

JANET T. MILLS GOVERNOR MAJ GEN DOUGLAS A. FARNHAM COMMISSIONER

# MAINE OFFICE OF DAM SAFETY



Peter J. Rogers Director

## Certified Mail

Date: December 21, 2021

Bucksport Mill LLC Attn: Dave Bryant PO Box 1874 Bucksport, ME 04416

SUBJECT: Dam Inspection Report for MEMA #110 - Alamoosook Lake Dam

Dear Mr. Bryant:

On behalf of Commissioner Douglas Farnham, thank you for your cooperation to facilitate the required inspection of your dam by the Maine Office of Dam Safety.

Per Title 37-B MRSA, Chapter 24: Dam Safety, your dam is required to be inspected every six (6) years for condition and every twelve (12) years for hazard. Your dam was inspected on October 12, 2021 by Tony Fletcher, PE. Please find attached the condition report with recommendations and downstream hazard reclassification recommendation.

Should you disagree with the findings and recommendations of this report you may respond in writing to this office within twenty (20) days of receipt of this letter. Further you must file the basis of your appeal within 3 months of receipt of this letter.

Should you have any queries, please do not hesitate to contact either the Dam Safety Administrator, Tara Ayotte at (207)-624-4400 or <u>tara.ayotte@maine.gov</u> or the Operations and Response Division Director Steven Mallory at <u>steven.mallory@maine.gov</u>.

Thank you again.

Sincerely,

Pite & Bys Peter.J. Rogers (Dec 21, 2021 14:48 EST)

Peter J. Rogers Director

Enc: Distribution List Dam Report

> MAINE EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY 72 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0072 PHONE: 207-624-4400/800-452-8735 FAX: 207-287-3178

# DAM INSPECTION REPORT ELECTRONIC DISTRIBUTION LIST

## DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE, VETERANS, AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT

Major General Douglas A. Farnham, Commissioner Steven Mallory, Director of Operations and Response, MEMA Tara Ayotte, Dam Safety Administrator, MEMA (MEMA Dam File)

### OTHER

Andrew Sankey, Hancock County EMA Director Town of Orland, 91 School House Street, Orland ME 04472 Kyle Nenninger, Bucksport Generation LLC, 2 River Road, Bucksport ME 04416



State of Maine Department of Defense, Veterans and Emergency Management Maine Emergency Management Agency Office of Dam Safety

### #110 Alamoosook Lake Dam

Town of Orland, Hancock County, ME

## Hazard & Condition Report

Date of Inspection – 10/12/2021

Prepared for: The Operations Director MEMA

Prepared by: Tony Fletcher PE Acting State Dam Inspector

MEMA, 45 Commerce Drive, Suite #2, 72 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0072 Phone: 207-624-4400/800-452-8735 Fax: 207-287-3178

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#### Attachments

Α	Eight Inspection photographs, with descriptions.	2 Pages
В	B1 - Site Location Map, B2 - Lake Water System Schematic	2 Pages
С	#110 Alamoosook Lake	1 Page
D	Plan & Downstream Elevation of Dam including photo positions	. 1 Page
E	Steam Stats - E1=Location & Basin, E2=24 Hour Precipitation, E3=Peak Flow/Return Interval	3 Pages
F	Breach Maps F2,F3,F4 from Alamoosook Lake Breach Study 2/10/20, showing houses & bridges impacted by study breach	3 Pages

#### Memorandum

To:The Operations Director, MEMACopy:MEMA Dam Safety OfficeFrom:Acting State Dam InspectorDate:December 21, 2021

#### RE: Condition Assessment of #110 Alamoosook Lake Dam, Town of Orland, Hancock County, ME

Attached please find my hazard & condition report for Alamoosook Lake Dam, an 18' high, 165' long, 91-year-old, concrete mass gravity dam, located downstream of Toddy Pond Dam, on the Narramissic River, in the Town of Orland, Hancock County, ME. The dam is owned by Bucksport Mill LLC, represented by Mr. Dave Bryant, who, together with the dam operator, attended the inspection. The dam is used to augment the supply of water to Silver Lake for private & public use. Alamoosook Lake is used mainly for recreation.

Regarding the dam's Hazard; I have reviewed the dam's emergency action plan (EAP) & the MEMA dam file. The dam's current emergency action plan (EAP) has been tested, however, its dam breach inundation map (DBIM) does not show all downstream infrastructure which could be impacted by a dam breach. Further, the dams EAP does not have a complete list of all houses, dams, roads & bridges which could be impacted by a breach of this dam. Attachment F shows the DBIM from the "Alamoosook Lake Dam Breach Study" (02/07/20) by MEMA which is considered sufficiently accurate to be used as a basis to recommend the reclassification of this dam to a "high potential hazard".

With regards to the dam's condition. The following dam components were inspected on the afternoon of 10/12/21 - the left abutment & non-overflow section of the dam wall, the right abutment, security fencing, the upstream concrete face of the dam from the gate structure & shore, the gate structure from the top & downstream & the walkway. Components not inspected were; the gates, the fishway, the downstream pump house & the Orland Village Dam. The Gate was not tested. Inspection findings: horizontal cracking of the left non-overflow part of the dam (4&5), trees & brush within 20' of the dam on both sides of the river, general deterioration of all concrete work (cracking, spalling, crazing & possibly ASR). The ogee spillway (photo 7) (which was dry on the day) is flaking & has moss or algae growing on its downstream surface. Fencing & gantries are bent in places & show corrosion. Despite the dam's visually poor material condition, no evidence of settlement of misalignment was seen.

My recommendations are that MEMA reclassify Alamoosook Lake Dam from a "significant" to a "high" potential hazard dam & request the dam owner to do the following within the times allowed;

- 1) Correct & update the EAP per paragraph 11) of this report.
- 2) Arrange a table-top exercise (TTX) to test the edited EAP before the 2022 spring runoff.
- 3) Write an "operation & maintenance plan" for the dam before 2023.
- 4) Copy the O&M plan to MEMA to the Town & shorefront property owners association.
- 5) Submit as-built construction records of the dam to MEMA for record purposes.
- 6) Root out all brush & trees within 20 feet of the dam before 2023. Restore surface & lawn.
- 7) Repair the cracks in the concrete non-overflow section at the left abutment (Photos 4&5).
- 8) Rehabilitate decayed concrete & mortar on the dam & spillway & repair security fencing & posts before 2023.
- 9) Commission an underwater inspection of the toe area of the dam to determine if the dam is being undercut by erosion.

If you have any questions about this report, please do not hesitate to contact me.

Sincerely,

Tomy Hitches

Tony Fletcher PE Acting State Dam Inspector



#### Preface - Information for the Dam Owner & Operator.

The purpose of this report is to recommend "necessary remedial measures" to improve the safety of this dam per Title 37B MRSA c 24, "Dam Safety", a copy of which may be obtained from the Dam Safety Office, MEMA. The purpose of this law is to determine which dams are "jurisdictional" based on size dams in Maine are constructed, maintained & operated in a safe manner. The law mandates two types of dam assessment; "hazard" to estimate a dams "potential to cause damage" if it failed & a "condition" assessment to determine what "necessary remedial measures" are required to improve the safety of the dam which normally requires a field inspection. Only those dams classified a high & significant hazard dams require "condition" inspections every 6 years. Maine dam safety law does not authorize the Department to issue permits to construct or repair dams. This is the duty of the Maine Department of Environmental Protection.

The "hazard" classification of a dam is a measure of its "potential" to cause downstream damage if it failed. It is NOT a measure of its "condition". Dams classified a) "High hazard" threaten human life, b) "significant hazard" threaten downstream property damage, c) "low hazard" have a low potential to cause either loss of life or downstream property damage. The law requires "hazard" assessments every 12 years for all dams. The "hazard" of a dam may be assessed by inspection of the dam's basin and downstream watercourse, or it may be assessed using dam breach analysis. In terms of the law, dams which are classified "high hazard" (HH) or "significant hazard" (SH) require "emergency action plans" (EAP's), a plan intended to minimize the downstream impacts of dam failure. This plan must be exercised regularly by the dam owner to test its effectiveness.

The "condition" of a dam is determined by a visual inspection of components of a dam, such as the top, upstream & downstream faces, the toe & groin areas, all abutments, spillway & outlet structures & the reservoir shoreline. Other items considered are - gates, power features, mechanisms, security arrangements, dam operation & maintenance procedures, etc. A condition inspection seeks defects which would lead to failure or breach of the dam. Dam defects include - root penetration from vegetation & trees growing on or near the dam which also conceals dam surfaces, any movement observed (misalignment, settlement, cracks joint opening), leakage, seepage, piping, debris blocking gates & spillways, concrete conditions & ASR (see below) missing control features, toe scour, mis-operation & the like. During the condition assessment for this dam, its design, stability, foundation, construction, EAP, SOP's were not assessed. No surveys, material sampling or testing was done. The foundation was not investigated nor was the gate tested. Attachment A shows photograph taken during the inspection.

**Note 1** - Alkali-Silica Reaction (ASR) (also Alkali-Aggregate Reaction - AAR) is the decay of concrete that occurs under humid or wet conditions. ASR is an irreversible, internal chemical reaction, occurring within the body of the concrete, between un-hydrated sodium & potassium alkalis in the Portland cement & high silica aggregates (common in the north east USA). The products of this reaction expand & physically change the properties of the concrete. Indicators that ASR is occurring in concrete are; surface cracks, crumbling, spalling & discoloration. ASR can occur, at joints, pipe/concrete interfaces & at dam/foundation joints, where it can reduce the dam's resistance to sliding. When found, the extent of ASR degradation should be recorded & monitored. The depth ASR can be determined by coring & sampling. Decayed concrete should be cut out & replaced by new concrete.

The Office of Dam Safety, Operations Division, Maine Emergency Management Agency (MEMA), are responsible for implementing Maine Dam Safety Program (MDSP) per MRCS Tittle 37B C24 "Dam Safety". This report was prepared by an independent contractor to the department. Queries regarding this report should be addressed the Director or Planning Associate.

#### Table 1 Contacts

General Enquiries	Director of Operations	Acting State Dam Inspector	Dam Safety Emergency Planning.	
Office of Dam Safety.	Steven Mallory	Tony Fletcher	Tara Ayotte	
MEMA, 45 Commerce Drive, Suite #2,	Tel: (207) 624-4476	Tel: (207) 624-4465	Tara.Ayotte@maine.gov	
Augusta, ME 04333-0072	Fax: (207) 287-3178		Tel: (207) 624-4432	
Tel: 207-624-4400 Fax: 207-287-3178			Fax: 207-287-3178	

Note 2 – Right to appeal the findings of this report. Per Title 37b, C 24 "Dam Safety", if a dam owner disagrees with the findings of this report, the dam owner, lessee or other person in control of the dam, must notify the Commissioner, Maine Department of Defense, Veterans & Emergency Management (DVEM) within 20 days of receiving this report. The dam owner then must provide the "basis of disagreement" to the commissioner within 3 months of receipt of the inspector's report. The dam owner may apply for & be granted a further 3-months extension to this deadline for good cause, but no more.

#### #111 ALAMOOSOOK Lake Dam - Hazard & Condition Report

#### 1) Purpose & Method

The purpose of this report is to recommend necessary remedial measures to improve the safety of ALAMOOSOOK Lake Dam. This report is based on; a review of the file, an assessment of the emergency action plan (EAP) & the 10/12/21 visual inspection of the dam. The inspection was based on the inspection checklist & guidelines directory in the dams MEMA file.

#### 2) Attachments

The following documents are attached to this report for reference & information purposes. Please examine & read remarks.

Attachment	Pages	Description & Comments				
A 2 11 Inspection photographs, with descriptions.						
B 2 B1 Site Location Map by Kleinschmidt Associates B2 The Lake Water System by Champion Interna						
C 1 Google Earth Map of Alamoosook Lake						
D	1	Plan & Elevation of Dam copied from Kleinschmidt Associates EAP showing dimensions & photo positions				
E	3	Stream Stats - E1=Location & Basin, E2=24 Hour Precipitation, E3=Peak Flow/Return Interval				
F	1	F1=Dam Breach Inundation Map #2 F2=DBIM #3 F3=DBIM #4 From "Alamoosook Lake Breach Study" 2/6/20				

Note 3 – The MEMA "Dam Safety Assessment", done during this inspection, is not attached to this report, but is on file.

#### 3) Emergency Contacts

Table 3 - Dam Owner, Contact, Town Fire & Police Safety & County EM Director							
Dam Owner	Dam Operator	Orland Fire Department	Hancock County EM				
Dave Bryant	Kyle Nenninger	91 School House Street	Director: Andrew Sankey				
Bucksport Mill, LLC	Bucksport Generation, LLC	Orland, Maine 04472	50 State St., Suite 4,				
PO Box 1874	2 River Road	Phone 207-469-3079	Ellsworth, ME 04605				
Bucksport, ME 04416	Bucksport, ME 04416						
Phone 920-470-1061	Phone 207-469-1311	Bucksport Fire/Police	Office: (207) 667-8126				
Cell 920-470-1061	Cell 207-852-8844	Phone 207-469-7951	Cell 207-266-0743				
Fax 207-469-1704	Fax 207-469-1704		Fax: (207) 667-1406				
jmcglin@aimrecyclinggroup.com	richard@buckgen.com						

Note 4 - Dam owner must confirm that these contacts are correct & included in the dams EAP.

#### 4) Previous Inspections

Table	Table 4. Previous Inspections or reports on MEMA file						
Rpt.	Date	Ву	Principal Defects				
1	8/27/76	SWCC	Dam Registration				
2	1/1/93	DEP	Dam Registration				
3	6/6/96	MEMA	Concrete deterioration				
4	10/28/81	COE	Inventory of Dams. No known COE Report				
5	11/16/98	КА	Appendix A from the owner EAP by Kleinschmidt Assoc., located in the MEMA EAP file				
6	11/4/11	MEMAS	EAP requires TTX / Trees at L abutment / general concrete deterioration (AAR) / rusting steel posts /				
7	5/2/13	MEMA	Trees around L abutment / general concrete deterioration / rusting steel posts /				
8	2/6/20	MEMA	Alamoosook Lake Dam Breach Study				

**Note 5** – The principal defects recorded in these reports concern, in the main, dam maintenance such overgrowth, localized depressions in the embankments & concrete deterioration. Also, the dam's spillway does not have the necessary capacity to pass the 50 year flood & must be considered inadequate for a significant of high potential hazard dam.

#### 5) Description of the Dam

Alamoosook Lake dam is a 91-year-old, 18-foot-high, 165-foot-long, significant hazard, concrete mass gravity (CMG) structure, located in the Town of Orland, Hancock County, Maine (D). The dam is part of the old Champion Lake Water System (B1 & B2). The right abutment fishway, pumphouse & gate structure are accessed from Soper Road. The left abutment is accessed from Carrier Road, through forest. There is no walkway across the dam. The dams gate structure is fenced, gated & locked. Alamoosook Lake is mainly recreational. No engineering records are currently available for this dam.

#### 6) Reservoir (Lake) (1,000-acre-feet = 340 million gallons)

The dam forms Alamoosook Lake, 1,133 acres in extent, storing an estimated 6,100-acre-feet (af) of water at elevation 20.00' (top of the ogee spillway). (By comparison, Toddy Pond stores 10,521 af at NP). The freeboard of Alamoosook dam is 3', freeboard storage at least 3,400-acre-feet so when the lake reaches the top of dam (TOD) elevation 23.00', storage is at least 9,500 af.

The Lake is used mainly for recreation, however occasionally water may be pumped into Silver Lake from this dam's pump station located in B2. The reservoir will operate at elevation 21.30' with its 15" stoplogs in place.

#### 7) Basin & Runoff

Alamoosook dam is at the outlet of a 95-square-mile (sm) basin of rolling, rural, wooded hills which shows some deforestation & urban development. The basin includes Toddy Pond. As an indicator of storm flows & precipitation, the "Stream-Stats" unrouted estimate of the 100-year flood is 4,980-cubic-feet-a-second (cfs). The precipitation foe the 100-year storm is 6.25" & the for the 500 year storm 7.9". The flood of record (FOR) for the dam is unknown.

**Note-6** One factor which can substantially increase runoff from this basin is the depth of snow & ice on the basin prior to a storm. If snow cover is effectively, say, 9", & a 6" storm occurs in mid-April, runoff will be substantially higher than from just the storm. The final runoff is difficult to estimate, however, the dam owner must know the water equivalent of snow & ice cover on the basin before the spring melt to anticipate when to operate the gate & the likelihood of a dam overtopping & importantly, what to do if the dam does overtop. Be prepared. These operating procedures must be written into dams O&M plan & the dams EAP.

#### 8) Dam Outlets

The dam has 4 outlets - a fishway, a pump intake with screens, a waste gate, all located in the right non-overflow section. To the left of waste gate is the ogee spillway, controlled by flashboards. The main spillway ro the right of this structure is a 70' long, concrete mass gravity (CMG) "ogee" spillway which can be fitted with 15-inch flashboards (D).

When the lake is at top of dam (TOD) elevation 23.0', the 5.5' wide waste gate has a capacity of 530 cfs & the 70' wide ogee spillway 1,200 cfs without flashboards & 520 cfs with flashboard. The maximum discharge from dam outlets with WL at TOD is 1,730 cfs.

#### 9) The Downstream Watercourse. (Narramissic River)

Attachments F1, F2, F3, are "dam breach inundation maps" (DBIM's) copied from the draft MEMA "Alamoosook Lake Dam Breach Study" dated 2/7/20, by MEMA. The flood line on this map was derived from a 8,000 cfs breach of Alamoosook dam. The breach was routed down the Narramissic River valley for 2.5 miles to the Orland Village Dam. The time of arrival & flood water depth are shown at 7 downstream sections A-G. Infrastructure impacted by this flood; the pump station, 6 bridges, several miles of road & the Orland Village Dam. It is recommended that the dam owner produce a similar DBIM for inclusion into the dam EAP.

#### 10) Hazard Assessment

There are two dam breach inundation maps (DBIM) in the existing dam EAP. One is supplied by MEMA, dated 07/31/17 & shows houses but no flood lines. The other is dated 11/12/98 by Kleinschmidt Associates which uses a USGS topo-quad map & 10 flood cross sections but does not go as far as the Orland village Dam which the MEMA breach study does. The peak breach flows used in the KA analysis are, "sunny day" breach of 346 cfs, the "record" breach of 1,000 cfs & "Top of Abutment" breach of 1,284 cfs.

By comparison, the breach flow of the MEMA study was 7,960 cfs reducing to 5,340 cfs at section A, about 6 times the breach flow used in the existing EAP. The breach flow caused by the overturning of the 70' ogee spillway section, head pond at spillway crest (elevation 20.00') is 12,000 cfs (9.4 times the capacity of the dams outlets or 2.7 time the 100-year flood). Using the MEMA DBIM, about 9 houses fall inside the dam breach flood zone. Accordingly, Alamoosook Lake Dam is a "high potential hazard dam" & must be reclassified by MEMA

#### 11) Recommended Changes the Dams Emergency Action Plan (EAP)

The EAP breach flows in the current Alamoosook Dam EAP are lower than the MEMA Study breach flow. Further, the dam breach inundation map does not extend to the Orland Village Dam located downstream of US Route 166. I recommend the following be done to improve the Alamoosook Dam EAP;

1) Make replacement dam breach flood maps (DBIM's - example F1,F2,F3) using a 1 hour, 70 wide, TOD overturning breach. 2) Agree new flood maps with MEMA & replace current EAP DBIM's. Copy map to MEMA in a PDF format.

3) List all house & downstream infrastructure flooded by the breach & include; address, # occupants, contact & telephone #.
4) Re-test new EAP & DBIM before the 2022 spring runoff.

#### 12) Field Inspection 10/12/21

The day was sunny fine & mild. Both sides of the dam were inspected. The dam owner attended the inspection. The dam was not overflowing, but the waste gate was operating (note flow in photo 6.)

Dam components inspected were; a portion of the right upstream shoreline, the right abutment, the left abutment, the exposed faces of each non-overflow structure, the ogee spillway from either side, the security fencing & posts, the downstream riverbanks, the fishway, the steelwork gantry columns & fence posts, the walkway & signage. Under drainage or pressure relief drains were not found. Only construction drawings will determine if they exist. Free-flowing leaks were not seen but that does not mean they don't exist, especially from the toe of the dam.

Components not inspected were – the gantries, screens, gates & pump inlets, the fishway, the waste gate & takeoff gates & screens, the pump station, downstream infrastructure in the path of a dam breach flood. Also not inspected was the underwater toe area of the dam. Despite this, the inspection of the underwater toe area should be a priority of the dam owner to determine the extent of toe scour or undercutting of the dam. See Attachment D, Section A, which shows where the inspection should be to determine the extent of scour from overflow of the spillway.

No design, construction records or maintenance reports were available for this inspection. The dam's stability or features such as foundation drainage, reinforcement, a stability assessment or other hidden details, could not be determined for this inspection.

#### **13) Inspection Findings**

Trees & brush are growing within 20' of the dam on both sides of the river.

Large horizontal cracks have formed in the left non-overflow concrete section of the dam (4,5).

There is a general deterioration of the concrete in the dam which exhibits; large cracks, hairline cracks, spalling, disintegration in placed. There is a distinct possibility that ASR exists in places in the structure. Of concern are large horizontal cracks in the structure at the left abutment. The ogee spillway (D, which was dry on the day) exhibits flaking & supports the growth of moss or algae over most of its surface. The steel fence posts & gantries show corrosion.

#### 14) Conclusion

Although no movement or misalignment of the monolith was seen, it appears horizontal sliding or overturning of the left (looking downstream) non-overflow section is imminent. Other concerns are the loss of significant areas of surface concrete on the ogee section of the spillway, exposed only because the spillway was not overflowing. Standard operating procedures (SOP's) are recommended to establish inspection & operating regimen for this dam, as well as keep a record of events.

The current DBIM's in the EAP are outdated & do not show all downstream infrastructure, in particular houses, which the MEMA Breach Study does. Therefore, the dam owner must develop cogent maps which show all infrastructure impacted by a dam breach along the Narramissic River. The Alamoosook Lake Dam EAP must be modified accordingly & tested before the 2022 spring runoff.

#### **15) Recommendations**

Based on this report, I recommend that MEMA reclassify Alamoosook Lake Dam from a "significant" to a "high" potential hazard dam & that the dam owner do the following;

- 1) Correct & update the EAP per paragraph 11) of this report.
- 2) Arrange a table-top exercise (TTX) to test the edited EAP before the 2022 spring runoff.
- 3) Write an "operation & maintenance plan" for the dam before 2023.
- 4) Copy the O&M plan to MEMA, the dam EAP, the Town & shorefront property owners association.
- 5) Submit as-built construction records of the dam to MEMA for record purposes.
- 6) Root out all brush & trees within 20 feet of the dam before 2023. Restore surface &h lawn.
- 7) Repair the cracks in the concrete non-overflow section at the left abutment.
- 8) Rehabilitate decayed concrete & mortar on the dam & repair security fencing where broken before 2023.
- 9) Commission an underwater inspection of the toe area of the dam to determine if the dam is being undercut by erosion.



Tony Fletcher PE Acting State Dam Inspector **#110 Alamoosook Lake Dam** Orland, Hancock County, ME Attachment A 1 Inspection Photographs Inspection Date Oct-12-21



1.Alamoosook Lake drawn down about 30". Little new development seen in the basin or along the lake shore. Convention, "left" means left looking downstream.



 Right abutment. Typical surface concrete deterioration. Main body of concrete shows no movement. Fence & poles corroding. Gate locked. Warning signs posted



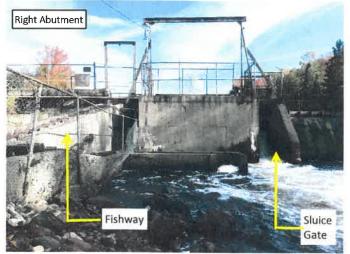
5. Left non-overflow section taken from left downstream. Crack matches horizontal crack in 4. Above. Clear trees & brush to allow for regular easy inspection of abutment. Note ledge.



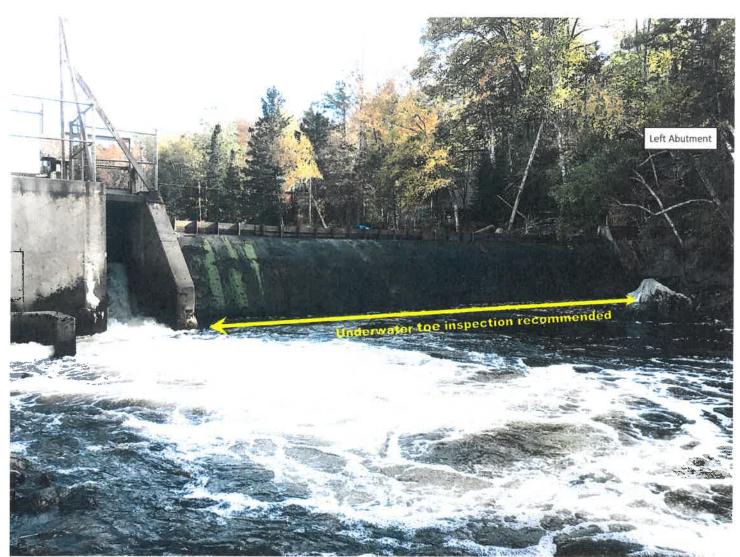
 View from right upstream shoreline. No debris seen on screen. General Concrete deterioration. Security fence, Gate & Fishway functional but rusted in places.



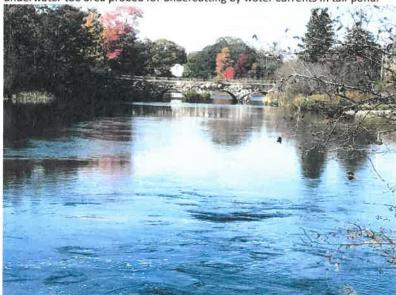
4. Left abutment. Horizontal & diagonal crack through the structure. See photo 5 taken from opposire face. Concrere aggregate exposed possibly due to surface corrosion by tannin in the water.



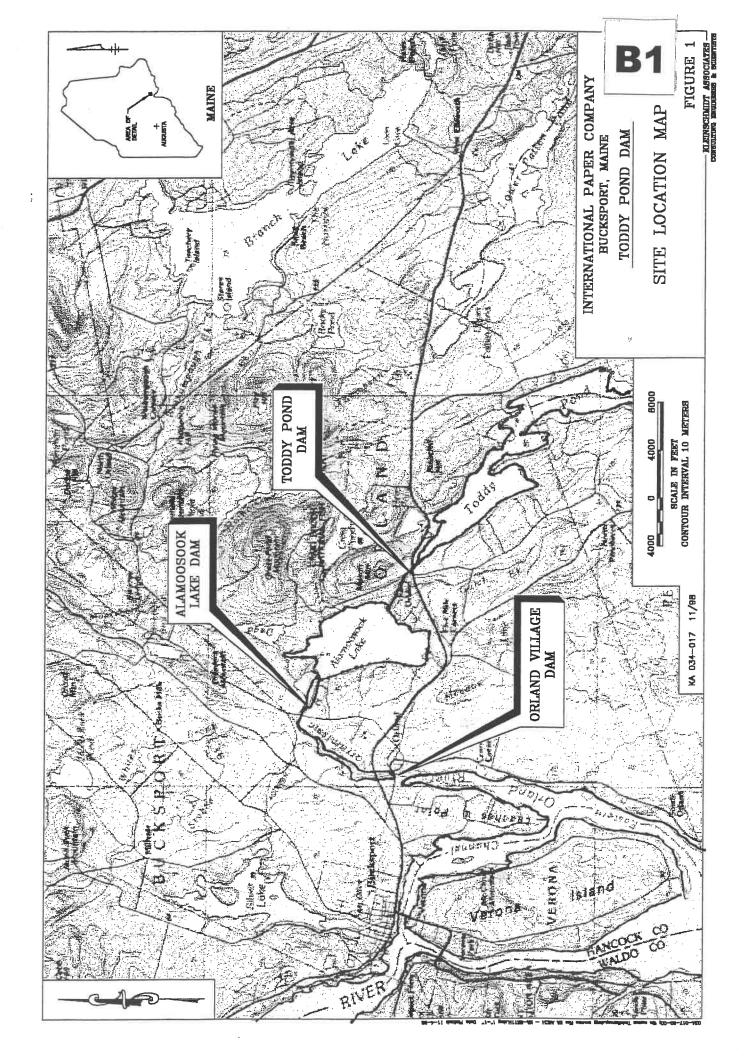
6. View of gate & fishway structure. No movement seen. Concrete spalling & flaking on ogee spillway. Green trace on spillway is either algae or moss. No instability seen.

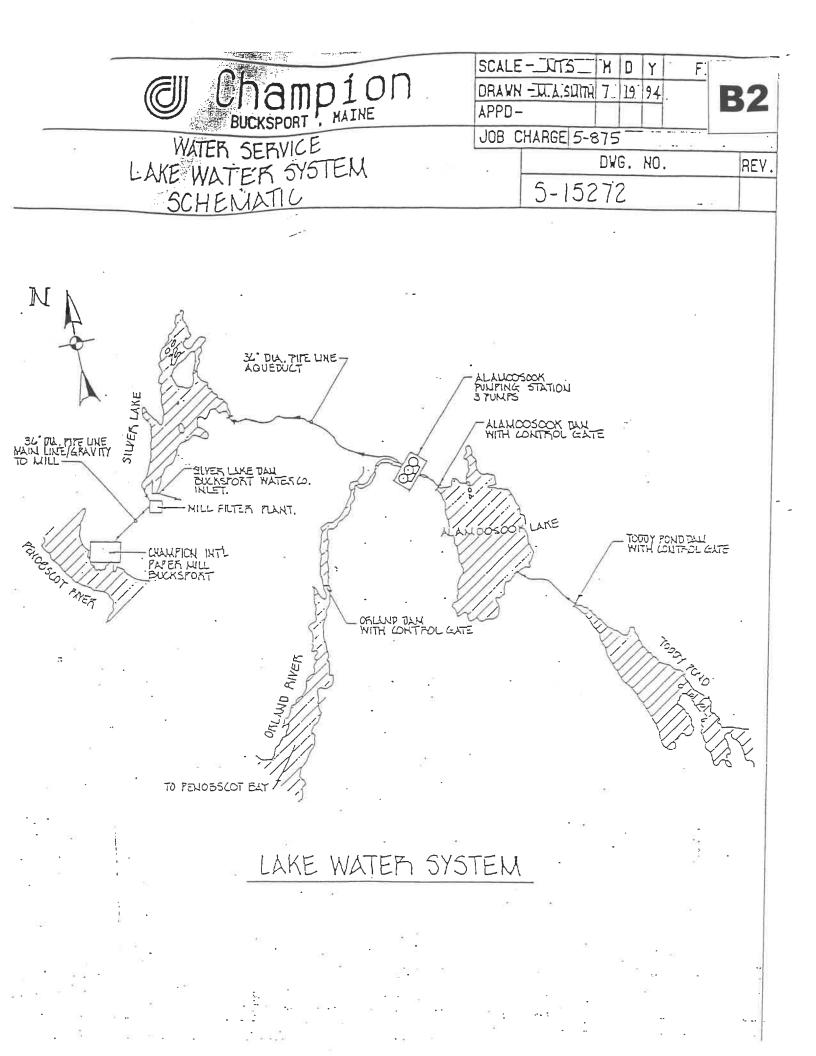


7. Sluice gate & Left concrete ogee weir spillway. Photograph modified to accentute concrete surface deterioration. Owner requested to have the underwater toe area probed for undercutting by water currents in tail-pond.

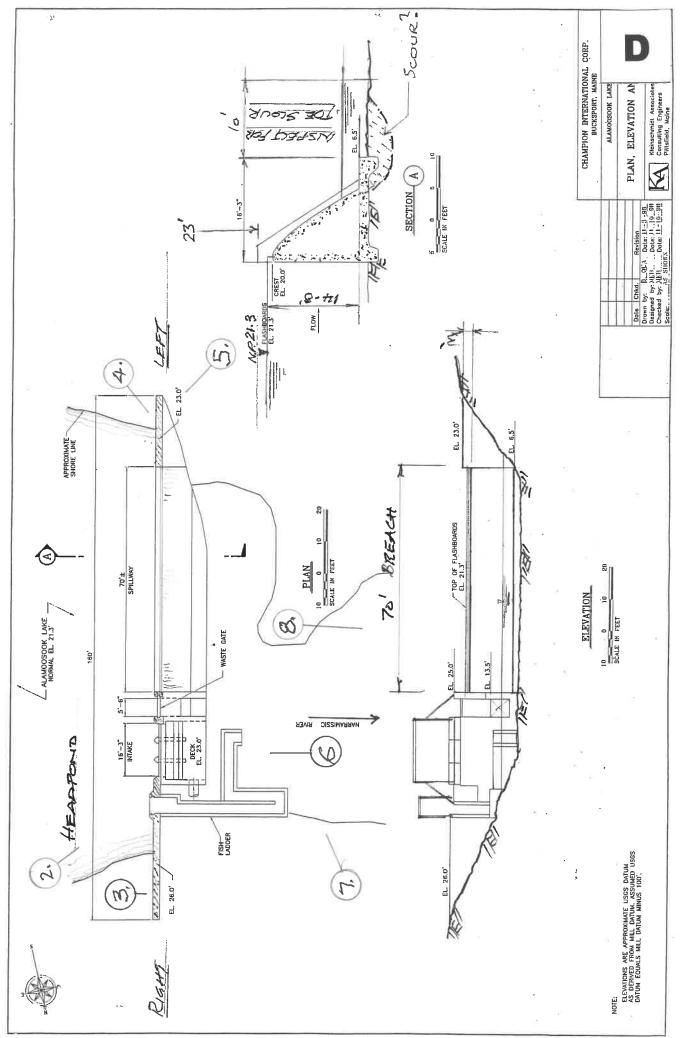


8. Breach of Alamoosook Dam likely to wash out Upper Falls Road CMP Bridge.





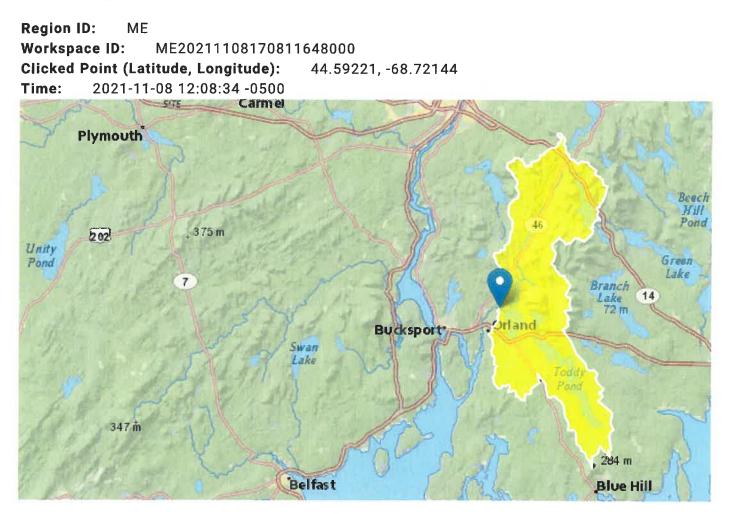




# StreamStats Report for #110 Alamoosook Dam,

E1

# Orland, Hancock, ME



### **Basin Characteristics**

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit
DRNAREA	Area that drains to a point on a stream	94.83	square miles
I24H2Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 2 years - Equivalent to precipitation intensity index	2.98	inches
STORAGE	Percentage of area of storage (lakes ponds reservoirs wetlands)	14.935	percent

Parameter Code	Parameter Description	Value	Unit <b>E</b>
124H5Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 5 years	3.67	inches
I24H10Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 10 years	4.24	inches
I24H25Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 25 years	5.03	inches
124H50Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 50 years	5.63	inches
I24H100Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 100 years	6.25	inches
I24H200Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 200 years	6.93	inches
I24H500Y	Maximum 24-hour precipitation that occurs on average once in 500 years	7.9	inches
SANDGRAVAF	Fraction of land surface underlain by sand and gravel aquifers	0.018	dimensionles

Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters [Statewide multiparameter peakflows SIR 2020 5092]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	94.83	square miles	0.26	5680
I24H2Y	24 Hour 2 Year Precipitation	2.98	inches	1.92	4.17
STORAGE	Percent Storage	14.935	percent	0	29.4
I24H5Y	24 Hour 5 Year Precipitation	3.67	inches	2.48	5.38
I24H10Y	24 Hour 10 Year Precipitation	4.24	inches	2.84	6.38
124H25Y	24 Hour 25 Year Precipitation	5.03	inches	3.3	7.75
I24H50Y	24 Hour 50 Year Precipitation	5.63	inches	3.65	8.79
I24H100Y	24 Hour 100 Year Precipitation	6.25	inches	3.99	9.88
124H200Y	24 Hour 200 YearPrecipitation	6.93	inches	5.26	11.1

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit <b>E3</b>
124H500Y	24 Hour 500 Year Precipitation	7.9	inches	5.95	13.1

Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report [Statewide multiparameter peakflows SIR 2020 5092]

PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, Plu: Prediction Interval-Upper, ASEp: Average Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

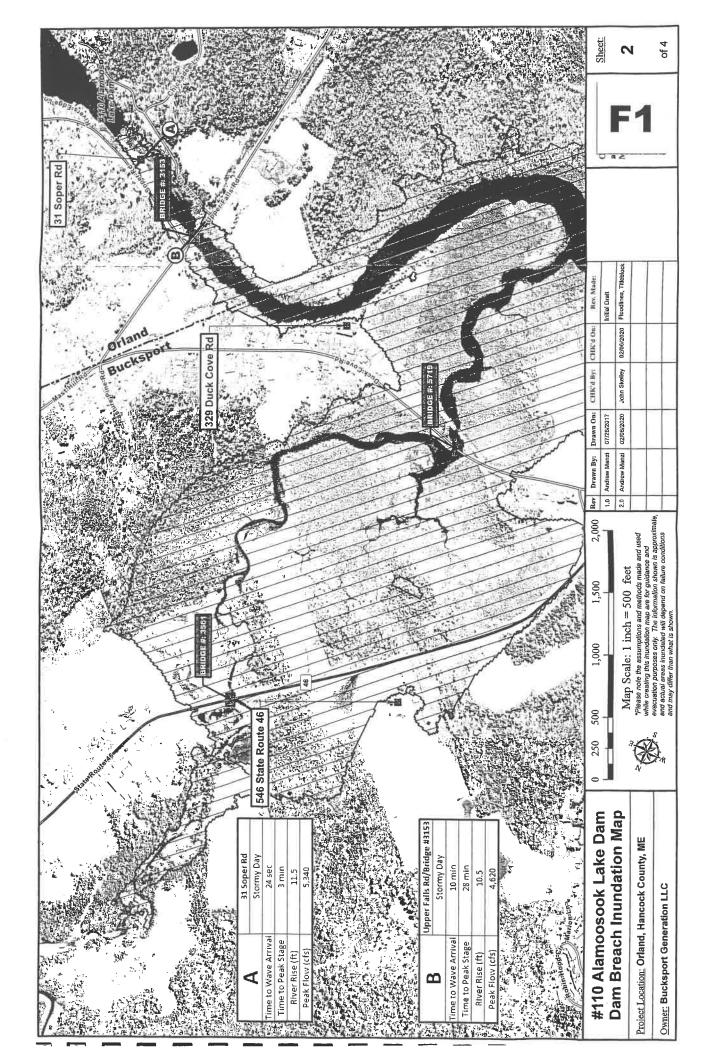
Statistic	Value	Unit	PII	Plu	ASEp
50-percent AEP flood	1920	ft^3/s	1040	3560	39.1
20-percent AEP flood	2690	ft^3/s	1480	4900	38.1
10-percent AEP flood	3230	ft^3/s	1750	5960	38.9
4-percent AEP flood	3920	ft^3/s	2100	7320	39.9
2-percent AEP flood	4450	ft^3/s	2350	8440	39.7
1-percent AEP flood	4980	ft^3/s	2640	9380	40.7
0.5-percent AEP flood	5480	ft^3/s	2820	10700	42.8
0.2-percent AEP flood	6150	ft^3/s	3120	12100	43.8

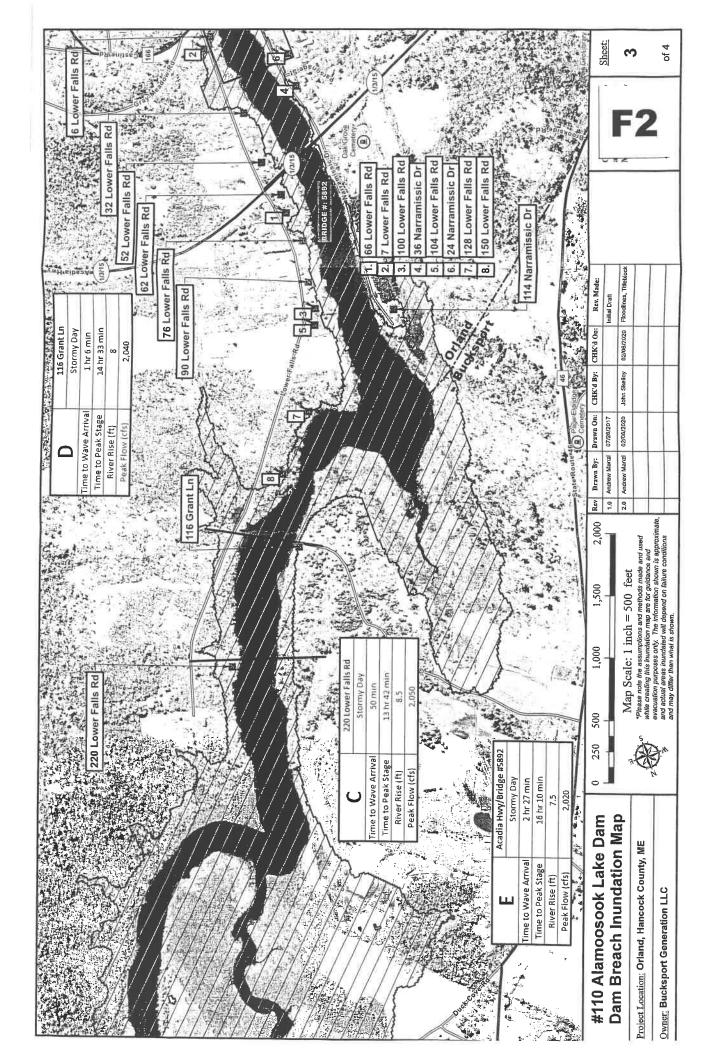
Peak-Flow Statistics Citations

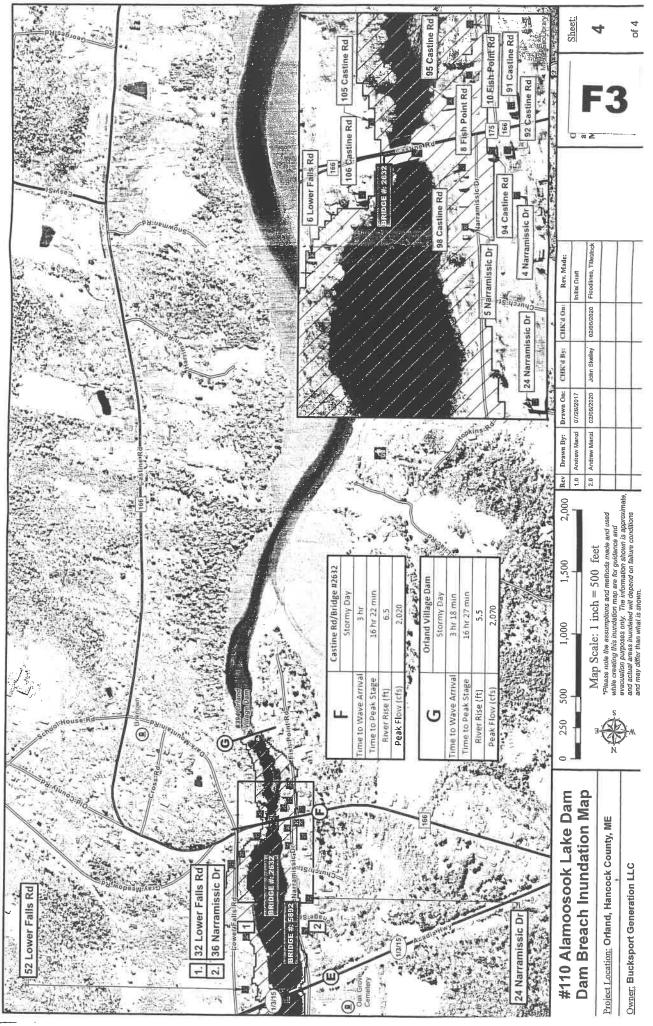
Lombard, P.J., and Hodgkins, G.A.,2020, Estimating flood magnitude and frequency on gaged and ungaged streams in Maine: U.S. Geological Survey Scientific Investigations Report 2020-5092, 56 p. (https://doi.org/10.3133/sir20205092)

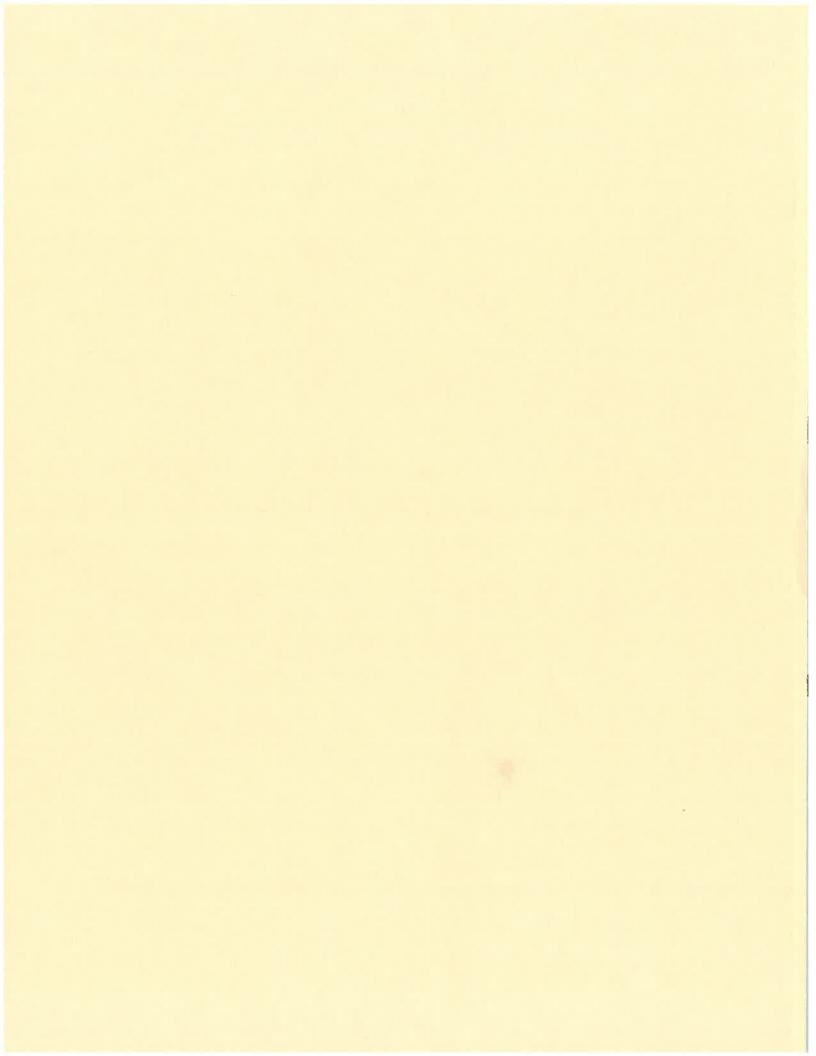
Bankfull Statistics Parameters [Central and Coastal Bankfull 2004 5042]

Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit		
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	94.83	square miles	2.92	298		
Bankfull Statistics Parameters [Appalachian Highlands D Bieger 2015]							
Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit		
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	94.83	square miles	0.07722	940.1535		
Bankfull Statistics Parameters [New England P Bieger 2015]							
Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit		









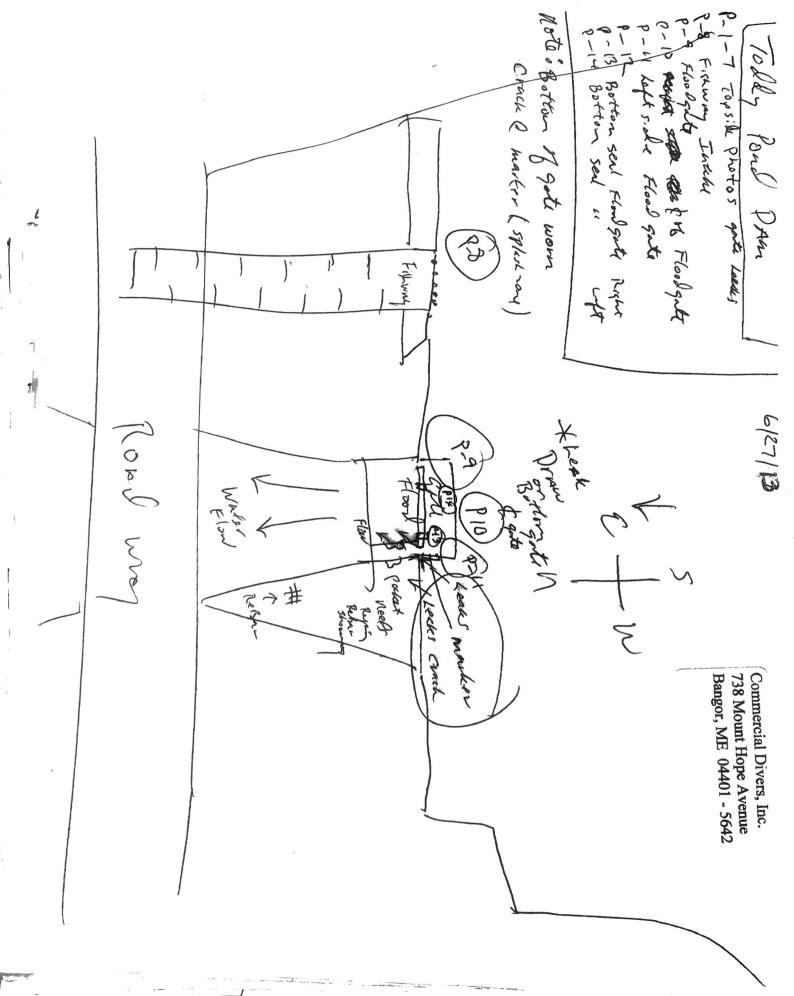
Commercial Divers Inc. Inspection Report	Page: of Pages			
	Date:			
Report Filed By:	Time:		_ AM:	PM:
Facility:	Location In Facility:			
Area of Inspection:				
Location:	Customer:			
Site Contact:	Site Contact Tel #:			
Notes:				

083503 WOI 8 water Depth VON 8 Written T' Death 8' **Commercial Divers** Section Flow à WP 4 50 Consulting 38 Shon 20 10 water elavation +.1 dor GA SPlash Boards bolts Fishermy Self Top NO Fuil 1× \* Planks Fishur Inc 8.9 Gate Heiske Flow Afardwar 485' X Wood in good shape Alamoos ao a 50-54 56-60 Peck 48 Vann 5ma. quises plate 2667 266 Gmerge Wotn Gate 12 Intake Guild 36 2-51=Plate Steel Intere 2 12' Gilliting Dam 4.40 522 52 % RO galdy Deck Floor 15/"1 Ball nore Storm 0 Hadward on Adway Frame lower needs noting coosen Date Page splach Boards WM Q leak lower right corner oh Spill Area 1'off bottom joachy damstochy B up to 1/4" Scaley and some small 9 Spill ( Splank Branch spale in concrete face 2 N ~ Gater Lenk Potton Bourd www. HZ 0608in show .

1- Check wood on gates (6001) Dong 2- Cleand Screens (3) (good V) Pony 3 - Fish-Way Boards Anchors (Bad Self taper) 4- Feact Bad Falling in Water. valeo No splash Boards 5 -Holes 6 - Clean out Debris in splich Boards \* um V/s Hu Har 7- Hundermine at Tank footing In 4x 8 - Pown stream Z BAL Trees Can Fallon Power Lines / Fences.

7013 2013 VEVSO Proper 111um 000000 Commercial Divers, Inc. 738 Mount Hope Avenue SHO, ALAMOUSOOK Bangor, ME 04401 - 5642 streem Flow S No re n dow Par Pes . rack DAM Fishway DAM Floo pi stop hoy DD ¥ underm Screw Æ 11.5 k Screen under where Footing Hole Flooting X under min fictures 2/5 Fishway batt '-1 Crach Note: Intike screens pluged 7-18 -2-3 Fishwar Gate 1 screen undermine -4 - 5-6 Gate 2 scien 1-2-3 F- 19 screen screen & gata Builder - 8-9 gote 3 screen AFlund gate Leeks 1-21-27 11-12-13 Flood garte -14 curety 3" By Flord Gall Bottom Aught Brack 16 Ft From F. Gate -14 Curvely 3" By Flord Gall -15 Crack with Flow "x3" goes in gravel -16 Crack Flow Floor gravel (Flow on Hend) hanger as it goes bour underminit Jorack get Commercial Capileven Fisheray Divers, Inc. 1) Creves 1274 & Spillway

Description Silver Lake Dawn / Intelle **Commercial Divers Inc.** Survey Report Consulting Written by J. KAROV words E +w 660 Trainer Hord when Rundway Nak 0 0000 1700 Rip RM. So Rip Dap ,2] D () stop Logs Leaks ( Poly) sher Mary Mark Picture () Crach west site (22) SO. Wall Corner west concrete Concreto west weld Gall Rest west stor Logs west stoy Loss stay higs East Stop Logs prenst DEnst Gate wells Finish Film Surface Picturs of Area



Silver Laker Intake **Commercial Divers Inc.** \* Fresh water Inteke Consulting Date 6/26 Sai Written by Gears lop Vien FRAckST 5' Concrete W/L 3' Top of Backs WE 15 1 Pebr. 5 Line 3+ Rock/Bravel 48" P-1 Debris in 8/2 Concret DeBris ? (Roof) Fell In?. K 5' X Steet of DeBrit on Ruches × ¥ Gate Stem Broken & Stem Water Pictures Pic-PA SE Corror Bulding \* notes : Cate Broker ( Weedeen gate) P-2' Bottom of Racks sitting on Pessis Shaft Broken P-3+6 Flash highs Photo By 42 Min Flash Light Inspection 48" P/L P-7+ Broken stean Rictures sate 48"- 54" MiDDle Stom Broken 12-16 pellors in PTC

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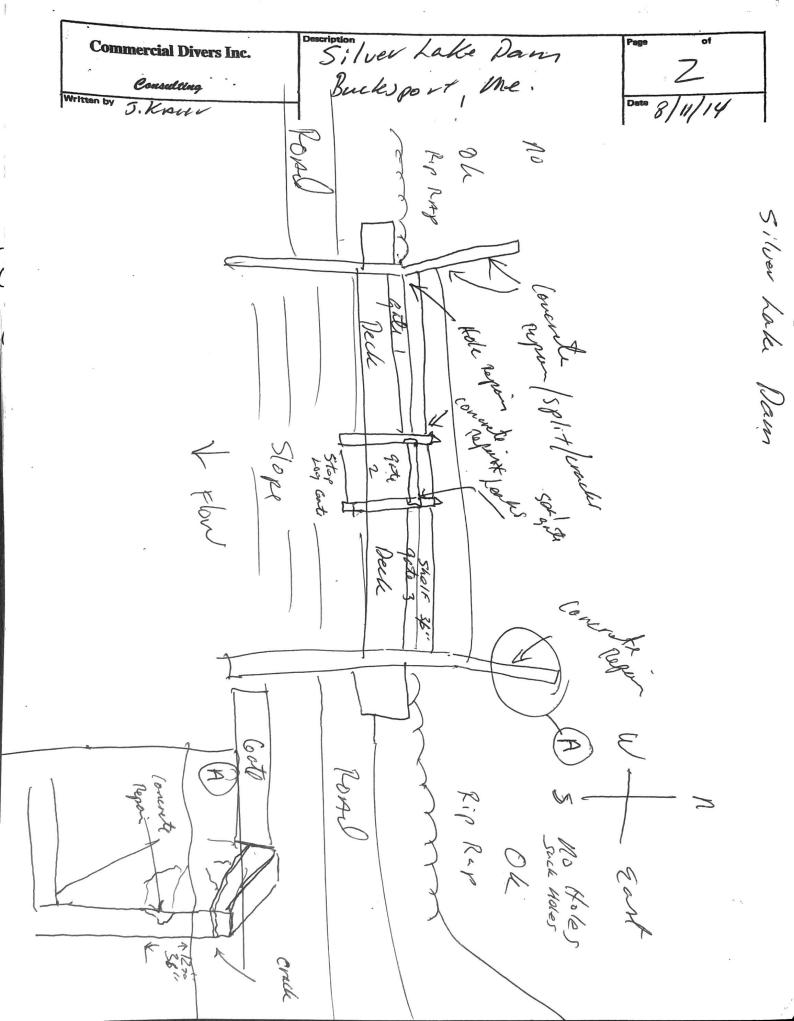
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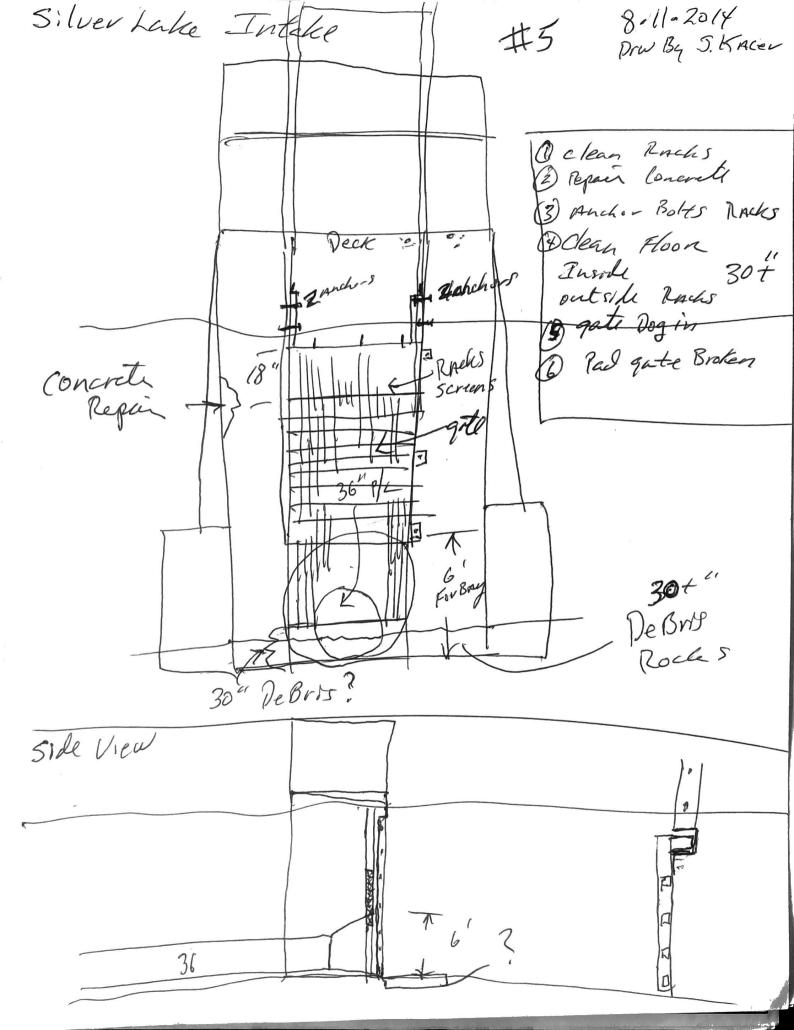
\* Toddy Dam To Do: @ GAte Repair ; Control gate wood is soft/ Rotted 2013 D'bote Pien næds repair In Concrete walls 3 upstream Granite seams chase into gravel and of Fish way \* Alamoosoc Dam Topo: A 4 A O Fishway Rip-Rap + Grout Bags Cavity under screen Bailding Underma - 30' Derades upstream Holes In Concrete \$ 1-2' Gate wells \* Silver Lake Dawn: To DO Scour D' Gate walls red concrete D'Split in Pier of concrete the arte 3 Holes in corner have gate \*s: wer hake Intake To Do: 1) Clean Racks 3'+ Pebris Find Floon?, Racks Not Down 2 Repair + Replace Gate + shaft/bears/ " And gate Broken

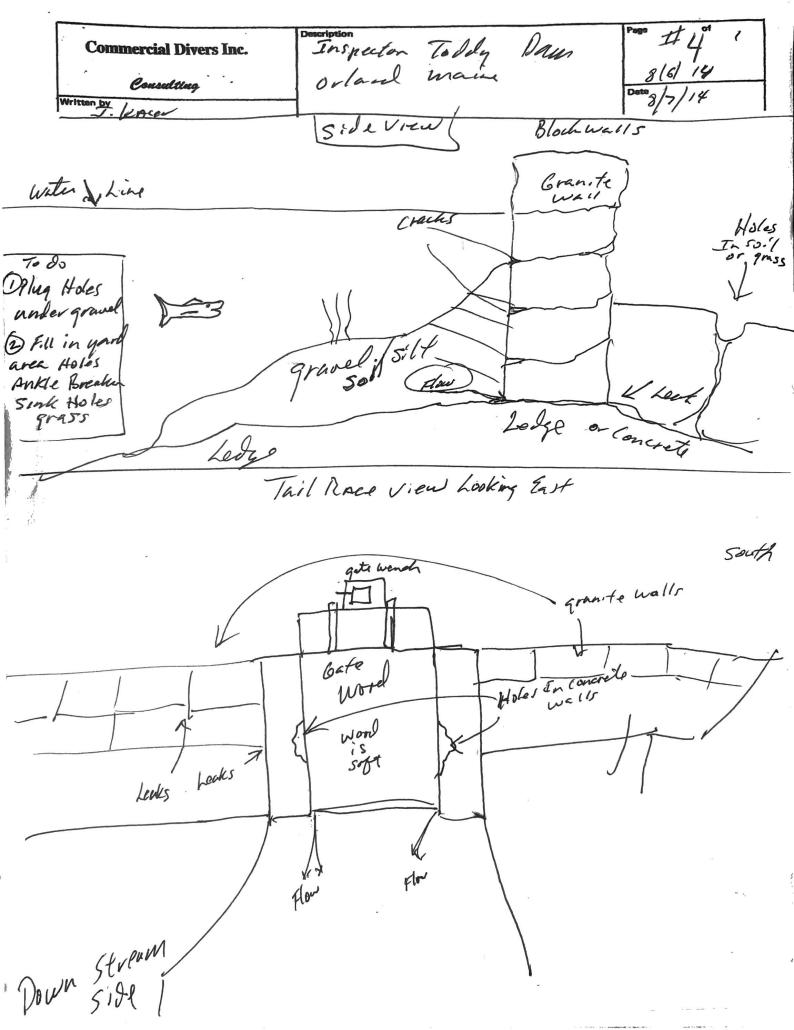
(3) clean out 6' opening + 36" P/L \* Remove PeBris sand/Brash (4) Repair Concrete on Intake

1. . of Page Description **Commercial Divers Inc.** Alomoosoch Consulting Written by J. 8/20/13 Date KALEN water Line Down hooking & Stream Vien SIN Ô Lehrod ? far 35007 grave KN> ovols 6' 0 K RP Rep 1600 Lange

Page Alamoosook Dam Repain **Commercial Divers Inc.** Fishing Support Consulting 10/7/13 Dete Written by J. KAGEN Concrete Firkway - Flow - Hunchors Epoxy in Place K 1 8" Weight plug 11,8" SEAL WELD TYP. + Pleased constr \* 5 yand places TYP. WELD 4″ DIA. SCH.40 STEEL PIPE 000 6 0 0 000 6 000 TYP. WELD gravel & Roch Large Rock SEAL WELD TYP. WELD 6"- 12 "+ Concrete under Joek grand

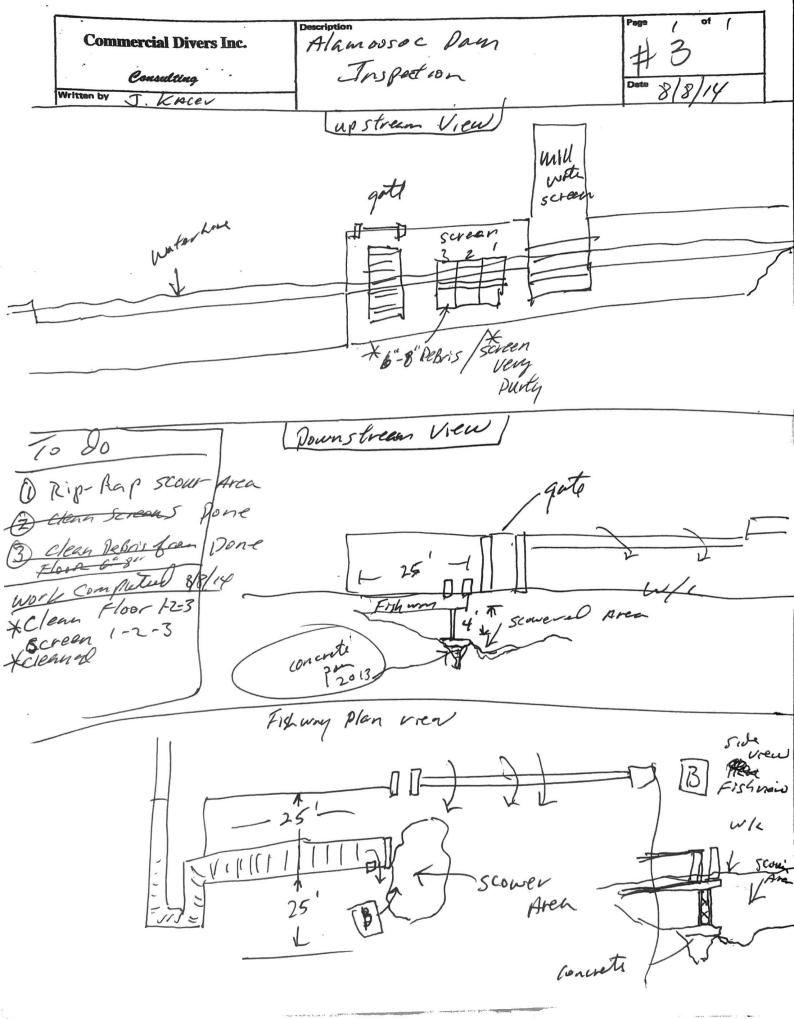


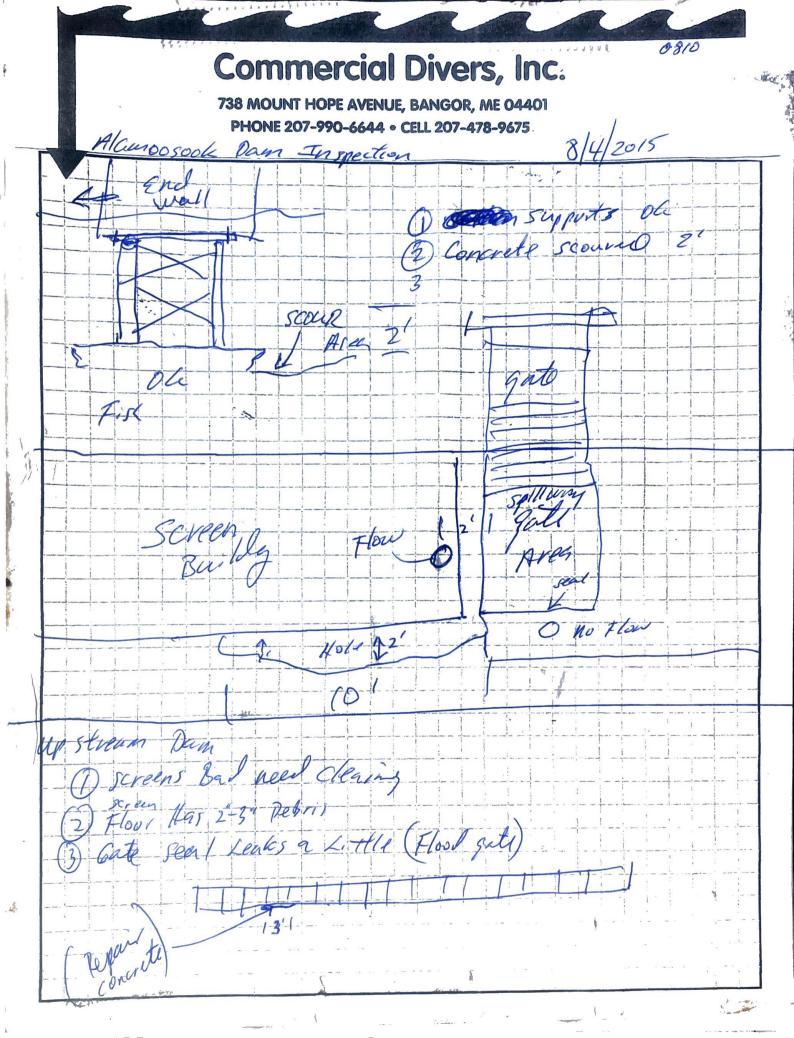




Description Dan survey Report Toddy / Alamooson / Silver Silver Intake Home Date 8/11/14 **Commercial Divers Inc.** Consulting Written by J. Kincer \* Toddy Dam To DO: @ OAte Repair; Control gote wood is Soft/ Rotted D'bote Pien needs repair In Concrete walls 3) Up stream Granity seams chase into gravel and of Fishway \* Alamoosoc Dam Topo: A 4 A O Fishway Rip-Rap + Grout Bags Cavity under screen Bailding Undermu - 30' -1 Deracks upstream Holes In Concrete Scour -> Are -> Repair Elizi Gate walls \* Silver Lake Dam: To DO D'Gate walls reed concrete A Split in Pier of concrete the arte 3 Holes in corner harge gots

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Commercial Divers Inc. Bangor, Maine 8/7/2015

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List of thing to do, at the AIM dams and intakes.

**Toddy Dam-** 2 days to repair concrete and cracks underwater and on the surface. We would bring a mason to tend us and do the surface work. We would do as much repairs as time allows. We would need blue star mortar and epoxy.

**Alamoosook Dam-** 1 day for cracks underwater and 1-2 days downstream rip-raping or grout bags under the fish way and screen house foundation.

**Silver Lake Dam-** 2-3 days with mason to repair underwater and surface concrete repairs.

Silver Lake Intake- 1-2 days to inspect, do repairs and cleaning of screens of the intake structure. The deck also needs new wood and the gate need to be checked to see what is holding it from falling closed? The pipe is 1/3 full of debris and need to be cleaned out. This was found 2 years ago during the inspections. There is no signage: No Swimming? \*\*\* This is a estimate of the minimum work needed at this time. Commercial Divers Inc. 738 Mount Hope Ave. Bangor, Maine Alamoosook Underwater Dam Survey 8/4/2015 Report By: Joe Kacer J Downstream Survey: The diver with video camera entered the water at the east side rip-rap and checked the new fish way X support column and found no damage to the fish way and footing to the steel X column. There was some riprap missing for the outside edge of the concrete base pier of the X column near the center of the stream. The depth of the missing riprap was 1'-2' and the width was around 4'. The diver proceeded to the back side of the dam, east side to start the tailrace survey. The screen house footing is scoured gravel under the footing and has not change much for last year, the area of scour is 10'wide and 6"-2' in height and 6'-8' in depth under the building. There was no flow noticed anywhere on the tailrace side of the dam that was flowing under or thru cracks /ledge. The only flow was from a re-leaf pipe in the screen building floor area. We think it was drains from construction or a pressure releaf. The gate was in fair condition and the floor was also in good condition with very little broken concrete anywhere. The diver moved to the splashboard area and found no damage or area of concern.

**Upstream Survey:** The diver with video entered the water on the east side and inspected the concrete face wall of the dam, then the fish way and found very little change from last year. Epoxy and concrete repairs from last years work were in good condition and any new creaks were minimal. We inspected and cleaned the 3 intake screen, after finding them plugged. We also cleaned the screen building floor and inspected the walls and found no damage to the concrete. The diver checked the flood gate and found no damage to the walls of the floor. The diver moved to the splash board area. He inspected and repairs a small hole that the operator had asked to be repaired. It is now leak free and repaired with Slash Zone underwater Epoxy. The divers checked the west side concrete wall and found no leaks or any new cracks that have formed over the last year.

## Commercial Divers Inc.Bangor, Maine 8/5/2015Report by: Joe Kacer Jr.Toddy Dam Underwater Dam Survey:

**Downstream Area:** This area has no underwater areas for diving and can be viewed from the bridge/tailrace for inspection. We did dry up the downstream gate area with plastic on the gate to check the wooden gate from the backside. We probed it with a screwdriver and found the wood to be hard and in fair condition. There is some broken concrete on the gate pier walls from the freeze thaw effect over the years. We also found some leaks around the gate seals that were repaired with epoxy after the upstream inspection was completed. We found no **new** sink holes in the grass or road from leaks threw the granite walls of the dam, after repairs from last year.

Upstream Area: The diver with video entered the water on the east side of the dam and inspected the concrete wall cap for cracks and found few new cracks on the cap. The fish way opening racks were in good conditions and were found clean of debris. The wood was in good shape at the fish way opening. The cracks that were repaired last year with epoxy or water plug were still intact. The diver moved west and sealed the bottom of the flood control gate with plastic so repairs with epoxy could be done safely on the gate seals around the gate. The upstream piers were checked and the floor at the gate was cleaned to view the area. We found some small cracks around the piers and granite wall that we cleaned with pressure washer to inspect better and repair at a later date. These cracks were just seeping with a very low flow. This dam is built with granite block and we have been re-jointing the seams for a few year. This has been a yearly maintenance schedule and has helped tremendously with leaks. We have been using the Splash zone underwater epoxy on the joints with great success. The diver found no suck holes in the sand this year or in the gravel 30 feet upstream of the dam floor. The diver found some new water intake lines for camps or homes in the area but did not disturb them. They were 30'-40' upstream of the dam on the east bank of gravel.

## Commercial Divers Inc. 738 Mount Hope Ave. Bangor, Maine Alamoosook Underwater Dam Survey 8/4/2015

Downstream Survey: The diver with video camera entered the water at the east side rip-rap and checked the new fish way X support column and found no damage to the fish way and footing to the steel X column. There was some riprap missing for the outside edge of the concrete base pier of the X column near the center of the stream. The depth of the missing riprap was 1'-2' and the width was around 4'. The diver proceeded to the back side of the dam, east side to start the tailrace survey. The screen house footing is scoured gravel under the footing and has not change much for last year, the area of scour is 10'wide and 6"-2' in height and 6'-8' in depth under the building. There was no flow noticed anywhere on the tailrace side of the dam that was flowing under or thru cracks /ledge. The only flow was from a re-leaf pipe in the screen building floor area. We think it was drains from construction or a pressure releaf. The gate was in fair condition and the floor was also in good condition with very little broken concrete anywhere. The diver moved to the splashboard area and found no damage or area of concern.

Upstream Survey: The diver with video entered the water on the east side and inspected the concrete face wall of the dam, then the fish way and found very little change from last year. Epoxy and concrete repairs from last years work were in good condition and any new creaks were minimal. We inspected and cleaned the 3 intake screen, after finding them plugged. We also cleaned the screen building floor and inspected the walls and found no damage to the concrete. The diver checked the flood gate and found no damage to the walls of the floor. The diver moved to the splash board area. He inspected and repairs a small hole that the operator had asked to be repaired. It is now leak free and repaired with Slash Zone underwater Epoxy. The divers checked the west side concrete wall and found no leaks or any new cracks that have formed over the last year. Commercial Divers Inc. Bangor, Maine 8/7/2015 Report By: J Kacer

Silver Lake Dam Inspection: The diver with video inspected the fore bay of the dam looking for suck holes and found none. The inspection area upstream of the dam was approximately 70 feet. The rip-rap was found in good condition on the face of the dam and gravel road. The road on the top was also in good condition with no hole or sink holes. The diver inspected the concrete wing walls and found small cracks on both sides of the walls. The repairs from last year had some cracks in the epoxy, but the epoxy was still attached to the crack and wall. The wing walls are for holding the rip-rap from coming into the fore bay area of the gate and steel splash boards. The diver found some concrete damage in corners of the splash boards and repaired some of the holes after the inspection with Splash zone underwater epoxy. The flood gate was leaking approximately 300gals a min. and was reduced to 50-100 gals after the inspection with chinking material. The frieze thaw line had a lot of missing concrete and needs some new surface concrete. 1-3 inches have fallen off the face of the wing walls. The dive inspected the concrete area around and under the flood gate and steel splashboards. The diver found some pits in the concrete and some small cracks over the vertical wall area that is around 60 feet wide and 8 feet high. The diver sealed the wooden flood gate with poly film and finishes the day repairing cracks and small holes with epoxy. The lake level look like it was down 2 feet.

**Commercial Divers Inc.** Bangor, Maine 8/7/2015

List of thing to do, at the AIM dams and intakes.

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, jed 11 Description Page of **Commercial Divers Inc.** Alamousoe Dam Consulting Rip RAN Repin Written by Date 10/25/16 Lucer Look of Tank sluct AS Jump Look up streak Flow Footic 3 Pun 68 G GLO G/B. 63 all Tank 5

