Math-in-CTE Lesson Plan Template

Lesson Title: Understandir	ng Gear Ratios	Lesson #AT-13
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assembly.		taught in conjunction with Natef task sheet: Remove and Replace axle
CTE Concept(s): Gear ration	os	
Math Concepts: ratios, fra	ctions, comparisons.	
Lesson Objective:		w gear ratios are used in the automotive setting. Students will be abled end of the lesson as part of the task of removing and replacing a rear
Supplies Needed:	A Model of a differential or ax	le assemblies, Steer box and or rack, 2cycle motor oil.

THE "7 ELEMENTS"	TEACHER NOTES
	(and answer key)
1. Introduce the CTE lesson.	
Today's topic is about gear ratios as it relates to rear axles or final drives.	Point to the display of a rear axle assembly available.
What do you already know about the purpose of a rear axle?	Most students might know what a rear axle assembly is used for in vehicle. They may or may not know its purpose is to transfer power.
What different gears can you think of, and where are they found.	Students may respond with some example like:
they realist.	Bicycle watchesfishing pole4wheelsDirt bike/go-cart listen to student's responses.
Here is a quick example in this video to get a basic understanding of how the gears in the axle or final	So some of you know more than others so lets try to get us all closer together.
drive work together.	Show you tube video1. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lp6VHIWfsd4

2. Assess students' math awareness as it relates to the CTE lesson.	
If we need to remove the rear axle to rebuild it or replace it we would need to be sure and get the right parts or part. So we need to know how to determine the gear ratio and so we would need to know how to calculate to find the correct gear ratio?	
What do you already know about ratios? What does a ratio look like?	Listen to student's responses. Make sure the point is raised that ratios can be written in different ways: 3:1 3 to 1
Lets take a look at another quick video that might help.	3/1 or as a word problem. Video 2. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ex3PF6Cs4dc&feature=fvsr
3. Work through the math example <i>embedded</i> in the CTE lesson.	Start with slide number 6 of the PP. Add comments and answer questions as it relates to the topic.
I have a nice PowerPoint that will help us to get a better understand or ratios.	http://www.google.com/search?client=safari&rls=en&q=gears+powerpoint&ie=UTF-8&oe=UTF-8
	Be sure students see ratios as the comparison of the number of teeth on the driven gear to the number of teeth on the drive gear. If the gear ratio of A to B is 2:1 gear A has half as many teeth as gear B .

4. Work through <i>related, contextual</i> math-in-CTE examples.	Discuss with students the relationship of ratios in these other area's: Fuel mixture, Steering.
Let's think about some related examples of ratios that we may find around the shop or in an automotive related setting.	
Mixing gas to oil for a 2-cycle engine. 20:1 40:1 50:1	Have some props: 2-cycle motor oil, steering box and or steering rack.
Steering gear or Box ratio. 2:1 3.5:1 6:1	
What do these numbers represent?	Let students respond.
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5. Work through traditional math examples.

teeth, what is the ratio of teeth on A to teeth on B? Would that be equal to another gear C that has 30 teeth

Here in automotive tech class we worked with gear ratios. There are many examples of ratio outside of our Often, ratios are used in a proportion- where two ratios are determined to be equal. For example if gear A has 60 teeth and gear B has 20

We could write that like this:

automotive classroom.

and gear D has 10 teeth?

If you simplify both fractions you will see that they are both equal.

Please complete the worksheet on ratios and proportions to practice these skills

Answer is YES!

Hand out work sheet AT-13 -WS

Answers to AT-13-WS
3x35 = 5x21
105=105 yes this is a proportion.
4x18 = 20x3
72=60 NO – this is not a proportion
2x40 = 16x5
80= 90 – NO this is not a proportion
Challenge:
6 x 25 = 15 x n
150 = 15n
150/15 = 15n/15
10 = n
10 will make this a proportion.

6. Students demonstrate their understanding

Discuss these ideas with students:

To find the axle ratio, find the gear ratio of the ring gear compared to the pinion gear.

Ask: The pinion gear has 12 teeth and the ring gear has 42 teeth. What is the axle ratio?

Ask: if the pinion gear has 14 teeth and the ring gear has 49 teeth, find the differential ratio.

Show on board the proper way to set up the ratio problem. Keeping in mind that placement of the numbers if not correct changes the value and also changes the gear ratio.

Ring gear: pinion gear

Answer: 42:12 or written in simplest form, 3.5:1

Answer: 49:14 or written in simplest form 3.5:1

For the students with more advanced math skills, we will do this activity.

Using a white board:

Have student work out some math problems relating to mixing oil and gas.

20:1 40:1 fuel mixture

Have students determine steering gear ratios from display models and come up with different ratios of possible gear sets.

Steering gear ratio 3.5:1 6:1

Let's check out a final video that give a better visual understanding of how this plays out on the vehicle. Afterwards you can try this same thing.

	Video 3. http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=i Enyf67KTs Have student try this on Display assembly or shop vehicle to demonstrate basic understanding in determining gear ratio.
7. Formal assessment.	
Student will remove differential cover of a display	Students will access vehicle specific information as your shop provides.
assembly or shop vehicle and calculate the gear	They could also call dealerships direct.
ratio and verify they finding with manufacturers vehicle specific specification. Their findings must match with the manufactures designation for that vehicle.	Some prior knowledge of V.I.N.#'s will also enhance the part of the lesson. Or as jump off point to a V.I.N.# lesson and or other related lessons
Based on your findings, does this ratio lend itself to fuel economy or vehicle performance?	Depending on their gear ratio numbers, the higher the ratio the more performance, the lower the ratio, the more economy.
Rate student's competency:	
0 - No exposure	
Complete training required; No information or practice	

provided during the program.
1 - Exposure only
Additional training required; General information provided with no practice time; close supervision needed.
2 - Limited practice
Additional training is required to develop skill; Has practiced job during training program.
3 - Moderately skilled
Limited additional training may be required; Has performed job independently during training program.
4 – Skilled
No additional training needed; Can perform job independently.
Student signature: Date:
Instructor signature: Date: