WEEK 6 Day 3



Read Aloud *Owls* Read 1 of 6, Pages 1-7

Big Idea	Like humans, animals are part of interdependent communities that are affected by, and adapt to, the environment that surrounds them.		
Unit Question	How do animals grow and change over time?		
Guiding Question	How do animals form communities, work together, and use and adapt to their environments, and how is this similar to and different from what people do?		
Content Objectives	I can retell key details in an informational text about owls. (R.5.K.a, R.5.K.b) I can ask and answer questions about owls. (R.4.K)		
Language Objective	With a partner, I can discuss information I am learning about owls. (SL.1.K.b)		
Vocabulary	<pre>powerful: strong flexible: able to bend focus: see something clearly rely: to need something communicate: to send and receive messages</pre>		
Materials and Preparation	 Owls, Gail Gibbons globe or world map cube towers (or other objects) that represent 2 different lengths: 5 inches and 33 inches chart paper On the chart paper, prepare the Owls KWLM chart, prepared with questions from Week 6, Day 1 		

Read Aloud U2 W6 D3

		Owls				
	K What We <u>K</u> now	W What We <u>W</u> onder [write questions from Week 6, Day 1]	L What We've <u>L</u> earned	M What We Want to Know <u>M</u> ore About		
Opening 3 minutes	Introduce the text. Today we will continue to use informational text to learn about owls. We will record our learning in this chart. It has places to record what we know, what we wonder, what we've learned, and what we want to know more about. What are some of the things we know about owls so far? Let's write those down here under What We Know. Write 3-5 ideas on the chart. The What We Wonder section already has some questions in it. I wrote down the great questions you asked about owls. Review the questions.					
	Set a purpose for the read. We will begin reading Owls by Gail Gibbons. Owls is written as a report. Today we will read the parts that introduce us to owls. W I read I want you to listen for important details about owls. We add these details under What We've Learned on our chart. The information you hear might make you think of new questions, an we can add those under What We Wonder.					
Text and Discussion 9 minutes	Harvest a few respo	What is something you learned about owls? larvest a few responses and record on the chart.				
page 5	I remember from our other books that frogs are amphibian that salmon are vertebrates. Gail Gibbons says that owls an raptors, or birds that eat meat. That's something I just lear Let's add that to our chart.					
	Direct children's attention to supportive text features.					

	Look right here. Gail Gibbons uses labels and identifies the talons on this Great Horned Owl to show us how the talons can grab meat.
page 6	 There are seven different continents in the world. A continent is a large area of land. The seven continents are Asia, Africa, North America, South America, Antarctica, Europe, and Australia. We live here in North America. Antarctica is at the South Pole and it is very very cold. It is too cold for owls to live in. Support knowledge building by referencing a world map or globe. Record new learning on the chart. Here's something else I just learned Owls live all over the world except Antarctica. I'm going to add that to What We've Learned on our chart.
page 7	What is something you learned about owls? Harvest a few responses and record on the chart. Support knowledge building by using a model. Display the cube sticks. The tiniest owl, the Elf Owl, is only 5 inches tall. That's about the same height as this cube stick. The largest owl, the Great Gray Owl, is 33 inches tall! That's the same height as this cube stick.
Key Discussion and Activity 6 minutes	 Invite children to Think, Pair, Share. We just learned some interesting information about owls. What else can we add to our chart? What did you learn about owls? Harvest 2-3 more responses and add the ideas to the chart. Prompt as needed by returning to the illustrations and words that show the key details from the text. Engage children in a whole group discussion. What part of the text helped you learn that new information? What other questions do you still have about owls? Harvest responses. Encourage children to name the page or details from the text that inspired their question. Record under What We Wonder.
Closing 1 minute	I cannot wait to read more tomorrow. We have so many wonderful questions! If we keep reading, I'm sure we'll find some answers.
Standards	 R.4.K Ask and answer questions with prompting and support about who, what, when, where and how. R.5.K.a Retell familiar texts with prompting and support, including details about who, what, when , where and how.

	 R.5.K.b Retell key details of text with prompting and support, including the main topic. SL.1.K.b Follow agreed-upon rules for discussions (e.g., listening to others and taking turns speaking about the topics and texts under discussion). 				
Ongoing assessment	Listen to children's responses during the partner and whole group discussion. Do children ask relevant questions and identify appropriate answers from the text? Do children retell information learned, and cite evidence from the text? What understandings do children demonstrate about owls?				
Center Activities	Art Studio	Children create pastel woodland scenes.			
	Blocks	Children build owl habitats.			
	Dramatization	Children act out <i>Owl Moon.</i>			
	Library & Listening	Children research owls.			
	Discovery Table	Children make owl nests.			
	Writing & Drawing	Children draw and write information about owls.			

Notes		