PETITION FOR RELEASE FROM DAM OWNERSHIP AND WATER LEVEL MAINTENANCE

GENERAL INFORMATION AND PROCEDURES

- 1. A dam owner initiates the process to be released from dam ownership or water level maintenance by filing a petition with DEP. This process is governed solely by Maine law at 38 M.R.S. §§ 901-908, and only involves DEP at specific points in the process.
- 2. Within 15 days of receiving a petition, the DEP must determine whether the petition complies with the provisions of 38 M.R.S. § 901. If the petition does not comply, the DEP will return the petition to the dam owner.
- 3. After successfully filing a petition, a dam owner must consult with the persons listed in 38 M.R.S. § 902(3) to determine whether any of them want to take ownership of the dam:
 - a. Individuals and groups of persons, such as lake associations, who own property abutting the dam site, the water impounded by the dam or the waterway immediately downstream from the dam;
 - b. The Commissioner of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, the Commissioner of Agriculture, Conservation and Forestry and the Director of the Maine Emergency Management Agency;
 - c. The municipal officers of any municipality and the county commissioners of any unorganized area in which the dam or impoundment is located; and
 - d. Representatives of the tribal governments of Indian tribes or nations in whose territory a dam or impoundment is located.

See 38 M.R.S. § 902(1) for information on consultation requirements.

- 4. Within 60 days after being notified in accordance with 38 M.R.S. § 901, the municipal legislative body or county commissioners of any municipality or county, as appropriate, in which the dam or impoundment is located must hold a public meeting to consider and act on the issue of dam ownership. See 38 M.R.S. § 908.
- 5. Within 180 days of filing a petition, a dam owner must either withdraw the petition or file a report with DEP that includes:
 - a. Evidence that the dam owner complied with notice requirements;
 - b. Names and addresses of persons notified;
 - c. Names and addresses of parties consulted;
 - d. The results of the consultations and whether a new owner has been located.

See 38 M.R.S. § 902(4) and § 902(4-A).

- At the request of the dam owner or a qualifying municipality, the DEP will extend the reporting deadline for an additional 180 days. See 38 M.R.S. § 902(1-A).
- 6. After reviewing the report, the DEP will either accept or reject the report, or allow the dam owner a reasonable period of time to correct any deficiencies in the report. See 38 M.R.S. § 902(5).
- 7. If a new owner was not found during the consultation process, the DEP will notify the Department of Inland Fisheries and Wildlife, the Department of Conservation, and the Maine Emergency Management Agency that they must each, sequentially, evaluate the public value of the dam. If any one of these agencies determines that the best interest of the public requires it to assume ownership of the dam, it must do so. See 38 M.R.S. § 903.
- 8. If none of the identified state agencies assumes ownership of the dam, the DEP must, after public notice, issue an order requiring the dam owner to release the water from the dam in a manner that minimizes the impact of the release, including requirements for mitigation where appropriate. See 38 M.R.S. §§ 904, 905. Please see the attached information sheet on appealing a DEP Order.
- 9. A dam owner is not prohibited from requesting that compensation be paid for any transfer of dam ownership. However, if the request for compensation prevents the transfer of the dam to a willing new owner, then the current owner is not entitled to receive a dam release order. See 38 M.R.S. § 906(1).
- 10. In transferring ownership of a dam under the petition process, the owner shall transfer all property rights necessary to maintain and operate the dam, to the extent held by the dam owner, including title to the dam and the land under the dam, title to equipment and other personal property normally located at the dam site, flowage rights, and access rights. See 38 M.R.S. § 906(2).



DEP INFORMATION SHEET

Appeals to the Board of Environmental Protection

Date: November 2024 Contact: Clerk.BEP@maine.gov or

(207) 314-1458

SUMMARY

This document provides information regarding a person's rights and obligations in filing an administrative or judicial appeal of: (1) a final license decision made by the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Protection ("DEP"); or (2) an insurance claim-related decision ("Clean-up and Response Fund decision") made by the Commissioner or the Office of State Fire Marshal pursuant to 38 M.R.S. § 568-A.

Except as explained below, there are two methods available to an aggrieved person seeking to appeal a license decision made by the Commissioner or a Clean-up and Response Fund decision: (1) an administrative appeal before the Board of Environmental Protection ("Board"); or (2) a judicial appeal before Maine's Superior Court. An aggrieved person seeking review of a license decision or Clean-up and Response Fund decision made by the Board may seek judicial review in Maine's Superior Court.

An appeal of a license decision made by the DEP Commissioner or the Board regarding an application for an expedited wind energy development (35-A M.R.S. § 3451(4)), a general permit for an offshore wind energy demonstration project (38 M.R.S. § 480-HH(1)), or a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project (38 M.R.S. § 636-A) must be taken to the Supreme Judicial Court sitting as the Law Court.

I. ADMINISTRATIVE APPEALS TO THE BOARD

LEGAL REFERENCES

A person filing an appeal with the Board should review the applicable rules and statutes, including the DEP's Chapter 2 rule, <u>Processing of Applications and Other Administrative Matters (06-096 C.M.R. ch. 2);</u> Organization and Powers, <u>38 M.R.S. §§ 341-D(4)</u> and <u>346</u>; and the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, 5 M.R.S. § <u>11001</u>.

DEADLINE TO SUBMIT AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD

Within 30 calendar days of the date of: (1) a final license decision of the Commissioner; or (2) a Clean-up and Response Fund decision, an aggrieved person may appeal to the Board for review of that decision. "Aggrieved person" means any person whom the Board determines may suffer a particularized injury as a result of a Commissioner's license decision or a Clean-up and Response Fund decision. A complete appeal must be received by the Board no later than 5:00 p.m. on the 30th calendar day of the decision being appealed. With limited exception, untimely appeals will be dismissed.

HOW TO SUBMIT AN APPEAL TO THE BOARD

An appeal to the Board may be submitted via postal mail or electronic mail (e-mail) and must contain all signatures and required appeal contents. An electronic filing must contain the scanned original signature of the appealant(s). The appeal documents must be sent to the following address.

Chair, Board of Environmental Protection c/o Board Clerk 17 State House Station Augusta, ME 04333-0017 Clerk.BEP@maine.gov The DEP may also request the submittal of the original signed paper appeal documents when the appeal is filed electronically. The risk of material not being received in a timely manner is on the sender, regardless of the method used.

At the time an appeal is filed with the Board, the appellant must send a copy of the appeal to: (1) the Commissioner of the DEP (Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 17 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0017); (2) the licensee, if the appellant is not the licensee; and (3) if a hearing was held on the application, any intervenors in that hearing proceeding. For appeals of Clean-up and Response Fund decisions made by the State Fire Marshal, the appellant must also send a copy of the appeal to the State Fire Marshal. Please contact the Board Clerk at clerk.bep@maine.gov or DEP staff at 207-287-7688 with questions or for contact information regarding a specific license or Clean-up and Response Fund decision.

REQUIRED APPEAL CONTENTS

A written appeal must contain the information specified in Chapter 2, section 23(B) or section 24(B), as applicable, at the time the appeal is submitted. Please carefully review these sections of Chapter 2, which is available online at https://www.maine.gov/sos/cec/rules/06/chaps06.htm, or contact the Board Clerk to obtain a copy of the rule. Failure to comply with the content of appeal requirements may result in the appeal being dismissed pursuant to Chapter 2, section 23(C) or section 24(C).

OTHER CONSIDERATIONS IN APPEALING A DECISION TO THE BOARD

- 1. *Be familiar with the administrative record.* Generally, the record on which the Board decides an appeal is limited to the record prepared by the agency in its review of the application, any supplemental evidence admitted to the record by the Board Chair and, if a hearing is held on the appeal, additional evidence admitted during the hearing. A person who seeks to appeal a decision to the Board is encouraged to contact the DEP (or State Fire Marshal for Clean-up and Response Fund decisions made by that agency) to inspect the record before filing an appeal.
- 2. Be familiar with the applicable rules and laws. An appellant is required to identify the licensing criterion or standard the appellant believes was not satisfied in issuing the decision, the bases of the objections or challenges, and the remedy sought. Prior to filing an appeal, review the decision being appealed to identify the rules and laws that are applicable to the decision. An appellant may contact the DEP or Board staff with any questions regarding the applicable rules and laws or the appeal procedure generally.
- 3. The filing of an appeal does not operate as a stay to any decision. If a license has been granted and it has been appealed, the license normally remains in effect pending the processing of the appeal. Unless a separate stay of the decision is requested and granted (see Chapter 2, section 23(M)), the licensee may proceed with an approved project pending the outcome of the appeal. Any activity initiated in accordance with the approved license during the pendency of the appeal comes with the risk of not knowing the outcome of the appeal, including the possibility that the decision may be reversed or modified by the Board.
- 4. Alternative dispute resolution. If the appeal participants agree to use mediation or another form of alternative dispute resolution ("ADR") to resolve the appeal and so notify the Board, the Board will not hear the matter until the conclusion of that effort, provided the participants engaged in the alternative dispute resolution demonstrate satisfactory progress toward resolving the issues. See Chapter 2, section 23(H) or contact the Board Executive Analyst (contact information below) for more information on the ADR provision.

WHAT TO EXPECT ONCE YOU FILE A TIMELY APPEAL WITH THE BOARD

The Board will acknowledge receipt of each appeal and develop a service list of appeal participants and any interested persons for use in the appeal proceeding. Electronic mail (e-mail) is the preferred method of communication during an appeal proceeding; however, the Board reserves the right to require paper copies of all filings. Once the Board Chair rules on the admissibility of all proposed supplemental evidence, the licensee (if the licensee is not the appellant) may respond to the merits of the appeal. Instructions specific to each appeal will be provided in correspondence from the Board Executive Analyst or Board Chair. Generally, once all filings in an appeal proceeding are complete, the DEP staff will assemble a packet of materials for the Board (Board packet), including a staff recommendation in the form of a proposed Board Order. Once available, appeal participants will receive a copy of the Board packet and an agenda with the meeting location and start time. Once finalized, the meeting agenda will be posted on the Board's webpage https://www.maine.gov/dep/bep/index.html. Appeals will be considered based on the administrative record on appeal and oral argument at a regular meeting of the Board. See Chapter 2, Section 23(I). The Board may affirm all or part of the decision under appeal; affirm all or part of the decision under appeal with modifications, or new or additional conditions; order a hearing to be held as expeditiously as possible; reverse the decision under appeal; or remand the decision to the Commissioner or State Fire Marshal, as applicable, for further proceedings.

II. JUDICIAL APPEALS

The filing of an appeal with the Board is not a prerequisite for the filing of a judicial appeal. Maine law generally allows aggrieved persons to appeal final license decisions to Maine's Superior Court (*see* 38 M.R.S. § 346(1); Chapter 2; 5 M.R.S. § 11001; and M.R. Civ. P. 80C). A judicial appeal by a party to the underlying proceeding must be filed with the Superior Court within 30 days of receipt of notice of the Board's or the Commissioner's decision. For any other aggrieved person, an appeal must be filed within 40 days of the date the decision was rendered. An appeal to court of a license decision regarding an expedited wind energy development, a general permit for an offshore wind energy demonstration project, or a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project may only be taken directly to the Maine Supreme Judicial Court. *See* 38 M.R.S. § 346(4), the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, statutes governing a particular license decision, and the Maine Rules of Civil Procedure for substantive and procedural details applicable to judicial appeals.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

If you have questions or need additional information on the appeal procedure, for administrative appeals contact the Board Clerk at clerk.bep@maine.gov or 207-287-2811 or the Board Executive Analyst at bill.hinkel@maine.gov or 207-314-1458, or for judicial appeals contact the court clerk's office in which the appeal will be filed.

Note: This information sheet, in conjunction with a review of the statutory and rule provisions referred to herein, is provided to help a person to understand their rights and obligations in filing an administrative or judicial appeal, and to comply with notice requirements of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, 5 M.R.S. § 9061. This information sheet is not intended to supplant the parties' obligations to review and comply with all statutes and rules applicable to an appeal and insofar as there is any inconsistency between the information in this document and the applicable statutes and rules, the relevant statutes and rules apply.