2019 Coronavirus (COVID-19) Frequently Asked Questions*
*Information is current as of 6/3/2020 and is subject to change

Please note: Text in this color denotes information that has been updated or added within the 7 days prior to release of this document version

Text in this color denotes information that has been updated since the last version of this document

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I live in Maine but must cross the state border for work. Do I have to quarantine? (4/1)

I have to go to a medical appointment out of state. Do I have to quarantine upon return? (5/8)

Should Maine be banning out-of-state travelers from coming into the state? (4/29)

Key Points

- This virus can spread from person-to-person. It can cause severe disease and death.
- Community-wide transmission of the COVID-19 virus is occurring in Androscoggin, Cumberland, Penobscot, and York counties. (4/19)
  - The directives outlined in Executive Orders 28 and 49, requiring people to “Stay Safer at Home” unless engaging in a service or activity authorized by Executive Orders 19 or 28, are eased to the extent that people may access the increased business and personal activities that are being reopened. This is effective until the Stay Safer at Home Order is officially rescinded. (6/3)
- Currently, the greatest risk for COVID-19 is still travel to an area with ongoing community transmission and/or close contact with a confirmed case. (3/17)
- The Governor outlined her plan for a gradual, safe reopening of Maine’s economy on April 23, 2020. She announced updates to this plan on May 27, 2020.
- The Governor outlined her Rural Reopening plan on May 8, 2020.
Situation in Maine

What is the Maine Stay Healthier at Home order? (6/3)

- The directives outlined in Executive Orders 28 and 49, requiring people to “Stay Safer at Home” unless engaging in a service or activity authorized by Executive Orders 19 or 28, are eased to the extent that people may access the increased business and personal activities that are being reopened. This is effective until the Stay Safer at Home Order is officially rescinded. Modifications to this order will be made slowly as Maine progresses through the Governor’s plan to restart the economy.
  - Only go out for essential personal reasons, including:
    - Obtaining necessary supplies for household consumption or use, such as groceries, and supplies and equipment needed to work from home, laundry, and products needed to maintain safety, sanitation, and essential maintenance of the home or residence.
    - Obtaining medication or medical supplies and seeking medical or behavioral health or emergency services.
    - Providing care, including transportation, of oneself, a family member, friend, pet or livestock in another household or location for essential health and safety activities and to obtain necessary supplies and services.
    - Traveling to and from an educational institution for purposes of receiving meals or instructional materials for distance learning.
    - Engaging in outdoor exercise activities, such as walking, hiking, running, or biking, using social distancing guidance.
    - Travel required by a law enforcement officer or court order.
    - Traveling to and from a federal, State, or local government building for a necessary purpose.
    - People may access the increased business and personal activities that are being reopened per Executive Order No 55. (6/3)
  - When out of the home or when at work at an essential business, individuals shall maintain a minimum distance of six feet from other people.

- The use of public transportation is prohibited unless for an essential reason or job that cannot be done from home.
- The number of people traveling in private vehicles is limited to people within the immediate household unless transporting for essential activities.
- This order is enforced by law enforcement and violations will be subject to up to six months in jail and a $1000 fine.

What happens when a case of COVID-19 is identified in Maine? (3/31)

- When a person is tested for COVID-19, they are asked to self-isolate at home if they are well enough or are isolated in hospital if required. This continues until they meet criteria for release from isolation.
- When Maine CDC is notified of a positive result, an epidemiologist reaches out to the patient to conduct an investigation. Close contacts of the positive person who may have been exposed are identified and contacted. These individuals are instructed to quarantine for 14 days and monitor for symptoms.

Can I stay at a hotel, motel, or short-term rental? (5/27)

- Beginning June 1, lodging can open for Maine residents and those who have met the 14-day quarantine requirement.
- Lodging can be provided for housing vulnerable populations; for health care workers or other workers deemed necessary to support public health, public safety, or critical infrastructure; for self-quarantine or self-isolation facilities as arranged by the state; and under limited verifiable extenuating circumstances for the care and safety of residents as approved by the State.
  - Vulnerable populations include children in emergency placements, persons at risk of domestic violence, and homeless individuals as permitted by the State.
Can I stay at a campsite? (5/27)

- Campgrounds and RV parks can open to Maine residents only on May 22nd.
  - Added health and safety precautions must be followed. See:

- Campgrounds can open to out-of-staters that have already completed their 14-day quarantine as of June 1, 2020.

Can I stay at a camp that provides hunting and fishing? (5/8)

- In Androscoggin, Cumberland, Penobscot, and York Counties- All campsites are mandated to remain closed (until June 1).

- In Aroostook, Piscataquis, Washington, Hancock, Somerset, Franklin, Oxford, Kennebec, Waldo, Knox, Lincoln, and Sagadahoc Counties- Remote campsites are permitted to open Monday, May 18th to Maine residents and to those who have already completed their 14-day quarantine.
  - Added health and safety precautions must be followed. See:

What is the guidance for events or gatherings in Maine? (5/27)

- Beginning June 1, gatherings of 50 or fewer are allowed in accordance with the Governor’s plan to reopen the Maine economy.

- This is a proactive measure to help reduce the spread of COVID-19 in Maine.

When can restaurants open? (5/27)

- In Aroostook, Piscataquis, Washington, Hancock, Somerset, Franklin, Oxford, Kennebec, Waldo, Knox, Lincoln, and Sagadahoc Counties- Restaurants will be permitted to open to some dine-in service and outdoor dining on Monday, May 18th.
  - Added health and safety precautions must be followed. See:
  - This aligns with the opening of the same businesses in New Hampshire.

- In Penobscot County – Restaurants will be permitted to open to some dine-in service and outdoor dining on June 1, 2020.

- In Androscoggin, Cumberland, and York Counties – All restaurants are mandated to remain closed to dine-in customers. Outdoor dining can begin on June 1, 2020. Added health and safety precautions must be followed.
  - Take-out, delivery, and drive-through options can continue during this time.

When can bars open? (5/27)

- Bars across the state, no matter what county they are in, are to remain closed at this time. Refer to Business Answers for more information. According to the Governor’s Reopening Plan, bars are tentatively scheduled to open on July 1.
  - Questions about when bars can reopen should be directed to the Business Answers Team at:
    - Business.answers@maine.gov
    - 1-800-872-3838

When can retail stores open? (5/27)

- In Androscoggin, Cumberland, Penobscot, and York Counties- Retail stores will be permitted to open to in-store customers beginning June 1, 2020.
• In Aroostook, Piscataquis, Washington, Hancock, Somerset, Franklin, Oxford, Kennebec, Waldo, Knox, Lincoln, and Sagadahoc Counties- Retail stores will be permitted to open to in-store customers beginning Monday, May 11.
  o Added health and safety precautions must be followed. See: https://www.maine.gov/governor/mills/news/governor-mills-introduces-rural-reopening-plan-2020-05-08
  o This aligns with the opening of the same businesses in New Hampshire.

When can fitness and exercise gyms open? (5/8)
• Statewide – Permitted to open on May 11, 2020 to outdoor classes of 10 individuals or less. They can also open for one-on-one personal training inside fitness centers.
• Gyms and fitness centers were originally slated to open on June 1, but this is delayed with an opening date to be determined. (5/19)
• For more information and guidelines contact Business Answers:
  o Business.answers@maine.gov
  o 1-800-872-3838

What health and safety precautions should businesses follow to reopen when they are permitted to? (5/8)
• Implement physical distancing measures. Guidance on the number of customers that can be allowed in stores of specific sizes can be found here.
  o The limits must be enforced and a 6-foot separation be placed between any customers waiting in lines.
  o As much business as possible must be conducted by curbside order, pick-up, or delivery.
  o The handles of every cart and basket must be disinfected between uses.
  o Customer handling of unpurchased merchandise must be minimized.
  o Separate operating hours for Maine people over the age of 60 and those with underlying medical conditions must be provided.
  o Fitting rooms must be closed.
  o Stagger break times for employees and require frequent hand washing.
• Other businesses are encouraged to have employees work remotely or implement social distancing measures if this is not possible, including: legal services, business and management consulting, professional services and insurance services, etc.
• Any business that violates this order will be subject to further on-site restrictions or closure until those violations are addressed.
• Further guidance for businesses from US CDC can be found here.

I am planning to move or am a professional mover. What should I do during the Stay Healthy at Home mandate? (4/1)
• If possible, it is best for you to delay your move until after the Stay Healthier at Home mandate, at least through May 31, 2020.
• If it is not possible for the move to be delayed, this is considered an essential activity.

How do I know when my business can reopen? (4/28)
• Contact the Business Answers team at:
  o Business.answers@maine.gov
  o 1-800-872-3838
Where can I find the checklist for my business and who can I call with questions about it? (5/8)

- Checklists for best practices for safely operating your business during COVID-19 are available on Maine Department of Economic & Community Development’s (Maine DECD) webpage.
- Contact Maine DECD with questions about the checklists:
  - Business.answers@maine.gov
  - 1-800-872-3838

Where can I find the badge for my business to post on my door, website, or social media channel? (4/30)

- Please go to the Office of Economic and Community Development’s website: https://www.maine.gov/decd/covid-19-prevention-checklists

How long will concerns about COVID-19 last? (3/31)

- Concerns will linger until there is more scientific data about the behavior or COVID-19 and its impacts.
- It is likely that the virus that causes COVID-19 will continue to circulate.
- Concerns will persist as long as the virus continues to spread rapidly.

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Business Complaints

I have a complaint about a grocery store that is not complying with the Governor's Order. Who should I contact about this? (5/8)

- Please contact Maine’s Department of Economic and Community Development:
  - Business.answers@maine.gov
  - 1-800-872-3838
  - In addition, please let local law enforcement know.

I have a complaint about a restaurant that is not complying with the Governor's Order. Who should I contact about this? (5/8)

- Please contact Maine’s Health Inspection Program.
- Please contact Maine’s Department of Economic and Community Development:
  - Business.answers@maine.gov
  - 1-800-872-3838
  - In addition, please let local law enforcement know.

I have a complaint about a retail store is not complying with the Governor's Order. Who should I contact about this? (5/8)

- Please contact Maine’s Department of Economic and Community Development:
  - Business.answers@maine.gov
  - 1-800-872-3838
  - In addition, please let local law enforcement know.

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Response to COVID-19

What is the Governor doing? (4/28)
• See Governor Mills’ executive orders.

I would like to volunteer to help with the COVID-19 response (including contact tracing). How can I do this? (6/3)
• Please visit www.maineresponds.org to register as a volunteer to provide services during a disaster or emergency situation.
• US CDC Foundation also has a number of positions to fill in Maine. Please go to www.cdcfoundation.org for more information and qualifications.
• Once the contract tracer positions as well as others have been finalized to be posted, they will be available on Maine CDC’s website: www.maine.gov/dhhs/coronavirus.

I tried to sign up for Maine Responds but it says by form won’t go through. What do I do? (5/27)
• Please use the “Contact Us” button on the left-hand navigation pane on www.maineresponds.org to communicate the issue.

I would like to volunteer for emergency or disaster relief efforts in Maine. How can I do this? (4/15)
• Please visit www.maineready.org to register as a volunteer for current and future emergency or disaster relief efforts.

Where can I find more information on donating time or resources? (3/31)
• Please visit the MaineHelps resource for information on how you can support efforts to combat the COVID-19 pandemic.
• Extending financial support:
  o To donate financial support for critical needs such as food and shelter, contact your local United Way.
  o To donate financial support for regional and community-based nonprofits, area agencies on aging, community action programs, homeless shelters, and food pantries, visit the Maine Community Foundation.
• Supporting the healthcare and medical response:
  o To donate certified medical supplies, like personal protective equipment (PPE), fill out this form.
  o Maine people are encouraged to donate blood via the American Red Cross of Maine, which is experiencing a critical shortage of blood donations.
• Supporting local small businesses:
  o Maine people are encouraged to safely support local businesses through efforts like PayItForwardMaine.
    ▪ Be mindful of physical distancing guidelines and using online transactions or pickup and delivery services.

I would like to donate homemade cloth face masks for health care providers. How can I do that? (4/15)
• Please contact the health care facility where you would like to donate cloth face masks. This will ensure that the facility is accepting masks and that you follow any materials requirements.

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Prevention and Protection

What should I do if I had contact with someone with COVID-19 (not a health care or critical infrastructure worker)? (4/9)

- These guidelines apply to people who are not considered health care or critical infrastructure workers.
- If you had close contact (within 6 feet for 30 minutes or more) with a person who tested positive for COVID-19 while they were symptomatic or within 48 hours before their symptoms started:
  - You need to quarantine at home for 14 days. Take your temperature 2x per day and monitor for fever, cough, or difficulty breathing.
  - You can have contact with people in your household and they can continue to leave home as long as you are not symptomatic.
- If you had contact (within 6 feet for less than 30 minutes) with a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 while they were symptomatic or within 48 hours before their symptoms started:
  - No quarantine is recommended. Monitor for symptoms for 14 days and contact healthcare provider if symptoms develop.
- If you have been in the same room (more than 6 feet away) at the same time as a person who tested positive:
  - No quarantine is recommended. Monitor for symptoms for 14 days and contact healthcare provider if symptoms develop.
- If you have been in a room at a different time than a person who tested positive:
  - No action is needed. You are not considered a contact.
- If you have had contact with someone who has been in contact (no direct contact) with a person who has tested positive:
  - No action is needed.
  - You can monitor yourself for symptoms and contact a healthcare provider if symptoms develop.
- If you have had any contact with someone who is sick but does not have a positive test result:
  - No quarantine is recommended. Monitor yourself for symptoms for 14 days and contact a healthcare provider if symptoms develop.

What should I do if I had contact with someone with COVID-19 (health care or critical infrastructure worker)? (4/29)

- These guidelines apply for people who are considered health care or critical infrastructure workers.
- Critical Infrastructure workers include:
  - Federal, state, and local law enforcement.
  - 911 call center employees.
  - Fusion Center employees.
  - Hazardous material responders from government and the private sector.
  - Janitorial staff and other custodial staff.
  - Workers (including contracted vendors) in food and agriculture, critical manufacturing, informational technology, transportation, energy, and government facilities.
- Asymptomatic critical infrastructure workers may continue to work following potential exposure to COVID-19.
  - Potential exposure means being a household contact or having close contact (within 6 feet for 30 minutes or more) of an individual with confirmed or suspected COVID-19.
  - This contact period includes up to 48 hours before the sick individual became symptomatic.
- Asymptomatic health care providers should follow the recommended self-quarantine if their facility can still remain open without the asymptomatic health care worker.
  - If the facility would have to close in their absence, then the asymptomatic person can continue to work following these guidelines.
- Health care and critical infrastructure workers who remain asymptomatic should follow these practices prior to and during their work shift:
  - Pre-screen: measure the employee’s temperature and check for symptoms prior to starting work. Temperature checks should occur before the individual enters the facility.
Regular monitoring: Employee should self-monitor for symptoms during shift.
Wear a mask: Employee should wear a face mask at all times while in the workplace for 14 days after the last exposure.
Social distance: Maintain 6-foot distance and practice social distancing as work duties permit.
Disinfect and clean work spaces: clean and disinfect all areas like offices, bathrooms, common areas, and shared electronic equipment.

- If the employee shows symptoms of COVID-19, they must be sent home immediately.
  - Surfaces in workspace should be cleaned and disinfected.
  - Information on anyone who had contact with the ill employee from 48 hour before up to the time the employee became symptomatic should be collected. Anyone with close contact within 6-feet during this time would be considered exposed.
- This and further guidance can be found at US CDC Interim Guidance for Critical Infrastructure Workers page.

What can people do to prevent infection with COVID-19?
- The best way to prevent infection is to avoid being exposed to this virus. People should avoid travel to affected areas, practice social distancing, and follow general respiratory prevention measures:
  - Wash your hands often with soap and water for at least 20 seconds. This is especially important after using the bathroom, before eating, and after blowing your nose, coughing, or sneezing. If soap and water is not available, use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer with at least 60% alcohol.
  - Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth with unwashed hands.
  - Avoid touching high-touch surfaces in public.
  - Avoid close contact with people who are sick.
  - Cover your cough or sneeze into a tissue, then throw the tissue in the trash.
  - Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces using a regular household cleaning spray or wipe.
  - Stay home when you are sick.

I cannot find facemasks or other personal protective equipment (PPE) anywhere. Can Maine CDC help? (4/4)
- Maine CDC is not able to provide personal protective equipment to members of the public or assist in helping members of the public find sources for personal protective equipment.
- If you are sick, contact your healthcare provider for assistance in finding facemasks and other equipment.
- If you are not sick, you can wear a cloth facemask.
  - Information is available from US CDC on the use and creation of cloth face coverings.
- Wearing facemasks should not take the place of other prevention measures. Continue to practice general respiratory prevention measures.
- Healthcare facilities should follow US CDC’s strategies for optimizing the supply of PPE.
- Information is available from US CDC on the use and creation of cloth face coverings.

Who do I contact for information on N95 respirator fit testing? (5/20)
- For information on N95 respirator fit testing, contact your County Emergency Management Agency and District Liaison.
  - Contact information for County Emergency Management Agencies.
  - Contact information for District Liaisons.

I am allowed to reopen my private business under the Governor’s plan (Ex: hair salons). Can I get PPE through the State cache? (4/30)
- The process currently put in place to request PPE from the State cache is intended to provide supplies to healthcare facilities in Maine.
• The State cache is not an appropriate source of PPE for reopening of private businesses under the Governor’s plan.
• If private businesses cannot secure enough PPE to reopen services safely, then they may not reopen.

I am not able to secure PPE through the State cache for my business, so where can I find PPE? (4/30)
• Please go to https://pages.mainemep.org/ to find cloth face covers sold by Maine manufacturers.

Do I have to wear a mask every time I go out in public in Maine? (4/30)
• The Governor’s order requires Maine people to wear cloth face coverings in public places where physical distancing is difficult to maintain, as recommended by the U.S. CDC. The order identifies public settings as:
  o Indoor spaces that are accessible to the public such as grocery stores, retail stores, pharmacies and healthcare facilities
  o Outdoor spaces such as playgrounds, busy parking lots, and other areas such as lines for take-out service where the public typically gathers in a smaller area
  o Public transportation such as a taxi, Uber, Lyft, ride-sharing or similar service
  o Ferry, bus, or train
  o Any semi-enclosed transit stop or waiting area
• Under the order, cloth face coverings are not required for children under age 2, a child in a child care setting, or for anyone who has trouble breathing or related medical conditions, or who is otherwise unable to remove the mask without assistance.
• Even if you wear a mask, you should also use other prevention methods.

Are there any cleaning recommendations to prevent COVID-19? (3/20)
• Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces (tables, countertops, light switches, doorknobs, cabinet handles, etc.) daily using a regular household cleaning spray or wipe.
• Consult this list of EPA-approved products for emerging viral pathogens for recommendations.
• Find cleaning recommendations for households with suspected/confirmed COVID-19 cases here. (3/20)

What type of hand sanitizer should I be using?
• Use an alcohol-based hand sanitizer that contains 60 percent to 95 percent alcohol.
• If soap and water are readily available, wash hands instead of using alcohol-based hand sanitizer.

What is social distancing?
• Social distancing means remaining out of:
  o Public places where close contact with others may occur (shopping centers, movie theaters, stadiums, etc.).
  o Workplaces (unless in an office space that allows distancing from others).
  o Schools and other classroom settings.
  o Local public transportation (bus, subway, taxi, ride share, plane, ship, etc.).

How long will it take to develop a vaccine for COVID-19? (3/31)
• Currently, a massive effort is underway to develop a vaccine for COVID-19.
• It can take one to two years to develop a fully-tested vaccine.
• Initial supplies of a COVID-19 vaccine would be for those at highest risk of exposure and those at highest risk of severe disease.
What is the difference between isolation and quarantine? What is involved? 

- Self-quarantine means that you need to separate yourself from others because you may have been exposed to the COVID-19 virus but are not currently symptomatic.
- Self-isolation means that you need to separate yourself from others because you may be infected with the COVID-19 virus and you are experiencing symptoms.
- Self-monitoring means that you need to pay attention to your health to note if you develop symptoms of COVID-19, including fever, cough, or difficulty breathing.
- For both self-quarantine and self-isolation:
  - Stay home.
  - You cannot go to public places even for essential reasons, including grocery stores. Plan to have 14 days of food available or arrange to have it delivered to you.
  - Do not have visitors in your home.
  - Avoid contact with others, especially those who are at high risk of severe COVID-19 illness.
  - Keep a distance of at least 6 feet from other people.
  - If you are sick, wear a mask that covers your nose and mouth.
- During self-quarantine, you can have contact with other members of your household.
- During self-isolation, you should avoid having contact with other members of your household as much as possible.
- These are different from the Stay Healthy at Home Order.
  - This order allows you to go out for essential personal reasons.
  - If you are self-quarantining or self-isolating, you cannot leave your house for essential personal reasons.

- If you were instructed by Maine CDC to enter self-isolation of quarantine, you must be officially released by Maine CDC in order to leave isolation/quarantine.

I recovered from COVID-19 and would like to donate plasma to help others who are sick. How can I do this? (4/15)

- The American Red Cross is recruiting plasma donors who have recovered from COVID-19. Donors must:
  - Have recovered from confirmed (lab-tested) COVID-19.
  - Be 17 years of age or older.
  - Have been recovered (without symptoms) for at least 14 days.
- Anyone who meets these criteria can register at with the American Red Cross.

Epidemiology

How is COVID-19 spread and acquired?

- The virus that causes COVID-19 can be transmitted from person-to-person.
  - This is thought to occur when an infected person coughs or sneezes within 6 feet of an uninfected person and the uninfected person breathes in the virus.
- The best way to prevent infection is avoiding exposure to the virus by practicing prevention measures.

Can a person spread the COVID-19 virus even if they have no symptoms? (4/1)

- It is possible that people infected with COVID-19 may be infectious before showing symptoms.
  - More detailed studies are being done to determine whether people acquire COVID-19 from those without symptoms.
- People are thought to be most contagious when they are most symptomatic/the sickest.
- Maine CDC recommends that only people who are showing symptoms be tested for COVID-19.
How efficient is the spread of COVID-19? (3/31)

- Initial data suggest that each person with COVID-19 may infect up to two or three additional people if no prevention measures are used.
- Some spread might be possible before people show symptoms.
- Person-to-person infection with COVID-19 usually happens after close contact with an infected person.
  - Close contact is defined as being within 6 feet of an infected person for 30 minutes or more.

Can the COVID-19 virus be spread from contaminated surfaces? (3/31)

- The COVID-19 virus can be acquired from contaminated surfaces, but this is not the primary way the virus spreads.
  - This happens when an infected person coughs or sneezes and droplets land on surfaces. A person can become infected by touching the contaminated surface and then touching the eyes, nose, or mouth.
- Clean and disinfect frequently touched objects and surfaces.
- Most often, spread of the virus happens among close contacts through respiratory droplets.

Can the COVID-19 virus be spread in the air or only by droplets? (3/31)

- People mainly acquire COVID-19 by respiratory droplets from coughs or sneezes.
  - Experts believe that COVID-19 does not spread via the airborne route.
- There are important differences between droplet and airborne transmission.
  - Droplets are larger and heavier than airborne particles and settle faster.
- Only a limited number of diseases are capable of airborne transmission, like measles and tuberculosis.

How infectious is the virus that causes COVID-19? (3/31)

- The virus that causes COVID-19 spreads similarly to viruses that cause the common cold.
- How easily the virus spreads from person-to-person appears highly variable.
- Much is still unknown about the spread of the virus that causes COVID-19.

Can someone who has recovered from COVID-19 spread the illness to others?

- Someone who is actively sick with COVID-19 can spread the illness to others.
- Once a person with COVID-19 has been released from isolation and is no longer showing symptoms without the aid of medication (fever-reducers, cough suppressants), they are no longer considered able to spread the COVID-19 virus.

What is community spread?

- Community spread means people have been infected with the virus in an area, including some who are not sure how or where they became infected.

Am I at risk for COVID-19 infection in Maine? (3/17)

- Visit the Maine CDC Coronavirus website for updated information on cases in Maine.
- Elevated risk: People in places with ongoing community spread of the virus, healthcare workers, close contacts caring for COVID-19 cases, and travelers returning from affected international locations.

What information will Maine CDC release about any confirmed cases? (3/18)

- Maine CDC will release the following information: gender, age range, county of residence, and test status.
- Maine CDC will not release additional personal information about confirmed cases.
- Maine CDC conducts investigations for all confirmed cases. Any potential contacts will be contacted.
- Press releases and information about cases are located on Maine CDC’s website.
- The recommendations for the public do not change based on personal details of confirmed cases. Continue to follow proper precautions.
What about people from out of state who test positive? Where are their results reported? (3/31)
- Out-of-state travelers who test positive in Maine are reported by the state of their primary residence. This is to ensure an accurate national tally of COVID-19 cases under guidance from US CDC.
- Patients may continue to receive treatment in the state where they are tested.

Medical Information and Testing
What are the signs/symptoms of COVID-19 and when do they appear? (4/28)
- Signs and symptoms include:
  - Cough.
  - Shortness of breath or difficulty breathing.
  - Fever.
  - Chills.
  - Repeated shaking with chills.
  - Muscle pain.
  - Headache.
  - Sore throat.
  - New loss of taste or smell.
- Seek medical attention immediately if you experience any of these emergency warning signs for COVID-19:
  - Trouble breathing.
  - Persistent pain or pressure in the chest.
  - New confusion or inability to arouse.
  - Bluish lips or face.
- Symptoms may appear 2-14 days after exposure to the virus.

Who is at higher risk for serious illness from COVID-19?
- Older adults and people who have serious chronic medical conditions are at higher risk for serious illness.
- Serious chronic medical conditions include: heart disease, diabetes, and lung disease.

What should people at higher risk of serious illness with COVID-19 do? (3/13)
- If you are at a higher risk of getting very sick from COVID-19, you should:
  - Stock up on supplies, including daily medications.
  - Take everyday precautions to keep space between yourself and others.
  - When out in public, keep away from others who are sick.
  - Limit close contact with others.
  - Wash your hands often.
  - Avoid crowds
  - Practice social distancing.
- If there is an outbreak in your community, stay home as much as possible.
- Watch for symptoms. If you get sick, stay home and call your doctor.
- Visit U.S. CDC’s page for People at Risk for Serious Illness from COVID-19 for more information.

Who can be tested (PCR, antibody, or rapid test) for COVID-19 and where? (5/19)
- Work with your healthcare provider to find your nearest testing location.
- Decisions to test are left up to the clinical judgement of your healthcare provider.
I was tested for COVID-19. How long will my results take? How can I find results? (3/24)
- Contact the healthcare provider that tested you for a timeframe and for results.
- Maine CDC does not provide test results to individuals.

My healthcare provider is not able to test me for COVID-19. What should I do? (3/12)
- If your symptoms are mild and do not require a visit to your healthcare provider, you should self-isolate at home.
- If your symptoms are serious enough to require a visit to your healthcare provider, call ahead BEFORE you leave for your healthcare provider’s office.
  - If your provider is not able to test you, ask if they can facilitate testing at another location.
  - Always call ahead BEFORE arriving at a new healthcare provider’s location.

What should I do if I don’t have a Primary Care Provider (PCP)? (3/15)
- If you are sick or would like to be tested for COVID-19 but do not have a PCP, you can visit an urgent care or walk-in facility for care and testing. Always call BEFORE you arrive to let them know you are coming.
- The Emergency Department should be reserved for patients whose symptoms require emergency care.
- Always call a healthcare facility BEFORE going inside to let them know you are sick.

What should I do if I am under-insured? If I do not have insurance? (5/19)
- Mainer who may have lost their job or income due to the COVID-19 pandemic are encouraged to visit www.coverme.gov to find insurance options.
- Maine residents who are uninsured are entitled to receive coverage for testing and diagnosis of COVID-19 at no cost, administered through the MaineCare program.
  - Coverage includes testing for the COVID-19 diagnosis as well as limited related services, including office visits and evaluations, telehealth triage and screening, but does not include coverage for services for treatment.
  - Guidance and the application are available now.
- On March 12, 2020, Maine Governor Janet Mills declared an Insurance Emergency. This requires all private insurers in Maine to cover the costs of coronavirus testing, as well as associated costs, including healthcare visits and copays.

Does COVID-19 affect children and adults differently?
- Older adults and people with underlying or chronic health conditions are at greatest risk.
- Youth appears to offer some protection from severe COVID-19 illness.
- All age groups can help slow the spread of COVID-19 by practicing general prevention measures.
- Find the latest information on the risk of COVID-19 for children here.

Does COVID-19 affect pregnant women?
- Initial studies indicate COVID-19 does not pass to a fetus during late pregnancy or cause severe health outcomes in a newborn.
- Information is very limited. Find the latest information on the risk of COVID-19 for pregnant women and infants, as well as recommendations for breastfeeding on US CDC’s Pregnancy and Breastfeeding site.

What is the medical treatment for people affected by COVID-19? (6/3)
- There are currently no approved treatments for COVID-19 besides supportive care.
- Supportive care means that the symptoms of disease are treated, rather than the cause of the disease.
- Remdesivir is an investigational antiviral compound undergoing clinical trials as a potential treatment for COVID-19.

How can a person be released from isolation at home? (3/20)
- For individuals who have tested positive for COVID-19:
  - Self-isolate until:
▪ At least 10 days have passed since symptoms first appeared (5/6), AND
▪ At least 3 days (72 hrs) have passed since recovery (no fever without the use of fever-reducing medications) and respiratory symptoms have improved.
  o All close contacts without symptoms of a person who has tested positive for COVID-19 should stay home (self-quarantine) for 14 days from the time of their last exposure.
• For individuals with symptoms compatible with COVID-19 who are not tested, or who are awaiting test results:
  o Self-isolate until:
    ▪ At least 10 days have passed since symptoms first appeared (5/6), AND
    ▪ At least 3 days (72 hours) have passed since recovery (no fever without the use of fever-reducing medications and improvement in respiratory symptoms).
  o There are no recommendations at this time for close contacts of an individual that has been asked to self-isolate but has not been tested. Any close contacts who become sick should self-isolate and follow this same guidance.
• Specific criteria are available for healthcare workers with confirmed or suspected COVID-19 for release from isolation.

I was released from isolation, but my symptoms came back again. What should I do? (4/8)
• Maine CDC is now aware that some people who have met the criteria to be released from isolation may develop symptoms again after release.
• If this happens to you, please isolate yourself again until 24 hours after your symptoms have resolved again, without the use of any fever-reducing or cough-suppressing medication.
• Maine CDC does not recommend additional testing. The testing methods available would not provide any useful information about your infection status.

How is COVID-19 different from the flu and common cold? (3/31)
• Some of the symptoms of COVID-19 are similar to influenza.
• Most coronavirus infections cause very similar types of respiratory illness. In some mild cases, COVID-19 may cause runny nose, cough, sore throat, and fever.
• Confirmed COVID-19 illness has ranged from mild symptoms to severe illness and death.

If one of my employees tested positive for COVID-19, do I need to report it to Maine CDC? (5/1)
• The places and people required to report any reportable disease, including COVID-19 are: health care providers, medical laboratories, health care facilities, administrators, health officers, and veterinarians.
• Any other employer or entity is not required to notify Maine CDC if an employee tests positive. The testing laboratory and health care provider are required to report this.

If one of my employees tested positive for COVID-19, should I notify all of the rest of my employees? (5/1)
• A Maine CDC investigator will contact the employer of anyone who tests positive for COVID-19.
• All close contacts of the positive employee will need to be notified.
• An employer is not required to notify any other employees that are not close contacts, but may do so if they choose.
  o If an employer decides to notify other employees that a fellow employee tested positive, the employer must keep the identity of the positive person private, following HIPAA laws.

What specimens will Maine’s State Lab (HETL) run? (5/19)
• HETL will now test specimens from any person who has one or more symptoms that are consistent with COVID-19. Testing must be ordered by a clinician.
Maine health care providers should use their clinical judgment to determine if a patient has signs and symptoms compatible with COVID-19 and whether the patient should be tested.

- **HETL will now also test persons without symptoms who may be at risk for spreading COVID-19 to others.** As examples, these may include but are not limited to:
  - Asymptomatic close contacts of confirmed COVID-19 cases in an outbreak setting. For reference, Maine CDC generally defines an “outbreak” as three or more epidemiologically linked cases of a specific disease, and generally defines “close contacts” as individuals who have spent 30 minutes or more within 6 ft of an individual with confirmed COVID-19.
  - Asymptomatic health care workers, including first responders, who have had contact with or exposure to a confirmed COVID-19 case; or
  - Asymptomatic persons tested as part of a sentinel COVID-19 disease surveillance program established by Maine CDC.

Will Maine’s State Lab (HETL) run specimens collected that by congregate facilities that choose to conduct universal testing when that recommendation has not been approved by Maine CDC? (5/19)

- In order to maintain laboratory capacity for the activities noted above, HETL will not test specimens collected by congregate facilities that choose to conduct universal testing of their staff and residents when that recommendation has not been approved by Maine CDC.

Where can I find testing forms, information on swabs, and information on transport media? (5/19)

- Please see HETL’s [SARS-CoV-2 Laboratory Submission Information Sheet](#).

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**Daily Life and COVID-19**

Can I visit my dentist during the COVID-19 response? (5/19)

- As of Monday, May 18th, Maine dental practices can open to routine dentistry: [https://www.medental.org/](https://www.medental.org/).
- You can also access a [map of dental offices open for emergencies](#).
  - Emergency dental care includes:
    - Bleeding that doesn’t stop.
    - Painful swelling in or around your mouth.
    - Paine in a tooth, teeth, or jaw bone.
    - Gum infection with pain or swelling.
    - After surgery treatment (dressing change, stitch removal).
    - Broken or knocked out tooth.
    - Denture adjustment for people receiving radiation or other treatment for cancer.
    - Snipping or adjusting wire or braces that hurts your cheek or gums.
    - Biopsy of abnormal tissue.

- [Guidance is available for dentists from US CDC](#).
I need help with rent assistance/evictions due to COVID-19. Who can I contact? (4/19)

- The COVID-19 Rent Relief Program issues a one-time payment of up to $500 in rental assistance directly to landlords for households that meet certain ability to pay requirements. The landlord agrees not to evict the tenant for nonpayment for the month the payment was issued.
  - Visit [www.mainehousing.org/covidrent](http://www.mainehousing.org/covidrent) for more information and application materials.
- Please contact the [Maine State Housing Authority](https://mainehousing.org) for assistance at 207-626-4600.

Should I be worried about getting evicted if I cannot pay my rent due to COVID-19? (4/19)

- On March 18, 2020 the Maine Supreme Judicial Court issued an order that permitted filing in eviction but prohibited the action until May 1st, unless the case presented a severe emergency. Only evictions authorized before March 18th are permitted to proceed.
- On April 16th, Governor Mills issued an executive order that prevented eviction orders authorized before March 18th that have not been issued yet from being issued during the state of emergency.
- Enforcement actions can be taken against landlords attempting to unlawfully evict tenants, such as by turning off utilities.
- Governor Mills’ executive order also protects tenants who are considered “at will” (do not have a legal agreement with their landlord) and cannot make rent payments because of COVID-19, by requiring a landlord to provide at least 60 days’ notice to a tenant to leave, instead of 30 days. This also extends an eviction notice timeframe from 7 to 30 days.
- The Governor’s order does not prevent a tenant from being evicted if they pose a substantial risk to another person, immediate and severe risk to property, or a violation of health, sanitation, fire, housing, or safety laws.
- The Governor’s order does not relieve any tenant of their obligation to pay rent.

Where can I find information on unemployment insurance and unemployment benefits? (3/26)

- Visit the [Maine Department of Labor COVID-19 Site](https://ols.maine.gov/COVID-19) for more information.

Where can I find information on services offered through the Maine Department of Health and Human Services? (5/19)

- Programs include Temporary Assistance for Needy Families, Food Supplement Benefits, Health Care Assistance, Emergency Assistance, Child Care Subsidy, and General Assistance.
- Find information [here](https://maine.gov/patricia/).  
- Apply for benefits [online](https://maine.gov/patricia/).
- Visit [My Maine Connection](https://maine.gov/patricia/NCB) for information on Food Supplement, Health Care, Cash Assistance, and to apply for Maine’s Child Care Subsidy.

Where can I find information about paid sick leave or expanded family and medical leave during the COVID-19 outbreak? (4/1)

- The Families First Coronavirus Response Act requires certain employers to provide their employees with paid sick leave or expanded family and medical leave for specified reasons related to COVID-19.
  - These provisions apply from April 1 through December 31, 2020.
- A summary of employee rights under the Families First Coronavirus Response Act can be found [here](https://maine.gov/patricia/).

I am a farmer/food producer. Where can I look for assistance during the COVID response? (4/1)

- Information is changing rapidly. Please visit the Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation, and Forestry’s COVID-19 website under the [Financial Resources for Farmers and Producers](https://maine.gov/patricia/NSD) heading for the most up-to-date information on programs that are available.

I am a farmer/food producer. What do I need to know about the Maine COVID-19 response? (4/1)

- Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation, and Forestry (Maine DACF) has published interim guidance for those who work in [agriculture](https://maine.gov/patricia/NSD), [horticulture](https://maine.gov/patricia/NSD), [animal care](https://maine.gov/patricia/NSD), and [pesticide application](https://maine.gov/patricia/NSD).
Farmer’s markets, farm stands and community supported agriculture (CSA) are direct-to-consumer outlets that are considered essential services, along with other agricultural and grocery services. Recommendations for social distancing have been issued by MDACF for these direct-to-consumer outlets.

Where can I find information on Local Food and Food Assistance? (4/1)
- Visit the Maine Department of Agriculture, Conservation, and Forestry’s website under the Find Local Food and Food Assistance for more information on food assistance programs.

I have split custody of my child/children. Should they continue to go to their other parent’s house as stipulated in a custody agreement? (4/1)
- It is considered to be essential that co-parents comply with custody agreements. If all parties abide by physical distancing guidelines, shared custody of children can continue.

Can pets and livestock be infected with the COVID-19 virus? (4/28)
- It is very rare, but possible for animals to become infected with the COVID-19 virus.
  - These animals are believed to be infected by people.
- The risk of animals spreading COVID-19 to people is considered low.
- This is why it is very important to protect your pets by limiting contact with them if you are sick with suspected or confirmed COVID-19. If possible, have another member of your household care for your animals while you are sick.
  - Your pets should be included in your family’s preparedness planning efforts. This includes a 2-week supply of pet food and pet medicines available.
  - Visit U.S. CDC’s Pet Disaster Preparedness Kit site for more information.
- Maine CDC and Department of Agriculture, Conservation, and Forestry currently do not recommend testing animals that don’t have symptoms for COVID-19.
  - Any testing of animals will be limited and only on recommendation of the state veterinarian, state epidemiologist, and National Veterinary Services Laboratory.
- Guidance is available from the American Veterinary Medical Association for the intake of companion animals from households where humans with COVID-19 are present.
  - It is recommended that a pet exposed to a person with suspected or confirmed COVID-19 stay in that household, rather than being transferred to another household or facility for care.
- US CDC issued infection prevention and control guidance for Veterinary Clinics here.

Can you get COVID-19 from mail packages that arrive from affected areas? (3/31)
- No cases of COVID-19 have been reported from packages or imported goods.
- Coronaviruses may persist on surfaces for a few hours or up to several days, depending on the surface type and environmental conditions.
- The risk of catching COVID-19 from a package that has been moved, travelled, and exposed to different conditions and temperatures is believed to be low.
- The likelihood of a person with COVID-19 contaminating commercial goods is believed to be low.
- Wash your hands for 20 seconds with soap and water after bringing in packages, or after trips to the grocery store or other places where you may have come into contact with infected surfaces.

How should I cope with stress during a COVID-19 outbreak in my community? (4/22)
- An outbreak of COVID-19 in your community may be very stressful.
- Visit US CDC’s Stress and Coping During COVID-19 site for ways you can support yourself during an outbreak.
- A Frontline Warm Line is available for first responders, health care workers, those in law enforcement, and anyone else who is involved in the direct response to COVID-19.
  - Call 207-221-8196 or 866-367-4440 to connect with someone for support services.
Volunteers staffing the Warm Line include licensed psychiatrists, psychologists, therapists, social workers, and nurse practitioners.

Am I at risk if I go to a funeral or visitation service for someone who died of COVID-19? (3/12)
- There is currently no known risk associated with being in the same room at a funeral or visitation service with the body of someone who died of COVID-19.

Am I at risk if I touch someone who died of COVID-19 after they have passed away? (3/12)
- Since we are still learning how the virus spreads, people should consider not touching the body of someone who has died of COVID-19.
- Activities such as kissing, washing, and shrouding should be avoided before, during, and after the body has been prepared.
  - If these actions are important religious or cultural practices, wear appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE) while working with the deceased. Funeral homes can help with this guidance.

What do funeral home workers need to know about handling people who have died of COVID-19? (3/12)
- Funeral home workers should follow their routine infection prevention and control precautions. Embalming can be conducted following standard precautions. Follow local ordinances for burial or cremation of remains involved in an infectious disease outbreak.

My family member died from COVID-19 while overseas. What should I do? (3/12)
- If you are overseas, contact the nearest US embassy or consulate.
- If you are in a different country from the deceased person, call the Department of State’s Office of Overseas Citizens Services, open Monday through Friday, 8 AM to 5 PM EST at 888-407-4747 (toll-free) or 202-501-4444.

Can the COVID-19 virus be passed through water? Should wastewater treatment workers be worried? (3/15)
- No. Conventional water treatment methods should remove or inactivate the virus that causes COVID-19.
- Visit US CDC’s Water Transmission and COVID-19 page for more information.

Where can I find resources for children during the COVID-19 response? (3/26)
- Visit the Maine Department of Education COVID-19 resources page.

What is happening with federal and state income tax deadlines? (3/31)
- Both the federal and state income tax payment deadline have been extended to July 15, 2020.
  - This includes any final and estimated Maine income tax payments due by April 15, 2020. Any failure-to-pay penalties and interest will be abated for the period of April 16, 2020 through July 15, 2020. More information can be found here.

I work for a community or religious organization. How can we respond to COVID-19? (3/12)
- Guidance for responding to COVID-19 before, during, and after an outbreak occurs, as well as recommendations for cleaning facilities can be found on US CDC’s website.

I work for an organization that serves homeless populations. How can we respond to COVID-19? (3/12)
- Guidance for responding to COVID-19 before, during, and after an outbreak occurs, as well as recommendations for cleaning facilities can be found on US CDC’s website.

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Travel and COVID-19

Should I be concerned about travel within the US?

- Governor Mills recommends that people stay in place if possible, rather than traveling.
- Traveling increases your chances of getting COVID-19.
- If you must travel, practice general prevention measures.
- Consider these questions before travel within the US:
  - Is COVID-19 spreading where you’re going?
  - Will you or your travel companions be in close contact with others during your trip?
  - Are you or your travel companions at higher risk of severe illness if you do get COVID-19?
  - Do you have a plan for taking time off from work or school, in case you get exposed to, or are sick with, COVID-19?
  - Do you live with someone who is older or has a severe chronic health condition?
  - Is COVID-19 spreading where you live?
- The situation is rapidly evolving. For the most up-to-date travel information, visit U.S. CDC’s travel health notices page.

How are travelers being screened when they enter the U.S.?

- Visit US CDC’s Travel page for the latest updates on screening and prohibitions for entry to the US.

What are quarantine recommendations for people returning from domestic travel (within the United States), including healthcare workers? (4/29)

- It is mandated that all out-of-state travelers coming into Maine and Maine residents returning to Maine quarantine for 14 days.
- To self-quarantine follow these precautions:
  - Stay at home for 14 days.
  - Monitor for fever (take temperature two times per day), cough, or trouble breathing.
  - Practice social distancing. Stay home (do not go to work or school), do not take public transportation or ride-shares, avoid crowded places, keep distance from others (about 6 feet).
  - You cannot go to public places including grocery stores or other essential personal reasons, except to seek emergency medical care. Plan to bring food for 14 days with you or arrange to have it delivered.
- Healthcare workers are exempt from the quarantine, only to go to work if they are asymptomatic. Healthcare workers still need to follow the quarantine order when not at work. (5/6)
- If someone coming in from out-of-state is not staying for the full 14 days, then they still need to follow the quarantine order while in Maine. (5/6)

If I have a negative test result, why do I still need to quarantine when I come into the state? (5/20)

- Even if you receive a negative test result, you still need to quarantine for 14 days when you enter Maine.
- A negative test only tells you that the COVID-19 virus was not detected on the day you were tested.
  - Enough of the virus needs to be in your body to be able to detect it in the test.
  - Test too soon, you might miss the time when the virus has reproduced enough to be detected by the test.
  - People differ in how long it takes after exposure to develop enough virus to test positive.
- It is possible that you could become infected with the virus on your way to Maine after your negative test, too.

I live in Maine but must cross the state border for work. Do I have to quarantine? (4/1)

- There is no order to quarantine for people who make short trips back and forth across the border for work.
  - Travel should be limited to essential trips.
- This is not the same as travel to visit Maine or return from a long-term winter stay in another state, which does require a quarantine upon arrival.
I have to go to a medical appointment out of state. Do I have to quarantine upon return? (5/8)

- If you go directly to the medical appointment and back to Maine, you are not required to quarantine under the Executive Order.
- If you go anywhere else while out of state you will need to quarantine upon your return to Maine for 14 days.

Should Maine be banning out-of-state travelers from coming into the state? (4/29)

- It is mandated that all out-of-state travelers coming into Maine, as well as Maine residents returning to Maine, complete a 14-day quarantine upon arrival.
- This means:
  - You need to arrive with enough food for 14 days or arrange to have food delivered to you. You cannot go out to grocery stores.
  - Stay at home. You cannot go out to public places.
  - Avoid contact with others, especially those who are at high risk of severe COVID-19 illness.
  - Keep a distance of at least 6 feet from other people.
  - If you are sick, wear a mask that covers your nose and mouth.
- Visitors should not travel to Maine if they are displaying symptoms of COVID-19.
  - Travelers should not travel to Maine if they are coming from cities or regions identified as COVID-19 hot spots.
  - Individuals who are entering the state to provide essential services are exempt.
- There is little data to indicate that asymptomatic residents of areas with high case counts are more or less likely to infect others with the virus than asymptomatic residents of areas with low case counts.
  - Stay home.
  - Limit the number of visitors in your home.
  - Avoid contact with others, especially those who are at high risk of severe COVID-19 illness.
  - Keep a distance of at least 6 feet from other people.
  - If you are sick, wear a mask that covers your nose and mouth.