### CASE INFORMATION

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Disease</th>
<th>Cases</th>
<th>Cases/100,000</th>
<th>Demographics</th>
<th>Travel Information</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Malaria</strong></td>
<td>9</td>
<td>0.7</td>
<td>55% of patients (5) were male</td>
<td>22% of patients* travelled to Nigeria 22% of patients* travelled to Angola</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Chikungunya</strong></td>
<td>2</td>
<td>0.1</td>
<td>50% of patients (1) were male</td>
<td>50% of patients travelled to Mexico 50% of patients travelled to Florida</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Dengue</strong></td>
<td>3</td>
<td>0.2</td>
<td>66% of patients (2) were female</td>
<td>100% of patients travelled to Haiti</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*Other countries travelled to include Rwanda, Ethiopia, Cameroon, Tanzania, and the Democratic Republic of the Congo

There were no reported cases of Zika in 2018

### Prevention:
- Wear a long-sleeved shirt, long pants, and socks
- Treat clothing with permethrin or purchase pretreated clothing
- Apply lotion, liquid, or spray repellent to exposed skin
- Use prescribed anti-malarial medication

### Reporting:
- Malaria, Chikungunya, Zika, and Dengue fever must be reported to Maine CDC within 48 hours of recognition or strong suspicion
- Telephone: 1-800-821-5821
- Fax: 1-800-293-7534

For more information visit:
- [www.maine.gov/idepi](http://www.maine.gov/idepi)
- [www.cdc.gov/malaria](http://www.cdc.gov/malaria)
- [www.cdc.gov/chikungunya](http://www.cdc.gov/chikungunya)
- [www.cdc.gov/dengue](http://www.cdc.gov/dengue)