WEEK 8 Day 4



Read Aloud Lon Po Po Read 3 of 4

Big Idea	Through shared or independent research, people gather, organize, and analyze information about the world to think critically and gain understanding.	
Unit Question	How do animals grow and change over time?	
Guiding Questions	What do you want to learn more about animals and their habitats? How and where can you find this information?	
Content Objectives	I can retell the story by acting out the major events. (R.5.K.a, R.5.K.b). I can describe characters by adding thought bubbles to illustrations. (R.6.K.a, R.6.K.b)	
Language Objective	I can describe the characters by using adjectives and details from the story. (L.1.K.a, L.1.K.d, L.1.K.e)	
Vocabulary	Po Po: grandmother, in Chinese clever: smart disguise: to make someone look like something or someone else cunning: sneaky or tricky furious: very angry	
Materials and Preparation	 Lon Po Po, Ed Young Lon Po Po vocabulary cards Lon Po Po thought bubbles sheet Cut apart the four thought bubbles. markers and removable tape 	

Opening 1 minute	 Review the text and set a purpose. We've been reading Lon Po Po: A Red Riding Hood Story from China. Today, as I read the story again, I will invite you to act out the story on our stage. Also, at some of the important parts of the story, we're going to pause and add a thought bubble to write what we think the wolf, or Shang, the oldest sister, is thinking. Gather children in a circle to dramatize Lon Po Po. As in Storytelling and Story Acting, invite children on stage to dramatize while reading the story.
Text and Discussion 12 minutes page 2	Select children to play the parts of the mother and the three children. Children can use their own words to engage in dialogue after the text is read.
page 3	Select a child to play the part of the wolf.
page 9	Use details from the text to identify the wolf's thoughts. Let's pause to add a thought bubble for Lon Po Po here. What do you think the wolf is thinking as he's in the bed? Harvest children's ideas, prompting them to reference details from the text. Create a thought bubble and tape it near the wolf in the illustration. Let's add a thought bubble to this page for Shang. What do you think she's thinking here? Harvest children's ideas, prompting them to reference details from the text from previous pages as well. Create a thought bubble and tape it near Shang in the illustration. Continue to act out the story.
page 15	Let's add a thought bubble for Lon Po Po. What do you think the wolf is thinking as he stands under the tree? Harvest children's ideas, prompting them to reference details from the text. Create a thought bubble and tape it near the wolf in the illustration. Let's add a thought bubble to this page for Shang. What do you think she's thinking from on top of the tree? Harvest children's ideas, prompting them to reference details from the text from previous pages as well. Create a thought bubble and tape it near Shang in the illustration.

Key Discussion and Activity 6 minutes	characters characters wolf, and th Refer to vocabular Prompt 1: h Prompt children to Prompt 2: h	d the details in the text to decide what the main might have been thinking. Now, let's think about how the acted. The author used the word cunning to describe the he word clever to describe Shang y cards for support. How did the wolf show he was cunning in the story? I support their thinking with details from the text. How did Shang show she was clever in the story? I support their thinking with details from the text. How did Shang show she was clever in the story? I support their thinking with details from the text.
Closing 1 minute	from the ve	we'll think about how Lon Po Po is similar to and different ersion of Little Red Riding Hood we heard at the of the week.
Standards	about who, what, what, who, what, who, what, who, what, who, who, who, who, who, who, who, who	liar texts with prompting and support, including details when , where and how. details of text with prompting and support, including the pting and support, identify characters settings and major pting and support, describe the connection between two , ideas, or pieces of information in a text. ntly occurring nouns and verbs. requently occurring prepositions (e.g. to, from, in, out, with). Id expand complete sentences in shared language
Ongoing assessment	Do provide the discuss How do chi	responses during the partner and whole group share. examples that show the meaning of target vocabulary in ion? Idren describe character thoughts? Idren use adjectives to describe characters?
Center Activities	Art Studio Blocks	Children create paintings inspired by wolves. Children create block wolves.
	Dramatization	Children create block wolves.

Read Aloud U2 W8 D4

Library & Listening	Children engage in the <i>Lon Po Po</i> story chest.
Discovery Table	Children explore fur, feathers and skin.
Writing & Drawing	Children write and draw stories about wolves.

Notes