WEEK 5 Lesson 1

Science and Engineering: Earth's Systems

The Forces of Wind on Land

Notes: This lesson requires significant set up of materials. This investigation is best conducted in pairs, but it can also work in small groups (no more than four children).

S & E Big Ideas	Wind and water can change the shape of the land.
	Changes happen over time.
S & E Guiding Question	What resources can we use to understand changes in the shape of the land?
Content Objectives	I can conduct an investigation to model and observe wind's effects on land. (Practice 2, Science 2-ESS2-4(MA))
	I can write and draw what I observed during an investigation about the force of wind on Earth's materials. (Practice 4, 2-ESS2-2)
	I can draw and write about the effects of wind on land, based on my observations. (W.3.2)
Language Objective	I can discuss my observations with my peers while we conduct an investigation by listening and adding onto what they say. (SL.1.2.b)
Vocabulary	topsoil: the layer of soil in which plants grow
Materials and Preparation	For each pair, assemble: aluminum trays (without holes), two topsoil, one cup sand, one cup spoons, two container of water Prepare two trays per pair of children, one with sand and the other with topsoil. Make sure that the soil and sand are evenly damp (not wet). Spread each material over about half of the bottom of its tray. For additional help with setup, watch the Tray Preparation video. It may be useful to have several children help set up the trays before the lesson.

	 straws, one for each child and one for modeling tablecloths (optional, for controlling mess) writing tools Science and Engineering packets goggles, one pair for each child, if available
Opening 10 minutes	Over the last two weeks we investigated how water affected different types of soil: sand and topsoil. What did we learn? [water eroded the sand quickly; the topsoil did not erode as quickly and produced runoff; slope impacted erosion]
	Today we will explore how wind affects the shape of the land. What do you think will happen to sand and topsoil when wind blows on them? What makes you say that?
	Show the appropriate page in a Science and Engineering packet. Today you will draw and write your observations for two investigations, one with sand and one with topsoil. Talk through the pages, as needed.
	In this investigation, you will blow through a straw to represent a soft wind. Model blowing through the straw softly.
	We're all going to conduct this investigation together, step by step. Send the children to the tables with their writing tools and Science and Engineering packets.
Investigation 20 minutes	Guide the children through the investigation, using the steps below.
20 minutes	 Predict Turn and talk to your partner. What do you think will happen when you blow softly on the sand? Record your prediction.
	 Investigate [Put on goggles.] Both partners, please stand on the same side of the tray, so that you don't get sand in your eyes. Sand Blower, place the straw on the edge of the sand tray and blow air softly through the straw several times.
	3. Observe and talk Observe what is happening and talk to your partner.

es. Leave the sand gnated area]. bserve children's
,
the page. rn to your partner about an object or ed? and and topsoil. mes. Set these son 2 discussion.
their comments to municate a topic or prevent wind or
ion. d on sand and n? day's discussion.