

# BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC

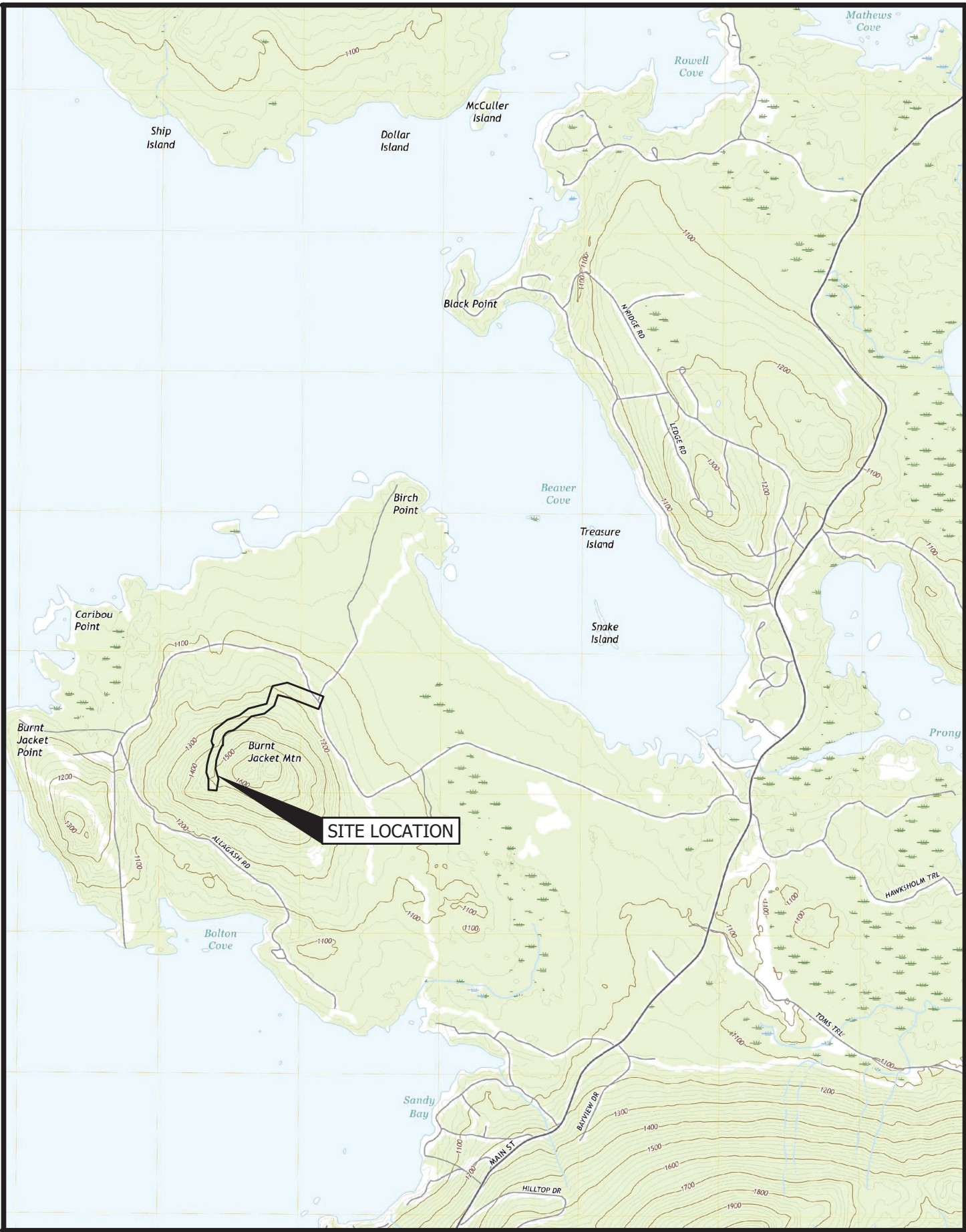
## ACCESS ROAD PROJECT

### BEAVER COVE, MAINE

LUPC Received  
02/04/2025

TITLE	DWG NO
COVER SHEET	
GENERAL NOTES, LEGEND, AND ABBREVIATIONS	C-100
EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN	C-101
SITE LAYOUT AND UTILITIES PLAN	C-102
ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE - SHEET 1 OF 4	C-200
ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE - SHEET 2 OF 4	C-201
ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE - SHEET 3 OF 4	C-202
ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE - SHEET 4 OF 4	C-203
EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS - SHEET 1 OF 2	C-300
EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS - SHEET 2 OF 2	C-301
SECTIONS AND DETAILS	C-302
SECTIONS AND DETAILS	C-303

#### LOCATION MAP



SME

SEVEE & MAHER  
ENGINEERS

ENVIRONMENTAL • CIVIL • GEOTECHNICAL • WATER • COMPLIANCE

4 Blanchard Road, PO Box 85A, Cumberland, Maine 04021  
Phone 207.829.5016 • Fax 207.829.5692 • smemaine.com

#### APPLICANT/PROJECT OWNER

BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC  
C/O BERNSTEIN SHUR  
100 MIDDLE STREET  
PO BOX 9729  
PORTLAND, ME 04104

#### CIVIL ENGINEER

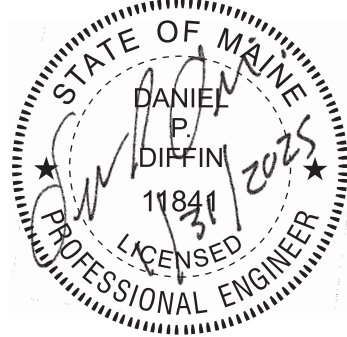
SEVEE & MAHER ENGINEERS, INC  
4 BLANCHARD ROAD  
CUMBERLAND, ME 04021  
(207) 829-5016

#### SURVEYOR

SGC ENGINEERING LLC  
501 COUNTY ROAD  
WESTBROOK, ME 04092  
(207) 347-8100

#### WETLAND SCIENTIST

FLYCATCHER, LLC  
106 LAFAYETTE STREET  
YARMOUTH, ME 04096  
(207) 217-0959



1. BOUNDARY AND TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEYS PERFORMED BY SGC ENGINEERING LLC.  
HORIZONTAL DATUM: MAIN STATE PLANE COORDINATE SYSTEM EAST ZONE NAD 1983.  
VERTICAL DATUM: NORTH AMERICAN VERTICAL DATUM 1988.
2. WETLANDS AND STREAMS DELINEATED BY FLYCATCHER, LLC, INC. DATED NOVEMBER 2023.
3. EXCAVATE AND STOCKPILE ON-SITE TOPSOIL. TOPSOIL IS TO REMAIN THE PROPERTY OF THE OWNER DURING CONSTRUCTION, AND SHALL NOT BE REMOVED FROM THE SITE. AFTER FINAL LOAM AND SEED, EXCESS TOPSOIL SHALL BE RESPEAD ON-SITE PRIOR TO FINAL SITE STABILIZATION.
4. STANDARD PRACTICE DICTATES THAT PLANS COMPILED IN THIS MANNER SHOULD BE FIELD VERIFIED BY THE CONTRACTOR PRIOR TO CONSTRUCTION. REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO ENGINEER. THE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF SUBSURFACE INFORMATION IS NOT GUARANTEED. VERIFY SITE CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEST PITS FOR LOCATIONS AND INVERTS OF UTILITIES AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THAT PORTION OF THE WORK.

1. PROVIDE A MINIMUM OF 4" LOAM, SEED AND MULCH TO DISTURBED AREAS UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED. PROVIDE EROSION CONTROL MESH ON ALL SLOPES 6:1 OR STEEPER, AND ALONG DITCH CHANNELS, IN ACCORDANCE WITH DRAWING C-300.
2. GRADE SURFACES TO DRAIN AWAY FROM BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES. PUDDLING OF WATER IN PAVED OR UNPAVED AREAS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE, EXCEPT FOR AREAS DESIGNATED AS PONDS.
3. MAINTAIN TEMPORARY EROSION CONTROL MEASURES FOR THE FULL DURATION OF CONSTRUCTION AND UNTIL SITE STABILIZATION. INSPECT WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH STORM AND REPAIR AS NEEDED. PLACE IN AREA OF LOW EROSION POTENTIAL, AND STABILIZE WITH SEED AND MULCH. REMOVE SEDIMENTS FROM THE SITE.
4. PLACE TEMPORARY SOIL STABILIZATION WITHIN 30 DAYS OF INITIAL DISTURBANCE. PLACE PERMANENT SOIL STABILIZATION WITHIN 7 DAYS OF FINAL GRADING.

1. THE ACCURACY AND COMPLETENESS OF SUBSURFACE INFORMATION IS NOT GUARANTEED. VERIFY SITE CONDITIONS INCLUDING TEST PITS FOR LOCATIONS AND INVERTS OF UTILITIES AND REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES TO THE ENGINEER PRIOR TO PROCEEDING WITH THAT PORTION OF THE WORK.
2. COORDINATE WORK ON UTILITY LINES WITH THE UTILITY COMPANIES AND THE MAINE POLE USE PLANNING COMMISSION, AS APPLICABLE.
3. SLOPE CONDUIT AWAY FROM BUILDINGS AND STRUCTURES TO HANDHOLES OR UTILITY POLES TO AVOID GROUNDWATER SEEPAGE INTO BUILDINGS.

1. APPLICANT / DEVELOPER:	BURN'T JACKET HOLDING I, LLC C/O BERNSTEIN SHUR 100 MIDDLE STREET PO BOX 9729 PORTLAND, ME 04104		
2. PROJECT:	BURN'T JACKET HOLDING I, LLC ACCESS ROAD PROJECT		
3. ZONE DISTRICT:	GENERAL MANAGEMENT (M-GN)		
4. ZONE STANDARDS:	<u>REQUIRED</u>	<u>PROVIDED</u>	
MIN LOT SIZE:	40,000 SF	1,423.5 ACRES (EXISTING)	
MIN SHORELINE FRONTAGE:	200 FEET	>3 MILES	
MIN ROAD FRONTAGE:	100 FEET	>4,000 FEET	
SHORELINE SETBACK:	100 FEET	N/A	
ROADWAY SETBACK:	50 FEET	N/A	
MAX LOT COVERAGE:	30%	1%	
MAX BUILDING HEIGHT:	75 FEET	N/A	
5. PARCEL ID	MAP 1, LOT 1		
6. PROPOSED USE:	ACCESS ROAD FOR PRIVATE RESIDENCE		
7. PARKING SUMMARY:	EXISTING PARKING SPACES = 0 SPACES PROPOSED PARKING SPACES = 0 SPACES		
8. THE WORK AREA IS OUTSIDE OF THE 100-YR FLOODPLAIN.			

PRIOR TO EXCAVATION, VERIFY THE UNDERGROUND UTILITIES, PIPES, STRUCTURES AND FACILITIES. PROVIDE THE FOLLOWING MINIMUM MEASURES:

1. PRE-MARK THE BOUNDARIES OF YOUR PLANNED EXCAVATION WITH WHITE PAINT, FLAGS OR STAKES, SO UTILITY CREWS KNOW WHERE TO MARK THEIR LINES.
2. CALL DIG SAFE, AT 811, AT LEAST THREE BUSINESS DAYS - BUT NO MORE THAN 30 CALENDAR DAYS - BEFORE STARTING WORK. DO NOT ASSUME SOMEONE ELSE WILL MAKE THE CALL.
3. IF BLASTING, NOTIFY DIG SAFE AT LEAST ONE BUSINESS DAY IN ADVANCE.
4. WAIT THREE BUSINESS DAYS FOR LINES TO BE LOCATED AND MARKED WITH COLOR-CODED PAINT, FLAGS OR STAKES. NOTE THE COLOR OF THE MARKS AND THE TYPE OF UTILITIES THEY INDICATE. TRANSFER THESE MARKS TO THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS.
5. CONTACT THE LANDOWNER AND OTHER "NON-MEMBER" UTILITIES (WATER, SEWER, GAS, ETC.). FOR THEM TO MARK THE LOCATIONS OF THEIR UNDERGROUND FACILITIES. TRANSFER THESE MARKS TO THE AS-BUILT DRAWINGS.
6. RE-NOTIFY DIG SAFE AND THE NON-MEMBER UTILITIES IF THE DIGGING, DRILLING OR BLASTING DOES NOT OCCUR WITHIN 30 CALENDAR DAYS, OR IF THE MARKS ARE LOST DUE TO WEATHER CONDITIONS, SITE WORK ACTIVITY OR ANY OTHER REASON.
7. HAND DIG WITHIN 18 INCHES IN ANY DIRECTION OF ANY UNDERGROUND LINE UNTIL THE LINE IS EXPOSED. MECHANICAL METHODS MAY BE USED FOR INITIAL SITE PENETRATION, SUCH AS REMOVAL OF PAVEMENT OR ROCK.
8. DIG SAFE REQUIREMENTS ARE IN ADDITION TO TOWN, CITY AND/OR STATE DOT STREET OPENING PERMIT REQUIREMENTS.
9. FOR COMPLETE DIG SAFE REQUIREMENTS, CALL THE PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION (PUC) AT 1-800-452-4699 OR VISIT [WWW.STATE.ME.US/MPUC](http://WWW.STATE.ME.US/MPUC)
10. IF YOU DAMAGE, DISLOCATE OR DISTURB ANY UNDERGROUND UTILITY LINE, IMMEDIATELY NOTIFY THE AFFECTED UTILITY. IF DAMAGE CREATES SAFETY CONCERNS, CALL THE FIRE DEPARTMENT AND TAKE IMMEDIATE STEPS TO SAFEGUARD HEALTH AND PROPERTY.
11. ANY TIME AN UNDERGROUND LINE IS DAMAGED OR DISTURBED OR IF LINES ARE IMPROPERLY MARKED, YOU MUST FILE AN INCIDENT REPORT WITH THE PUC FOR AN INCIDENT REPORT FORM VISIT [WWW.STATE.ME.US/MPUC](http://WWW.STATE.ME.US/MPUC) OR CALL THE PUC AT 1-800-452-4699.















**PROPOSED**

PROPERTY LINE

SETBACKS

BUILDING

EDGE OF PAVEMENT

EDGE OF GRAVEL

CURB

RETAINING WALL

BOULDERS

CONTOUR

SPOT GRADE

FENCE

UTILITY POLE

VERHEAD UTILITIES

UNDERGROUND UTILITIES

ELECTRICAL HANDHOLE

LIGHTS

CONCRETE

TREE LINE

WARNING LIMIT LINE

WETLANDS

100

114.23

OHU

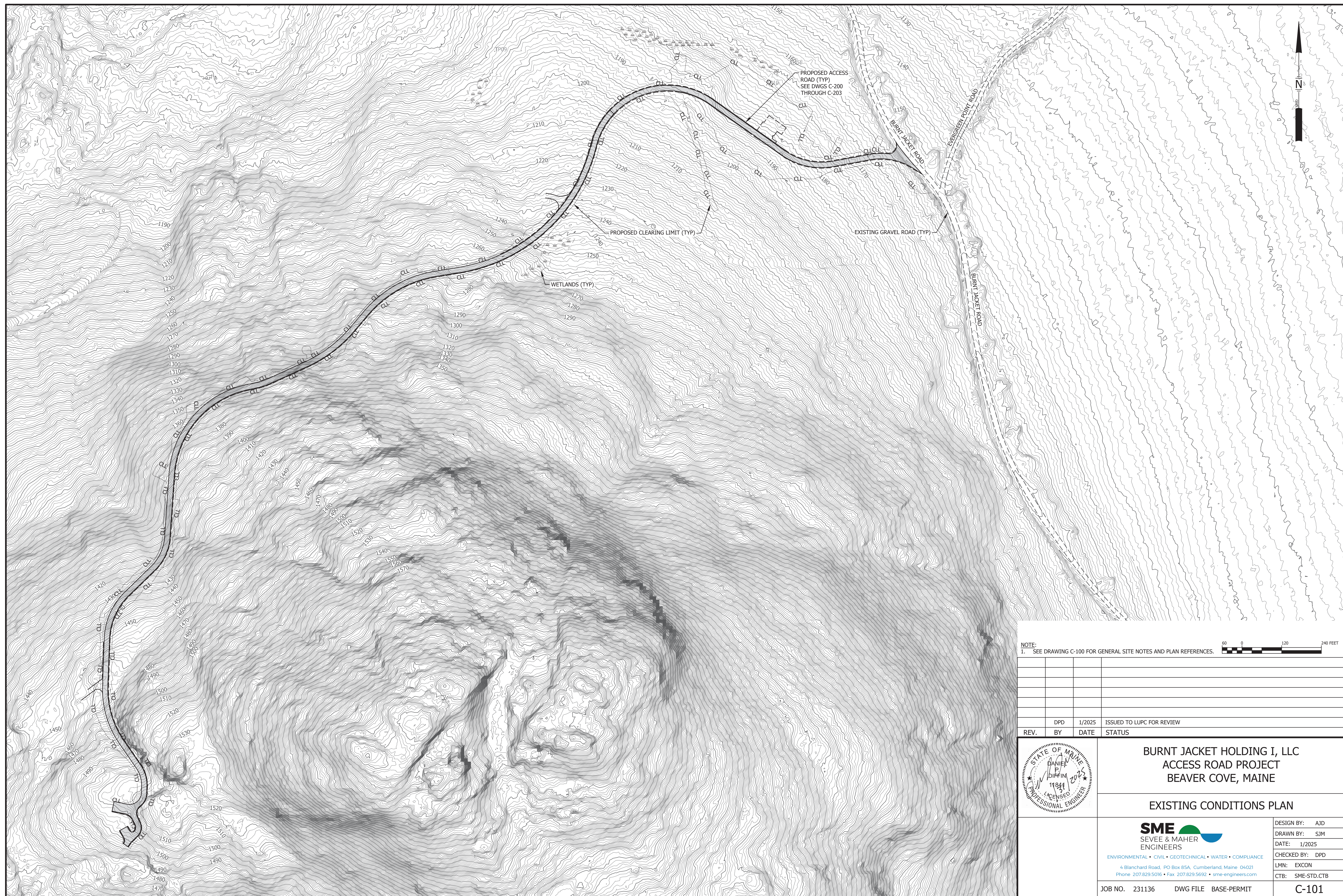
UGU

CLL

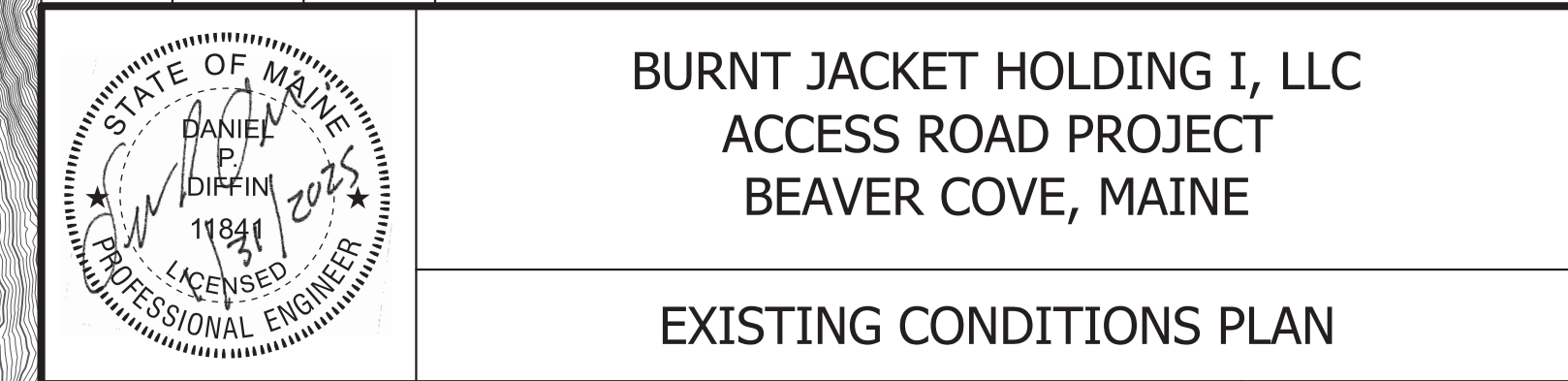
	STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE
	SILT FENCE/SEDIMENT BARRIER
	DOUBLE ROW OF SILT FENCE/SEDIMENT BARRIER
	EROSION CONTROL MULCH BERM
	COMPOST FILTER SOCK
	STONE CHECK DAM
	RIPRAP

ACMP	ASPHALT COATED CMP	DBL	DEGREE OF CURVE	HDPE	HIGH DENSITY POLYETHYLENE	PERF	PERFORATED
ACP	ASBESTOS CEMENT PIPE	DOUBLE	DOUBLE	HORIZ	HORIZONTAL	PP	POWER POLE
AC	ACRE	DEG OR °	DEGREE	HP	HORSEPOWER	PSI	POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH
AGG	AGGREGATE	DEPT	DEPARTMENT	HYD	HYDRANT	PVC	POLYVINYL CHLORIDE
ALUM	ALUMINUM	DI	DUCTILE IRON			PVMT	PAVEMENT
APPD	APPROVED	DIA OR	DIAMETER	ID	INSIDE DIAMETER		
APPROX	APPROXIMATE	DIM	DIMENSION	IN OR "	INCHES		
ARMH	AIR RELEASE MANHOLE	DIST	DISTANCE	INV	INVERT	QTY	QUANTITY
ASB	ASBESTOS	DN	DOWN	INV EL	INVERT ELEVATION	RCP	REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE
ASP	ASPHALT	DR	DRAIN			ROW	RIGHT OF WAY
AUTO	AUTOMATIC	DWG	DRAWING	LB	POUND	RAD	RADIUS
AUX	AUXILIARY	EA	EACH	LC	LEACHATE COLLECTION	REQD	REQUIRED
AVE	AVENUE	EG	EXISTING GROUND OR GRADE	LD	LEAK DETECTION	RT	RIGHT
AZ	AZIMUTH	ELEC	ELECTRIC	LF	LINEAR FEET	RTE	ROUTE
		EL	ELEVATION	LOC	LOCATION		
BCCMP	BITUMINOUS COATED CMP	ELB	ELBOW	LT	LEACHATE TRANSPORT	S	SLOPE
BM	BENCH MARK	EOP	EDGE OF PAVEMENT	MH	MANHOLE	SCH	SCHEDULE
BIT	BITUMINOUS	EQUIP	EQUIPMENT	MJ	MECHANICAL JOINT	SF	SQUARE FEET
BLDG	BUILDING	EST	ESTIMATE	MATL	MATERIAL	SHT	SHEET
BOT	BOTTOM	EXC	EXCAVATE	MAX	MAXIMUM	SMH	SANITARY MANHOLE
BRG	BEARING	EXIST	EXISTING	MFR	MANUFACTURE	ST	STREET
BV	BALL VALVE			MIN	MINIMUM	STA	STATION
				MISC	MISCELLANEOUS	SY	SQUARE YARD
CB	CATCH BASIN	FI	FIELD INLET	MON	MONUMENT	TAN	TANGENT
CEN	CENTER	FG	FINISH GRADE			TDH	TOTAL DYNAMIC HEAD
CEM LIN	CEMENT LINED	FBRGL	FIBERGLASS			TEMP	TEMPORARY
CMP	CORRUGATED METAL PIPE	FDN	FOUNDATION	NITC	NOT IN THIS CONTRACT	TYP	TYPICAL
CO	CLEAN OUT	FLEX	FLEXIBLE	NTS	NOT TO SCALE		
CF	CUBIC FEET	FLG	FLANGE	NF	NOW OR FORMERLY	UD	UNDERDRAIN
CFS	CUBIC FEET PER SECOND	FLR	FLOOR	NO OR #	NUMBER	V	VOLTS
CI	CAST IRON	FPS	FEET PER SECOND			V TEE	VALVE ANCHORING TEE
CL	CLASS	FT OR '	FEET	OC	ON CENTER	VERT	VERTICAL
CONC	CONCRETE	FTG	FOOTING	OD	OUTSIDE DIAMETER		
CONST	CONSTRUCTION					WG	WATER GATE
CONTR	CONTRACTOR	GA	GAUGE	PC	POINT OF CURVE	W/	WITH
CS	CURB STOP	GAL	GALLON	PD	PERIMETER DRAIN	W/O	WITHOUT
CTR	CENTER	GALV	GALVANIZED	PI	POINT OF INTERSECTION		
CU	COPPER	GPD	GALLONS PER DAY	PIV	POST INDICATOR VALVE		
CY	CUBIC YARD	GPM	GALLONS PER MINUTE	PT	POINT OF TANGENT	YD	YARD

[illegible]



**NOTE:**  
1. SEE DRAWING C-100 FOR GENERAL SITE NOTES AND PLAN REFERENCES.

[illegible]



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4 Blanchard Road, PO Box 85A, Cumberland, Maine 04021  
Phone 207.829.0516 • Fax 207.829.5692 • [sme-engineers.com](http://sme-engineers.com)

DESIGN BY: AJD

DRAWN BY: SJM

DATE: 1/2025

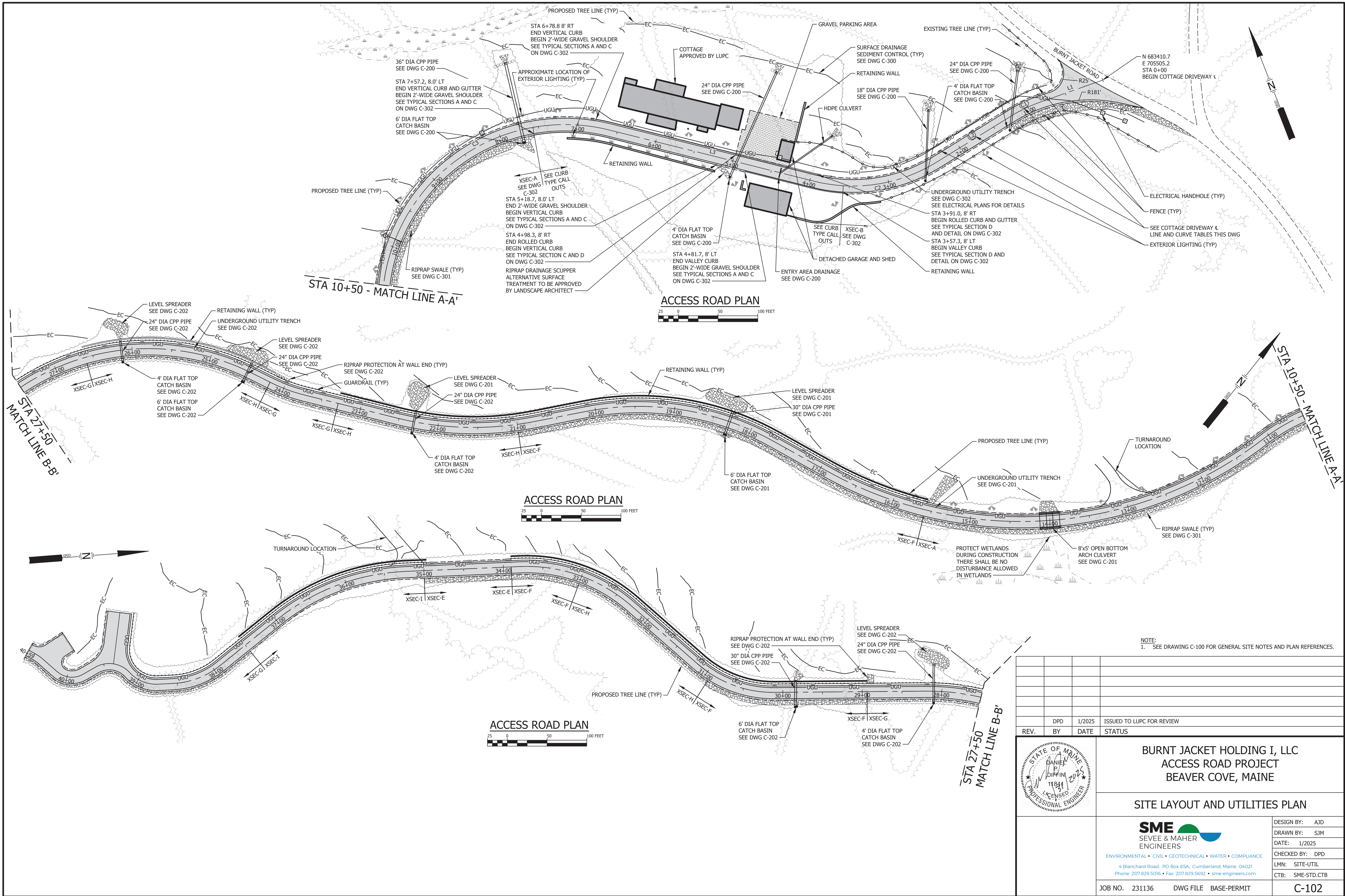
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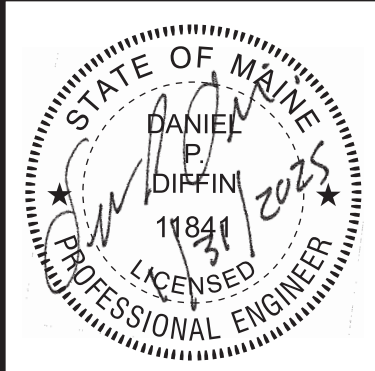

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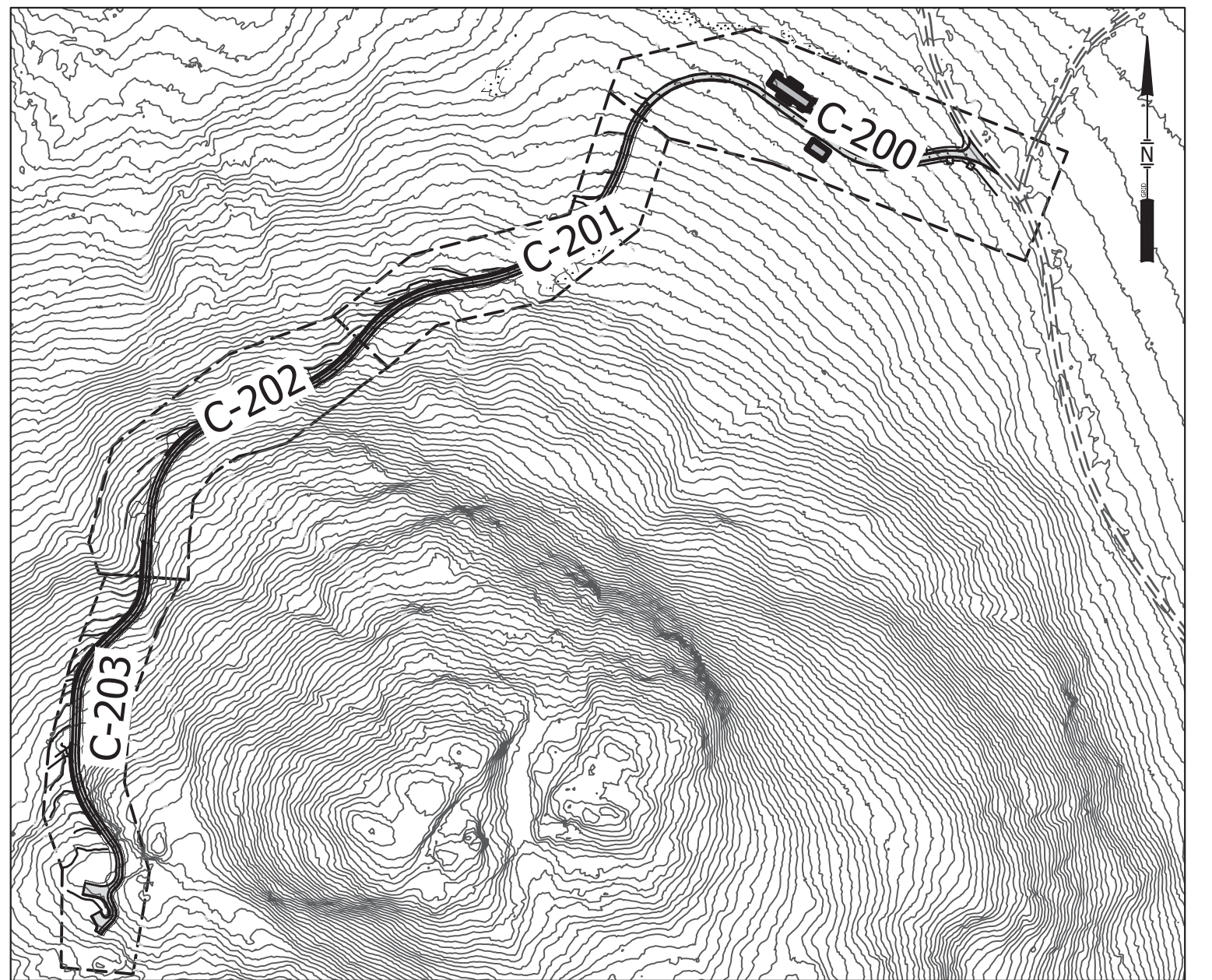
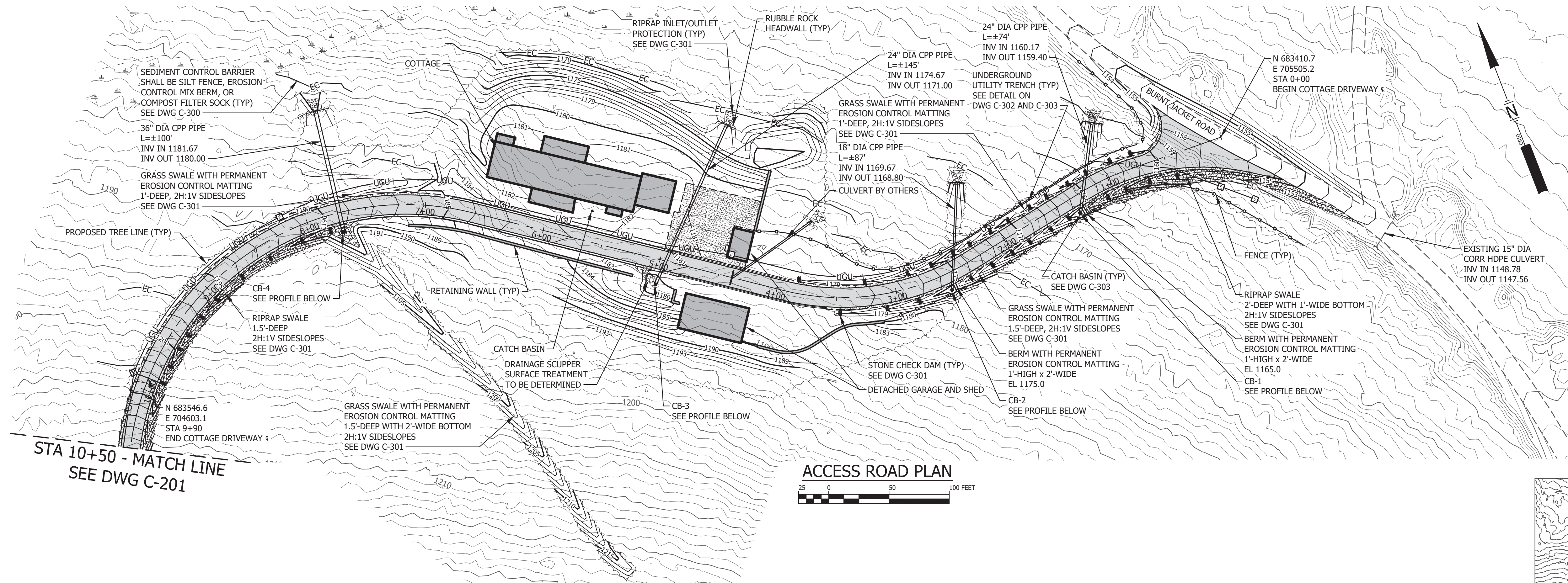
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CTB: SME-STD.CTB

JOB NO. 231136	DWG FILE BASE-PERMIT	C-101
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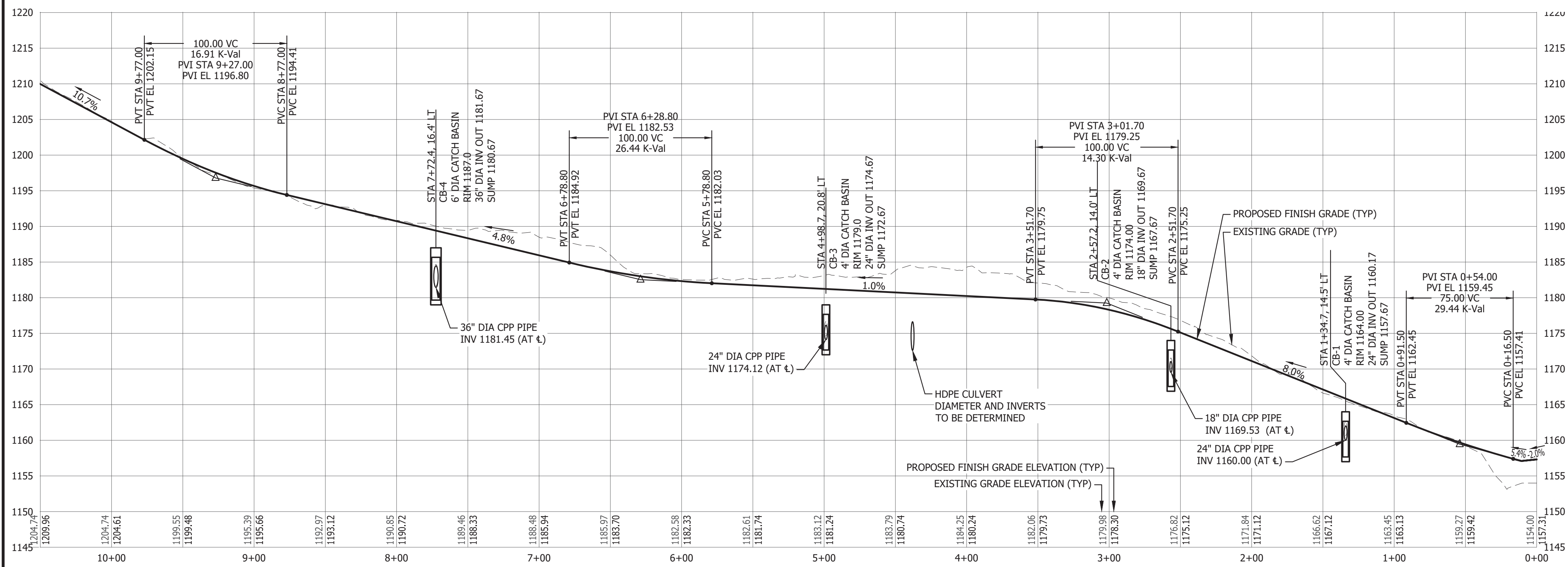


REV.	BY	DATE	STATUS
	DPD	1/2025	ISSUED TO LUPC FOR REVIEW
		BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC ACCESS ROAD PROJECT BEAVER COVE, MAINE	
		SITE LAYOUT AND UTILITIES PLAN	
		DESIGN BY:	AJD
		DRAWN BY:	SJM
		DATE:	1/2025
 ENVIRONMENTAL • CIVIL • GEOTECHNICAL • WATER • COMPLIANCE 4 Blanchard Road, PO Box 85A, Cumberland, Maine 04021 Phone 207.829.5016 • Fax 207.829.5692 • sme-engineers.com		CHECKED BY:	DPD
		LMN:	SITE-UTIL
		CTB:	SME-STD.CTB
JOB NO. 231136		DWG FILE	BASE-PERMIT
		C-102	

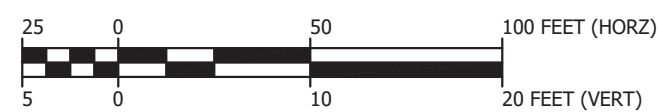


### PLAN KEY MAP

**NOTE:**  
1. SEE DRAWING C-100 FOR GENERAL SITE NOTES AND PLAN REFERENCES.



## ACCESS ROAD PROFILE



## ACCESS ROAD & LINE AND CURVE TABLES

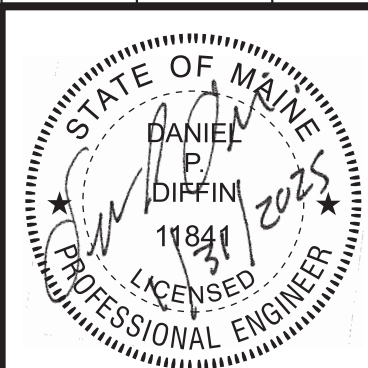
LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
L1	S 79°30'23" W	110.75'
L2	N 54°42'23" W	265.78'

CURVE	RADIUS	ARC LENGTH	CHORD LENGTH	CHORD BEARING	DELTA ANGLE	PC	PT
C1	188.89'	144.99'	141.46'	N 78°30'10" W	43°58'53"	0+00.00	1+44.99
C2	200.00'	159.83'	155.61'	N 77°36'00" W	45°47'14"	2+55.74	4+15.57
C3	230.00'	442.44'	377.31'	S 70°11'07" W	110°13'00"	6+81.35	11+23.78

	DPD	1/2025	ISSUED TO LUPC FOR REVIEW
REV.	BY	DATE	STATUS

BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC  
ACCESS ROAD PROJECT  
BEAVER COVE, MAINE

ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE  
SHEET 1 OF 4



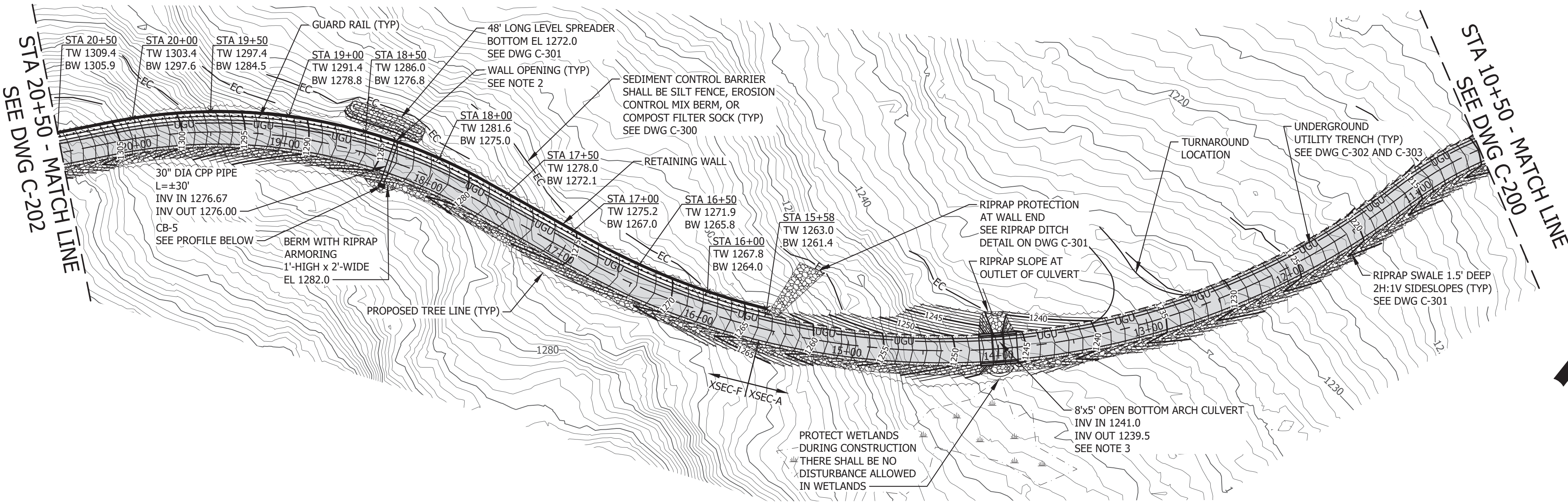
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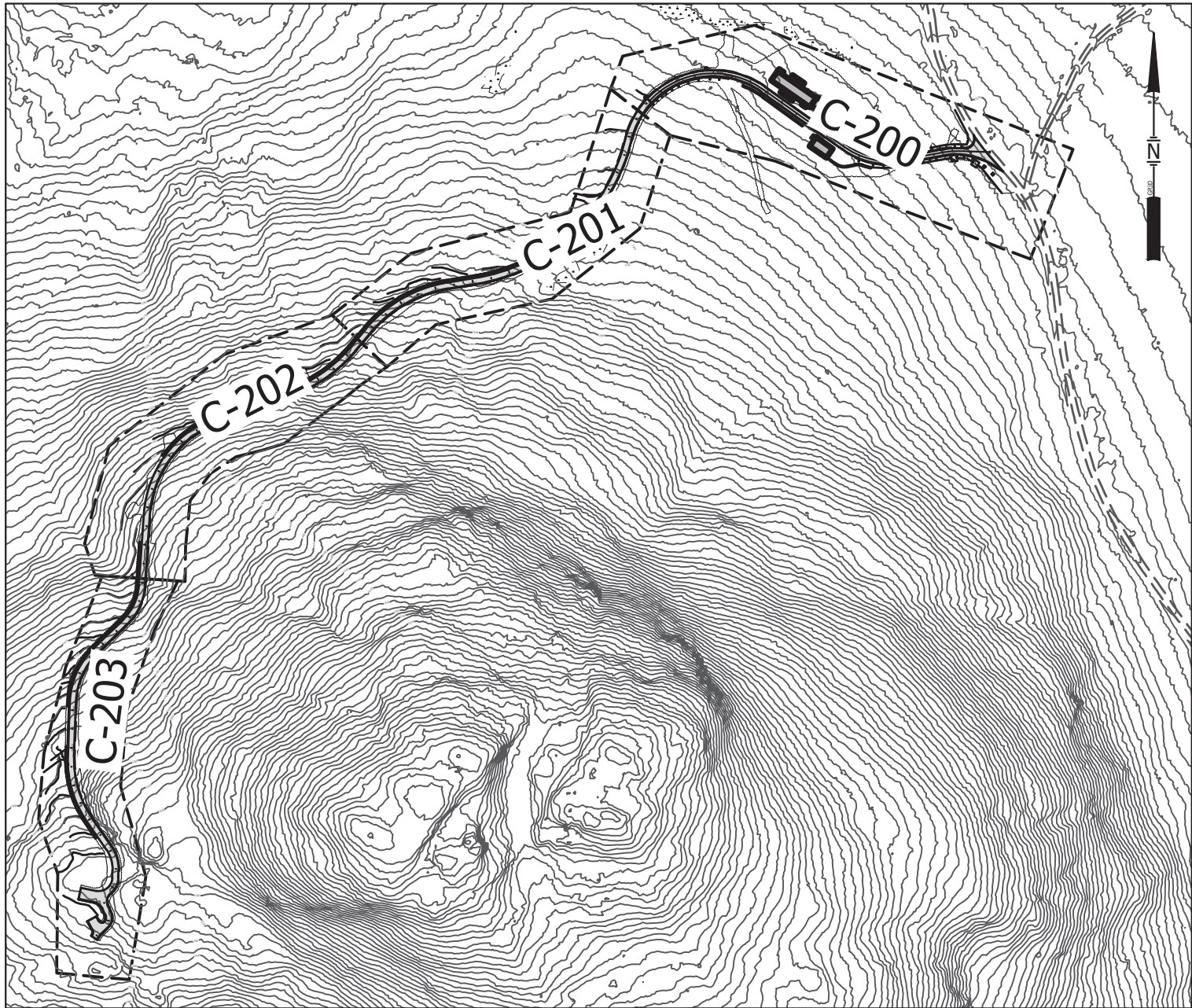
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JOB NO. 231136      DWG FILE BASE-PERMIT

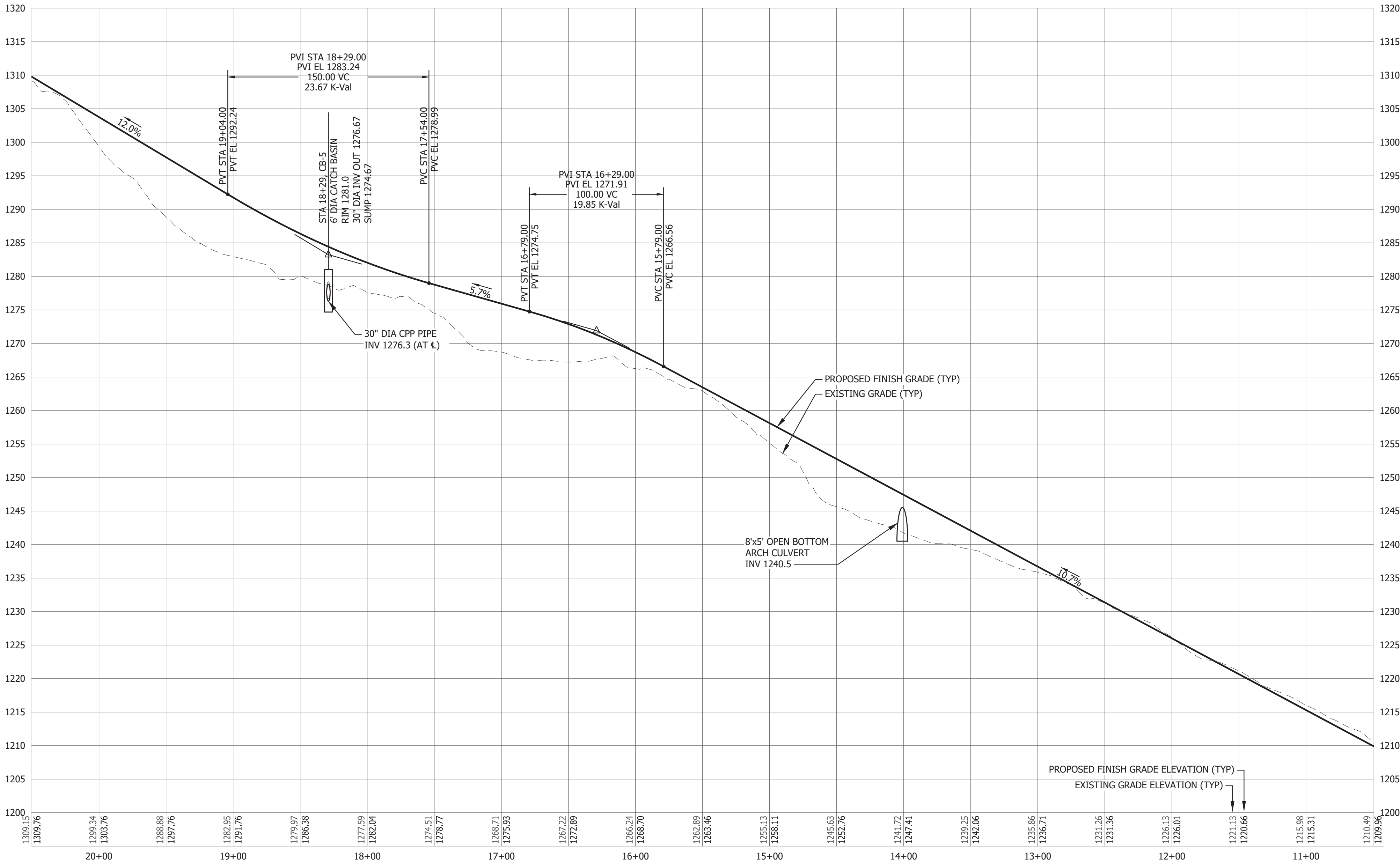
DESIGN BY:	AJD
DRAWN BY:	SJM
DATE:	1/2025
CHECKED BY:	DPD
LMN:	LMN
CTB:	SME-STD.CTB
C-200	



ACCESS ROAD PLAN



PLAN KEY MAP



ACCESS ROAD PROFILE

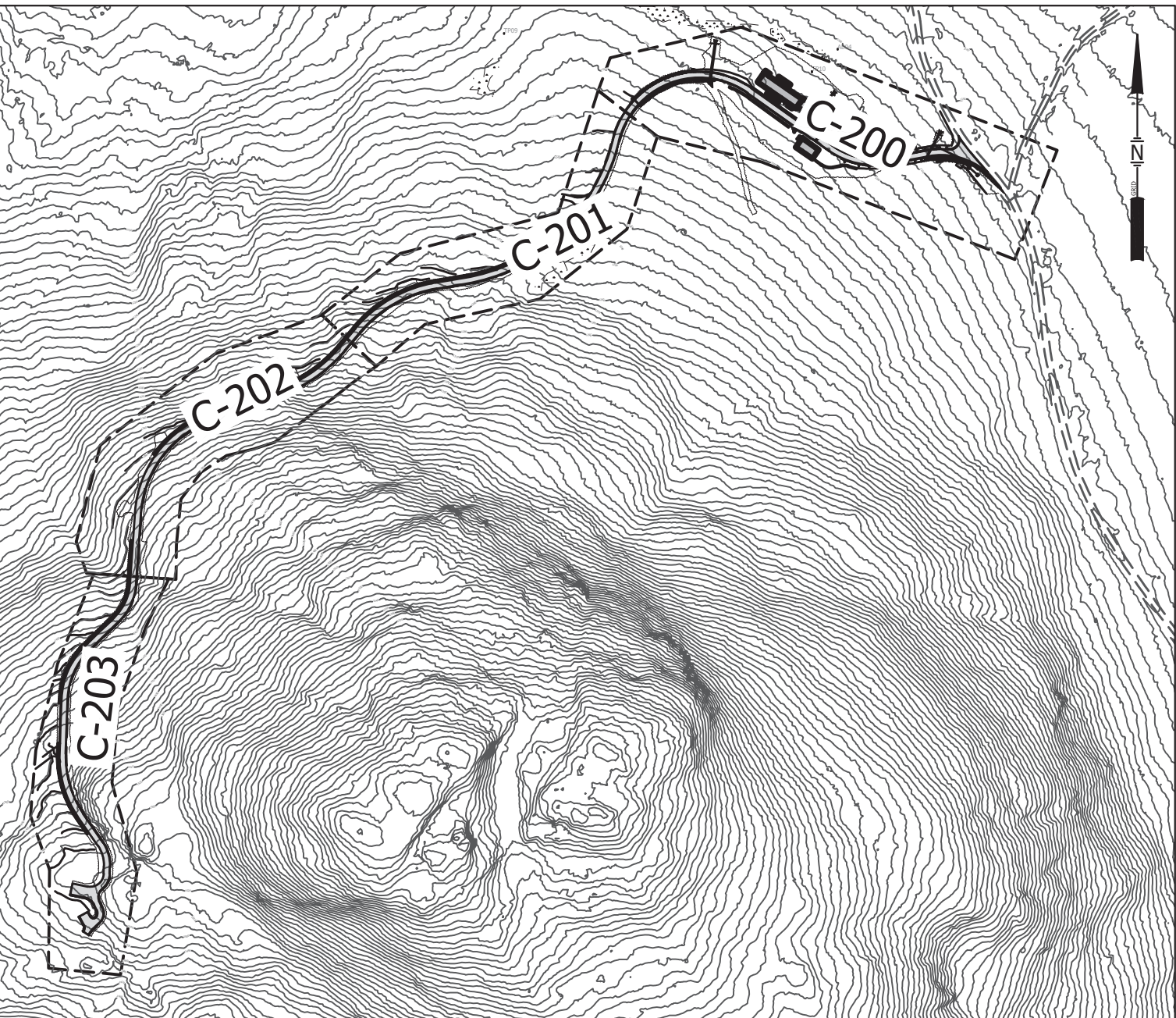
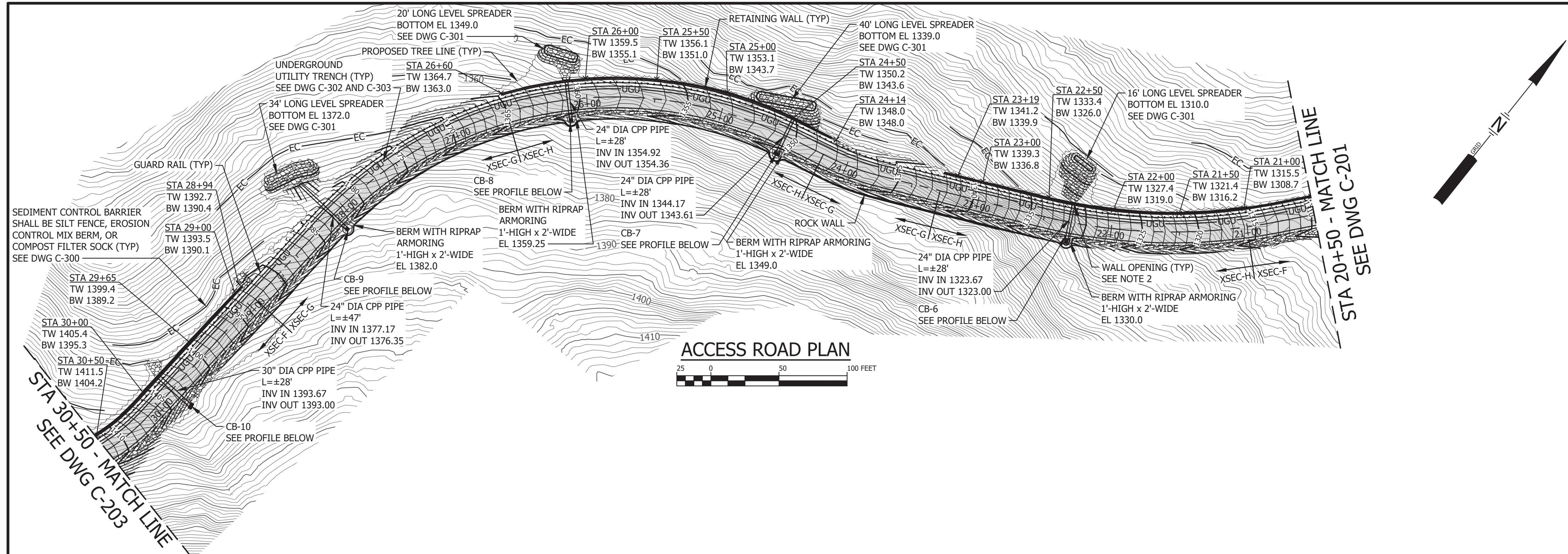
ACCESS ROAD & LINE AND CURVE TABLES

LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
L3	S 15°04'37" W	171.06'
L4	S 76°13'11" W	69.62'
L5	S 80°34'09" W	151.22'

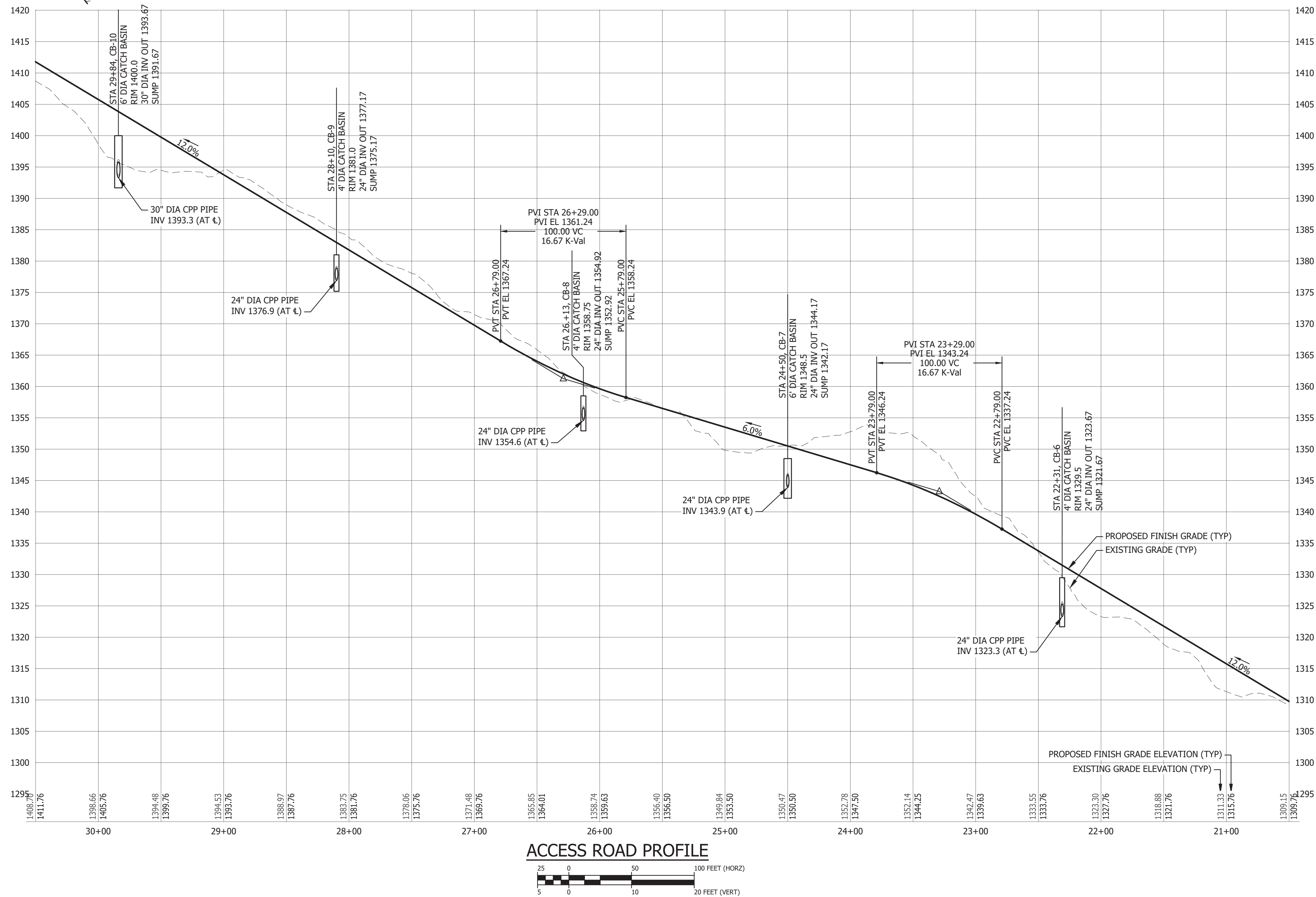
CURVE	RADIUS	ARC LENGTH	CHORD LENGTH	CHORD BEARING	DELTA ANGLE	PC	PT
C4	250.00'	266.79'	254.31'	S 45°38'54" W	61°08'34"	12+94.84	15+61.63
C5	500.00'	37.96'	37.95'	S 78°23'40" W	4°20'58"	16+31.25	16+69.21
C6	350.00'	246.19'	241.14'	S 60°25'07" W	40°18'05"	18+20.43	20+66.62

- NOTE:
- SEE DRAWING C-100 FOR GENERAL SITE NOTES AND PLAN REFERENCES.
  - PROVIDE STAINLESS STEEL BAR GUARDS ON PIPE OUTLETS. BAR GUARD SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL RAT GUARD MANUFACTURED BY AGRI DRAIN OR EQUAL. PROVIDE LOCK ON BAR GUARD TO CONTROL SWIVEL.
  - CULVERT TO BE FIELD LOCATED AT EXISTING DRAINAGE CHANNEL. IF LOCATION IS DIFFERENT THAN SHOWN ON PLANS, NOTIFY ENGINEER.

DPD	1/2025	ISSUED TO LUPC FOR REVIEW	
REV.	BY	DATE	STATUS
<div><div><div>STATE OF MAINE DANIEL P. DUFFIN 11841 LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER</div></div><div><div>BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC ACCESS ROAD PROJECT BEAVER COVE, MAINE</div><div>ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE SHEET 2 OF 4</div><div><div>SME SEVEE &amp; MAHER ENGINEERS</div><div>ENVIRONMENTAL • CIVIL • GEOTECHNICAL • WATER • COMPLIANCE 4 Blanchard Road, PO Box 85A, Cumberland, Maine 04021 Phone 207.829.5016 • Fax 207.829.5692 • sme-engineers.com</div></div></div></div>			
JOB NO. 231136		DWG FILE BASE-PERMIT	DESIGN BY: AJD DRAWN BY: SJM DATE: 1/2025 CHECKED BY: DPD LMN: LMN CTB: SME-STD.CTB
			C-201



## PLAN KEY MAP



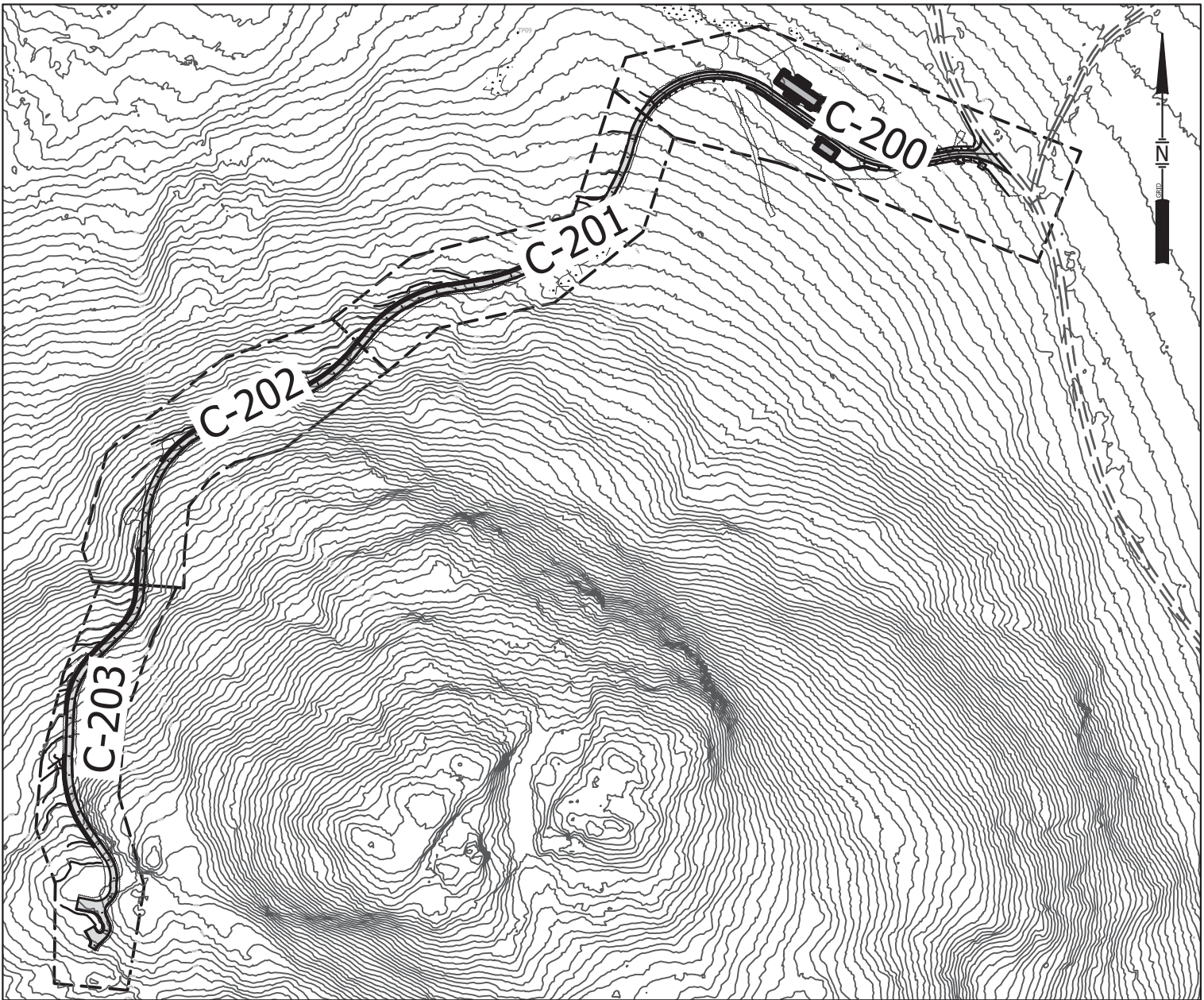
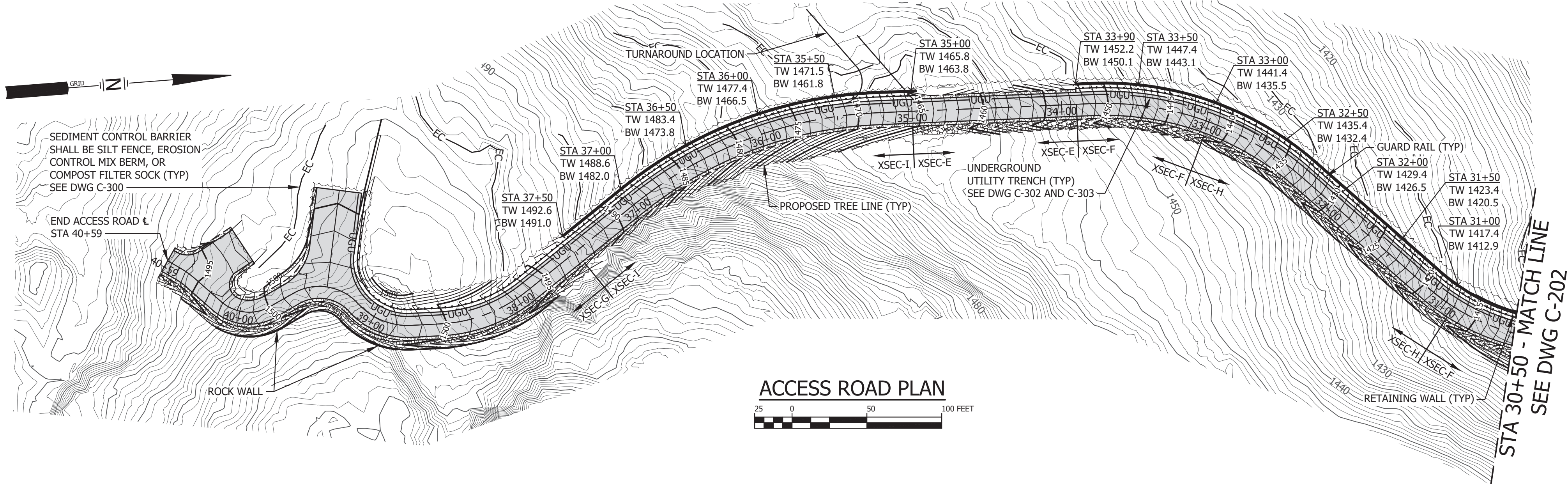
## ACCESS ROAD & LINE AND CURVE TABLES

LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
L6	S 40°16'04" W	64.01'
L7	S 65°24'35" W	120.22'
L8	S 77°54'34" W	28.54'
L9	S 03°57'31" W	190.89'

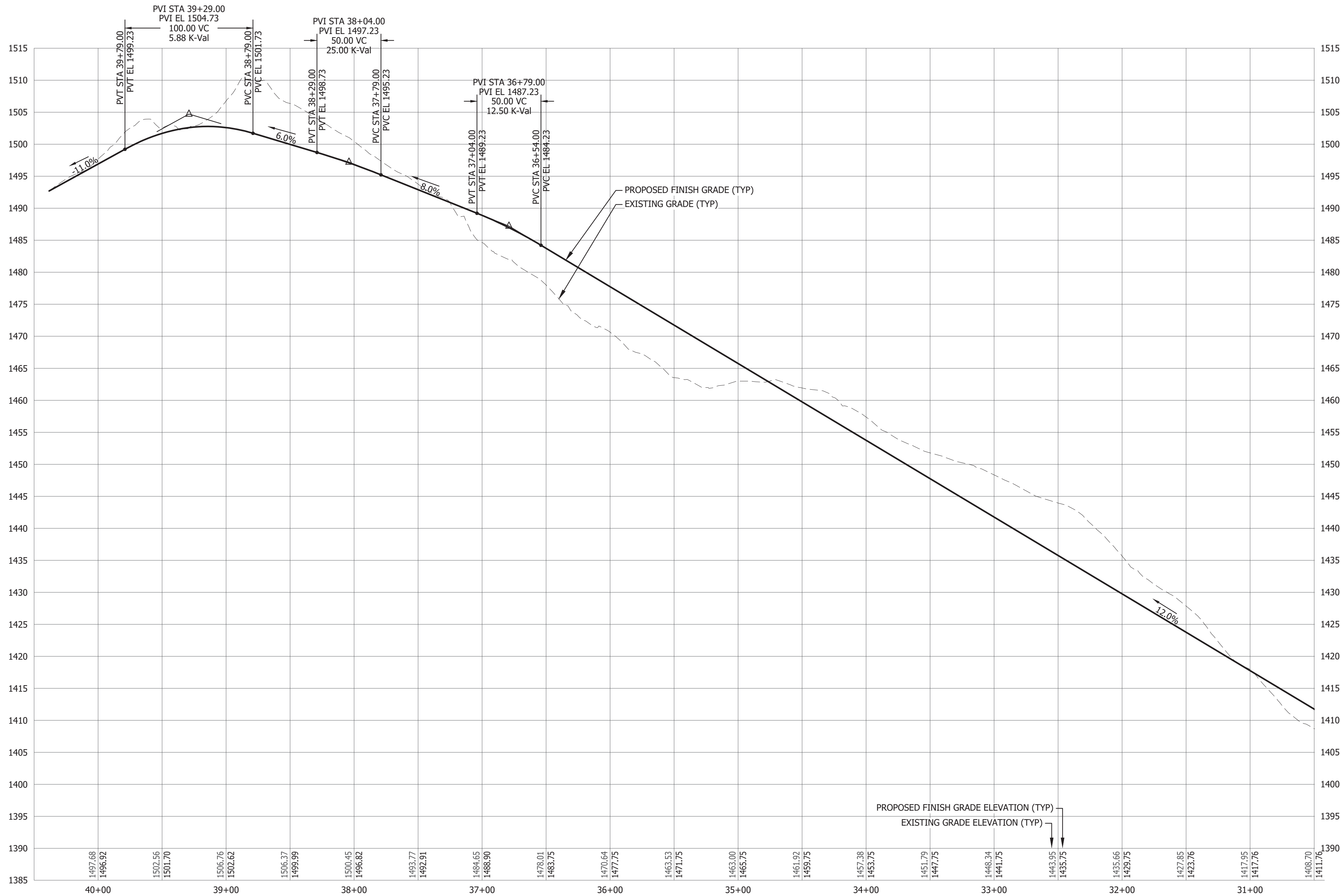
CURVE	RADIUS	ARC LENGTH	CHORD LENGTH	CHORD BEARING	DELTA ANGLE	PC	PT
C7	400.00'	175.52'	174.12'	S 52°50'20" W	25°08'31"	21+30.62	23+06.15
C8	200.00'	43.63'	43.54'	S 71°39'35" W	12°29'58"	24+26.37	24+70.00
C9	290.00'	374.30'	348.85'	S 40°56'02" W	73°57'02"	24+98.54	28+72.84

- NOTE:**
1. SEE DRAWING C-100 FOR GENERAL SITE NOTES AND PLAN REFERENCES.
  2. PROVIDE STAINLESS STEEL BAR GUARDS ON PIPE OUTLETS. BAR GUARD SHALL BE STAINLESS STEEL RAT GUARD MANUFACTURED BY AGRI DRAIN OR EQUAL. PROVIDE LOCK ON BAR GUARD TO CONTROL SWIVEL.

[illegible]



PLAN KEY MAP



ACCESS ROAD & LINE AND CURVE TABLES

LINE	BEARING	DISTANCE
L10	S 32°52'38" W	117.64'
L11	S 03°18'04" W	35.59'
L12	S 34°25'38" E	103.72'
L13	S 01°27'15" W	19.94'
L14	S 25°28'30" E	17.83'
L15	S 45°43'03" W	23.86'
L16	S 34°11'14" W	9.99'

CURVE	RADIUS	ARC LENGTH	CHORD LENGTH	CHORD BEARING	DELTA ANGLE	PC	PT
C10	250.00'	126.18'	124.85'	S 18°25'05" W	28°55'07"	30+63.73	31+89.91
C11	475.00'	245.20'	242.48'	S 18°05'21" W	29°34'34"	33+07.54	35+52.74
C12	200.00'	94.46'	93.59'	S 10°13'47" E	27°03'42"	35+88.33	36+82.80
C13	100.00'	62.62'	61.61'	S 16°29'12" E	35°52'53"	38+23.75	38+86.38
C14	45.00'	39.76'	38.48'	S 26°46'02" W	50°37'35"	39+06.31	39+46.07
C15	35.00'	47.38'	43.84'	S 13°18'10" W	77°33'20"	39+46.07	39+93.45
C16	28.00'	34.79'	32.60'	S 10°07'17" W	71°11'33"	40+11.28	40+46.07
C17	57.00'	11.47'	11.45'	S 39°57'09" W	11°31'49"	40+69.93	40+81.40

NOTE:  
1. SEE DRAWING C-100 FOR GENERAL SITE NOTES AND PLAN REFERENCES.

DPD	1/2025	ISSUED TO LUPC FOR REVIEW	
REV.	BY	DATE	STATUS
<div><div><div>STATE OF MAINE DANIEL P. DUFFIN 11841 LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER</div></div><div><div>BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC ACCESS ROAD PROJECT BEAVER COVE, MAINE</div><div>ACCESS ROAD PLAN AND PROFILE SHEET 4 OF 4</div><div><div>SME SEVEE &amp; MAHER ENGINEERS</div><div>ENVIRONMENTAL • CIVIL • GEOTECHNICAL • WATER • COMPLIANCE 4 Blanchard Road, PO Box 85A, Cumberland, Maine 04021 Phone 207.829.5016 • Fax 207.829.5692 • sme-engineers.com</div></div></div></div>			
JOB NO. 231136 DWG FILE BASE-PERMIT			
DESIGN BY: AJD DRAWN BY: SJM DATE: 1/2025 CHECKED BY: DPD LMN: LMN CTB: SME-STD.CTB C-203			

## EROSION CONTROL NOTES:

### A. GENERAL

- All soil erosion and sediment control will be done in accordance with: (1) the Maine Erosion and Sediment Control Handbook: Best Management Practices, Maine Department of Environmental Protection (MEDEP), October 2016.
- The site Contractor (to be determined) will be responsible for the inspection and repair/replacement/maintenance of all erosion control measures, disturbed areas, material storage areas, and vehicle access points until all disturbed areas are stabilized.
- Disturbed areas will be permanently stabilized within 7 days of final grading. Disturbed areas not to be worked upon within 14 days of disturbance will be temporarily stabilized within 7 days of the disturbance.
- In all areas, removal of trees, bushes and other vegetation, as well as disturbance of topsoil will be kept to a minimum while allowing proper site operations.
- Any suitable topsoil will be stripped and stockpiled for reuse as directed by the Owner. Topsoil will be stockpiled in a manner such that natural drainage is not obstructed and no off-site sediment damage will result. In any event, stockpiles will not be located within 100 feet of wetlands and will be at least 50 feet upgradient of the stockpile's perimeter silt fence. The sideslopes of the topsoil stockpile will not exceed 2:1. Silt fence will be installed around the perimeter of all topsoil stockpiles. Topsoil stockpiles will be surrounded with siltation fencing and will be temporarily seeded with Aroostook rye, annual or perennial ryegrass within 7 days of formation, or temporarily mulched.
- Winter excavation and earthwork will be completed so as to minimize exposed areas while satisfactorily completing the project. Limit exposed areas to those areas in which work is to occur during the following 15 days and that can be mulched in one day. All areas will be considered denuded until the subbase gravel is installed in roadway areas or the areas of future loam and seed have been loamed, seeded, and mulched.

Install any added measures necessary to control erosion/sedimentation. The particular measure used will be dependent upon site conditions, the size of the area to be protected, and weather conditions.

To minimize areas without erosion control protection, continuation of earthwork operations on additional areas will not begin until the exposed soil surface on the area being worked has been stabilized.

### B. TEMPORARY MEASURES

#### 1. STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE/EXIT

A crushed stone stabilized construction entrance/exit will be placed at any point of vehicular access to the site, in accordance with the detail shown on this sheet.

#### 2. SILT FENCE

- Silt fence will be installed prior to all construction activity, where soil disturbance may result in erosion. Silt fence will be erected at locations shown on the plans and/or downgradient of all construction activity.
- Silt fences will be removed when they have served their useful purpose, but not before the upgradient areas have been permanently stabilized.
- Silt fences will be inspected immediately after each rainfall and at least daily during prolonged rainfall. They will be inspected if there are any signs of erosion or sedimentation below them. Any required repairs will be made immediately. If there are signs of undercutting at the center or the edges, or impounding of large volumes of water behind them, they will be replaced with a temporary crushed stone check dam.
- Sediment deposits will be removed after each storm event if significant build-up has occurred or if deposits exceed half the height of the barrier.

#### 3. STONE CHECK DAMS

Stone check dams will be installed in grass-lined swales and ditches during construction. Remove stone check dams when they have served their useful purpose, but not before upgradient areas have been permanently stabilized.

#### 4. EROSION CONTROL MIX SEDIMENT BARRIER

- Where approved, erosion control mix sediment barriers may be used as a substitute for silt fence. See the details in this drawing set for specifications.
- Rock Filter Berms: To provide more filtering capacity or to act as a velocity check dam, a berm's center can be composed of clean crushed rock ranging in size from the french drain stone to riprap.

#### 5. TEMPORARY SEEDING

Stabilize disturbed areas that will not be brought to final grade and reduce problems associated with mud and dust production from exposed soil surface during construction with temporary vegetation.

#### 6. TEMPORARY MULCHING

Use temporary mulch in the following locations and/or circumstances:

- In sensitive areas (within 100 feet of streams, wetlands and in lake watersheds) temporary mulch will be applied within 7 days of exposing spill or prior to any storm event.
- Apply temporary mulch within 14 days of disturbance or prior to any storm event in all other areas.
- Areas which have been temporarily or permanently seeded will be mulched immediately following seeding.
- Areas which cannot be seeded within the growing season will be mulched for over-winter protection and the area will be seeded at the beginning of the growing season.
- Mulch can be used in conjunction with tree, shrub, vine, and ground cover plantings.
- Mulch anchoring will be used on slopes greater than 5 percent in late fall (past October 15), and over-winter (October 15 - April 15).

The following materials may be used for temporary mulch:

- Hay or Straw material shall be air-dried, free of seeds and coarse material. Apply 2 bales/1,000 sf or 1.5 to 2 tons/acre to cover 90% of ground surface.
- Erosion Control Mix: It can be used as a stand-alone reinforcement:
  - on slopes 2 horizontal to 1 vertical or less;
  - on frozen ground or forested areas; and
  - at the edge of gravel parking areas and areas under construction.
- Erosion control mix alone is not suitable:
  - on slopes with groundwater seepage;
  - at low points with concentrated flows and in gullies;
  - at the bottom of steep perimeter slopes exceeding 100 feet in length;
  - below culvert outlet aprons; and around catch basins and closed storm systems.
- Chemical Mulches and Soil Binders: Wide ranges of synthetic spray-on materials are marketed to protect the soil surface. These are emulsions that are mixed with water and applied to the soil. They may be used alone, but most often are used to hold wood fiber, hydro-mulches or straw to the soil surface.

- Erosion Control Blankets and Mats: Mats are manufactured combinations of mulch and netting designed to retain soil moisture and modify soil temperature. During the growing season (April 15 to October 15) use mats indicated on drawings or North American Green (NAG) S75 (or mulch and netting) on:
  - the base of grassed waterways;
  - steep slopes (15 percent or greater); and
  - any disturbed soil within 100 feet of lakes, streams, or wetlands.

During the late fall and winter (October 15 to April 15) use heavy grade mats indicated on drawings for all areas.

### C. TEMPORARY DUST CONTROL

To prevent the blowing and movement of dust from exposed soil surfaces, and reduce the presence of dust, use water or calcium chloride to control dusting by preserving the moisture level in the road surface materials.

### D. CONSTRUCTION DE-WATERING

- Water from construction de-watering operations shall be cleaned of sediment before reaching wetlands, water bodies, streams or site boundaries. Utilize temporary sediment basins, erosion control soil filter berms backed by staked hay bales, a Dirt Bag 55" sediment filter bag by ACF Environmental, or other approved Best Management Practices (BMP's).
- In sensitive areas near streams or ponds, discharge the water from the de-watering operation into a temporary sediment basin created by a surrounding filter berm of uncompacted erosion control mix immediately backed by staked hay bales (see the site details). Locate the temporary sediment basin at least 100 feet from the nearest water body, such that the filtered water will flow through undisturbed vegetated soil areas prior to reaching the water body or property line.

### E. PERMANENT MEASURES

- Riprapped Aprons: All storm drain pipe outlets and the inlet and outlet of culverts will have riprap aprons to protect against scour and deterioration.
- Topsoil, Seed, and Mulch: All areas disturbed during construction, but not subject to other restoration (paving, riprap, etc.) will be loamed, limed, fertilized, seeded, and mulched.

Seeded Preparation: Use stockpiled materials spread to the depths shown on the plans, if available. Approved topsoil substitutes may be used. Grade the site as needed.

- Seeding will be completed by August 15 of each year. Late season seeding may be done between August 15 and October 15. Areas not seeded or which do not obtain satisfactory growth by October 15, will be seeded with Aroostook Rye or mulched. After November 1, or the first killing frost, disturbed areas will be seeded at double the specified application rates, mulched, and anchored.

#### PERMANENT SEEDING SPECIFICATIONS

Mixture:	Roadside (lbs/acre)	Lawn (lbs/acre)
Kentucky Bluegrass	20	55
White Clover	5	0
Creeping Red Fescue	20	55
Perennial Ryegrass	5	15

- Mulch in accordance with specifications for temporary mulching.
- If permanent vegetated stabilization cannot be established due to the season of the year, all exposed and disturbed areas not to undergo further disturbance are to have dormant seeding applied and be temporarily mulched to protect the site.
- Any fertilizer used on the site to be free of phosphorous.

- Ditches and Channels: All ditches on-site will be lined with North American Green P300 erosion control mesh (or an approved equal) upon installation of loam and seed unless otherwise noted.

### F. WINTER CONSTRUCTION AND STABILIZATION

- Natural Resource Protection: During winter construction, a double-row of sediment barriers (i.e., silt fence backed with hay bales or erosion control mix) will be placed between any natural resource and the disturbed area. Projects crossing the natural resource will be protected a minimum distance of 100 feet on either side from the resource.
- Sediment Barriers: During frozen conditions, sediment barriers may consist of erosion control mix berms or any other recognized sediment barriers as frozen soil prevents the proper installation of hay bales or silt fences.
- Mulching:
  - All areas will be considered to be denuded until seeded and mulched. Hay and straw mulch will be applied at a rate of twice the normal accepted rate.
  - Mulch will not be spread on top of snow.
  - After each day of final grading, the area will be properly stabilized with anchored hay or straw or erosion control matting.
  - Between the dates of November 1 and April 15, all mulch will be anchored by either mulch netting, emulsion chemical, tracking or wood cellulose fiber.

- Soil Stockpiling: Stockpiles of soil or subsoil will be mulched for over-winter protection with hay or straw at twice the normal rate or with a 4-inch layer of erosion control mix. This will be done within 24 hours of stocking and re-established prior to any rainfall or snowfall. Any soil stockpiles shall not be placed (even covered with mulch) within 100 feet from any natural resources. Sediment barriers should be installed downgradient of stockpiles. Stormwater shall be directed away from stockpiles.

- Seeding: Dormant seeding may be placed prior to the placement of mulch or erosion control blankets. If dormant seeding is used for the site, all disturbed areas will receive 4 inches of loam and seed at an application rate of three times the rate for permanent seeding. All areas seeded during the winter will be inspected in the spring for adequate catch. All areas insufficiently vegetated (less than 75 percent catch) will be revegetated by replacing loam, seed, and mulch.

If dormant seeding is not used for the site, all disturbed areas will be revegetated in the spring.

- Maintenance: Maintenance measures will be applied as needed during the entire construction season. After each rainfall, snow storm, or period of thawing and runoff, and at least once a week, the site Contractor will perform a visual inspection of all installed erosion control measures and perform repairs as needed to ensure their continuous function.

- Identified repairs will be started no later than the end of the net work day and be completed within seven (7) calendar days.

Following the temporary and/or final seeding and mulching, the Contractor will, in the spring, inspect and repair any damages and/or bare spots. An established vegetative cover means a minimum of 85 to 90 percent of areas vegetated with vigorous growth.

### G. OVER-WINTER CONSTRUCTION EROSION CONTROL MEASURES

- Stabilization of Disturbed Soil: By October 15, all disturbed soils on areas having a slope less than 15 percent will be seeded and mulched. If the Contractor fails to stabilize these soils by this date, then the Contractor shall stabilize the soil for late fall and winter, by using either temporary seeding or mulching.

- Stabilization of Disturbed Slopes: All slopes to be vegetated will be completed by October 15. The Owner will consider any area having a grade greater than 15 percent (6.5H:1V) to be a slope. Slopes not vegetated by October 15 will receive one of the following actions to stabilize the slope for late fall and winter:

- Stabilize the soil with temporary vegetation and erosion control mesh.
- Stabilize the slope with erosion control mix.
- Stabilize the slope with stone riprap.
- Slopes steeper than 1.5:1 are prohibited.

- Stabilization of Ditches and Channels: All stone-lined ditches and channels to be used to convey runoff through the winter will be constructed and stabilized by November 15. Grass-lined ditches and channels will be complete by September 15. Grass-lined ditches not stabilized by September 15 shall be lined with either sod or riprap.

### H. MAINTENANCE PLAN

- Routine Maintenance: Inspection will be performed as outlined in the project's Erosion Control Plan. Inspection will be by a qualified person during wet weather to ensure that the facility performs as intended. Inspection priorities will include checking erosion controls for accumulation of sediments.

### I. Housekeeping

- Spill prevention. Controls must be used to prevent pollutants from being discharged from materials on site, including storage practices to minimize exposure of the materials to stormwater, and appropriate spill prevention, containment, and response planning and implementation.
- Groundwater protection. During construction, liquid petroleum products and other hazardous materials with the potential to contaminate groundwater may not be stored or handled in areas of the site draining to an infiltration area. An "infiltration area" is any area of the site that by design or as a result of soils, topography and other relevant factors accumulates runoff that infiltrates into the soil. Dikes, berms, sumps, and other forms of secondary containment that prevent discharge to groundwater may be used to isolate portions of the site for the purposes of storage and handling of these materials.
- Fugitive sediment and dust. Actions must be taken to ensure that activities do not result in noticeable erosion of soils or fugitive dust emissions during or after construction. Oil may not be used for dust control. If off-site tracking occurs roadways should be swept immediately and no loss once a week and prior to significant storm events.
- Debris and other materials. Litter, construction debris, and chemicals exposed to stormwater must be prevented from becoming a pollutant source.

- Trench or foundation de-watering. Trench de-watering is the removal of water from trenches, foundations, coffer dams, ponds, and other areas within the construction area that retain water after excavation. In most cases the collected water is heavily silted and hinders correct and safe construction practices. The collected water must be removed from the ponded area, either through gravity or pumping, and must be spread through natural wooded buffers or removed to areas that are specifically designed to collect the maximum amount of sediment possible, like a cofferdam sedimentation basin. Avoid allowing the water to flow over disturbed areas of the site. Equivalent measures may be taken if approved by the department.

- Authorized Non-stormwater discharges. Identify and prevent contamination by non-stormwater discharges. Where allowed non-stormwater discharges exist, they must be identified and steps should be taken to ensure the implementation of appropriate pollution prevention measures for the non-stormwater component(s) of the discharge. Authorized non-stormwater discharges are:

- Discharges from firefighting activity;
- Fire hydrant flushings;
- Vehicle washwater if detergents are not used and washing is limited to the exterior of vehicles (engine, undercarriage and transmission washing is prohibited);
- Dust control runoff in accordance with permit conditions and section 13;
- Routine external building washdown, not including surface paint removal, that does not involve detergents;
- Pavement washwater (where spills/leaks of toxic or hazardous materials have not occurred, unless all spilled material had been removed) if detergents are not used;
- Uncontaminated air conditioning or compressor condensate;
- Uncontaminated groundwater or spring water;
- Foundation or footer drain-water where flows are not contaminated;
- Uncontaminated excavation dewatering (see requirements in section 15);
- Potable water sources including waterline flushings; and
- Landscape irrigation.

- Unauthorized non-stormwater discharges. The Department's approval under this Chapter does not authorize a discharge that is mixed with a source of non stormwater, other than those discharges in compliance with section 16. Specifically, the Department's approval does not authorize discharges of the following:

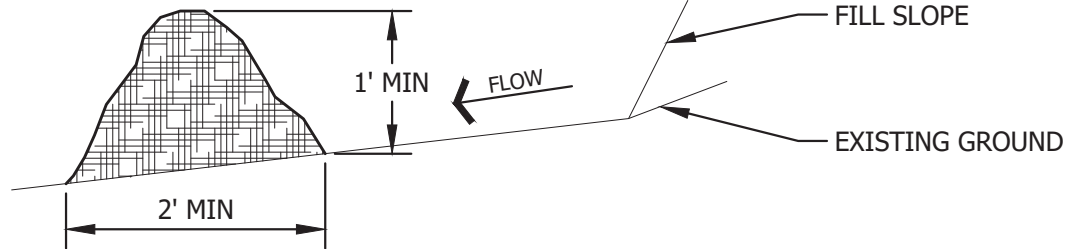
- Wastewater from the washout or cleanout of concrete, stucco, paint, form release oils, curing compounds or other construction materials;
- Fuels, oils or other pollutants used in vehicle and equipment operation and maintenance;
- Soaps, solvents, or detergents used in vehicle and equipment washing; and
- Toxic or hazardous substances from a spill or other release.

- Additional requirements. Additional requirements may be applied on a site-specific basis.

### J. CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

In general, the expected sequence of construction for each phase is provided below. Construction is proposed to start in Winter 2024 and end in Summer 2025.

- Mobilization
- Install temporary erosion control measures
- Clearing and grubbing
- Site Grading
- Install gravel access road
- Install site utilities and solar panels
- Install fence
- Site stabilization, loam and seed, and landscaping
- Remove temporary erosion control measures



### EROSION CONTROL MIX SEDIMENT BARRIER

#### NOTES:

- EROSION CONTROL MIX CAN BE MANUFACTURED ON OR OFF THE SITE. IT MUST CONSIST PRIMARILY OF ORGANIC MATERIAL SEPARATED AT THE POINT OF GENERATION, AND MAY INCLUDE: SHREDDED BARK, STUMP GRINDINGS, COMPOSTED BARK, OR FLUME GRIT AND FRAGMENTED WOOD GENERATED FROM WATER-FLUME LOG HANDLING SYSTEMS. WOOD CHIPS, GROUND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, REPROCESSED WOOD PRODUCTS OR BARK CHIPS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE AS THE ORGANIC COMPONENT OF THE MIX. EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL CONTAIN A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF PARTICLE SIZES AND MAY CONTAIN ROCKS LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER. EROSION CONTROL MIX MUST BE FREE OF REFUSE, PHYSICAL CONTAMINANTS, AND MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH.

THE MIX COMPOSITION SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:  
A. ORGANIC MATERIAL: BETWEEN 20% - 100% (DRY WEIGHT BASIS)  
B. PARTICLE SIZE: BY WEIGHT, 100% PASSING 6" SCREEN, 70-85% PASSING 0.75" SCREEN  
C. THE ORGANIC PORTION NEEDS TO BE FIBROUS AND ELONGATED.  
D. LARGE PORTIONS OF SILTS, CLAYS OR FINE SANDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE IN THE MIX.  
E. SOLUBLE SALTS CONTENT SHALL BE LESS THAN 4.0 MMHOS/CM.  
F. PH: 5.0 - 8.0

- ON SLOPES LESS THAN 5% OR AT THE BOTTOM OF SLOPES 2:1 OR LESS UP TO 20 FEET LONG, THE BARRIER MUST CONFORM TO THE ABOVE DIMENSIONS. ON THE LONGER OR STEEPER SLOPES, THE BARRIER SHOULD BE WIDER TO ACCOMMODATE THE ADDITIONAL FLOW.

- THE BARRIER MUST BE PLACED ALONG A RELATIVELY LEVEL ELEVATION. IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO CUT TALL GRASSES OR WOODY VEGETATION TO AVOID CREATING VOIDS AND BRIDGES THAT WOULD ENABLE FINES TO WASH UNDER THE BARRIER THROUGH THE GRASS BLADES OR PLANT STEMS.

- LOCATIONS WHERE OTHER BMP'S SHOULD BE USED:

A. AT LOW POINTS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW  
B. BELOW CULVERT OUTLET APRONS  
C. WHERE A PREVIOUS STAND-ALONE EROSION CONTROL MIX APPLICATION HAS FAILED  
D. AT THE BOTTOM OF STEEP PERIMETER SLOPES THAT ARE MORE THAN 50 FEET FROM TOP TO BOTTOM (LARGE UPGRADE WATERSHED)  
E. AROUND CATCH BASINS AND CLOSED STORM DRAIN SYSTEMS

- THE EROSION CONTROL MIX BARRIERS SHOULD BE INSPECTED REGULARLY AND AFTER EACH LARGE RAINFALL. REPAIR ALL DAMAGED SECTIONS OF BERM IMMEDIATELY BY REPLACING OR ADDING ADDITIONAL MATERIAL PLACED ON THE BERM TO THE DESIRED HEIGHT AND WIDTH.

- IT MAY BE NECESSARY TO REINFORCE THE BARRIER WITH SILT FENCE OR STONE CHECK DAMS IF THERE ARE SIGNS OF UNDERCUTTING OR THE IMPOUNDMENT OF LARGE VOLUMES OF WATER.

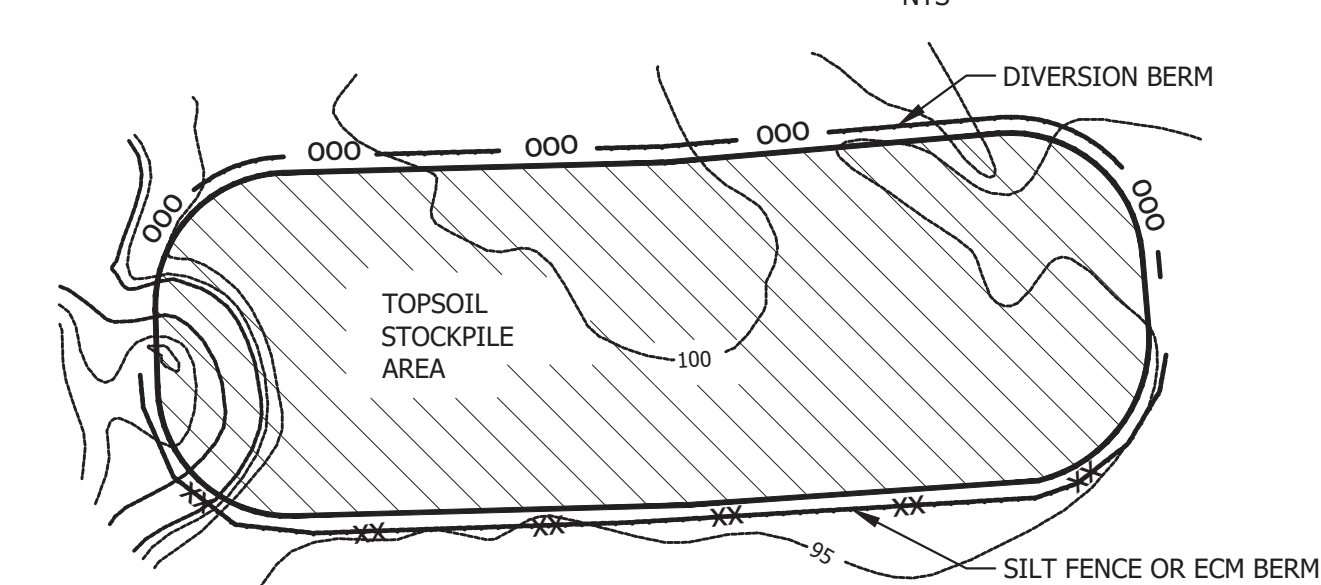
- SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHOULD BE REMOVED WHEN THEY REACH APPROXIMATELY ONE-HALF THE HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER.

- REPLACE SECTIONS OF BERM THAT DECOMPOSE, BECOME CLOGGED WITH SEDIMENT OR OTHERWISE BECOME INEFFECTIVE. THE BARRIER SHOULD BE RESHAPED AS NEEDED.

- EROSION CONTROL MIX BARRIERS CAN BE LEFT IN PLACE AFTER CONSTRUCTION. ANY SEDIMENT DEPOSITS REMAINING IN PLACE AFTER BARRIER IS NO LONGER REQUIRED SHOULD BE SPREAD TO CONFORM TO THE EXISTING GRADE AND BE SEEDED AND MULCHED. WOODY VEGETATION CAN BE PLANTED INTO THE BARRIERS, OR THEY CAN BE OVER-SEEDED WITH LEGUMES. IF THE BARRIER NEEDS TO BE REMOVED, IT CAN BE SPREAD OUT INTO THE LANDSCAPE.

- IF TEMPORARY BERMS ARE USED AS SILT BARRIERS, THEY ARE PROHIBITED AT THE BASE OF SLOPES STEEPER THAN 8% OR WHERE THERE IS FLOWING WATER WITHOUT THE SUPPORT OF ADDITIONAL MEASURES SUCH AS SILT FENCE.

## SURFACE DRAINAGE SEDIMENT CONTROL

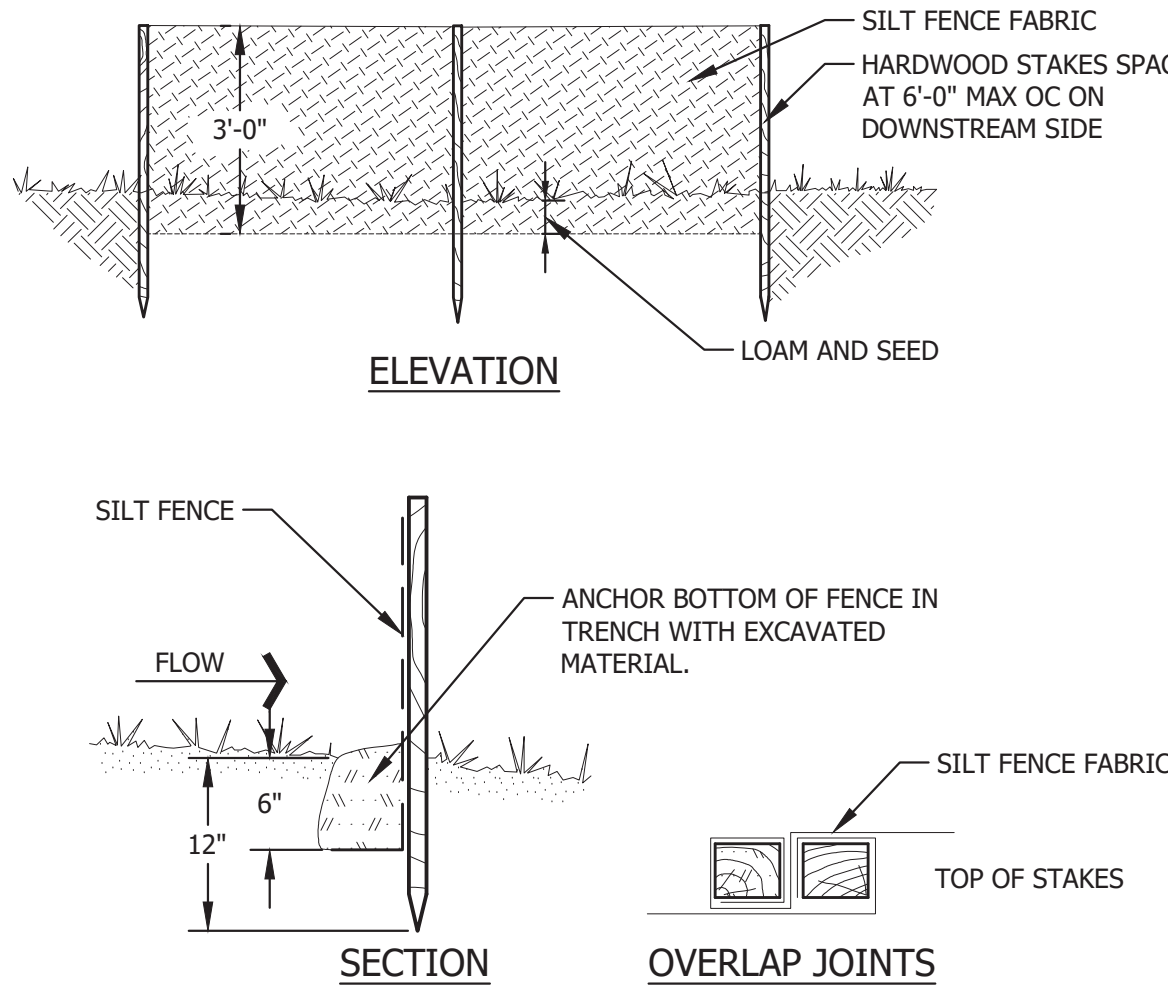


#### NOTES:

- LOCATE SOIL STOCKPILES AS FAR FROM PROTECTED RESOURCES AS POSSIBLE (PONDS, RIVERS, STREAMS, BROOKS, & WETLANDS). LOCATE SOIL STOCKPILES AWAY FROM AREAS OF CONCENTRATED FLOW OR POTENTIAL FLOODING.
- ERECT SEDIMENT BARRIER (SILT FENCE OR ECM BERM) DOWN SLOPE OF STOCKPILES.
- STABILIZE STOCKPILES THAT WILL NOT BE WORKED FOR 14 OR MORE DAYS IN THE GROWING SEASON OR WILL REMAIN UNWORKED OR PARTIALLY UNWORKED OVER THE WINTER (NOVEMBER 1 TO APRIL 15) WITH TEMPORARY SEED, MULCH AND MULCH ANCHORING OR EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR MESH AS SPECIFIED IN THE EROSION CONTROL PLAN. IN WINTER APPLY HAY MULCH AT THE RATE OF AT LEAST 150 LBS/1000 SF AND THICK ENOUGH THAT THE GROUND SURFACE IS NOT VISIBLE AND ANCHOR IF STOCKPILE HAS NOT BEEN PERMANENTLY STABILIZED USING ANOTHER METHOD (TARPS, PERMANENT SEED (< 90% VEGETATED), EROSION CONTROL BLANKET OR EROSION CONTROL MIX. EROSION CONTROL MIX CAN BE MANUFACTURED ON OR OFF THE SITE. IT MUST CONSIST PRIMARILY OF ORGANIC MATERIAL SEPARATED AT THE POINT OF GENERATION, AND MAY INCLUDE: SHREDDED BARK, STUMP GRINDINGS, COMPOSTED BARK, OR FLUME GRIT AND FRAGMENTED WOOD GENERATED FROM WATER-FLUME LOG HANDLING SYSTEMS. WOOD CHIPS, GROUND CONSTRUCTION DEBRIS, REPROCESSED WOOD PRODUCTS OR BARK CHIPS WILL NOT BE ACCEPTABLE AS THE ORGANIC COMPONENT OF THE MIX. EROSION CONTROL MIX SHALL CONTAIN A WELL-GRADED MIXTURE OF PARTICLE SIZES AND MAY CONTAIN ROCKS LESS THAN 4" IN DIAMETER. EROSION CONTROL MIX MUST BE FREE OF REFUSE, PHYSICAL CONTAMINANTS, AND MATERIAL TOXIC TO PLANT GROWTH. THE MIX COMPOSITION SHALL MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:  
A. ORGANIC MATERIAL: BETWEEN 20% - 100% (DRY WEIGHT BASIS)  
B. PARTICLE SIZE: BY WEIGHT, 100% PASSING 6" SCREEN, 70-85% PASSING 0.75" SCREEN.  
C. THE ORGANIC PORTION NEEDS TO BE FIBROUS AND ELONGATED.  
D. LARGE PORTIONS OF SILTS, CLAYS OR FINE SANDS ARE NOT ACCEPTABLE IN THE MIX.  
E. SOLUBLE SALTS CONTENT SHALL BE LESS THAN 4.0 MMHOS/CM.  
F. PH: 5.0 - 8.0
- IF SLOPE OF LAND IS GREATER THAN 5%, CONSTRUCT A DIVERSION BERM UPHILL OF THE STOCKPILE TO DIVERT FLOW.

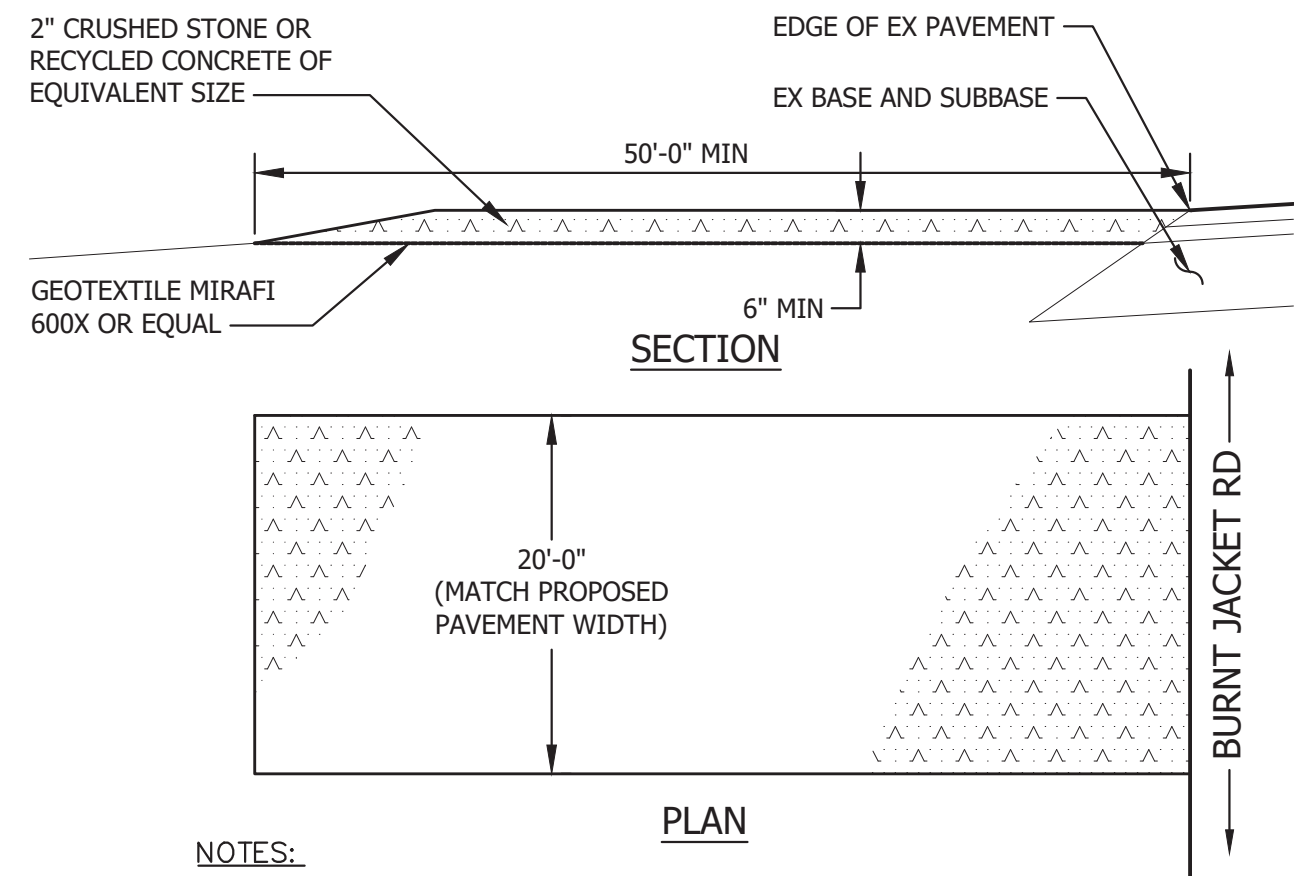
## SOIL STOCKPILE

NTS



### SILT FENCE

NOTE:  
CONTRACTORS OPTION TO USE SEDIMENT BARRIER OR SILT FENCE FOR SLOPE PROTECTION.



#### NOTES:

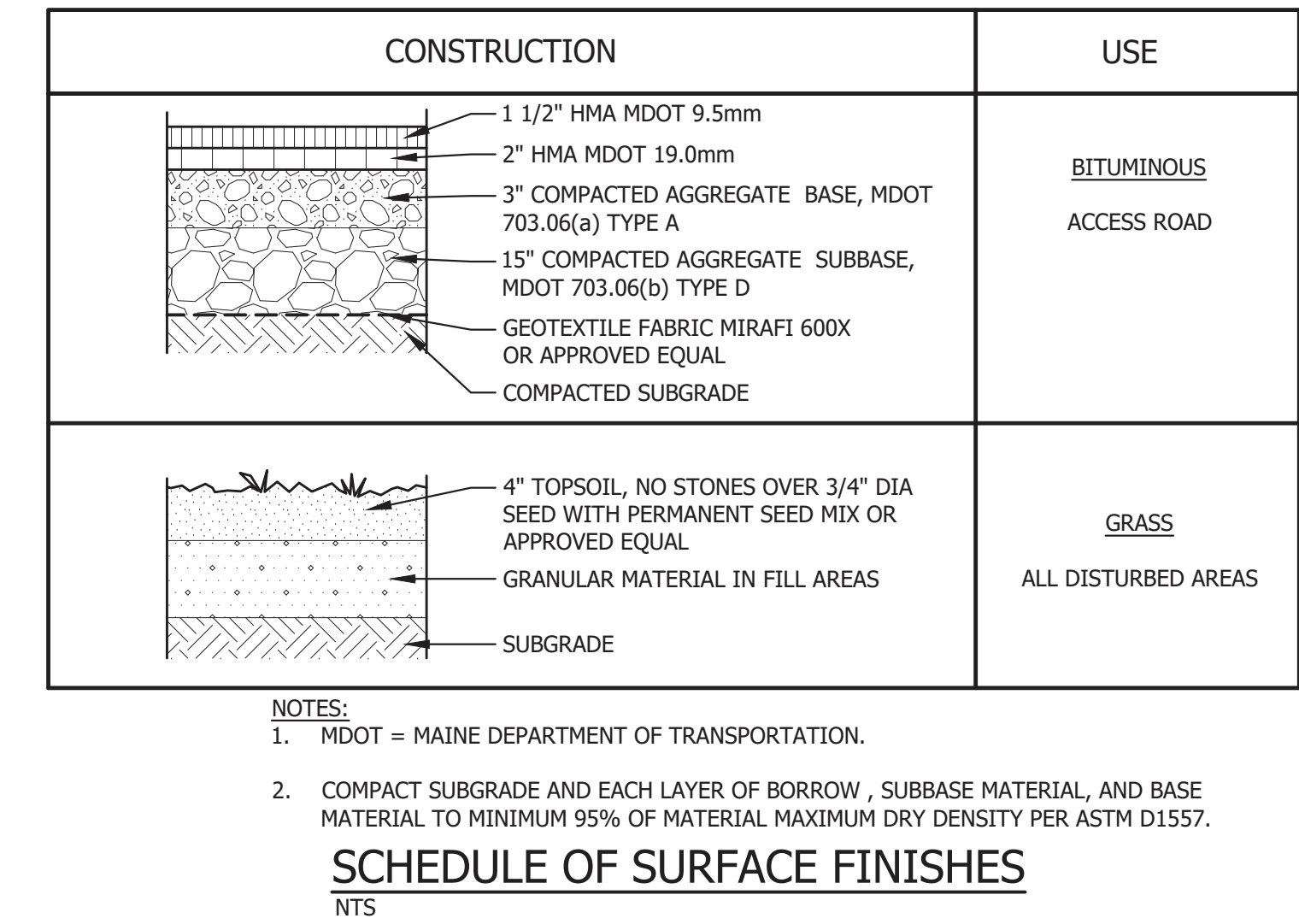
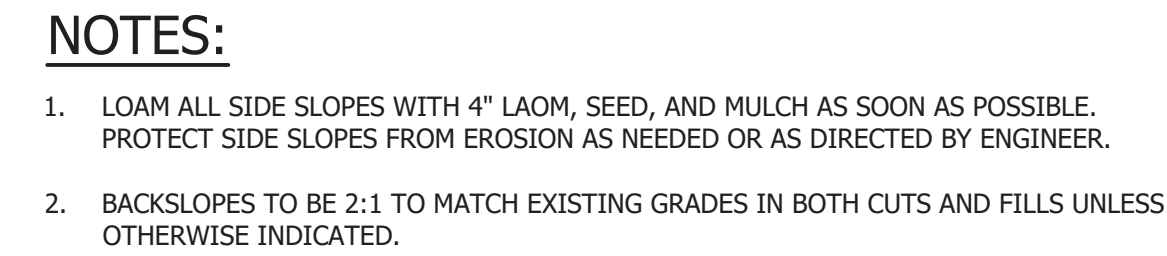
- MAINTAIN ENTRANCE IN A CONDITION THAT WILL PREVENT TRACKING OF SEDIMENT ONTO TO PUBLIC RIGHT-OF-WAY. IF WASHING IS REQUIRED PREVENT SEDIMENT FROM ENTERING WATERWAYS, DITCHES OR STORM DRAINS.
- REMOVE STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE TO FINISH ROAD CONSTRUCTION AND PAVEMENT.

## STABILIZED CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE

NTS

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REV.	BY	DATE	STATUS
<div><div><div><div><div><span></span></div><div>STATE OF MAINE</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>DANIEL P. DUFFIN</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>11831</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER</div></div></div></div><div><div><div><div><span></span></div><div>BURNT JACKET HOLDING I, LLC</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>ACCESS ROAD PROJECT</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>BEAVER COVE, MAINE</div></div></div><div><div><div><div><span></span></div><div>EROSION CONTROL NOTES AND DETAILS</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>SHEET 1 OF 2</div></div></div><div><div><div><div><span></span></div><div>SME</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>SEVEE &amp; MAHER</div></div><div><div><span></span></div><div>ENGINEERS</div></div></div><div><div>ENVIRONMENTAL • CIVIL • GEOTECHNICAL • WATER • COMPLIANCE</div><div>4 Blanchard Road, PO Box 85A, Cumberland, Maine 04021</div><div>Phone 207.829.5016 • Fax 207.829.5692 • sme-engineers.com</div></div></div></div></div><div><div>DESIGN BY: AJD</div><div>DRAWN BY: SJM</div><div>DATE: 1/2025</div><div>CHECKED BY: MRR</div><div>LMN: LMN</div><div>CTB: SME-STD.CTB</div></div></div> <div><div>JOB NO. 231136</div><div>DWG FILE DETAILS-PERMIT</div><div>C-300</div></div>			



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