise hazardous) – All Category 2 devices will be crash tested and/or evaluated to

MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2025. Current Category 2 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2024.

Category 3 (Portable Concrete Barrier, Portable Crash Cushions, Truck Mounted Attenuators, Category 2 devices weighing more than 100 pounds, and similar devices that are expected to produce significant vehicular velocity change or other harmful reactions) – All Category 3 devices will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 3 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029. (See Standard Specification 526 for additional Portable Concrete Barrier information).

Category 4 (Trailer Mounted Devices: Arrow Boards, Temporary Traffic Control Signals, Area Lighting, Portable Changeable Message Sign, and other similar devices.) – All Category 4 devices will be crash tested and/or evaluated to MASH2016 criteria by January 1, 2030. Current Category 4 devices in useful serviceable condition that are successfully tested to NCHRP Report 350 or MASH2009 criteria may be utilized through December 31, 2029.”

652.3.3 Submittal of Traffic Control Plan Amend this section by adding:

“n. A security plan for any PCMS shall be included. The Contractor shall provide a plan for secure access to the PCMS and protection from unauthorized users. The plan shall have details on securing the cabinets via a lock and password from unauthorized users, password changing protocols, and where the access information will be kept so it can be used in the event of emergency. The Contractor shall not Identify or store passwords in the TCP.”

652.4 Flaggers Revise the first paragraph of this section so that it reads:

“The Contractor shall furnish flaggers as required by the TCP or as otherwise specified by the Resident. All flaggers must have successfully completed a flagger test approved by the Department and administered by a Department-approved Flagger-Certifier who is employing that flagger. All flaggers must carry an official certification card with them while flagging that has been issued by their employer.”

SECTION 681

PRECAST AGGREGATE-FILLED, CONCRETE BLOCK GRAVITY WALL

681.08 Basis of Payment Amend this section by adding the Item Number “**681.10**” in front of the item “Precast Aggregate-Filled Concrete Block Gravity Wall” at the end of the section.

SECTION 701

STRUCTURAL CONCRETE RELATED MATERIAL

701.01 Portland Cement and Portland Pozzolan Cement Amend the first sentence of Paragraph 3 by adding “**or Type 1L Portland Limestone cement**” so that it reads:

“A Type IP (MS) Portland-pozzolan cement (blended hydraulic cement with moderate sulfate resistance) or Type 1L Portland Limestone cement meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 240, may be used instead of Type II or where Type I Portland cement, meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 85, is allowed.”

SECTION 703 AGGREGATES

Add the following to Section 703 - Aggregates

703.01 Fine Aggregate for Concrete Fine aggregate for concrete shall consist of natural sand or, when approved by the Resident, other inert materials with similar characteristics or combinations thereof, having strong, durable particles. Fine aggregate from different sources of supply shall not be mixed or stored in the same pile nor used alternately in the same class of construction or mix without permission of the Resident.

All fine aggregate shall be free from injurious amounts of organic impurities. Should the fine aggregate, when subjected to the colorimetric test for organic impurities, AASHTO T 21, produce a color darker than the reference standard color solution (laboratory designation Plate III), the fine aggregate shall be rejected.

Fine aggregate shall have a sand equivalent value of not less than 75 when tested in accordance with AASHTO T 176.

Fine aggregate sources shall meet the Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) requirements of Section 703.0201.

The fineness modulus shall not be less than 2.26 or more than 3.14. If this value is exceeded, the fine aggregate will be rejected unless suitable adjustments are made in proportions of coarse and fine aggregate. The fineness modulus of fine aggregate shall be determined by adding the cumulative percentages of material by weight retained on the following sieves: Nos. 4, 8, 16, 30, 50, 100 and dividing by 100.

Fine aggregate, from an individual source when tested for absorption as specified in AASHTO T 84, shall show an absorption of not more than 2.3 percent.

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch	100
No. 4	95-100
No. 8	80-100
No. 16	50-85
No. 30	25-60
No. 50	10-30
No. 100	2-10
No. 200	0-5.0

703.02 Coarse Aggregate for Concrete Coarse aggregate for concrete shall consist of crushed stone or gravel having hard, strong, durable pieces, free from adherent coatings and of which the composite blend retained on the $\frac{3}{8}$ inch sieve shall contain no more than 15 percent, by weight of flat and elongated particles when performed in accordance with test method ASTM D 4791, Flat Particles, Elongated Particles, or Flat and Elongated Particles in Coarse Aggregate, using a dimensional ratio of 1:5.

The coarse aggregate from an individual source shall have an absorption no greater than 2.0 percent by weight determined in accordance with AASHTO T 85 modified for weight of sample.

The composite blend shall have a Micro-Deval value of 18.0 percent or less as determined by AASHTO T 327 or not exceed 40 percent loss as determined by AASHTO T 96.

Coarse aggregate sources shall meet the Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) requirements of Section 703.0201.

Coarse aggregate shall conform to the requirements of the following table for the size or sizes designated and shall be well graded between the limits specified.

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves			
Grading	A	AA	S	LATEX
Aggregate Size	1 inch	$\frac{3}{4}$ inch	$1\frac{1}{2}$ inch	$\frac{1}{2}$ inch
2 inch			100	
$1\frac{1}{2}$ inch	100		95-100	
1 inch	95-100	100	-	
$\frac{3}{4}$ inch	-	90-100	35-70	100
$\frac{1}{2}$ inch	25-60	-	-	90-100
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch	-	20-55	10-30	40-70
No. 4	0-10	0-10	0-5	0-15
No. 8	0-5	0-5	-	0-5
No. 16	-	-	-	-
No. 50	-	-	-	-
No. 200	0 - 1.5	0 - 1.5	0 - 1.5	0 - 1.5

703.0201 Alkali Silica Reactive Aggregates All coarse and fine aggregates proposed for use in concrete shall be tested for Alkali Silica Reactivity (ASR) potential under AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260), Accelerated Detection of Potentially Deleterious Expansion of Mortar Bars Due to Alkali-Silica Reaction, prior to being accepted for use. Acceptance will be based on testing performed by an accredited independent lab submitted to the Department. Aggregate submittals will be required on a 5-year cycle, unless the source or character of the aggregate in question has changed within 5 years from the last test date.

As per AASHTO T 303 (ASTM C 1260): Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be allowed with no restrictions when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand less than or equal to 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of a particular coarse or fine aggregate will be classified

as potentially reactive when the mortar bars made with this aggregate expand greater than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting. Use of this aggregate will only be allowed with the use of cement-pozzolan blends and/or chemical admixtures that result in mortar bar expansion of less than 0.10 percent at 30 days from casting as tested under ASTM C 1567.

Acceptable pozzolans and chemical admixtures that may be used when an aggregate is classified as potentially reactive include, but are not limited to the following:

- a. Class F Coal Fly Ash meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 295
- b. Ground Granulated Blast Furnace Slag (Grade 100 or 120) meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 302
- c. Densified Silica Fume meeting the requirements of AASHTO M 307
- d. Lithium-based admixtures
- e. Metakaolin

Pozzolans or chemical admixtures required to offset the effects of potentially reactive aggregates will be incorporated into the concrete at no additional cost to the Department.

703.05 Aggregate for Sand Leveling Aggregate for sand leveling shall be sand of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The aggregate shall meet the grading requirements of the following table.

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves
$\frac{3}{8}$ inch	85-100
No. 200	0-5.0

703.06 Aggregate for Base and Subbase The following shall apply to Sections (a.) and (c.) below. The material shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0, the Washington State Degradation DOT Test Method T113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (January 2009 version) shall be performed, except that the test shall be performed on the portion of the sample that passes the $\frac{1}{2}$ inch sieve and is retained on the No. 10 sieve. If the material has a Washington Degradation value of less than 15, the material shall be rejected. The material used in Section (b.) below shall have a Micro-Deval value of 25.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. If the Micro-Deval value exceeds 25.0 the material may be used if it does not exceed 25 percent loss on AASHTO T 96, Resistance to Degradation of Small-Size Coarse Aggregate by Abrasion and Impact in the Los Angeles Machine.

Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) shall not be used for or blended with aggregate base or subbase.

- a. Aggregate for base, Type A and B shall be crushed ledge or crushed gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The gradation of the part that passes a 3 inch sieve shall meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves	
	Type A	Type B
½ inch	45-70	35-75
¼ inch	30-55	25-60
No. 40	0-20	0-25
No. 200	0-6.0	0-6.0

At least 50 percent by weight of the material retained on the No. 4 sieve shall have at least one fractured face as tested by AASHTO T 335.

Type A aggregate for base shall only contain particles of rock that will pass the 2 inch square mesh sieve.

Type B aggregate for base shall only contain particles of rock that will pass the 4 inch square mesh sieve.

- b. Aggregate for base, Type C shall be crushed ledge or crushed gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The material shall meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves
	Type C
4 inches	100
3 inches	90-100
2 inches	75-100
1 inch	50-80
½ inch	30-60
No. 4	15-40
No. 200	0-6.0

At least 50 percent by weight of the material coarser than the No. 4 sieve shall have at least one fractured face as tested by AASHTO T 335.

- c. Aggregate for subbase shall be sand or gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The gradation of the part that passes a 3 inch sieve shall meet the grading requirements of the following table:

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves	
	Type D	Type E
½ in	35-80	
¼ inch	25-65	25-100
No. 40	0-30	0-50
No. 200	0-7.0	0-7.0

Type D aggregate for subbase gravel may contain up to 50 percent by weight Recycled Concrete Aggregate (RCA). When RCA is used, the portion of the resulting blend of gravel and RCA retained on a ½" square mesh sieve shall contain a total of no more than 5 percent by weight of other recycled materials such as brick, concrete masonry block, or asphalt pavement as determined by visual inspection.

RCA shall be substantially free of wood, metal, plaster, and gypsum board as defined in Note 9 in Section 7.4 of AASHTO M 319. RCA shall also be free of all substances that fall under the category of solid waste or hazardous materials.

Aggregate for subbase shall not contain particles of rock which will not pass the 6 inch square mesh sieve.

703.08 Recycled Asphalt Pavement Recycled asphalt pavement shall consist of salvaged asphalt materials from milled pavements or production waste that has been processed before use to meet the requirements of the job mix formula. It shall be free of winter sand, granular fill, construction debris, or other materials not generally considered asphalt pavement.

703.081 RAP for Asphalt Pavement Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be introduced into hot-mix asphalt pavement at percentages approved by the Department according to the MaineDOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

If approved by the Department, the Contractor shall provide documentation stating the source, test results for average residual asphalt content, and stockpile gradations showing RAP materials have been sized to meet the maximum aggregate size requirements of each mix designation. The Department will obtain samples for verification and approval prior to its use.

The maximum allowable percent of RAP shall be determined by the asphalt content, the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve, the ratio between the percent passing the 0.075 mm sieve and the asphalt content, and Coarse Micro-Deval loss values as tested by the Department.

The maximum percentage of RAP allowable shall be the lowest percentage as determined according to Table 4 below:

Classification	Maximum RAP Percentage Allowed	Asphalt content standard deviation	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve standard deviation	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve / asphalt content ratio	Residual aggregate M-D loss value
Class III	10%	≤ 1.0	N/A	≤ 4.0	≤ 18
Class II	20%	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.0	≤ 2.8	
Class I	30%	≤ 0.3	≤ 0.5	≤ 1.8	

Table 4: Maximum Percent RAP According to Test Results

The Department will monitor RAP asphalt content and gradation during production by testing samples from the stockpile at approximately 15,000 T intervals (in terms of mix production). The allowable variance limits (from the numerical average values used for mix designs) for this testing are determined based upon the maximum allowable RAP percentage and are shown below in Table 5.

Table 5: RAP Verification Limits

Classification	Asphalt content (compared to aim)	Percent passing 0.075 mm sieve (compared to aim)
Class III	± 1.5	± 2.0
Class II	± 1.0	± 1.5
Class I	± 0.5	± 0.7

For specification purposes, RAP will be categorized as follows:

Class III – A maximum of 10.0 percent of Class III RAP may be used in any base, intermediate base, surface, or shim mixture. A maximum of 20.0 percent of Class III RAP may be used in hand-placed mixes for item 403.209.

Class II – A maximum of 20.0 percent Class II RAP in any base, binder, surface, or shim course.

Class I – A maximum of 20.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in any base, intermediate base, surface, or shim mixture without requiring a change to the specified asphalt binder. A maximum of 30.0 percent Class I RAP may be used in in any base or intermediate base mixture provided that a PG 58-28 or PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used. A maximum of 30.0 percent Class I RAP may be

used in any surface or shim mixture provided that PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used. Mixtures exceeding 20.0 percent Class I RAP must be evaluated and approved by the Department.

The Contractor may use up to two different RAP sources in any one mix design. The total RAP percentage of the mix shall not exceed the maximum allowed for the highest classification RAP source used (i.e. if a Class I & Class III used, total RAP must not exceed 30.0%). The blended RAP material must meet all the requirements of the classification for which the RAP is entered (i.e. 10% Class III with 20% Class I, blend must meet Class I criteria). The Department may take belt cuts of the blended RAP to verify the material meets these requirements. If the Contractor elects to use more than one RAP source in a design, the Contractor shall provide an acceptable point of sampling blended RAP material from the feed belt.

In the event that RAP source or properties change, the Contractor shall notify the Department of the change and submit new documentation stating the new source or properties a minimum of 72 hours prior to the change to allow for obtaining new samples and approval.

SECTION 709 REINFORCING STEEL AND WELDED STEEL WIRE FABRIC

709.01 Reinforcing Steel Remove the second paragraph of Section 709.01 of the standard specification beginning with “Low-Carbon, Chromium,...” and replace with the following:

“ Low-carbon, chromium, reinforcing steel shall be deformed bars conforming to the requirements of ASTM A1035. Bars shall be Grade 100 and alloy Type CS unless otherwise specified on the Plans. “

SECTION 710 FENCE AND GUARDRAIL

710.06 Fence Posts and Braces Revise the first Paragraph so that it reads:

“Wood posts shall be of cedar, white oak, or tamarack or other AWPAs approved species, of the diameter or section and length shown on the plans.”

Remove the fourth paragraph which starts “ That portion of wood posts...”.

Revise the paragraph beginning with “Braces shall be of spruce, eastern hemlock ... so that it now reads:

“Braces shall be of spruce, eastern hemlock, Norway pine, pitch pine, or tamarack timbers or other AWPAs approved species, or spruce, cedar, tamarack or other AWPAs approved species round posts of sufficient length to make a diagonal brace between adjacent posts. All wood posts and braces

shall be pressure-treated in accordance with AASHTO M 133 and AWWA U1, UC4A Commodity Specification B: Posts. “

710.07 Guardrail Posts Revise this section so that the first sentence of section a. reads:

“a. Wood posts shall be of Norway pine, southern yellow pine, pitch pine, Douglas fir, red pine, white pine, or eastern hemlock or other AWWA approved species.”

Revise the next paragraph so that it reads:

Wood posts and offset brackets shall be preservative treated in accordance with the requirements of AASHTO M 133 and AWWA U1, UC4A Commodity Specification B: Posts.

710.08 Guardrail Hardware Revise this subsection by replacing “AASHTO M 298” with “ASTM B695”

SECTION 711 MISCELLANEOUS BRIDGE MATERIAL

711.06 Stud Shear Connector Anchors and Fasteners Amend this section by deleting it in its entirety and replacing it with:

“Shear connectors shall meet the dimensional tolerances of Figure 9.1 of the ANSI/AASHTO/AWS D1.5 Bridge Welding Code (D1.5 Code). Shear connectors, anchors and fasteners shall meet the material requirements of Section 9 of the D1.5 Code. Shear connectors shall meet the mechanical property requirements of Table 9.1, Type B of the D1.5 Code. Anchors and fasteners shall meet the mechanical property requirements of Table 9.1 of the D1.5 Code, Type A.”

SECTION 712 MISCELLANEOUS HIGHWAY MATERIAL

712.061 Structural Precast Units Amend this section by adding the following sentence to the end of the first paragraph of the Construction subsection:

“Facilities certified by NPCA or PCI shall provide to the Fabrication Engineer a copy of their annual audit to include deficiency reports and corrective actions.”

Revise this section by changing the letter “b” of ASTM C1611 of the Concrete Testing subsection so that it reads:

“b. Air content shall be 5.0% to 8.0%.”

SECTION 713 STRUCTURAL STEEL AND RELATED MATERIAL

Section 713.02 High Strength Bolts

Revise the second sentence of this subsection so that it reads “**Nuts shall meet the requirement of ASTM A563**”. Revise the third sentence of this subsection so that it reads “**Circular and beveled washers shall conform to the requirement of ASTM F436**”.

SECTION 718 TRAFFIC SIGNALS MATERIAL

718.03 Signal Mounting Amend the paragraph beginning with “All trunions, brackets and...” by adding “**For polycarbonate signal heads with more than 3 sections or requiring mounting extensions greater than 12 inches in length, reinforcing plates shall be used to reinforce the housings at the point of attachment.**” to the end of the paragraph.

718.08 Controller Cabinet Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with “The cabinet shall be supplied with LED light panels...” on or about page 7-66 with “**The cabinet shall be supplied with white LED light panels which shall automatically illuminate via a door open switch whenever one of the four main cabinet doors are opened for the ground mount cabinet or two main doors for the side of pole cabinet. The ground mounted cabinet shall contain four LED light panels per side totaling eight panels for the cabinet; one panel each at the top and bottom portion of the front side and back side on the Control side and Power/Auxiliary side of the cabinet. Each light panel shall produce a minimum of 250 lumens for a total minimum lumen output of 2000 lumens with all eight panels illuminated. The minimum output per side would be 1000 lumens. The LED panels shall be protected by a clear shatterproof shield. The side of pole mounted cabinet shall contain four light panels; one at the top of the rack assembly and one at the bottom rack assembly on each side of the cabinet.**

A second door open status switch per door shall activate a controller input to log a report event that one of the doors was opened. All door open status switches shall be connected to the same controller input. For the ground mount cabinet, there shall be two switches on each of the four main doors. For the side-of-pole mount cabinet, there shall be two switches on each of the two main doors.”

Revise this subsection by replacing the paragraph beginning with “The cabinet shall be supplied with a generator panel ...” on or about page 7-68 with:

“The cabinet shall be supplied with a generator panel. The generator panel shall consist of a manual transfer switch and a twist-lock connector for generator hookup. The transfer switch knob and twist-lock connector shall be located inside a stainless steel enclosure with a separate lockable door accessed with a Corbin #2 key. The unit shall be mounted on the left, exterior of the control side wall of the ground mount cabinet a minimum of 36” above the surrounding grade and on the lower left side of the pole mounted cabinet. The generator transfer switch shall be a Reliance C30A1N Signa Series or approved equal. “

Revise this subsection by removing the following from the paragraph beginning with “The ground mounted cabinet shall be supplied and installed with an electric service meter socket trim and electrical service disconnect switch ...” on or about page 7-69: **“(removed: thus preventing that space from being used either by equipment supplied as part of the project, or future equipment that would be installed in the rack system. Joe indicated that he would add this language to the detail so it is covered.)”**.

Revise this subsection by replacing the following in the paragraph beginning with “The Contractor shall reconfigure the default user name...” on or around page 7-70; “MaineDOT IT” with **“MaineDOT Traffic Division”**.

In the paragraph beginning with “Tests shall be conducted by the contractor...” on or around page 7-73, amend this subsection by removing **“in the state of Maine and”** after “The facility shall be”.

Amend this Section by adding the following subsection:

718.13 Field Monitoring Unit (FMU) This item of work shall conform to this specification. This item shall consist of furnishing and installing a Field Monitoring Unit (FMU) and software, as well as all needed accessories required for a full and complete installation, including but not limited to power adapters, Ethernet cables, and interface cables, as described herein.

Where applicable, communications from MaineDOT’s cloud-based Central Management System (CMS) to the on-street traffic signal controllers shall be made through fiber optic interconnect cable connected back to existing internet connections and/or the Field Monitoring Unit (FMU). The Contractor shall furnish and install all materials necessary for a complete and operational fiber optic interconnection to all project intersections as shown on the plans. All connections to the CMS cloud-based system shall be via a secure VPN network.

The FMU shall be the only remote connection device used by isolated intersections to connect to the cloud-based system. All connections shall be encrypted VPN tunnels. The Contractor shall coordinate all configuration settings with MaineDOT IT and the Engineer.

The FMU central web based interface shall be a separate element from the CMS.

MATERIALS: The materials for this work shall conform to the following requirements:

1. The work under this item specifies the requirements for the FMU. The FMU shall operate independent of the brand/type of intersection controller deployed in the ATC traffic cabinet.
2. The FMU shall conform to the following requirements:
 - 2.1 The FMU shall function correctly between -34 degrees C and +74 degrees C.
 - 2.2 The FMU shall be provided with appropriately rated connectors that allows the FMU to be exchanged by unplugging connectors, without tools.
 - 2.3 The FMU shall monitor and log all ATC Controller and ATC cabinet faults and or alarms.

- 2.4 The FMU shall be wired directly to the ATC cabinet.
- 2.5 The FMU shall have an internal cellular modem running at 4G LTE.
 - 2.5.1 The Cellular modem shall be designed to be replaced / upgraded to 5G service when available.
- 2.6 The FMU shall incorporate an integrated GPS and cell modem.
- 2.7 The configuration of the FMU shall be accomplished by accessing the internal web server with a browser. It shall be possible to configure the FMU without any special software.
- 2.8 The FMU shall be powered via a standard 120V input power.
- 2.9 The FMU shall allow for the routing of the controller configuration packets to and from the controller (either by Ethernet or serial communications) for any type of controller utilized by the MaineDOT. In this way it shall be possible to configure the controller and utilize the controller specific software to interrogate the controller, and the FMU shall provide the communications pipe which allows this to be accomplished.
- 2.10 The FMU shall, within the size limitations above, include a battery and battery charging/monitoring circuit, to allow the FMU to function correctly even when all power to the intersection has failed. The battery shall continue to power the FMU for a minimum of 5 hours after all power has failed to the intersection.
- 2.11 The FMU shall incorporate an integrated GPS which will allow the FMU to geo-locate itself on the FMU management software map, without configuration.
- 2.12 The FMU shall operate without requiring a static IP address. The only configuration required at the FMU is to enter the URL of where the FMU management software is hosted.
- 2.13 In the event that the cell service is interrupted or is not available, the FMU shall store any events that occur in internal memory and forward these events automatically to the FMU management software when the cell service is restored. In this way, a complete record of events at the device can be maintained even if cell service is interrupted for a period. The system will store 5000 events.
- 2.14 The FMU shall utilize HTTP and HTTPS protocols, and XML data structures, for communication with the FMU management software. In this way the data will be open for future expansion and competition. The use of secret proprietary protocols is not permitted.
- 2.15 The FMU shall include Ethernet communications via an Ethernet Port with RJ45 connector.
- 2.16 The FMU shall include weather proof antennas.

3. Map Display FMU Management Software

- 3.1 The FMU shall include a scrollable, zoomable map display, with the intersections and other monitored devices shown as representative icons on the map. The map shall include the ability to see the intersections using Google Streetview.
- 3.2 The alarm status of the intersection shall be clearly indicated on the icon on the map, so that the user can see at a glance which intersections are in alarm.
- 3.3 The map display shall also include a list of intersections, with the number and priority of alarms indicated on the list. Intersections in high priority alarm shall be moved to the top of the list, followed by medium priority, low priority and then finally by intersections not in alarm.
- 3.4 The icons shall change to be able to clearly indicate if an intersection is offline.
- 3.5 Clicking on the icon on the map shall expose a box with the current parameters of the intersection shown.
- 3.6 The default map display position and zoom shall be configurable by user, so that the user's view will default to show the intersections that the user is responsible for managing.
- 3.7 The map view shall have the ability to show Google traffic overlays on the map.

4. Intersection Detail Display FMU Management Software

- 4.1 It shall be possible to drill down, either from the map icon or from the list, to a device level detail for the intersection, which as a minimum shall display the following parameters:
 - 4.1.1 The alarm status, with priority indicated, and a text description of the alarm (if an alarm is present for this device).
 - 4.1.2 The time since the last communication with the device
 - 4.1.3 The following parameters (real time now values, minimum for the day values, maximum for the day values, and average for the day values)
 - 4.1.3.1 The AC mains voltage (value)
 - 4.1.3.2 The battery back-up voltage (value)
 - 4.1.3.3 The cabinet temperature (value)
 - 4.1.3.4 The cabinet humidity (value)
 - 4.1.3.5 The presence of AC power (OK or Fail)
 - 4.1.3.6 The flashing status of the intersection (OK or Flashing)
 - 4.1.3.7 Stop Time status (OK or Stop Time Active)

4.1.3.8 The cabinet door status (Open or Closed)

4.1.3.9 The intersection fan status (Fan On or Fan off)

4.1.4 It shall be possible to view graphs of each of the value parameters in graphical form, over the recent two-week period. This includes real time graphs of:

4.1.4.1 The AC mains voltage

4.1.4.2 The battery back-up voltage

4.1.4.3 The cabinet temperature

4.1.4.4 The cabinet humidity

5. Diagnostics and Log Display FMU Management Software

5.1 From the device level detail within the FMU management software, it shall be possible to drill down to get the raw data; the error logs; and the communications logs to allow a technician to fault-find problems.

5.2 It shall be possible to filter the logs by Device; by Device Type and/or by Group as well as between dates.

5.3 It shall be possible to print these selected logs to a local printer or a PDF file.

5.4 It shall be possible to export these logs to Excel on the local computer for further analysis.

6. Alarms FMU Management Software

6.1 The FMU management software shall have a comprehensive alarm generation capability

6.2 It shall be possible to configure alarms to be generated on any parameter becoming out of tolerance, including analog values, digital values and enumerated values.

6.3 Alarms shall be configurable to be of Low, High or Critical Priority.

6.4 The alarm priority shall be displayed throughout the FMU management software, on all displays, using color codes such as red-critical; yellow – high; and amber-low to indicate the priority of the alarm.

6.5 The current active alarms shall be accessible for view via an expandable window, to see which alarms are active and when the alarm occurred. The highest priority alarms shall rise to the top of the list.

7. Alerts FMU Management Software

7.1 The FMU management software shall have comprehensive alerting capability, to enable the response personnel to be notified when an abnormal situation has occurred.

- 7.2 It shall be possible to configure alerts to one or more personnel for each alarm. This will cause, as selected, an SMS and/or an email to be sent to the person when an alarm occurs.
- 7.3 The alert shall be configurable to optionally send via email and/or via SMS a message when an alarm clears.
- 7.4 The intention is that the FMU management software provides the alerts to the user in near real time. The SMS and email shall be issued within 30 seconds of the occurrence of event which results in an alert being issued.

8. Hosting and Connectivity and Service FMU / FMU Management Software

- 8.1 The contractor shall supply the FMU with the FMU manufacturers 10 year options for Connectivity and Service, as part of the purchase price. The Connectivity and Service agreement shall include at a minimum:
 - 8.1.1 Cellular Connectivity
 - 8.1.2 No cellular overage charges
 - 8.1.3 Extended warranty on the hardware for the period of the Connectivity and Service Agreement
 - 8.1.4 Over-the-air software updates
 - 8.1.5 Over-the-air security updates
 - 8.1.6 Future Connected Vehicles Service

SECTION 720 STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS, LUMINAIRES AND TRAFFIC SIGNALS

720.12 Wood Sign Posts Revise the first sentence so that it reads:

Wood sign posts shall be rectangular, straight and sound timber, cut from live growing native spruce, red pine, hemlock, cedar trees or other AWPAs approved species, free from loose knots or other structurally weakening defects of importance, such as shake or holes or heart rot.

Revise the third paragraph that starts with “When pressure treated...” so that it reads:

All sign posts shall be pressure-treated in accordance with AASHTO M 133 and AWPAs Standard U1, UC4A, Commodity Specification A: Sawn Products.

APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100

SECTION 1 - BIDDING PROVISIONS

A. Federally Required Certifications By signing and delivering a Bid, the Bidder certifies as provided in all certifications set forth in this Appendix A - Federal Contract Provisions Supplement including:

- Certification Regarding No Kickbacks to Procure Contract as provided on this page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-collusion as provided on page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-segregated Facilities as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section III set forth on page 21 below.
- "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XI set forth on page 32 below.
- "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XII set forth on page 35 below.

Unless otherwise provided below, the term "Bidder", for the purposes of these certifications, includes the Bidder, its principals, and the person(s) signing the Bid. Upon execution of the Contract, the Bidder (then called the Contractor) will again make all the certifications indicated in this paragraph above.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING NO KICKBACKS TO PROCURE CONTRACT Except expressly stated by the Bidder on sheets submitted with the Bid (if any), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it has not:

(A) employed or retained for a commission, percentage, brokerage, contingent fee, or other consideration, any firm or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) to solicit or secure this contract;

(B) agreed, as an express or implied condition for obtaining this contract, to employ or retain the services of any firm or person in connection with carrying out the contract, or;

(C) paid, or agreed to pay, to any firm, organization, or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) any fee, contribution, donation, or consideration of any kind for, or in connection with, procuring or carrying out the contract;

By signing and submitting a Bid, the Bidder acknowledges that this certification is to be furnished to the Maine Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation in connection with this contract in anticipation of federal aid highway funds and is subject to applicable state and federal laws, both criminal and civil.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING NONCOLLUSION Under penalty of perjury as provided by federal law (28 U.S.C. §1746), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that:

the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with the Contract.

For a related provisions, see Section 102.7.2 (C) of the Standard Specifications - "Effects of Signing and Delivery of Bids" - "Certifications", Section 3 of this Appendix A entitled "Other Federal Requirements" including section XI - "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion" and section XII. - "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying."

B. Bid Rigging Hotline To report bid rigging activities call: **1-800-424-9071**

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

SECTION 2 - FEDERAL EEO AND CIVIL RIGHTS REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 2 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. Nondiscrimination & Civil Rights - Title VI The Contractor and its subcontractors shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this Contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the Department deems appropriate. The Contractor and subcontractors shall comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and with all State of Maine and other Federal Civil Rights laws.

For related provisions, see Subsection B - "Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246" of this Section 2 and Section 3 - Other Federal Requirements of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" including section II - "Nondiscrimination" of the "Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts", FHWA-1273.

B. Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246 Pursuant to Executive Order 11246, which was issued by President Johnson in 1965 and amended in 1967 and 1978, this Contract provides as follows.

The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be

based upon its efforts to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidations, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all forepersons, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.

Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its union have employment opportunities available, and to maintain a record of the organization's responses.

Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.

Provide immediate written notification to the Department's Civil Rights Office when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Design-Builder's efforts to meet its obligations.

Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under B above.

Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligation; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.

Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring,

assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Forepersons, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractor's and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.

Direct its recruitment efforts, both orally and written to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above describing the openings, screenings, procedures, and test to be used in the selection process.

Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth, both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's workforce.

Validate all tests and other selection requirements.

Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.

Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.

Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.

Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction Contractor's and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female Contractor associations and other business associations.

Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

C. Goals for Employment of Women and Minorities Per Executive Order 11246, craft tradesperson goals are 6.9% women and .5% minorities employed. However, goals may be adjusted upward at the mutual agreement of the Contractor and the Department. Calculation of these percentages shall not include On-the-Job Training Program trainees, and shall not include clerical or field clerk position employees.

For a more complete presentation of requirements for such Goals, see the federally required document "Goals for Employment of Females and Minorities" set forth in the next 6 pages below.

Start of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES
Federally Required Contract Document

§60-4.2 Solicitations

- (d) The following notice shall be included in, and shall be part of, all solicitations for offers and bids on all Federal and federally assisted construction contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000 to be performed in geographical areas designated by the Director pursuant to §60-4.6 of this part (see 41 CFR 60-4.2(a)):

Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Opportunity (Executive Order 11246)

1. The Offeror's or bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

<u>Goals for female participation in each trade</u>	6.9%
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Goals for minority participation for each trade

Maine

001 Bangor, ME	0.8%
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Non-SMSA Counties (Aroostook, Hancock, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Waldo, Washington)

002 Portland-Lewiston, ME

SMSA Counties: 4243 Lewiston-Auburn, ME (Androscoggin)	0.5%
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6403 Portland, ME (Cumberland, Sagadahoc)	0.6%
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Non-SMSA Counties: (Franklin, Kennebec, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford, Somerset, York)	0.5%
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These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non federally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be in violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated started and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

4. As used in this Notice, and in the Contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is (insert description of the geographical areas where the contract is to be performed giving the state, county and city, if any).

STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. As used in these specifications:

- a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
- b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
- c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department form 941;
- d. "Minority" includes:
 - (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);

- (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
 - (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
 - (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
 3. If the contractor, is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors for Subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
 4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7 a. through p. of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical areas where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specific.
 5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant, thereto.
 6. In order for the non working training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the

apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as expensive as the following:
 - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, when possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
 - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organization's responses.
 - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment sources or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
 - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
 - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources complied under 7b above.
 - f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific

review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.

- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment, efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
- l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of

solicitation to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

- p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7 a through p.). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7 a through p. of these specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program and reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions take on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, specific minority group of women is underutilized.)
10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
11. The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementation regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the

requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.6.

14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g. mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and location at which the work was performed. Records be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.
15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

End of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES
Federally Required Contract Document

D. Section '**D Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements**' is removed in its entirety. The DBE material is in:

Section 105.10 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY AND CIVIL RIGHTS.

SECTION 3 - OTHER FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 3 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. Buy America

If the cost of products purchased for permanent use in this project which are manufactured of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials exceeds 0.1 percent of the contract amount, or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater, the products shall have been manufactured and the coating applied in the United States. The coating materials are not subject to this clause, only the application of the coating. In computing that amount, only the cost of the product and coating application cost will be included.

Ore, for the manufacture of steel or iron, may be from outside the United States; however, all other manufacturing processes of steel or iron must be in the United States to qualify as having been manufactured in the United States.

United States includes the 50 United States and any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof.

Products of steel include, but are not limited to, such products as structural steel, piles, guardrail, steel culverts, reinforcing steel, structural plate and steel supports for signs, luminaries and signals.

Products of iron include, but are not limited to, such products as cast iron grates.

Application of coatings include, but are not limited to, such applications as epoxy, galvanized and paint.

To assure compliance with this section, the Contractor shall submit a certification letter on its letterhead to the Department stating the following:

“This is to certify that products made of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials whose costs are in excess of \$2,500.00 or 0.1 percent of the original contract amount, whichever is greater, were manufactured and the coating, if one was required, was applied in the United States.”

B. Materials

a. Convict Produced Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 114(b)(2), 23 CFR 635.417

Applicability: FHWA's prohibition against the use of convict material only applies to Federal-aid highways. Materials produced after July 1, 1991, by convict labor may only be incorporated in a Federal-aid highway construction project if: 1) such materials have been produced by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation from a prison; or 2) such material has been produced in a qualified prison facility, e.g., prison industry, with the amount produced during any 12-month period, for use in Federal-aid projects, not exceeding the amount produced, for such use, during the 12-month period ending July 1, 1987.

Materials obtained from prison facilities (e.g., prison industries) are subject to the same requirements for Federal-aid participation that are imposed upon materials acquired from other sources. Materials manufactured or produced by convict labor will be given no preferential treatment.

The preferred method of obtaining materials for a project is through normal contracting procedures which require the contractor to furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work. The contractor selects the source, public or private, from which the materials are to be obtained (23 CFR 635.407). Prison industries are prohibited from bidding on projects directly (23 CFR 635.112e), but may act as material supplier to construction contractors.

Prison materials may also be approved as State-furnished material. However, since public agencies may not bid in competition with private firms, direct acquisition of materials from a prison industry for use as State-furnished material is subject to a public interest finding with the Division Administrator's concurrence (23 CFR 635.407d). Selection of materials produced by convict labor as State-furnished materials for mandatory use should be cleared prior to the submittal of the Plans Specifications & Estimates (PS&E).

b. Patented/Proprietary Products References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.411

FHWA will not participate, directly or indirectly, in payment for any premium or royalty on any patented or proprietary material, specification, or process specifically set forth in the plans and specifications for a project, unless:

- the item is purchased or obtained through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items,
- the STA certifies either that the proprietary or patented item is essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists, or
- the item is used for research or for a special type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. States should follow FHWA's procedures for "Construction Projects Incorporating Experimental Features" (expmmt.htm) for the submittal of work plans and evaluations.

The primary purpose of the policy is to have competition in selection of materials and allow for development of new materials and products. The policy further permits materials and products that are judged equal may be bid under generic specifications. If only patented or proprietary products are acceptable, they shall be bid as alternatives with all, or at least a reasonable number of, acceptable materials or products listed; and the Division Administrator may approve a single source if it can be found that its utilization is in the public interest.

Trade names are generally the key to identifying patented or proprietary materials. Trade name examples include 3M, Corten, etc. Generally, products identified by their brand or trade name are not to be specified without an "or equal" phrase, and, if trade names are used, all, or at least a reasonable number of acceptable "equal" materials or products should be listed. The licensing of several suppliers to produce a product does not change the fact that it is a single product and should not be specified to the exclusion of other equally suitable products.

c. State Preference References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.409

Materials produced within Maine shall not be favored to the exclusion of comparable materials produced outside of Maine. State preference clauses give particular advantage to the designated source and thus restrict competition. Therefore, State preference provisions shall not be used on any Federal-aid construction projects.

This policy also applies to State preference actions against materials of foreign origin, except as otherwise permitted by Federal law. Thus, States cannot give preference to in-State material sources over foreign material sources. Under the Buy America provisions, the States are permitted to expand the Buy America restrictions provided that the STA is legally authorized under State law to impose more stringent requirements.

d. State Owned/Furnished/Designated Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.407

Current FHWA policy requires that the contractor must furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work, and the contractor shall be permitted to select the sources from which the materials are to be obtained. Exceptions to this requirement may be made when there is a definite finding, by MaineDOT and concurred in by Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Division Administrator, that it is in the public interest to require the contractor to use materials furnished by the MaineDOT or from sources designated by MaineDOT. The exception policy can best be understood by separating State-furnished materials into the categories of manufactured materials and local natural materials.

Manufactured Materials When the use of State-furnished manufactured materials is approved based on a public interest finding, such use must be made mandatory. The optional use of State-furnished manufactured materials is in violation of our policy prohibiting public agencies from competing with private firms. Manufactured materials to be furnished by MaineDOT must be acquired through competitive bidding, unless there is a public interest finding for another method, and concurred in by FHWA's Division Administrator.

Local Natural Materials When MaineDOT owns or controls a local natural materials source such as a borrow pit or a stockpile of salvaged pavement material, etc., the materials may be designated for either optional or mandatory use; however, mandatory use will require a public interest finding (PIF) and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence.

In order to permit prospective bidders to properly prepare their bids, the location, cost, and any conditions to be met for obtaining materials that are made available to the contractor shall be stated in the bidding documents.

Mandatory Disposal Sites Normally, the disposal site for surplus excavated materials is to be of the contractor's choosing; although, an optional site(s) may be shown in the contract provisions. A mandatory site shall be specified when there is a finding by MaineDOT, with the concurrence of the Division Administrator, that such placement is the most economical or that the environment would be substantially enhanced without excessive cost. Discussion of the mandatory use of a disposal site in the environmental document may serve as the basis for the public interest finding.

Summarizing FHWA policy for the mandatory use of borrow or disposal sites:

- mandatory use of either requires a public interest finding and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence,
- mandatory use of either may be based on environmental consideration where the environment will be substantially enhanced without excessive additional cost, and
- where the use is based on environmental considerations, the discussion in the environmental document may be used as the basis for the public interest finding.

Factors to justify a public interest finding should include such items as cost effectiveness, system integrity, and local shortages of material.

C. Standard FHWA Contract Provisions - FHWA 1273

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the following “Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts”, FHWA-1273, are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

Cargo Preference Act : Contractor and Subcontractor Clauses. “Use of United States-flag vessels: The contractor agrees—“(1) To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels.”(2) To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, ‘on-board’ commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Division of National Cargo, Office of Market Development, Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590.”(3) To insert the substance of the provisions of this clause in all subcontracts issued pursuant to this contract.”(Reorganization Plans No. 21 of 1950 (64 Stat. 1273) and No. 7 of 1961 (75 Stat. 840) as amended by Pub. L. 91-469 (84 Stat. 1036) and Department of Commerce Organization Order 10-8 (38 FR 19707, July 23, 1973)) [42 FR 57126, Nov. 1, 1977]

The Cargo Preference Act requirements apply to materials or equipment that are acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. In general, the requirements are not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract. For example, the requirements would not apply to shipments of Portland cement, asphalt cement, or aggregates, as industry suppliers and contractors use these materials to replenish existing inventories. In general, most of the materials used for highway construction originate from existing inventories and are not acquired solely for a specific Federal-aid project. However, if materials or equipment are acquired solely for a Federal-aid project, then the Cargo Preference Act requirements apply.”

Start of FHWA 1273 REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS (As revised through October 23, 2023)

REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS

- I. General
- II. Nondiscrimination
- III. Non-segregated Facilities
- IV. Davis-Bacon and Related Act Provisions
- V. Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act Provisions
- VI. Subletting or Assigning the Contract
- VII. Safety: Accident Prevention
- VIII. False Statements Concerning Highway Projects
- IX. Implementation of Clean Air Act and Federal Water Pollution Control Act
- X. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion
- XI. Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying
- XII. Use of United States-Flag Vessels:

ATTACHMENTS

A. Employment and Materials Preference for Appalachian Development Highway System or Appalachian Local Access Road Contracts (included in Appalachian contracts only)

I. GENERAL

1. Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated in each construction contract funded under title 23, United States Code, as required in 23 CFR 633.102(b) (excluding emergency contracts solely intended for debris removal). The contractor (or subcontractor) must insert this form in each subcontract and further require its inclusion in all lower tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services). 23 CFR 633.102(e).

The applicable requirements of Form FHWA-1273 are incorporated by reference for work done under any purchase order, rental agreement or agreement for other services. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider. 23 CFR 633.102(e).

Form FHWA-1273 must be included in all Federal-aid design-build contracts, in all subcontracts and in lower tier subcontracts (excluding subcontracts for design services, purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services) in accordance with 23 CFR 633.102. The design-builder shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor, lower-tier subcontractor or service provider.

Contracting agencies may reference Form FHWA-1273 in solicitation-for-bids or request-for-proposals documents, however, the Form FHWA-1273 must be physically incorporated (not referenced) in all contracts, subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (excluding purchase orders, rental agreements and other agreements for supplies or services related to a construction contract). 23 CFR 633.102(b).

2. Subject to the applicability criteria noted in the following sections, these contract provisions shall apply to all work

performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract. 23 CFR 633.102(d).

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions may be sufficient grounds for withholding of progress payments, withholding of final payment, termination of the contract, suspension / debarment or any other action determined to be appropriate by the contracting agency and FHWA.

4. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not use convict labor for any purpose within the limits of a construction project on a Federal-aid highway unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation. 23 U.S.C. 114(b). The term Federal-aid highway does not include roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors. 23 U.S.C. 101(a).

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (23 CFR 230.107(a); 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A; EO 11246)

The provisions of this section related to 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A are applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of \$10,000 or more. The provisions of 23 CFR Part 230 are not applicable to material supply, engineering, or architectural service contracts.

In addition, the contractor and all subcontractors must comply with the following policies: Executive Order 11246, 41 CFR Part 60, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The contractor and all subcontractors must comply with: the requirements of the Equal Opportunity Clause in 41 CFR 60-1.4(b) and, for all construction contracts exceeding \$10,000, the Standard Federal Equal Employment Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications in 41 CFR 60-4.3.

Note: The U.S. Department of Labor has exclusive authority to determine compliance with Executive Order 11246 and the policies of the Secretary of Labor including 41 CFR Part 60, and 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627. The contracting agency and the FHWA have the authority and the responsibility to ensure compliance with 23 U.S.C. 140, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, as amended (29 U.S.C. 794), and Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended (42 U.S.C. 2000d et seq.), and related regulations including 49 CFR Parts 21, 26, and 27; and 23 CFR Parts 200, 230, and 633.

The following provision is adopted from 23 CFR Part 230, Subpart A, Appendix A, with appropriate revisions to conform to the U.S. Department of Labor (US DOL) and FHWA requirements.

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal Employment Opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (see 28 CFR Part 35, 29 CFR Part 1630, 29 CFR Parts 1625-1627, 41 CFR Part 60 and 49 CFR Part 27) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140, shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR Part 35 and 29 CFR Part 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:

a. The contractor will work with the contracting agency and the Federal Government to ensure that it has made every good faith effort to provide equal opportunity with respect to all of its terms and conditions of employment and in their review of activities under the contract. 23 CFR 230.409 (g)(4) & (5).

b. The contractor will accept as its operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment, upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, pre-apprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer: The contractor will designate and make known to the contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active EEO program and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.

3. Dissemination of Policy: All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action or are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of and will implement the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:

a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer or other knowledgeable company official.

b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.

c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minorities and women.

d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.

e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.

4. Recruitment: When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minorities and women in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.

a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minorities and women. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority and women applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, the contractor is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system meets the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. Where implementation of such an agreement has the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Federal nondiscrimination provisions.

c. The contractor will encourage its present employees to refer minorities and women as applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring such applicants will be discussed with employees.

5. Personnel Actions: Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:

a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to ensure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.

b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.

c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.

d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with its obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action

within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of their avenues of appeal.

6. Training and Promotion:

a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minorities and women who are applicants for employment or current employees. Such efforts should be aimed at developing full journey level status employees in the type of trade or job classification involved.

b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs (i.e., apprenticeship and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance). In the event a special provision for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision. The contracting agency may reserve training positions for persons who receive welfare assistance in accordance with 23 U.S.C. 140(a).

c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.

d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of employees who are minorities and women and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.

7. Unions: If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use good faith efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minorities and women. 23 CFR 230.409. Actions by the contractor, either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent, will include the procedures set forth below:

a. The contractor will use good faith efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minorities and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minorities and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability.

c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the contracting agency and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.

d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minorities and women. The failure of a union to provide

sufficient referrals (even though it is obligated to provide exclusive referrals under the terms of a collective bargaining agreement) does not relieve the contractor from the requirements of this paragraph. In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the contracting agency.

8. Reasonable Accommodation for Applicants /

Employees with Disabilities: The contractor must be familiar with the requirements for and comply with the Americans with Disabilities Act and all rules and regulations established thereunder. Employers must provide reasonable accommodation in all employment activities unless to do so would cause an undue hardship.

9. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment:

The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, national origin, age, or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor shall take all necessary and reasonable steps to ensure nondiscrimination in the administration of this contract.

a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors, suppliers, and lessors of their EEO obligations under this contract.

b. The contractor will use good faith efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.

10. Assurances Required:

a. The requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 and the State DOT's FHWA-approved Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) program are incorporated by reference.

b. The contractor, subrecipient or subcontractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this contract. The contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR part 26 in the award and administration of DOT-assisted contracts. Failure by the contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the recipient deems appropriate, which may include, but is not limited to:

- (1) Withholding monthly progress payments;
- (2) Assessing sanctions;
- (3) Liquidated damages; and/or
- (4) Disqualifying the contractor from future bidding as non-responsible.

c. The Title VI and nondiscrimination provisions of U.S. DOT Order 1050.2A at Appendixes A and E are incorporated by reference. 49 CFR Part 21.

11. Records and Reports: The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following the date of the final payment to the contractor for all contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the contracting agency and the FHWA.

a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:

(1) The number and work hours of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;

(2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women; and

(3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minorities and women.

b. The contractors and subcontractors will submit an annual report to the contracting agency each July for the duration of the project indicating the number of minority, women, and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on [Form FHWA-1391](#). The staffing data should represent the project work force on board in all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July. If on-the-job training is being required by special provision, the contractor will be required to collect and report training data. The employment data should reflect the work force on board during all or any part of the last payroll period preceding the end of July.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related construction subcontracts of more than \$10,000. 41 CFR 60-1.5.

As prescribed by 41 CFR 60-1.8, the contractor must ensure that facilities provided for employees are provided in such a manner that segregation on the basis of race, color, religion, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity, or national origin cannot result. The contractor may neither require such segregated use by written or oral policies nor tolerate such use by employee custom. The contractor's obligation extends further to ensure that its employees are not assigned to perform their services at any location under the contractor's control where the facilities are segregated. The term "facilities" includes waiting rooms, work areas, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, restrooms, washrooms, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing provided for employees. The contractor shall provide separate or single-user restrooms and necessary dressing or sleeping areas to assure privacy between sexes.

IV. DAVIS-BACON AND RELATED ACT PROVISIONS

This section is applicable to all Federal-aid construction projects exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts and lower-tier subcontracts (regardless of subcontract size), in accordance with 29 CFR 5.5. The requirements apply to all projects located within the right-of-way of a roadway that is functionally classified as Federal-aid highway. 23 U.S.C. 113. This excludes roadways functionally classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt. 23 U.S.C. 101. Where applicable law requires that projects be treated as a project on a Federal-aid highway, the provisions of this subpart will apply regardless of the location of the project. Examples include: Surface Transportation Block Grant Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 133 [excluding recreational trails projects], the Nationally Significant Freight and Highway

Projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 117, and National Highway Freight Program projects funded under 23 U.S.C. 167.

The following provisions are from the U.S. Department of Labor regulations in 29 CFR 5.5 "Contract provisions and related matters" with minor revisions to conform to the FHWA-1273 format and FHWA program requirements.

1. Minimum wages (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Wage rates and fringe benefits.* All laborers and mechanics employed or working upon the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute), will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week, and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account (except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act ([29 CFR part 3](#))), the full amount of basic hourly wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment computed at rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor and such laborers and mechanics. As provided in paragraphs (d) and (e) of 29 CFR 5.5, the appropriate wage determinations are effective by operation of law even if they have not been attached to the contract. Contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under the Davis-Bacon Act ([40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#)) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the provisions of paragraph 1.e. of this section; also, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics must be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification(s) of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraph 4. of this section. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein: *Provided*, That the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 1.c. of this section) and the Davis-Bacon poster (WH-1321) must be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers.

b. *Frequently recurring classifications.* (1) In addition to wage and fringe benefit rates that have been determined to be prevailing under the procedures set forth in [29 CFR part 1](#), a wage determination may contain, pursuant to § 1.3(f), wage and fringe benefit rates for classifications of laborers and mechanics for which conformance requests are regularly submitted pursuant to paragraph 1.c. of this section, provided that:

(i) The work performed by the classification is not performed by a classification in the wage determination for which a prevailing wage rate has been determined;

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The wage rate for the classification bears a reasonable relationship to the prevailing wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The Administrator will establish wage rates for such classifications in accordance with paragraph 1.c.(1)(iii) of this section. Work performed in such a classification must be paid at no less than the wage and fringe benefit rate listed on the wage determination for such classification.

c. *Conformance.* (1) The contracting officer must require that any class of laborers or mechanics, including helpers, which is not listed in the wage determination and which is to be employed under the contract be classified in conformance with the wage determination. Conformance of an additional classification and wage rate and fringe benefits is appropriate only when the following criteria have been met:

(i) The work to be performed by the classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination; and

(ii) The classification is used in the area by the construction industry; and

(iii) The proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination.

(2) The conformance process may not be used to split, subdivide, or otherwise avoid application of classifications listed in the wage determination.

(3) If the contractor and the laborers and mechanics to be employed in the classification (if known), or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken will be sent by the contracting officer by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(4) In the event the contractor, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer will, by email to DBAconformance@dol.gov, refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Administrator for determination. The Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

(5) The contracting officer must promptly notify the contractor of the action taken by the Wage and Hour Division

under paragraphs 1.c.(3) and (4) of this section. The contractor must furnish a written copy of such determination to each affected worker or it must be posted as a part of the wage determination. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 1.c.(3) or (4) of this section must be paid to all workers performing work in the classification under this contract from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

d. *Fringe benefits not expressed as an hourly rate.* Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor may either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or may pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly cash equivalent thereof.

e. *Unfunded plans.* If the contractor does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, the contractor may consider as part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, *Provided*, That the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, in accordance with the criteria set forth in § 5.28, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

f. *Interest.* In the event of a failure to pay all or part of the wages required by the contract, the contractor will be required to pay interest on any underpayment of wages.

2. Withholding (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Withholding requirements.* The contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for the full amount of wages and monetary relief, including interest, required by the clauses set forth in this section for violations of this contract, or to satisfy any such liabilities required by any other Federal contract, or federally assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards, that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to Davis-Bacon labor standards requirements and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld. In the event of a contractor's failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice or helper working on the site of the work all or part of the wages required by the contract, or upon the contractor's failure to submit the required records as discussed in paragraph 3.d. of this section, the contracting agency may on its own initiative and after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with paragraph

2.a. of this section or Section V, paragraph 3.a., or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901–3907](#).

3. Records and certified payrolls (29 CFR 5.5)

a. Basic record requirements (1) Length of record retention. All regular payrolls and other basic records must be maintained by the contractor and any subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for all laborers and mechanics working at the site of the work (or otherwise working in construction or development of the project under a development statute) for a period of at least 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

(2) Information required. Such records must contain the name; Social Security number; last known address, telephone number, and email address of each such worker; each worker's correct classification(s) of work actually performed; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalents thereof of the types described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours actually worked in total and on each covered contract; deductions made; and actual wages paid.

(3) Additional records relating to fringe benefits. Whenever the Secretary of Labor has found under paragraph 1.e. of this section that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in [40 U.S.C. 3141\(2\)\(B\)](#) of the Davis-Bacon Act, the contractor must maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, and that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and records which show the costs anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing such benefits.

(4) Additional records relating to apprenticeship. Contractors with apprentices working under approved programs must maintain written evidence of the registration of apprenticeship programs, the registration of the apprentices, and the ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

b. Certified payroll requirements (1) Frequency and method of submission. The contractor or subcontractor must submit weekly, for each week in which any DBA- or Related Acts-covered work is performed, certified payrolls to the contracting

agency. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of all certified payrolls by all subcontractors. A contracting agency or prime contractor may permit or require contractors to submit certified payrolls through an electronic system, as long as the electronic system requires a legally valid electronic signature; the system allows the contractor, the contracting agency, and the Department of Labor to access the certified payrolls upon request for at least 3 years after the work on the prime contract has been completed; and the contracting agency or prime contractor permits other methods of submission in situations where the contractor is unable or limited in its ability to use or access the electronic system.

(2) Information required. The certified payrolls submitted must set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 3.a.(2) of this section, except that full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses must not be included on weekly transmittals. Instead, the certified payrolls need only include an individually identifying number for each worker (e.g., the last four digits of the worker's Social Security number). The required weekly certified payroll information may be submitted using Optional Form WH-347 or in any other format desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose from the Wage and Hour Division website at <https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/WHDL/legacy/files/wh347.pdf> or its successor website. It is not a violation of this section for a prime contractor to require a subcontractor to provide full Social Security numbers and last known addresses, telephone numbers, and email addresses to the prime contractor for its own records, without weekly submission by the subcontractor to the contracting agency.

(3) Statement of Compliance. Each certified payroll submitted must be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons working on the contract, and must certify the following:

(i) That the certified payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be provided under paragraph 3.b. of this section, the appropriate information and basic records are being maintained under paragraph 3.a. of this section, and such information and records are correct and complete;

(ii) That each laborer or mechanic (including each helper and apprentice) working on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in [29 CFR part 3](#); and

(iii) That each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rates and fringe benefits or cash equivalents for the classification(s) of work actually performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.

(4) Use of Optional Form WH-347. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 will satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 3.b.(3) of this section.

(5) *Signature.* The signature by the contractor, subcontractor, or the contractor's or subcontractor's agent must be an original handwritten signature or a legally valid electronic signature.

(6) *Falsification.* The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor or subcontractor to civil or criminal prosecution under [18 U.S.C. 1001](#) and [31 U.S.C. 3729](#).

(7) *Length of certified payroll retention.* The contractor or subcontractor must preserve all certified payrolls during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

c. *Contracts, subcontracts, and related documents.* The contractor or subcontractor must maintain this contract or subcontract and related documents including, without limitation, bids, proposals, amendments, modifications, and extensions. The contractor or subcontractor must preserve these contracts, subcontracts, and related documents during the course of the work and for a period of 3 years after all the work on the prime contract is completed.

d. *Required disclosures and access* (1) *Required record disclosures and access to workers.* The contractor or subcontractor must make the records required under paragraphs 3.a. through 3.c. of this section, and any other documents that the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor deems necessary to determine compliance with the labor standards provisions of any of the applicable statutes referenced by § 5.1, available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, or the Department of Labor, and must permit such representatives to interview workers during working hours on the job.

(2) *Sanctions for non-compliance with records and worker access requirements.* If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, or refuses to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, the Federal agency may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, owner, or other entity, as the case may be, that maintains such records or that employs such workers, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available, or to permit worker interviews during working hours on the job, may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to § 5.12. In addition, any contractor or other person that fails to submit the required records or make those records available to WHD within the time WHD requests that the records be produced will be precluded from introducing as evidence in an administrative proceeding under [29 CFR part 6](#) any of the required records that were not provided or made available to WHD. WHD will take into consideration a reasonable request from the contractor or person for an extension of the time for submission of records. WHD will determine the reasonableness of the request and may consider, among other things, the location of the records and the volume of production.

(3) *Required information disclosures.* Contractors and subcontractors must maintain the full Social Security number and last known address, telephone number, and email address

of each covered worker, and must provide them upon request to the contracting agency, the State DOT, the FHWA, the contractor, or the Wage and Hour Division of the Department of Labor for purposes of an investigation or other compliance action.

4. Apprentices and equal employment opportunity (29 CFR 5.5)

a. *Apprentices (1) Rate of pay.* Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the U.S. Department of Labor, Employment and Training Administration, Office of Apprenticeship (OA), or with a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA. A person who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice, will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they perform in the first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such a program. In the event the OA or a State Apprenticeship Agency recognized by the OA withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor will no longer be permitted to use apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.

(2) *Fringe benefits.* Apprentices must be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringe benefits must be paid in accordance with that determination.

(3) *Apprenticeship ratio.* The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyworkers on the job site in any craft classification must not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor as to the entire work force under the registered program or the ratio applicable to the locality of the project pursuant to paragraph 4.a.(4) of this section. Any worker listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated in paragraph 4.a.(1) of this section, must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under this section must be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

(4) *Reciprocity of ratios and wage rates.* Where a contractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than the locality in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyworker's hourly rate) applicable within the locality in which the construction is being performed must be observed. If there is no applicable ratio or wage rate for the locality of the project, the ratio and wage rate specified in the contractor's registered program must be observed.

b. *Equal employment opportunity.* The use of apprentices and journeyworkers under this part must be in conformity with

the equal employment opportunity requirements of Executive Order 11246, as amended, and [29 CFR part 30](#).

c. Apprentices and Trainees (programs of the U.S. DOT).

Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. 23 CFR 230.111(e)(2). The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeyworkers shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.

5. Compliance with Copeland Act requirements. The contractor shall comply with the requirements of 29 CFR part 3, which are incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

6. Subcontracts. The contractor or subcontractor must insert FHWA-1273 in any subcontracts, along with the applicable wage determination(s) and such other clauses or contract modifications as the contracting agency may by appropriate instructions require, and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses and wage determination(s) in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for the compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with all the contract clauses in this section. In the event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate. 29 CFR 5.5.

7. Contract termination: debarment. A breach of the contract clauses in 29 CFR 5.5 may be grounds for termination of the contract, and for debarment as a contractor and a subcontractor as provided in 29 CFR 5.12.

8. Compliance with Davis-Bacon and Related Act requirements. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts contained in 29 CFR parts 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract as provided in 29 CFR 5.5.

9. Disputes concerning labor standards. As provided in 29 CFR 5.5, disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of this contract shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the Department of Labor set forth in 29 CFR parts 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the U.S. Department of Labor, or the employees or their representatives.

10. Certification of eligibility. a. By entering into this contract, the contractor certifies that neither it nor any person or firm who has an interest in the contractor's firm is a person or firm ineligible to be awarded Government contracts by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

b. No part of this contract shall be subcontracted to any person or firm ineligible for award of a Government contract by virtue of [40 U.S.C. 3144\(b\)](#) or § 5.12(a).

c. The penalty for making false statements is prescribed in the U.S. Code, Title 18 Crimes and Criminal Procedure, [18 U.S.C. 1001](#).

11. Anti-retaliation. It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#);

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#); or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under the DBA, Related Acts, this part, or [29 CFR part 1](#) or [3](#).

V. CONTRACT WORK HOURS AND SAFETY STANDARDS ACT

Pursuant to 29 CFR 5.5(b), the following clauses apply to any Federal-aid construction contract in an amount in excess of \$100,000 and subject to the overtime provisions of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act. These clauses shall be inserted in addition to the clauses required by 29 CFR 5.5(a) or 29 CFR 4.6. As used in this paragraph, the terms laborers and mechanics include watchpersons and guards.

1. Overtime requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers or mechanics shall require or permit any such laborer or mechanic in any workweek in which he or she is employed on such work to work in excess of forty hours in such workweek unless such laborer or mechanic receives compensation at a rate not less than one and one-half times the basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of forty hours in such workweek. 29 CFR 5.5.

2. Violation; liability for unpaid wages; liquidated damages. In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section the contractor and any subcontractor responsible therefor shall be liable for the unpaid wages and interest from the date of the underpayment. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory), for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer or

mechanic, including watchpersons and guards, employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section, in the sum currently provided in 29 CFR 5.5(b)(2)* for each calendar day on which such individual was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard workweek of forty hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 1. of this section.

* \$31 as of January 15, 2023 (See 88 FR 88 FR 2210) as may be adjusted annually by the Department of Labor, pursuant to the Federal Civil Penalties Inflation Adjustment Act of 1990.

3. Withholding for unpaid wages and liquidated damages

a. *Withholding process.* The FHWA or the contracting agency may, upon its own action, or must, upon written request of an authorized representative of the Department of Labor, withhold or cause to be withheld from the contractor so much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to satisfy the liabilities of the prime contractor or any subcontractor for any unpaid wages; monetary relief, including interest; and liquidated damages required by the clauses set forth in this section on this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act that is held by the same prime contractor (as defined in § 5.2). The necessary funds may be withheld from the contractor under this contract, any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other federally assisted contract that is subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act and is held by the same prime contractor, regardless of whether the other contract was awarded or assisted by the same agency, and such funds may be used to satisfy the contractor liability for which the funds were withheld.

b. *Priority to withheld funds.* The Department has priority to funds withheld or to be withheld in accordance with Section IV paragraph 2.a. or paragraph 3.a. of this section, or both, over claims to those funds by:

- (1) A contractor's surety(ies), including without limitation performance bond sureties and payment bond sureties;
- (2) A contracting agency for its procurement costs;
- (3) A trustee(s) (either a court-appointed trustee or a U.S. trustee, or both) in bankruptcy of a contractor, or a contractor's bankruptcy estate;
- (4) A contractor's assignee(s);
- (5) A contractor's successor(s); or
- (6) A claim asserted under the Prompt Payment Act, [31 U.S.C. 3901](#)–3907.

4. **Subcontracts.** The contractor or subcontractor must insert in any subcontracts the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. of this section and a clause requiring the subcontractors to include these clauses in any lower tier subcontracts. The prime contractor is responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with the clauses set forth in paragraphs 1. through 5. In the

event of any violations of these clauses, the prime contractor and any subcontractor(s) responsible will be liable for any unpaid wages and monetary relief, including interest from the date of the underpayment or loss, due to any workers of lower-tier subcontractors, and associated liquidated damages and may be subject to debarment, as appropriate.

5. **Anti-retaliation.** It is unlawful for any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, or to cause any person to discharge, demote, intimidate, threaten, restrain, coerce, blacklist, harass, or in any other manner discriminate against, any worker or job applicant for:

a. Notifying any contractor of any conduct which the worker reasonably believes constitutes a violation of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (CWHSSA) or its implementing regulations in this part;

b. Filing any complaint, initiating or causing to be initiated any proceeding, or otherwise asserting or seeking to assert on behalf of themselves or others any right or protection under CWHSSA or this part;

c. Cooperating in any investigation or other compliance action, or testifying in any proceeding under CWHSSA or this part; or

d. Informing any other person about their rights under CWHSSA or this part.

VI. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts on the National Highway System pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116.

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the contracting agency. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635.116).

a. The term "perform work with its own organization" in paragraph 1 of Section VI refers to workers employed or leased by the prime contractor, and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor, with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor, agents of the prime contractor, or any other assignees. The term may include payments for the costs of hiring leased employees from an employee leasing firm meeting all relevant Federal and State regulatory requirements. Leased employees may only be included in this term if the prime contractor meets all of the following conditions: (based on longstanding interpretation)

- (1) the prime contractor maintains control over the supervision of the day-to-day activities of the leased employees;
- (2) the prime contractor remains responsible for the quality of the work of the leased employees;

(3) the prime contractor retains all power to accept or exclude individual employees from work on the project; and

(4) the prime contractor remains ultimately responsible for the payment of predetermined minimum wages, the submission of payrolls, statements of compliance and all other Federal regulatory requirements.

b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid or propose on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract. 23 CFR 635.102.

2. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(a), the contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph (1) of Section VI is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.

3. Pursuant to 23 CFR 635.116(c), the contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.

4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the contracting agency has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract. (based on long-standing interpretation of 23 CFR 635.116).

5. The 30-percent self-performance requirement of paragraph (1) is not applicable to design-build contracts; however, contracting agencies may establish their own self-performance requirements. 23 CFR 635.116(d).

VII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR Part 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract. 23 CFR 635.108.

2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and

health standards (29 CFR Part 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704). 29 CFR 1926.10.

3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 3704).

VIII. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts.

In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, Form FHWA-1022 shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR Part 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or

Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 11, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;

Shall be fined under this title or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."

IX. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (42 U.S.C. 7606; 2 CFR 200.88; EO 11738)

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts in excess of \$150,000 and to all related subcontracts. 48 CFR 2.101; 2 CFR 200.327.

By submission of this bid/proposal or the execution of this contract or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, proposer, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, supplier, or vendor agrees to comply with all applicable standards, orders or regulations issued pursuant to the Clean Air Act (42 U.S.C. 7401-7671q) and the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251-1387). Violations must be reported to the Federal Highway Administration and the Regional Office of the Environmental Protection Agency. 2 CFR Part 200, Appendix II.

The contractor agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of this Section in every subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the contracting agency may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements. 2 CFR 200.327.

X. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, consultant contracts or any other covered transaction requiring FHWA approval or that is estimated to cost \$25,000 or more – as defined in 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

1. Instructions for Certification – First Tier Participants:

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective first tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective first tier participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective first tier participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction. 2 CFR 180.320.

c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the contracting agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the contracting agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default. 2 CFR 180.325.

d. The prospective first tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the contracting agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective first tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.345 and 180.350.

e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900-180.1020, and 1200. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contract). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

f. The prospective first tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction. 2 CFR 180.330.

g. The prospective first tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transactions," provided by the department or contracting agency, entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 180.300.

h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. 2 CFR 180.300; 180.320, and 180.325. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. 2 CFR 180.335. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>). 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, and 180.325.

i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require the establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of the prospective participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph (f) of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

2. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion – First Tier Participants:

a. The prospective first tier participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:

(1) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.335;.

(2) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State, or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property, 2 CFR 180.800;

(3) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph (a)(2) of this certification, 2 CFR 180.700 and 180.800; and

(4) Have not within a three-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default. 2 CFR 180.335(d).

(5) Are not a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(6) Are not a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements).

b. Where the prospective participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal. 2 CFR 180.335 and 180.340.

3. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Participants:

(Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders, and other lower tier transactions requiring prior FHWA approval or estimated to cost \$25,000 or more - 2 CFR Parts 180 and 1200). 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier participant is providing the certification set out below.

b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which

this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances. 2 CFR 180.365.

d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "participant," "person," "principal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, are defined in 2 CFR Parts 180, Subpart I, 180.900 – 180.1020, and 1200. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations. "First Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction between a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds and a participant (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Covered Transactions" refers to any covered transaction under a First Tier Covered Transaction (such as subcontracts). "First Tier Participant" refers to the participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a recipient or subrecipient of Federal funds (such as the prime or general contractor). "Lower Tier Participant" refers any participant who has entered into a covered transaction with a First Tier Participant or other Lower Tier Participants (such as subcontractors and suppliers).

e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated. 2 CFR 1200.220 and 1200.332.

f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions exceeding the \$25,000 threshold. 2 CFR 180.220 and 1200.220.

g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant is responsible for ensuring that its principals are not suspended, debarred, or otherwise ineligible to participate in covered transactions. To verify the eligibility of its principals, as well as the eligibility of any lower tier prospective participants, each participant may, but is not required to, check the System for Award Management website (<https://www.sam.gov/>), which is compiled by the General Services Administration. 2 CFR 180.300, 180.320, 180.330, and 180.335.

h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.

i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily

excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment. 2 CFR 180.325.

* * * * *

4. Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--Lower Tier Participants:

a. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals:

(1) is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participating in covered transactions by any Federal department or agency, 2 CFR 180.355;

(2) is a corporation that has been convicted of a felony violation under any Federal law within the two-year period preceding this proposal (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements); and

(3) is a corporation with any unpaid Federal tax liability that has been assessed, for which all judicial and administrative remedies have been exhausted, or have lapsed, and that is not being paid in a timely manner pursuant to an agreement with the authority responsible for collecting the tax liability. (USDOT Order 4200.6 implementing appropriations act requirements)

b. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant should attach an explanation to this proposal.

* * * * *

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000. 49 CFR Part 20, App. A.

1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:

a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.

b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or

cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.

3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting its bid or proposal that the participant shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

XII. USE OF UNITED STATES-FLAG VESSELS:

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts, design-build contracts, subcontracts, lower-tier subcontracts, purchase orders, lease agreements, or any other covered transaction. 46 CFR Part 381.

This requirement applies to material or equipment that is acquired for a specific Federal-aid highway project. 46 CFR 381.7. It is not applicable to goods or materials that come into inventories independent of an FHWA funded-contract.

When oceanic shipments (or shipments across the Great Lakes) are necessary for materials or equipment acquired for a specific Federal-aid construction project, the bidder, proposer, contractor, subcontractor, or vendor agrees:

1. To utilize privately owned United States-flag commercial vessels to ship at least 50 percent of the gross tonnage (computed separately for dry bulk carriers, dry cargo liners, and tankers) involved, whenever shipping any equipment, material, or commodities pursuant to this contract, to the extent such vessels are available at fair and reasonable rates for United States-flag commercial vessels. 46 CFR 381.7.

2. To furnish within 20 days following the date of loading for shipments originating within the United States or within 30 working days following the date of loading for shipments originating outside the United States, a legible copy of a rated, 'on-board' commercial ocean bill-of-lading in English for each shipment of cargo described in paragraph (b)(1) of this section to both the Contracting Officer (through the prime contractor in the case of subcontractor bills-of-lading) and to the Office of Cargo and Commercial Sealift (MAR-620), Maritime Administration, Washington, DC 20590. (MARAD requires copies of the ocean carrier's (master) bills of lading, certified onboard, dated, with rates and charges. These bills of lading may contain business sensitive information and therefore may be submitted directly to MARAD by the Ocean Transportation Intermediary on behalf of the contractor). 46 CFR 381.7.

**ATTACHMENT A - EMPLOYMENT AND MATERIALS
PREFERENCE FOR APPALACHIAN DEVELOPMENT
HIGHWAY SYSTEM OR APPALACHIAN LOCAL ACCESS
ROAD CONTRACTS (23 CFR 633, Subpart B, Appendix B)**

This provision is applicable to all Federal-aid projects funded under the Appalachian Regional Development Act of 1965.

1. During the performance of this contract, the contractor undertaking to do work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work, shall give preference to qualified persons who regularly reside in the labor area as designated by the DOL wherein the contract work is situated, or the subregion, or the Appalachian counties of the State wherein the contract work is situated, except:

a. To the extent that qualified persons regularly residing in the area are not available.

b. For the reasonable needs of the contractor to employ supervisory or specially experienced personnel necessary to assure an efficient execution of the contract work.

c. For the obligation of the contractor to offer employment to present or former employees as the result of a lawful collective bargaining contract, provided that the number of nonresident persons employed under this subparagraph (1c) shall not exceed 20 percent of the total number of employees employed by the contractor on the contract work, except as provided in subparagraph (4) below.

2. The contractor shall place a job order with the State Employment Service indicating (a) the classifications of the laborers, mechanics and other employees required to perform the contract work, (b) the number of employees required in each classification, (c) the date on which the participant estimates such employees will be required, and (d) any other pertinent information required by the State Employment Service to complete the job order form. The job order may be placed with the State Employment Service in writing or by telephone. If during the course of the contract work, the information submitted by the contractor in the original job order is substantially modified, the participant shall promptly notify the State Employment Service.

3. The contractor shall give full consideration to all qualified job applicants referred to him by the State Employment Service. The contractor is not required to grant employment to any job applicants who, in his opinion, are not qualified to perform the classification of work required.

4. If, within one week following the placing of a job order by the contractor with the State Employment Service, the State Employment Service is unable to refer any qualified job applicants to the contractor, or less than the number requested, the State Employment Service will forward a certificate to the contractor indicating the unavailability of applicants. Such certificate shall be made a part of the contractor's permanent project records. Upon receipt of this certificate, the contractor may employ persons who do not normally reside in the labor area to fill positions covered by the certificate, notwithstanding the provisions of subparagraph (1c) above.

5. The provisions of 23 CFR 633.207(e) allow the contracting agency to provide a contractual preference for the use of mineral resource materials native to the Appalachian region.

6. The contractor shall include the provisions of Sections 1 through 4 of this Attachment A in every subcontract for work which is, or reasonably may be, done as on-site work.

FEDERAL HIGHWAY ADMINISTRATION CIVIL RIGHTS ASSURANCE

The **Maine Department of Transportation** HEREBY CERTIFIES THAT, as a condition of receiving Federal financial assistance under the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, it will ensure that:

1. No person on the basis of race, color or national origin will be subjected to discrimination in the level and quality of transportation services and transportation-related benefits.
2. The Maine Department of Transportation will compile, maintain, and submit in a timely manner Title VI information required in compliance with the Department of Transportation's Title VI regulation, 49 CFR Part 21.9.
3. The Maine Department of Transportation will make it known to the public that those person or persons alleging discrimination on the basis of race, color or national origin as it relates to the provision of transportation services and transportation-related benefits may file a complaint with the Federal Highway Administration and/or the U.S. Department of Transportation.

The person or persons whose signature appears below is authorized to sign this assurance on behalf of the grant applicant or recipient.



Bruce A. Van Note, Commissioner
Maine Department of Transportation

DATE: 9/19/23



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY
US ARMY CORPS OF ENGINEERS
NEW ENGLAND DISTRICT
696 VIRGINIA ROAD
CONCORD MA 01742-2751

January 29, 2024

Regulatory Division
File Number: NAE-2023-02398

Environmental Office
Maine Dept. of Transportation
16 State House Station
Augusta, Maine 04333
Andrea.F.Brady@maine.gov

Dear Ms. Brady:

Enclosed is your validated Department of the Army permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) authorizing your project. This project is located in the Cousins River where Route 1 crosses over at the Freeport/Yarmouth Line, Maine. We have assigned the file number provided above to this project. Please refer to this number in all communication concerning this matter.

This permit is a limited authorization containing a specific set of conditions. Please read the permit thoroughly to familiarize yourself with the conditions, including any conditions contained in the enclosed State Section 401 water quality certification. If a contractor performs any authorized work for you, both you and the contractor are responsible for ensuring that the work is performed in compliance with the permit's terms and conditions, as any violations could result in civil or criminal penalties.

Please contact us immediately if you change the plans or construction methods for work within our jurisdiction. We must approve any changes before you undertake them.

This authorization does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, state, or local authorizations required by law.

We continually strive to improve our customer service. In order for us to better serve you, we would appreciate your completing our Customer Service Survey located at <https://regulatory.ops.usace.army.mil/customer-service-survey>.

-2-

Please contact Richard Kristoff, of my staff, at (978) 318-8171 or
Richard.C.Kristoff@usace.army.mil if you have any questions.

Sincerely,

DURANDO.A
DAM.JAMES.
1246903480
Adam Durando
Deputy Chief
Regulatory Division

Digitally signed by
DURANDO.ADAM.JAM
ES.1246903480
Date: 2024.01.29
08:27:30 -05'00'

Enclosures

cc:

Mike Marsh, U.S. EPA Region 1, marsh.mike@epa.gov

DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY PERMIT

Permittee Andrea Brady, Maine Department of Transportation

Permit No. NAE-2023-02398

Issuing Office New England District

NOTE: The term "you" and its derivatives, as used in this permit, means the permittee or any future transferee. The term "this office" refers to the appropriate district or division office of the Corps of Engineers having jurisdiction over the permitted activity or the appropriate official of that office acting under the authority of the commanding officer.

You are authorized to perform work in accordance with the terms and conditions specified below.

Project Description:

The work involves replacing the existing bridge with a 115 foot span bridge having two 11 foot travel lanes, 6 foot minimum shoulders, and a 10 foot shared use path. The bridge will be supported by integral abutments on corrosion resistant H-piles driven to bedrock. The project includes 1,550 ft of approach work. Two-way traffic will be maintained using staged construction. The primary purpose being to correct deficiencies in the bridge and establish a pedestrian and bicycle lane.

Work within Waters of the United States include new abutments, riprap, and dewatering via cofferdams. Impacts will be 16,035 square feet of intertidal estuarine for riprap, 3,580 square feet of intertidal estuarine for cofferdams and dewatering, 545 square feet of palustrine for general fill, and 1,100 square feet of area below the high tide line for riprap. Additionally, the following habitat types may become altered due to the proposed swale interfering with tidal flows: 7,440 square feet of salt marsh, 2,740 square feet of tidal creek, and 1,685 square feet of mud flat. These areas could see an increase in water where ponding may occur, and vegetation may become redistributed. Construction will be conducted over two seasons.

The work is shown on the enclosed plans entitled "Project Location WIN 021725.00," on 1 sheet, and not dated, "FREEPORT - YARMOUTH - WIN 21725.00" on 1 sheet, and not dated, "PLANS" on 4 sheets, and not dated, and "COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE" on 7 sheets, and dated "7/14/2023".

Project Location:

This work is proposed in the Cousins River where Route 1 crosses over at the Freeport/Yarmouth Line, Maine. The site coordinates are: Latitude 43.812726 N Longitude - 70.153401 W.

Permit Conditions:

General Conditions:

1. The time limit for completing the work authorized ends on January 19, 2030. If you find that you need more time to complete the authorized activity, submit your request for a time extension to this office for consideration at least one month before the above date is reached.

2. You must maintain the activity authorized by this permit in good condition and in conformance with the terms and conditions of this permit. You are not relieved of this requirement if you abandon the permitted activity, although you may make a good faith transfer to a third party in compliance with General Condition 4 below. Should you wish to cease to maintain the authorized activity or should you desire to abandon it without a good faith transfer, you must obtain a modification of this permit from this office, which may require restoration of the area.

3. If you discover any previously unknown historic or archeological remains while accomplishing the activity authorized by this permit, you must immediately notify this office of what you have found. We will initiate the Federal and State coordination required to determine if the remains warrant a recovery effort or if the site is eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places.

4. If you sell the property associated with this permit, you must obtain the signature of the new owner in the space provided and forward a copy of the permit to this office to validate the transfer of this authorization.

5. If a conditioned water quality certification has been issued for your project, you must comply with the conditions specified in the certification as special conditions to this permit. For your convenience, a copy of the certification is attached if it contains such conditions.

6. You must allow representatives from this office to inspect the authorized activity at any time deemed necessary to ensure that it is being or has been accomplished in accordance with the terms and conditions of your permit.

Special Conditions:

1. The permittee shall ensure that a copy of this permit is at the work site (and the project office) authorized by this permit whenever work is being performed, and that all personnel with operational control of the site ensure that all appropriate personnel performing work are fully aware of its terms and conditions. The entire permit shall be made a part of any and all contracts and sub-contracts for work that affects areas of Corps jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this permit. This shall be achieved by including the entire permit in the specifications for work. The term "entire permit" means this permit (including its drawings, plans, appendices and other attachments) and also includes permit modifications.

If the permit is issued after the construction specifications, but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. If the permit is issued after receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included in the contract or sub-contract. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or sub-contractors, all contractors and sub-contractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions contained within the entire permit, and no contract or sub-contract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps jurisdiction.

2. The permittee shall complete and return the enclosed Work Start Notification Form to this office at least two weeks before the anticipated starting date.

3. The permittee shall complete and return the enclosed Compliance Certification Form to this office at least within one month following the completion of the authorized work.

4. The permittee understands and agrees that, if future operations by the United States require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps of Engineers, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the United States. No claim shall be made against the United States on account of any such removal or alteration.

5. No work shall occur that will cause sedimentation or produce turbidity within the waterway shall occur from March 15 to June 30.

6. Compensatory mitigation shall consist of purchasing 0.91 credits from the Maine Natural Resource Conservation Fund. As of the date of this verification letter, the current cost to purchase these credits is \$233,127.30. The permittee must send a cashier's check or bank draft for this amount, as calculated on the enclosed "In-Lieu Fee (ILF) Project Impact Worksheet" to: ME DEP, Attn: ILF Program Administrator, State House Station 17, Augusta, ME 04333. The check must include the Corps of Engineers file number "NAE-2023-02398" and the statement: "For ILF account only." No impacts authorized by this permit shall begin until the Corps of Engineers receives a copy of the letter from the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (ME DEP) to the permittee stating that the ME DEP has received the check and accepts responsibility for mitigation. The in-lieu fee amount is valid for one year from the date of this verification letter and is subject to change.

7. Temporary sediment control barriers shall be removed upon completion of work, but not until all disturbed areas are permanently stabilized. The sediment collected by these sediment barriers shall be removed and placed at an upland location and stabilized to prevent its later erosion into a waterway or wetland.
8. All exposed soil and other fills shall be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date.
9. The introduction or spread of invasive or other unacceptable plant or animal species on the project site or areas adjacent to the project site caused by the site work shall be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. For example, construction mats and equipment shall be thoroughly cleaned and free of vegetation and soil before and after use. The introduction or spread of invasive plant or animal species on the project site caused by the site work shall be controlled.
10. The permittee shall ensure that a copy of this permit is at the work site (and the project office) authorized by this permit whenever work is being performed, and that all personnel with operational control of the site ensure that all appropriate personnel performing work are fully aware of its terms and conditions. The entire permit shall be made a part of any and all contracts and sub-contracts for work that affects areas of Corps jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this permit. This shall be achieved by including the entire permit in the specifications for work. The term "entire permit" means this permit (including its drawings, plans, appendices and other attachments) and also includes permit modifications.
11. If the permit is issued after the construction specifications, but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. If the permit is issued after receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit shall be included in the contract or sub-contract. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or sub-contractors, all contractors and sub-contractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions contained within the entire permit, and no contract or sub-contract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps jurisdiction.
12. Ensure all operators, employees, and contractors are aware of all FHWA environmental commitments, including these PDCs, when working in areas where ESA-listed species may be present or in critical habitat.
13. The project will not adversely impact any submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) or oyster reefs.
14. No blasting or use of explosives will occur.
15. If pile driving is occurring during a time of year when ESA-listed species may be present, and the anticipated noise is above the behavioral noise threshold, a "soft start" is required to allow animals an opportunity to leave the project vicinity before sound pressure levels increase. In addition to using a soft start at the beginning of the work day for pile driving, one must also be used at any time following cessation of pile driving for a period of 30 minutes or longer.
16. For impact pile driving: pile driving will commence with an initial set of three strikes by the hammer at 40% energy, followed by a one minute wait period, then two subsequent three-strike sets at 40% energy, with one-minute waiting periods, before initiating continuous impact driving.
17. For vibratory pile installation: pile driving will be initiated for 15 seconds at reduced energy followed by a one-minute waiting period. This sequence of 15 seconds of reduced energy driving, one-minute waiting period will be repeated two additional times, followed immediately by pile-driving at full rate and energy.
18. If excavating or dredging, only mechanical buckets, hydraulic cutterheads, or low volume hopper dredges (e.g., CURRITUCK, ≤300 cubic yard maximum bin capacity) may be used.
19. Work behind cofferdams, turbidity curtains, or other instruments that prevent access of animals to the project area is required when ESA-listed species are likely to be present (if presence is limited to rare, transient individuals, access control measures are not necessary). Once constructed, work inside a cofferdam at any time of year may be permitted with NMFS approval, provided the cofferdam is installed/removed outside the time-restricted period.
20. Turbidity control measures, including cofferdams, must be designed to not entangle or entrap ESA-listed species.
- 21.: Any in-water lines, ropes, or chains must be made of materials and installed in a manner to minimize or avoid the risk of entanglement by using thick, heavy, and taut lines that do not loop or entangle. Lines can be enclosed in a rigid sleeve.
22. Work behind cofferdams, turbidity curtains, or other instruments to control turbidity is required when operationally feasible and ESA-listed species are likely to be present (if presence is limited to rare, transient individuals, turbidity control methods are not necessary).
23. Minimize all new waterward encroachment and permanent fill.

Further Information:

1. Congressional Authorities: You have been authorized to undertake the activity described above pursuant to:

- ☒ Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 403).
- ☐ Section 14 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (33 U.S.C. 408).
- ☒ Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (33 U.S.C. 1344).
- ☐ Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act of 1972 (33 U.S.C. 1413).

2. Limits of this authorization.

- a. This permit does not obviate the need to obtain other Federal, State, or local authorizations required by law.
- b. This permit does not grant any property rights or exclusive privileges.
- c. This permit does not authorize any injury to the property or rights of others.
- d. This permit does not authorize interference with any existing or proposed Federal project.

3. Limits of Federal Liability. In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following:

- a. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from Natural causes.
- b. Damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the United States in the public interest.
- c. Damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit.
- d. Design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work.
- e. Damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

4. Reliance on Applicant's Data: The determination of this office that issuance of this permit is not contrary to the public interest was made in reliance on the information you provided.

5. Reevaluation of Permit Decision. This office may reevaluate its decision on this permit at any time the circumstances warrant. Circumstances that could require a reevaluation include, but are not limited to, the following:

- a. You fail to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.
- b. The information provided by you in support of your permit application proves to have been false, incomplete, or inaccurate (See 4 above).
- c. Significant new information surfaces which this office did not consider in reaching the original public interest decision.

Such a reevaluation may result in a determination that it is appropriate to use the suspension, modification, and revocation procedures contained in 33 CFR 325.7 or enforcement procedures such as those contained in 33 CFR 326.4 and 326.5. The referenced enforcement procedures provide for the issuance of an administrative order requiring you to comply with the terms and conditions of your permit and for the initiation of legal action where appropriate. You will be required to pay for any corrective measures ordered by this office, and if you fail to comply with such directive, this office may in certain situations (such as those specified in 33 CFR 209.170) accomplish the corrective measures by contract or otherwise and bill you for the cost.

6. Extensions. General Condition 1 establishes a time limit for the completion of the activity authorized by this permit. Unless there are circumstances requiring either a prompt completion of the authorized activity or a reevaluation of the public interested decision, the Corps will normally give favorable consideration to a request for an extension of this time limit.

Your signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms and conditions of this permit.

Kristen Chamberlain

1/26/2024

(Permittee)

(Date)

This permit becomes effective when the Federal official, designated to act for the Secretary of the Army, has signed below.

DURANDO.ADAM.JAMES.1246903480

Digitally signed by DURANDO.ADAM.JAMES.1246903480
Date: 2024.01.29 08:31:23 -05'00'

Adam Durando
Deputy Chief
Regulatory Division
For District Engineer

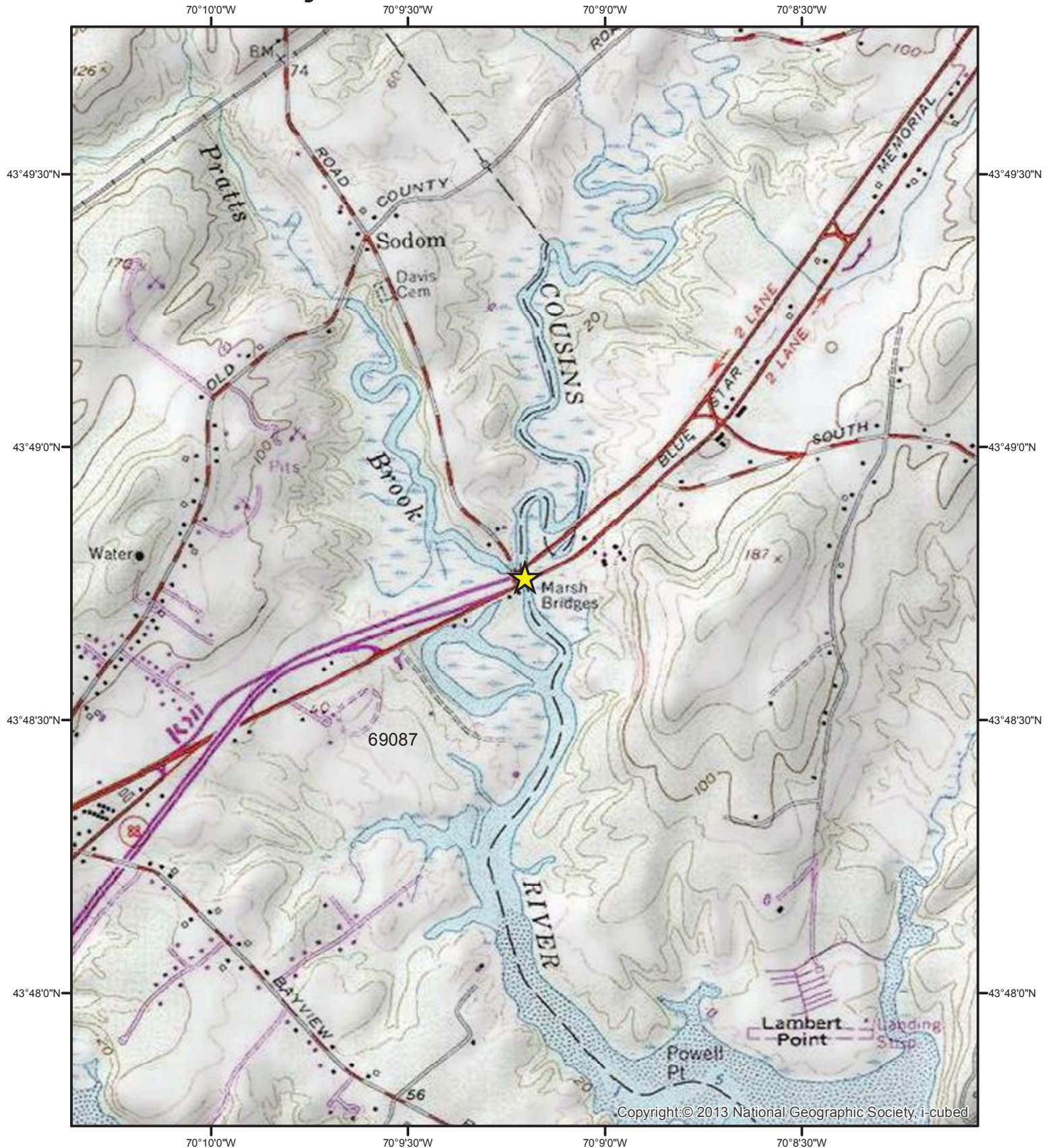
(Date)

When the structures or work authorized by this permit are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this permit will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this permit and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.

(Transferee)

(Date)

Project Location WIN 021725.00



MDOT WIN# 021725.00

Freeport

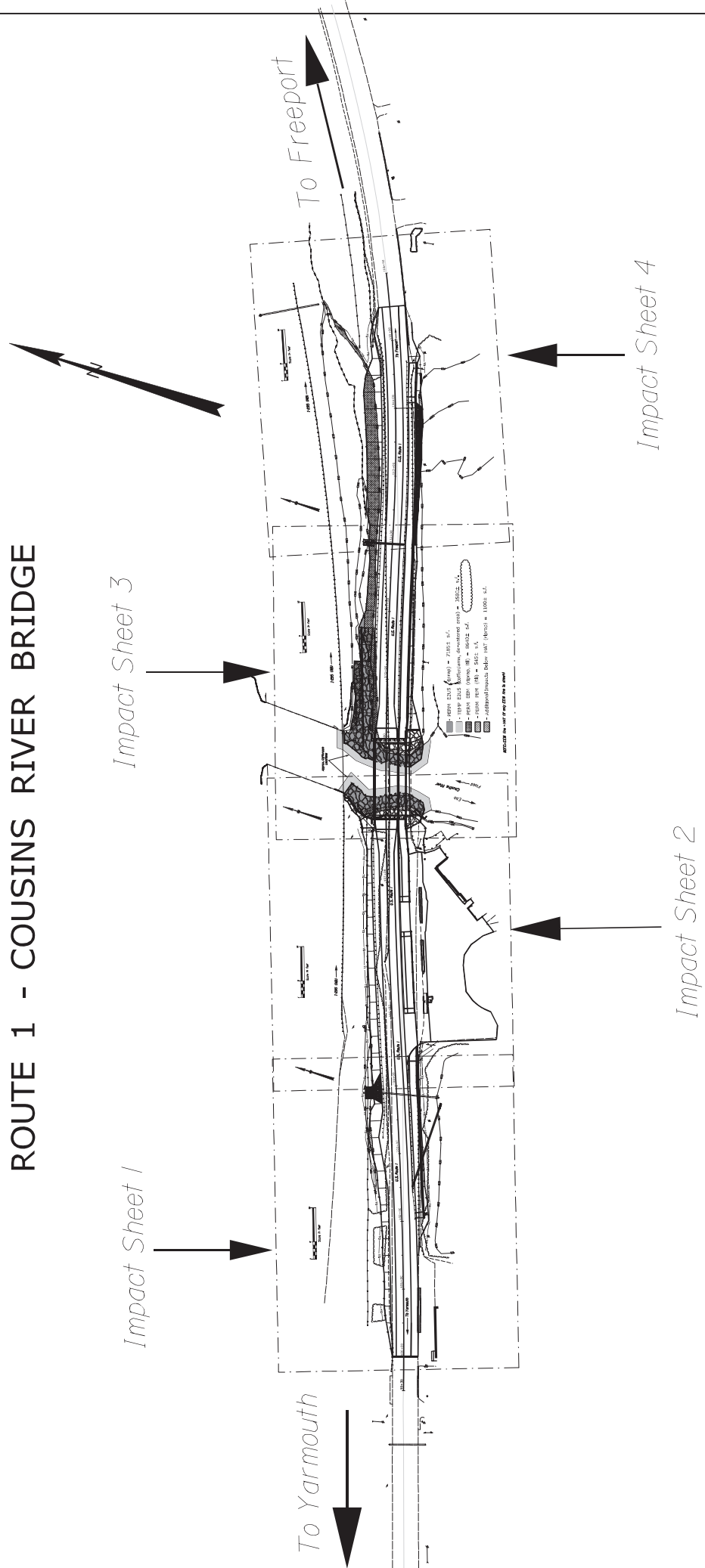
FREEPORT / YARMOUTH, BR #2183

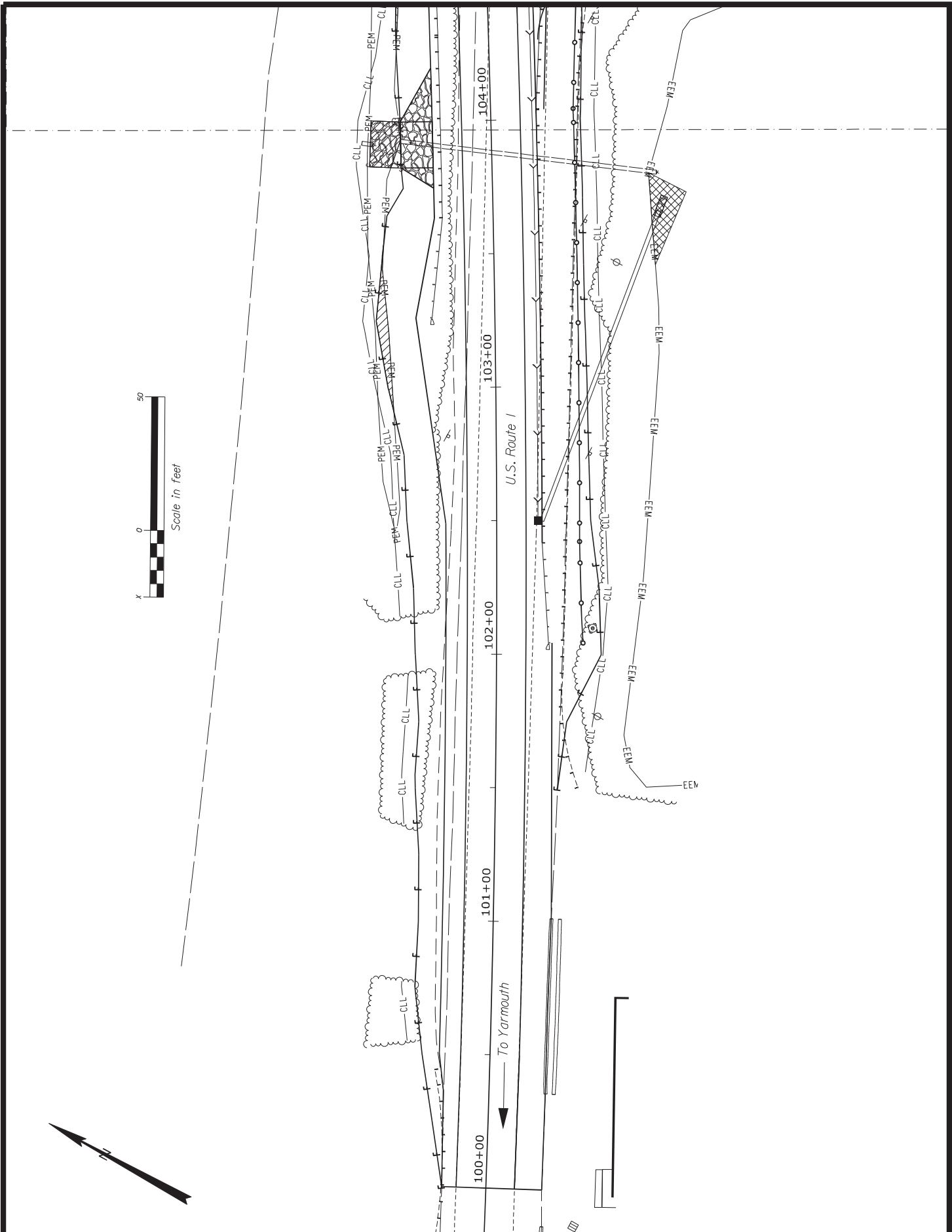
Coordinate: 43.812726 N -70.153401 W

Decimal Degree, WGS 1984



FREEPORT - YARMOUTH - WIN 21725.00 ROUTE 1 - COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE





STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	US RT 1 YARMOUTH-FREEPORT CUMBERLAND COUNTY	SHEET NUMBER 1
021725.00	PLANS	265 OF 4



STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

US RT 1 YARMOUTH-FREEPORT
CUMBERLAND COUNTY

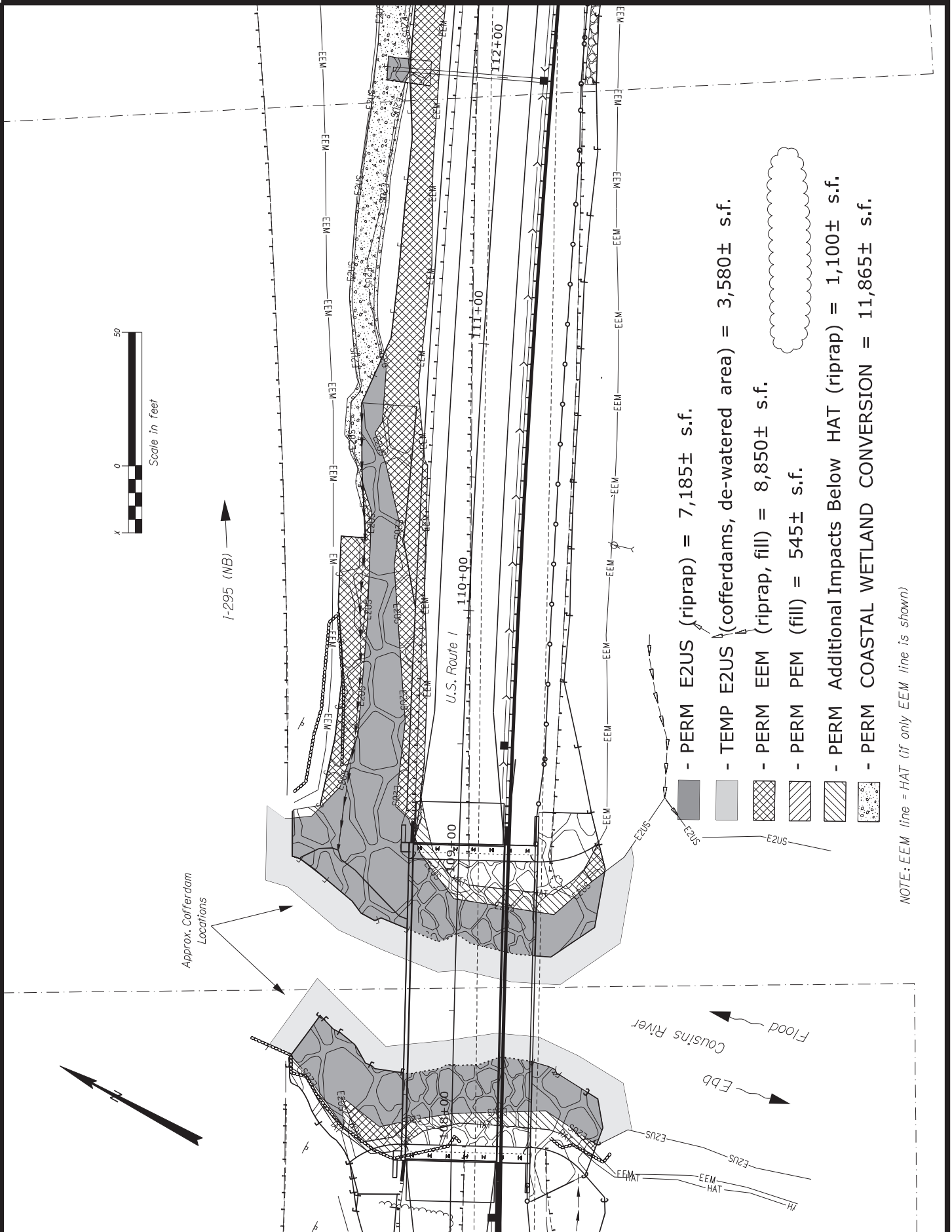
SHEET NUMBER

2
260

021725.00

PLANS

OF4



- PERM E2US (riprap) = 7,185± s.f.
- TEMP E2US (cofferdams, de-watered area) = 3,580± s.f.
- PERM EEM (riprap, fill) = 8,850± s.f.
- PERM PEM (fill) = 545± s.f.
- PERM Additional Impacts Below HAT (riprap) = 1,100± s.f.
- PERM COASTAL WETLAND CONVERSION = 11,865± s.f.

NOTE: EEM line = HAT (if only EEM line is shown)

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

US RT 1 YARMOUTH-FREEPORT
CUMBERLAND COUNTY

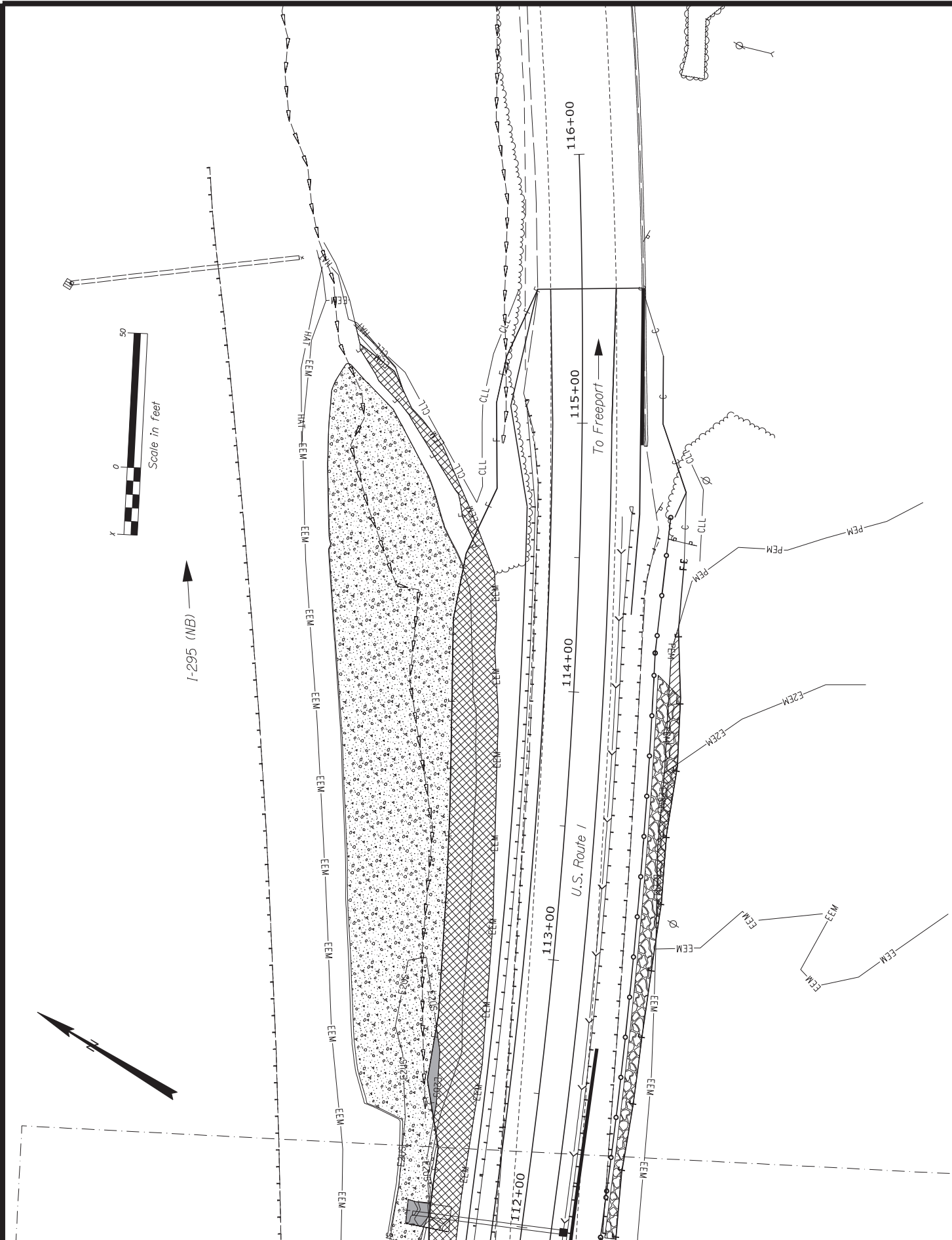
SHEET NUMBER

3
267

021725.00

PLANS

OF4



STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

021725.00

US RT 1 YARMOUTH-FREEPORT CUMBERLAND COUNTY

PLANS

SHEET NUMBER

4
268

OF4

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION



YARMOUTH-FREEPORT
CUMBERLAND COUNTY
COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE
OVER

COUSINS RIVER

US ROUTE 1

PROJECT NO. STP-2172(500)

PROJECT LENGTH 0.27 mi.

BRIDGE NO. 2183

80% DRAFT SUBMISSION
JULY 14, 2024

SPECIFICATIONS

Design, Load and Resistance Factor Design per AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, Ninth Edition, 2020.

DESIGN LOADING

Live Load HL - 93 Modified for Strength I

TRAFFIC DATA

Current (2021) AADT 9790
Future (2041) AADT 10380
FVH - % of AADT 11
Design Hour Volume 1185
Heavy Trucks (% of AADT) 4
Heavy Trucks (% of DHV) 1
Directional Distribution (% of DHV) 58
18 kip Equivalent P 2.0 135
18 kip Equivalent P 2.5 128
Design Speed (mph) 45

HYDROLOGIC DATA

Drainage Area 18.5 sq mi
Design Discharge (Q50) 2197 cfs
Check Discharge (Q100) 2560 cfs
Storm Surge Elevation (Q50) 8.60 ft
Storm Surge Elevation (Q100) 9.22 ft
Mean Lower Low Water (MLLW) -5.14 ft
Mean Low Water (MLW) -4.79 ft
Mean Tide Level (MTL) -0.23 ft
Mean High Water (MHW) 4.33 ft
Mean Higher High Water (MHHW) 4.77 ft

MATERIALS

Concrete: Class "LP"
Curbs and Barriers Class "P"
Precast Concrete Beams Class "A"
All Other Class "A"
Reinforcing:
Plain ASTM A 615/A 615M, Grade 60
Low-Carbon Chromium ASTM A1035-CS, Grade 100
Prestressing Strands AASHTO M 203 (ASTM A 416), Grade 270, Low Relaxation

BASIC DESIGN STRESSES

Concrete
Class "A" f'c = 4000 psi
Class "LP" f'c = 5000 psi
Class "P" f'c = 8000 psi
..... f'ci = 6600 psi
Plain Reinforcing Steel f y = 60,000 psi
Low-Carbon Chromium f y = 100,000 psi
Prestressing Strand F u = 270,000 psi

LIST OF DRAWINGS

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UTILITIES

Central Maine Power Company
Consolidated Communications
of Northern New England Company, LLC
Firstlight
GWI/Biddeford Internet Group
Summit Natural Gas - Maine

MaineCom Services
Maine Water Company
OTELCO (South)
Oxford Networks
Town of Yarmouth

MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Maintain one lane of alternating traffic using temporary signals and staged construction.

PROJECT LOCATION	Route 1 / Cousins River Bridge (#2183) over Cousins River. Located on the Yarmouth/Freeport Town Line. Lat./Long. 43°48'45.68N 70°09'12.60" W
PROGRAM AREA	Bridge
OUTLINE OF WORK	Bridge Replacement

YARMOUTH-FREEPORT
COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE
TITLE SHEET

SHEET NUMBER
1
OF 64

STP-2172(500)
WIN 21725.00

PROJECT INFORMATION
PROJECT NUMBER
PROJECT RESIDENT
CONTRACT DATE
DATE

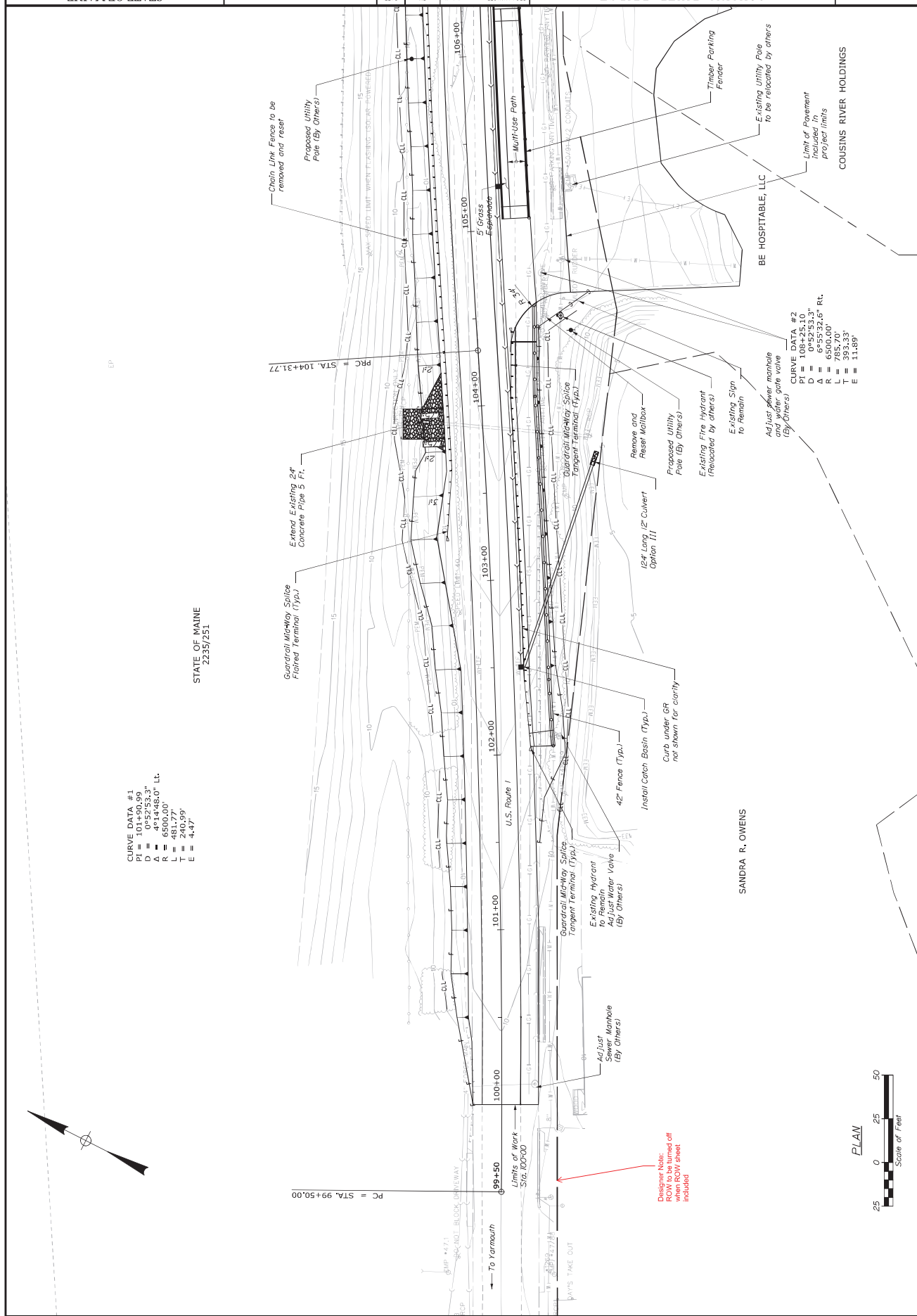
SIGNATURE
P.E. NUMBER
DATE

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
COMMISSIONER
CHIEF ENGINEER
APPROVED
DATE

GENERAL PLAN
(1 OF 3)

DATE	FIELD CHANGES	
P.E. NUMBER	REVISIONS 4	
	REVISIONS 3	
	REVISIONS 2	
	REVISIONS 1	
	ORIGINAL DETAIL	
SIGNATURE	CHECKED BY	
	DESIGNED BY	
	DATE	DATE

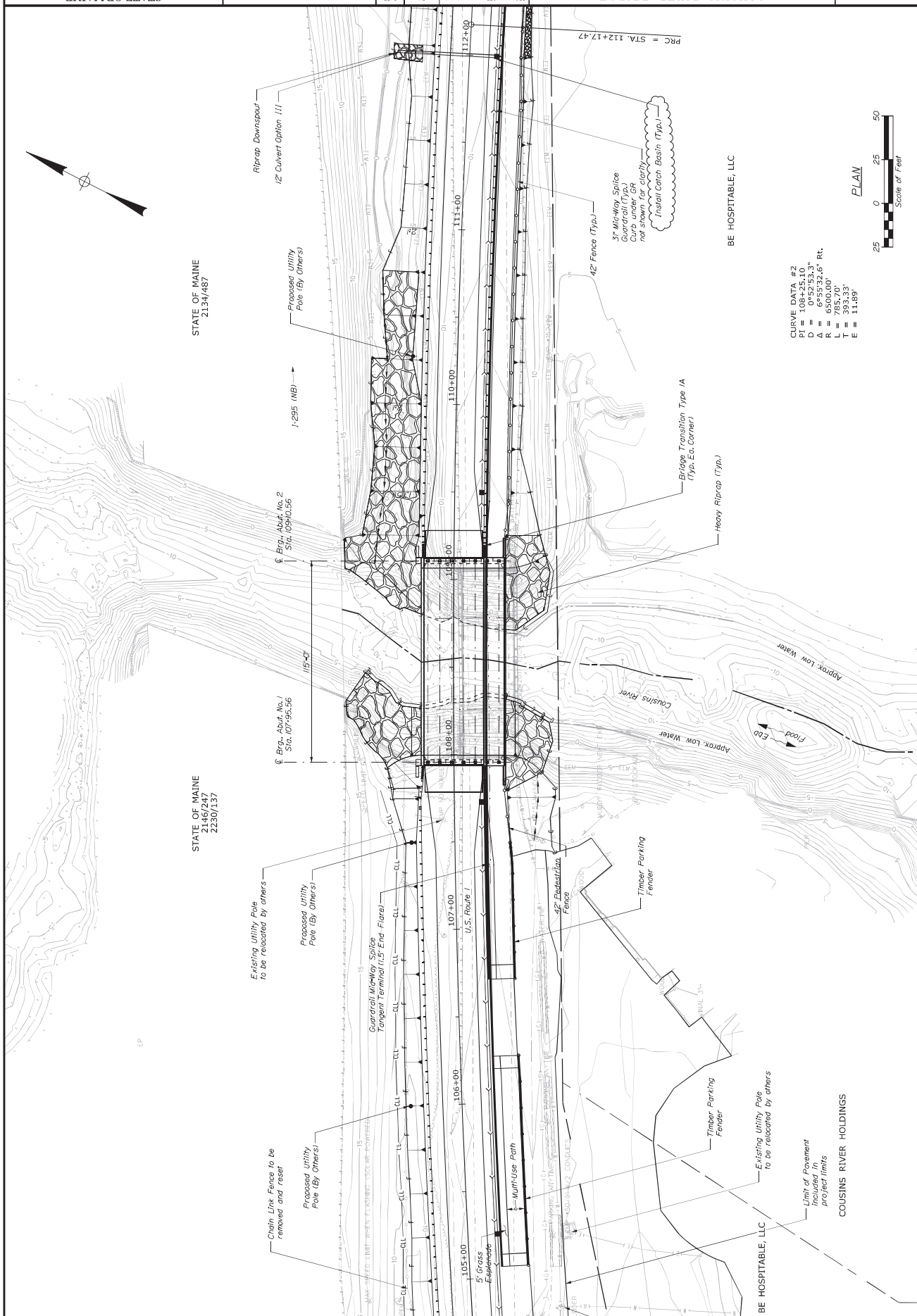
STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	STP-2172(500)	WIN 21725.00 BRIDGE PLANS
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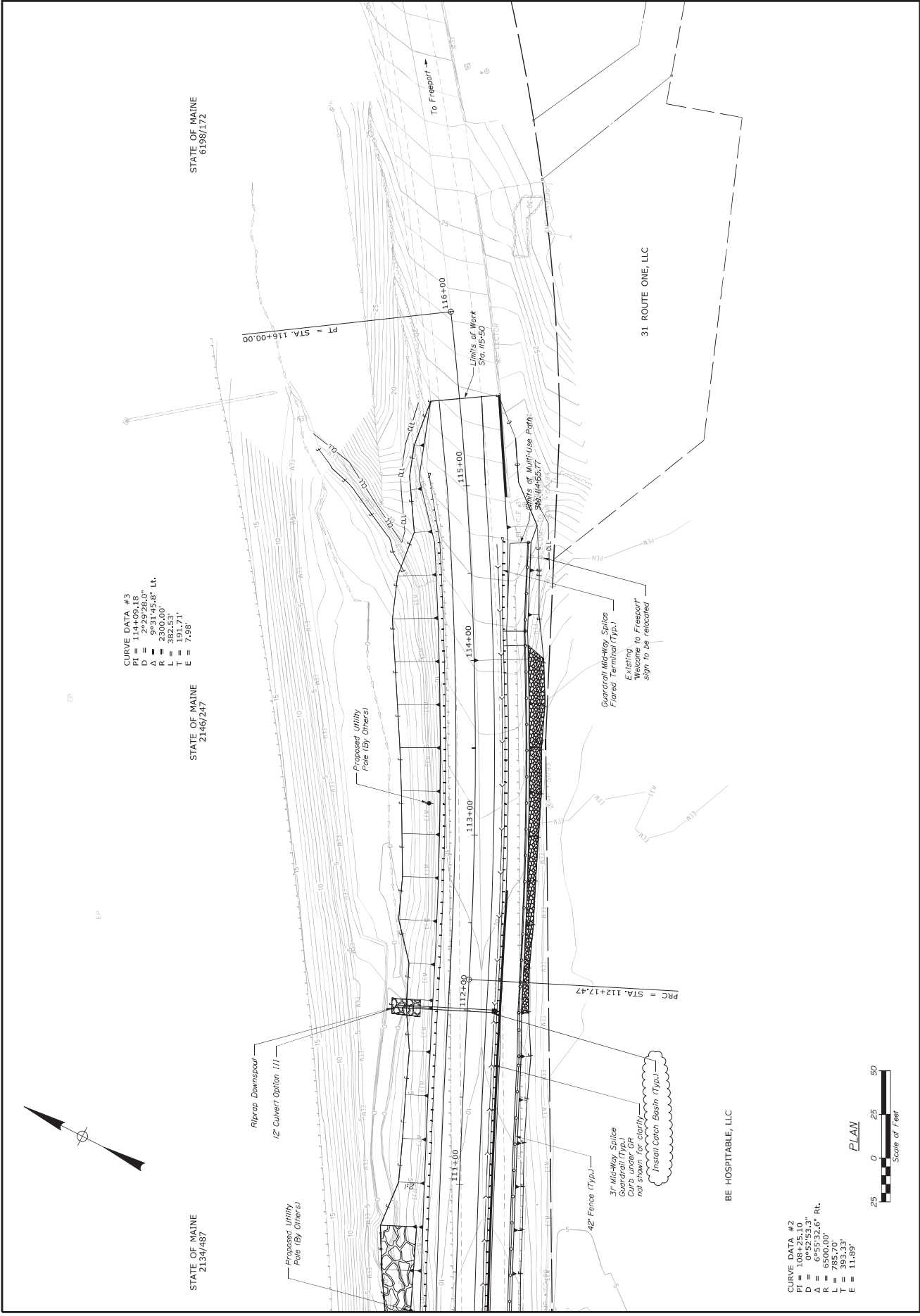


COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE
COUSINS RIVER
YARMOUTH-FREEPORT CUMBERLAND CNTY.
GENERAL PLAN
(2 OF 3)

DATE	REVISIONS 1	REVISIONS 2	REVISIONS 3	REVISIONS 4	FIELD CHANGES
P.E. NUMBER	REVISIONS 1	REVISIONS 2	REVISIONS 3	REVISIONS 4	
SIGNATURE	REVISIONS 1	REVISIONS 2	REVISIONS 3	REVISIONS 4	

STATE OF ILLINOIS DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	STP-2172(500)	WIN 21725.00	BRIDGE NO. 2183
BRIDGE PLANS			





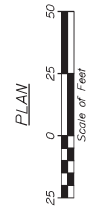
CURVE DATA #3
PI = 114+09.18
D = 2°29'28.0"
A = 9°31'45.8" Lt.
R = 260.50'
L = 382.53'
T = 191.71'
E = 7.98'

STATE OF MAINE
2134/487

STATE OF MAINE
2146/247

STATE OF MAINE
6198/172

CURVE DATA #2
PI = 108+25.10
D = 0°52'53.3"
A = 6°55'32.6" Rt.
R = 650.00'
L = 785.70'
T = 393.33'
E = 11.89'

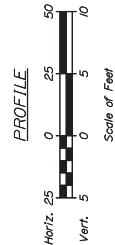
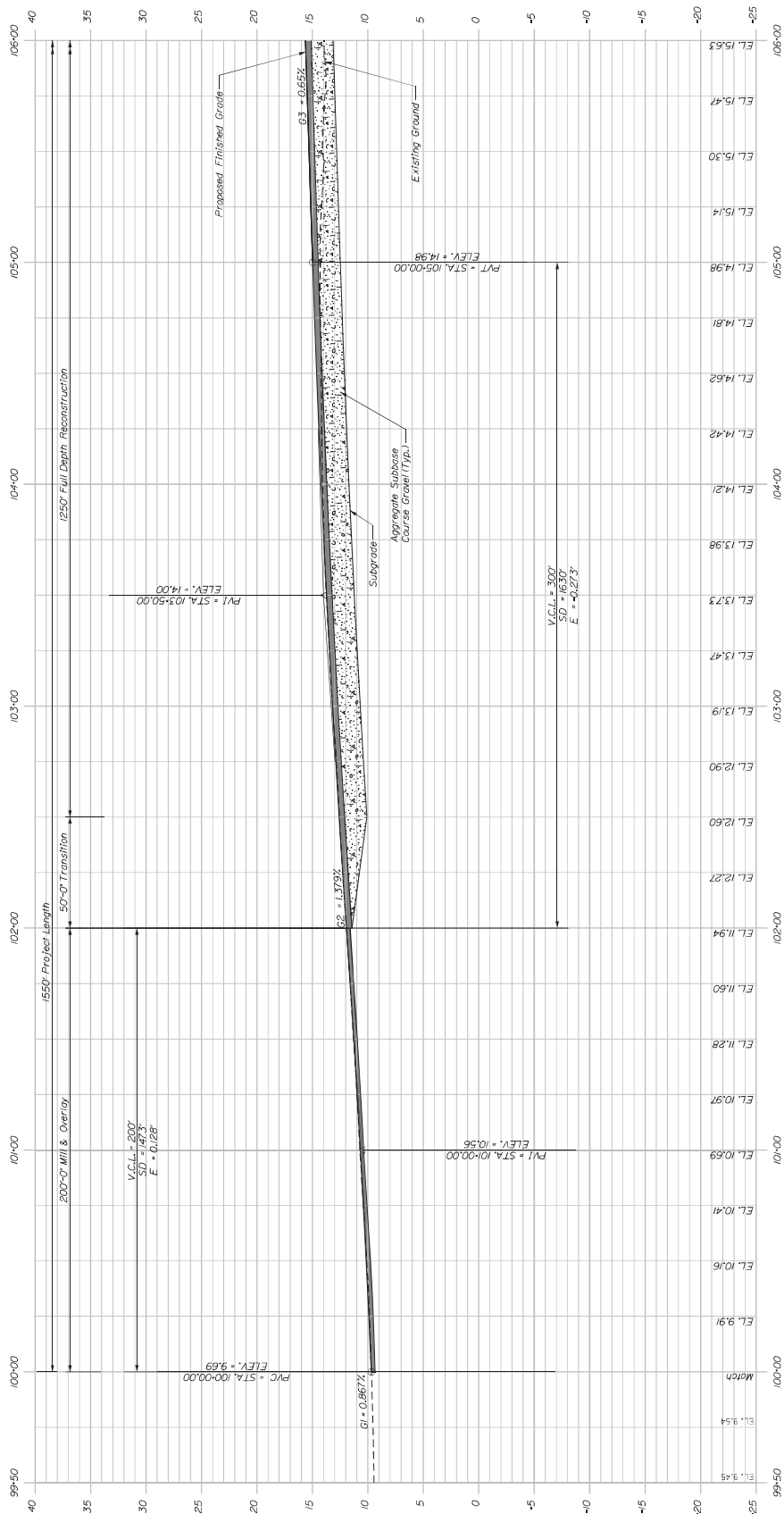


SHEET NUMBER 6 OF 64		COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE COUSINS RIVER YARMOUTH-FREEPORT CUMBERLAND CNTY. GENERAL PLAN (3 OF 3)		PROJECT NUMBER 6198/172 DATE 7/14/2023 BY A.L.P.H.A. CHECKED DATE 7/14/2023 BY A.L.P.H.A.		SIGNATURE DATE 7/14/2023 BY A.L.P.H.A.		P.E. NUMBER DATE 7/14/2023 BY A.L.P.H.A.		DATE 7/14/2023 BY A.L.P.H.A.		BRIDGE PLANS 21725.00 W.N.		BRIDGE NO. 2183		STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION		STP-2172(500)	
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COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE
COUSINS RIVER
YARMOUTH-FREEMONT CUMBERLAND CNTY.
(1 OF 3)
PROFILE

PROJ. NAME	ALPHE BY DATE
DESIGNED BY	DATE
CHECKED BY	DATE
APPROVED BY	DATE
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REGION 100	

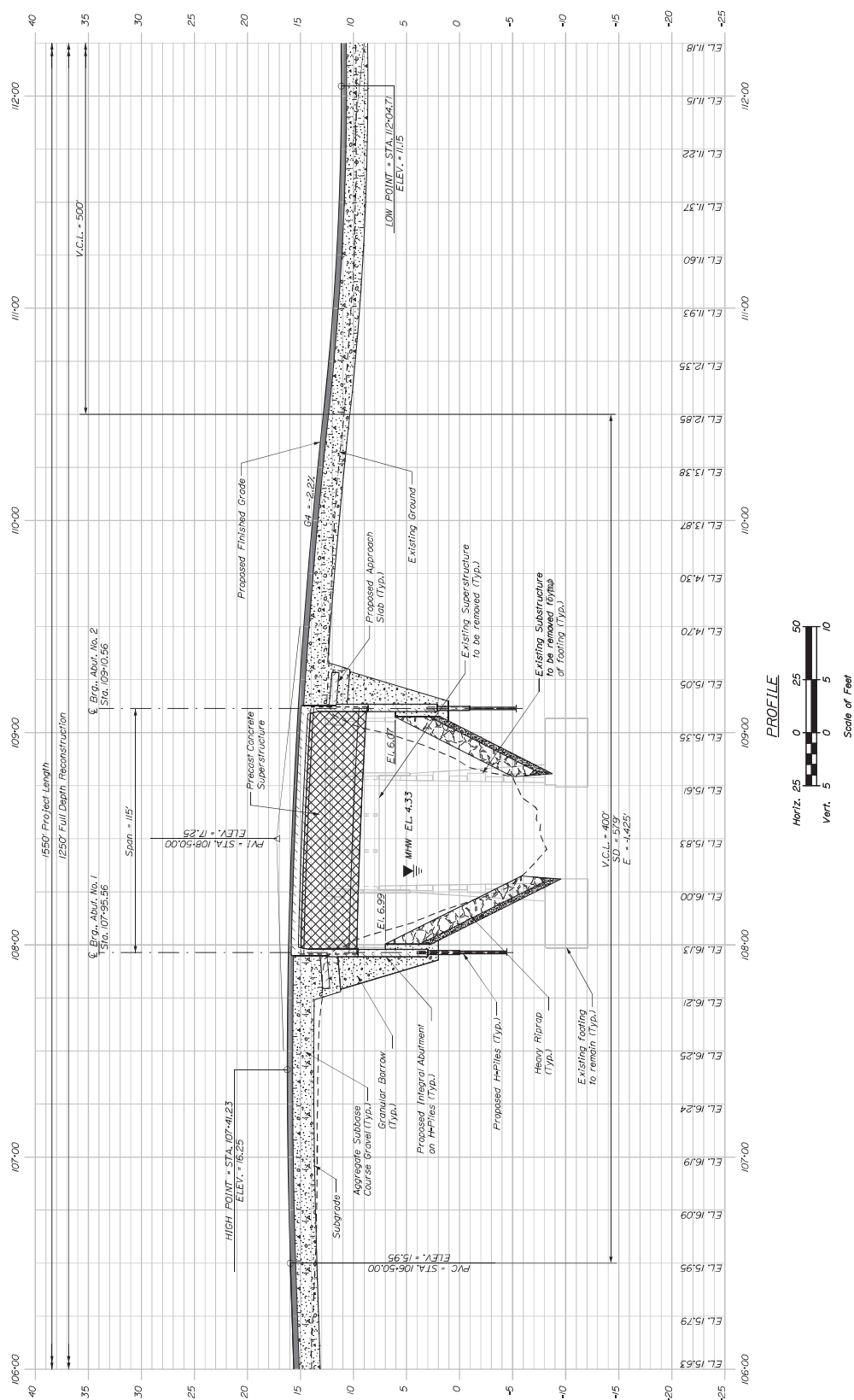
STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
STP-2172(500)
WIN
21725.00
BRIDGE PLANS

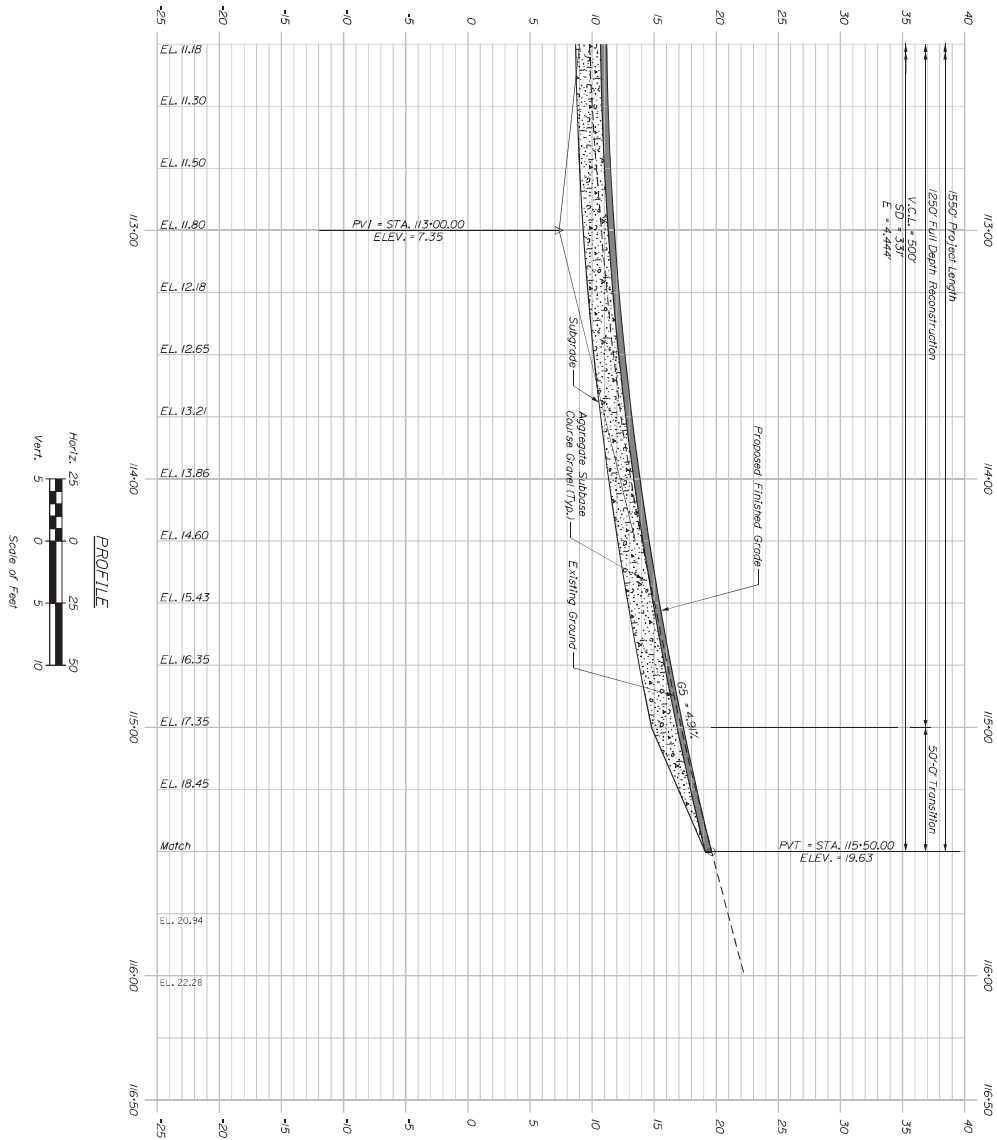


COUSINS RIVER BRIDGE
COUSINS RIVER
YARMOUTH-FREEPORT CUMBERLAND CNTY.
PROFILE
(2 OF 3)

DATE	FIELD CHANGES
	REVISIONS 4
	REVISIONS 3
	REVISIONS 2
	REVISIONS 1
P.E. NUMBER	DESIGN-BUILD-103
SIGNATURE	DESIGN-BUILD-103
	CHECKED-BUILD-103
	DATE 2003
	S. JAMES
	P. JAMES
	BY DATE
	LOCAL MANAGER

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION	STP-2172(500)	WMN 21725.00	BRIDGE NO. 2183
BRIDGE PLANS			





PROJ. MANAGER	A. Lath	BY	DATE
DESIGN-DETAILED	S. James	P. Ousley	June 2023
CHECKED-REVIEWED	-----	-----	-----
DESIGN-DETAILED	-----	-----	-----
CHECKED-REVIEWED	-----	-----	-----
REVISIONS 1	-----	-----	-----
REVISIONS 2	-----	-----	-----
REVISIONS 3	-----	-----	-----
REVISIONS 4	-----	-----	-----
FIELD CHANGES	-----	-----	-----



JANET T. MILLS
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION



MELANIE LOYZIM
COMMISSIONER

November 27, 2023

Maine Department of Transportation
16 State House Station
Augusta ME 04330

RE: Water Quality Certification
Cousins River Bridge Replacement, PBR #78246

Dear Kristen Chamberlain,

This letter confirms that the Department has reviewed the application of Maine DOT to replace the Cousins River Bridge in off route 1 in Freeport/Yarmouth under the Natural Resources Protection Act, Permit by Rule (PBR) Notification process. The application was assigned an application number (PBR #78246), reviewed and accepted by the Department on October 27, 2023 (see copy attached). During its review, the Department evaluated this project under all applicable laws and regulations and determined that the construction project meets the exemption under Chapter 305 in NRPA permit-by-rule.

If you have questions, I can be reached at (207)450-4563 or sierra.m.swett@maine.gov

With kind regards,

Sierra Swett
Environmental Specialist III
Bureau of Land Resources
Maine Department of Environmental Protection

AUGUSTA
17 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0017
(207) 287-7688 FAX: (207) 287-7826

BANGOR
106 HOGAN ROAD, SUITE 6
BANGOR, MAINE 04401
(207) 941-4570 FAX: (207) 941-4584

PORTLAND
312 CANCO ROAD
PORTLAND, MAINE 04103
(207) 822-6300 FAX: (207) 822-6303

PRESQUE ISLE
1235 CENTRAL DRIVE, SKYWAY PARK
PRESQUE ISLE, MAINE 04769
(207) 764-0477 FAX: (207) 760-3143



JANET T. MILLS
GOVERNOR

STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF MARINE RESOURCES
21 STATE HOUSE STATION
AUGUSTA, MAINE
04333-0021

PATRICK C. KELIHER
COMMISSIONER

January 18, 2024

Kristen Chamberlain
Maine DOT via email Kristen.chamberlain@maine.gov

Re: Coastal Zone Management Act Consistency Certification
Bridge Replacement Project, MaineDOT WIN 21725.00
Freeport-Yarmouth, Maine

Dear Kristen.

This letter provides our determination that MDOT's replacement of the bridge at US Route 1 over the Cousins River in the towns of Freeport and Yarmouth, Maine is consistent with the enforceable policies of the Maine Coastal Program as described below.

Background: The Maine Department of Transportation (MDOT) is proposing work in the Cousins River and adjacent coastal wetlands to replace an existing bridge that carries US Route 1 over the river in the towns of Freeport and Yarmouth. MaineDOT proposes to replace the structurally deficient bridge with a 115 ft span. The bridge will have two 11-ft travel lanes, with 6-ft minimum shoulders, and a 10-ft separated shared use path on the easterly side of US Route 1. The bridge will be supported by integral abutments on corrosion resistant H-piles driven to bedrock. The project includes 1,550 ft of approach work. Two-way traffic will be maintained using staged construction.

Coastal Effects: The project will permanently directly impact (fill) 16,035 square feet of coastal wetland and indirectly alter an additional 11,865 square feet of coastal wetland. Approximately 3,580 square feet of coastal wetland will be temporarily impacted during construction activities.

Federal Consistency Process: Under Maine's federal consistency provisions, activities of this kind subject to federal license or permit approval, the State determines consistency with the MCP's enforceable policies through decision on pertinent state permits and licenses required under the MCP's core laws which include the Natural Resources Protection Act ("NRPA") and state water quality laws.

Findings:

- Pursuant to Section 307 of the federal Coastal Zone Management Act, on November 8, 2023, MaineDOT provided its certification that the Project as proposed for permitting by the United States Army Corps of Engineers ("USACE") is and will be conducted in a manner consistent with the enforceable policies of the Maine Coastal Zone Management Program ("MCP").

- On November 8, 2023, MaineDOT filed an application for a NRPA Permit-by-Rule (PBR) and Water Quality Certification.
- MaineDOT submitted an Individual U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) Section 404 permit application on February 27, 2023. The required public notice of the application was published for comment on or about November 16, 2023.
- MaineDOT published notice of their consistency determination in the Portland Press Herald during the week of November 13, 2023.
- Maine DEP issued the attached finding (78246) that the project as proposed, to repair a public crossing of a river, stream is exempt from NRPA 38 M.R.S 480-Q (2-D) provided that:
 - (a) Erosion control measures are taken to prevent sedimentation of the water;
 - (b) The crossing does not block fish passage in the water course.Maine DEP, based on the above, also determined that water quality certification is waived.

Based on the above, the Maine Coastal Program concurs that MEDOT's US Route 1 Bridge Replacement Project, MaineDOT WIN 21725.00 is consistent with the enforceable policies of the Maine Coastal Program.

Sincerely,



Kathleen Leyden

cc: Rick Kristoff, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
Dawn Hallowell, Maine Department of Environmental Protection



**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**
New England District

WORK-START NOTIFICATION FORM
(Minimum Notice: Two weeks before work begins)

EMAIL TO: Richard.C.Kristoff@usace.army.mil or cenae-r@usace.army.mil

MAIL TO: Richard Kristoff
Regulatory Division
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England District
696 Virginia Road
Concord, Massachusetts 01742-2751

Corps of Engineers Permit No. NAE-2023-02398 was issued to Andrea Brady/ME DOT. This work is located in the Cousins River on the Freeport & Yarmouth, Maine town line and authorized the replacement of a 115 foot span bridge having two 11 foot travel lanes, 6 foot minimum shoulders, and a 10 foot shared use path.

MaineDOT WIN: 21725.00

The people (e.g., contractor) listed below will do the work, and they understand the permit's conditions and limitations.

PLEASE PRINT OR TYPE

Name of Person/Firm: _____

Business Address: _____

Phone & email: (____) _____ (____) _____

Proposed Work Dates: Start: _____ Finish: _____

Permittee/Agent Signature: _____ Date: _____

Printed Name: _____ Title: _____

Date Permit Issued: _____ Date Permit Expires: _____

FOR USE BY THE CORPS OF ENGINEERS

PM: Richard Kristoff Submittals Required: _____

Inspection Recommendation: _____



**US Army Corps
of Engineers®**
New England District

COMPLIANCE CERTIFICATION FORM

(Minimum Notice: Permittee must sign and return notification
within one month of the completion of work.)

MaineDOT WIN: 21725.00

Permit Number: NAE-2023-02398

Project Manager: Richard Kristoff

Name of Permittee: Andrea Brady, ME DOT

Permit Issuance Date: January 22, 2024

Please sign this certification and return it to our office upon completion of the activity.

Please sign this certification and return it to our office upon completion of the activity and any mitigation required by the permit. You must submit this after the mitigation is complete, but not after the mitigation monitoring, which requires separate submittals.

* E-MAIL TO: cenae-r-me@usace.army.mil; or
Richard.C.Kristoff@USACE.Army.MIL *

* MAIL TO: Maine Section *

* Regulatory Division *

* U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New England District *

* 696 Virginia Road *

* Concord, MA 01742-2751 *

Please note that your permitted activity is subject to a compliance inspection by an U.S. Army Corps of Engineers representative. If you fail to comply with this permit you are subject to permit suspension, modification, or revocation.

I hereby certify that the work authorized by the above referenced permit was completed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the above referenced permit, and any required mitigation was completed in accordance with the permit conditions.

Signature of Permittee

Date

Printed Name

Date of Work Completion

() _____
Telephone Number

() _____
Telephone Number

MAINE IN-LIEU-FEE (ILF) PROJECT IMPACT WORKSHEET

DEP Invoice #: _____ *Filled in by ILF Administrator in Augusta*

Project Name: ME DOT Freeport-Yarmouth WIN 021725.00

Permittee(s): ME DOT

DEP/Corps Permit #: NAE-2023-02398 *Attach a copy of the permit*

DEP/Corps Project Manager: Richard Kristoff

ILF Amount: \$233,127.30

ILF Calculations: $(16035 \times 2 \times (5.05 + 0.83)) + (545 \times (5.05 + 0.83)) + (1100 \times (5.05 + 0.83)) + ((11865 \times (5.05 + 0.83)) / 2) = \$233,127.30$

Check Date: _____ *Filled in by ILF Administrator in Augusta*

Project Address: Where Route 1 crosses over Cousins River in
Freeport, Maine *Attach a locus map*

Biophysical Region – Section: _____

Biophysical Region – Subsection: _____

Total impact area subject to compensation: _____

Resource(s) impacted:

Resource Types (list all that apply)	Functions & Values (for wetland impacts) (list all that apply, by resource type)	Types of Impacts (list all that apply, by resource type)	SF Impacted (by resource type)	Linear FT of Streams Impacted (for Corps use)
E2EM	STR, SS, WH	Filling/Permanent	16,035	
E1UB	SS, FSH	Filling/Permanent	1,100	
PEM	STR, NR	Filling/Permanent	545	
E2EM	FSH, STR, NRWH	Alteration	11,865	
Total Impacts:			29,545	

Resource Types: Wetlands by NWI Type (PEM, PFO, PSS, PUB, M1, M2, E1, E2, M1AB3*, etc), significant vernal pool depression (SVP), significant vernal pool critical terrestrial habitat (VPCTH), shorebird feeding & staging habitat (shorebird), inland waterfowl & wading bird habitat (IWWH), Tidal waterfowl & wading bird habitat (TWWH), lake or pond (L1, L2), river/stream/brook (RSB)

Wetland Functions & Values: Groundwater recharge/discharge (GWR); floodflow alteration (FF); fish & shellfish habitat (FSH); sediment toxicant retention (STR); nutrient removal (NR); production export (PE); sediment/shoreline stabilization (SS); recreation (R); education/scientific value (ESV); uniqueness/heritage (UH); and visual quality/aesthetics (VQ); wildlife habitat (WH)

Types of Impacts: May include filling, dredging, vegetation conversion (e.g. forested to shrub/scrub), excavation with associated discharge, etc.

* Eelgrass or other subtidal aquatic vegetation



STATE OF MAINE
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Permit-by-Rule & Notice of Intent Review Form

Natural Resources Protection Act
Stormwater Management Law
Maine Construction General Permit

PBR # 78246

PBR #

NOI #

Applicant: Maine Department of Transportation
Project Address: Freeport/Yarmouth town line route 1

Town: Freeport
Tax Map/Lot #:

NRPA PBR Sections – Ch. 305

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| ☐ Sec. 2 Act. Adj. to Prot. Natural Res. | ☐ Sec. 9 Utility Crossing | ☐ Sec. 16 Coastal Sand Dune Project |
| ☐ Sec. 3 Intake Pipes | ☒ Sec. 10 Stream Crossing | ☐ Sec. 17 Transfer/Permit Extension |
| ☐ Sec. 4 Replacement of Structures | ☒ Sec. 11 State Transport. Facilities | ☐ Sec. 18 Maintenance Dredging |
| ☐ Sec. 6 Movement of Rocks or Veg. | ☐ Sec. 12 Restoration Natural Areas | ☐ Sec. 19 Act. Near SVP Habitat |
| ☐ Sec. 7 Outfall Pipes | ☐ Sec. 13 F&W Creat./Water Quality | ☐ Sec. 20 Act. Near Waterfowl/Bird Habitat |
| ☐ Sec. 8 Shoreline Stabilization | ☐ Sec. 15 Public Boat Ramps | |

Notes:

2) Maintenance and repair of a public or private crossing of a river, stream or brook is exempt from the NRPA provided that:

- (a) Erosion control measures are taken to prevent sedimentation of the water;
- (b) The crossing does not block fish passage in the water course; and

(3) A permit will be required from the US Army Corps of Engineers for the following types of projects:

- (a) Any activity involving impacts (direct and secondary) to freshwater wetlands; or
- (b) An activity within a river, stream or brook between October 2 and July 14.

Please review the standards for Section 11 to ensure there are specific plans in place that follow these standards before construction begins.

Reviewer:

Reviewer: Sierra Swett

Deficient Date:

Accepted Date: 11/27/2023

☐ NRPA ☐ SW ☐ NOI

☒ NRPA ☐ SW ☐ NOI

**DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
PERMIT BY RULE NOTIFICATION FORM**

(For use with DEP Regulation, Natural Resources Protection Act - Permit by Rule Standards, Chapter 305)

APPLICANT INFORMATION (Owner)				AGENT INFORMATION (If Applying on Behalf of Owner)			
Name:	Maine Department of Transportation			Name:	Kristen Chamberlain		
Mailing Address:	16 State House Station			Mailing Address:	16 State House Station		
Mailing Address:				Mailing Address:			
Town/State/Zip:	Augusta ME 04333			Town/State/Zip:	Augusta ME 04333		
Daytime Phone #:			Ext:	Daytime Phone #:	(207) 557-5089		Ext:
Email Address:	kristen.chamberlain@maine.gov			Email Address:	kristen.chamberlain@maine.gov		
PROJECT INFORMATION							
Part of a larger project? (check 1):	☐ Yes ☒ No	After the Fact? (check 1):	☐ Yes ☒ No	Project involves work below mean low water? (check 1):	☒ Yes ☐ No	Name of waterbody:	Cousins River
Project Town:	Freeport & Yarmouth	Town Email Address:	lmgrant@yarmouth.me.us;			Map and Lot Number:	
Brief Project Description:	Bridge Replacement: Cousins River Bridge (#2183) carrying Route 1 over Cousins River.						
Project Location & Brief Directions to Site:	US Route 1 at the Freeport-Yarmouth Town line.						

PERMIT BY RULE (PBR) SECTIONS (Check at least one): I am filing notice of my intent to carry out work that meets the requirements for Permit-by-Rule (PBR) under DEP Rules, [Chapter 305](#). I and my agent(s), if any, have read and will comply with all of the standards in the Sections checked below.

- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| ☐ Sec. (2) Act. Adj. to Prot. Natural Res. | ☐ Sec. (9) Utility Crossing | ☐ Sec. (16) Coastal Sand Dune Projects |
| ☐ Sec. (3) Intake Pipes | ☒ Sec. (10) Stream Crossing | ☐ Sec. (16-A) Beach Nourishment |
| ☐ Sec. (4) Replacement of Structures | ☒ Sec. (11) State Transportation Facilities | ☐ Sec. (17) Transfer/Permit Extension |
| ☐ Sec. (6) Movement of Rocks or Veg. | ☐ Sec. (12) Restoration of Natural Areas | ☐ Sec. (18) Maintenance Dredging |
| ☐ Sec. (7) Outfall Pipes | ☐ Sec. (13) F&W Creat./Water Qual. Improv. | ☐ Sec. (19) Act. Near SVP Habitat |
| ☐ Sec. (8) Shoreline Stabilization | ☐ Sec. (15) Public Boat Ramps | ☐ Sec. (20) Act. Near Waterfowl/Bird Habitat |

NOTE: Municipal permits also may be required. Contact your local code enforcement office for information. Federal permits may be required for stream crossings and for projects involving wetland fill. Contact the Army Corps of Engineers at the Maine Project Office for information.

NOTIFICATION FORMS CANNOT BE ACCEPTED WITHOUT THE NECESSARY ATTACHMENTS AND FEE

- ☒ **Attach** all required submissions for the PBR Section(s) checked above. The required submissions for each PBR Section are outlined in Chapter 305 and may differ depending on the Section you are submitting under.
- ☒ **Attach** a location map that clearly identifies the site (U.S.G.S. topo map, Maine Atlas & Gazetteer, or similar).
- ☐ **Attach Proof of Legal Name** if applicant is a corporation, LLC, or other legal entity. Provide a copy of Secretary of State's registration information (available at <http://icrs.informe.org/nei-sos-icrs/ICRS?MainPage=x>). Individuals and municipalities are not required to provide any proof of identity.

FEE: Pay by credit card at the [Payment Portal](#). The Permit-by-Rule fee may be found here <https://www.maine.gov/dep/feeschedule.pdf> and is currently \$288.

- ☐ **Attach** payment confirmation from the Payment Portal when filing this notification form. State Agency, Internal Billing

Signature & Certification:

- I authorize staff of the Departments of Environmental Protection, Inland Fisheries & Wildlife, and Marine Resources to access the project site for the purpose of determining compliance with the rules.
- I understand that this PBR becomes effective 14 calendar days after receipt by the Department of this completed form, the required submissions, and fee, *unless the Department approves or denies the PBR prior to that date.*

By signing this Notification Form, I represent that the project meets all applicability requirements and standards in Chapter 305 rule and that the applicant has sufficient title, right, or interest in the property where the activity takes place.

Signature of Agent or Applicant (may be typed):	<i>Kristen Chamberlain</i>	Date:	<i>11/8/2023</i>
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Keep a copy as a record of permit. Email this completed form with attachments to DEP at: DEP.PBRNotification@maine.gov. DEP will send a copy to the Town Office as evidence of DEP's receipt of notification. No further authorization will be issued by DEP after receipt of notice. A PBR is valid for two years, except Section 4, "Replacement of Structures," are valid for three years. **Work carried out in violation of the Natural Resources Protection Act or any provision in Chapter 305 is subject to enforcement.**

10. Stream crossings (bridges, culverts and fords)**A. Applicability**

- (1) This section applies to the construction of a bridge span or culvert crossing of a river, stream or brook, and associated accessway construction within 25 feet of the river, stream or brook crossing excluding the following:
 - (a) Crossings of outstanding river segments identified in 38 M.R.S.A. Section 480-P;
 - (b) Crossings of any river as defined by 38 M.R.S.A. Section 436-A(11), the Mandatory Shoreland Zoning Act (information is available at the Town Office); or
 - (c) Crossings of any portion of a river, stream or brook that experiences tidal action.

NOTE: Temporary structures do not require a permit from the department under the Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) provided no filling and minimal soil disturbance occurs. All crossings involving filling in and adjacent to a river, stream or brook, such as culvert crossings, are subject to the NRPA and must first receive a permit before construction.

- (2) This section also applies to the establishment of a permanent stream ford for purposes of timber harvesting, livestock, agriculture and construction and maintenance of a utility line.
- (3) A stream crossing constructed between July 15 and October 1 that is associated with forest management activities is exempt from the 14 day waiting period required in Section 1(C)(1).
- (4) A stream crossing constructed between July 15 and October 1 that is performed or supervised by individuals currently certified in erosion control practices by the DEP is exempt from the 14 day waiting period required in Section 1(C)(1).
- (5) Multiple stream crossings may be submitted on one PBR notification form as long as all of the crossing activities are located within one town.
- (6) This section does not apply to an activity that is not or will not be in compliance with the terms and conditions of permits issued under the Site Location of Development Law, 38 M.R.S.A. Sections 481 to 490, the Storm Water Management Law, 38 M.R.S.A. Section 420-D, or the Natural Resources Protection Act, 38 M.R.S.A. Sections 480-A to 480-Z.
- (7) This section does not apply to an activity that will not conform to the local shoreland zoning ordinance.

NOTES:

- (1) Contact the local Code Enforcement Officer for information on local shoreland zoning requirements.

- (2) Maintenance and repair of a public or private crossing of a river, stream or brook is exempt from the NRPA provided that:
 - (a) Erosion control measures are taken to prevent sedimentation of the water;
 - (b) The crossing does not block fish passage in the water course; and
 - (c) Any replaced culvert is not more than 25% longer than the culvert being replaced and is not longer than 75 feet.
- (3) A permit will be required from the US Army Corps of Engineers for the following types of projects:
 - (a) Any activity involving impacts (direct and secondary) to freshwater wetlands; or
 - (b) An activity within a river, stream or brook between October 2 and July 14.

A copy of the PBR notification form and original photographs, not photocopies, should be submitted to the Corps of Engineers for these activities (US Army Corps of Engineers, 675 Western Avenue, Suite #3, Manchester, ME 04351. Tel. (207) 623-8367).

B. Submissions

- (1) For any crossing involving trenching or disturbance of substrate in a river, stream or brook that occurs between October 2 and July 14, the proposed dates for construction of the crossing must be clearly identified on the notification form under "Description of Project".
- (2) Except for crossings associated with forest management activities, the applicant is required to submit photographs of the area that will be affected by the activity proposed.
- (3) Photographs showing the completed project and the affected area must be submitted within 20 days of the activity's completion. The photographs must be sent with a copy of the notification form or labeled with the applicant's name and the town in which the activity took place.

C. Standards

- (1) The following measures must be taken to prevent erosion of soil or fill material from disturbed areas into the resource:
 - (a) Staked hay bales or silt fence must be properly installed between the area of soil disturbance and the resource before the activity begins;
 - (b) Hay bales or silt fence barriers must be maintained until the disturbed area is permanently stabilized;
 - (c) Within 7 calendar days following the completion of any soil disturbance, and prior to any storm event, mulch must be spread on any exposed soils;

- (d) All disturbed soils must be permanently stabilized; and
- (e) Within 30 days of final stabilization of the site, any silt fence must be removed.

NOTE: For guidance on erosion and sedimentation controls, consult the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs, dated March 2003. This handbook and other references are available from the DEP.

- (2) If a perennial watercourse to be crossed is used for navigation, the crossing must consist of a bridge span or pipe arch with at least 4 feet of clearance during normal high water for boat traffic.
- (3) If the stream to be crossed is a perennial watercourse and has a slope of more than 2%, a bridge or a pipe arch must be used to maintain the natural streambed.
- (4) Fill sideslopes in a stream or floodplain wetland must be maintained at a slope no shallower than 3 horizontal to 1 vertical and no steeper than 1.5 horizontal to 1 vertical. Fill sideslopes must be stabilized at the completion of the activity.

NOTE: Uncompacted soils or sandy soils that are saturated at the toe of a slope will be unstable at a 1.5 to 1 slope.

- (5) A bridge or culvert must provide an opening with a cross-sectional area at least equal to 3 times the cross-sectional area of the stream channel or sufficient in size to accommodate 25-year frequency water flows.

NOTE: Stream crossings allowable under this section but located in flood hazard areas (i.e. A zones) as identified on a community's Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRM) or Flood Hazard Boundary Maps (FHBM) must be designed and constructed under the stricter standards contained in that community's National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP). For example, a crossing may be required to pass a 100-year flood event.

- (6) Road surfaces must be constructed in a manner to prevent erosion of material into the river, stream or brook.
- (7) Surface water on or adjacent to crossing approaches must be diverted through vegetative filter areas at least 25 feet long to avoid sedimentation of the watercourse. Roadside ditches may not extend to the resource being crossed.

NOTE: Surface water on or adjacent to crossing approaches should be diverted through vegetative filter areas to avoid sedimentation of the watercourse. Because roadside ditches may not extend to the resource being crossed, filter areas should be established in accordance with the following tables:

Average slope of land between
exposed mineral soil and

Width of strip between ditch terminus
and normal high water mark

normal high water mark (percent)	(feet along surface of the ground)
0	25
10	45
20	65
30	85
40	105
50	125
60	145
70	165

- (8) A stream ford must be lined with crushed stone, blasted ledge, washed stone, gabion blankets or geotextile material for erosion control when the natural stream bed does not consist of ledge or rock.
- (9) A stream ford must allow for fish passage at all times of the year and may not impound water. The fords must also allow for maintenance of normal stream flows.
- (10) Culvert crossings must:
- (a) Be limited to 75 feet in length. This limit may not be exceeded within a half-mile length of the stream or within the length of stream controlled by the applicant, if less;
 - (b) Follow the alignment and grade of the existing stream channel where possible. On perennial streams the culvert's gradient may not exceed 1%;
 - (c) Have the bottom of the entire culvert installed at or below stream bed elevation, except for additional culverts at the same crossing;
 - (d) Where two or more culverts are installed, be offset in order to concentrate low flows into the culvert within the natural channel;
 - (e) Be seated on firm ground, or on geotextiles, logs or other materials used to stabilize the ground;
 - (f) Be covered by soil to a minimum depth of 1 foot or according to the culvert manufacturer's specifications, whichever is greater;
 - (g) Have the soil compacted at least halfway up the side of the culvert; and
 - (h) Have the inlet and outlet ends stabilized by riprap in accordance with Section 8 Shoreline stabilization standards to avoid erosion of material around the culvert.

NOTE: For guidance on riprap installation, consult the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control BMPs, dated March 2003. This handbook and other references are available from the DEP.

- (11) Wheeled or tracked equipment may not operate in the water. Equipment operating on the shore may, where necessary, reach into the water with a bucket or similar extension. Equipment may cross streams on rock, gravel or ledge bottom.
- (12) Work below the normal high water line must be done during periods of low water level or flow.
- (13) If the crossing involves trenching or disturbance of substrate in a river, stream or brook between October 2 and July 14, the activity must occur during the time period approved by the DEP. The approved time period may be the time period proposed by the applicant or an alternative time period approved by the DEP. An alternative time period will be required where it appears an unreasonable impact on water quality or fisheries may result at the point of crossing or immediately downstream of the crossing. The applicant will be notified by the DEP within 14 days if an alternative time period, other than the one proposed by the applicant, is required for constructing the crossing.
- (14) If work is performed in a river, stream or brook that is less than three feet deep at the time of the activity and at the location of the activity, the applicant must provide for temporary diversion of flow to the opposite side of the channel while work is in progress.
 - (a) Diversion may be accomplished by placing sandbags, timbers, sheet steel, concrete blocks, 6+ mil polyethylene or geotextiles from the bank to midstream on the upstream side of the activity. No more than two-thirds ($2/3$) or 25 feet of stream width, whichever is less, may be diverted at one time.
 - (b) Any material used to divert water flow must be completely removed upon completion of the activity, and the stream substrate must be restored to its original condition.
 - (c) A pump may be operated, where necessary, for a temporary diversion. The pump outlet must be located and operated such that erosion or the discharge of sediment to the water is prevented.
- (15) All wheeled or tracked equipment that must travel or work in a vegetated wetland area must travel and work on mats or platforms in order to protect wetland vegetation.
- (16) All excavated material must be stockpiled either outside the wetland or on mats or platforms. Hay bales or silt fence must be used, where necessary, to prevent sedimentation.
- (17) The use of untreated lumber is preferred. Lumber pressure treated with chromated copper arsenate (CCA) may be used only if necessary and only if use is allowed under federal law and not prohibited from sale under 38 M.R.S.A. 1682, and provided it is cured on dry land in a way that exposes all surfaces to the air for a period of at least 21 days prior to construction. Wood treated with creosote or pentachlorophenol may not be used where it will contact water.

D. Definitions. The following terms, as used in this chapter, have the following meanings, unless the context indicates otherwise:

- (1) **Cross-sectional area.** The cross-sectional area of a stream channel is determined by multiplying the stream channel width by the average stream channel depth. The stream channel width is the straight line distance from the normal high water line on one side of the channel to the normal high water line on the opposite side of the channel. The average stream channel depth is the average of the vertical distances from a straight line between the normal high water marks of the stream channel to the bottom of the channel.
- (2) **Crossing.** Any activity extending from one side to the opposite side of a protected natural resource, or to an island or upland within a protected natural resource whether under, through or over that resource. Such activities include, but are not limited to roads, fords, bridges, culverts, utility lines, water lines, sewer lines and cables, and the clearing and removal of vegetation necessary to install and maintain these crossings.
- (3) **Fill.** a. (verb) To put into or upon, supply to, or allow to enter a water body or wetland any earth, rock, gravel, sand, silt, clay, peat, or debris; b. (noun) Material, other than structures, placed in or adjacent to a water body or wetland.
- (4) **Ford.** A permanent crossing of a stream utilizing an area of existing, non-erodible substrate of the stream, such as ledge or cobble, or by placing non-erodible material such as stone or geotextile on the stream bottom.
- (5) **Perennial watercourse.** A river, stream or brook depicted as a solid line on the most recent edition of a United States Geological Survey 7.5 minute series topographic map, or if not available, a 15 minute series topographic map.
- (6) **Riprap.** Heavy, irregularly-shaped rocks that are fit into place, without mortar, on a slope. Square or rectangular rocks with flat faces, such as quarry stone or manufactured blocks, do not qualify as “irregularly-shaped”.
- (7) **Used for navigation.** Those rivers, streams or brooks used by motorized watercraft.

11. State transportation facilities**A. Applicability**

- (1) This section applies to the maintenance, repair, reconstruction, rehabilitation, replacement or minor construction of a State Transportation Facility carried out by, or under the authority of, the Maine Department of Transportation (MaineDOT) or the Maine Turnpike Authority, including any testing or preconstruction engineering, and associated technical support services.
- (2) This section does not apply to an activity within a coastal sand dune system.

NOTE: The construction of a transportation facility other than roads and associated facilities may be subject to the Storm Water Management Law, 38 M.R.S.A. Section 420-D.

B. Standards

- (1) Photographs of the area to be altered by the activity must be taken before work on the site begins. The photographs must be kept on file and be made available at the request of the DEP.
- (2) The activity must be reviewed by the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife and the Department of Marine Resources, as applicable. The applicant must coordinate with the reviewing agencies and incorporate any recommendations from those agencies into the performance of the activity.
- (3) All construction activities undertaken must be detailed in a site-specific Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan and conducted in accordance with MaineDOT's Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sediment Control, dated January 2000, and Standard Specifications, dated December 2002.
- (4) Alignment changes may not exceed a distance of 200 feet between the old and new center lines in any natural resource.
- (5) The activity may not alter more than 300 feet of shoreline (both shores added together) within a mile stretch of any river, stream or brook, including any bridge width or length of culvert.
- (6) The activity may not alter more than 150 feet of shoreline (both shores added together) within a mile stretch of any outstanding river segment identified in 38 M.R.S.A. 480-P, including any bridge width or length of culvert.
- (7) The activity must minimize wetland intrusion. The activity is exempt from the provisions of Chapter 310, the Wetland and Waterbodies Protection Rules, if the activity alters less than 15,000 square feet of natural resources per mile of roadway (centerline measurement) provided that the following impacts are not exceeded within the 15,000 square foot area:
 - (a) 1,000 square feet of coastal wetland consisting of salt tolerant vegetation or shellfish habitat; or

(b) 5,000 square feet of coastal wetland not containing salt tolerant vegetation or shellfish habitat; or

(c) 1,000 square feet of a great pond.

All other activities must be performed in compliance with all sections of Chapter 310, the Wetland Protection Rules, except 310.2(C), 5(A), 9(A), 9(B) and 9(C).

- (8) The activity may not permanently block any fish passage in any watercourse containing fish. The applicant must coordinate with the reviewing agencies listed in paragraph 2 above to improve fish passage and incorporate any recommendations from those agencies into the performance of the activity.

NOTE: For guidance on meeting the design objectives for fish passage, including peak flow, maximum velocity, mining depth and gradient, see the MaineDOT Waterbody and Wildlife Crossing Policy and Design Guide (July 2008), developed in conjunction with state and federal resource and regulatory agencies.

- (9) Rocks may not be removed from below the normal high water line of any coastal wetland, freshwater wetland, great pond, river, stream or brook except to the minimum extent necessary for completion of work within the limits of construction.
- (10) If work is performed in a river, stream or brook that is less than three feet deep at the time and location of the activity, the applicant must isolate the work area from the resource and divert stream flows around the work area, maintaining downstream flows while work is in progress.
- (11) Wheeled or tracked equipment may not operate in the water. Equipment operating on the shore may reach into the water with a bucket or similar extension. Equipment may cross streams on rock, gravel or ledge bottom. If avoiding the operation of wheeled or tracked equipment in the water is not possible, the applicant must explain the need to operate in the water. Approval from the DEP to operate in the water must be in writing, and any recommendations from the DEP must be incorporated into the performance of the activity.
- (12) All wheeled or tracked equipment that must travel or work in a vegetated wetland area must travel and work on mats or platforms.
- (13) Any debris or excavated material must be stockpiled either outside the wetland or on mats or platforms. Erosion and sediment control best management practices must be used, where necessary, to prevent sedimentation. Any debris generated during the activity must be prevented from washing downstream and must be removed from the wetland or water body. Disposal of debris must be in conformance with the Maine Hazardous Waste, Septage and Solid Waste Management Act, 38 M.R.S.A. Section 1301 *et seq.*

- (14) Work below the normal high water line of a great pond, river, stream or brook must be done at low water except for emergency work or work agreed to by the resource agencies listed in paragraph 2 above.
- (15) Perimeter controls must be installed before the work starts. Disturbance of natural resources beyond the construction limits shown on the plans is not allowed under this rule.

NOTE: Guidance on the location of construction limits can be obtained from the on site Construction Manager.

- (16) The use of untreated lumber is preferred. Lumber pressure treated with chromated copper arsenate (CCA) may be used only if necessary and only if use is allowed under federal law and not prohibited from sale under 38 M.R.S.A. 1682, and provided it is cured on dry land in a manner that exposes all surfaces to the air for a period of at least 21 days prior to construction. Wood treated with creosote or pentachlorophenol may not be used where it will contact water.
- (17) A temporary road for equipment access must be constructed of crushed stone, blasted ledge, or similar materials that will not cause sedimentation or restrict fish passage. Such roads must be completely removed at the completion of the activity. In addition, any such temporary roads which are in rivers, streams or brooks, must allow for a passage of stormwater flows associated with a 10-year storm.
- (18) Non-native species may not be planted in restored areas.
- (19) Disposal of debris must be in conformance with Maine Hazardous Waste, Septage and Solid Waste Management Act, 38 M.R.S.A. Sections 1301 *et seq.*
- (20) Disturbance of vegetation must be avoided, if possible. Where vegetation is disturbed outside of the area covered by any road or structure construction, it must be reestablished immediately upon completion of the activity and must be maintained.
- (21) A vegetated area at least 25 feet wide must be established and maintained between any new stormwater outfall structure and the high water line of any open water body. A velocity reducing structure must be constructed at the outlet of the stormwater outfall that will create sheet flow of stormwater, and prevent erosion of soil within the vegetated buffer. If the 25 foot vegetated buffer is not practicable, the applicant must explain the reason for a lesser setback in writing. Approval from the DEP must be in writing and any recommendations must be incorporated into the activity.

C. Definitions. The following terms, as used in this chapter, have the following meanings, unless the context indicates otherwise:

- (1) **Diversion.** The rerouting of a river, stream or brook around a construction site and then back to the downstream channel.

- (2) **Fill.** a. (verb) To put into or upon, supply to, or allow to enter a water body or wetland any earth, rock, gravel, sand, silt, clay, peat, or debris; b. (noun) Material, other than structures, placed in or immediately adjacent to a wetland or water body.
- (3) **Floodplain wetlands.** Freshwater wetlands that are inundated with flood water during a 100-year flood event based on flood insurance maps produced by the Federal Emergency Agency or other site specific information.
- (4) **Riprap.** Heavy, irregularly shaped rocks that are fit into place, without mortar, on a slope as defined in the MaineDOT Standard Specifications, dated December 2002.



Environmental Summary Sheet

WIN: 21725.00

Date Submitted: 2/13/2024

Town: Freeport-Yarmouth

CPD Team Leader: Andrea Brady

ENV Field Contact: Valerie Derosier

NEPA Complete: Programmatic Categorical Exclusion (CE) 23 CFR 771.117.c.28 issued on 2/1/2024

-
- ☐ **Section 106**
SHPO Concurrence - No effect 04/03/2019
Section 106 Resources: none
-
- ☐ **Section 4(f) and 6(f)**

<u>Section 4(f)</u> No 4f properties	<u>Section 6(f)</u> No 6f properties
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-
- ☐ **Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Essential Habitat**
Not Applicable **Timing Window:** Not Applicable
(No anticipated impacts to saltmarsh sparrow)
-
- ☒ **Section 7**
Species of Concern: Atlantic/Shortnose Sturgeon - Within DPS –Not Likely to Adversely Affect
Comments/References: Informal NMFS GARFO Consultation 9/26/2023.
Special Conditions apply. See ACOE permit and Special Provision 105

Species of Concern: Atlantic Salmon - Within DPS, Not Critical Habitat – Not Likely to Adversely Affect
Comments/References: Informal NMFS GARFO consultation 9/26/2023.
Special Conditions apply. See ACOE permit and Special Provision 105

Species of Concern: Northern Long-Eared Bat – No Effect
Comments/References: No Effect Consistency Letter 9/18/2023

Species of Concern: Roseate Tern – No Effect
Comments/References: Note to File 10/31/2023
-
- ☒ **Essential Fish Habitat**
Species of Concern: Coastal Multi-Species EFH – Adverse Effect – Not Substantial
Comments/References: **Special Conditions apply. See Special Provision 105**
-
- ☐ **Maine Department of Conservation/Public Lands, Submerged Land Lease**
Not applicable
-
- ☐ **Maine Land Use Planning Commission**
Not Applicable
-
- ☒ **Maine Department of Environmental Protection**
Permit-By-Rule - PBR Section 10 & 11 PBR #78246. Accepted 11/27/2023
**Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*
-
- ☒ **U.S. Army Corps of Engineers: Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. Individual Corps Permit #NAE-2023-02398**
 - Work Start Notification Form and Compliance Certification Form to be completed by ENV Field Contact and submitted to ACOE with copy to Andrea Brady.
 - **Special Conditions apply; See Special Provision 105**
 - **In-lieu fee payment for wetland impacts required; Contracts must notify MaineDOT ENV Office (Kristen Chamberlain) upon intent to award to process payment.****Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract*
-

**All permits and approvals based on plans/scope as of: 9/15/2023*

☐	Stormwater Review Not Applicable		
☒	Special Provisions Required		
	Special Provision 105-Environmental Requirements	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒
	Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Disturbance	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐
	Standard Specification 656-Erosion Control Plan	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒
	Special Provision 203-Dredge Material	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒
	General Note for Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐



Environmental Summary Sheet

WIN: 26462.00
Town: Yarmouth
CPD Team Leader: Andrea Brady
ENV Field Contact: Valerie Derosier

Date Submitted: 1/26/2024

NEPA Complete: 12/29/2023 - Programmatic CE per 23 CFR 771.117(c)(28)

☒	Section 106 Meets Programmatic Agreement Exemption F 11/21/2022 Section 106 Resources: none																			
☐	Section 4(f) and 6(f) <table border="0"><tr><td><u>Section 4(f)</u> No ROW/no use</td><td><u>Section 6(f)</u> No ROW/no takes</td></tr></table>	<u>Section 4(f)</u> No ROW/no use	<u>Section 6(f)</u> No ROW/no takes																	
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☐	Maine Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife Essential Habitat Saltmarsh sparrow	Timing Window: No. IF&W had no timing window requirements																		
☒	Section 7 Species of Concern: Atlantic Salmon: No Effect Comments/References: No in-water work Species of Concern: Atlantic & Shortnose Sturgeon; No Effect Comments/References: No in-water work Species of Concern: Northern long-eared bat: No Effect Comments/References: Consultation complete 9/13/2023 Species of Concern: Roseate Tern: No Effect Comments/References: Project location is not in an Area of Interest provided by USFWS.																			
☐	Essential Fish Habitat No effect – no in water work																			
☐	Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation, and Forestry Public Lands, Submerged Land Lease: Not Applicable Maine Land Use Planning Commission: Not Applicable																			
☐	Maine Department of Environmental Protection Exempt per 38 MRSA 480-Q 2-D <i>*Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract</i>																			
☐	Army Corps of Engineers: Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act and Section 404 of the Clean Water Act. No Jurisdiction <i>*Applicable Standards and Permits are included with the contract</i>																			
☐	Stormwater Review Not Applicable																			
☐	Hazardous Material Review N/A																			
☒	Special Provisions Required <table border="0"><tr><td>Special Provision 105-Environmental Requirements</td><td>N/A ☐</td><td>Applicable ☒</td></tr><tr><td>Standard Specification 656-Erosion Control Plan</td><td>N/A ☐</td><td>Applicable ☒</td></tr><tr><td>Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Disturbance</td><td>N/A ☒</td><td>Applicable ☐</td></tr><tr><td>Special Provision 203-Dredge Spec</td><td>N/A ☒</td><td>Applicable ☐</td></tr><tr><td>Special Provision 203-Hazardous Waste</td><td>N/A ☒</td><td>Applicable ☐</td></tr><tr><td>General Note for Hazardous Waste</td><td>N/A ☒</td><td>Applicable ☐</td></tr></table>	Special Provision 105-Environmental Requirements	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒	Standard Specification 656-Erosion Control Plan	N/A ☐	Applicable ☒	Special Provision 656-Minor Soil Disturbance	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐	Special Provision 203-Dredge Spec	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐	Special Provision 203-Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐	General Note for Hazardous Waste	N/A ☒	Applicable ☐	
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*All permits and approvals based on plans/scope as of: 11/1/2023