SECTION 11. SOILS

A, B. Soil Survey and Report; Soil survey intensity level by development type:

Per the decisions made by Jami MacNeil and Dr. John Hopeck at the Pre-Application Meeting, and because portions of the site are already developed, wastewater disposal is not subsurface, and substantial portions of the site are proposed to be developed at a low intensity, high intensity soils survey mapping has only been provided in the identified locations, as agreed upon at the Pre-Application meeting. This Mapping is included as part of this Section.

Medium intensity soils mapping is provided for the remaining portions of the project site and is included as part of this Section.

Additional test pits were also performed on site. The drawings show the test pit locations, and logs are attached to this section.

C. <u>Geotechnical Investigation:</u>

Geotechnical investigations will be performed for specific portions of the development, including lift foundations and multistory condominium buildings. However, existing development at the resort demonstrates that the soils and bedrock are very developable and geotechnical investigations will be performed for foundation recommendations at the time of development of construction level plans and designs.

D. <u>Hydric Soils Mapping:</u>

The limits of hydric soils were identified and area shown on the plans, typically aligning with forested wetlands.

ENGINEERS, SURVEYORS, SCIENTISTS



Development Consultants, Inc.

1ain<u>-Land</u>

P.O. BOX Q LIVERMORE FALLS, ME 04254 Tel: (207) 897-6752/FAX: (207) 897-5404 WWW.MAIN-LANDDCI.COM

SUGARLOAF – WESTERN MOUNTAIN EXPANSION CLASS B & C HIGH INTENSITY SOIL SURVEY CARRABASSET VALLEY, MAINE

PROJECT OVERVIEW

A Class B & C High Intensity Soil Survey was completed for the project site. The project site is defined as an approximately 450-acre area located at Sugarloaf Ski Resort in Carrabassett Valley in Maine. The project site is generally bound by the Access Road, West Mountain Road, and West Mountain lift line.

The proposed West Mountain Expansion includes roughly 150 acres of new ski terrain, new chair lift, new parking lots totaling approximately 300 spaces, and a skier services building. In addition, real estate development will include 52 single family house lots, condominium buildings totaling roughly 80 to 120 units, and duplex townhomes totaling 40 units. A Class B High Intensity Soil Survey was conducted within areas of proposed condominiums and residential homes. All other areas, such as ski trails, were surveyed as Class C.

The soil survey was conducted to provide resource data for permit, planning, design, and construction for the proposed development. This information is submitted to Vanassee Hangen Brustlin (VHB) as part of their analysis of the proposed project design and permitting requirements.

RESOURCES AND METHODOLGY

Preliminary Data

Data made available by the Maine Office of GIS was consulted to review the site prior to the soil survey field work. This data included National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) wetlands, USDA Natural Resource Conservation Soil Survey Maps, and digital aerial photography. Wetland data provided by VHB was utilized in the hydric soil mapping of this soil survey.

Standards for Soil Survey

Soil surveying methods were completed in accordance with the *Maine Association of Professional Soil Scientist Standards for Soil Surveys* (March 2009). The Class B High Intensity Soil Survey incorporates the following standards, among others:

- 1. Map units will not contain dissimilar limiting individual inclusions larger than 5 acres. Dissimilar limiting inclusions may total more than 1 acre per map unit delineation, in the aggregate, if not contiguous.
- 2. A map scale of 1-inch equals 200 feet or larger.
 - The scale for this project map is 1"_=_200'

- 3. Ground control- test pits for which detailed data is recorded are located by means of compass by chaining, pacing, or taping from known survey points; or other methods of equal or greater accuracy
 - Test pit and boring locations were captured by a handheld Trimble GPS Unit with sub-meter accuracy.
- 4. Base map with 5' contours.
 - The base map used in this soil survey involves surveyed property boundaries and 2' contour LiDAR data provided by VHB. The soils map was drafted in AutoCAD 2020.

The Class C Medium Intensity Soil Survey incorporates the following standards, among others:

- 1. Map units will not contain dissimilar limiting individual inclusions larger than 5 acres. Dissimilar limiting inclusions may total more than 5 acres per map unit delineation, in the aggregate, if not contiguous.
- 2. A map scale of 1-inch equals 500 feet or larger.
 - The scale for this project map is 1"_=_200'
- *3. Ground control-as determined by the mapper*
 - Test pit and boring locations were captured by a handheld Trimble GPS Unit with sub-meter accuracy.
- 4. Base map -as determined by the mapper.
 - The base map used in this soil survey involves surveyed property boundaries and 2' contour LiDAR data provided by VHB. The soils map was drafted in AutoCAD 2020.

Mapping Process and Soil Boundary Placement

Soil investigations were completed using a medium-sized machine excavator and hand tools (shovel, probe, screw auger). Refusal that limited hand dug pit depth was assumed to be. All recorded test locations were marked with survey tape. Locations of test sites were focused on areas of proposed development, potential stormwater treatment BMP areas, and unique landforms.

Soil boundary line placement and map units were determined by slope classes, map units, vegetation, and landforms. Additional hand auger borings were completed to verify soils; these verification borings were recorded but not shown in the soils map or logs. Once these breaks in soil boundaries were determined, a soil map was drafted using AutoCAD 2020.

RESULTS

Attached to this report are summary logs of all test borings and pits presented on DEP Form F.

The following soils were interpreted on the property. Abbreviations shown for these soils are used to identify them on the associated soils map:



Lyman-Tunbridge Complex (LN)

Brayton Soils (By)

Brayton-Colonel Complex (BC)

Colonel Series (Co)

Peru Series (Pe)

Croghan Series (Cr)

Surplus Series (Sr)

The following represent slope classes:

 $\begin{array}{l} A = 0\text{-}3\% \\ B = 3\text{-}8\% \\ C = 8\text{-}15\% \\ D = 15\text{-}20\% \\ E = >20\% \end{array}$

Slope breaks were determined using an AutoCAD function that processes 2' LiDAR contour data and groups slopes into the above categories.

Soil Suitability ratings are based on NRCS provided ratings. See the map unit descriptions for details on specific soil limitations, NRCS ratings, and potential solutions to limitations.

CONCLUSION

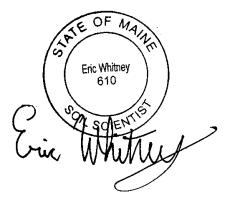
A Class B & C High Intensity Soil Survey was completed for the project site located at Sugarloaf Ski Resort in Carrabassett Valley. The proposed development entitled "West Mountain Expansion", consists of single-family house lots, condominiums, duplexes, ski trails, and associated infrastructure. This survey effort included field visits to gather soil mapping data, creation of a soil base map, and a narrative describing soil types and subsurface limitations. This soil survey consists of a soil map, test pit logs, site photos, and this report.

Soils in the project area are generally loamy basal glacial till and glacial fluvial soils ranging from poorly drained to moderately well-drained. Suitable soils for the proposed development exist within the subject property. Hydric soils, large boulders, shallow bedrock, shallow seasonal high-water tables, shrink/swell, and slopes greater than 20% are limitations for the proposed development. Soil test pit logs, soil map, and map unit descriptions are attached to this report.



SOIL SCIENTIST CERTIFICATION STATEMENT

The accompanying soil profile descriptions, soil survey map, and this soil narrative report was prepared by Eric R.T. Whitney S.S. #610. The soil survey was done in accordance with the standards adopted by the Maine Association of Professional Soil Scientist, March 2009. Eric Whitney certifies that the report meets the appropriate mapping standards for Class B & C Soil Surveys in Maine.





MAP UNIT DESCRIPTIONS

Brayton Series (By)	
Loamy, mixed, active, nonacid, frigid, shallow Aeric Endoaquepts	
Setting	
Parent Material:	Glacial Till
Landform:	Toe slopes and depressions
Slope Ranges:	0-3% (A)
	3-8% (B)
Depth to Bedrock:	Very Deep (>40")

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Poorly drained to very poorly drained.
Hydrologic Soil Group:	D
Hydrologic Conductivity:	Moderate permeability in the surface layer and subsoil and very slow to moderately slow in the substratum
Flooding Frequency:	Possible during periods of high precipitation.

Typical Profile Description	
Surface:	Black highly decomposed organic material. Very
	granular structure.
Subsurface:	Gray, fine sandy loam. Sub angular blocky structure.
Subsoil:	Grayish brown, fine sandy loam. Sub angular blocky
	structure
Substratum:	Firm, gray fine sandy loam. Platy structure.

Inclusions	
Similar:	Peacham
Dissimilar:	Colonel, Peru, Tunbridge

Soil Suitability and Limitations

The Brayton series is rated as very limited for the proposed development. Due to shallow depths to groundwater, shallow depths to large boulders or bedrock, and seasonal ponding. The soils in this map unit are hydric soils that are associated with wetlands. These soils are not suitable for onsite wastewater disposal. Constructing artificial drainage and additions of coarse fill would be needed to develop in the Brayton series. On-site subsurface wastewater systems are not suitable in these soils.



Colonel Series (Co)	
Loamy, isotic, frigid, shallow Aquic Haplorthods Setting	
Parent Material:	Basal glacial till
Landform:	Hills and mountains of glaciated uplands
Slope Ranges:	8-15% (C)
	15-20% (D)
	>20% (E)
Depth to Bedrock:	Very Deep (>40")

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Somewhat Poorly Drained
Hydrologic Soil Group:	D
Hydrologic Conductivity:	Moderately high or high in the solum, and low to
	moderately high in the dense substratum
Flooding Frequency:	None

Typical Profile Description	
Surface:	Black, moderately decomposed organic material.
Subsurface:	Dark brown, fine sandy loam. Granular structure.
Subsoil:	Fine sandy loam. Brown to olive brown in color. Sub
	angular blocky structure.
Substratum:	Firm, mottled, olive fine sandy loam

Inclusions	
Similar:	Peru, Tunbridge, Lyman, Naskeag
Dissimilar:	Abram, Brayton

The Colonel soil series is rated as very limited for the proposed development. Shallow depths to groundwater and shallow depths to large boulders cause limitations during development. Colonel soils are suitable for onsite wastewater disposal. To overcome limitations in this soil type artificial drainage should be constructed to address the shallow depths to ground water. Large boulders should be moved with a machine excavator. On-site subsurface wastewater systems will require an 18" vertical separation from the bottom of the disposal field to the seasonal high-water table and a soils sizing factor of 3.3.



Brayton - Colonel Complex (BC)	
Coarse-loamy, isotic, frigid Aquic Haplorthods	
Setting	
Parent Material:	Basal glacial till
Landform:	Hills and mountains of glaciated uplands
Slope Ranges:	3-8% (B)
	15-20% (D)
Depth to Bedrock:	Very Deep (>40")

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Moderately Well Drained
Hydrologic Soil Group:	D
Hydrologic Conductivity:	Moderately high or high in the solum, and low to
	moderately high in the dense substratum
Flooding Frequency:	Possible during periods of high precipitation.

Typical Profile Description	
Surface:	Black, moderately decomposed organic material.
Subsurface:	Dark brown, fine sandy loam. Granular structure.
Subsoil:	Fine sandy loam. Brown to olive brown in color. Sub
	angular blocky structure.
Substratum:	Firm, mottled, olive fine sandy loam

Inclusions	
Similar:	Naskeag
Dissimilar:	Peru, Tunbridge, Waumbek

The Brayton-Colonel complex is rated as very limited for the proposed development. Shallow depths to groundwater and shallow depths to large boulders cause limitations during development. Refer to the Colonel and Brayton map unit descriptions for further details.



Peru Series (Pe)	
Coarse-loamy, isotic, frigid Aquic Haplorthods	
Setting	
Parent Material:	Basal glacial till
Landform:	Hills and mountains of glaciated uplands
Slope Ranges:	3-8% (B)
	15-20% (D)
Depth to Bedrock:	Very Deep (>40")

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Moderately Well Drained
Hydrologic Soil Group:	С
Hydrologic Conductivity:	Moderately high or high in the solum, and moderately low or moderately high in the dense substratum
Flooding Frequency:	None

Typical Profile Description	
Surface:	Black, moderately decomposed organic material.
Subsurface:	Dark brown, fine sandy loam. Granular structure.
Subsoil:	Fine sandy loam. Brown to olive brown in color. Sub
	angular blocky structure.
Substratum:	Firm, mottled, olive fine sandy loam

Inclusions	
Similar:	Tunbridge, Waumbek
Dissimilar:	Abram, Lyman, Brayton

Soils in the Peru series are suitable for the proposed development but have potential limitations. Shallow depths to groundwater and shallow depths to large boulders cause limitations during development. Peru soils are suitable for onsite wastewater disposal. To overcome limitations in this soil type artificial drainage should be constructed to address the shallow depths to ground water. Large boulders should be moved with a machine excavator. On-site subsurface wastewater systems will require a 12" vertical separation from the bottom of the disposal field to the seasonal high-water table and a soils sizing factor of 3.3.



Tunbridge-Lyman Complex (TLC)

50% Coarse-loamy, isotic, frigid Typic Haplorthods 50% Loamy, isotic, frigid Lithic Haplorthods

Setting	
Parent Material:	Basal Glacial Till
Landform:	Mountains and hills
Slope Ranges:	8-15% (C)
Depth to Bedrock:	Shallow (10"-20") to Moderately deep (20"-40")

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Somewhat excessively drained to well drained
Hydrologic Soil Group:	D
Hydrologic Conductivity:	Moderately high or high throughout the mineral soil
Flooding Frequency:	None, flooding is not probable

Typical Profile Description	
Surface:	Dark reddish brown to black moderately decomposed
	organic material.
Subsurface:	Brown, fine sandy loam. Friable consistency granular
	structure.
Subsoil:	Olive, fine sandy loam. Friable consistency granular
	structure.
Substratum:	Bedrock

Inclusions	
Similar:	Peru, Colonel
Dissimilar:	Abram, Bedrock Outcrop

Soil Suitability and Limitations

The Tunbridge-Lyman Complex is rated as very limited for the proposed development. Tunbridge-Lyman soils have shallow depths to bedrock. To overcome limitations in this soil type blasting of bedrock may be required. On-site subsurface wastewater systems will require a 24" vertical separation from the bottom of the disposal field to bedrock and a soil sizing factor of 3.3.



Croghan Series (Cr)	
Sandy, isotic, frigid Aquic Haplorthods	
Setting	
Parent Material:	Glaciofluvial deposits
Landform:	Terraces and sand plains.
Slope Ranges:	8-15% (C)
Depth to Bedrock:	Very Deep (>40")

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Moderately Well Drained
Hydrologic Soil Group:	С
Hydrologic Conductivity:	High or very high in throughout the mineral soil
Flooding Frequency:	None, flooding is not probable

Typical Profile Description	
Surface:	Dark reddish brown to black moderately decomposed organic material.
Subsurface:	Dark grayish brown to gray, fine sand. Very friable
	consistency and granular structure.
Subsoil:	Brown, fine sand. Friable consistency and granular to blocky structure.
Substratum:	Pale brown to grayish brown sand. Loose consistency
	and massive structure.

Inclusions	
Similar:	Waumbek
Dissimilar:	Colonel, Brayton

Croghan soils are suitable for the proposed development. On-site subsurface wastewater systems will require a 24" vertical separation from the bottom of the disposal field to bedrock and a soil sizing factor of 2.6.



Surplus Series (Cr)		
Coarse-la	pamy, isotic Aquic Haplocryods	
Setting		
Parent Material: Basal Glacial Till		
Landform: Mountain side slopes		
Slope Ranges: 15-20% (D)		
Depth to Bedrock:Very Deep (>40")		

Water Related Properties	
Drainage Class:	Moderately Well Drained to Somewhat Poorly
	Drained
Hydrologic Soil Group:	D
Hydrologic Conductivity:	Moderately high or high in the organic surface layer and the mineral solum, and low to moderately high in the substratum
Flooding Frequency:	None, flooding is not probable

Typical Profile Description		
Surface:	Dark reddish brown to black moderately decomposed	
	organic material.	
Subsurface:	Dark grayish brown to brown, very stony fine sandy	
	loam. Friable consistency and granular structure.	
Subsoil:	Yellowish brown very stony fine sandy loam. Friable	
	and moderate thin platy structure.	
Substratum:	Light olive brown very stony, sandy loam. Friable	
	consistency and platy structure.	

Inclusions	
Similar:	Sisk, Saddleback,
Dissimilar:	Brayton, Waumbek

Soils in the Surplus map unit are suitable for the proposed development but have some limitations. These soils have numerous boulders, a large machine excavator will be required. These soils are located at the higher elevations of the proposed development. Steep slopes may require large amounts of fill and earth work to level the grading for development. On-site subsurface wastewater systems will require a 12" vertical separation from the bottom of a disposal field to ground water and a soil sizing factor of 3.3.



PAGE 10 OF 17

FORM E Rev. 07/11

SOIL CONDITIONS SUMMARY TABLE

Project Name: BOYNE RESORTS WEST MOUNTAIN EXPANSION

Applicant Name: PANSION VANASSE HAGEN BRUSTLIN, INC

SUMMARY LOG OF SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS AT PROJECT SITES

Project Location (municipality): WEST MOUNTAIN RD, SUGARLOAF SKI RESORT

		×	Description of subsurface materials by:	by: Depths to (inches):					
Lot No.	Exploration Symbol (TP 1, B 2, etc.)	if at SSWD Field	 Soil profile/condition (if by S.E.), Soil series name (if by C.S.S.), or by Geologic unit (if by C.G.) 	Redoximorphic Features	Bedrock	Hydrautically Restrictive Layer	Limit of Exploration	Ground Surface Slope (%)	Ground Surface Elevation
	TPA-2		Peru	18	-	18	48	8	1725
	TRA-3		Peru	28	/	28	120	16	1725
	TPA-4		Peru	18		24	48	8	1924
	TPA-5		lery	18	/	24	48	25	2000
	TPA-6		Brayton	7	/	18	48	ĨĨ	2040'
	TPA-7		Peru	18		24	48	12	2070
	TPA-8		Naskean	22	/		48	15	2143
	TPA-10		Colonel	8		24	40	10	2208
	CI-A9T		Caloriel	12		24	126	17	1770
	TPA-13		Peru	20	/	38	132	18	1850
	TPA-14		Colonel	12	_	28	144	20	1899
	TPB-1		Peru	16	<u> </u>	22	144	13	155
	TPB-2.		Croghan	20	<u> </u>		144	11	1585
	TPB-3		Colonel	12	/	30	144	0	153?
	TPB.4		Colonel	10		12	90	10	1497
	TPB-5		Calonel	14		24	120	8	1475
	TB-1		Colonel	11	/	24	24	16	20103
	18-2-		Colonel	12		20	20	7	1560
	TPC-L		Colonel	13		24	132	16	1786
	TPC-2-		Colonel	12		23	120	9	168
	TPC-3		Peru	20		20	99	F	1737
	TPC-4		Poru	24	72	24	72	13	2009
	TPC-5		Salonel	15		25	132	90	1681
	TPC-6		Peru	16		24	14.4	10	1554
	TPC-7		Arauton	Q	<	35	24	3_	2010
	TBA-1		Colonel	9		20	24	15	1815
	TPC-4		Peru	18	/	22	22	18	1890
	TPD-1		Surplus	18	<u> </u>	13	60	20	293
	TPD-2		Colonel	12	/	27	144	15	2131
	TBD-L		Peru	18	/	22	22-	13	220
	TBD-3		Brayton	6		22	24		1204
	TBD-5		Calanel	8	/	32	24	E OF	TAIR
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FORM E Rev. 07/11

SOIL CONDITIONS SUMMARY TABLE

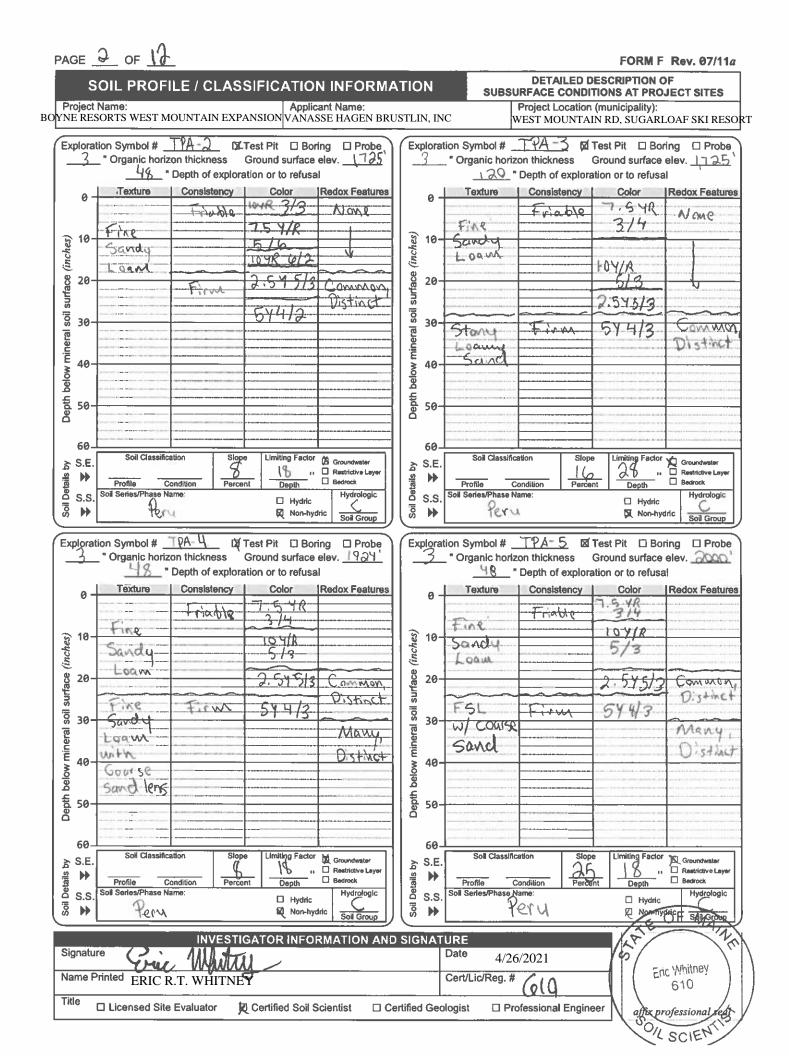
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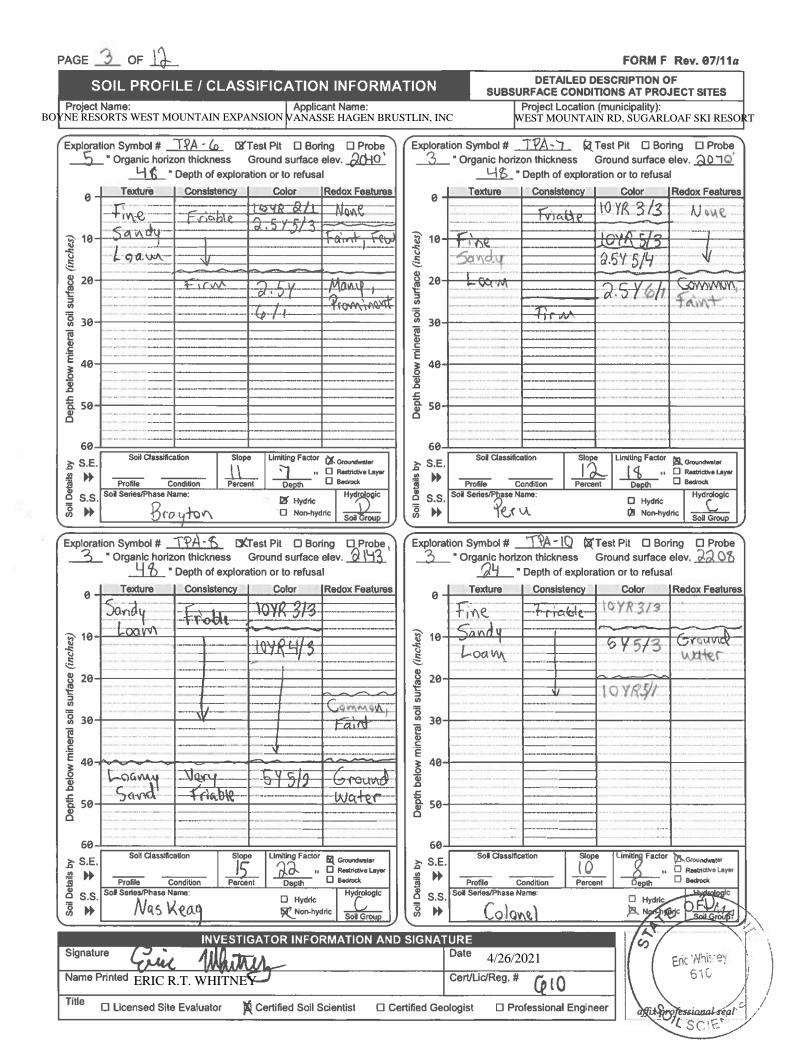
SUMMARY LOG OF SUBSURFACE EXPLORATIONS AT PROJECT SITES

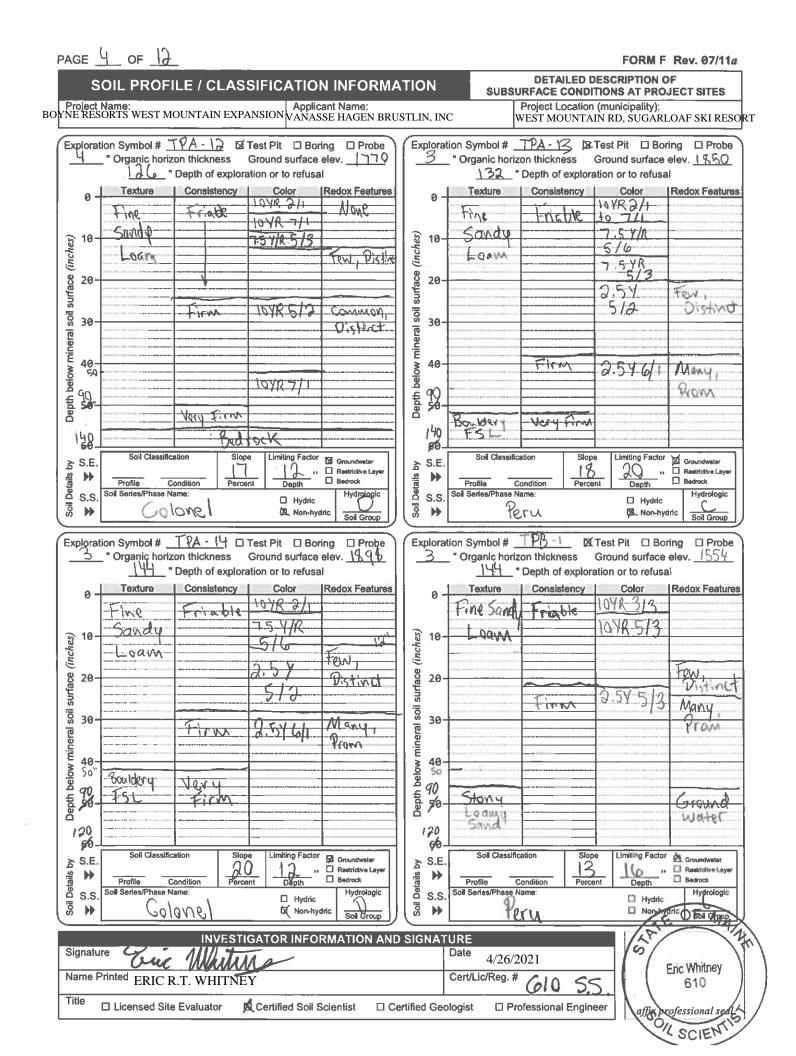
Project Location (municipality): WEST MOUNTAIN RD, SUGARLOAF SKI RESOR

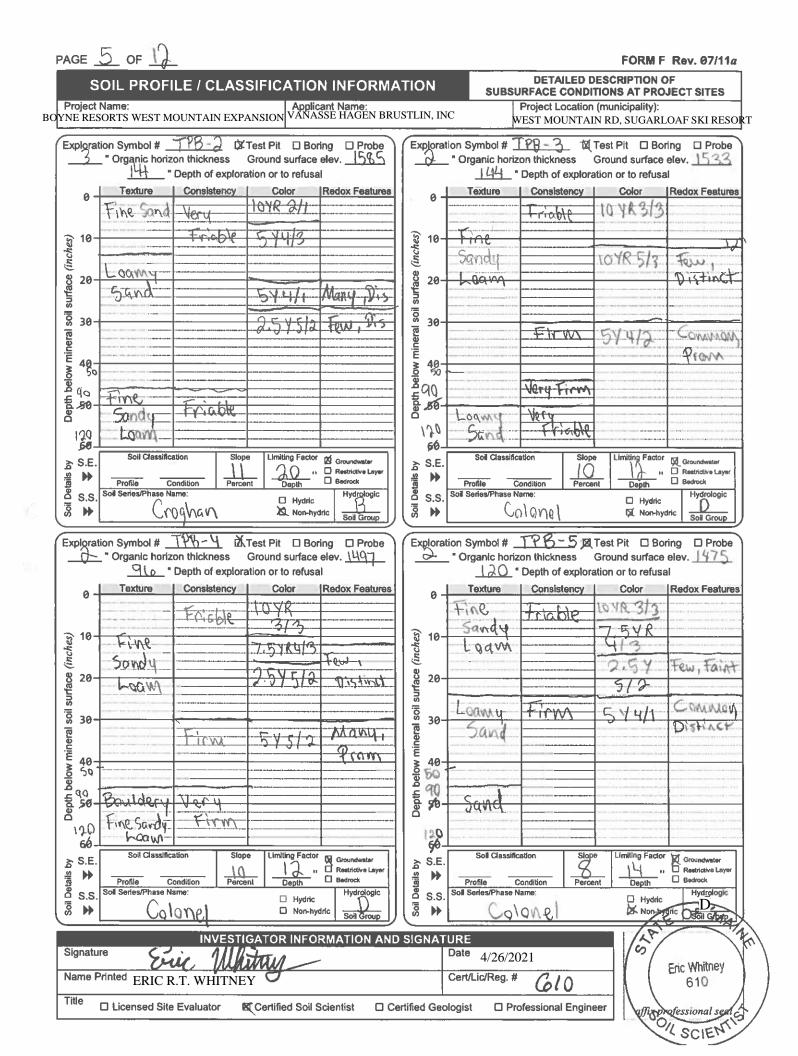
			Description of subsurface materials by:	Depths to (inches):					-
Lot No.	Exploration Symbol (TP 1, B 2, etc.)	ばat SSWD Field	 Soil profile/condition (if by S.E.), Soil series name (if by C.S.S.), or by Geologic unit (if by C.G.) 	Redoximorphic Features	Bedrock	Hydraulically Restrictive Layer	Limit of Exploration	Ground Surface Slope (%)	Ground Surface Elevation
	T8D-6		Peru	16	/	22	24	13	1894
	TBD-7		Colonel	13	/	20	22	12	1896
	TBD-B		Colonel	13	/	16	20	19	1798
	TBD-9		Colonel	12	/	23	24	13	19,11
	TBD-0		Colonel	12		23	24	17_	1814
	TBD 11		Colonel	12	/	20	20	13	1800
	TBD-13		Calonel	14		32	32	10	1787
	TBD-14		Peru	17		27	28	20	170%
	TBD-15		Braytan	1		20	20	12	1796
	TKD-16		Brayton	(0		22	24	13	761
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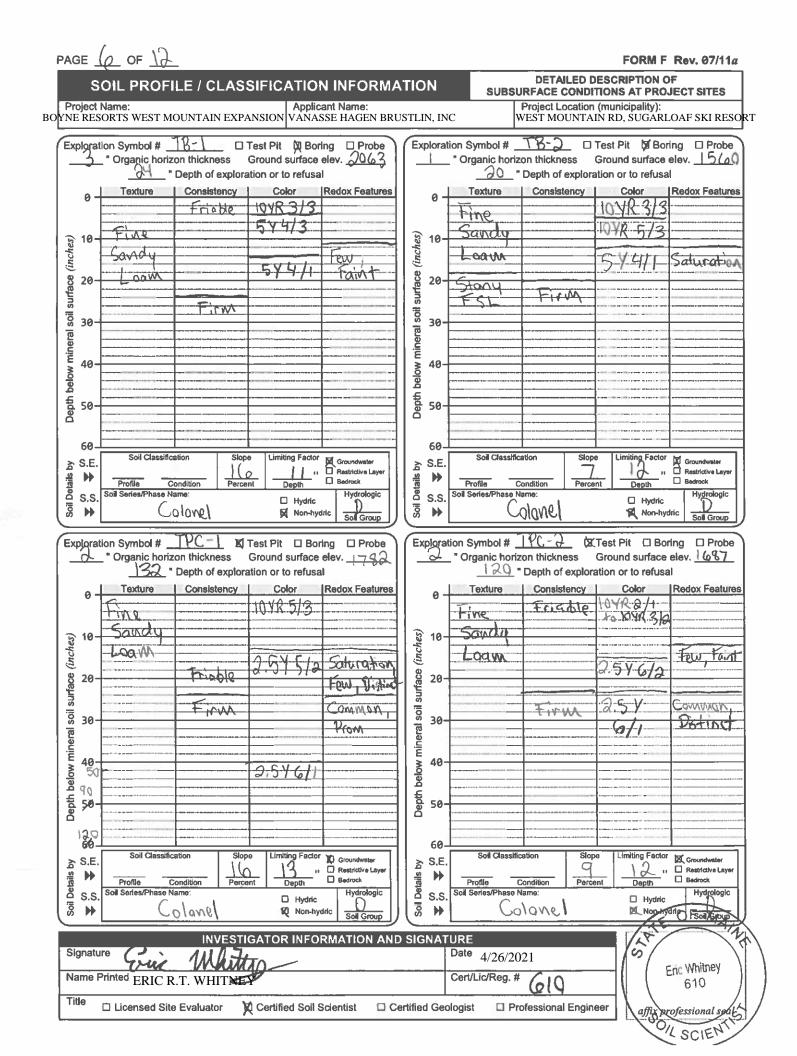
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Signature	in Whittes	Date 4/26/202	
Name Printed E	ERIC R.T. WHITNEY	Cert/Lic/Reg. # GN	O Eric Whitney
Qualification	Licensed Site Evaluator Certified Geologist	★ Certified Soil Scientist Other:	610 affix professional seal /
			SOIL SCIENTIS

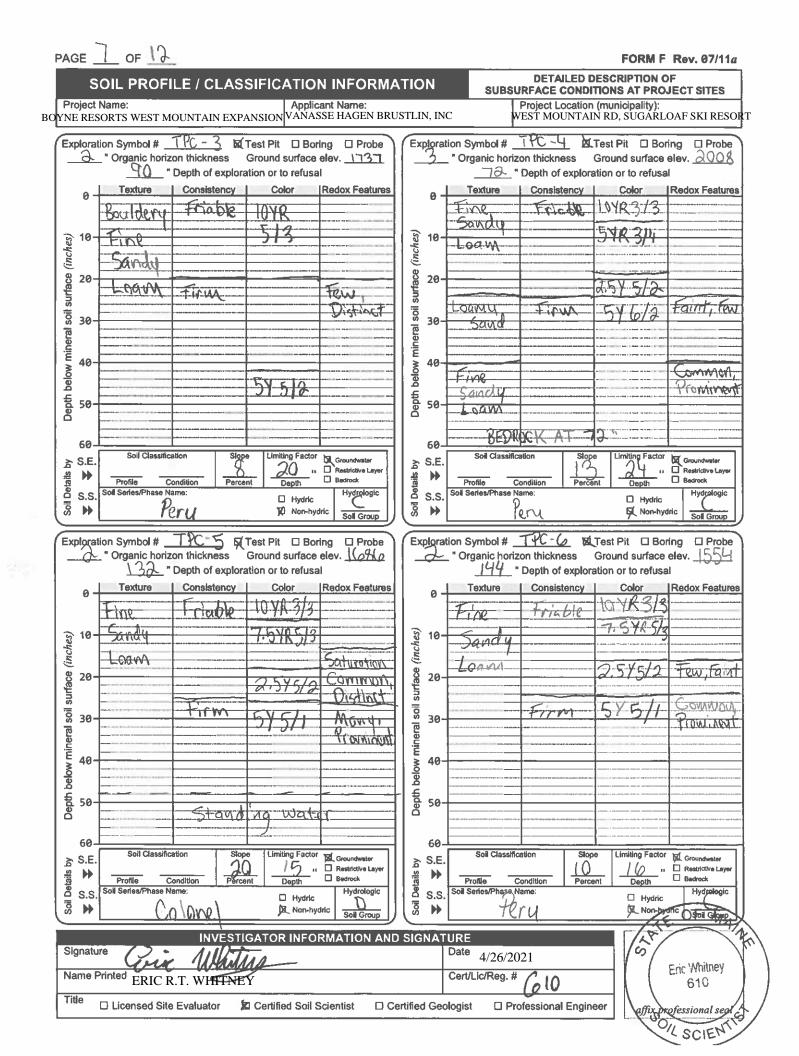


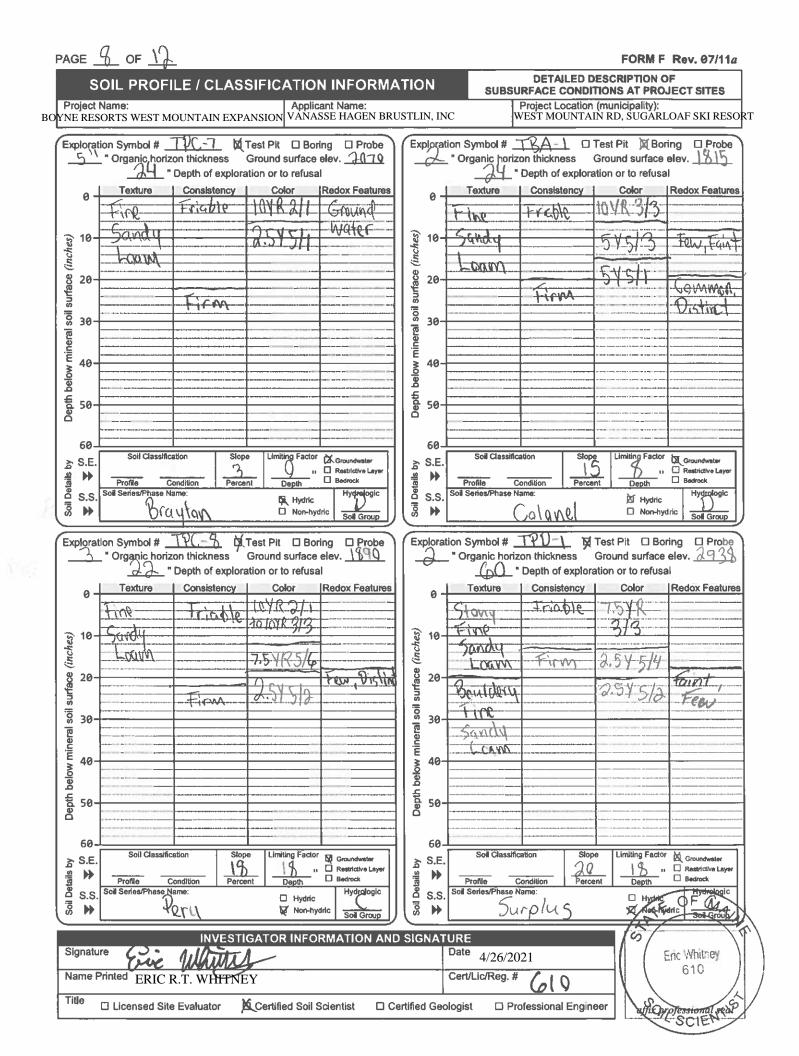


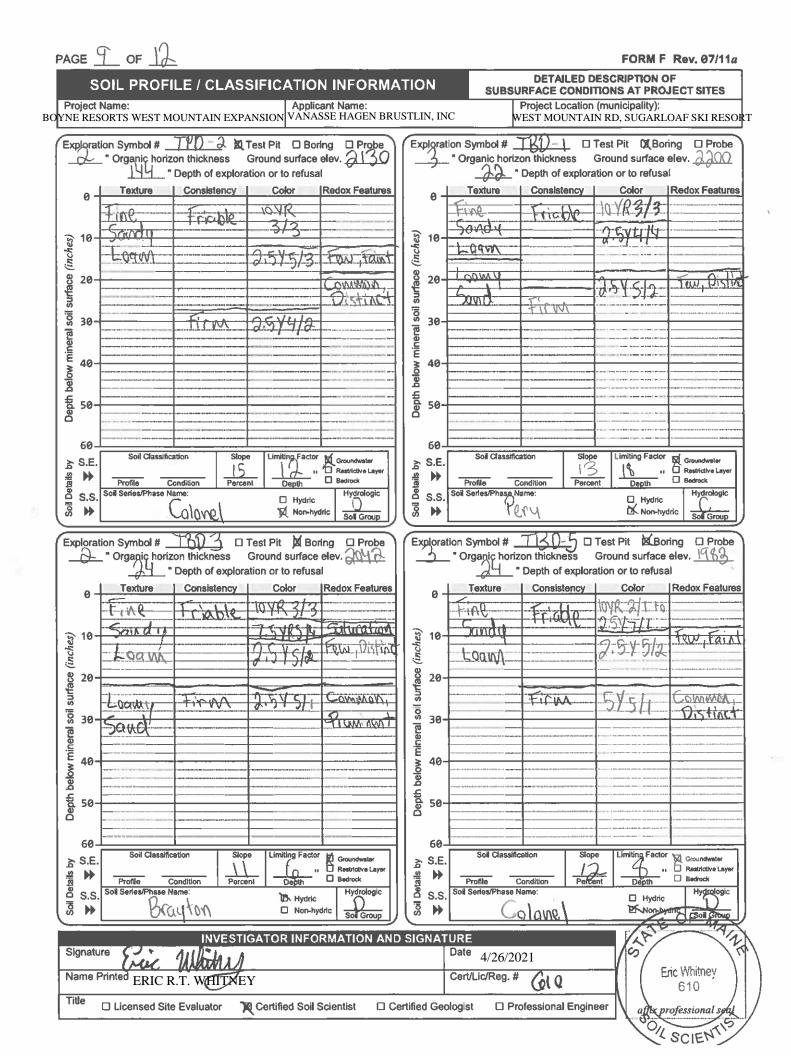


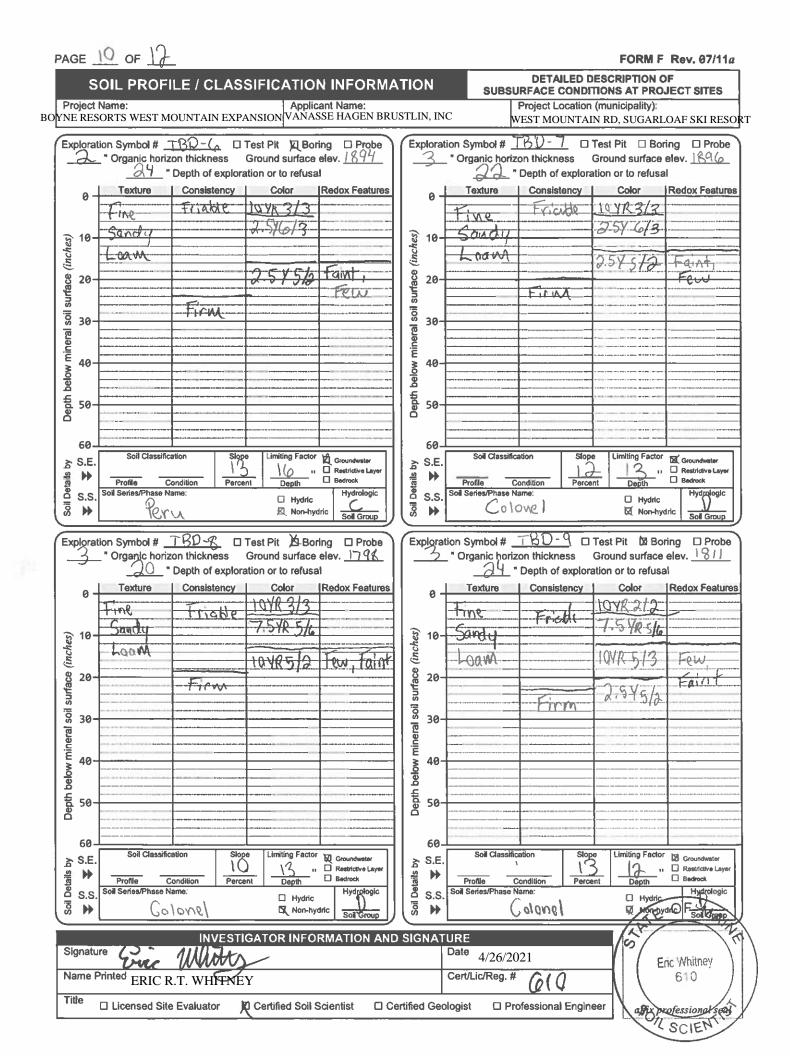


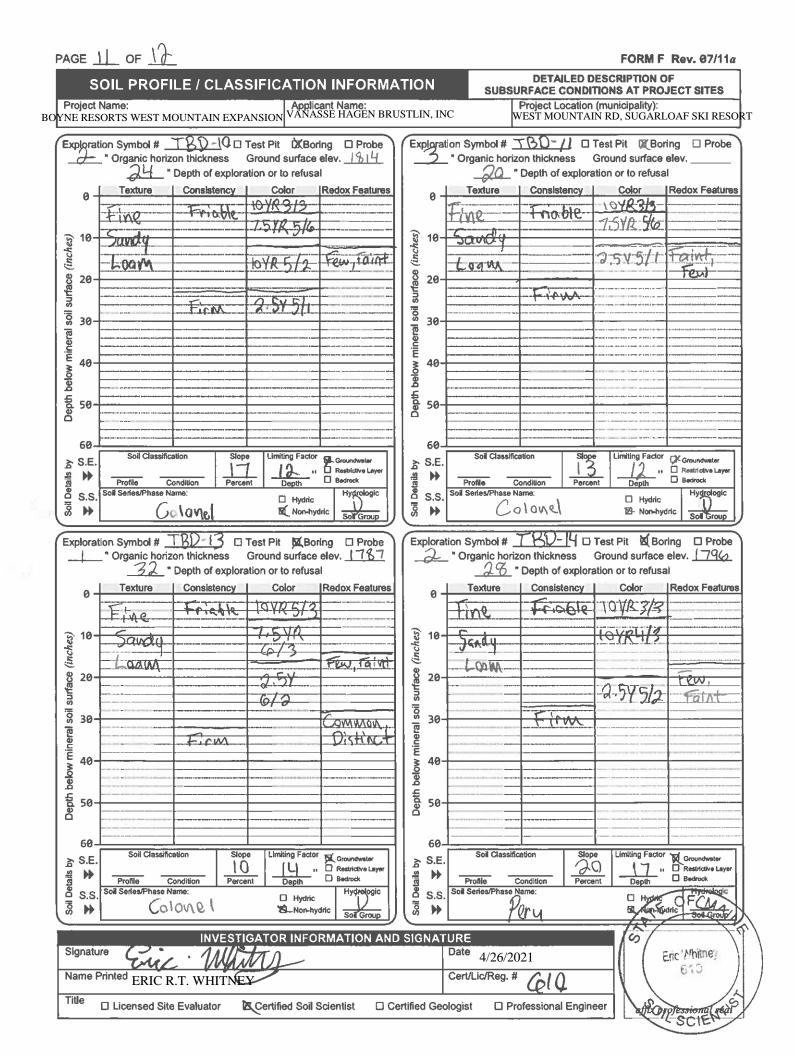


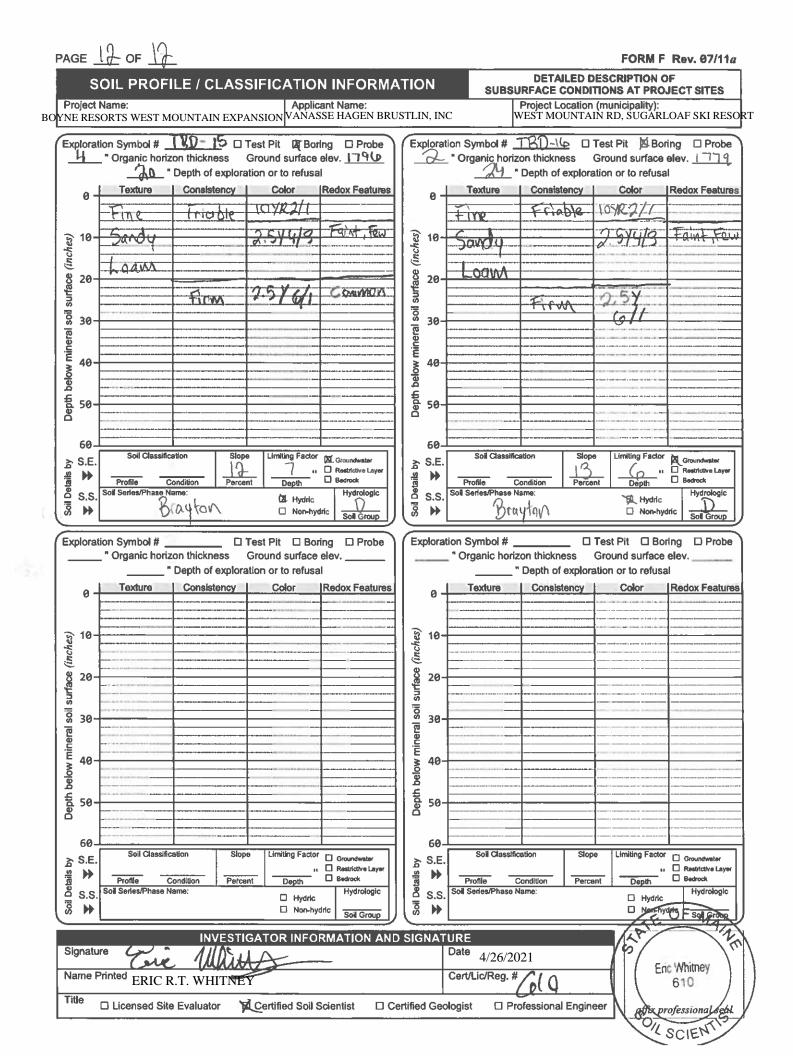


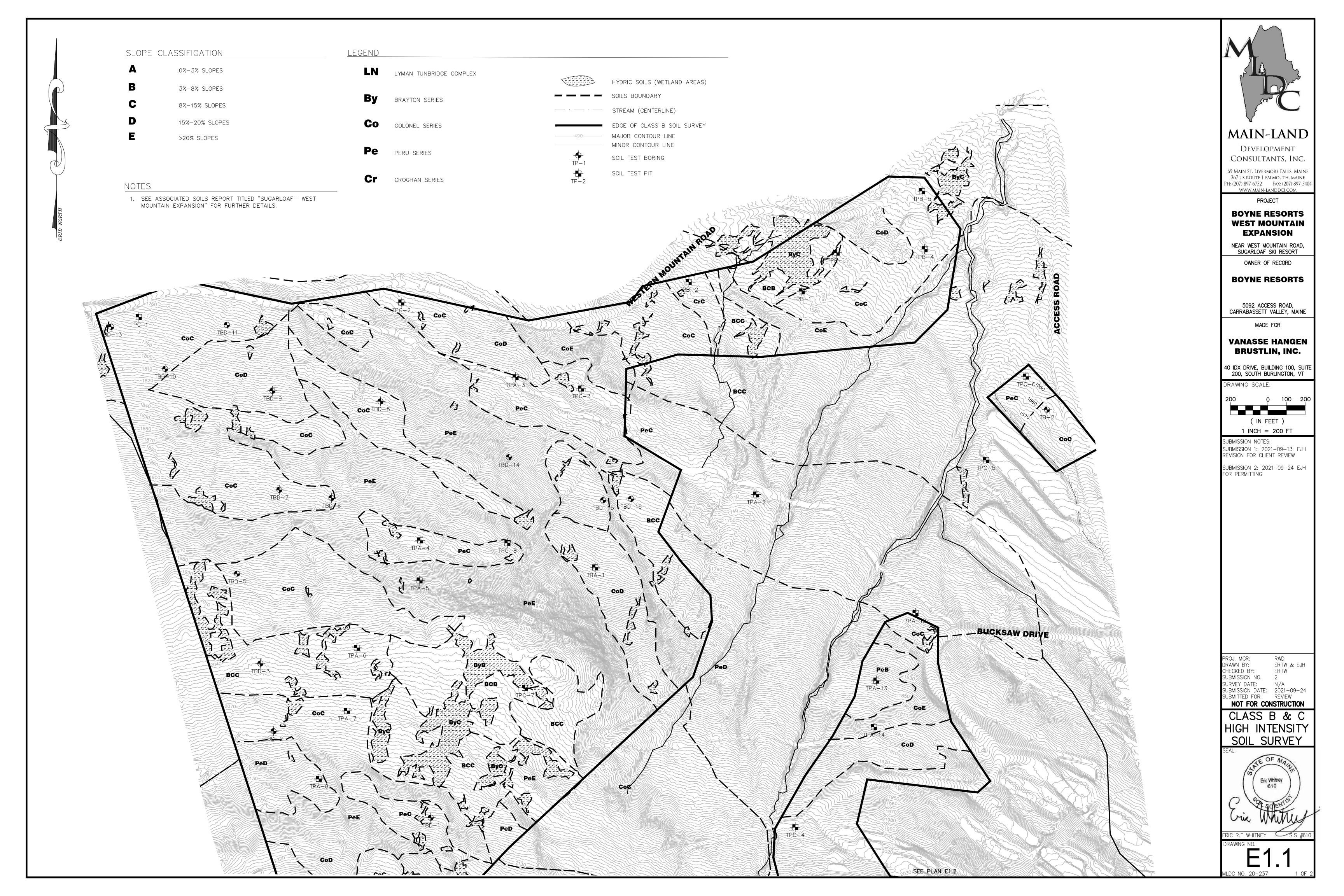












SLOPE CLASSIFICATION

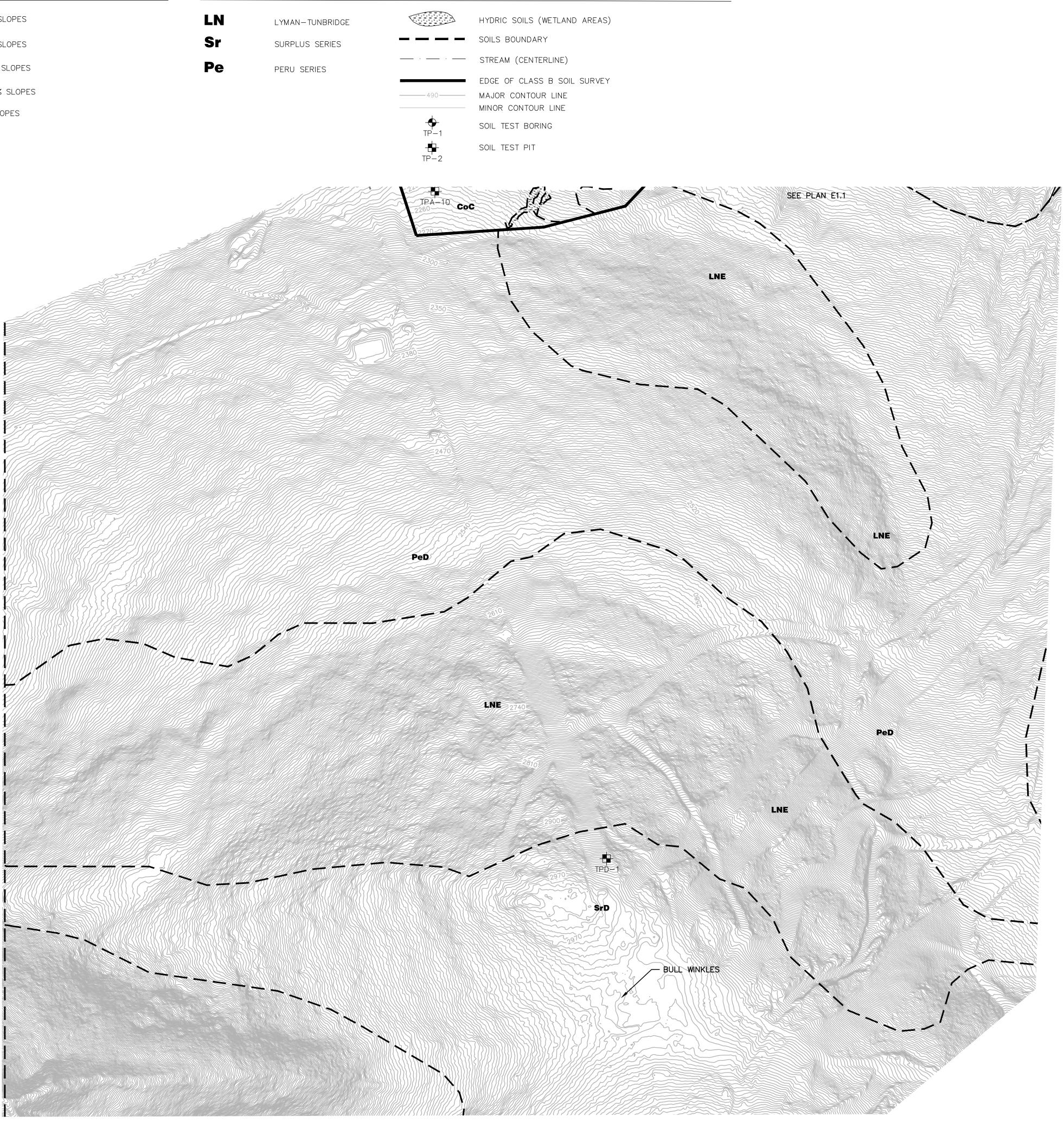
Α

D

0%-3% SLOPES
3%-8% SLOPES
8%-15% SLOPES
15%-20% SLOPES
>20% SLOPES

LEGEND

.N	LYMAN-TUNBRIDGE
Sr	SURPLUS SERIES
Pe	PERU SERIES



Same C
MAIN-LAND
DEVELOPMENT
CONSULTANTS, INC. 69 Main St. Livermore Falls, Maine
367 US ROUTE 1 FALMOUTH, MAINE PH: (207) 897-6752 FAX: (207) 897-5404 WWW.MAIN-LANDDCI.COM
PROJECT
BOYNE RESORTS WEST MOUNTAIN
EXPANSION NEAR WEST MOUNTAIN ROAD,
SUGARLOAF SKI RESORT OWNER OF RECORD
BOYNE RESORTS
5092 ACCESS ROAD,
CARRABASSETT VALLEY, MAINE
BRUSTLIN, INC.
40 IDX DRIVE, BUILDING 100, SUITE 200, SOUTH BURLINGTON, VT
DRAWING SCALE: 200 0 100 200
(IN FEET)
1 INCH = 200 FT SUBMISSION NOTES:
SUBMISSION 1: 2021-09-13 EJH REVISION FOR CLIENT REVIEW
SUBMISSION 2: 2021-09-24 EJH FOR PERMITTING
PROJ. MGR: RWD DRAWN BY: ERTW & EJH CHECKED BY: ERTW
SUBMISSION NO. 2 SURVEY DATE: N/A SUBMISSION DATE: 2021-09-24
SUBMISSION DATE: 2021-09-24 SUBMITTED FOR: REVIEW NOT FOR CONSTRUCTION
CLASS B & C HIGH INTENSITY
SOIL SURVEY
SEAL:
Eric Whitney
C SA SOLENTIS
Vie White
ERIC R.T WHITNEY S.S #610 DRAWING NO.
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MLDC NO. 20–237 2 OF 2