

**Updated 11/10/10**

# **FEDERAL PROJECT**

## BIDDING INSTRUCTIONS

### FOR ALL PROJECTS:

1. Use pen and ink to complete all paper Bids.
2. As a minimum, the following must be received prior to the time of Bid opening:

#### For a Paper Bid:

- a) a copy of the Notice to Contractors, b) the completed Acknowledgement of Bid Amendments form, c) the completed Schedule of Items, d) two copies of the completed and signed Contract Offer, Agreement & Award form, e) a Bid Guaranty, (if required), and f) any other certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.

#### For an Electronic Bid:

- a) a completed Bid using Expedite® software and submitted via the Bid Express™ web-based service, b) an electronic Bid Guaranty (if required) or a faxed copy of a Bid Bond (with original to be delivered within 72 hours), and c) any other Certifications or Bid requirements listed in the Bid Documents as due by Bid opening.
3. Include prices for all items in the Schedule of Items (excluding non-selected alternates).
4. Bid Guaranty acceptable forms are:
  - a) a properly completed and signed Bid Bond on the Department's prescribed form (or on a form that does not contain any significant variations from the Department's form as determined by the Department) for 5% of the Bid Amount or
  - b) an Official Bank Check, Cashier's Check, Certified Check, U.S. Postal Money Order or Negotiable Certificate of Deposit in the amount stated in the Notice to Contractors or
  - c) an electronic bid bond submitted with an electronic bid.
5. If a paper Bid is to be sent, Federal Express overnight delivery is suggested as the package is delivered directly to the DOT Headquarters Building located at 16 Child Street in Augusta. Other means, such as U.S. Postal Service's Express Mail has proven not to be reliable.

### IN ADDITION, FOR FEDERAL AID PROJECTS:

6. Complete the DBE Proposed Utilization form, and submit with your bid. If you are submitting your bid electronically, you must FAX the form to (207) 624-3431.

*If you need further information regarding Bid preparation, call the DOT Contracts Section at (207) 624-3410.*

*For complete bidding requirements, refer to Section 102 of the Maine Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002.*

# NOTICE

**The Maine Department of Transportation is attempting to improve the way Bid Amendments/Addendums are handled, and allow for an electronic downloading of bid packages from our website, while continuing to maintain a planholders list.**

**Prospective bidders, subcontractors or suppliers who wish to download a copy of the bid package and receive a courtesy notification of project specific bid amendments, must provide an email address to Diane Barnes or Mike Babb at the MDOT Contracts mailbox at: [MDOT.contracts@maine.gov](mailto:MDOT.contracts@maine.gov). Each bid package will require a separate request.**

**Additionally, interested parties will be responsible for reviewing and retrieving the Bid Amendments from our web site, and acknowledging receipt and incorporating those Bid Amendments in their bids using the Acknowledgement of Bid Amendment Form.**

**The downloading of bid packages from the MDOT website is not the same as providing an electronic bid to the Department. Electronic bids must be submitted via <http://www.BIDX.com>. For information on electronic bidding contact Larry Childs at [Larry.Childs@maine.gov](mailto:Larry.Childs@maine.gov).**

# NOTICE

For security and other reasons, all Bid Packages which are mailed, shall be provided in double (one envelope inside the other) envelopes. The *Inner Envelope* shall have the following information provided on it:

Bid Enclosed - Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor with mailing address and telephone number:

In Addition to the usual address information, the *Outer Envelope* should have written or typed on it:

Double Envelope: Bid Enclosed

PIN:

Town:

Date of Bid Opening:

Name of Contractor:

*This should not be much of a change for those of you who use Federal Express or similar services.*

Hand-carried Bids may be in one envelope as before, and should be marked with the following information:

Bid Enclosed: Do Not Open

PIN:

Town:

Name of Contractor:

**STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION**  
Bid Guaranty-Bid Bond Form

**KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT** \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_, of the City/Town of \_\_\_\_\_ and State of \_\_\_\_\_

as Principal, and \_\_\_\_\_ as Surety, a

Corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of \_\_\_\_\_ and having a usual place of

Business in \_\_\_\_\_ and hereby held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of

the State of Maine in the sum of \_\_\_\_\_ for payment which Principal and Surety bind

themselves, their heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally.

The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted to the Maine Department of

Transportation, hereafter Department, a certain bid, attached hereto and incorporated as a

part herein, to enter into a written contract for the construction of \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ and if the Department shall accept said bid

and the Principal shall execute and deliver a contract in the form attached hereto (properly

completed in accordance with said bid) and shall furnish bonds for this faithful performance of

said contract, and for the payment of all persons performing labor or furnishing material in

connection therewith, and shall in all other respects perform the agreement created by the

acceptance of said bid, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full

force, and effect.

Signed and sealed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_ 20\_\_\_\_\_

WITNESS:

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

WITNESS

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

PRINCIPAL:

By \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

SURETY:

By \_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Local Agency: \_\_\_\_\_

# NOTICE

## Bidders:

Please use the attached “Request for Information” form when faxing questions and comments concerning specific Contracts that have been Advertised for Bid. Include additional numbered pages as required. Questions are to be faxed to the number listed in the Notice to Contractors. This is the only allowable mechanism for answering Project specific questions. Maine DOT will not be bound to any answers to Project specific questions received during the Bidding phase through other processes.



# NOTICE

## Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization

All Bidders must submit the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization form with their bid.

The Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan form contains information that is required by U.S. DOT.

The Maine Department of Transportation's Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan form must be used.

A copy of the new Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Proposed Utilization Plan and instructions for completing it are attached.

Note: Questions about DBE firms, or to obtain a printed copy of the DBE Directory, contact The Office of Civil Rights at (207) 624-3066.

MDOT's DBE Directory of Certified firms can also be obtained at [www.maine.gov/mdot/disadvantaged-business-enterprises/dbe-home.php](http://www.maine.gov/mdot/disadvantaged-business-enterprises/dbe-home.php)



# INSTRUCTIONS FOR PREPARING THE CONTRACTOR'S DISADVANTAGED BUSINESS ENTERPRISE UTILIZATION PLAN

## The Contractor Shall:

1. Submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with your bid on the Bid day.
2. Extend equal opportunity to MDOT certified DBE firms (as listed in MDOT's DBE Directory of Certified Businesses) in the selection and utilization of Subcontractors and Suppliers.

## SPECIFIC INSTRUCTIONS FOR COMPLETING THE FORM:

Insert Contractor name, the name of the person(s) preparing the form, and that person(s) telephone, fax number and e-mail address.

Provide total Bid price, Federal Project Identification Number, and location of the Project work.

In the columns, name each subcontractor, DBE and non-DBE firm to be used, provide the Unit/Item cost of the work/product to be provided by the subcontractor, give a brief description and the dollar value of the work.

# **DBE GOAL NOTICE**

## **Maine Department of Transportation Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program**

Notice is hereby given that in accordance with US DOT regulation 49 CFR Part 26, the Maine Department of Transportation has established a DBE Program for disadvantaged business participation in the federal-aid construction program; MaineDOT contracts covered by the program include consulting, construction, supplies, manufacturing, and service contracts.

For FFY 2010 (October 1, 2009 through September 30, 2010), MaineDOT has established a DBE participation goal of 5.9% to be achieved through race/gender neutral means.

Interested parties may view MaineDOT's DBE goal setting methodology posted on this website. If you have questions regarding this goal you may contact the Maine Department of Transportation, Civil Rights Office by telephone at (207) 624-3042 or by e-mail at: [theresa.savoy@maine.gov](mailto:theresa.savoy@maine.gov).

This DBE goal, at the request of Federal Highway Administration, has been recalculated and was resubmitted for approval on May 6, 2010. This goal remains in effect through September 30, 2012 unless otherwise determined by Federal Highway Administration.

**MaineDOT CONTRACTOR'S DBE/SUBCONTRACTOR UTILIZATION FORM**

**All Bidders must furnish this form with their bid on Bid Opening day**

Contractor: \_\_\_\_\_ Telephone: \_\_\_\_\_ Ext. \_\_\_\_\_

Contact Person: \_\_\_\_\_ Fax: \_\_\_\_\_

E-mail: \_\_\_\_\_

BID PRICE: \$ \_\_\_\_\_ BID DATE: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_

FEDERAL PROJECT PIN # \_\_\_\_\_ PROJECT LOCATION: \_\_\_\_\_

TOTAL ANTICIPATED DBE \_\_\_\_\_ % PARTICIPATION FOR THIS SUBMISSION

W B E•	D B E•	Non DBE	Firm Name	Item Number & Description of Work	Quantity	Cost per Unit/Item	Actual \$ Value
						<b>Subcontractor Total &gt;</b>	
						<b>DBE Total &gt;</b>	

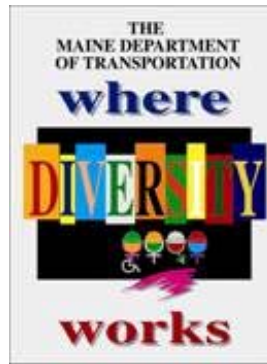
**NOTE: THIS INFORMATION IS USED TO TRACK AND REPORT ANTICIPATED DBE PARTICIPATION IN ALL FEDERALLY FUNDED MAINE DOT CONTRACTS. THE ANTICIPATED DBE AMOUNT IS VOLUNTARY AND WILL NOT BECOME A PART OF THE CONTRACTUAL TERMS.**

Equal Opportunity Use:

Form received: \_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_/\_\_\_\_ Verified by: \_\_\_\_\_

cc:  Contracts  Other \_\_\_\_\_

**For a complete list of certified firms and company designation (WBE/DBE) go to <http://www.maine.gov/mdot>**



**Maine Department of Transportation Civil  
Rights Office**

**Directory of Certified Disadvantaged Business  
Enterprises**

**Listing can be found at:**

**[www.maine.gov/mdot/disadvantagedbusiness-  
enterprises/dbe-home.php](http://www.maine.gov/mdot/disadvantagedbusiness-enterprises/dbe-home.php)**

**For additional information and guidance contact: Civil  
Rights Office at (207) 624-3066**

*It is the responsibility of the Contractor to access  
the DBE Directory at this site in order to have  
the most current listings.*

September 14, 2007

### **Vendor Registration**

Prospective Bidders must register as a vendor with the Department of Administrative & Financial Services if the vendor is awarded a contract. Vendors will not be able to receive payment without first being registered. Vendors/Contractors will find information and register through the following link –

<http://www.maine.gov/purchases/vendorinfo/vss.htm>

**STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION  
NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS**

Sealed Bids addressed to the Maine Department of Transportation, Augusta, Maine 04333 and endorsed on the wrapper "Bids for Highway Reconstruction in the towns of Livermore Falls - Jay" will be received from contractors at the Reception Desk, Maine DOT Building, Capitol Street, Augusta, Maine, until 11:00 o'clock A.M. (prevailing time) on March 16, 2011 and at that time and place publicly opened and read. Bids will be accepted from all bidders. The lowest responsive bidder must have completed, or successfully complete, a (Highway Construction prequalification), or project specific prequalification to be considered for the award of this contract. We now accept electronic bids for those bid packages posted on the bidx.com website; Electronic bids do not have to be accompanied by paper bids. Please note: the Department will accept a facsimile of the bid bond; however, the original bid bond must then be received at the MDOT Contract Section within 72 hours of the bid opening. Until further notice, dual bids (one paper, one electronic) will be accepted, with the paper copy taking precedence.

Description: Maine Federal Aid Project No. NH-1001(800)E, PIN. 10018.00

Location: In Androscoggin County, project is located on Rte's 4/17 beginning at Bridge St. and extends northerly approx. 1.86 km to Pineau St.

Outline of Work: Highway Construction with Sewer and Water Utilities and other incidental work.

For general information regarding Bidding and Contracting procedures, contact Scott Bickford at (207)624-3410. Our webpage at [http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractor-consultant-information/contractor\\_cons.php](http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractor-consultant-information/contractor_cons.php) contains a copy of the schedule of items, Plan Holders List, written portions of bid amendments (not drawings), and bid results. For Project-specific information fax all questions to **Project Manager Paul MacDonald** at (207)624-3431. Questions received after 12:00 noon of Monday prior to bid date will not be answered. Bidders shall not contact any other Departmental staff for clarification of Contract provisions, and the Department will not be responsible for any interpretations so obtained. Hearing impaired persons may call the Telecommunication Device for the Deaf at 888-516-9364.

Plans, specifications and bid forms may be seen at the Maine DOT Building in Augusta, Maine. They may be purchased from the Department between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. by cash, credit card (Visa/Mastercard) or check payable to Treasurer, State of Maine sent to Maine Department of Transportation, Attn: Mailroom, 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016. They also may be purchased by telephone at (207) 624-3536 between the hours of 8:00 a.m. to 4:30 p.m. Full size plans \$148.00 (\$156.00 by mail). Half size plans \$74.00 (\$78.00 by mail), Bid Book \$10 (\$13 by mail), Single Sheets \$2, payment in advance, all non-refundable.

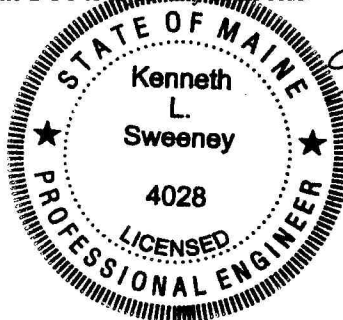
Each Bid must be made upon blank forms provided by the Department and must be accompanied by a bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or an official bank check, cashier's check, certified check, certificate of deposit, or United States postal money order in the amount of \$160,000.00 payable to Treasurer, State of Maine as a Bid guarantee. A Contract Performance Surety Bond and a Contract Payment Surety Bond, each in the amount of 100 percent of the Contract price, will be required of the successful Bidder.


This Contract is subject to all applicable Federal Laws including "Buy American." This contract is subject to compliance with the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise program requirements as set forth by the Maine Department of Transportation.

All work shall be governed by "State of Maine, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002", price \$10 [\$13 by mail], and Standard Details, Revision of December 2002, price \$20 [\$25 by mail]. Standard Detail updates can be found at [http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractor-consultant-information/contractor\\_cons.php](http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractor-consultant-information/contractor_cons.php)

The right is hereby reserved to the Maine DOT to reject all bids.

Augusta, Maine  
February 23, 2011



  
KENNETH L. SWEENEY P.E.  
CHIEF ENGINEER

# NOTICE

All bids for Federal Projects opened after December 1, 2008 **MUST** be accompanied by the DBE Proposed Utilization form. If you are submitting an electronic bid, the DBE Utilization Form may be faxed to 207-624-3431.



Environmental  
Protection Agency

OMB Control No: 2090-0030  
Approved: 05/01/2008  
Approval Expires: 01/31/2011

**Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program  
DBE Subcontractor Participation Form**

<b>NAME OF SUBCONTRACTOR'</b>	<b>PROJECT NAME</b>
<b>ADDRESS</b>	<b>CONTRACT NO.</b>
<b>TELEPHONE NO.</b>	<b>EMAIL ADDRESS</b>
<b>PRIME CONTRACTOR NAME</b>	

Please use the space below to report any concerns regarding the above EPA-funded project (e.g., reason for termination by prime contractor, late payment, etc.).

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<b>CONTRACT ITEM NO.</b>	<b>ITEM OF WORK OR DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES RECEIVED FROM THE PRIME CONTRACTOR</b>	<b>AMOUNT SUBCONTRACTOR WAS PAID BY PRIME CONTRACTOR</b>

_____	_____
Subcontractor Signature	Title/Date

'Subcontractor is defined as a company, firm, joint venture, or individual who enters into an agreement with a contractor to provide services pursuant to an EPA award of financial assistance.





Environmental  
Protection Agency

OMB Control No: 2090-0030  
Approved: 05/01/2008  
Approval Expires: 01/31/2011

**Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program  
DBE Subcontractor Participation Form**

The public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average fifteen (15) minutes. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including the use of automated collection techniques to the Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2822), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20460. Include the OMB control number in any correspondence. Do not send the completed EPA DBE Subcontractor Participation Form to this address.



Environmental  
Protection Agency

OMB Control No: 2090-0030  
Approved: 05/01/2008  
Approval Expires: 01/31/2011

**Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program  
DBE Subcontractor Performance Form**

NAME OF SUBCONTRACTOR:		PROJECT NAME
ADDRESS		BID/PROPOSAL NO.
TELEPHONE NO.		E-MAIL ADDRESS
PRIME CONTRACTOR NAME		
CONTRACT ITEM NO.	ITEM OF WORK OR DESCRIPTION OF SERVICES BID TO PRIME	PRICE OF WORK SUBMITTED TO PRIME CONTRACTOR
Currently certified as an MBE or WBE under EPA's DBE Program? <input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No Signature of Prime Contractor _____ Date _____ Print Name _____ Title _____ Signature of Subcontractor _____ Date _____ Print Name _____ Title _____		

Subcontractor is defined as a company, firm, joint venture, or individual who enters into an agreement with a contractor to provide services pursuant to an EPA award of financial assistance.



Environmental  
Protection Agency

OMB Control No: 2090-0030  
Approved: 05/01/2008  
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**Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program  
DBE Subcontractor Performance Form**

The public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average fifteen (15) minutes. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including the use of automated collection techniques to the Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2822), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20460. Include the OMB control number in any correspondence. Do not send the completed EPA DBE Subcontractor Performance Form to this address.



Environmental  
Protection Agency

OMB Control No: 2090-0030  
Approved: 05/01/2008  
Approval Expires: 01/31/2011

**Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program  
DBE Subcontractor Utilization Form**

BID/PROPOSAL NO.	PROJECT NAME
NAME OF PRIME BIDDER/PROPOSER	E-MAIL ADDRESS
ADDRESS	
TELEPHONE NO.	FAX NO.

<b>The following subcontractors<sup>1</sup> will be used on this project:</b>			
COMPANY NAME, ADDRESS, PHONE NUMBER, AND E-MAIL ADDRESS	TYPE OF WORK TO BE PERFORMED	ESTIMATED DOLLAR AMOUNT	CURRENTLY CERTIFIED AS AN MBE OR WBE?
<p>I certify under penalty of perjury that the forgoing statements are true and correct. In the event of a replacement of a subcontractor, I will adhere to the replacement requirements set forth in 40 CFR Part 33 Section 33.302(c).</p>			
<p>_____ Signature of Prime Contractor</p>		<p>_____ Date</p>	
<p>_____ Print Name</p>		<p>_____ Title</p>	

<sup>1</sup>Subcontractor is defined as a company, firm, joint venture, or individual who enters into an agreement with a contractor to provide services pursuant to an EPA award of financial assistance.



Environmental  
Protection Agency

OMB Control No: 2090-0030  
Approved: 05/01/2008  
Approval Expires: 01/31/2011

**Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program  
DBE Subcontractor Utilization Form**

The public reporting and recordkeeping burden for this collection of information is estimated to average fifteen (15) minutes. Burden means the total time, effort, or financial resources expended by persons to generate, maintain, retain, or disclose or provide information to or for a Federal agency. This includes the time needed to review instructions; develop, acquire, install, and utilize technology and systems for the purposes of collecting, validating, and verifying information, processing and maintaining information, and disclosing and providing information; adjust the existing ways to comply with any previously applicable instructions and requirements; train personnel to be able to respond to a collection of information; search data sources; complete and review the collection of information; and transmit or otherwise disclose the information. An agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to, a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number.

Send comments on the Agency's need for this information, the accuracy of the provided burden estimates, and any suggested methods for minimizing respondent burden, including the use of automated collection techniques to the Director, Collection Strategies Division, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (2822), 1200 Pennsylvania Ave., NW, Washington, D.C. 20460. Include the OMB control number in any correspondence. Do not send the completed EPA DBE Subcontractor Utilization Form to this address.

**CWSRF SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS FOR  
RURAL DEVELOPMENT CO-FUNDED PROJECTS  
FY2010**

The provisions of the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRF) Supplementary Conditions as described below change, amend, or supplement the General Conditions and shall supersede any conflicting provisions of the CONTRACT. These provisions shall be used in conjunction with the most recent version of **EJCDC documents No. C-710 Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract, Funding Agency Edition and C-521 Agreement Between Owner and Contractor for Construction Contract, Funding Agency Edition**. All provisions of the General Conditions, which are not changed, amended, or supplemented, remain in full force.

Disclaimer (see 18.01 General Conditions)

Any awarded contract is expected to be funded in part by a State Revolving Loan and or State Grant. Neither the State of Maine nor any of its departments, agencies, or employees is or will be a party to this Agreement. The word "AGENCY" in the standard general conditions and the owner-contractor agreement refers to the Maine Department of Environmental Protection, if it is the sole funding agency. If the contract is funded by multiple agencies, then the word "AGENCY" refers to all the funding agencies.

Access to site

Representatives of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) shall have access to the work wherever it is in preparation or progress and the contractor shall provide proper facilities for such access and inspection.

Federal Safety and Health Requirements (see 6.09 and 6.13 General Conditions)

This project is subject to all the Safety and Health Regulations (29 CFR Part 1926 and all subsequent amendments) as promulgated by the US Department of Labor on June 24, 1974, Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 327-330) as supplemented by 29 CFR part 5, and Occupational Safety and Health Standards (OSHA) (29 CFR part 1910). Contractors are urged to become familiar with the requirements of these regulations.

CWSRF Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) Program

The Contractor shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin or sex in the performance of this contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 40 CFR part 33, Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE), in the award and administration of subcontracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract which may result in the termination of this contract or other legally available remedies.

The goals for this project are a minimum of 1.11% certified Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) and a minimum of 4.34% certified Women's Business Enterprise (WBE) participation. Lists of certified businesses may be found on the following internet websites: EPA Office of Small and Disadvantaged

Business Utilization (OSDBU), State of Maine Department of Transportation (DOT), and the United States Small Business Administration (SBA).

1. **Whenever awarding subcontracts**, the Contractor is required to make the following good faith efforts:
  - (a) Ensure DBEs are made aware of contracting opportunities to the fullest extent practicable through outreach and recruitment activities. This will include placing DBEs on solicitation lists and soliciting them whenever they are potential sources.
  - (b) Make information on forthcoming opportunities available to DBEs and arrange time frames for contracts and establish delivery schedules, where the requirements permit, in a way that encourages and facilitates participation by DBEs in the competitive process. This includes, whenever possible, posting solicitations for bids or proposals for a minimum of 30 calendar days before the bid or proposal closing date.
  - (c) Consider in the contracting process whether firms competing for large contracts could subcontract with DBEs. This will include dividing total requirements when economically feasible into smaller tasks or quantities to permit maximum participation by DBEs in the competitive process.
  - (d) Encourage contracting with a consortium of DBEs when a contract is too large for one of these firms to handle individually.
  - (e) Use the services and assistance of the SBA and the Minority Business Development Agency of the Department of Commerce.
  
2. **Prior to contract award**, as the Successful Bidder, the Contractor must comply with the following provisions:
  - a) The contractor must complete and submit EPA Form 6100-4—DBE Program Subcontractor Utilization Form (copy attached) as part of the prime contractor's bid or proposal package to the Owner. Note, only DBE subcontractors should be listed. If no DBE subcontractors are to be used, the contractor must still complete and submit the form. Additional copies of this form can be obtained from the EPA Small Business Program website.
  - b) The contractor must have each of its proposed DBE subcontractors complete EPA Form 6100-3—DBE Program Subcontractor Performance Form (copy attached). The completed forms must be submitted as part of the prime contractor's bid or proposal package to the Owner. Additional copies of this form can be obtained from the EPA Small Business Program website.
  - c) The contractor must provide EPA Form 6100-2—DBE Program Subcontractor Participation Form (copy attached) to all DBE subcontractors listed on Form 6100-4. EPA Form 6100-2 gives a DBE subcontractor the opportunity to describe the work the DBE subcontractor received from the prime contractor, how much the DBE subcontractor was paid and any other concerns the DBE subcontractor might have during the course of the project, for example, reasons why the DBE subcontractor believes it was terminated by the prime contractor. If DBE subcontractors choose to complete this form, the completed form should be sent directly to the DEP DBE Coordinator. The address is: Maine Department of Environmental Protection, Attn: Ms. Kelly Merrithew, DBE Coordinator, 17 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0017. Additional copies of this form can be obtained from the EPA Small Business Program website.
  - d) The contractor must maintain all records documenting its compliance with the requirements of this part, including documentation of its good faith efforts (such as copies of solicitation letters and emails) and data relied upon in formulating its fair share objectives. The records

must be submitted as part of the prime contractor's bid or proposal package to the Owner even if no DBE subcontractors are to be used on the project. Any remaining documents must be submitted to the Owner at the completion of the project.

- e) The contractor must create and maintain a bidders list of all firms that bid or quote on subcontracts, including both MBE/WBEs and non-MBE/WBEs. The purpose of a bidders list is to provide contractors who conduct competitive bidding with as accurate a database as possible about the universe of MBE/WBE and non-MBE/WBE subcontractors. The bidder's list must be submitted as part of the prime contractor's bid or proposal package to the Owner even if no DBE subcontractor are to be used on the project. The list must include the following information:
  - (1) Entity's name with point of contact;
  - (2) Entity's mailing address, telephone number, and e-mail address;
  - (3) The procurement on which the entity bid or quoted, and when; and
  - (4) Entity's status as an MBE/WBE or non-MBE/WBE.

3. **Following contract award**, the Contractor must comply with the following additional provisions:

- a) Complete the CWSRF DEP Progress Report of DBE Subcontractor Utilization Form (copy attached) for all contractor pay applications whether or not they include invoiced amounts from DBE subcontractors. The progress report should be attached to the corresponding pay application for processing through the Owner. Additional copies of this form can be obtained from the DEP DBE Coordinator upon request.
- b) Pay subcontractors for satisfactory performance no more than 30 days from the prime contractor's receipt of payment from the Owner.
- c) Notify the Owner in writing prior to any termination of a DBE subcontractor for convenience by the prime contractor.
- d) If a DBE subcontractor fails to complete work under the subcontract for any reason, the prime contractor must employ the good faith efforts described above if soliciting a replacement subcontractor.
- e) Employ the good faith efforts described above even if the prime contractor has achieved its fair share objectives under subpart D of this part.

Contractor's and Subcontractor's Insurance\* (5.04 and 5.06 General Conditions)

The CONTRACTOR shall not commence work under this contract until they have obtained all the insurance required hereunder and the OWNER has approved such insurance, nor shall the CONTRACTOR allow any SUBCONTRACTOR to commence work on their subcontract until all similar insurance required of the SUBCONTRACTOR has been so obtained and approved. Approval of the insurance by the OWNER shall not relieve or decrease the liability of the CONTRACTOR hereunder.

Operations under the CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, whether such operations be by themselves or by any SUBCONTRACTOR under them, requires insurance to be written with a limit of liability of not less than \$1,000,000 for all damages arising out of bodily injury, including death, at any time resulting there from, sustained by any one person in any one accident; and a limit of liability of not less than \$2,000,000 aggregate for any such damages sustained by two or more persons in any one accident. Insurance shall be written with a limit of liability of not less than \$1,000,000 for all property damage sustained by any one person in any one accident-, and a limit of liability of not less than \$2,000,000 aggregate for any such damage sustained by two or more persons in any one accident.



The CONTRACTOR shall acquire and maintain, if applicable, Fire and Extended Coverage insurance upon the PROJECT to the full insurable value thereof for the benefit of the OWNER, the CONTRACTOR, and SUBCONTRACTOR as their interest may appear. This provision shall in no way release the CONTRACTOR or CONTRACTOR'S surety from obligations under the Contract Documents to fully complete the PROJECT.

\*If project is being co-funded with the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Rural Utilities Services, RUS's Supplementary Conditions also contain insurance provisions. The higher limits shall prevail.

The CONTRACTOR shall procure and maintain, at their own expense, during the CONTRACT TIME, in accordance with the provisions of the laws of the State of Maine, Workmen's Compensation Insurance, including occupational disease provisions, for all of their employees at the site of the PROJECT and in case any work is sublet, the CONTRACTOR shall require such SUBCONTRACTOR similarly to provide Worker's Compensation Insurance, including occupational disease provisions for all of the latter's employees unless such employees are covered by the protection afforded by the CONTRACTOR. In case any class of employees engaged in hazardous work under this contract at the site of the PROJECT is not protected under Worker's Compensation statute, the CONTRACTOR shall provide, adequate and suitable insurance for the protection of their employees not otherwise protected.

#### Bid Protests

All protests arising from the OWNER'S procurement practices must be submitted to the OWNER as soon as practical. The OWNER will investigate the basis for the protest, seek the advice of legal counsel, document all meetings and actions, and attempt to resolve the protest promptly and equitably.

#### Contractor's Guarantee (6.19 A General Conditions)

The CONTRACTOR shall guarantee all materials and equipment furnished and Work performed for a period for one (1) year from the date of Substantial Completion. The CONTRACTOR warrants and guarantees for a period of one (1) year from the date of Substantial Completion that the Work is free from all defects due to faulty materials or workmanship and the CONTRACTOR shall promptly make such corrections as may be necessary, including repairs of any damage to other parts of the system resulting from such defects. The OWNER will give notice of observed defects with reasonable promptness. In the event that the CONTRACTOR should fail to make such repairs, adjustments, or other Work that may be necessary by such defects, the OWNER may do so and charge the CONTRACTOR the cost incurred. The Performance Bond shall remain in full force and effect through the guarantee period.

#### CWSRF Davis Bacon and Related Acts

The Contractor must comply with the following contract and subcontract provisions of the Davis Bacon and Davis Bacon Related acts. Attachments to these provisions include: the wage determination for this contract, forms, posters, and a guidance document named "A Contractors Guide to Prevailing Wages Requirements for Federally Assisted Construction Projects". Contractor should take note that the following provisions shall supersede in the event they are in conflict with the guidance document by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development.



**STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
CWSRF DBE PROGRAM**

**PROGRESS REPORT OF DBE SUBCONTRACTOR UTILIZATION FORM**

TO INSURE PROMPT PAYMENT THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MUST BE SUBMITTED WITH ALL REIMBURSEMENT REQUESTS WHETHER THEY INCLUDE INVOICED AMOUNTS FROM A QUALIFYING WBE OR MBE PARTICIPANT OR NOT:

Municipality/District: \_\_\_\_\_ SRF #: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Project: \_\_\_\_\_ Contractor: \_\_\_\_\_

Contractor's Payment Request No. \_\_\_\_\_ Period covered by the request \_\_\_\_\_

The accompanying Reimbursement Request includes the following WBE/MBE participation:

Name & Address of WBE/MBE firm to be paid	WBE	MBE	Source of Certification, i.e., DOT, EPA or SBA	Amount to be paid this request	Type of Work

This attachment must be signed by an authorized representative of the contractor.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ E-Mail: \_\_\_\_\_

**SPECIAL PROVISION 102.7.3**  
**ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF BID AMENDMENTS**

With this form, the Bidder acknowledges its responsibility to check for all Amendments to the Bid Package. For each Project under Advertisement, Amendments are located at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/comprehensive-list-projects/project-information.php> It is the responsibility of the Bidder to determine if there are Amendments to the Project, to download them, to incorporate them into their Bid Package, and to reference the Amendment number and the date on the form below. The Maine DOT will not post Bid Amendments any later than noon the day before Bid opening without individually notifying all the planholders.

Amendment Number	Date

The Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby acknowledges that it has received all of the above referenced Amendments to the Bid Package.

**CONTRACTOR**

\_\_\_\_\_ Date

\_\_\_\_\_ Signature of authorized representative

\_\_\_\_\_ (Name and Title Printed)

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
SECTION 0001 PROJECT ITEMS						
0010	201.11 CLEARING	0.100 HA				
0020	201.23 REMOVING SINGLE TREE TOP ONLY	10.000 EA				
0030	201.24 REMOVING STUMP	10.000 EA				
0040	202.08 REMOVING BUILDING NO.: 1	LUMP	LUMP			
0050	202.08 REMOVING BUILDING NO.: 2	LUMP	LUMP			
0060	202.11 REMOVING PORTLAND CEMENT CONCRETE PAVEMENT	50.000 M2				
0070	202.15 REMOVING MANHOLE OR CATCH BASIN	35.000 EA				
0080	202.191 REMOVING EXISTING PIPE	LUMP	LUMP			
0090	203.20 COMMON EXCAVATION	23710.000 M3				
0100	203.21 ROCK EXCAVATION	500.000 M3				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0110	203.213 SHATTER SOLID ROCK SUBGRADE	M2 1000.000				
0120	203.214 EXPLORATORY DRILLING	M 100.000				
0130	203.2312 HEALTH AND SAFETY PLAN	LUMP	LUMP			
0140	203.2333 DISPOSAL OF SPECIAL EXCAVATION	MG 1460.000				
0150	203.26 GRAVEL BORROW	M3 100.000				
0160	206.061 STRUCTURAL EARTH EXCAVATION - DRAINAGE AND MINOR STRUCTURES, BELOW GRADE	M3 430.000				
0170	206.07 STRUCTURAL ROCK EXCAVATION - DRAINAGE AND MINOR STRUCTURES	M3 400.000				
0180	304.09 AGGREGATE BASE COURSE - CRUSHED	M3 4960.000				
0190	304.10 AGGREGATE SUBBASE COURSE - GRAVEL	M3 12030.000				
0200	403.207 HOT MIX ASPHALT 19.0 MM NOMINAL MAX SIZE	MG 8370.000				
0210	403.208 HOT MIX ASPHALT 12.5 MM, SURFACE	MG 3080.000				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0220	403.209 HOT MIX ASPHALT 9.5 MM (SIDEWALKS, DRIVES, INCIDENTALS)	1750.000 MG				
0230	409.15 BITUMINOUS TACK COAT APPLIED	3800.000 L				
0240	518.60 REPAIR OF VERTICAL SURFACES < 200 MM	40.000 M2				
0250	525.326 FIELD STONE RETAINING WALL	25.000 M2				
0260	603.155 300 MM RCP CLASS III	320.000 M				
0270	603.165 375 MM RCP CLASS III	110.000 M				
0280	603.175 450 MM RCP CLASS III	30.000 M				
0290	603.195 600 MM RCP CLASS III	130.000 M				
0300	603.205 750 MM REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CLASS III	150.000 M				
0310	603.215 900 MM REINFORCED CONCRETE PIPE CLASS III	80.000 M				
0320	604.072 CATCH BASIN TYPE A1-C	61.000 EA				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0330	604.077 1800MM CATCH BASIN TYPE A1-C	5.000 EA				
0340	604.092 CATCH BASIN TYPE B1-C	21.000 EA				
0350	604.096 1500 MM CATCH BASIN TYPE B1-C	4.000 EA				
0360	604.15 MANHOLE	10.000 EA				
0370	604.153 1500 MM MANHOLE	2.000 EA				
0380	604.154 1800 MM MANHOLE	1.000 EA				
0390	604.246 CATCH BASIN TYPE F5	3.000 EA				
0400	605.09 150 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE B	950.000 M				
0410	605.11 300 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	840.000 M				
0420	605.12 375 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	280.000 M				
0430	605.13 450 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	250.000 M				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0440	605.15 600 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	240.000 M				
0450	605.17 750 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	90.000 M				
0460	605.18 900 MM UNDERDRAIN TYPE C	40.000 M				
0470	606.24 GUARDRAIL TYPE 3D - SINGLE RAIL	10.000 M				
0480	606.78 LOW VOLUME GUARDRAIL END - TYPE 3	1.000 EA				
0490	607.163 CHAIN LINK FENCE - 1.2 METER P.V.C. COATED	220.000 M				
0500	608.08 REINFORCED CONCRETE SIDEWALK	120.000 M2				
0510	608.26 CURB RAMP DETECTABLE WARNING FIELD	30.000 M2				
0520	609.11 VERTICAL CURB TYPE 1	1960.000 M				
0530	609.113 VERTICAL CURB TYPE 1 - 300 MM REVEAL	50.000 M				
0540	609.12 VERTICAL CURB TYPE 1 - CIRCULAR	430.000 M				



SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0550	609.234 TERMINAL CURB TYPE 1 - 1.2 METER	38.000 EA				
0560	609.237 TERMINAL CURB TYPE 1 - 2.1 METER	227.000 EA				
0570	609.31 CURB TYPE 3	700.000 M				
0580	610.08 PLAIN RIPRAP	40.000 M3				
0590	615.07 LOAM	820.000 M3				
0600	618.1301 SEEDING METHOD NUMBER 1 - PLAN QUANTITY	82.000 UN				
0610	619.1201 MULCH - PLAN QUANTITY	82.000 UN				
0620	620.54 STABILIZATION GEOTEXTILE	1800.000 M2				
0630	621.126 SMALL DECIDUOUS TREES (1800 MM - 2400 MM) GROUP A	5.000 EA				
0640	621.138 SMALL DECIDUOUS TREE (40 MM - 50 MM CALIPER) GROUP A	5.000 EA				
0650	621.268 LARGE DECIDUOUS TREE (45 MM - 50 MM CALIPER) GROUP B	5.000 EA				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0660	621.401 DWARF EVERGREENS (600 MM - 750 MM) GROUP A	36.000 EA				
0670	621.523 BAYBERRY (375 MM - 450 MM)	36.000 EA				
0680	621.54 DECIDUOUS SHRUBS (450 MM - 600 MM) GROUP A	31.000 EA				
0690	621.80 ESTABLISHMENT PERIOD	LUMP	LUMP			
0700	626.11 PRECAST CONCRETE JUNCTION BOX: _____	5.000 EA				
0710	626.22 NON-METALLIC CONDUIT	190.000 M				
0720	626.31 450 MM FOUNDATION	5.000 EA				
0730	626.331 900 MM FOUNDATION	2.000 EA				
0740	626.35 CONTROLLER CABINET FOUNDATION	1.000 EA				
0750	627.733 100 MM WHITE OR YELLOW PAINTED PAVEMENT MARKING LINE	6860.000 M				
0760	627.75 WHITE OR YELLOW PAVEMENT & CURB MARKING	500.000 M2				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0770	629.05 HAND LABOR, STRAIGHT TIME	100.000 HR				
0780	631.10 AIR COMPRESSOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	50.000 HR				
0790	631.11 AIR TOOL (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	50.000 HR				
0800	631.12 ALL PURPOSE EXCAVATOR (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	50.000 HR				
0810	631.14 GRADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	50.000 HR				
0820	631.172 TRUCK - LARGE (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	50.000 HR				
0830	631.22 FRONT END LOADER (INCLUDING OPERATOR)	50.000 HR				
0840	635.32 WET CAST SMALL LANDSCAPE BLOCK WALL	420.000 M2				
0850	636.29 RETAINING WALL STEPS	65.000 EA				
0860	639.18 FIELD OFFICE TYPE A	1.000 EA				
0870	642.17 CAST-IN-PLACE CONCRETE STEPS	10.000 M3				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0880	643.80 TRAFFIC SIGNALS AT MAIN / BRIDGE	LUMP	LUMP			
0890	643.83 VIDEO DETECTION SYSTEM	LUMP	LUMP			
0900	645.292 REGULATORY, WARNING, CONFIRMATION AND ROUTE MARKER ASSEMBLY SIGNS TYPE II	M2	25.000			
0910	645.306 FLEXIBLE REFLECTORIZED DELINEATOR	EA	1.000			
0920	652.33 DRUM	EA	200.000			
0930	652.34 CONE	EA	200.000			
0940	652.35 CONSTRUCTION SIGNS	M2	100.000			
0950	652.36 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC CONTROL DEVICES	CD	400.000			
0960	652.38 FLAGGER	HR	15000.000			
0970	652.381 TRAFFIC OFFICER	HR	50.000			
0980	652.41 PORTABLE CHANGEABLE MESSAGE SIGN	EA	3.000			

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
0990	656.75 TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL	LUMP	LUMP			
1000	659.10 MOBILIZATION	LUMP	LUMP			
1010	660.21 ON-THE-JOB TRAINING (BID)	2000.000 HR				
1020	801.17 200 MM PVC SANITARY SEWER (SDR-35)	465.000 M				
1030	801.18 300 MM PVC SANITARY SEWER (SDR-35)	795.000 M				
1040	801.19 375 MM PVC SANITARY SEWER (SDR-35)	35.000 M				
1050	803.01 TEST PITS	9.000 EA				
1060	803.135 150MM SERVICE LATERAL	1050.000 M				
1070	803.17 REMOVE / ABANDON MANHOLE	27.000 EA				
1080	803.173 SEWER MANHOLE - 1.2M DIAMETER	28.000 EA				
1090	812.162 ADJUST SEWER MANHOLE TO GRADE	19.000 EA				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
1100	822.33 150 MM CLASS 52 DI PIPE	M 180.000				
1110	822.331 150 MM NITRILE GASKET	EA 2.000				
1120	822.34 200 MM CLASS 52 DI PIPE	M 905.000				
1130	822.340 200 MM NITRILE GASKET	EA 6.000				
1140	822.36 300 MM CLASS 52 DI PIPE	M 1010.000				
1150	822.360 300 MM NITRILE GASKET	EA 20.000				
1160	823.31 300 MM GATE VALVE	EA 14.000				
1170	823.325 200 MM GATE VALVE	EA 9.000				
1180	823.331 150 MM GATE VALVE	EA 11.000				
1190	824.30 FIRE HYDRANTS	EA 12.000				
1200	825.311 19 MM CORPORATION	EA 90.000				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
1210	825.312 19 MM CURB STOP	90.000 EA				
1220	825.32 50 MM CORPORATION	1.000 EA				
1230	825.3211 30 MM CORPORATION	3.000 EA				
1240	825.3212 40 MM CORPORATION	1.000 EA				
1250	825.322 50 MM CURB STOP	1.000 EA				
1260	825.33 25 MM CORPORATION	2.000 EA				
1270	825.331 25 MM CURB STOP	2.000 EA				
1280	825.3311 30 MM CURB STOP	3.000 EA				
1290	825.3312 40 MM CURB STOP	1.000 EA				
1300	825.41 19 MM COPPER SERVICE	720.000 M				
1310	825.43 25 MM COPPER SERVICE	20.000 M				

SCHEDULE OF ITEMS

REVISED:

CONTRACT ID: 010018.00

PROJECT(S): NH-1001(800)E

CONTRACTOR : \_\_\_\_\_

LINE NO	ITEM DESCRIPTION	APPROX. QUANTITY AND UNITS	UNIT PRICE		BID AMOUNT	
			DOLLARS	CTS	DOLLARS	CTS
1320	825.435 30 MM COPPER SERVICE	M 35.000				
1330	825.436 40 MM COPPER SERVICE	M 10.000				
1340	825.437 50 MM COPPER SERVICE	M 25.000				
1350	825.45 EXISTING SERVICE CONNECTION	EA 6.000				
1360	827.31 UNSUITABLE SOIL EXCAVATION REMOVE AND REPLACE	M3 150.000				
1370	827.311 UNSUITABLE SOIL EXCAVATION, REMOVE AND REFILL- BELOW GRADE	M3 150.000				
1380	827.33 TRENCH INSULATION	M 105.000				
	SECTION 0001 TOTAL					
	TOTAL BID					



## **CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD**

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Capitol Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

\_\_\_\_\_ a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of \_\_\_\_\_, with its principal place of business located at \_\_\_\_\_

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

### **A. The Work.**

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, PIN. **10018.00** for **Highway Reconstruction** in the towns of **Livermore - Jay**, County of **Androscoggin**, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

### **B. Time.**

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before **October 26, 2012**. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002 and related Special Provisions.

**C. Price.**

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is \_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

**D. Contract.**

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, Standard Details Revision of December 2002 as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

**E. Certifications.**

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

**F. Offer.**

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications Revision of December 2002, Standard Details Revision of December 2002 as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

**PIN. 10018.00 – Highway Reconstruction – in the towns of Livermore - Jay,**

State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the “Notice to Contractors” do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached “Schedule of Items”.

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached “Schedule of Items” in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached “Schedule of Items”, which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a “Force Account” basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier’s check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the “Notice to Contractors”, payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications Revision of December 2002 and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor’s Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

Seventh: The Bidder hereby certifies that the iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in this project will be produced in the United States. The Bidder hereby certifies that it will meet the requirements of Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and the applicable regulations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative  
of the Contractor)

\_\_\_\_\_

Witness

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name and Title Printed)

**G. Award.**

Your offer is hereby accepted.  
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner

\_\_\_\_\_

Witness

## CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Capitol Street, Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and

\_\_\_\_\_ a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of \_\_\_\_\_, with its principal place of business located at \_\_\_\_\_

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

### **A. The Work.**

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, PIN. 10018.00 for Highway Reconstruction in the towns of Livermore - Jay, County of Androscoggin, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

### **B. Time.**

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before October 26, 2012. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002 and related Special Provisions.

**C. Price.**

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is \_\_\_\_\_

\$ \_\_\_\_\_ Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

**D. Contract.**

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, Standard Details Revision of December 2002 as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

**E. Certifications.**

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in the Federal Contract Provisions Supplement, and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

**F. Offer.**

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications Revision of December 2002, Standard Details Revision of December 2002 as updated through advertisement, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

**PIN. 10018.00 – Highway Reconstruction – in the towns of Livermore - Jay,**

State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the “Notice to Contractors” do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached “Schedule of Items”.

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached “Schedule of Items” in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached “Schedule of Items”, which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a “Force Account” basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier’s check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the “Notice to Contractors”, payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications Revision of December 2002 and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor’s Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

Seventh: The Bidder hereby certifies that the iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in this project will be produced in the United States. The Bidder hereby certifies that it will meet the requirements of Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 and the applicable regulations.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

CONTRACTOR

\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative  
of the Contractor)

\_\_\_\_\_

Witness

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name and Title Printed)

**G. Award.**

Your offer is hereby accepted.  
documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

\_\_\_\_\_

Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner

\_\_\_\_\_

Witness



## CONTRACT AGREEMENT, OFFER & AWARD

AGREEMENT made on the date last signed below, by and between the State of Maine, acting through and by its Department of Transportation (Department), an agency of state government with its principal administrative offices located at Child Street Augusta, Maine, with a mailing address at 16 State House Station, Augusta, Maine 04333-0016, and (Name of the firm bidding the job) a corporation or other legal entity organized under the laws of the State of Maine, with its principal place of business located at (address of the firm bidding the job)

The Department and the Contractor, in consideration of the mutual promises set forth in this Agreement (the "Contract"), hereby agree as follows:

**A. The Work.**

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work as specified or indicated in the Contract including Extra Work in conformity with the Contract, PIN No. 1224.00, for the Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay in the town/city of South Nowhere, County of Washington, Maine. The Work includes construction, maintenance during construction, warranty as provided in the Contract, and other incidental work.

The Contractor shall be responsible for furnishing all supervision, labor, equipment, tools supplies, permanent materials and temporary materials required to perform the Work including construction quality control including inspection, testing and documentation, all required documentation at the conclusion of the project, warranting its work and performing all other work indicated in the Contract.

The Department shall have the right to alter the nature and extent of the Work as provided in the Contract; payment to be made as provided in the same.

**B. Time.**

The Contractor agrees to complete all Work, except warranty work, on or before November 15, 2006. Further, the Department may deduct from moneys otherwise due the Contractor, not as a penalty, but as Liquidated Damages in accordance with Sections 107.7 and 107.8 of the State of Maine Department of Transportation Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002 and related Special Provisions.

**C. Price.**

The quantities given in the Schedule of Items of the Bid Package will be used as the basis for determining the original Contract amount and for determining the amounts of the required Performance Surety Bond and Payment Surety Bond, and that the amount of this offer is           (Place bid here in alphabetical form such as One Hundred and Two dollars and 10 cents)            
\$ (repeat bid here in numerical terms, such as \$102.10) Performance Bond and Payment Bond each being 100% of the amount of this Contract.

**D. Contract.**

This Contract, which may be amended, modified, or supplemented in writing only, consists of the Contract documents as defined in the Plans, Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, Standard Details Revision of December 2002, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds. It is agreed and understood that this Contract will be governed by the documents listed above.

**E. Certifications.**

By signing below, the Contractor hereby certifies that to the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief:

1. All of the statements, representations, covenants, and/or certifications required or set forth in the Bid and the Bid Documents, including those in Appendix A to Division 100 of the Standard Specifications Revision of December 2002 (Federal Contract Provisions Supplement), and the Contract are still complete and accurate as of the date of this Agreement.
2. The Contractor knows of no legal, contractual, or financial impediment to entering into this Contract.
3. The person signing below is legally authorized by the Contractor to sign this Contract on behalf of the Contractor and to legally bind the Contractor to the terms of the Contract.

**F. Offer.**

The undersigned, having carefully examined the site of work, the Plans, Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, Standard Details Revision of December 2002, Supplemental Specifications, Special Provisions, Contract Agreement; and Contract Bonds contained herein for construction of:

**PIN 1234.00 South Nowhere, Hot Mix Asphalt Overlay**

State of Maine, on which bids will be received until the time specified in the "Notice to Contractors" do(es) hereby bid and offer to enter into this contract to supply all the materials, tools, equipment and labor to construct the whole of the Work in strict accordance with the terms and conditions of this Contract at the unit prices in the attached "Schedule of Items".

The Offeror agrees to perform the work required at the price specified above and in accordance with the bids provided in the attached "Schedule of Items" in strict accordance with the terms of this solicitation, and to provide the appropriate insurance and bonds if this offer is accepted by the Government in writing.

As Offeror also agrees:

First: To do any extra work, not covered by the attached "Schedule of Items", which may be ordered by the Resident, and to accept as full compensation the amount determined upon a "Force Account" basis as provided in the Standard Specifications, Revision of December 2002, and as addressed in the contract documents.

Second: That the bid bond at 5% of the bid amount or the official bank check, cashier's check, certificate of deposit or U. S. Postal Money Order in the amount given in the "Notice to Contractors", payable to the Treasurer of the State of Maine and accompanying this bid, shall be forfeited, as liquidated damages, if in case this bid is accepted, and the undersigned shall fail to abide by the terms and conditions of the offer and fail to furnish satisfactory insurance and Contract bonds under the conditions stipulated in the Specifications within 15 days of notice of intent to award the contract.

Third: To begin the Work as stated in Section 107.2 of the Standard Specifications Revision of 2002 and complete the Work within the time limits given in the Special Provisions of this Contract.

Fourth: The Contractor will be bound to the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements contained in the attached Notice (Additional Instructions to Bidders) and submit a completed Contractor's Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Utilization Plan with their bid.

Fifth: That this offer shall remain open for 30 calendar days after the date of opening of bids.

Sixth: The Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief that: the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with its bid, and its subsequent contract with the Department.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the Contractor, for itself, its successors and assigns, hereby execute two duplicate originals of this Agreement and thereby binds itself to all covenants, terms, and obligations contained in the Contract Documents.

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
**(Witness Sign Here)**  
Witness

\_\_\_\_\_  
**(Sign Here)**  
(Signature of Legally Authorized Representative of the Contractor)

\_\_\_\_\_  
**(Print Name Here)**  
(Name and Title Printed)

CONTRACTOR

**G. Award.**

Your offer is hereby accepted. documents referenced herein.

This award consummates the Contract, and the

MAINE DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

\_\_\_\_\_  
Date

\_\_\_\_\_  
By: David Bernhardt, Commissioner

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Witness)

BOND # \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACT PERFORMANCE BOND  
(Surety Company Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ in the State of \_\_\_\_\_, as principal,  
and \_\_\_\_\_,  
a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of \_\_\_\_\_ and having a  
usual place of business \_\_\_\_\_,  
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of the State of Maine in the sum  
of \_\_\_\_\_ and 00/100 Dollars (\$ \_\_\_\_\_),  
to be paid said Treasurer of the State of Maine or his successors in office, for which  
payment well and truly to be made, Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs,  
executors and administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally by these  
presents.

The condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal designated as Contractor in  
the Contract to construct Project Number \_\_\_\_\_ in the Municipality of  
\_\_\_\_\_ promptly and faithfully performs the Contract, then this  
obligation shall be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

The Surety hereby waives notice of any alteration or extension of time made by the State  
of Maine.

Signed and sealed this \_\_\_\_\_ day of \_\_\_\_\_, 20\_\_\_\_\_

WITNESSES:

SIGNATURES:

CONTRACTOR:

Signature.....

.....

Print Name Legibly .....

Print Name Legibly .....

SURETY:

Signature .....

.....

Print Name Legibly .....

Print Name Legibly .....

SURETY ADDRESS:

NAME OF LOCAL AGENCY:

.....  
.....  
.....

ADDRESS .....

TELEPHONE.....

.....

BOND # \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACT PAYMENT BOND  
(Surety Company Form)

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS: That \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_ **in the State of** \_\_\_\_\_, as principal,  
and.....  
a corporation duly organized under the laws of the State of ..... and having a  
usual place of business in .....  
as Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the Treasurer of the State of Maine for the use  
and benefit of claimants as herein below defined, in the sum of  
\_\_\_\_\_ **and 00/100 Dollars (\$** \_\_\_\_\_ **)**  
for the payment whereof Principal and Surety bind themselves, their heirs, executors and  
administrators, successors and assigns, jointly and severally by these presents.

The condition of this obligation is such that if the Principal designated as Contractor in  
the Contract to construct Project Number \_\_\_\_\_ in the Municipality of  
\_\_\_\_\_ promptly satisfies all claims and demands incurred for all  
labor and material, used or required by him in connection with the work contemplated by  
said Contract, and fully reimburses the obligee for all outlay and expense which the  
obligee may incur in making good any default of said Principal, then this obligation shall  
be null and void; otherwise it shall remain in full force and effect.

A claimant is defined as one having a direct contract with the Principal or with a  
Subcontractor of the Principal for labor, material or both, used or reasonably required for  
use in the performance of the contract.

Signed and sealed this ..... day of ....., 20 .. .

WITNESS:

SIGNATURES:

CONTRACTOR:

Signature.....

.....

Print Name Legibly .....

Print Name Legibly .....

SURETY:

Signature.....

.....

Print Name Legibly .....

Print Name Legibly .....

SURETY ADDRESS:

NAME OF LOCAL AGENCY:

.....

ADDRESS .....

.....

.....

TELEPHONE .....

.....

General Decision Number: ME100004 03/12/2010 ME4

Superseded General Decision Number: ME20080004

State: Maine

Construction Type: Heavy

County: Androscoggin County in Maine.

HEAVY CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS (Includes Sewer & Water Line Construction Projects)

Modification Number 0 Publication Date 03/12/2010

SUME2000-003 10/24/2000

	Rates	Fringes
Carpenter.....	\$ 10.23	
Laborers:		
Unskilled.....	\$ 8.42	
Power equipment operators:		
Backhoes.....	\$ 11.36	
Bulldozers.....	\$ 11.75	.90
Excavators.....	\$ 13.11	1.43
Loaders.....	\$ 10.95	.80
Truck drivers:		
Dump.....	\$ 9.21	.84

-----  
WELDERS - Receive rate prescribed for craft performing operation to which welding is incidental.  
=====

Unlisted classifications needed for work not included within the scope of the classifications listed may be added after award only as provided in the labor standards contract clauses (29CFR 5.5 (a) (1) (ii)).  
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In the listing above, the "SU" designation means that rates listed under the identifier do not reflect collectively bargained wage and fringe benefit rates. Other designations indicate unions whose rates have been determined to be prevailing.  
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WAGE DETERMINATION APPEALS PROCESS

1.) Has there been an initial decision in the matter? This can be:

- \* an existing published wage determination
- \* a survey underlying a wage determination
- \* a Wage and Hour Division letter setting forth a position on a wage determination matter
- \* a conformance (additional classification and rate) ruling

On survey related matters, initial contact, including requests for summaries of surveys, should be with the Wage and Hour Regional Office for the area in which the survey was conducted because those Regional Offices have responsibility for the Davis-Bacon survey program. If the response from this initial contact is not satisfactory, then the process described in 2.) and 3.) should be followed.

With regard to any other matter not yet ripe for the formal process described here, initial contact should be with the Branch of Construction Wage Determinations. Write to:

Branch of Construction Wage Determinations  
Wage and Hour Division  
U.S. Department of Labor  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20210

2.) If the answer to the question in 1.) is yes, then an interested party (those affected by the action) can request review and reconsideration from the Wage and Hour Administrator (See 29 CFR Part 1.8 and 29 CFR Part 7). Write to:

Wage and Hour Administrator  
U.S. Department of Labor  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20210

The request should be accompanied by a full statement of the interested party's position and by any information (wage payment data, project description, area practice material, etc.) that the requestor considers relevant to the issue.

3.) If the decision of the Administrator is not favorable, an interested party may appeal directly to the Administrative Review Board (formerly the Wage Appeals Board). Write to:

Administrative Review Board  
U.S. Department of Labor  
200 Constitution Avenue, N.W.  
Washington, DC 20210

4.) All decisions by the Administrative Review Board are final.

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END OF GENERAL DECISION



SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 102.3  
EXAMINATION OF DOCUMENTS, SITE, AND OTHER INFORMATION  
(Geotechnical Information)

Add the following to Section 102.3, Examination of Documents, Site and Other Information:

102.3.1 Geotechnical Information In most cases, Geotechnical Information pertaining to the project has been collected and assembled. Bidders and Contractors are obligated to examine and, if necessary, obtain geotechnical information. If one is available, the project geotechnical report may be accessed at the following web address:

<http://www.maine.gov/mdot/comprehensive-list-projects/project-information.php>.

The Department shall not be responsible for the Bidders' and Contractors' interpretations of or estimates or conclusions drawn from the Geotechnical Information. Data provided may not be representative of the subsurface conditions between the boring locations.

This section does not diminish the duties imposed upon parties in Section 102 or in any other sections.

Town: **Jay-Livermore**  
 Project: **Rte 4, 10018.00**  
 Date: **January 12, 2011**

**SPECIAL PROVISIONS**  
**SECTION 104**  
**Utilities**

**MEETING**

A Preconstruction Utility Conference, as defined in Subsection 104.4.6 of the Standard Specifications **IS** required.

**GENERAL INFORMATION**

These Special Provisions outline the arrangements that have been made by the Department for utility and/or railroad work to be undertaken in conjunction with this project. The following list identifies all known utilities or railroads having facilities presently located within the limits of this project or intending to install facilities during project construction.

**Overview:**

Utility	Aerial	Underground
Central Maine Power Company	X	
Northern New England Telephone Operations Llc (NNETO Llc)	X	X
Time Warner Cable	X	
Town of Livermore Falls	X	X
Town of Jay	X	X
Livermore Falls Water District (LFWD)	X	X
Maine DOT	X	X

Central Maine Power	Gerry Norton 242-1247
NNETO Llc	Marty Pease 797-1119
Time Warner Cable.	Dave Bouchard 620-3411
Town of Livermore Falls (Sewer)	Kent Mitchell 897-2338
Town of Jay (Sewer)	Mark Holt 645-4246
Livermore Falls Water District	Doug Burdo 897-3445
Maine DOT	Gene Uhuad 562-4228

Temporary utility adjustments are not anticipated on this project however, should the contractor choose to have any poles temporarily relocated, all work will be done by Pole owner at the contractor's request and expense at no additional cost to the Department.

All utility crossings over highways will provide not less than 6 meters (20 feet) vertical clearance over finished grade elevation during construction of this project.

All adjustments are to be made by the respective utility unless otherwise specified herein.

Town: **Jay-Livermore**  
 Project: **Rte 4, 10018.00**  
 Date: **January 12, 2011**

Utility working days are Monday through Friday. Times are estimated on the basis of a single crew for each utility. Any times and dates mentioned are **estimates only** and are dependent upon favorable weather, working conditions, and freedom from emergencies. The Contractor shall have no claim against the Department if they are exceeded.

All clearing and tree removal in areas where utilities are involved must be completed before the utilities are able to relocate their facilities.

Construction of any spot cuts or fills in excess of 2 feet must be complete prior to utility relocations.

It is the responsibility of the Contractor with the Utility Pole owner, to layout all of the proposed pole locations in the field prior to the start of utility relocations. Should any adjustments be needed, the Utility will document adjustments and inform the Department prior to utility relocations.

**AERIAL**

**Summary:**

Utility	Pole Set	Splice Cables	New Wires/ Cables	Trans. Wires/ Cables	Remove Poles	Estimated Working Days
Central Maine Power	13	5	10	13	5	46
Fairpoint Communications	15	45	30	5	5	100
Time Warner Cable			55			55
<b>Total:</b>						201

**Utility Specific Issues:**

**Central Maine Power**

**CMP** plans to relocate **30 poles**. The existing pole list and estimated times to complete work is noted above. The Contractor shall prioritize this work as to facilitate a prompt relocation by **CMP**.

- **CMP** requires **3 working days notice** for any work around poles that will be undermined, holding of poles and/or blasting near poles.

**Fairpoint Communications**

**Fairpoint** plans to relocate **30 poles**. The existing pole list and estimated times to complete work is noted above. The Contractor shall prioritize this work as to facilitate a prompt relocation by **Fairpoint**.

- **Fairpoint** requires **3 working days notice** for any work around poles that will be undermined, holding of poles and/or blasting near poles.

***\*Please See Attached Pole List\****

**SUBSURFACE**

***Subsurface Utility Specific Issues:***

**Fairpoint Communications**

**Fairpoint** has **1 manhole** and a duct bank at the intersection of Bridge St. This bank shall remain in place throughout construction. **Fairpoint** has requested **1 working day** to lower the structure and **1 working day** to raise it to grade prior to surface paving. No conflict is anticipated with this bank, should one arise the contractor must contact **Maine DOT Resident and Fairpoint** immediately.

**Towns of Livermore Falls and Jay**

The Towns of Livermore Falls and Jay have sewer systems located within the limits of the project. Both towns have entered into agreements with Maine DOT to have their systems upgraded as part of the Project. Work related to the two Town's infrastructure shall be paid under the appropriate Bid item.

The contractor shall notify each town **2 weeks** prior to commencement of work on the project.

**Livermore Falls Water District**

The **LFWD** has a drinking waster system running through the project. The **LFWD** has entered into an agreement with Maine DOT to have this system upgraded as part of the project. Work related to the **LFWD** infrastructure shall be paid under the appropriate Bid item.

The contractor shall notify **LFWD 2 weeks** prior to commencement of work on the project.

**MAINTAINING UTILITY LOCATION MARKINGS**

The contractor will be responsible for maintaining the buried utility markings following the initial locating by the appropriate utility or their designated representative.

**DIG SAFE**

The contractor will be responsible for determining the presence of underground utility facilities prior to commencing any excavation and shall notify utilities of proposed excavation in accordance with M.R.S.A. Title & 3360-A Maine "Dig Safe" System. Phone 1-888-344-7233.

THE CONTRACTOR SHALL PLAN HIS WORK ACCORDINGLY.

Rt 4 Livermore Falls/Jay

PIN # 10018.00

CMP Pole #	Tel. Pole #	Existing Station	Right or Left	Existing Offset from C.L. (m)	New Station	Right or Left	New Offset from C.L. (m)	Cut/Fill (-/+)	Miscellaneous/Remarks
02		40 + 039.5	rt	7.5					To remain at existing location. (Road Xing)
01		40 + 090.0	lt	7.6	40 + 073.5	lt	9.5	+1.3'	Set at new station & offset. (Road Xing)
1		40 + 110.2	lt	6.9	40 + 114.7	lt	8.4	+0.6'	Set at new station & offset. (Road Xing)
2		40 + 145.6	lt	6.7	40 + 157.5	rt	8.3	-1.0'	Move from left to right - set at new station & offset. (Road Xing) (Set 1' deeper) <b>This pole is already set at new location.</b>
3		40 + 188.6	lt	4.8	40 + 182.0	rt	8.3		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
4	-1	40 + 214.6	lt	4.6	40 + 226.0	rt	8.3		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
5	-2	40 + 251.0	lt	4.6	40 + 258.0	rt	8.3		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
6	-3	40 + 287.9	lt	4.5	40 + 290.5	rt	8.3	-0.8'	Move from left to right - set at new station & offset. (Set 1' deeper)
6S	-4				40 + 292.5	lt	8.0		New stub pole to hold take off.
7.1/2					40 + 314.7	lt	8.0	+0.2'	New pole for take off.
7		40 + 314.3	lt	4.6	40 + 313.7	rt	8.3	+0.4'	Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
7S	-1	40 + 323.2	lt	11.5					Eliminate & remove
8	-2	40 + 356.5	lt	4.4	40 + 366.2	rt	8.3	-0.5'	Move from left to right - set at new station & offset. (Set 1' deeper)
8S	-3				40 + 374.2	lt	8.0		New stub pole to hold take off.
9		40 + 387.2	lt	4.9	40 + 387.3	rt	6.0		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
10	1	40 + 422.4	lt	5.0	40 + 424.0	rt	6.0		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
12	2	40 + 456.3	lt	4.8	40 + 448.5	rt	6.0		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset. (No pole 11)
13	3	40 + 496.5	lt	4.9	40 + 489.5	rt	6.0		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
13.1	4				40 + 494.5	lt	8.0		New service pole
14		40 + 540.7	lt	4.6	40 + 543.2	rt	6.2		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset.
14.01		40 + 542.0	lt	23.0					Existing priv. pole. (Mobile home service)
14.1					40 + 556.7	lt	7.3	-0.4'	New service pole (Set 1' deeper)
15.1					40 + 586.8	lt	6.0		New service pole
15		40 + 585.7	lt	5.2	40 + 592.0	rt	6.0		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset. (Road Xing)
16		40 + 631.4	lt	5.7	Existing	lt	10.8		Set back to new offset at existing station. (Road Xing)
17		40 + 678.2	lt	5.9	Existing	lt	9.5		Set back to new offset at existing station.
18		40 + 714.4	lt	5.6	Existing	lt	9.3		Set back to new offset at existing station.
19		40 + 751.6	lt	5.7	Existing	lt	9.5	+1.5'	Set back to new offset at existing station.
20		40 + 791.7	lt	7.5	Existing	lt	9.8	+0.9'	Set back to new offset at existing station.
21		40 + 833.1	lt	12.0					Remain at existing location, replace in place if condition warrants. (Road Xing to pole 20 Jewel St.)
22		40 + 871.2	lt	16.5	40 + 869.0	lt	11.3		Set at new station & offset. (Road Xing to pole 20 Jewel St.)
23		40 + 899.1	lt	4.8					Eliminate & remove
20		40 + 885.8	rt	15.2	40 + 881.1	rt	7.4	-0.8'	New location for pole 20 Jewel St. (Road Xing to pole 21 & pole 22 Main St.) (span to pole 21 Main St.) (Set 1' deeper)
24		40 + 933.7	lt	5.5	40 + 934.2	rt	5.4		Move from left to right - set at new station & offset. Use existing pt. pole for aerial guy, replace in place if required. (Road Xing) (span to pole 20 Jewel St.)
25		40 + 964.8	lt	5.3	Existing	lt	5.2		Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb) Possibly set stub pole at back of parking lot. (Road Xing)
26		41 + 007.6	lt	4.9	41 + 008.2	lt	5.2		Set at new station & offset. (1' behind face of curb)
27		41 + 047.6	lt	4.8	Existing	lt	5.2		Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb)
28		41 + 084.4	lt	4.8	Existing	lt	5.2		Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb)
29		41 + 128.9	lt	5.1	Existing	lt	5.2		Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb)
29 1/2		41 + 148.7	lt	5.1	Existing	lt	5.2		Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb)
30		41 + 162.1	lt	5.1					Eliminate & remove
30 1/2		41 + 175.9	lt	5.1	Existing	lt	5.2	+1.0'	Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb)
31		41 + 214.4	lt	8.3	Existing			+0.8'	Replace in place.
32		41 + 237.5	lt	7.6	Existing				Replace in place.
33		41 + 286.0	lt	6.7					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
34		41 + 328.3	lt	6.9	Existing			+1.8'	Replace in place.
35	477/35	41 + 372.1	lt	6.8	Existing			+0.7'	Replace in place (Road Xing)

Rt 4 Livermore Falls/Jay

PIN # 10018.00

CMP Pole #	Tel. Pole #	Existing Station	Right or Left	Existing Offset from C.L. (m)	New Station	Right or Left	New Offset from C.L. (m)	Cut/Fill (-/+)	Miscellaneous/Remarks
36	36	41 + 404.3	rt	5.8	Existing				Replace in place (Road Xing)
37	37	41 + 447.0	rt	8.3	Existing				Replace in place.
38	38	41 + 483.9	rt	8.1	Existing				Replace in place.
39	39	41 + 518.1	rt	8.5					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
40	40	41 + 557.8	rt	9.4	Existing				Replace in place.
41.1	41.1	41 + 587.0	lt	6.3	41 + 585.4	lt	7.9	+0.3'	Set at new station & offset. (behind sidewalk)
41	41	41 + 600.6	rt	9.0	Existing				Replace in place.
42.1	42.1	41 + 631.0	lt	8.2	Existing			+1.0'	Replace in place.
42	42	41 + 642.5	rt	7.8	Existing			+1.0'	Replace in place.
43	43	41 + 684.8	rt	9.4					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
44.1	44.1	41 + 715.0	lt	6.7	Existing	lt	8.0	+0.8'	Set at new offset. (behind sidewalk)
44	44	41 + 716.4	rt	7.5					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
45	45	41 + 750.1	rt	8.5	Existing				Replace in place.
	477/45	41 + 751.7	lt	6.0	Existing	lt	8.0	+1.6'	Tel. only, set at new offset. (behind sidewalk)
46	46	41 + 785.6	rt	9.7					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
46.1	46.1	41 + 802.2	lt	5.3	Existing	lt	8.0	+3.0'	Set at new offset (behind sidewalk) (3' spot fill needed)
47	47	41 + 818.4	rt	10.2					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
Bridge Street									
1	1	5 + 039.5	rt	8.5					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
2	2	5 + 072.0	rt	6.7					Existing location OK, replace in place if condition warrants.
Millet Street									
1	1	2 + 023.0	rt	2.5	Existing	rt	3.4	-0.7'	Set at new offset. (1' behind face of curb) (Set 1' deeper)
Reynolds Avenue									
1	1	3 + 033.3	rt	3.0	3 + 047.0	rt	4.1 +/-		Set at new station & offset & add head guy.
Green Street									
1	1	4 + 036.0	rt	3.5					Eliminate & remove (Green St. to be fed from pole 6 Knapp St. by closing gap to pole 5 Green St.)
2	2	4 + 058.5	rt	3.0					Remain at existing location. (Add head guy)
3	3	4 + 074.0	rt	3.5					Remain at existing location. (Remove push brace - optional)
Richardson Avenue									
1	8	6 + 032.0	rt	3.0	6+039.3 +/-	rt	6.2 +/-		Set at new station & offset. (Line in with 8 & 8S on Main St so it is behind sidewalk)
Franklin Street									
1	1	???	rt	??					Replace in place with taller pole.
Monroe Street									
1		7 + 020.8	rt	4.3					Eliminate & remove. (CATV power supply to be moved to pole 12 Main St.) (Monroe St. will need to be fed from pole 3 Otis St. by filling a gap to pole 4 Richardson Ave.)
2		???	rt	??	????	rt	??		Pole 2 is being replaced across from a 336 service pole with a sidewalk & head guy. A mid span tap may be needed.

**Rt 4 Livermore Falls/Jay**

PIN # 10018.00

CMP Pole #	Tel. Pole #	Existing Station	Right or Left	Existing Offset from C.L. (m)	New Station	Right or Left	New Offset from C.L. (m)	Cut/Fill (-/+)	Miscellaneous/Remarks
Gordon Street									
1		8 + 043.7	lt	4					Remain at existing location. (May not be able to feed Gordon St. from pole 14 Main St due to clearance issue to building. If not Gordon St. will need to be fed by filling in a gap form pole 2 Prospect St.)
Church Street									
1	1	10 + 006.3	lt	8.1	10 + 010.8	lt	7.4	-0.8'	Set at new station & offset. (Set 1' deeper)
Jewel Street									
20		11 + 014.6	rt	7	11 + 006.4	rt	11.5		Set at new station & offset.
19		11 + 035.0	lt	4					Replace in place with taller pole if needed..

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 104  
GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES  
(Electronic Payroll Submission)  
(Payment Tracking)

104.3.8.1 Electronic Payroll Submission The prime contractor and all subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will submit their certified payrolls electronically on this contract utilizing the Elation System web based reporting. There is no charge to the contracting community for the use of this service. The submission of paper payrolls will not be allowed or accepted. Additional information can be found at <http://www.maine.gov/mdot/comprehensive-list-projects/project-information.php> under the first “Notice”.

104.3.8.2 Payment Tracking The prime contractor and all subcontractors and lower-tier subcontractors will track and confirm the delivery and receipt of all payments through the Elation System



SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 104  
GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES  
(Contractor's General Authority and Responsibilities)

104.3.6 Project Records Add the following:

Section 902 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA) of 2009 requires that each contract awarded using ARRA funds must include a provision that provides the U.S. Comptroller General and his representatives with the authority to:

“(1) to examine any records of the contractor or any of its subcontractors, or any State or local agency administering such contract, that directly pertain to, and involve transactions relating to, the contract or subcontract; and

(2) to interview any officer or employee of the contractor or any of its subcontractors, or of any State or local government agency administering the contract, regarding such transactions.”

Accordingly, the Comptroller General and his representatives shall have the authority and rights as provided under Section 902 of the ARRA with respect to this contract, which is funded with funds made available under the ARRA. Section 902 further states that nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit or restrict in any way any existing authority of the Comptroller General.

Additionally, please be advised that Section 1515(a) of the ARRA provides as follows:

Section 1515(a) of the ARRA provides authority for any representatives of the Inspector General to examine any records or interview any employee or officers working on this contract. The contractor is advised that representatives of the inspector general have the authority to examine any record and interview any employee or officer of the contractor, its subcontractors or other firms working on this contract. Section 1515(b) further provides that nothing in this section shall be interpreted to limit or restrict in any way any existing authority of an inspector general.

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 105  
GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK  
(Buy American)

All iron, steel, and manufactured goods shall be produced in the United States. All iron and steel manufacturing processes must take place in the United States, except for metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. There is no requirement for the origin of components and subcomponents of manufactured goods. Products listed at 48 CFR 25.104(a) have been determined to be unavailable in the United States and if required for the project may be purchased from foreign sources. No unauthorized use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods will be allowed on this project.

Prior to payment, the Contractor shall provide a certification from the producer of steel or iron; or any product containing steel or iron as a component; or any manufactured good stating that all steel or iron or manufactured good furnished or incorporated into the furnished product was manufactured in the United States in accordance with the requirements of the Buy American provisions. Such certification shall also include a statement that the iron or steel product or component or manufactured good was produced entirely within the United States.

**SPECIAL PROVISION 105**  
**CONSTRUCTION AREA**

A Construction Area located in the **Towns of Livermore Falls - Jay** has been established by the Maine Department of Transportation (MDOT) in accordance with provisions of 29-A § 2382 Maine Revised Statutes Annotated (MRSA).

- (a) (Rte. 4/17) The section of highway under construction beginning at Sta. 40+000 and ending at Sta. 41+820 of the construction centerline plus approaches.

Per 29-A § 2382 (7) MRSA, the MDOT may “*issue permits for stated periods of time for loads and equipment employed on public way construction projects, United States Government projects or construction of private ways, when within construction areas established by the Department of Transportation. The permit:*

- A. Must be procured from the municipal officers for a construction area within that municipality;*
- B. May require the contractor to be responsible for damage to ways used in the construction areas and may provide for:*

- (1) Withholding by the agency contracting the work of final payment under contract; or*
- (2) The furnishing of a bond by the contractor to guarantee suitable repair or payment of damages.*

*The suitability of repairs or the amount of damage is to be determined by the Department of Transportation on state-maintained ways and bridges, otherwise by the municipal officers;*

- C. May be granted by the Department of Transportation or by the state engineer in charge of the construction contract; and*

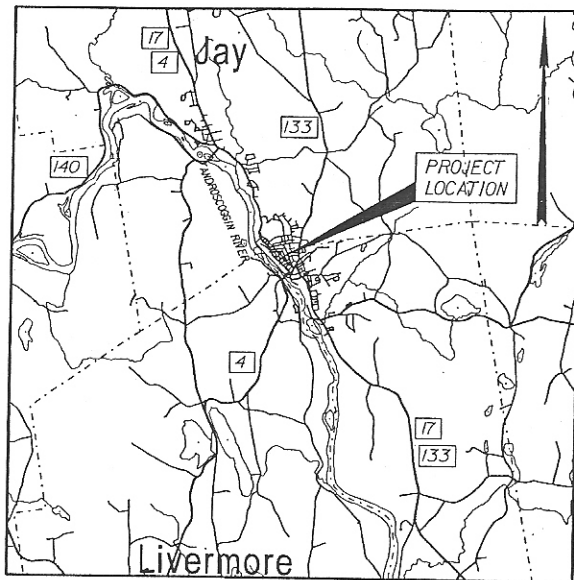
- D. For construction areas, carries no fee and does not come within the scope of this section.”*

The Municipal Officers for the **Towns of Livermore Falls - Jay** agreed that an Overlimit Permit will be issued to the Contractor for the purpose of using loads and equipment on municipal ways in excess of the limits as specified in 29-A MRSA, on the municipal ways as described in the “Construction Area”.

As noted above, a bond may be required by the municipality, the exact amount of said bond to be determined prior to use of any municipal way. The MDOT will assist in determining the bond amount if requested by the municipality.

The maximum speed limits for trucks on any town way will be 25 mph (40 km per hour) unless a higher legal limit is specifically agreed upon in writing by the Municipal Officers concerned.

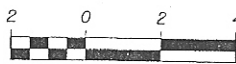
STATE  
DEPARTMENT



LIVERMORE  
AND

PROJECT  
RECONSTRUCTION  
BASE, DRAINAGE

LOCATION MAP



Scale In Kilometers

ST. 1  
T. 32

MA

**SPECIAL PROVISION 105**  
**OVERLIMIT PERMITS**

**Title 29-A § 2382 MRSA Overlimit Movement Permits.**

**1. Overlimit movement permits issued by State.** The Secretary of State, acting under guidelines and advice of the Commissioner of Transportation, may grant permits to move nondivisible objects having a length, width, height or weight greater than specified in this Title over a way or bridge maintained by the Department of Transportation

**2. Permit fee.** The Secretary of State, with the advice of the Commissioner of Transportation, may set the fee for single trip permits, at not less than \$6, nor more than \$30, based on weight, height, length and width. The Secretary of State may, by rule, implement fees that have been set by the Commissioner of Transportation for multiple trip, long-term overweight movement permits. Rules established pursuant to this section are routine technical rules pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter II-A.

**3. County and municipal permits.** A county commissioner or municipal officer may grant a permit, for a reasonable fee, for travel over a way or bridge maintained by that county or municipality

**4. Permits for weight.** A vehicle granted a permit for excess weight must first be registered for the maximum gross vehicle weight allowed for that vehicle.

**5. Special mobile equipment.** The Secretary of State may grant a permit, for no more than one year, to move pneumatic-tire equipment under its own power, including Class A and Class B special mobile equipment, over ways and bridges maintained by the Department of Transportation. The fee for that permit is \$15 for each 30-day period.

**6. Scope of permit.** A permit is limited to the particular vehicle or object to be moved, the trailer or semitrailer hauling the overlimit object and particular ways and bridges.

**7. Construction permits.** A permit for a stated period of time may be issued for loads and equipment employed on public way construction projects, United States Government projects or construction of private ways, when within construction areas established by the Department of Transportation. The permit:

A. Must be procured from the municipal officers for a construction area within that municipality;

B. May require the contractor to be responsible for damage to ways used in the construction areas and may provide for:

(1) Withholding by the agency contracting the work of final payment under contract; or

(2) The furnishing of a bond by the contractor to guarantee suitable repair or payment of damages.

The suitability of repairs or the amount of damage is to be determined by the Department of Transportation on state-maintained ways and bridges, otherwise by the municipal officers;

C. May be granted by the Department of Transportation or by the state engineer in charge of the construction contract; and

D. For construction areas, carries no fee and does not come within the scope of this section.

**8. Gross vehicle weight permits.** The following may grant permits to operate a vehicle having a gross vehicle weight exceeding the prescribed limit:

A. The Secretary of State, with the consent of the Department of Transportation, for state and state aid highways and bridges within city or compact village limits;

B. Municipal officers, for all other ways and bridges within that city and compact village limits; and

C. The county commissioners, for county roads and bridges located in unorganized territory.

**9. Pilot vehicles.** The following restrictions apply to pilot vehicles.

A. Pilot vehicles required by a permit must be equipped with warning lights and signs as required by the Secretary of State with the advice of the Department of Transportation.

B. Warning lights may be operated and lettering on the signs may be visible on a pilot vehicle only while it is escorting a vehicle with a permit on a public way.

With the advice of the Commissioner of Transportation and the Chief of the State Police, the Secretary of State shall establish rules for the operation of pilot vehicles.

**9-A. Police escort.** A person may not operate a single vehicle or a combination of vehicles of 125 feet or more in length or 16 feet or more in width on a public way unless the vehicle or combination of vehicles is accompanied by a police escort. The Secretary of State, with the advice of the Commissioner of Transportation, may require a police escort for vehicles of lesser dimensions.

A. The Bureau of State Police shall establish a fee for state police escorts to defray the costs of providing a police escort. A county sheriff or municipal police department may establish a fee to defray the costs of providing police escorts.

B. The Bureau of State Police shall provide a police escort if a request is made by a permittee. A county sheriff or municipal police department may refuse a permittee's request for a police escort.

C. A vehicle or combination of vehicles for which a police escort is required must be accompanied by a state police escort when operating on the interstate highway system.

**10. Taxes paid.** A permit for a mobile home may not be granted unless the applicant provides reasonable assurance that all property taxes, sewage disposal charges and drain and sewer assessments applicable to the mobile home, including those for the current tax year, have been paid or that the mobile home is exempt from those taxes. A municipality may waive the requirement that those taxes be paid before the issuance of a permit if the mobile home is to be moved from one location in the municipality to another location in the same municipality for purposes not related to the sale of the mobile home.

**11. Violation.** A person who moves an object over the public way in violation of this section commits a traffic infraction.

Section History:

PL 1993, Ch. 683, §A2 (NEW).

PL 1993, Ch. 683, §B5 (AFF).

PL 1997, Ch. 144, §1,2 (AMD).

PL 1999, Ch. 117, §2 (AMD).

PL 1999, Ch. 125, §1 (AMD).

PL 1999, Ch. 580, §13 (AMD).

PL 2001, Ch. 671, §30 (AMD).

PL 2003, Ch. 166, §13 (AMD).

PL 2003, Ch. 452, §Q73,74 (AMD).

PL 2003, Ch. 452, §X2 (AFF).

SPECIAL PROVISION

SECTION 107

TIME

(Scheduling of Work – Projected Payment Schedule)

Description The Contractor shall also provide the Department with a Quarterly Projected Payment Schedule that estimates the value of the Work as scheduled, including requests for payment of Delivered Materials. The Projected Payment Schedule must be in accordance with the Contractor's Schedule of Work and prices submitted by the Contractor's Bid. The Contractor shall submit the Projected Payment Schedule as a condition of Award.



SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 107  
SCHEDULING OF WORK

Replace Section 107.4.2 with the following:

”107.4.2 Schedule of Work Required Within 21 Days of Contract Execution and before beginning any on-site activities, the Contractor shall provide the Department with its Schedule of Work. The Contractor shall plan the Work, including the activity of Subcontractors, vendors, and suppliers, such that all Work will be performed in Substantial Conformity with its Schedule of Work. The Schedule must include sufficient time for the Department to perform its functions as indicated in this Contract, including QA inspection and testing, approval of the Contractor's TCP, SEWPCP and QCP, and review of Working Drawings.

At a minimum, the Schedule of Work shall include a bar chart which shows the major Work activities, milestones, durations, and a timeline. Milestones to be included in the schedule include: (A) start of Work, (B) beginning and ending of planned Work suspensions, (C) Completion of Physical Work, and (D) Completion. If the Contractor Plans to Complete the Work before the specified Completion date, the Schedule shall so indicate.

Any restrictions that affect the Schedule of Work such as paving restrictions or In-Stream Work windows must be charted with the related activities to demonstrate that the Schedule of Work complies with the Contract.

The Department will review the Schedule of Work and provide comments to the Contractor within 20 days of receipt of the schedule. The Contractor will make the requested changes to the schedule and issue the finalized version to the Department.”

**Special Provision**  
**Section 107**  
**Prosecution and Progress**  
**(Contract Time)**

**The contractor will be allowed to commence work on this project as long as all applicable plans as required under this contract have been submitted and approved.**

**The completion date for this contract is October 26, 2012.**

**The contractor shall not carry on construction operations on Sundays or Holidays as per Section 107.3.3. without Departmental approval.**

**The Contractor shall notify the Engineer five (5) working days prior to the commencement of construction activities.**

**All travel lanes shall be open to traffic and the roadway in safe operating condition when the Contractor suspends work for holidays, weekends or extended periods of time as directed.**

**All work schedule changes must be submitted for approval to the Department a minimum of 10 calendar days prior to the request change.**

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 108**  
**PAYMENT**  
(Asphalt Escalator)

108.4.1 Price Adjustment for Hot Mix Asphalt: For all contracts with hot mix asphalt in excess of 500 tons total, a price adjustment for performance graded binder will be made for the following pay items:

- Item 403.206 Hot Mix Asphalt - 25 mm
- Item 403.207 Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm
- Item 403.2071 Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Polymer Modified)
- Item 403.2072 Hot Mix Asphalt - 19 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)
- Item 403.2073 Warm Mix Asphalt - 19 mm
- Item 403.208 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm
- Item 403.2081 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
- Item 403.2083 Warm Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm
- Item 403.209 Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (sidewalks, drives, & incidentals)
- Item 403.210 Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm
- Item 403.2101 Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Polymer Modified)
- Item 403.2102 Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base)
- Item 403.2103 Warm Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm
- Item 403.211 Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim
- Item 403.2111 Hot Mix Asphalt – Shim (Polymer Modified)
- Item 403.2113 Warm Mix Asphalt - Shim
- Item 403.212 Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Shim)
- Item 403.2123 Warm Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Shim)
- Item 403.213 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course)
- Item 403.2131 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course Polymer Modified)
- Item 403.2132 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (Asphalt Rich Base and intermediate course)
- Item 403.2133 Warm Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm (base and intermediate course)
- Item 403.214 Hot Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Surface)
- Item 403.2143 Warm Mix Asphalt - 4.75 mm (Surface)
- Item 461.13 Maintenance Surface Treatment

Price adjustments will be based on the variance in costs for the performance graded binder component of hot mix asphalt. They will be determined as follows:

The quantity of hot mix asphalt for each pay item will be multiplied by the performance graded binder percentages given in the table below times the difference in price between the base price and the period price of asphalt cement. Adjustments will be made upward or downward, as prices increase or decrease.

Item 403.206: 4.8%

Item 403.207–5.2%	Item 403.2071–5.2%	Item 403.2072–5.8%	Item 403.2073–5.2%
Item 403.208–5.6%	Item 403.2081–5.6%		Item 403.2083–5.6%
Item 403.209–6.2%			
Item 403.210–6.2%	Item 403.2101–6.2%	Item 403.2102–6.8%	Item 403.2103–6.2%
Item 403.211–6.2%	Item 403.2111–6.2%		Item 403.2113–6.2%

Item 403.212-6.8%  
Item 403.213-5.6%  
Item 403.214-6.8%  
Item 461.13-6.4%

Item 403.2131-5.6% Item 403.2132-6.2% Item 403.2133-5.6%  
Item 403.2143-6.8%

Hot Mix Asphalt: The quantity of hot mix asphalt will be determined from the quantity shown on the progress estimate for each pay period.

Base Price: The base price of performance graded binder to be used is the price per standard ton current with the bid opening date. This price is determined by using the average New England Selling Price, as listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor.

Period Price: The period price of performance graded binder will be determined by the Department by using the average New England Selling Price, listed in the Asphalt Weekly Monitor current with the paving date. The maximum Period Price for paving after the adjusted Contract Completion Date will be the Period Price on the adjusted Contract Completion Date.

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 202  
REMOVAL OF STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS

Under Section 202.02 of the Standard Specifications, ownership of buildings and all equipment, fixtures, and materials therein shall be interpreted as meaning all equipment, fixtures, and materials that are recognized as real property. Any items that are recognized as personal property are excepted and are reserved to the owner. If the bidder is in doubt as to whether any item not listed is real or personal property, they shall request a determination of the matter prior to date on which bids are to be received.

The following list of items is to be reserved to the property owners and/or occupants of Buildings No's 1&2

Buildings to be removed under Section 202 - Removing Structures and Obstructions of the contract will be made available to the Contractor as follows: Immediately

Failure by the Maine State Department of Transportation to meet dates of availability may entitle the Contractor to time extension if requested by the Contractor, in writing, such request indicating delays in construction, if any, caused by changes in availability dates.

With the "Notice to Proceed", or when a building becomes available to the Contractor, the Department will designate whether rodent control measures are required or not.

The Contractor shall not remove a building until the Contractor has certified it to be free of rodents. Should rodent control measures be required, the Contractor shall procure the extermination services as soon as possible. The cost of extermination services until the building is found to be rodent free will be paid for under Section 109.7.5 – Force Account.

This building may or may not contain asbestos. Prior to any demolition of building(s) the Contractor will conduct an asbestos survey on the building(s) to determine if any asbestos exists. The survey will be conducted by a DEP certified Asbestos Inspector. No separate payment will be made for the survey and it shall be considered incidental. The survey results will be communicated with the Resident. If no asbestos is discovered, the demolition process may proceed. If asbestos is found, the Contractor will employ a DEP certified Asbestos Abatement Contractor for its' removal and disposal. The Department will bear all expenses incurred in the abatement of any asbestos containing material as detailed in Standard Specification 109.7.5 – Force Account. Any questions can be directed to the Office of Legal Service (624-3020).

Each building shall be removed promptly after certification that it is free of rodents. All subsequent inspection costs and extermination services necessary to assure that the building is rodent free at time of removal will be at the expense of the Contractor.

**SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 203  
EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT  
(CONTAMINATED SOIL AND GROUNDWATER MANAGEMENT)**

General. The work under this specification, shall be performed in conformance with all the procedures and requirements described herein for the following activities: contaminated soil handling, reuse, temporary stockpiling, transportation, storage and disposal and, contaminated water handling, storage, treatment and disposal. This specification also addresses contaminated soil location, identification, and classification. The intent of this specification is to ensure that any contaminated soil and/or water encountered during construction will be managed in a manner that protects worker health and safety, public welfare and the environment.

Environmental Site Conditions. The Maine Department of Transportation's Environmental Office (MaineDOT's-ENV.) has conducted a series of assessments related to the Livermore Falls and Jay Main Street (Route 4) Improvement Project. An initial Phase I Environmental Assessment for the project area was completed to obtain a general understanding of the environmental conditions along the project corridor. Data garnered from this assessment was used to design a Modified, Phase II Contamination Assessment for the project. The primary focus of the assessments was to evaluate the type and extent of subsurface contamination along the project corridor. The Phase I Assessment included a review of relevant Maine Department of Environmental Protection's (MaineDEP's) and Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA's) databases and field reconnaissance of the project area. During Phase II, borings were advanced along the project's length for investigative purposes. During the advancement of these borings, five areas with impacted soil were identified. A photo-ionization detector (PID) was used to test soil grab samples from select explorations for volatile organic compound (VOC) concentrations indicative of petroleum products. (See *Identified Areas Of Contamination* below). Select samples for laboratory testing were also taken to further aid in evaluating subsurface conditions. The results of these investigations are available for review from the Hydrogeologist at MaineDOT's Environmental Office in Augusta (207-624-3100).

Identified Area of Contamination. MaineDOT's-ENV investigation identified five areas of soil contamination associated with the Main Street (Route 4) Highway Improvement Project. For reference, these areas are designated as "**Area A**", "**Area B**", "**Area C**", "**Area D**" and "**Area E**" respectively. The location of **Area A** is defined as located at the intersection of Main Street (Route 4) and Bridge Street in the vicinity of

a historical gasoline station roughly between MaineDOT survey stations 40+010 to 40+040, left of centerline along Main Street (Route 4) and roughly between MaineDOT survey stations 5+000 to 5+010 left of center along Bridge Street. Within **Area A**, poly-bag field samples screened with a photo-ionization detector (PID) were below detection limit (BDL)<sub>gasoline equivalent</sub> to 29.61 parts per million (PPM)<sub>gasoline equivalent</sub>. Laboratory results of samples taken from the borings indicate the total concentrations of Diesel Range Organics (DRO) at 6.2 ppm and Gasoline Range Organics (GRO) at 2.5 ppm. These concentrations define the soils as potential special waste per State remedial guidelines. Soil contamination in **Area A** appears to be related to the past use and storage of gasoline.

The location of **Area B** is defined as in the vicinity of Cumberland Farms along Main Street (Route 4) located roughly between MaineDOT stations 40+040 to 40+060 right and left of center line. Within **Area B**, poly-bag field samples screened with a PID were BDL to 7041 ppm. The laboratory results of a sample taken from the area indicate the total concentrations of DRO at 370 ppm and GRO at 2500 ppm. These concentrations define the soils as potential special waste per State remedial guidelines. Soil contamination in **Area B** appears to be related to the past use and storage of gasoline.

The location of **Area C** is defined as in the vicinity of Mobil Puffin Stop along Main Street (Route 4) located roughly between MaineDOT stations 40+075 to 40+090 right of center line. Within **Area C**, poly-bag field samples screened with a PID were BDL to 7041 ppm. The laboratory results of a sample taken from the area indicate the total concentrations of DRO at 370 ppm and GRO at 2500 ppm. These concentrations define the soils as potential special waste per State remedial guidelines. Soil contamination in **Area C** appears to be related to the past use and storage of gasoline.

The location of **Area D** is defined as in the vicinity of a historical Irving/Mobil gasoline Station along Main Street (Route 4) located roughly between MaineDOT stations 40+190 to 40+210 right of center line. Within **Area D**, poly-bag field samples screened with a PID were BDL to 1588 ppm. The laboratory results of a sample taken from the area indicate the total concentrations of DRO at 3300 ppm and GRO at 1600 ppm. These concentrations define the soils as potential special waste per State remedial guidelines. Soil contamination in **Area D** appears to be related to the past use and storage of gasoline.

The location of **Area E** is defined as in the vicinity of the intersection of Green and Main Street (Route 4) down gradient of the current Rite Aide facility located roughly between MaineDOT stations 40+265 to 40+290 right and left of center line. Within **Area E**, poly-bag field samples screened with a PID were BDL to 3059 ppm. The laboratory results of a sample taken from the area indicate the total concentrations of DRO at 16 ppm and GRO at 130 ppm. No volatile organic compounds were detected. These concentrations define the soils as potential special waste per State remedial guidelines. Soil contamination in **Area E** appears to be related to the past use and storage of gasoline.

Identifying and Screening Contaminated Soil and Groundwater. Within the contaminated sections designated **Area A** through **Area E**, excavated soils will be classified by the Resident (or a MaineDOT-ENV representative) based on photo-ionization detector (PID) field screening measurements. Field screening with a PID shall be performed according to the MaineDEP “Jar/Poly Bag Headspace Technique” contained in Appendix Q of *Rules For Underground Oil Storage Facilities, Chapter 691* (MaineDEP Amended April 3, 2007) using MaineDEP’s November 24, 2008 calibration set-points.

The excavated soils shall be classified as Group 1, Group 2 or Group 3.

Group 1 soils shall have PID field screening measurements indicating relative concentrations of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) less than or equal to 20 parts per million (ppm) as measured in the soil headspace

Group 2 soils shall have PID field screening measurements indicating VOC concentrations greater than 20 ppm and contain no “petroleum saturated” soils or free-phase petroleum product.

Group 3 soils shall be “petroleum saturated.” Analysis to determine “petroleum saturation” shall be performed according to MaineDEP guidance in *Procedural Guidelines for Establishing Standards for Remediation of Oil Contaminated Soil and Ground Water in Maine* (MAINE DEP, 1/11/95)

Handling and Disposition of Soil Materials. Within **Areas A through E**, soil material excavated during construction shall be handled as follows:

Group 1 soils are not considered contaminated. Thus, special handling and disposal are not required for Group 1 soils.

Group 2 soils shall be placed back into their excavation section of origin. The Contractor shall make every attempt to side cast any Group 2 soils next to their excavation site. Upon completion of the given constructional feature, the Group 2 soils shall be placed back into the excavation. Group 2 materials not handled in this manner shall be considered Surplus Group 2 soils. Surplus Group 2 soils must be disposed of or treated at a facility licensed by the MDEP to accept petroleum contaminated special waste. The Contractor is solely responsible for obtaining the associated permits and approvals for the disposal or treatment of the Surplus Group 2 soils from all relevant Municipal, State, and Federal agencies at no additional cost to the State. Notification shall be given to the Resident once approval is granted for the acceptance of this material at the off site facility.



No removal of Surplus Group 2 soils from the project shall occur without prior approval by the Resident. If any Surplus Group 2 soils cannot be transported to the pre-approved, properly licensed facility within 8 hours of their excavation, they must be placed in a Temporary Secure Stockpile Area somewhere within the project limits (See Temporary Secured Stockpile Area below).

Group 3 soils shall not be excavated without prior approval by the Resident. The Contractor shall arrange and undertake disposal of all Group 3 soils at a landfill or treatment facility licensed to accept petroleum contaminated special waste.

The Contractor is responsible for all additional testing required by the receiving facility. Group 3 soils that cannot be disposed of within 8 hours of excavation shall be stored in a Temporary Secured Stockpile area. If the Contractor proposes other disposal or treatment options, the Contractor is solely responsible for obtaining the associated permits and approvals from all relevant Municipal, State, and Federal agencies at no additional cost to the State.

The Resident is responsible for signing any manifests or bills of lading required to transport and dispose of contaminated soil. The Resident will send all manifests and bills of lading to MaineDOT, Environmental Office, Station 16, Augusta, Maine 04333.

Trench and Underdrain/Stormdrain Design in Contaminated Sections. In **Areas A through E** solid, Option III, non-perforated pipe shall be used instead of perforated underdrain pipe to help prevent the infiltration and transportation of potentially contaminated groundwater within the underdrain/stormdrain system. The Contractor shall backfill around the pipe and trenches in this section with uncontaminated material. Backfilling of the trench shall be in accordance with Section 206.03. All stones larger than 3 inches, frozen lumps, dry chunks of clay or any other objectionable matter shall be removed before backfilling.

Seepage control dikes (SCD) shall be installed roughly every 60 feet along the stormwater pipe trench

The SCDs shall consist of a mineral clay material with a liquid limit of equal to or greater than 24 and a natural moisture content of at least 20 percent. The clay should be placed in dry excavations in 6 inch maximum, thick lifts and compacted to 90% of the maximum dry unit weight as determined by AASHTO T99 (Standard Proctor). The SCDs shall be 5 feet long, be in intimate contact with the trench floor, trench walls and circumference of the pipe and extend up to the bottom of the road base. The excavated existing road base or similar material may be placed on top of the SCDs. The Contractor shall take care to ensure that no voids or uncompacted soil is left beside or beneath the Option III culvert pipe.

Secured Stockpile Area. Direct transport of Surplus Group 2 or Group 3 soils to a pre-approved management facility is recommended. However, should the Contractor temporarily store any Surplus Group 2 or Group 3 soils at the site for more than 8 hours

following excavation, they must be placed into a properly constructed Temporary Secured Stockpile Area. The Temporary Secured Stockpile Area must be constructed as defined herein and must be approved by the Resident prior to its use.

Should the Contractor utilize a Temporary Secured Stockpile Area, they shall install a continuous 0.3 meter high compacted soil berm around the Secured Stockpile. The Secured Stockpile shall be placed on a liner of 20-mil polyethylene and securely covered with 20-mil polyethylene. The polyethylene liner and cover shall be placed over the soil berm and be installed to ensure that precipitation water drains directly to the outside of the berm perimeter while leachate from the contaminated soil is retained within the stockpile. The Secured Stockpile and soil berm shall be enclosed within a perimeter of concrete Jersey barriers or wooden barricades. The area within the Jersey barriers (or wooden barricades) shall be identified as a "restricted area" to prevent unauthorized access to the contaminated soils.

Secured Stockpile Area - Materials.

- A. Polyethylene. Polyethylene used for liner in the Secured Stockpile Area shall have a minimum of 20-mil thickness and shall meet the requirements of ASTM D3020.
- B. Common Borrow. Fill used in the construction of the Temporary Secured Stockpile Area soil berm shall consist of Common Borrow and meet the requirements of Section 703.18
- C. Concrete Barriers or Wooden Barricades. Concrete barriers or Wooden Barricades to form the sides of the Temporary Secured Stockpile Area shall meet the requirements of Section 526 or 652.05.

Health and Safety/Right-to-Know. Contractors and subcontractors are required to notify their workers of the history of the site and contamination that may be present and to be alert for evidence of contaminated soil and groundwater. The Contractor shall notify the Resident at least three business days prior to commencing any excavation in **Areas A and E.**

The Contractor shall prepare a site specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) for its workers and subcontractors who may work in the contaminated areas of the site. A Qualified Health and Safety Professional shall complete the HASP. The Qualified Health and Safety Professional will be an expert in field implementation of the following federal regulations:

- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| 29 CFR 1910.120 or<br>29 CFR 1926.65 | Hazardous Waste Operations and<br>Emergency Response |
| 29 CFR 1910.134                      | Respiratory Protection                               |

29 CFR 1926.650	Subpart D - Excavations
29 CFR 1926.651	General Requirements
29 CFR 1926.652	Requirements for Protective Systems

MaineDOT is voluntarily ameliorating the contamination in **Areas A** through **E**. The remedial efforts defined herein have been reviewed and approved by MaineDEP. Given that this is a voluntary clean up effort approved by a regulatory agency, the OSHA requirements as defined in 29 CFR 1910.120 apply. These requirements mandate that workers and any subcontractors working in the contaminated areas shall comply with all OSHA regulations for Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response including a 40 hour initial hazardous waste operations certification [OSHA 1910.120(e)], annual 8 hour refresher course within the last 12 months and medical surveillance [OSHA 1910.120(f)] within the last 12 months.

The contractor shall designate a person to provide direct on-site supervision of the work in the contaminated areas. This person shall have the training under OSHA 1910.120 (e) as above and in addition be qualified as a construction Competent Person. It is the responsibility of the competent person to make those inspections necessary to identify situations that could result in hazardous conditions (e.g., possible cave-ins, indications of failure of protective systems, hazardous atmospheres, or other hazardous conditions), and then to insure that corrective measures are taken.

Submittals. The Contractor shall submit a site specific Health and Safety Plan (HASP) to the Resident at least two weeks in advance of any excavation work on the project. The Contractor shall not proceed with work until MaineDOT has reviewed the plan and notified the Contractor that it is acceptable.

Health and Safety Monitoring. Within the contaminated areas of the project, the Contractor’s designated on-site person shall monitor the worker breathing zone for those constituents specified in the Contractor’s HASP. The Contractor shall provide all required health and safety monitoring equipment.

Dewatering. Groundwater may be encountered and its removal necessary to complete work within **Areas A** through **E**. It will be treated as “contaminated” water. The Contractor shall inform the Resident before any dewatering commences. The “contaminated” water shall be pumped into a temporary holding tank(s). The Contractor will be responsible for the procurement of any holding tank(s). Any testing, treatment and/or disposal of the stored, petroleum-contaminated water shall be undertaken by the Contractor in accordance with applicable Federal, State and local regulatory requirements.

On-Site Water Storage Tanks - Materials. If dewatering within the identified contaminated area becomes necessary the holding tanks used for temporary storage of contaminated water pumped from excavations shall be contamination free and have a minimum capacity of 2,000 gallons.

Dust Control. The Contractor shall employ dust control measures to minimize the creation of airborne dust during the construction process in potentially contaminated areas. As a minimum, standard dust control techniques shall be employed where heavy equipment and the public will be traveling. These may include techniques such as watering-down the site or spreading hygroscopic salts.

Unanticipated Contamination. If the Contractor encounters previously undiscovered contamination or potentially hazardous conditions related to contamination, the Contractor shall immediately suspend work and secure the area. The Contractor will then notify the Resident immediately. These potentially hazardous conditions include, but are not limited to, buried containers, drums, tanks, “oil saturated soils”, strong odors, or the presence of petroleum sufficient to cause a sheen on the groundwater. The area of potential hazard shall be secured to minimize health risks to workers and the public and to prevent a release of contaminants into the environment. The source of any suspected contamination shall be evaluated by the Resident (or MaineDOT’s -ENV representative). As appropriate, the Resident will notify the MDEP’s Response Services Unit in Augusta and MaineDOT’s Environmental Office. The Livermore Falls and Jay Fire Department must also be notified prior to removal of buried storage tanks and associated piping. The Contractor will evaluate the impact of the hazard on construction, amend the HASP if necessary, and with the Resident’s approval, recommence work in accordance with the procedures of this Special Provision.

Method of Measurement. There will be no measurement for identification and environmental screening of contaminated soil material (this will be done by the Resident or MaineDOT-ENV representative).

Measurement for the development of a Health and Safety Plan (HASP) and providing health and safety equipment and personnel shall be by lump sum.

Measurement of the off site treatment or disposal of Surplus Group 2 and all Group 3 soils will be by the MG [ton] of Special Excavation.

There will be no measurement for construction of a Temporary Secured Stockpile Area. Construction of a Temporary Secured Stockpile Area, if necessary, is considered incidental to project construction. There will be no measurement for hauling Surplus Group 2 material or Group 3 soils to the Temporary Secure Stockpile area or placement and removal of Surplus Group 2 or Group 3 soils in or out of the Temporary Secure

Stockpile area. All hauling and any subsequent management/placement of contaminated soils are considered incidental to project construction.

There will be no measurement for additional laboratory testing of contaminated soil that is required by the landfill or treatment facility. Testing is incidental to the disposal of Special Excavation.

Measurement for the following items shall be according to Subsection 109:04 (“Change Order”/Force Account): any necessary contaminated water holding tank(s); and treatment or disposal of any contaminated groundwater.

Basis of Payment. There will be no payment for the identification and environmental screening of contaminated soil material (this will be done by the Resident or MaineDOT-ENV representative).

Payment for the development of a Health and Safety Plan (HASP) and providing health and safety equipment and personnel shall be by the lump sum

Payment for off site disposal or treatment of contaminated Surplus Group 2 and all Group 3 soils at a MaineDEP licensed facility shall be by the ton of Special Excavation.

There will be no payment for the construction of the Temporary Secured Stockpile Area or hauling/management/placement of contaminated soils to the Temporary Secured Stockpile Area. The Temporary Secured Stockpile Area shall be considered incidental to project construction.

Payment for the following items shall be according to Subsection 109:04 (“Change Order”/Force Account): any necessary contaminated water holding tank(s); and treatment or disposal of any contaminated groundwater.

Pay Item		Pay Unit
203.2312	Health and Safety Plan (HASP)	L.S.
203.2333	Disposal/Treatment of Special Excavation	MG

**Special Provision**  
**Section 203**  
**Excavation and Embankment**

Standard Specification Section 203.17 Preparation and Protection of Subgrade shall be amended as follows:

Drilling and Blasting of Solid Rock Subgrade. Subgrade areas shall be shattered to the dimensions shown on the Plans or directed by the Resident.

The area of blasted rock subgrade shall extend sufficiently beyond the beginning and end of cut areas to ensure the shattering of all rock to a depth of 1.2 m (4 feet) below subgrade elevation to eliminate water pockets.

After detonation, any rock that protrudes above the subgrade elevation shall be removed. When directed by the Resident, the Contractor shall excavate a trench across the blasted rock to determine if the rock is broken and rearranged to a depth of 1.2 m (4 feet) below subgrade. Afterwards, the trench shall be backfilled with the rock removed.

Method of Measurement. The quantity of Drilling and Blasting of Solid Rock Subgrade to be measured for payment will be the number of square meters (square yards) of subgrade plan area drilled and detonated in accordance with this Section, measured at subgrade level.

The number of cubic meters (cubic yards) of excavation required by the Resident to inspect the depth of shattered and rearranged rock, computed at a maximum width of 750 mm (30 inches) will be measured for payment as Structural Earth Excavation – Drainage and Minor Structures Below Grade.

When Structural Rock Excavation – Drainage and Minor Structures, and Drilling and Blasting of Solid Rock Subgrade occur at the same location, measurement and payment for Structural Rock Excavation - Drainage and Minor Structures will be made for the required trench. This area will not be included in the measurement and payment for Drilling and Blasting of Solid Rock Subgrade.

Basis of Payment. The accepted quantities as measured will be paid for at the Contract unit price per square meter (square yard) for the specified Contract items. Payment will be full compensation for performing the work specified including any necessary stripping of rock below subgrade, the removal of blasted subgrade rock that may swell above subgrade, and its disposition on the project as directed by the Resident.

Excavation and backfill required to inspect the depth of broken rock below subgrade will be paid for at the Contract unit price per cubic meter (cubic yard) for Structural Rock Excavation – Drainage and Minor Structures.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>		<u>Pay Unit</u>
203.213	Drilling and Blasting of Solid Rock Subgrade	Square meter
203.214	Exploratory Drilling	Meter

SPECIAL PROVISION  
DIVISION 400  
PAVEMENTS

SECTION 401 - HOT MIX ASPHALT PAVEMENT

401.01 Description The Contractor shall furnish and place one or more courses of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement (HMA) on an approved base in accordance with the contract documents and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness, and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established by the Resident. The Department will accept this work under Quality Assurance provisions, in accordance with these specifications and the requirements of Section 106 – Quality, the provisions of AASHTO M 323 except where otherwise noted in sections 401 and 703 of these specifications, and the Maine DOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.

401.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in Section 700 - Materials:

Asphalt Cement	702.01
Aggregates for HMA Pavement	703.07
HMA Mixture Composition	703.09

401.021 Recycled Asphalt Materials Recycled Asphalt Pavement (RAP) may be introduced into the mixture at percentages approved by the Department. If approved by the Department, the Contractor shall provide documentation stating the source, test results for average residual asphalt content, and stockpile gradations showing RAP materials have been sized to meet the maximum aggregate size requirements of each mix designation. The Department will obtain samples for verification and approval prior to its use.

For specification purposes, RAP will be categorized as follows:

Classified RAP – RAP consisting of processed millings from federal, state or municipal roadways that is free of materials not generally considered to be asphalt pavement. Millings from other sources that have been fractionated or otherwise processed so as to improve the consistency of the RAP may be considered Classified RAP if approved by the Department.

Unclassified RAP – RAP from unknown sources, from excavated or reclaimed pavements, millings from repaired areas or other sources.

In the event that RAP source or properties change, the Contractor shall notify the Department of the change and submit new documentation stating the new source or properties a minimum of 72 hours prior to the change to allow for obtaining new samples and approval.

401.03 Composition of Mixtures The Contractor shall compose the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement with aggregate, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder (PGAB), and mineral filler if required. HMA shall be designed and tested according to AASHTO R35 and the volumetric criteria in Table 1. The Contractor shall size, uniformly grade, and combine the aggregate fractions in proportions that provide a mixture meeting the grading requirements of the Job Mix Formula (JMF). The Contractor may use a maximum of 20 percent Classified RAP in any base, binder, surface, or shim course. For Unclassified RAP stockpiles no more than 15 percent shall be used. The Contractor may be allowed to use more than 20 percent Classified RAP, up to a maximum of 25 percent Classified RAP, in a base, binder, or shim course provided that PG 58-34 asphalt binder is used in the mixture. A PG 52-34 may be used when approved by the Department.

The Contractor shall submit for Department approval a JMF to the Central Laboratory in Bangor for each mixture to be supplied. The Department may approve 1 active design per nominal maximum size, per traffic level, per plant, plus a 9.5mm “fine” mix for shimming and where required, a non-RAP design for bridge decks. The Department shall then have 15 calendar days in which to process a new design before approval. The JMF shall establish a single percentage of aggregate passing each sieve size within the limits shown in section 703.09. The mixture shall be designed and produced, including all production tolerances, to comply with the allowable control points for the particular type of mixture as outlined in 703.09. The JMF shall state the original source, gradation, and percentage to be used of each portion of the aggregate including RAP when utilized, and mineral filler if required. It shall also state the proposed PGAB content, the name and location of the refiner, the supplier, the source of PGAB submitted for approval, the type of PGAB modification if applicable, and the location of the terminal if applicable.

In addition, the Contractor shall provide the following information with the proposed JMF:

- Properly completed JMF indicating all mix properties (Gmm, VMA, VFB, etc.)
- Stockpile Gradation Summary
- Design Aggregate Structure Consensus Property Summary
- Design Aggregate Structure Trial Blend Gradation Plots (0.45 power chart)
- Trial Blend Test Results for at least three different asphalt contents
- Design Aggregate Structure for at least three trial blends
- Test results for the selected aggregate blend at a minimum of three binder contents
- Specific Gravity and temperature/viscosity charts for the PGAB to be used
- Recommended mixing and compaction temperatures from the PGAB supplier
- Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS) For PGAB
- Asphalt Content vs. Air Voids trial blend curve
- Test report for Contractor’s Verification sample
- Summary of RAP test results (if used), including count, average and standard deviation of binder content and gradation

At the time of JMF submittal, the Contractor shall identify and make available the stockpiles of all proposed aggregates at the plant site. There must be a minimum of 150 Mg [150 ton] for stone stockpiles, 75 Mg [75 ton] for sand stockpiles, and 50 Mg [50 ton] of blend sand before the Department will sample. The Department shall obtain samples for laboratory testing. The Contractor shall also make available to the Department the PGAB proposed for use in the mix in sufficient quantity to test the properties of the asphalt and to produce samples for testing of the mixture. Before the start of paving, the Contractor and the Department shall split a production sample for evaluation. The Contractor shall test its split of the sample and determine if the results meet the requirements of the Department’s written policy for mix design verification (See Maine DOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing available at the Central Laboratory in Bangor). If the results are found to be acceptable, the Contractor will forward their results to the Department’s Lab, which will test the Department’s split of the sample. The results of the two split samples will be compared and shared between the Department and the Contractor. If the Department finds the mixture acceptable, an approved JMF will be forwarded to the Contractor and paving may commence. The first day’s production shall be monitored, and the approval may be withdrawn if the mixture exhibits undesirable characteristics such as checking, shoving or displacement. The Contractor shall be allowed to submit aim changes within 24 hours of receipt of the first Acceptance test result. Adjustments will be allowed of up to 2% on the percent passing the 2.36 mm sieve through the 0.075 mm and 3% on the percent passing the 4.75 mm or larger sieves. Adjustments will be allowed on the %PGAB of up to 0.2%. Adjustments will be allowed on GMM of up to 0.010.

The Contractor shall submit a new JMF for approval each time a change in material source or materials properties is proposed. The same approval process shall be followed. The cold feed percentage of any aggregate may be adjusted up to 10 percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF, however no aggregate listed on the JMF shall be eliminated. The cold feed percentage for RAP may be adjusted up to 5



percentage points from the amount listed on the JMF but shall not exceed the maximum allowable percentage for RAP for the specific application.

TABLE 1: VOLUMETRIC DESIGN CRITERIA

Design ESAL's (Millions)	Required Density (Percent of G <sub>mm</sub> )			Voids in the Mineral Aggregate (VMA)(Minimum Percent)					Voids Filled with Binder (VFB) (Minimum %)	Fines/Eff. Binder Ratio
				Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size (mm)						
	N <sub>initial</sub>	N <sub>design</sub>	N <sub>max</sub>	25	19	12.5	9.5	4.75		
<0.3	≤91.5	96.0	≤98.0	13.0	14.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	70-80	0.6-1.2**
0.3 to <3	≤90.5								65-80	
3 to <10	≤89.0								65-80*	
10 to <30										
≥ 30										

\*For 9.5 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 82.

\*For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the maximum VFB is 84.

\*\*For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the Fines/Effective Binder Ratio is 0.6-1.4.

401.04 Temperature Requirements After the JMF is established, the temperatures of the mixture shall conform to the following tolerances:

- In the truck at the mixing plant – allowable range 135° to 163°C [275 to 325°F]
- At the Paver – allowable range 135° to 163°C [275 to 325°F]

The JMF and the mix subsequently produced shall meet the requirements of Tables 1 and Section 703.07.

401.05 Performance Graded Asphalt Binder Unless otherwise noted in Special Provision 403 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, the PGAB shall be 64-28, except that for mixtures containing greater than 20 percent but no more than 25 percent RAP the PGAB shall be PG 58-34 (or PG 52-34 when approved by the Department). The PGAB shall meet the applicable requirements of AASHTO M320 - Standard Specification for PGAB. The Contractor shall provide the Department with an approved copy of the Quality Control Plan for PGAB in accordance with AASHTO R 26 Certifying Suppliers of PGAB.

The Contractor shall request approval from the Department for a change in PGAB supplier or source by submitting documentation stating the new supplier or source a minimum of 24 hours prior to the change. In the event that the PGAB supplier or source is changed, the Contractor shall make efforts to minimize the occurrence of PGAB co-mingling.

401.06 Weather and Seasonal Limitations The State is divided into two paving zones as follows:

- a. Zone 1 Areas north of US Route 2 from Gilead to Bangor and north of Route 9 from Bangor to Calais.
- b. Zone 2 Areas south of Zone 1 including the US Route 2 and Route 9 boundaries.

The Contractor may place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement for use other than a traveled way wearing course in either Zone between the dates of April 15<sup>th</sup> and November 15<sup>th</sup>, provided that the air temperature as determined by an approved thermometer (placed in the shade at the paving location) is 4°C [40°F] or higher and the area to be paved is not frozen. The Contractor may place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement as traveled way wearing course in Zone 1 between the dates of May 1st and the Saturday following October 1st and in Zone 2 between the dates of April 15<sup>th</sup> and the Saturday following October 15<sup>th</sup>, provided the air temperature determined as above is 10°C [50°F] or higher. For the purposes of this Section, the traveled way includes truck lanes, ramps, approach roads and auxiliary lanes. The atmospheric temperature for all courses on bridge decks shall be 10°C [50°F] or higher.

Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement used for curb, driveways, sidewalks, islands, or other incidentals is not subject to seasonal limitations, except that conditions shall be satisfactory for proper handling and finishing of the mixture. All mixtures used for curb, driveways, sidewalks, islands, or other incidentals shall conform to section 401.04 - Temperature Requirements. Unless otherwise specified, the Contractor shall not place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement on a wet or frozen surface and the air temperature shall be 4°C [40°F] or higher.

On all sections of overlay with wearing courses less than 25 mm [1 in] thick, the wearing course for the travelway and adjacent shoulders shall be placed between the dates of May 15<sup>th</sup> and the Saturday following September 15<sup>th</sup>.

On all sections of overlay with wearing courses less than 1 inch thick, the wearing course for the travelway and adjacent shoulders shall be placed between the dates of June 1<sup>st</sup> and the Saturday following September 1<sup>st</sup> if the work is to be performed, either by contract requirement, or Contractor option, during conditions defined as “night work”.

#### 401.07 Hot Mix Asphalt Plant

401.071 General Requirements HMA plants shall conform to AASHTO M156.

a. Truck Scales When the hot mix asphalt is to be weighed on scales meeting the requirements of Section 108 - Payment, the scales shall be inspected and sealed by the State Sealer as often as the Department deems necessary to verify their accuracy.

Plant scales shall be checked prior to the start of the paving season, and each time a plant is moved to a new location. Subsequent checks will be made as determined by the Resident. The Contractor will have at least ten 20 Kg [50 pound] masses for scale testing.

401.072 Automation of Batching Batch plants shall be automated for weighing, recycling, and monitoring the system. In the case of a malfunction of the printing system, the requirements of Section 401.074 c. of this specification will apply.

The batch plant shall accurately proportion the various materials in the proper order by weight. The entire batching and mixing cycle shall be continuous and shall not require any manual operations. The batch plant shall use auxiliary interlock circuits to trigger an audible alarm whenever an error exceeding the acceptable tolerance occurs. Along with the alarm, the printer shall print an asterisk on the delivery slip in the same row containing the out-of-tolerance weight. The automatic proportioning system shall be capable of consistently delivering material within the full range of batch sizes. When RAP is being used, the plant must be capable of automatically compensating for the moisture content of the RAP.

All plants shall be equipped with an approved digital recording device. The delivery slip load ticket shall contain information required under Section 108.1.3 - Provisions Relating to Certain Measurements, Mass and paragraphs a, b, and c of Section 401.073

401.073 Automatic Ticket Printer System on Automatic HMA Plant An approved automatic ticket printer system shall be used with all approved automatic HMA plants. The requirements for delivery slips for payment of materials measured by weight, as given in the following Sections, shall be waived: 108.1.3 a., 108.1.3 b., 108.1.3 c., and 108.1.3 d. The automatic printed ticket will be considered as the Weight Certificate.

The requirements of Section 108.1.3 f. - Delivery Slips, shall be met by the weigh slip or ticket, printed by the automatic system, which accompanies each truckload, except for the following changes:

- a. The quantity information required shall be individual weights of each batch or total net weight of each truckload.
- b. Signatures (legible initials acceptable) of Weighmaster (required only in the event of a malfunction as described in 401.074 c.).
- c. The MDOT designation for the JMF.

401.074 Weight Checks on Automatic HMA Plant At least twice during each 5 days of production either of the following checks will be performed:

a. A loaded truck may be intercepted and weighed on a platform scale that has been sealed by the State Sealer of Weights and Measures within the past 12 months. Whenever the discrepancy in net weights is greater than 1.0%, but does not exceed 1.5%, the plant inspector will notify the producer to take corrective action; payment will still be governed by the printed ticket.

The producer will be allowed a period of two days to make any needed repairs to the plant and/or platform scales so that the discrepancy in net weights between the two is less than 1.0%. If the discrepancy exceeds 1.5%, the plant will be allowed to operate as long as payment is determined by truck platform scale net weight. Effective corrective action shall be taken within two working days.

b. Where platform scales are not readily available, a check will be made to verify the accuracy and sensitivity of each scale within the normal weighing range and to assure that the interlocking devices and automatic printer system are functioning properly.

c. In the event of a malfunction of the automatic printer system, production may be continued without the use of platform truck scales for a period not to exceed the next two working days, providing total weights of each batch are recorded on weight tickets and certified by a Licensed Public Weighmaster.

401.08 Hauling Equipment Trucks for hauling Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement shall have tight, clean, and smooth metal dump bodies, which have been thinly coated with a small amount of approved release agent to prevent the mixture from adhering to the bodies. Solvent based agents developed to strip asphalts from aggregates will not be allowed as release agents.

All truck dump bodies shall have a cover of canvas or other water repellent material capable of heat retention, which completely covers the mixture. The cover shall be securely fastened on the truck, unless unloading.

All truck bodies shall have an opening on both sides, which will accommodate a thermometer stem. The opening shall be located near the midpoint of the body, at least 300 mm [12 in] above the bed.

401.09 Pavers Pavers shall be self-contained, self-propelled units with an activated screed (heated if necessary) capable of placing courses of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in full lane widths specified in the contract on the main line, shoulder, or similar construction.

On projects with no price adjustment for smoothness, pavers shall be of sufficient class and size to place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement over the full width of the mainline travel way with a 3 m [10 ft] minimum main screed with activated extensions.

The Contractor shall place Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement on the main line with a paver using an automatic grade and slope controlled screed, unless otherwise authorized by the Department. The controls shall automatically adjust the screed and increase or decrease the layer thickness to compensate for irregularities in the preceding course. The controls shall maintain the proper transverse slope and be readily adjustable so that transitions and superelevated curves can be properly paved. The controls shall operate from a fixed or moving reference such as a grade wire or ski type device (floating beam) with a minimum length of 10 m [30 ft], a non-contact grade control with a minimum span of 7.3 m [24 ft], except that a 12 m [40 ft] reference shall be used on Expressway projects.

The Contractor shall operate the paver in such a manner as to produce a visually uniform surface texture and a thickness within the requirements of Section 401.101 - Surface Tolerances. The paver shall have a receiving hopper with sufficient capacity for a uniform spreading operation and a distribution system to place the mixture uniformly, without segregation in front of the screed. The screed assembly shall produce a finished surface of the required evenness and texture without tearing, shoving, or gouging the mixture. Pavers with extendible screeds shall have auger extensions and tunnel extenders as per the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.

The Contractor shall have the paver at the project site sufficiently before the start of paving operations to be inspected and approved by the Department. The Contractor shall repair or replace any paver found worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Pavers that produce an unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA on MaineDOT projects.

On a daily basis, the Contractor shall perform nuclear density testing across the mat being placed, prior to being compacted by equipment., at 300 mm [12 in] intervals, If the density values vary by more than 2.0% from the mean, the Contractor shall make adjustments to the screed until the inconsistencies are remedied.

Failure to replace or repair defective placement equipment may result in a letter of suspension of work and notification of a quality control violation resulting in possible monetary penalties as governed by Section 106 - Quality

401.10 Rollers Rollers shall be static steel, pneumatic tire, or approved vibrator type. Rollers shall be in good mechanical condition, capable of starting and stopping smoothly, and be free from backlash when reversing direction. Rollers shall be equipped and operated in such a way as to prevent the picking up of hot mixed material by the roller surface. The use of rollers, which result in crushing of the aggregate or in displacement of the HMA will not be permitted. Any Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement that becomes loose, broken, contaminated, shows an excess or deficiency of Performance Graded Asphalt Binder, or is in any other way defective shall be removed and replaced at no additional cost with fresh Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, which shall be immediately compacted to conform to the adjacent area.

The Contractor shall repair or replace any roller found to be worn or defective, either before or during placement, to the satisfaction of the Department. Rollers that produce grooved, unevenly textured or non-uniform mat will be repaired or replaced before continuing to place HMA on MaineDOT projects.

The type of rollers to be used and their relative position in the compaction sequence shall generally be the Contractor's option, provided specification densities are attained and with the following requirements:

- a. On variable-depth courses, the first lift of pavement over gravel, reclaimed pavement, an irregular surface, or on bridges, at least one roller shall be 14.5 Mg [16 ton] pneumatic-tired. Unless otherwise allowed by the Resident, pneumatic-tired rollers shall be equipped with skirting to minimize the pickup of

HMA materials from the paved surface. When required by the Resident, the roller shall be ballasted to 18.1 Mg [20 ton].

b. Compaction with a vibratory or steel wheel roller shall precede pneumatic-tired rolling, unless otherwise authorized by the Department.

c. Vibratory rollers shall not be operated in the vibratory mode when checking or cracking of the mat occurs, or on bridge decks.

d. Any method, which results in cracking or checking of the mat, will be discontinued and corrective action taken.

The maximum operating speed for a steel wheel or pneumatic roller shall not exceed the manufacturer's recommendations, a copy of which shall be available if requested.

401.101 Surface Tolerances The Department will check surface tolerance utilizing the following methods :

- a.) A 5 m [16 ft] straightedge or string line placed directly on the surface, parallel to the centerline of pavement.
- b.) A 3 m [10 ft] straightedge or string line placed directly on the surface, transverse to the centerline of pavement.

The Contractor shall correct variations exceeding 6 mm [ $\frac{1}{4}$  in] by removing defective work and replacing it with new material as directed by the Department. The Contractor shall furnish a 10 foot straightedge for the Departments use.

401.11 Preparation of Existing Surface The Contractor shall thoroughly clean the surface upon which Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement is to be placed of all objectionable material. When the surface of the existing base or pavement is irregular, the Contractor shall bring it to uniform grade and cross section. All surfaces shall have a tack coat applied prior to placing any new HMA course. Tack coat shall conform to the requirements of Section 409 – Bituminous Tack Coat, Section 702 – Bituminous Material, and all applicable sections of the contract.

401.12 Hot Mix Asphalt Documentation The Contractor and the Department shall agree on the amount of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement that has been placed each day.

401.13 Preparation of Aggregates The Contractor shall dry and heat the aggregates for the HMA to the required temperature. The Contractor shall properly adjust flames to avoid physical damage to the aggregate and to avoid depositing soot on the aggregate.

401.14 Mixing The Contractor shall combine the dried aggregate in the mixer in the amount of each fraction of aggregate required to meet the JMF. The Contractor shall measure the amount of PGAB and introduce it into the mixer in the amount specified by the JMF.

The Contractor shall produce the HMA at the temperature established by the JMF.

The Contractor shall dry the aggregate sufficiently so that the HMA will not flush, foam excessively, or displace excessively under the action of the rollers. The Contractor shall introduce the aggregate into the mixer at a temperature of not more than 14°C [25°F] above the temperature at which the viscosity of the PGAB being used is 0.150 Pa·s.

The Contractor shall store and introduce into the mixer the Performance Graded Asphalt Binder at a uniformly maintained temperature at which the viscosity of the PGAB is between 0.150 Pa·s and 0.300 Pa·s. The aggregate shall be coated completely and uniformly with a thorough distribution of the PGAB. The Contractor shall determine the wet mixing time for each plant and for each type of aggregate used.

401.15 Spreading and Finishing On areas where irregularities or unavoidable obstacles make the use of mechanical spreading and finishing equipment impracticable, the Contractor shall spread, rake, and lute the HMA with hand tools to provide the required compacted thickness. Solvent based agents developed to strip asphalts from aggregates will not be allowed as release agents.

On roadways with adjoining lanes carrying traffic, the Contractor shall place each course over the full width of the traveled way section being paved that day, unless otherwise noted by the Department in Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement.

401.16 Compaction Immediately after the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement has been spread, struck off, and any surface irregularities adjusted, the Contractor shall thoroughly and uniformly compact the HMA by rolling.

The Contractor shall roll the surface when the mixture is in the proper condition and when the rolling does not cause undue displacement, cracking, or shoving. The Contractor shall prevent adhesion of the HMA to the rollers or vibrating compactors without the use of fuel oil or other petroleum based release agents. Solvents designed to strip asphalt binders from aggregates will not be permitted as release agents on equipment, tools, or pavement surfaces.

The Contractor shall immediately correct any displacement occurring as a result of the reversing of the direction of a roller or from other causes to the satisfaction of the Department. Any operation other than placement of variable depth shim course that results in breakdown of the aggregate shall be discontinued. Any new pavement that shows obvious cracking, checking, or displacement shall be removed and replaced for the full lane width as directed by the Resident at no cost to the Department.

Along forms, curbs, headers, walls, and other places not accessible to the rollers, the Contractor shall thoroughly compact the HMA with mechanical vibrating compactors. The Contractor shall only use hand tamping in areas inaccessible to all other compaction equipment. On depressed areas, the Contractor may use a trench roller or cleated compression strips under a roller to transmit compression to the depressed area.

Any HMA that becomes unacceptable due to cooling, cracking, checking, segregation or deformation as a result of an interruption in mix delivery shall be removed and replaced, with material that meets contract specifications at no cost to the Department.

401.17 Joints The Contractor shall construct wearing course transverse joints in such a manner that minimum tolerances shown in Section 401.101 - Surface Tolerances are met when measured with a straightedge.

The paver shall maintain a uniform head of HMA during transverse and longitudinal joint construction.

The HMA shall be free of segregation and meet temperature requirements outlined in section 401.04. Transverse joints of the wearing course shall be straight and neatly trimmed. The Contractor may form a vertical face exposing the full depth of the course by inserting a header, by breaking the bond with the underlying course, or by cutting back with hand tools. The Department may allow feathered or "lap" joints on lower base courses or when matching existing base type pavements.

Longitudinal joints shall be generally straight to the line of travel, and constructed in a manner that best ensure joint integrity. Methods or activities that prove detrimental to the construction of straight, sound longitudinal joints will be discontinued.

The Contractor shall apply a coating of emulsified asphalt immediately before paving all joints to the vertical face and 75 mm [3 in] of the adjacent portion of any pavement being overlaid except those formed by pavers operating in echelon. The Contractor shall use an approved spray apparatus designed for covering a narrow surface. The Department may approve application by a brush for small surfaces, or in the event of a malfunction of the spray apparatus, but for a period of not more than one working day.

Where pavement under this contract joins an existing pavement, or when the Department directs, the Contractor shall cut the existing pavement along a smooth line, producing a neat, even, vertical joint. The Department will not permit broken or raveled edges. The cost of all work necessary for the preparation of joints is incidental to related contract pay items.

401.18 Quality Control Method A, B & C The Contractor shall operate in accordance with the approved Quality Control Plan (QCP) to assure a product meeting the contract requirements. The QCP shall meet the requirements of Section 106.6 - Acceptance and this Section. The Contractor shall not begin paving operations until the Department approves the QCP in writing.

Prior to placing any mix, the Department and the Contractor shall hold a Pre-paving conference to discuss the paving schedule, source of mix, type and amount of equipment to be used, sequence of paving pattern, rate of mix supply, random sampling, project lots and sublots and traffic control. A copy of the QC random numbers to be used on the project shall be provided to The Resident. The Departments' random numbers for Acceptance testing shall be generated and on file with the Resident and the Project Manager. All field and plant supervisors including the responsible onsite paving supervisor shall attend this meeting.

The QCP shall address any items that affect the quality of the Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement including, but not limited to, the following:

- a. JMF(s)
- b. Hot mix asphalt plant details
- c. Stockpile Management (to include provisions for a minimum 2 day stockpile)
- d. Make and type of paver(s)
- e. Make and type of rollers including weight, weight per inch of steel wheels, and average contact pressure for pneumatic tired rollers
- f. Name of QCP Administrator, and certification number
- g. Name of Process Control Technician(s) and certification number(s)
- h. Name of Quality Control Technicians(s) and certification number(s)
- i. Mixing & transportation including process for ensuring that truck bodies are clean and free of debris or contamination that could adversely affect the finished pavement
- j. Testing Plan
- k. Laydown operations including longitudinal joint construction, procedures for avoiding paving in inclement weather, type of release agent to be used on trucks tools and rollers, compaction of shoulders, tacking of all joints, methods to ensure that segregation is minimized, procedures to determine the maximum rolling and paving speeds based on best engineering practices as well as past experience in achieving the best possible smoothness of the pavement. Solvent based agents developed to strip asphalts from aggregates will not be allowed as release agents.
- l. Examples of Quality Control forms including a daily plant report and a daily paving report

- m. Silo management and details (can show storage for use on project of up to 36 hours)
- n. Provisions for varying mix temperature due to extraordinary conditions.
- o. Name and responsibilities of the Responsible onsite Paving Supervisor.
- p. Method for calibration/verification of Density Gauge
- q. A note that all testing will be done in accordance with AASHTO and the Maine DOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing.
- r. A detailed description of RAP processing, stockpiling and introduction into the plant as well as a note detailing conditions under which the percent of RAP will vary from that specified on the JMF.
- s. A detailed procedure outlining when production will be halted due to QC or Acceptance testing results.
- t. A plan to address the change in PGAB source or supplier and the potential co-mingling of differing PGAB's.
- u. A procedure to take immediate possession of acceptance samples once released by MaineDOT and deliver said samples to the designated acceptance laboratory.

The QCP shall include the following technicians together with following minimum requirements:

- a. QCP Administrator - A qualified individual shall administer the QCP. The QCP Administrator must be a full-time employee of or a consultant engaged by the Contractor or paving subcontractor. The QCP Administrator shall have full authority to institute any and all actions necessary for the successful operation of the QCP. The QCP Administrator (or its designee in the QCP Administrator's absence) shall be available to communicate with the Department at all times. The QCP Administrator shall be certified as a Quality Assurance Technologist certified by the New England Transportation Technician Certification Program (NETTCP).
- b. Process Control Technician(s) (PCT) shall utilize test results and other quality control practices to assure the quality of aggregates and other mix components and control proportioning to meet the JMF(s). The PCT shall inspect all equipment used in mixing to assure it is operating properly and that mixing conforms to the mix design(s) and other Contract requirements. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one PCT is required. The Plan shall include the criteria to be utilized by the PCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The PCT shall be certified as a Plant Technician by the NETTCP.
- c. Quality Control Technician(s) (QCT) shall perform and utilize quality control tests at the job site to assure that delivered materials meet the requirements of the JMF(s). The QCT shall inspect all equipment utilized in transporting, laydown, and compacting to assure it is operating properly and that all laydown and compaction conform to the Contract requirements. The QCP shall detail how these duties and responsibilities are to be accomplished and documented, and whether more than one QCT is required. The QCP shall include the criteria utilized by the QCT to correct or reject unsatisfactory materials. The QCT shall be certified as a Paving Inspector by the NETTCP.

The QCP shall detail the coordination of the activities of the Plan Administrator, the PCT and the QCT. The Project Superintendent shall be named in the QCP, and the responsibilities for successful implementation of the QCP shall be outlined.

The Contractor shall sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with the following minimum frequencies:



TABLE 2 : MINIMUM QUALITY CONTROL FREQUENCIES

Test or Action	Frequency	Test Method
Temperature of mix	6 per day at street and plant	-
Temperature of mat	4 per day	-
%TMD (Surface)	1 per 125 Mg [125 ton] (As noted in QC Plan)	ASTM D2950
%TMD (Base)	1 per 250 Mg [250 ton] (As noted in QC Plan)	AASHTO T269
Fines / Effective Binder	1 per 500 Mg [500 ton]	AASHTO T 312*
Gradation	1 per 500 Mg [500 ton]	AASHTO T30
PGAB content	1 per 500 Mg [500 ton]	AASHTO T164 or T308
Voids at $N_{design}$	1 per 500 Mg [500 ton]	AASHTO T 312*
Voids in Mineral Aggregate at $N_{design}$	1 per 500 Mg [500 ton]	AASHTO T 312*
Rice Specific Gravity	1 per 500 Mg [500 ton]	AASHTO T209
Coarse Aggregate Angularity	1 per 5000 Mg [5000 ton]	ASTM D5821
Flat and Elongated Particles	1 Per 5000 Mg [5000 ton]	ASTM D4791
Fine Aggregate Angularity	1 Per 5000 Mg [5000 ton]	AASHTO T304

\*Method A and B only

The Contractor may utilize innovative equipment or techniques not addressed by the Contract documents to produce or monitor the production of the mix, subject to approval by the Department.

The Contractor shall submit all Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement plant test reports, inspection reports and updated pay factors in writing, signed by the appropriate technician and present them to the Department by 1:00 P.M. on the next working day, except when otherwise noted in the QCP due to local restrictions. The Contractor shall also retain splits of the previous 5 QC tests, with QC results enclosed for random selection and testing by The Department during QA inspections of the HMA production facility. Test results of splits that do not meet the Dispute Resolution Variance Limits in Table 10 shall trigger an investigation by the MDOT Independent Assurance Unit, and may result in that lab losing NETTCP certification and the ability to request a dispute [Section 401.223 - Process for Dispute Resolution (Methods A , B and C only)].

The Contractor shall make density test results, including randomly sampled densities, available to the Department onsite. Summaries of each day's results, including a daily paving report, shall be recorded and signed by the QCT and presented to the Department by 1:00 p.m. the next working day.

The Contractor shall have a testing lab at the plant site, equipped with all testing equipment necessary to complete the tests in Table 2. The Contractor shall locate an approved Gyratory Compactor at the plant testing lab or within 30 minutes of the plant site.

The Contractor shall fill all holes in the pavement resulting from cutting cores by the Contractor or the Department with a properly compacted, acceptable mixture no later than the following working day. Before filling, the Contractor shall carefully clean the holes and apply a coating of emulsified asphalt. On surface courses, cores shall not be cut except for Verification of the Nuclear Density Gauge, at a rate not to exceed 3 per day or 2 per 1000 Mg [1000 ton] placed.

The Contractor shall monitor plant production using running average of three control charts as specified in Section 106 - Quality. Control limits shall be as noted in Table 3 below. The UCL and LCL, shall not exceed the allowable control points for the particular type of mixture as outlined in Table 1 of section 703.09

TABLE 3: Control Limits

Property	UCL and LCL
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-4.0
Passing 2.36 mm sieve	Target +/-2.5
Passing .075 mm sieve	Target +/-1.2
PGAB Content*	Target +/-0.3
Voids in the Mineral Aggregate	LCL = LSL + 0.2
% Voids at $N_{design}$	JMF Target +/-1.3

\*Based on AASHTO T 308

The Contractor shall cease paving operations whenever one of the following occurs on a lot in progress:

- a. Method A: The Pay Factor for VMA, Voids @  $N_d$ , Percent PGAB, composite gradation, VFB, fines to effective binder or density using all Acceptance or all Quality Control tests for the current lot is less than 0.85.
- b. Method B: The Pay Factor for VMA, Voids @  $N_d$ , Percent PGAB, composite gradation, VFB, fines to effective binder or density using all Acceptance or all Quality Control tests for the current lot is less than 0.90.
- c. Method C: The Pay Factor for VMA, Voids @  $N_d$ , Percent PGAB, percent passing the nominal maximum sieve, percent passing 2.36 mm sieve, percent passing 0.300 mm sieve, percent passing 0.075 mm sieve or density using all Acceptance or all available Quality Control tests for the current lot is less than 0.85.
- d. The Coarse Aggregate Angularity or Fine Aggregate Angularity value falls below the requirements of Table 3: Aggregate Consensus Properties Criteria in Section 703.07 for the design traffic level.
- e. Each of the first 2 control tests for a Method A or B lot fall outside the upper or lower limits for VMA, Voids @  $N_d$ , or Percent PGAB; or under Method C, each of the first 2 control tests for the lot fall outside the upper or lower limits for the nominal maximum, 2.36 mm, 0.300 mm or 0.075 mm sieves, or percent PGAB.
- f. The Flat and Elongated Particles value exceeds 10% by ASTM D4791.
- g. There is any visible damage to the aggregate due to over-densification other than on variable depth shim courses.
- h. The Contractor fails to follow the approved QCP.

The Contractor shall notify the Resident in writing as to the reason for shutdown, as well as the proposed corrective action, by the end of the work day. Failure to do so will be treated as a second incident under 106.4.6 QCP Non-compliance. The Department will consider corrective action acceptable if the pay factor for the failing property increases, based on samples already in transit, or a verification sample is tested and the property falls within the specification limits.

In cases where the corrective action can be accomplished immediately, such as batch weight or cold feed changes, the Contractor may elect to resume production once the corrective action is completed. Additional QC testing shall be performed to verify the effectiveness of the corrective action. Subsequent occurrences of shutdown for the same property in a Lot in progress will require paving operations to cease. Paving operations shall not resume until the Contractor and the Department determines that material meeting the Contract requirements will be produced. The Department may allow the Contractor to resume production based upon a passing QC sample, with a split of the sample being sent to the Department for verification testing. If the submitted verification sample test results fall outside the specification limits, the Contractor shall cease production until a verification sample is submitted to the Department has been tested by the Department and found to be within specification limits.

If the Contractor’s control chart shows the process to be out of control (defined as a single point outside of the control limits on the running average of three chart) on any property listed in Table 3: Control Limits, the Contractor shall notify the Resident in writing of any proposed corrective action by 1:00 PM the next working day.

The Department retains the exclusive right, with the exception of the first day’s production of a new JMF, to determine whether the resumption of production involves a significant change to the production process. If the Department so determines, then the current lot will be terminated, a pay factor established, and a new lot will begin.

401.19 Quality Control Method D For Items covered under Method D, the Contractor shall submit a modified QC Plan detailing, how the mix is to be placed, what equipment is to be used, and what HMA plant is to be used. All mix designs (JMF) shall be approved and verified by MDOT prior to use. Certified QC personnel shall not be required. The Contractor shall certify the mix and the test results for each item by a Certificate of Compliance.

401.20 Acceptance Method A, B & C These methods utilizes Quality Level Analysis and pay factor specifications.

For Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement designated for acceptance under Quality Assurance provisions, the Department will sample once per subplot on a statistically random basis, test, and evaluate in accordance with the following Acceptance Criteria:

TABLE 4: ACCEPTANCE CRITERIA

PROPERTIES	POINT OF SAMPLING	TEST METHOD
Gradation	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T30
PGAB Content	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T308
%TMD (Surface)	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T269
%TMD (Base or Binder)	Mat behind all Rollers	AASHTO T269
Air Voids at N <sub>d</sub>	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
%VMA at N <sub>d</sub>	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
Fines to Effective Binder	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312
%VFB	Paver Hopper	AASHTO T 312

In the event the Department terminates a Lot prematurely but fails to obtain the required number of acceptance samples to calculate the volumetric property pay factor under the test method specified in the contract, the pay factor shall be calculated using the number of samples actually obtained from the contract. Should the number of acceptance samples taken total less than three, the resulting pay factor shall be 1.0 for volumetric properties. A minimum of three cores will be used for a density pay factor, if applicable, for quantities placed to date.

Should the Contractor request a termination of the Lot in progress prior to three acceptance samples being obtained, and the Department agrees to terminate the Lot, then the pay factor for mixture properties shall be 0.80. A minimum of three cores will be used to determine a density pay factor, if applicable, for quantities placed to date.

Lot Size For purposes of evaluating all acceptance test properties, a lot shall consist of the total quantity represented by each item listed under the lot size heading.

Sublot size - Refer to section 401.201, 401.202, and 401.203 for minimum size and number of sublots. The quantity represented by each sample will constitute a sublot.

If there is less than one-half of a sublot remaining at the end, then it shall be combined with the previous sublot. If there is more than one-half sublot remaining at the end, then it shall constitute the last sublot and shall be represented by test results. If it becomes apparent partway through a Lot that, due to an underrun, there will be insufficient mix quantity to obtain the minimum number of sublots needed, the Resident may adjust the size of the remaining sublots and select new sample locations based on the estimated quantity of material remaining in the Lot.

Acceptance Testing The Department will obtain samples of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in conformance with AASHTO T168 Sampling Bituminous Paving Mixtures, and the Maine DOT Policies and Procedures for HMA Sampling and Testing, which will then be transported by the Contractor to the designated MDOT Laboratory within 48 hours (except when otherwise noted in the project specific QCP due to local restrictions), as directed by MDOT in approved transport containers to be provided by the Department, unless otherwise directed by the Resident. Failure to deliver an acceptance sample to the designated acceptance laboratory will be considered the second incident under 106.4.6–QCP Non-Compliance.

The Department will take the sample randomly within each sublot. Target values shall be as specified in the JMF. The Department will use Table 5 for calculating pay factors for gradation, PGAB Content, Air Voids at  $N_{design}$ , VMA, Fines to Effective Binder and VFB. The Department will withhold reporting of the test results for the Acceptance sample until 7:00 AM, on the second working day of receipt of the sample, or after receipt of the Contractors results of the Acceptance sample split. Upon conclusion of each lot, where there is a minimum of four sublots, results shall be examined for statistical outliers, as stated in Section 106.7.2 - Statistical Outliers.

Isolated Areas During the course of inspection, should it appear that there is an isolated area that is not representative of the lot based on a lack of observed compactive effort, excessive segregation or any other questionable practice, that area may be isolated and tested separately. An area so isolated that has a calculated pay factor below 0.80, based on three random tests shall be removed and replaced at the expense of the Contractor for the full lane width and a length not to be less than 50 m [150 ft].

Pavement Density The Department will measure pavement density using core samples tested according to AASHTO T-166. The Department will randomly determine core locations. The Contractor shall cut 6 inch diameter cores at no additional cost to the Department by the end of the working day following the day the pavement is placed, and immediately give them to the Department. Cores for Acceptance testing shall be cut such that the nearest edge is never within 0.225 m (9 inches) of any joint. The cores will be placed in a transport container provided by the Department and transported by the Contractor to the designated MDOT Lab as directed by the Department. Pre-testing of the cores will not be allowed. At the time of sampling, the Contractor and the Department shall mutually determine if a core is damaged. If it is determined that the core(s) is damaged, the Contractor shall cut new core(s) at the same offset and within 1 m [3 ft] of the initial sample. At the time the core is cut, the Contractor and the Department will mutually determine if saw cutting of the core is needed, and will mark the core at the point where sawing is needed. The core may be saw cut by the Contractor in the Department's presence onsite, or in an MDOT Lab by The Department, without disturbing the layer being tested to remove lower layers of Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement, gravel, or RAP. No recuts are allowed at a test location after the core has been tested. Upon conclusion of each lot, density results shall be examined for statistical outliers as stated in Section 106.7.2.

On all sections of overlay with wearing courses designed to be 19 mm [3/4 in] or less in thickness, there shall be no pay adjustment for density otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement. For overlays designed to be 19 mm [3/4 in] or less in thickness, density shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway surface courses with a pay adjustments for density, unless otherwise directed by the Department.

There shall be no pay adjustment for density on shoulders unless otherwise noted in Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement. Density for shoulders shall be obtained by the same rolling train and methods as used on mainline travelway, unless otherwise directed by the Department. Efforts to obtain optimum compaction will not be waived by the Department unless it is apparent during construction that local conditions make densification to this point detrimental to the finished pavement surface course.

401.201 Method A Lot Size will be the entire production per JMF for the project, or if so agreed at the Pre-paving Conference, equal lots of up to 4500 Mg [4500 tons], with unanticipated over-runs of up to 1500 Mg [1500 ton] rolled into the last lot. Sublot sizes shall be 750 Mg [750 ton] for mixture properties, 500 Mg [500 ton] for base or binder densities and 250 Mg [250 ton] for surface densities. The minimum number of sublots for mixture properties shall be 4, and the minimum number of sublots for density shall be five.

TABLE 5: METHOD A ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7%
Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-4%
Passing 0.60 mm	Target +/-3%
Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-2%
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.4%
Air Voids	4.0% +/-1.5%
Fines to Effective Binder	0.6 to 1.2
Voids in the Mineral Aggregate	LSL Only from Table 1
Voids Filled with Binder	Table 1 values plus a 4% production tolerance for USL only
% TMD (In place density)	95.0% +/- 2.5%

\*\*For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the Fines/Effective Binder Ratio is 0.6-1.4.

401.202 Method B Lot Size will be the entire production per JMF for the project and shall be divided into 3 equal sublots for Mixture Properties and 3 equal sublots for density.

TABLE 6: METHOD B ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-5
Percent Passing 0.60 mm	Target +/-4
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-3
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.5
Air Voids	4.0% +/-2.0
Fines to Effective Binder	0.6 to 1.4
Voids in the Mineral Aggregate	LSL from Table 1
Voids Filled with Binder	Table1 plus a 4% production tolerance for USL.
% TMD (In-place Density)	95.0% +/- 2.5%

401.203 Testing Method C Lot Size will be the entire production per JMF for the project, or if so agreed at the Pre-paving Conference, equal lots of up to 4500 Mg [4500 tons], with unanticipated over-runs of up to 1500 Mg [1500 ton] rolled into the last lot. Sublot sizes shall be 750 Mg [750 ton] for mixture properties, 500 Mg [500 ton] for base or binder densities and 250 Mg [250 ton] for surface densities. The minimum number of sublots for mixture properties shall be 4, and the minimum number of sublots for density shall be five.

TABLE 7: METHOD C ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7%
Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-5%
Passing 0.60 mm	Target +/-4%
Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-2%
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.4%
Air Voids	4.0% +/-1.5%
Fines to Effective Binder	0.6 to 1.2
Voids in the Mineral Aggregate	LSL Only from Table 1
Voids Filled with Binder	Table 1 values plus a 4% production tolerance for USL only
% TMD (In place density)	95.0% +/- 2.5%

\*\*For 4.75 mm nominal maximum aggregate size mixtures, the Fines/Effective Binder Ratio is 0.6-1.4.

401.204 Testing Method D For hot mix asphalt items designated as Method D in Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement, one sample will be taken from the paver hopper or the truck body per 250 Mg [250 ton] per pay item. The mix will be tested for gradation and PGAB content. Disputes will not be allowed. If the mix is within the tolerances listed in Table 8: Method D Acceptance Limits, the Department will pay the contract unit price. If the test results for each 250 Mg [250 ton] increment are outside these limits, the following deductions (Table 8b) shall apply to the HMA quantity represented by the test.

TABLE 8: METHOD D ACCEPTANCE LIMITS

Property	USL and LSL
Percent Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	Target +/-7
Percent Passing 2.36 mm to 1.18 mm sieves	Target +/-5
Percent Passing 0.60 mm	Target +/-4
Percent Passing 0.30 mm to 0.075 mm sieve	Target +/-3
PGAB Content	Target +/-0.5
% TMD (In-place Density)	95.0% +/- 2.5%

TABLE 8b Method "D" Price Adjustments

PGAB Content	-5%
2.36 mm sieve	-2%
0.30 mm sieve	-1%
0.075 mm sieve	-2%
Density	-10%*

\*Only applies when called for in Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement. Contractor shall cut two 150 mm [6 in] cores, which shall be tested for percent TMD per AASHTO T-269. If the average for the two tests falls below 92.5% the disincentive shall apply.

401.21 Method of Measurement The Department will measure Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement by the Mg [ton] in accordance with Section 108.1 - Measurement of Quantities for Payment.

401.22 Basis of Payment The Department will pay for the work, in place and accepted, in accordance with the applicable sections of this Section, for each type of HMA specified.

The Department will pay for the work specified in Section 401.11, for the HMA used, except that cleaning objectionable material from the pavement and furnishing and applying bituminous material to joints and contact surfaces is incidental.

Payment for this work under the appropriate pay items shall be full compensation for all labor, equipment, materials, and incidentals necessary to meet all related contract requirements, including design of the JMF, implementation of the QCP, obtaining core samples, transporting cores and samples, filling core holes, applying emulsified asphalt to joints, and providing testing facilities and equipment.  
The Department will make a pay adjustment for quality as specified below.

401.221 Pay Adjustment The Department will sample, test, and evaluate Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement in accordance with Section 106 - Quality and Section 401.20 - Acceptance, of this Specification.

401.222 Pay Factor (PF) The Department will use the following criteria for pay adjustment using the pay adjustment factors under Section 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis:

Density If the pay factor for Density falls below 0.80 for Method A or C or 0.86 for Method B, all of the cores will be randomly re-cut by Sublot. A new pay factor will be calculated that combines all initial and retest results. If the resulting pay factor is below 0.80 for Method A or C or below 0.86 for Method B, the entire Lot shall be removed and replaced with material meeting the specifications at no additional cost to the Department, except that the Department may, when it appears that there is a distinct pattern of defective material, isolate any defective material by investigating each mix sample subplot and require removal of defective mix sample sublots only, leaving any acceptable material in place if it is found to be free of defective material. Pay factors equal to or greater than the reject level will be paid accordingly.

Gradation For HMA evaluated under Acceptance Method A or B, the Department will determine a composite pay factor (CPF) using applicable price adjustment factors "f" from Table 9: Table of Gradation Composite "f" Factors, and Acceptance limits from Table 5: Method A Acceptance Limits, for Method A or Table 6: Method B Acceptance Limits, for Method B. The Department will not make price adjustments for gradation on Methods A and B, but will monitor them as shutdown criteria.

TABLE 9: TABLE OF GRADATION COMPOSITE "f" FACTORS (Methods A and B)

Constituent		"f" Factor			
		19 mm	12.5 mm	9.5 mm	4.75 mm
Gradation	25 mm	-	-	-	-
	19 mm	4	-	-	-
	12.5 mm		4	4	-
	9.50 mm				4
	2.36 mm	6	6	6	8
	1.18 mm				
	0.60 mm	2	2	2	2
	0.30 mm	2	2	2	2
	0.075 mm	6	6	6	8

For HMA evaluated under Acceptance Method C, the Department will determine a pay factor using acceptance limits from Table 7: Method C Acceptance Limits.

VMA, Air Voids, VFB and Fines to Effective Binder The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using the applicable Acceptance Limits.

The following variables will be used for pay adjustment:

- PA = Pay Adjustment
- Q = Quantity represented by PF in Mg [ton]
- P = Contract price per Mg [ton]
- PF = Pay Factor

#### Pay Adjustment Method A

The Department will use the following criteria for pay adjustment: density, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder content, voids @N<sub>d</sub>, VMA, VFB, F/B<sub>eff</sub>, and the screen sizes listed in Table 9 for the type of HMA represented in the JMF. If any single pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA, or Air Voids falls below 0.80, then the composite pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA, and Air Voids shall be 0.55.

Density: For mixes having a density requirement, the Department will determine a pay factor using Table 5: Method A Acceptance Limits:

$$PA = (\text{density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.50$$

PGAB Content, VMA and Air Voids: The Department will determine a pay adjustment using Table 5: Method A Acceptance Limits as follows:

$$PA = (\text{voids @ } N_d \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.20 + (\text{VMA @ } N_d \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.20 + (\text{PGAB PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.10$$

VFB and Fines to Effective Binder The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using Table 5: Method A Acceptance Limits. The Department will not make price adjustments for VFB or Fines to Effective Binder, but will monitor them as shutdown criteria.

#### Pay Adjustment Method B

The Department will use the following criteria for pay adjustment: density, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder content, voids @N<sub>d</sub>, VMA, VFB, F/B<sub>eff</sub>, and the screen sizes listed in Table 9 for the type of HMA represented in the JMF. If any single pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA, or Air Voids falls below 0.86, then the composite pay factor for PGAB Content, VMA, and Air Voids shall be 0.70.

Density: For mixes having a density requirement, the Department will determine a pay factor using Table 6: Method B Acceptance Limits:

$$PA = (\text{density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P)x0.50$$



PGAB Content, VMA and Air Voids: The Department will determine a pay adjustment using Table 6: Method B Acceptance Limits as follows:

$$PA = (\text{voids @ } N_d \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.20 + (\text{VMA @ } N_d \text{ PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.20 + (\text{PGAB PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.10$$

VFB and Fines to Effective Binder The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using Table 6: Method B Acceptance Limits. The Department will not make price adjustments for VFB or Fines to Effective Binder, but will monitor them as shutdown criteria.

#### Pay Adjustment Method C

The Department will use density, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder content, and the percent passing the nominal maximum, 2.36 mm, 0.300 mm and 0.075 mm sieves for the type of HMA represented in the JMF. If the PGAB content falls below 0.80, then the PGAB pay factor shall be 0.55.

Density: For mixes having a density requirement, the Department will determine a pay factor using Table 7: Method C Acceptance Limits:

$$PA = (\text{density PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.50$$

PGAB Content and Gradation The Department will determine a pay factor using Table 7: Method C Acceptance Limits. The Department will calculate the price adjustment for Mixture Properties as follows:

$$PA = (\% \text{ Passing Nom. Max PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing 2.36 mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing 0.30 mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.05 + (\% \text{ passing 0.075 mm PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.10 + (\text{PGAB PF} - 1.0)(Q)(P) \times 0.25$$

VMA, Air Voids, VFB and Fines to Effective Binder The Department will determine a pay factor (PF) using Table 7: Method C Acceptance Limits. The Department will not make price adjustments for VMA, Air Voids, VFB or Fines to Effective Binder, but will monitor them as shutdown criteria.

#### Pay Adjustment Method D

The Department will use density, Performance Graded Asphalt Binder content, and the screen sizes listed in Table 8b for the type of HMA represented in the JMF. If test results do not meet the Table 8 requirements, deducts as shown in Table 8b shall be applied to the quantity of mix represented by the test.

#### 401.223 Process for Dispute Resolution (Methods A B & C only)

a. Dispute Resolution sampling At the time of Hot-Mix Asphalt sampling, the Department will obtain a split sample of each Acceptance test random sample for possible dispute resolution testing. The Contractor shall also obtain a split sample of the HMA at this same time. If the Contractor wishes to retain the option of requesting dispute testing of the initial Acceptance sample, the Contractor will test their split of the

Acceptance sample and shall report their results to the Resident, with a copy to the QA Engineer at the Central Laboratory in Bangor by 7:00 AM, on the second working day from time of QA sampling, otherwise dispute resolution will not be initiated. The Department's dispute resolution split sample will be properly labeled and stored for a period of not more than two weeks, or until the sample is tested.

**b. Disputing Acceptance results** The Contractor may dispute the Department’s Acceptance results and request (Methods A, B, & C) that the dispute resolution split sample be tested by notifying the Department’s Resident and the QA Engineer at the Central Laboratory in Bangor in writing within two working days after receiving the results of the Acceptance test. The following shall be provided in the request:

- Acceptance sample reference number
- The specific test result(s) or property(ies) being disputed, and
- The complete, signed report of the Contractor’s testing (In a lab certified by the NETTCP and MDOT) of their split of the Acceptance sample indicating that the variances in Table 10: Dispute Resolution Variance Limits, for the specific test result(s) or property(ies) were exceeded.

**c. Disputable items** The Contractor may dispute any or all of the following Method A or B test results when the difference between the Department’s value and the Contractor’s value for that test equals or exceeds the corresponding allowable variation in Table 10: Dispute Resolution Variance Limits, PGAB content,  $G_{mb}$ , and  $G_{mm}$ . In addition, if the allowable variation for these tests is not met or exceeded, the Contractor may dispute either or both of the following material properties provided the difference between results for them equals or exceeds the corresponding allowable variation in Table 10: Voids at  $N_{design}$ , and VMA.

For Method C only: The results for PGAB content and the screen sizes used for pay adjustment may be disputed.

**d. Outcome** The value of any disputed result or property reported for the initial Acceptance sample shall stand if the value reported for the dispute resolution sample is not closer to the value the Contractor reported for their split sample than to the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample. If the value reported for the dispute resolution falls precisely half-way between the other two values the value reported for the dispute resolution will replace the original acceptance value. Otherwise, the value reported for the dispute resolution sample will replace the value reported for the initial Acceptance sample, and will be used to re-calculate any other affected results or properties.

TABLE 10: DISPUTE RESOLUTION VARIANCE LIMITS

PGAB Content	+/-0.4%
$G_{mb}$	+/-0.030
$G_{mm}$	+/-0.020
Voids @ $N_d$	+/-0.8%
VMA	+/-0.8%
Passing 4.75 mm and larger sieves	+/- 4.0%
Passing 2.36 mm to 0.60 mm sieves	+/- 3.0%
Passing 0.30 mm to 0.15	+/- 2.0 %
0.075 mm sieve	+/- 1.0%

## SECTION 402 - PAVEMENT SMOOTHNESS

**402.00 Smoothness Projects** Projects to have their pavement smoothness analyzed in accordance with this Specification will be so noted in Special Provision 403 - Bituminous Box

**402.01 Pavement Smoothness** The final pavement surface shall be evaluated for smoothness using a Class I or Class II profiler as defined by ASTM E950 (94). Smoothness measurements will be expressed in terms of the International Roughness Index (IRI) as defined by the World Bank, in units of inches/mile.

402.02 Lot Size Lot size for smoothness will be 1000 lane-meters [3000 lane-feet]. A subplot will consist of 20 lane-meters [50 lane-feet]. Partial lots will be included in the previous lot if less than one-half the size of a normal lot. If equal to or greater than one-half the normal lot size, it will be tested as a separate lot.

402.03 Acceptance Testing The Department will conduct Acceptance testing following completion of the surface course. Sections to be excluded from testing include the following:

- Bridge decks and joints (no smoothness measurements will be taken within 30 m [100 ft] of bridge joints)
  - Acceleration and deceleration lanes
  - Shoulders and ramps
  - Side streets and roads
  - Within 30 m [100 ft] of transverse joints at the beginning and end of the project
  - Within 30 m [100 ft] of railroad crossings
  - Urban areas with speed limits of 50 kph [30 mph] or lower
- Each lot shall have 2 measurements made in each wheel path. The average of the 4 measurements will determine the smoothness for that lot.

The smoothness measurements will be statistically evaluated for pay factors as described in Subsection 106.7 - Quality Level Analysis, using the specification limits shown below.

Level	USL
I	0.95 m/km [60 in/mile]
II	1.10 m/km [70 in/mile]
III	1.25 m/km [80 in/mile]

Computation of Smoothness Pay Adjustment:

$$PA = (PF-1.0)(Q)(P)$$

where:

Q = Quantity of surface course in the Lot (excluding shoulders, side streets, bridge decks, ramps, acceleration and deceleration lanes)

PF = smoothness pay factor for the Lot

P = Contract unit price for surface pavement

PA = pay adjustment

402.04 Unacceptable Work In the event that any Lot is found to have a pay factor less than 0.80, the Contractor shall take whatever remedial action is required to correct the pavement surface in that Lot at no additional expense to the Department. Such remedial action may include but is not limited to removal and replacement of the unacceptable pavement. In the event remedial action is necessary, the Contractor shall submit a written plan to the Resident outlining the scope of the remedial work. The Resident must approve this plan before the remedial work can begin. Following remedial work, the Lot shall be retested, and will be subject to the specification limits listed above. The resulting pay factor, if within the acceptable range, will be used in the final pay adjustment. The Contractor shall pay the cost of retesting the pavement following corrective action.

Localized surface tolerance defects will be subject to the provisions outlined in Section 401.101 Surface Tolerances.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
402.10 Incentive/Disincentive - Pavement Smoothness	Lump Sum

### SECTION 403 - HOT BITUMINOUS PAVEMENT

403.01 Description This work shall consist of constructing one or more courses of bituminous pavement on an approved base in accordance with these specifications, and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, thickness and typical cross sections shown on the plans or established.

The bituminous pavement shall be composed of a mixture of aggregate, filler if required, and bituminous material.

403.02 General The materials and their use shall conform to the requirements of Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

403.03 Construction The construction requirements shall be as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement.

In addition, hot bituminous pavement placed on bridges shall also conform to the following requirements.

- a. The mixture shall be composed of aggregate, PGAB and mineral filler but no recycled asphalt pavement and placed in courses as specified in the Special Provisions.
- b. The bottom course shall be placed with an approved rubber mounted bituminous paver of such type and operated in such a manner that the membrane waterproofing will not be damaged in any way.
- c. The top course shall not be placed until the bottom course has cooled sufficiently to provide stability.
- d. The Contractor will not be required to cut sample cores from the compacted pavement on the bridge deck.
- e. After the top course has been placed, the shoulder areas shall be sealed 1 meter [3 ft] wide with two applications of an emulsified bituminous sealer meeting the requirements of Section 702.12 - Emulsified Bituminous Sealing Compound. The first application shall be pre-mixed with fine, sharp sand, similar to mortar sand, as needed to fill all voids in the mix in the area being sealed. The second application may be applied without sand. The sealer shall be carried to the curb at the gutter line in sufficient quantity to leave a bead or fillet of material at the face of the curb. The area to be sealed shall be clean, dry and the surface shall be at ambient temperature.
- f. The furnishing and applying of the required quantity of sealer for the bridge shoulder areas shall be incidental to placing the hot bituminous pavement.
- g. The atmospheric temperature for all courses on bridge decks shall be 10°C [50°F] or higher.

403.04 Method of Measurement Hot bituminous pavement will be measured as specified in Section 401.21-Method of Measurement.

403.05 Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of hot bituminous pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price per Megagram [ton] for the bituminous mixtures, including bituminous material complete in place.

Method A, Method B, Method C and Method D shall be used for acceptance as specified in Section 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt Pavements. (See Complementary Notes, Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement, for Method location).

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
403.102 Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement for Special Areas	MG [Ton]
403.206 Hot Mix Asphalt, 25 mm Nominal Maximum Size	MG [Ton]
403.207 Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size	MG [Ton]
403.2071 Hot Mix Asphalt , 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size	MG [Ton]
403.2072 Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 19.0 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Asphalt Rich Base and Intermediate course)	MG [Ton]
403.208 Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	MG [Ton]
403.2081 Hot Mix Asphalt - 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (PG 70-28)	MG [Ton]
403.209 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (sidewalks, drives, islands & incidentals)	MG [Ton]
403.210 Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size	MG [Ton]
403.2101 Hot Mix Asphalt - 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (PG 70-28)	MG [Ton]
403.2102 Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 9.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Asphalt Rich Intermediate course)	MG [Ton]
403.211 Hot Mix Asphalt (shimming)	MG [Ton]
403.212 Hot Mix Asphalt, 4.75 mm Nominal Maximum Size	MG [Ton]
403.2131 Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size, (PG 70-28) (Base and Intermediate Base course)	MG [Ton]
403.2132 Asphalt Rich Hot Mix Asphalt, 12.5 mm Nominal Maximum Size (Base and Intermediate Base course)	MG [Ton]

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 403**  
**HOT MIX ASPHALT OVERLAY**

<b>Desc. of Course</b>	<b>Grad. Design</b>	<b>Item Number</b>	<b>Bit Cont. % of Mix</b>	<b>Total Thick</b>	<b>No. Of Layers</b>	<b>Comp. Notes</b>
<b><u>200m HMA Mainline Travelway and Shoulders</u></b>						
<b><u>Route 4 / 17 - Full Construction Areas</u></b>						
Wearing	12.5mm	403.208	N/A	50mm	1	1,5,7,22
Base	19.0mm	403.207	N/A	75mm	1	5,7
Base	19.0mm	403.207	N/A	75mm	1	4,7
<b><u>112mm HMA Sideroads - Full Construction Areas</u></b>						
Base	12.5mm	403.208	N/A	50mm	1	5,7
Base	19.0mm	403.207	N/A	75mm	1	4,7
<b><u>200m HMA Parking Areas / 12 ft. Shoulders</u></b>						
<b><u>Route 4 / 17 - Full Construction Areas</u></b>						
Wearing	12.5mm	403.208	N/A	50mm	1	1,5,7,15
Base	19.0mm	403.207	N/A	75mm	1	5,7,15
Base	19.0mm	403.207	N/A	75mm	1	4,7,15
<b><u>Drives, Misc.</u></b>						
Wearing	9.5mm	403.209	N/A	50mm	1/more	2,3,10,11,14

**COMPLEMENTARY NOTES**

- The required PGAB for this mixture will meet a **PG 58-28** or **PG 64-28** grading. All asphalt grades utilized on the Project shall be treated with an approved liquid anti-strip. PG binders shall be unmodified and treated with 0.50 percent anti-strip by weight of asphalt binder used. The Changes to the PGAB grading must be approved by the Department prior to the change.
- The density requirements are waived. The use of an oscillating steel roller shall be required to compact all HMA pavements placed on bridge decks in addition to the normal roller train.
- The design traffic level for mix placed shall be <0.3 million ESALS.
- The aggregate qualities shall meet the design traffic level of 0.3 to <3 million ESALS. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at **50 gyrations**.
- The aggregate qualities shall meet the design traffic level of 3 to <10 million ESALS. The design, verification, Quality Control, and Acceptance tests for this mix will be performed at **75 gyrations**.
- Section 106.6 Acceptance, (1) Method A.
- Section 106.6 Acceptance, (2) Method D.
- The combined aggregate gradation required for this item shall be classified as a 9.5mm “**fine graded**” mixture, (using the Primary Control Sieve control point) as defined in 703.09.
- A mixture meeting the requirements of section 703.09 Grading ‘D’, with a minimum PGAB content of 6%, and the limits of Special Provision 401, Table 9 (Drives and Sidewalks) for PGAB content and gradation may be substituted for this item. A job mix formula shall be submitted to the Department for approval.

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15. The density requirements for shoulders shall be 92.5 to 97.5, or the same as the specified for the travel lane, ramps, and sideroads. The incentive / disincentive for density and volumetrics shall apply.
22. The final pavement surface shall be evaluated for smoothness in accordance with the most current 400 Special Provision section 402 – Pavement Smoothness. Acceptance limits shall be as outlined under the **Level II** classification.

Tack Coat

A tack coat of emulsified asphalt, RS-1, Item 409.15 shall be applied to any existing pavement or recycled layer at a rate of approximately 0.025 gal/yd<sup>2</sup>, and on milled pavement approximately 0.05 gal/yd<sup>2</sup>, prior to placing a new course. A fog coat of emulsified asphalt shall be applied between shim / intermediate course and the surface course, at a rate not to exceed 0.025 gal/yd<sup>2</sup>.

Tack used between layers of pavement will be paid for at the contract unit price for Item 409.15 Bituminous Tack Coat.

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 502  
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE  
(QC/QA Acceptance Methods)

CLASS OF CONCRETE	ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	P	METHOD
LP	608.08	Reinforced Concrete Sidewalk	-	C



SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 502  
STRUCTURAL CONCRETE  
(Quality Level Analysis)

502.01 Description In second sentence, replace "...METHOD B Small Quantity Product Verification..." with "...METHOD B Statistical Acceptance..."

502.05 Composition and Proportioning Delete Table 1 and replace with the following;

TABLE 1- Methods A, B, and C

Concrete CLASS	Compressive Strength (PSI)		Permeability (COULOMBS)		Entrained Air (%)		Notes
	LSL	USL	LSL	USL	LSL	USL	
S	2,900	N/A	N/A	N/A	6.0	8.5	1, 5
A	4,350	-----	-----	2,400	6.0	8.5	1,2,5,6
P	-----	-----	-----	-----	5 ½	7 ½	1,2,3,4,5
LP	5,075	-----	-----	2,000	6.0	8.5	1,2,5,6
Fill	2,900	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	6

502.503 Delete and replace with the following;

“502.0503 Quality Assurance METHOD B The Department will determine the acceptability of the concrete through a quality assurance program.

The Department will take Quality Assurance samples a minimum of once per subplot on a statistically random basis. Quality Assurance tests will include compressive strength, air content and permeability.

Concrete sampling for quality assurance tests will be taken at the discharge point, with pumped concrete sampling taken at the discharge end of the pump line.

Lot Size A lot size shall consist of the total quantity represented by each class of concrete in the Contract, except in the case when the same class of concrete is paid for under both lump sum items and unit price items in the Contract; in this case, the lump sum item quantities shall comprise 1 lot and the unit price item quantities shall comprise a separate lot. A lot shall consist of a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 10 sublots. If a lot is comprised of more than 10 sublots, sized in accordance with Table #3, then this quantity shall be divided equally into 2, or more, lots such that there is a minimum of 3 and a maximum of 10 sublots per lot. If there is insufficient quantity in a lot to meet the recommended minimum subplot size, then the lot shall be divided into 3 equal sublots.

Sublot Size, General The size of each subplot shall be determined in accordance with Table #3. The Resident may vary subplot sizes based on placement sizes and sequence.

Sublot Size, Unit Price Items Sublot sizes will initially be determined from estimated quantities. When the actual final quantity of concrete is determined: If there is less than one-half the estimated subplot quantity in the remaining quantity, then this quantity shall be combined with the previous subplot, and no further Acceptance testing will be performed; if there is more than one-half the estimated subplot quantity in the remaining quantity, then this quantity shall constitute the last subplot and shall be represented by Acceptance test results. If it becomes apparent part way through a lot that, due to an underrun in quantity, there will be an insufficient quantity of concrete to comprise three sublots, then the Resident may adjust the sizes of the remaining sublots and select new sample locations based on the revised estimated quantity of concrete remaining in the lot.

Sublot Size, Lump Sum Items Each lot shall be divided into sublots of equal size, based on the estimated quantity of concrete.

TABLE 3

Quantity m <sup>3</sup> [cy]	Recommended Sublot Size m <sup>3</sup> [cy]
0-400 [0-500]	40 [50]
401-800 [501-1000]	60 [75]
801-1600 [1001-2000]	80 [100]
1601 [2001] or greater	200 [250]

Determination of the concrete cover over reinforcing steel for structural concrete shall be made prior to concrete being placed in the forms. Bar supports, chairs, slab bolsters, and side form spacers shall meet the requirements of Concrete Reinforcing Steel Institute (CRSI) Manual of Standard Practice, Chapter 3 Section 2.5 Class 1, Section 2.6 Class 1A, or Section 4. All supports shall meet the requirements for type and spacing as stated in the CRSI Manual of Standard Practice, Chapter 3. Concrete will not be placed until the placing of the reinforcing steel and supports have been approved by the Resident. If the Contractor fails to secure Department approval prior to placement, the Contractor's failure shall be cause for removal and replacement at the Contractor's expense. The Contractor shall notify the Resident, at least 48 hours prior to the placement, when the reinforcing steel will be ready for checking. Sufficient time must be allowed for the checking process and any needed repairs.

Evaluation of materials will be made using the specification limits in Table 1.

Compressive strength tests will be completed by the Department in accordance with AASHTO-T22 at  $\geq 28$  days, except that no slump will be taken. The average of two concrete cylinders per subplot will constitute a test result and this average will be used to determine the compressive strength for pay adjustment computations.

Testing for Entrained Air in concrete, at the rate of one test per subplot, shall be in accordance with AASHTO T152.

Rapid Chloride Permeability test specimens will be completed by the Resident in accordance with AASHTO T-277 at an age  $\geq 56$  days. Two 100 mm x 200 mm [4 in x 8 in] cylinders will be taken per subplot placed.

Surface Tolerance, Alignment and Trueness, Plumb and Batter, and Finish will be measured as described in Section 502.0502.

Rejection by Resident For an individual subplot with a calculated pay factor of less than 0.80, the Department will, at its sole discretion:

A. Require the Contractor to remove and replace the entire affected placement with concrete meeting the Contract requirements at no additional expense to the Department, or

B. Accept the material, at a reduced payment as determined by the Department. (See also Section 502.191)

For a lot in progress, the Contractor shall discontinue operations whenever one or more of the following occurs:

A. The pay factor for any property drops below 1.00 and the Contractor is taking no corrective action

B. The pay factor for any property is less than 0.90

C. The Contractor fails to follow the QC Plan”

502.18 Method of Measurement Under Section E. make the following change from “...Method A, and under Section 502.19...” to “...Method A, Section 502.0503- Quality Assurance Method B, and under Section 502.19...”

502.19 Basis of Payment Modify the first sentence of the seventh paragraph from “...accepted under Method A.” to “...accepted under Method A and Method B.”

502.191 Pay Adjustment for Compressive Strength Add the following as the second sentence to the first paragraph; “Pay factors (PF) for pay adjustments for compressive strength will be determined using the Quality Level Analysis as specified in Section 106.”

502.192 Pay Adjustment for Chloride Permeability Delete and replace with the following;

“Pay factors (PF) for pay adjustments for Chloride Permeability will be determined using the Quality Level Analysis as specified in Section 106.

Values greater than 4000 coulombs shall be subject to rejection and replacement at no additional cost to the Department.”

502.193 Pay Adjustment for Air Content Delete and replace with the following;

“Pay factors (PF) for pay adjustments for air content will be determined using the Quality Level Analysis as specified in Section 106.”

Add the following Section;

“502.195 Pay Adjustments for Compressive Strength, Chloride Permeability and Air Content The Composite Pay Factor (CPF) for each lot of concrete shall be computed as follows:

$$\text{CPF} = [(\text{Compressive Strength PF}-1)(0.20)] + [(\text{Air Content PF}-1)(0.40)] \\ + [(\text{Chloride Permeability PF}-1)(0.40)]$$

The pay adjustment for each lot of concrete shall be computed as follows:

$$\text{Lot Pay Adjustment} = P \times \text{CPF} \times \text{Lot Size}$$

There will be no positive pay adjustments for Method B Concrete.”

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 525**  
**(Fieldstone Retaining Wall)**

525.01 Description This work shall consist of supplying material for and constructing a new radius corner to the existing Fieldstone Retaining Wall (FSRW) in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines, grades, design and dimensions shown on the plans and Special Details, or as directed by the Engineer.

525.02 Materials The FSRW will consist of the following components:

A leveling pad - a 300 mm (12 inch) thick bed of crushed stone used to provide a level surface to place wall stones.

Wall stones – stones similar in size, shape and color to the stones in the existing wall along Route 4/17 shown below:



Filter Fabric - drainage geotextile as shown on the plans.

Backfill - soil is placed behind the FSRW and crushed stone fill.

Foundation - soil mass supporting the FSRW.

Mortar – to meet industry standards

#### 525.03 Design Requirements

Crushed Stone Drainage Layer - A vertical layer of crushed stone shall be placed between the back of the wall stones and the backfill to promote drainage and prevent ice damage to the FSRW.

Leveling Pad Location - The top of the leveling pad shall be designed so that the embedment depth of the FSRW is adequate to maintain stability. The minimum embedment depth to the top of the pad shall be 305 mm (12 inches).

The wall must be similar in appearance to the existing wall, shown in the attached photograph.

525.04 Construction The FSRW shall be built by a skilled mason thoroughly experienced in this type of wall construction. Submittals shall include a list and photographs of similar walls built by this mason contractor, names of personnel who will be involved in wall construction, and the number of years he or she has worked as a stonemason.

1. The foundation shall have sufficient strength to maintain global stability of the FSRW. The insitu soils may be used at the direction of the engineer. Foundation soils shall be brought to the desired grade as required for footing and base dimensions shown on the construction drawings or as directed by the Engineer.
2. The leveling pad shall be placed to the lines and grades as shown on the construction drawings, and shall have a minimum thickness of 300 mm (12 inches). The leveling pad shall extend at least 75 mm beyond the wall stones in all directions.
3. The backfill used behind the wall shall meet the requirements of Granular Borrow, MDOT Standard Specification 703.19, Material for Embankment Construction. Backfill shall be placed, spread, and compacted from the back of the crushed stone drainage layer toward the limits of the excavation. Backfill shall be placed in lifts not to exceed 200 mm (8 inches) and compacted with lightweight, hand operated compaction equipment. Backfill beyond 1 meter (3 feet) from the back of the crushed stone shall be compacted to 95% of the maximum density as determined by AASHTO T-180, Method C or D. The moisture content of the backfill material prior to and during

compaction shall be uniformly distributed throughout each layer and shall be within 2 percentage points dry of optimum.

4. The filter fabric shall be a geotextile meeting the requirements of MDOT Standard Specification Subsection 722.02, Drainage Geotextile. It shall be placed between the native soils and the leveling pad and backfill.
5. The top of the wall should match the width of the existing wall along Route 4. The width of the base should be approximately 2/3 of the wall height, with a gradual taper from the base to the top of the wall. Stones shall be placed so the face of the wall matches the existing wall along Route 4.

525.06 Method of Measurement Field Stone Retaining Wall will be measured by the square meter (square foot) of front surface not to exceed the measurements authorized by the Engineer. Vertical dimension limits will be from the top of the leveling pad to the top of the wall. Horizontal dimension limits will be from each end of the wall measured along the face.

525.07 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Field Stone Retaining Wall will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter, complete, cleaned of debris and accepted in place. The unit price shall be full compensation for excavation, backfill, and grading beyond the face of the wall and furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and other incidentals including drainage necessary to complete the work. Removal of this portion of the existing wall will be incidental to this Item.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>		<u>Pay Unit</u>
525.326	Field Stone Retaining Wall	Square meter

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 603  
PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS

603.12 Basis of Payment: This section shall be amended with the addition of the following:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
603.155 300 mm RCP Class III	M
603.165 375 mm RCP Class III	M
603.175 450 mm RCP Class III	M
603.195 600 mm RCP Class III	M
603.205 750 mm RCP Class III	M
603.215 900 mm RCP Class III	M



SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 604  
MANHOLES AND CATCH BASINS

This section is amended by the addition of the following:

Description: This work consists of constructing catch basins and manholes in accordance with the requirements of Section 604 of the Standard Specifications and as shown in the Standard Details.

Method of Measurement: Measurement shall be in accordance with Subsection 604.05.

Basis of Payment: Payment shall be in accordance with Subsection 604.06.

Payment will be made under:

Pay Item		Pay Unit
604.077	1800 mm Catch Basin Type A1-C	Ea.
604.096	1500 mm Catch Basin Type B1-C	Ea.
604.153	1500 mm Manhole	Ea.
604.154	1800 mm Manhole	Ea.

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 606  
GUARDRAIL

606.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing guardrail components in accordance with these specifications and in reasonably close conformity with the lines and grades shown on the plans or as established. The types of guardrail are designated as follows:

Type 3-Galvanized steel "w" beam, wood posts or galvanized steel posts.

Type 3a-Galvanized steel "w" beam, wood posts, wood or composite offset blocks.

Type 3aa-Corrosion resistant steel "w" beam, wood posts, wood or composite offset blocks.

Type 3b-Galvanized steel "w" beam, galvanized steel posts, galvanized steel offset blocks.

Type 3c-Galvanized steel "w" beam, wood posts or galvanized steel posts, wood or composite offset blocks.

Type 3d-Galvanized steel "w" beam, galvanized steel posts, wood or composite offset blocks.

Thrie Beam-Galvanized steel thrie beam, wood posts or galvanized steel posts, wood or composite offset blocks.

Median barriers shall consist of two beams of the above types, mounted on single posts. Except for thrie beam, median barriers may include rub rails when called for.

Bridge mounted guardrail shall consist of furnishing all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to install guardrail as shown on the plans. This work shall also include drilling for and installation of offset blocks if specified, and incidental hardware necessary for satisfactory completion of the work.

Remove and Reset and Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail shall consist of removing the existing designated guardrail and resetting in a new location as shown on the plans or directed by the Resident. Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail and Modify guardrail include the following guardrail modifications: Removing plate washers at all posts, except at anchorage assemblies as noted on the Standard Details, Adding offset blocks, and other modifications as listed in the Construction Notes or General Notes. Modifications shall conform to the guardrail Standard Details.

Bridge Connection shall consist of the installation and attachment of beam guardrail to the existing bridge. This work shall consist of constructing a concrete end post or modifying an existing endpost as required, furnishing, and installing a terminal connector, necessary hardware, and incidentals required to complete the work as shown on the plans. Bridge Transition shall consist of a bridge connection and furnishing and installing guardrail components as shown in the Standard Details.

606.02 Materials Materials shall meet the requirements specified in the following Sections of Division 700 - Materials:

Timber Preservative	708.05
Metal Beam Rail	710.04
Guardrail Posts	710.07
Guardrail Hardware	710.08

Guardrail components shall meet the applicable standards of "A Guide to Standardized Highway Barrier Hardware" prepared and approved by the AASHTO-AGC-ARTBA Joint Cooperative Committee, Task Force 13 Report.

Posts for underdrain delineators shall be "U" channel steel, 2.44m [8 ft] long, 3.72 kg/m [2 ½ lb/ft] minimum and have 9.5 mm [3/8 in] round holes, 25 mm [1 in] center to center for a minimum distance of 610 mm [2 ft] from the top of the post.

Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Markers shall be mounted on all guardrails. A marker shall be mounted onto guardrail posts at the flared end treatment's terminal and its tangent point, both at the leading and trailing ends of each run of guardrail. The marker's flexible posts shall be grey with either silver-white or yellow reflectors (to match the edge line striping) at the tangents, red at leading ends, and green at trailing ends. Whenever the end treatment is not flared, markers will only be required at the end treatment's terminal. These shall be red or green as appropriate. Markers shall be installed on the protected side of guardrail posts unless otherwise approved by the Resident. Reflectorized flexible guardrail markers shall be from the Maine DOT's Approved Product List of Guardrail Material. The marker shall be grey, flexible, durable, and of a non-discoloring material to which 75 mm [3 in] by 225 mm [9 in] reflectors shall be applied, and capable of recovering from repeated impacts. Reflective material shall meet the requirements of Section 719.01 for ASTM D 4956 Type III reflective sheeting. The marker shall be secured to the guardrail post with two fasteners, as shown in the Standard Details.

Reflectorized beam guardrail ("butterfly"-type) delineators shall be mounted on all "w"-beam guardrail. The delineators shall be mounted within the guardrail beam at guardrail posts. Delineators shall be fabricated from high-impact, ultraviolet & weather resistant thermoplastic. Reflectorized beam guardrail delineators shall be placed at approximately 20 m [62.5 ft] intervals or every tenth post on tangents and at approximately 10 m [31.25 ft] intervals or every fifth post on curves. Exact locations of the delineators shall be as directed by the Resident. On divided highways, the left hand delineators shall be yellow and the right hand delineators shall be silver/white. On two directional highways, the right hand side shall be silver/white and no reflectorized delineator used on the left. All reflectors shall have reflective sheeting applied to only one side of the delineator facing the direction of traffic as shown in the Standard Detail 606(07). Reflectorized sheeting for guardrail delineators shall meet the requirements of Section 719.01.

Single wood post shall be of cedar, white oak, or tamarack, well seasoned, straight, and sound and have been cut from live trees. The outer and inner bark shall be removed and all knots trimmed flush with the surface of the post. Posts shall be uniform taper and free of kinks and bends.

Single steel post shall conform to the requirements of Section 710.07 b.

Single steel pipe post shall be galvanized, seamless steel pipe conforming to the requirements of ASTM A120, Schedule No. 40, Standard Weight.

Acceptable multiple mailbox assemblies shall be listed on the Department's Approved Products List and shall be NCHRP 350 tested and approved.

The Guardrail 350 Flared Terminal shall be a terminal with a 1.2 m [4 ft] offset as shown in the Manufacturer's installation instructions.

Existing materials damaged or lost during adjusting, removing and resetting, or removing, modifying, and resetting, shall be replaced by the Contractor without additional compensation. Existing guardrail posts and guardrail beams found to be unfit for reuse shall be replaced when directed by the Resident.

606.03 Posts Posts for guardrail shall be set plumb in holes or they may be driven if suitable driving equipment is used to prevent battering and distorting the post. When posts are driven through pavement, the damaged area around the post shall be repaired with approved bituminous patching. Damage to lighting and signal conduit and conductors shall be repaired by the Contractor.

When set in holes, posts shall be on a stable foundation and the space around the posts, backfilled in layers with suitable material, thoroughly tamped.

The reflectorized flexible guardrail markers shall be set plumb with the reflective surface facing the oncoming traffic. Markers shall be installed on the protected side of guardrail posts. Markers, which become bent or otherwise damaged, shall be removed and replaced with new markers.

Single wood posts shall be set plumb in holes and backfilled in layers with suitable material, thoroughly tamped. The Resident will designate the elevation and shape of the top. The posts, that are not pressure treated, shall be painted two coats of good quality oil base exterior house paint.

Single steel posts shall be set plumb in holes as specified for single wood posts or they may be driven if suitable driving equipment is used to prevent battering and distorting the post.

Additional bolt holes required in existing posts shall be drilled or punched, but the size of the holes shall not exceed the dimensions given in the Standard Details. Metal around the holes shall be thoroughly cleaned and painted with two coats of approved aluminum rust resistant paint. Holes shall not be burned.

606.04 Rails Brackets and fittings shall be placed and fastened as shown on the plans. Rail beams shall be erected and aligned to provide a smooth, continuous barrier. Beams shall be lapped with the exposed end away from approaching traffic.

End assemblies shall be installed as shown on the plans and shall be securely attached to the rail section and end post.

All bolts shall be of sufficient length to extend beyond the nuts but not more than 13 mm [ $\frac{1}{2}$  in]. Nuts shall be drawn tight.

Additional bolt holes required in existing beams shall be drilled or punched, but the size of the holes shall not exceed the dimensions given in the Standard Details. Metal around the holes shall be thoroughly cleaned and painted with two coats of approved aluminum rust resistant paint. Holes shall not be burned.

606.045 Offset Blocks The same offset block material is to be provided for the entire project unless otherwise specified.

606.05 Shoulder Widening At designated locations the existing shoulder of the roadway shall be widened as shown on the plans. All grading, paving, seeding, and other necessary work shall be in accordance with the Specifications for the type work being done.

606.06 Mail Box Post Single wood post shall be installed at the designated location for the support of the mailbox. The multiple mailbox assemblies shall be installed at the designated location in accordance with the Standard Details and as recommended by the Manufacturer. Attachment of the mailbox to the post will be the responsibility of the home or business owner.

606.07 Abraded Surfaces All galvanized surfaces of new guardrail and posts, which have been abraded so that the base metal is exposed, and the threaded portions of all fittings and fasteners and cut ends of bolts shall be cleaned and painted with two coats of approved rust resistant paint.

606.08 Method of Measurement Guardrail will be measured by the meter [linear foot] from center to center of end posts along the gradient of the rail except where end connections are made to masonry or steel structures, in which case measurement will be as shown on the plans.

Terminal section, low volume end, NCHRP 350 end treatments, reflectorized flexible guardrail marker, terminal end, bridge transition, bridge connection, multiple mailbox post, and single post will be measured by each unit of the kind specified and installed.

Widened shoulder will be measured as a unit of grading within the limits shown on the plans.

Excavation in solid rock for placement of posts will be measured by the cubic meter [cubic yard] determined from the actual depth of the hole and a hypothetical circle diameter of 600 mm [2 ft].

606.09 Basis of Payment The accepted quantities of guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter [linear foot] for the type specified, complete in place. Reflectorized beam guardrail (“butterfly”-type) delineators will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to guardrail items. Terminal section, buffer end, NCHRP 350 end treatment, bridge connection, single post and reflectorized flexible guardrail markers will be paid for at the contract unit price each for the kind specified complete in place.

NCHRP 350 end treatments and low volume guardrail ends will be paid for at the contract price each, complete in place which price shall be full payment for furnishing and installing all components including the terminal section, posts, offset blocks, "w" beam, cable foundation posts, plates and for all incidentals necessary to complete the installation within the limits as shown on the Standard Details or the Manufacturer’s installation instructions. Each end treatment will be clearly marked with the manufacturers name and model number to facilitate any future needed repair. Such payment shall also be full compensation for furnishing all material, excavating, backfilling holes, assembling, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work, except that for excavation for posts or anchorages in solid ledge rock, payment will be made under Pay Item 206.07. Type III Retroreflective Adhesive Sheeting

shall be applied to the approach buffer end sections and sized to substantially cover the end section. On all roadways, the ends shall be marked with alternating black and retroreflective yellow stripes. The stripes shall be 75 mm [3 in] wide and sloped down at an angle of 45 degrees toward the side on which traffic is to pass the end section. Guardrail 350 flared terminal shall also include a set of installation drawings supplied to the Resident.

Anchorage to bridge end posts will be part of the bridge work. Connections thereto will be considered included in the unit bid price for guardrail.

Guardrail to be placed on a radius of curvature of 45 m [150 ft] or less will be paid for under the designated radius pay item for the type guardrail being placed.

Widened shoulder will be paid for at the contract unit price each complete in place and will be full compensation for furnishing and placing, grading and compaction of aggregate subbase and any required fill material.

Adjust guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter and will be full compensation for adjusting to grade. Payment shall also include adjusting terminal end treatments where required.

Modify guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter and will be full compensation for furnishing and installing offset blocks, additional posts, and other specified modifications; removing, modifying, installing, and adjusting to grade existing posts and beams; removing plate washers and backup plates, and all incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting terminal ends where required.

Remove and Reset guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter and will be full compensation for removing, transporting, storing, reassembling all parts, necessary cutting, furnishing new parts when necessary, reinstalling at the new location, and all other incidentals necessary to complete the work. Payment shall also include removing and resetting terminal ends when required. No payment will be made for guardrail removed, but not reset and all costs for such removal shall be considered incidental to the various contract pay items.

Remove, Modify, and Reset guardrail will be paid for at the contract unit price per meter and will be full compensation for the requirements listed in Modify guardrail and Remove and Reset guardrail.

Bridge Connections will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Payment shall include, attaching the connection to the endpost including furnishing and placing concrete and reinforcing steel necessary to construct new endposts if required, furnishing and installing the terminal connector, and all miscellaneous hardware, labor, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Bridge Transitions will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Payment shall include furnishing and installing the thrie beam or "w"-beam terminal connector, doubled beam section, and transition section, where called for, posts, hardware, precast concrete transition curb, and any other necessary materials and labor, including the bridge connection as stated in the previous paragraph.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>	
606.15	Guardrail Type 3a-Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.151	Guardrail Type 3aa-Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.17	Guardrail Type 3b-Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.1721	Bridge Transition - Type I	Each
606.1722	Bridge Transition - Type II	Each
606.1731	Bridge Connection - Type I	Each
606.1732	Bridge Connection - Type II	Each
606.178	Guardrail Beam	meter [Linear foot]
606.18	Guardrail Type 3b - Double Rail	meter [Linear foot]
606.19	Guardrail Type 3a - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.191	Guardrail Type 3aa - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.20	Guardrail Type 3a - over 4.5 m [15 ft] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.201	Guardrail Type 3aa - over 4.5 m [15 ft] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.21	Guardrail Type 3b - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.22	Guardrail Type 3b - over 4.5 m [15 ft] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.23	Guardrail Type 3c - Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.2301	Guardrail Type 3c - Double Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.231	Guardrail Type 3c - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.232	Guardrail Type 3c - over 4.5 m [15 ft] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.24	Guardrail Type 3d - Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.2401	Guardrail Type 3d - Double Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.241	Guardrail Type 3d - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.242	Guardrail Type 3d - over 4.5 m [15 feet] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.25	Terminal Connector	Each
606.257	Terminal Connector - Thrie Beam	Each
606.265	Terminal End-Single Rail - Galvanized Steel	Each
606.266	Terminal End-Single Rail - Corrosion Resistant Steel	Each
606.275	Terminal End-Double Rail - Galvanized Steel	Each
606.276	Terminal End-Double Rail - Corrosion Resistant Steel	Each
606.353	Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Marker	Each
606.354	Remove and Reset Reflectorized Flexible Guardrail Marker	Each
606.356	Underdrain Delineator Post	Each
606.358	Guardrail, Modify, Type 3b to 3c	meter [Linear Foot]
606.3581	Guardrail, Modify Existing to Type 3d	meter [Linear Foot]
606.362	Guardrail, Adjust	meter [Linear Foot]
606.365	Guardrail, Remove, Modify, and Reset, Type 3b to 3c	meter [Linear Foot]
606.3651	Guardrail, Remove, Modify, and Reset Existing to Type 3d	meter [Linear Foot]
606.366	Guardrail, Removed and Reset, Type 3c	meter [Linear Foot]
606.367	Replace Unusable Existing Guardrail Posts	Each
606.47	Single Wood Post	Each
606.48	Single Galvanized Steel Post	Each
606.50	Single Steel Pipe Post	Each

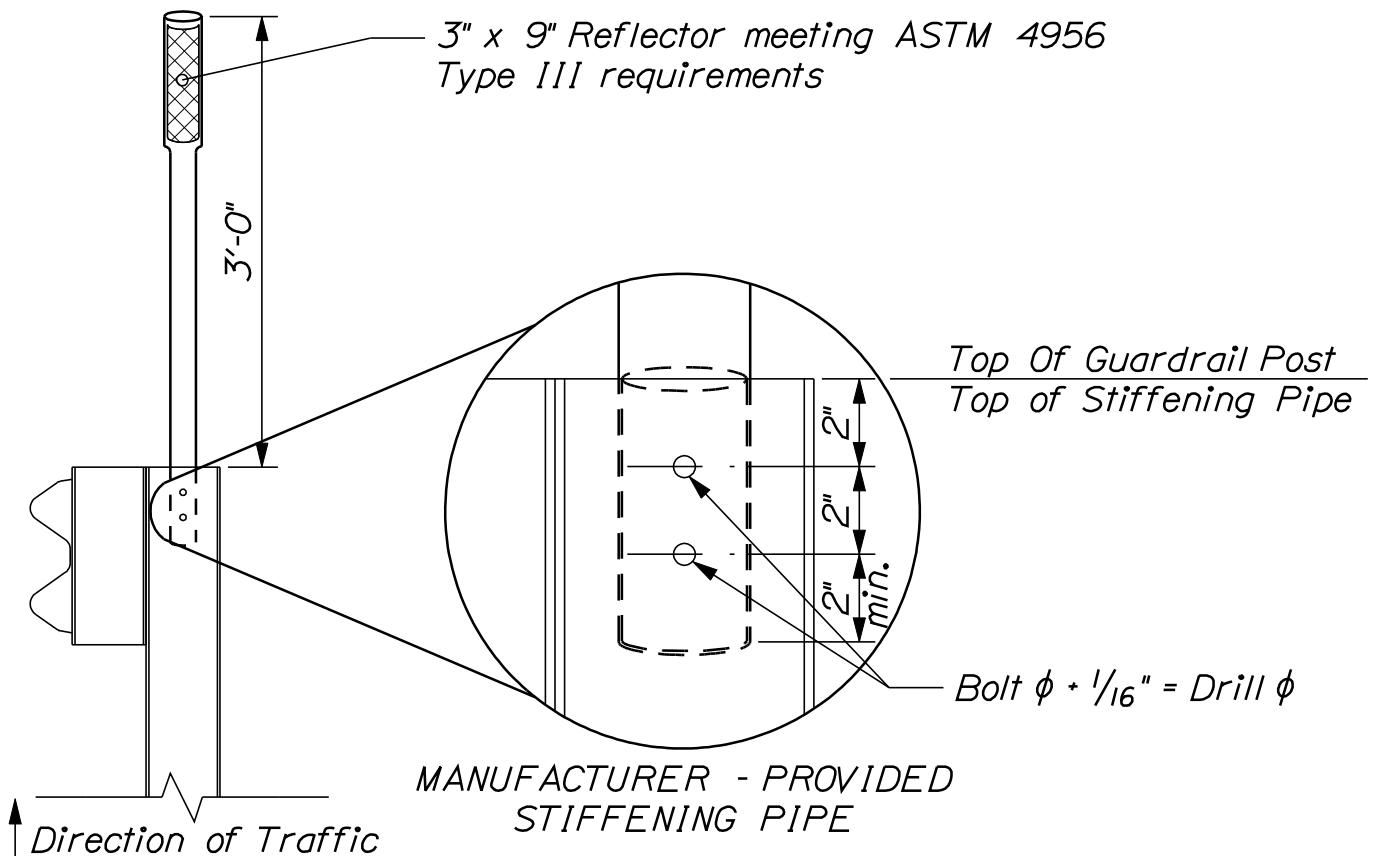
606.51	Multiple Mailbox Support	Each
606.55	Guardrail Type 3 - Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.551	Guardrail Type 3 - Single Rail with Rub Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.56	Guardrail Type 3 - Double Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.561	Guardrail Type 3 - Double Rail with Rub Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.568	Guardrail, Modify Type 3c -Double Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.59	Guardrail Type 3 - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.60	Guardrail Type 3 - over 4.5 m [15 ft] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.63	Thrie Beam Rail Beam	meter [Linear Foot]
606.64	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Double Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.65	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Single Rail	meter [Linear Foot]
606.66	Terminal End Thrie Beam	Each
606.70	Transition Section - Thrie Beam	Each
606.71	Guardrail Thrie Beam - 4.5 m [15 ft] radius and less	meter [Linear Foot]
606.72	Guardrail Thrie Beam - over 4.5 m [15 ft] radius	meter [Linear Foot]
606.73	Guardrail Thrie Beam - Single Rail Bridge Mounted	meter [Linear Foot]
606.74	Guardrail Type 3 - Single Rail Bridge Mounted	meter [Linear Foot]
606.753	Widen Shoulder for Low Volume Guardrail End - Type 3	Each
606.754	Widen Shoulder for Guardrail 350 Flared Terminal	Each
606.78	Low Volume Guardrail End - Type 3	Each
606.79	Guardrail 350 Flared Terminal	Each



1. ReflectORIZED Flexible Guardrail Markers shall be from Maine DOT's Approved Product List of Guardrail Material.

2. Installation:

- a. Each bolt-hole diameter shall be the bolt diameter +  $1/16$ ".
- b. Wood post attachment - attach marker with 2,  $5/16$ " diameter zinc-coated lag bolts, having 2" of embedment into wood post.
- c. Steel post attachment - attach marker with 2,  $1/4$ " diameter zinc-coated bolt, washer and nut assemblies, having  $1/2$ " of bolt extension behind steel post.
- d. When provided by the marker manufacturer, a stiffening pipe shall be inserted into the base of the marker prior to drilling bolt holes and shall remain in-place.



## REFLECTORIZED FLEXIBLE GUARDRAIL MARKER DETAILS

606(34)

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 608**  
**DETECTABLE WARNINGS**  
**(Cast Iron)**

Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing curb ramp detectable warning plates with truncated domes at the locations shown on the plans or as established by the Resident.

**MATERIALS**

Detectable Warnings The Contractor shall provide new cast iron detectable warning plates as manufactured by one of the manufacturers listed on Maine DOT's Qualified Products list of Cast Iron Detectable Warning Plates. This list can be found at:

<http://www.maine.gov/mdot/transportation-research/qpl.php>

Each field shall match the width of the ramp and shall have a natural finish.

Prior to starting this work, the Contractor shall submit for approval the name of the selected supplier, manufacturer's literature describing the product, installation procedures, and routine maintenance required.

Concrete Portland cement concrete shall meet the requirements of Section 502, Structural Concrete, Class A

**CONSTRUCTION REQUIREMENTS**

Existing Concrete Curb Ramps Existing Concrete shall be saw-cut to a dimension 100mm [4 in] larger than the detectable warning plates. New concrete shall be placed in the resulting opening and finished, and the new plates set into the wet concrete, according to manufacturer recommendations. New plates shall be set square with the curb edge and the base of the truncated domes shall be flush with adjacent surfaces to allow proper drainage.

New Concrete Curb Ramps New concrete shall be placed and finished for the ramp, and the new plates set into the wet concrete, according to manufacturer recommendations. New plates shall be set square with the curb edge and the base of the truncated domes shall be flush with adjacent surfaces to allow proper drainage

New Asphalt Ramps Asphalt shall be saw cut and removed to provide an opening that will allow for the dimensions of the cast iron plate surrounded by an additional 100mm [4 in] border on all sides of the plate. New concrete shall be placed in the resulting opening and finished, and the new plates set into the wet concrete, according to manufacturer

recommendations. New plates shall be set square with the curb edge and the base of the truncated domes shall be flush with adjacent surfaces to allow proper drainage.

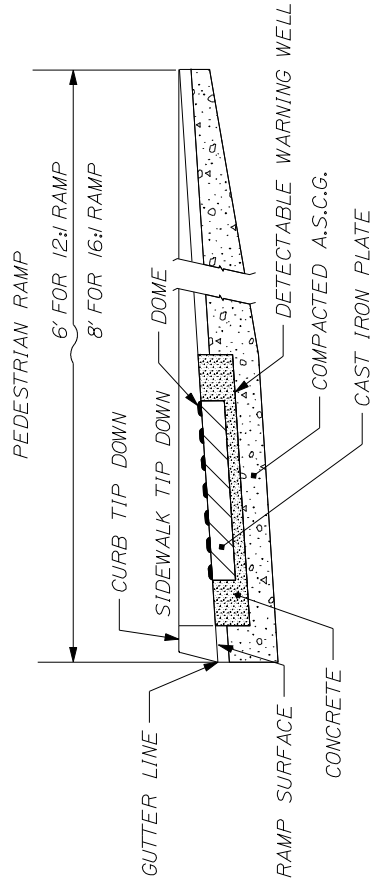
Method of Measurement Detectable warning fields properly placed and accepted shall be measured for payment by the square meter [ft<sup>2</sup>]. Measurement shall include actual plate area, not surrounding concrete.

Basis of Payment Payment will be full compensation at the contract unit price for all labor, materials, and equipment required to install the detectable warning fields. This shall include surface preparation and removal of concrete or asphalt, and necessary replacement concrete. On new concrete ramps, concrete shall be paid for under separate items

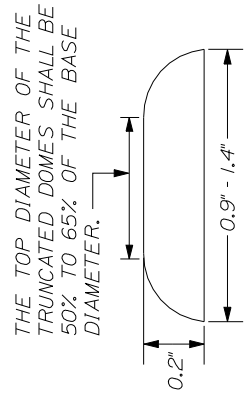
Pay Item	Pay Unit
608.26      Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field	Square Meter [Square Foot]

VIEWS AND DETAILS OF THE DETECTABLE WARNING

(NOT TO SCALE)

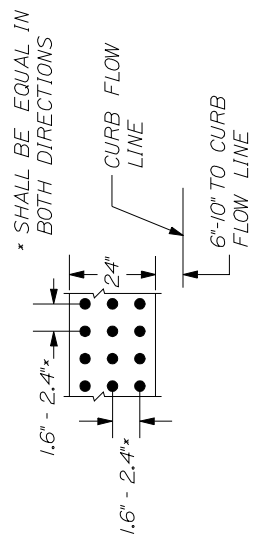


SIDE SECTION VIEW OF  
DETECTABLE WARNING, WELL, CURB AND GUTTER



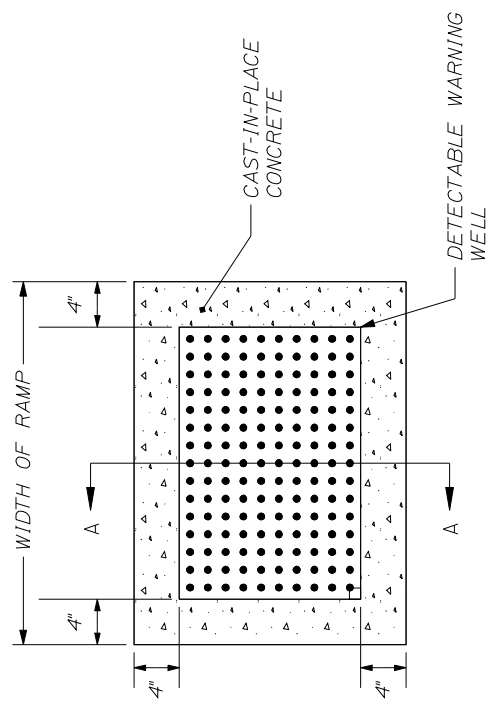
ELEVATION VIEW

THE TOP DIAMETER OF THE TRUNCATED DOMES SHALL BE 50% TO 65% OF THE BASE DIAMETER.

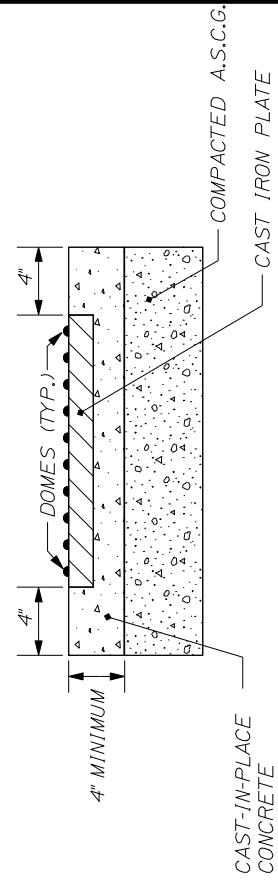


PLAN VIEW

DOMES AND DETECTABLE WARNING DETAILS



PLAN VIEW OF  
DETECTABLE WARNING AND WELL



SECTION A-A

NOTE: ALL DETECTABLE WARNING AREAS SHALL START 6'-10" FROM THE FLOW LINE OF THE CURB, BE 24" IN DEPTH, AND COVER THE COMPLETE WIDTH OF THE RAMP AREA ONLY.

SPECIAL PROVISIONS  
 SECTION 621  
 LANDSCAPE

( Plant Species Specification and Quantities List )

The following list of items provides the estimated quantities for use on this project. The scientific name of the plant material is provided along with the common name in parenthesis.

The contractor shall follow MDOT Standard Specifications Rev. December, 2002 for landscape materials and installation procedures (sec 621).

The MDOT Landscape Architect or his designee will be available to inspect plant materials and stake the location of plant materials at the time of planting.

In accordance with Section 104.5.9, a separate Performance Bond will not be required for the Landscape portion of this contract. A Maintenance Bond for a Two-Year Establishment period in the full value of the planting contract shall be included in this project.

PLANT MATERIALS

ITEM NO	Description	Unit	Quantity	Total
621.126	Small Deciduous Trees 6' – 8' Group A	Ea.		5
	Malus 'Snow Drift' (Snow Drift Crabapple)		5	
621.138	Small Deciduous Trees 1½" – 2" cal. B&B Group A	Ea.		5
	Malus 'Donald Wyman' (Wyman Crabapple)		5	
621.268	Large Deciduous Trees 1¾" – 2" cal. Gp. B			5
	Quercus palustris (Pin Oak)		5	
621.401	Evergreen Shrubs 2' – 2½' Group A			36
	Taxus media 'Hatfieldii' (Hatfield Yew)		24	
	Juniperus pfitzer compacta		12	
621.523	Deciduous Shrubs 15" – 18"	Ea.		
	Myrica pensylvanica (Bayberry)		36	
621.540	Deciduous Shrubs 18" – 24" Group A	Ea.		31
	Ilex verticillata 'Winter Red'		13	
	Rosa Rugosa (Beach Rose)		18	
621.8	Two-Year Establishment Period	LS		LS
	Two-Year Maintenance Establishment Period		LS	

\* \* \*

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 627  
PAVEMENT MARKINGS

The last paragraph of Subsection 627.10, Basis of Payment is revised by the addition of the following:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
627.733 4" White or Yellow Painted Pavement Marking Line	LF

SPECIAL PROVISION  
Section 634 and 643  
Highway Lighting and Traffic Signals

Section 634.09 testing of highway lighting, the first sentence shall be amended as follows:

Before acceptance of the work, the contractor shall cause the following tests to be made on all lighting circuits, by a licensed electrician.

The tests do not need to be performed in the presence of the Resident, but the test results shall be recorded on the Highway Lighting Quality Control Check List and submitted to the Resident by the Contractor for acceptance. The form shall be signed by the licensed electrician certifying that the highway lighting meets the requirements of section 634.09.

Subsection 634.14, field testing of Traffic Signals, the first sentence shall be amended as follows:

Before acceptance of the work the contractor shall cause the following tests to be made on all traffic signal equipment and circuits, by a licensed electrician.

The tests do not need to be performed in the presence of the Resident, but the test results shall be recorded on the Traffic Signal Quality Control Check List and submitted to the Resident by the Contractor for acceptance. The form shall be signed by the licensed electrician certifying that the signal equipment and circuits meet the requirements of section 634.14.

# Highway Lighting Quality Control Checklist

## Subsection 634.09 Field Testing

Project Pin # \_\_\_\_\_

Location (if multiple services, please be specific)- \_\_\_\_\_

Grounding Electrode Resistance at service \_\_\_\_\_

Number of Circuits \_\_\_\_\_

Hand-Off-Auto Switch? \_\_\_\_\_

### Circuit #1

**Open Circuit Resistance-** (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Megger Test-** (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Current draw-** (during normal operation)                      Leg #1      Leg #2  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Operating Voltage at last pole** \_\_\_\_\_

### Circuit #2

**Open Circuit Resistance-** (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Megger Test-** (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Current draw-** (during normal operation)                      Leg #1      Leg #2  
\_\_\_\_\_

**Operating Voltage at last pole** \_\_\_\_\_

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that this work was done in accordance with subsection 643.14 and current NEC \_\_\_\_\_ guidelines, and when tested, was functioning as intended. (YEAR)

Electrician's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Electrician's License # \_\_\_\_\_



# Highway Lighting Quality Control Checklist

## Subsection 634.09 Field Testing

Project Pin # \_\_\_\_\_

Location (if multiple services, please be specific)- \_\_\_\_\_

Grounding Electrode Resistance at service \_\_\_\_\_

Number of Circuits \_\_\_\_\_

Hand-Off-Auto Switch? \_\_\_\_\_

### Circuit #3

**Open Circuit Resistance-** (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Megger Test-** (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Current draw-** (during normal operation) Leg #1 \_\_\_\_\_ Leg #2 \_\_\_\_\_

**Operating Voltage at last pole** \_\_\_\_\_

### Circuit #4

**Open Circuit Resistance-** (Ohm out both hot legs at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Megger Test-** (Meg out both hot legs to ground at the cabinet while they are shorted together at the last pole and the fuse holders are disconnected at each pole) \_\_\_\_\_

**Current draw-** (during normal operation) Leg #1 \_\_\_\_\_ Leg #2 \_\_\_\_\_

**Operating Voltage at last pole** \_\_\_\_\_

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that this work was done in accordance with subsection 643.14 and current NEC \_\_\_\_\_ guidelines, and when tested, was functioning as intended. (YEAR)

Electrician's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Electrician's License # \_\_\_\_\_

# Traffic Signal Quality Control Checklist

## Subsection 643.14 Field Testing

Project Pin # \_\_\_\_\_

Grounding Electrode Resistance at service \_\_\_\_\_

ID tags on loop amps / detector cards? \_\_\_\_\_

**Location** \_\_\_\_\_

Street Approach	_____		
Loop #	_____	Resistance	_____
Phase #	_____	Meg to ground	_____
L,C, or R Lane	_____	Amount of bondo covering loop	_____
Pulse or Presence	_____		

Street Approach	_____		
Loop #	_____	Resistance	_____
Phase #	_____	Meg to ground	_____
L,C, or R Lane	_____	Amount of bondo covering loop	_____
Pulse or Presence	_____		

Street Approach	_____		
Loop #	_____	Resistance	_____
Phase #	_____	Meg to ground	_____
L,C, or R Lane	_____	Amount of bondo covering loop	_____
Pulse or Presence	_____		

I, \_\_\_\_\_, certify that this work was done in accordance with subsection 643.14 and current NEC \_\_\_\_\_ guidelines, and when tested, was functioning as intended. (YEAR)

Electrician's Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Electrician's License # \_\_\_\_\_

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 643**  
**TRAFFIC SIGNALS**

626.034 Concrete Foundations Pre-cast foundations shall not be permitted for the traffic signal structures.

643.01 Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing all equipment necessary for the installation of traffic signals, all in reasonably close conformity with the plans.

643.022 Paint All signal equipment shall have a painted black powder coat finish.

Under 643.023 Design and Fabrication, add the following to the end of the first paragraph:

Cantilevered signal support structures with mast arms shall be classified as Fatigue Category III with Fatigue Importance Factors (If) of 0.59 for Natural Wind Gusts and 0.68 for Truck-Induced Gusts unless specified otherwise on the contract plans.

If Category II is specified on the contract plans, the Fatigue Importance Factors (If) shall be 0.80 for Natural Wind Gusts and 0.84 for Truck-Induced Gusts. If Category I is specified on the contract plans, the Fatigue Importance Factors (If) shall be 1.0 for Natural Wind Gusts and 1.0 for Truck-Induced Gusts.

Designing for fatigue induced by Galloping or Vortex Shedding is not required for traffic signal structures with mast or bracket arms.

643.09 Service Connection, add the following after the last paragraph:

"All meter mounting devices shall be installed so that the meters will be upright (plumb). They shall be installed with the top of the meter not less than 1.2 M [48 in] nor more than 1.5 M [60 in] from the floor to the final grade. Exceptions to this height requirement will be made where special permission has been given to install group or modular metering, overall metering enclosures, or pole-mounted meters. Level grade shall be maintained for a minimum of 1.0 M [3 ft] in front of the meter enclosure to provide a safe working space. In order to meet this requirement on uneven terrain, as an option, the Contractor may install a pressure-treated wood platform.

For any non-residential (industrial or commercial) self-contained meter socket the by-pass requirements are single phase, 100 or 150 amp, single handle lever operated. The Contractor shall meet all requirements and regulations of Utility Companies when installing equipment on their poles and for the service connection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to contact the appropriate Utility to determine their specific requirements."

643.19 Basis of Payment. Traffic signals will be paid for at the contract lump sum price, which payment will be full compensation for furnishing and installing all materials, both new and reused, including, but not limited to controllers, cabinets, electrical service, meter, vehicular heads, pedestrian heads, push buttons, wiring, cable, pole risers, LED lamps, luminaries and fixtures, overhead signage, pedestrian signage and all appurtenances and incidentals required for a complete functioning installation and for furnishing all tools and labor necessary for completing the installation. Temporary traffic signals and temporary vehicle detection will not be paid for separately and shall be incidental to item 643.80.

Video detection systems shall be paid for at the contract lump sum price and shall include all appurtenances and incidentals required for a complete functioning installation and for furnishing all tools and labor necessary for completing the installation.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>		<u>Pay Unit</u>
626.11	Precast Concrete Junction Box	Each
626.22	Non-metallic Conduit	Meter
626.31	450mm Foundation	Each
626.331	900mm Foundation	Each
626.35	Controller Cabinet Foundation	Each
643.80	Traffic Signal At Main/Bridge	Lump Sum
643.83	Video Detection System	Lump Sum

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 635  
WET CAST SMALL LANDSCAPE BLOCK WALL

The following replaces Section 635 in the Standard Specifications in its entirety:

635.01 Description The work under this item shall consist of the design, fabrication, furnishing and construction of a Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall in accordance with these specifications and in conformance with the lines and grades shown on the Plans, or established by the Resident. The Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall shall consist of blocks made of Structural Precast concrete made from Portland cement, water, chemical admixtures, and aggregates, supported on concrete leveling pads, and if required, geosynthetic reinforced backfill. The concrete blocks used in this system should have dimensions 18 inches or less wide and 6.5 inches high at the face, with a pattern to simulate small stones or cobbles.

Included in the scope of the wall construction are: geotechnical design of any wall with an exposed height greater than 2.5 ft or as specified on the Plans, all grading necessary for wall construction, compaction of the wall foundation soil, backfill, piped drainage, construction of leveling pads, and concrete wall unit installation. The top of the upper row of concrete wall units shall be at or above the top of the face elevation shown on the Plans.

635.02 Quality Assurance The wall system shall be one of the approved combinations of facing block and soil reinforcement systems noted in the Plans or on the Department's Qualified Products List (QPL). Alternate wall systems will not be considered for this item.

All design calculations and Shop Drawings shall be signed and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine.

The Contractor shall require the wall design-supplier to provide an on-site, qualified experienced technical representative to advise the Contractor concerning proper installation procedures. The technical representative shall be on-site during initial stages of installation and thereafter shall remain available for consultation as necessary for the Contractor or as required by the Resident.

635.03 Materials Materials for walls shall meet the requirements of the following sections of Division 700:

Gravel Borrow	703.20
Underdrain Backfill Type C	703.22
Underdrain Pipe	706.06 or 706.09
Reinforcing Steel	709.01
Structural Precast Concrete Units	712.061
Reinforcement Geotextile	722.01
Drainage Geosynthetic	722.02

The Contractor is cautioned that all of the materials listed are not required for every Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall. The Contractor shall furnish the Resident a Materials Certification Letter certifying that the applicable materials comply with this section of the specifications. Materials shall meet the following additional requirements:

635.031 Concrete Units The Materials Certification Letter described above shall contain the date of concrete casting, a lot identification number, compressive strength results, and entrained air results. All prefabricated concrete units shall conform to the requirements of 712.061 with the following exceptions:

- A. **Materials.** Materials are modified as follows: the maximum water cement ratio shall be 0.42, use of calcium nitrite is not required, and the minimum 28 day compressive strength shall be 4600 psi.
- B. **Quality Control and Quality Assurance.** Quality Control and Quality Assurance is modified as follows: delete the second and third paragraphs.
- C. **Construction.** Construction requirements are modified as follows:  
Delete the second paragraph and replace it with the following:  
All units for a designated wall system, including end blocks, steps, caps and other wall units shall be manufactured from the same material sources of aggregates, brand and type of cement and color pigment.
- Replace the first sentence in the paragraph which begins "The forms shall remain ..." with the following:  
The forms shall remain in place until the concrete has gained sufficient strength such that removal of the forms and subsequent handling will not damage the units.
- Replace the paragraph which begins "A minimum of 8 ...." With the following:  
The Contractor shall make and test at least one set of cylinders for every 50 yd<sup>3</sup> of production concrete used to cast the concrete units.
- Replace the paragraph which begins "At least once ..." with the following:  
The Contractor shall make four cylinders for use by the Department for every 200 yd<sup>3</sup>.
- Add the following paragraph at the end of the Construction section:  
Face texture of the units shall be a formed finish on all exposed surfaces. Pigment shall be added during the casting process of the concrete unit to achieve a consistent shade of gray or other color as determined by the Resident.
- D. **Tolerances.** Maximum dimensional deviation of formed unit dimensions shall not vary more than 1/8-inch or the manufacturer's published tolerances, whichever is less. All units not meeting the specified tolerances will be rejected.

635.032 Geosynthetic Reinforcement Geosynthetic Reinforcement shall be as required by the proprietary wall system manufacturer or wall designer. Geosynthetic reinforcement shall consist of a geotextile or geogrid approved by the Geotechnical Engineer. Substitution of a geosynthetic other than that required by the proprietary wall system manufacturer shall not be allowed unless approved by the Geotechnical Engineer after submittal of shop drawings and pullout and interface friction test data.

- A. **Geotextiles and Thread for Sewing.** Woven or nonwoven geotextiles shall consist of long chain polymeric filaments or yarns formed into a stable network such that the filaments or yarns retain their position relative to each other during handling, placement, and design life. At least 95 percent by weight of the long chain polymer shall be polyolefin or polyester. The material shall be free of defects and tears. Geotextiles used for reinforcement shall conform as a minimum to the properties indicated for 722.01, Stabilization/Reinforcement Geotextile and shall meet the requirements of part D and E below. Geotextiles shall have a minimum permeability greater or equal to that shown on the Shop Drawings and the reinforced soil permeability.
- B. **Geogrids.** The geogrid shall be a regular network of integrally formed polymeric tensile elements with aperture geometry sufficient to permit significant mechanical interlock with the surrounding soil or rock. The geogrid structure shall be dimensionally stable and able to retain its geometry under manufacture, transport and installation. Geogrids shall conform as a minimum to the criteria specified in part D and E below.

- C. Required Properties. The specific geosynthetic materials shall be preapproved and shall have the ultimate tensile strength ( $T_{ult}$ ) shown on the approved Shop Drawings for the geosynthetic specified and for the fill type shown.  $T_{ult}$  shall be determined from wide width tests specified in ASTM D 4595 for geotextiles and ASTM D 6637 or GRI:GG1 for geogrids. The ultimate tensile strength value is based on the minimum average roll values (MARV) for the product.
- D. The geosynthetic shall conform to the following criteria:
1. PP and HDPE: Min. retained strength of 70 percent after 150 hours, per ASTM D-4355.
  2. HDPE: Grade = E-4, E-5, E-8, E-9, E-10, E-11, J-3, J-4, or J-5, per ASTM D-1248.
  3. PET: Molecular weight ( $M_n$ ) > 25,000, per GRI:GG8 and ASTM D-4603.
  4. PET: Carboxyl end group (CEG)  $\geq 15$  mmol/kg, GRI:GG7.
  5. All polymers: Minimum Weight per Unit Area of 8 oz/yd<sup>2</sup>, per ASTM D-5261.
  6. All Polymers: Maximum 0 percent post consumer recycled material by weight.
  7. A default total reduction factor for creep, durability, and installation damage of RF = 7 may be used in design, provided the criteria of 2 through 6 are satisfied and 1 is adjusted to 70 percent after 500 hours is satisfied.
- E. Manufacturer Quality Control. The geosynthetic reinforcements shall be manufactured with a high degree of quality control. The Manufacturer is responsible for establishing and maintaining a quality control program to ensure compliance with the requirements of the specification. The purpose of the QC testing program is to verify that the reinforcement geosynthetic being supplied to the project is representative of the material used for performance testing and approval. Conformance testing shall be performed as part of the manufacturing process and may vary for each type of product. As a minimum the following index tests shall be considered as applicable for an acceptable QA/QC program:
- | <u>Property</u>                   | <u>Test Procedure</u> |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|
| 1. Specific Gravity (HDPE only)   | ASTM D-1505           |
| 2. Ultimate Tensile Strength      | ASTM D-4595 GRI:GG1   |
| 3. Melt Flow (HDPE and PP only)   | ASTM D-1238           |
| 4. Intrinsic Viscosity (PET only) | ASTM D-4603           |
| 5. Carboxyl End Group (PET only)  | ASTM D-2455           |
- F. Sampling Testing and Acceptance. Sampling and conformance testing shall be in accordance with ASTM D-4354. Conformance testing procedures are established above. Geosynthetic product acceptance shall be based on ASTM D-4759. The quality control certificate shall include:
1. Roll numbers and identification
  2. Sampling procedures
  3. Results of quality control tests, including a description of test methods used.
- G. Certification. The Contractor shall submit a manufacturer's certification that the geosynthetics supplied meet the respective index criteria set when the geosynthetic was approved, measured in full accordance with all test methods and standards specified, or referenced, in this specification.

The manufacturer's certificate shall state that the furnished geosynthetic meets the requirements of these specifications as evaluated by the manufacturer's quality control program. The values submitted shall be certified by a person having legal authority to bond the manufacturer. In case of dispute over validity of values, the Resident can require the Contractor to supply test data from an agency approved laboratory to support the values submitted, at the Contractor's cost.

635.033 Concrete Leveling Pad Concrete for leveling pads shall be Fill Concrete conforming to the requirements of Section 502 Structural Concrete. Unless otherwise specified, concrete for leveling pads shall be accepted under Method "C" requirements.

635.034 Drainage Stone Fill Concrete wall unit voids shall be filled with material that conforms to the requirements of Standard Specification 703.22, Underdrain Backfill Material, Type C. Compaction of the stone fill will be required before the block surfaces are cleaned to ensure good interface connection strength between geogrids and blocks.

635.035 Backfill Material Backfill material placed behind the concrete wall units shall meet the requirements of Section 703.20 Gravel Borrow, except that the backfill material shall only contain particles that will pass the 3-inch square mesh sieve. The contractor is required to submit a grain size distribution curve (ASTM D 422) and a moisture-density relationship curve (AASHTO T-180) for acceptance of the proposed backfill material and determination of the appropriate installation damage reduction factor ( $RF_D$ ).

Walls with reinforced backfill also require that the backfill material be subjected to pH testing to determine the appropriate durability reduction factor ( $RF_D$ ).

635.036 Materials Certificate Letter The Contractor, or the supplier as their agent, shall furnish the Resident a Materials Certificate Letter for the above materials, including the backfill material, in accordance with Section 700 of the Standard Specifications. A copy of all test results performed by the Contractor or their supplier necessary to assure contract compliance shall also be furnished to the Resident. The Resident will base acceptance upon the materials Certificate Letter, accompanying test reports, and visual inspection.

635.04 Design Requirements The wall shall be designed with a service life of not less than 75 years. The Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall shall be designed and sealed by a Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Maine. The wall shall be designed in accordance with the following:

1. AASHTO LRFD Bridge Design Specifications, current edition, herein referred to as LRFD
2. FHWA-NHI-10-024 and FHWA-NHI-10-025 Design and Construction of Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, Volumes 1 and 2, 2010
3. FHWA-NHI-09-087 Corrosion/Degradation of Soil Reinforcements for Mechanically Stabilized Earth Walls and Reinforced Soil Slopes, 2009
4. The Contract Plans
5. The requirements specified herein
6. The manufacturer's requirements

Where conflicting requirements occur, the more stringent requirements shall govern.

Forty-five days prior to beginning construction of the wall, the design computations shall be submitted to the Resident for review by the Geotechnical Engineer. Any additional design or costs arising as a result of rejection of a wall design by the Geotechnical Engineer shall be borne by the Contractor.

Design calculations that consist of computer program generated output shall be supplemented with at least one hand calculation and graphic demonstrating the design methodology used. Design calculations shall provide thorough documentation of the sources of equations used and material properties. The design by the wall system supplier shall consider the stability of the wall as outlined below and in the Contract Documents:

- A. Failure Plane The theoretical failure plane within the reinforced soil mass shall be determined in accordance with LRFD Article 11 and be analyzed so that the soil stabilizing



components extend sufficiently beyond the failure plane within the reinforced soil mass to stabilize the material.

- B. External Loads External loads which affect the internal and external stability such as those applied through traffic loadings, impact on traffic barrier posts, slope surcharge, hydrostatic, and seismic loads shall be accounted for in the design. Traffic surcharge and traffic impact loads shall be calculated and applied in compliance with LRFD Section 11.
- C. External Stability Loads and load combinations selected for design shall be consistent with LRFD. Application of load factors shall be taken as specified in LRFD Section 11. Sliding resistance factors and bearing resistance factors shall be consistent with LRFD. Overturning and sliding provisions of LRFD shall apply.
- D. Internal Stability Evaluation of reinforcement pullout, reinforcement rupture and reinforcement/block connection pullout or rupture shall be consistent with LRFD Section 11, and checked at each level. Loads, load combinations and load factors shall be as specified in LRFD Section 11. Resistance factors for internal design are specified in LRFD Section 11. Maximum reinforcement loads shall be calculated using the Simplified Method approach. Calculations for factored stresses and resistances shall be based upon assumed conditions at the end of the design life.
- a. Geosynthetic Reinforcement Design Tensile Resistance The nominal long term reinforcement design strength ( $T_{ai}$ ) shall be determined by reducing  $T_{ult}$  by reduction factors (RF) in accordance with the documents referenced above. The designer shall procure and use the manufacturers tested and certified geosynthetic reinforcement reduction factors for creep ( $RF_{CR}$ ), durability ( $RF_D$ ), and installation damage ( $RF_{ID}$ ) to determine  $T_{ai}$ . In absence of manufacturers tested and certified reduction factors, a combined default reduction factor  $RF = 7$  shall be used in accordance with the referenced documents. For  $RF_{ID}$ , the installation damage reduction factor shall be checked in accordance with LRFD and FHWA-NHI-00-044.
- b. Reinforcement/Facing Connection Design Strength The nominal long-term connection strength between the geosynthetic reinforcement and the concrete blocks shall be checked in accordance with LRFD and FHWA-NHI-10-024 and FHWA-NHI-10-025, Volumes 1 and 2.
- c. Reinforcement Pullout The pullout resistance factor, ( $F^*$ ), and scale effect correction factor ( $\alpha$ ) used in pullout design, shall be determined from project specific pullout tests using the proposed geosynthetic in the specified project backfill material or equivalent soil. The pullout resistance factors shall be determined in accordance with LRFD and FHWA-NHI-10-024 and FHWA-NHI-10-025, Volumes 1 and 2. In the absence of test data, empirical relationships may be used to determine the pullout resistance factors, any empirical relationships used in design shall be referenced in the design calculations.
- E. Backfill and Foundation Soils Parameters The friction angle of the backfill used in the reinforced fill zone for internal stability design shall be assumed have a friction angle of 34 degrees unless specific project select backfill is tested for frictional strength. The friction angle of the foundation soils and random backfill shall be assumed to be 30 degrees unless otherwise shown on the plans.
- F. Reinforcement Length The soil reinforcement shall be the same length from the bottom to the top of each wall section. The reinforcement length defining the width of the entire reinforced soil mass may vary with wall height. The minimum length of the soil

reinforcement shall be 5 ft, but shall not be less than 70 percent of the wall height, H, for walls with level surcharges, or 70 percent of H1 for walls with a sloped surcharge. Reinforcement length will be determined by the geotechnical wall designer. The mechanical wall height, H or H1, shall be the vertical difference between the top of the leveling footing and the elevation at which the failure surface, as described above, intercepts the ground surface supported by the wall.

- G. Bearing Resistance The factored bearing pressures under the Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall shall be clearly indicated on the Shop Drawings. Walls shall be dimensioned so that the factored bearing resistance of the foundation soils, as noted on the Plans, is not exceeded.
- H. Facing Stability Stability calculations for the concrete facing blocks shall be in accordance with LRFD, and shall include an evaluation of the maximum vertical spacing between reinforcement layers.
- I. Stability During Construction Walls shall be designed to resist failure by instability of temporary construction slope. Passive pressure in front of the wall mass shall be assumed to be zero for design purposes.
- J. Design Life The wall design life shall be a minimum of 75 years.
- K. Depth of Embedment The depth of embedment for frost protection and stability shall be at or below the elevation shown on the Plans and the approved Shop Drawings.
- L. Drainage System Piped drainage shall be designed to collect and dispose of water from the base of the reinforced soil zone and backfill soil. This shall outlet into surrounding drainage systems or ditches.

635.05 Submittals. The Contractor shall supply wall design computations, wall details, dimensions, quantities, and cross sections necessary to construct the wall. A sample hand calculation including all equations, parameter values used, units, theory, free-body diagram, comparison to design requirements, etc. shall be provided. Spreadsheet calculations alone are not acceptable.

Forty-five (45) days prior to beginning construction of the wall, four (4) sets of the wall design computations and Shop Drawings shall be submitted to the Resident for review by the Geotechnical Engineer. Mix design information shall be submitted at the same time, including aggregate source, current gradation, aggregate quality information and concrete unit weight.

The contractor shall also submit backfill material test results as part of the wall submittal package. Backfill material test results shall include grain size distribution curve, moisture-density relationship curve, and pH test results required for reinforced backfill only.

If geotechnical design is required, the fully detailed plans shall be prepared in conformance with Section 105 and shall include, but not be limited to the following items:

- A. A plan and elevation sheet or sheets for each wall, containing the following: elevations at the top of leveling pads, the distance along the face of the wall to all steps in the leveling pads, the location of the original and final ground line.
- B. All details for foundations and leveling pads, including details for steps in the leveling pads, as well as allowable and actual maximum bearing pressures shall be provided.
- C. Details for the barriers, posts, curbs, steps and facing as required by the project conditions.

- D. Design computations prepared and sealed by a licensed Professional Engineer.
- E. Prior to the beginning of construction, the contractor shall supply the Resident with two copies of the design-supplier's Installation Manual. In addition, the Contractor shall have two copies of the Installation Manual on the project site.

635.06 Construction Requirements The Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall shall have the following construction requirements:

- A. Excavation. The excavation and use as fill of all excavated material shall meet the requirements of Section 203 -- Excavation and Embankment, except as modified herein.
- B. Foundation. The area upon which the Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall structure is to rest, and within the limits shown on the submitted plans, shall be graded for a width equal to, or exceeding, the length of the blocks. Prior to wall and leveling pad construction, this foundation material shall be compacted to at least 95 percent of maximum laboratory dry density (AASHTO T-180 Method C or D). Frozen and unsuitable soil shall be removed and replaced with gravel borrow compacted to 95 percent of AASHTO T-180, or as shown on the plans.

A concrete leveling pad shall be constructed a minimum width of 6 inches beyond the front and back of the concrete wall units, or as indicated on the plans. Dimensions may be modified per the wall supplier's recommendations, with written approval of the Geotechnical Engineer. The leveling pad shall be cast to the design elevations as shown on the plans, or as required by the wall supplier upon written approval of the Geotechnical Engineer.

The allowable elevation tolerances from the design elevations are +0.01 ft and -0.02 ft. Leveling pads which do not meet this requirement shall be repaired or replaced as directed by the Resident at no additional cost to the Department. Placement of wall units may begin after the strength of the concrete leveling pad reaches 1000 psi or is adequate to support the proposed loads. Contractor may begin placement of concrete block units after 12 hours at their own risk.

- C. Method and Equipment. Prior to erection of the wall, the Contractor shall furnish the Resident with detailed information concerning the proposed construction method and equipment to be used. The erection procedure shall be in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions. Any units that are damaged due to handling will be replaced at the Contractor's expense.
- D. Installation of Concrete Wall Units. A field representative from the wall system being used shall be available, as needed, during the erection of the wall. The services of the representative shall be at no additional cost to the project.

The contractor shall place the first course of wall units directly on the leveling pad and check for level and alignment. Adjacent units should be in contact. The prefabricated concrete wall units shall be installed to a tolerance of plus or minus 3/4 inch in 10 ft in vertical and horizontal alignment.

Fill all voids between and within the wall units with drainage stone as described in this specification. Stone infill shall be compacted by hand tamping with a rod. The drainage stone fill shall extend a minimum of 6 in behind the tails of the wall units unless a geotextile filter is placed over the inside joint at the back of adjacent wall units. If used, the drainage geotextile shall conform to the requirements of Section 722.02.

The top course of blocks and all coping units shall be installed using adhesive or other method of permanent attachment as recommended by the manufacturer.

- E. Backfill Placement. Backfill placement shall closely follow the erection of each row of prefabricated wall units. The maximum lift thickness shall be 8 inches loose. The Contractor shall decrease the lift thickness if necessary to obtain the specified density. The backfill shall be compacted in accordance with Section 203.12 except that the minimum required compaction shall be at least 92 percent of maximum density as determined by AASHTO T-180 Method C or D. Backfill compaction shall be accomplished without disturbance or displacement of the concrete wall units. Sheepsfoot rollers will not be allowed. Whenever a compaction test fails, no additional backfill shall be placed over the area until the lift is recompacted and a passing test achieved.

The moisture content of the backfill material prior to and during compaction shall be uniform throughout each layer. Backfill material shall have a placement moisture content less than or equal to the optimum moisture content. Backfill material with placement moisture content in excess of the optimum moisture content shall be removed and reworked until the moisture content is uniform and acceptable throughout the entire lift. The optimum moisture content shall be determined in accordance with AASHTO T-180, Method C or D. At the end of the day's operations, the Contractor shall shape the last level of backfill so as to direct runoff of rainwater away from the wall face.

- F. Construction Certification Letter. The Contractor shall furnish the Resident a Construction Certification Letter describing how adequate compaction of the block infill material was accomplished and what QA/QC procedures were followed to ensure that this effort was continued throughout construction of the wall.

635.07 Method of Measurement Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall will be measured by the square meter of front surface not to exceed the dimensions shown on the Contract Plans unless authorized by the Resident. Vertical and horizontal dimensions will be from the edges of the blocks. No field measurements for computations will be made unless the Resident specifies, in writing, a change in the limits indicated on the Plans.

635.08 Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall will be paid for at the contract unit price per square meter complete in place. Payment shall be full compensation for furnishing geotechnical design as required, all labor, equipment and materials including all precast concrete units, aggregate fill, hardware, joint fillers, geosynthetic, drainage pipe, and technical field representative. Removal of any existing retaining walls will be considered excavation for this item. Excavation, foundation material and backfill material will all be incidental to the Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall.

Cost of cast-in-place concrete for leveling pad will not be paid for separately, but will be considered incidental to the Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall.

There will be no allowance for excavating and backfilling for the Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall beyond the limits shown on the approved submitted plans, except for excavation required to remove unsuitable subsoil in preparation for the foundation. Payment for excavating unsuitable subsoil shall be full compensation for all costs of pumping, drainage, sheeting, bracing and incidentals for proper execution of the work, and will be paid as common excavation in accordance with Section 203.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
635.32 Wet Cast Small Landscape Block Wall	Square Meter

**SPECIAL PROVISION**

**SECTION 636**

**Retaining Wall Steps**

Description This work shall consist of supplying steps for the retaining walls specified for this project. Steps shall be supplied by the same supplier as the wall being constructed. The steps shall be as per recommended by the wall manufacturer and conform with the wall shown on the plans.

Measurement Retaining Wall Steps will be measured per each unit complete and accepted in-place.

Basis of Payment The accepted quantity of Retaining Wall Steps will be paid for at the contract unit price per each complete, cleaned of debris and accepted in- place. The unit price shall be full compensation for any excavation, backfill, and grading needed and furnishing all materials, labor, equipment necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
636.29 Retaining Wall Steps	Each

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 643  
TRAFFIC SIGNALS

Under 643.023 Design and Fabrication, add the following to the end of the first paragraph:

Cantilevered signal support structures with mast arms shall be classified as Fatigue Category III with Fatigue Importance Factors ( $I_f$ ) of 0.59 for Natural Wind Gusts and 0.68 for Truck-Induced Gusts unless specified otherwise on the contract plans.

If Category II is specified on the contract plans, the Fatigue Importance Factors ( $I_f$ ) shall be 0.80 for Natural Wind Gusts and 0.84 for Truck-Induced Gusts. If Category I is specified on the contract plans, the Fatigue Importance Factors ( $I_f$ ) shall be 1.0 for Natural Wind Gusts and 1.0 for Truck-Induced Gusts.

Designing for fatigue induced by Galloping or Vortex Shedding is not required for traffic signal structures with mast or bracket arms.

643.09 Service Connection, add the following after the last paragraph:

“All meter mounting devices shall be installed so that the meters will be upright (plumb). They shall be installed with the top of the meter not less than 1.2 M [48 in] nor more than 1.5 M [60 in] from the floor to the final grade. Exceptions to this height requirement will be made where special permission has been given to install group or modular metering, overall metering enclosures, or pole-mounted meters. Level grade shall be maintained for a minimum of 1.0 M [3 ft] in front of the meter enclosure to provide a safe working space. In order to meet this requirement on uneven terrain, as an option, the Contractor may install a pressure-treated wood platform.

For any non-residential (industrial or commercial) self-contained meter socket the bypass requirements are single phase, 100 or 150 amp, single handle lever operated.

The Contractor shall meet all requirements and regulations of Utility Companies when installing equipment on their poles and for the service connection. It is the responsibility of the Contractor to contact the appropriate Utility to determine their specific requirements.”

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 645  
HIGHWAY SIGNING

Under 645.023 Support Structures, add the following to the first paragraph just prior to the last sentence:

Minimum fatigue design default values for cantilever & butterfly sign support structures shall be classified as Fatigue Category I with Fatigue Importance Factors (  $I_f$  ) of 1.0 for Galloping, 1.0 for Natural Wind Gusts and 1.0 for Truck-Induced Gusts. Bridge type sign support structures supporting variable message signs (VMS) shall also use this fatigue criteria in their design.

Minimum fatigue design default values for bridge type structures, without VMS, shall be classified as Fatigue Category II with Importance Factors ( $I_f$ ) of 0.65 for Galloping, 0.75 for Natural Wind Gusts and 0.89 for Truck-Induced Gusts.

Under 645 Support Structures, b. Bridge, Cantilever, and Butterfly Type Sign Supports, modify the 1<sup>st</sup> sentence in paragraph 2 to read:

“Signs shall be placed on the support structure such that the bottom edges are aligned (unless written consent from the Fabrication Engineer is obtained), while accommodating the minimum height requirement - see Section 645.06.

Modify the 4<sup>th</sup> sentence of paragraph 2 to read:

“This additional theoretical sign load shall be computed by: For single signs increasing the sign widths an additional 25% without changing the horizontal midpoint of the sign; For multiple signs the sign widths shall be increased 25% toward the outside sign edges. The height shall be increased 25% without changing the bottom edge elevation of the signs.”

Under 645.06 Installation of Type I Signs, b. Sign Panels, modify the 4<sup>th</sup> sentence of the 1st paragraph to read:

“Sign panels on overhead structures shall provide a minimum vertical clearance of 5.5 meters [18 ft] to the highest point of the roadway surface under the sign(s).

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 645  
HIGHWAY SIGNING  
(Flexible Reflectorized Delineator)

Description This work shall consist of furnishing and installing flexible reflectorized delineators in accordance with the Manufacturer's recommendations in reasonably close conformity with the plans and specifications.

Materials Flexible reflectorized delineators shall be one of the following:

<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>
Safe-Hit Corp.	Safe-Hit Co-extruded Type SH248GP3 Safe-Hit Co-extruded Type SH254GP3 Safe-Hit Co-extruded Type SH348GP3

Construction Requirements Flexible delineators shall be installed in accordance with Section 645.062 Installation of Delineators, except that the mounted height of the delineator shall be 1200 mm [4 ft] above the edge of shoulder.

Method of Measurement Flexible reflectorized delineators will be measured by the number of units complete in place.

Basis of Payment The accepted reflectorized delineators will be paid for at the contract unit price each. Such payment will be full compensation for furnishing and installing the delineator and all associated hardware complete in place.

Payment will be made under:

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
645.306 Flexible Reflectorized Delineator	Each



**SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 652  
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC  
(Traffic Officers)**

**Description.** This work shall consist of furnishing uniformed police officer(s) in the following situations:

- 1.) As directed by the Resident

**General**

The Contractor shall make requests for uniformed police officers a minimum of 48 hours in advance.

**Method of Measurement.** Traffic officers will be measured for payment by the number of man-hours measured to the nearest  $\frac{1}{4}$  hour.

**Basis of Payment.** The accepted quantity of traffic officers will be paid for at the contract unit price per man-hour with no additional payment for overtime. The contract unit price will be full compensation for transporting, equipping, supervising and the payment of traffic officers and police cruisers, and for all incidentals necessary to complete the work.

Payment will be made under:

<b>Pay Item</b>		<b>Pay Unit</b>
652.381	Traffic Officers	Man-hour

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 652**  
**MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC**  
**(Traffic Control)**

Failure by the contractor to follow the Contracts 652 Special Provisions and Standard Specification and/or The Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD) and/or The Contractors own Traffic Control Plan will result in a violation letter and result in a reduction in payment as shown in the schedule below. The Departments Resident or any other representative of The Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item. Any reduction in payment under this Special Provision will be in addition to forfeiting payment of maintenance of traffic control devices for that day.

**ORIGINAL CONTRACT AMOUNT**

from	Up to and	Amount of Penalty
<b><u>More Than</u></b>	<b><u>Including</u></b>	<b><u>Damages per Violation</u></b>
\$0	\$100,000	\$250
\$100,000	\$300,000	\$500
\$300,000	\$500,000	\$750
\$500,000	\$1,000,000	\$1,500
\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$2,500
\$2,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$5,000
\$4,000,000	and more	\$10,000

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 652  
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC  
Construction Sign Sheeting Material

Super high intensity fluorescent retroreflective sheeting, ASTM D 4956 - Type VII, Type VIII, or Type IX (prismatic), is required for all construction signs.

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 652  
MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

Approaches Approach signing shall include the following signs as a minimum. Field conditions may warrant the use of additional signs as determined by the Resident.

- Road work Next x Miles
- Road work 500 Feet
- End Road Work

Work Area At each work site, signs and channelizing devices shall be used as directed by the Resident. Signs include:

- Road Work xxxx <sup>1</sup>
- One Lane Road Ahead
- Flagger Sign

Other typical signs include:

- Be Prepared to Stop
- Low Shoulder
- Bump
- Pavement Ends

The above lists of Approach signs and Work Area signs are representative of the contract Requirements. Other sign legends may be required.

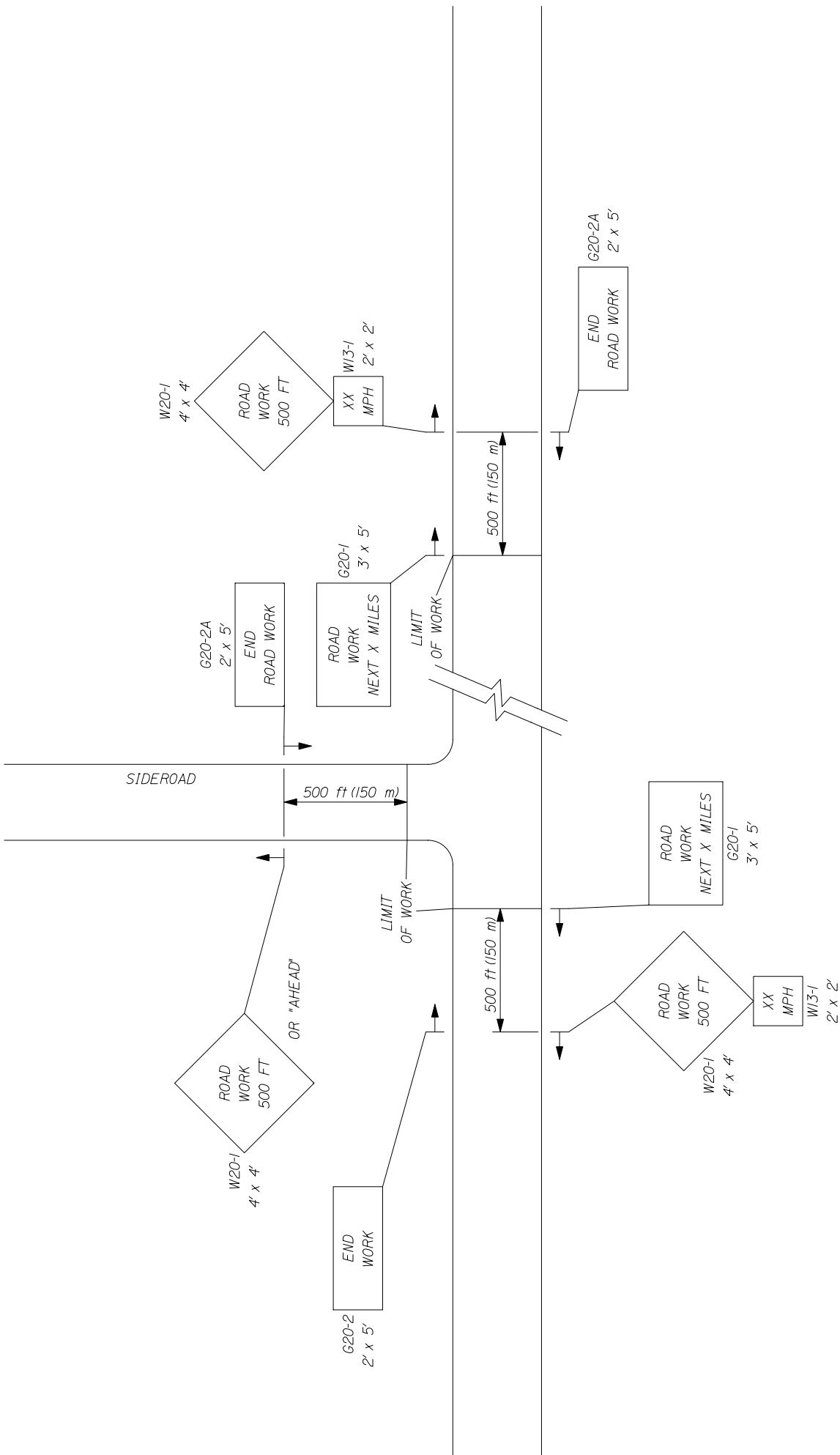
The Contractor shall conduct their operations in such a manner that the roadway will not be restricted to one lane for more than 800 m [2,500 ft] at each work area. To encourage quality paving in warm-weather conditions, the length can be extended to 4,000 ft depending on the traffic impacts. Where more than one work area restricts traffic to one lane operation, these work areas shall be separated by at least 1.6 km [1 mile] of two way operation.

**Temporary Centerline** A temporary centerline shall be placed each day on all new pavement to be used by traffic. The temporary centerline, when specified of reflectorized traffic paint, shall conform to the standard marking patterns used for permanent markings.

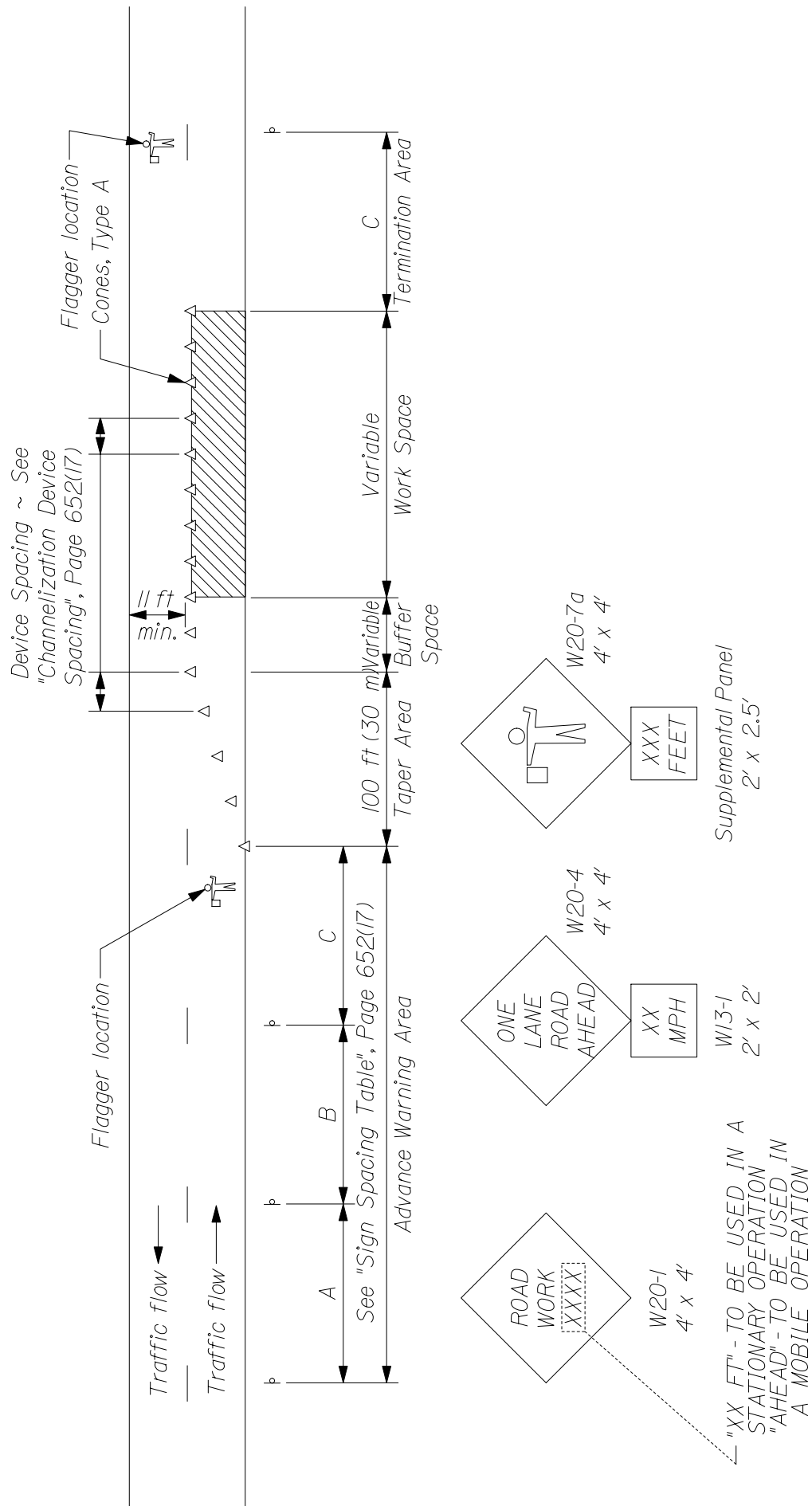
Failure to apply a temporary centerline daily will result in a Traffic Control Violation and suspension of paving operations until temporary markers are applied to all previously placed pavement.

<sup>1</sup> “Road Work Ahead” to be used in mobile operations and “Road Work xx ft” to be used in stationary operations as directed by the Resident.

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-- PROJECT APPROACH SIGNING --  
TWO WAY TRAFFIC



TYPICAL APPLICATION: TWO - WAY, TWO LANE ROADWAY, CLOSING ONE LANE USING FLAGGERS

\* Formulas for L are as follows:

For speed limits of 40 mph (60 km/h) or less:

$$L = \frac{WS^2}{60} \quad (L = \frac{WS^2}{155})$$

For speed limits of 45 mph (70 km/h) or greater:

$$L = WS \quad (L = \frac{WS}{1.6})$$

\* Formulas for L are as follows:

A minimum of 5 channelization devices shall be used in the taper.

TYPE OF TAPER	TAPER LENGTH (L)*
Merging Taper	at least L
Shifting Taper	at least 0.5L
Shoulder Taper	at least 0.33L
One-Lane, Two-Way Traffic Taper	100 ft (30 m) maximum
Downstream Taper	100 ft (30 m) per lane

#### CHANNELIZATION DEVICE SPACING

The spacing of channelization devices shall not exceed a distance equal to 1.0 times the speed limit in mph when used for taper channelization, and a distance in feet of 2.0 times the speed limit in mph when used for tangent channelization.

#### GENERAL NOTES;

1. Final placement of signs and devices may be changed to fit field conditions as approved by the Resident.

Road Type	Distance Between Signs**		
	A	B	C
Urban 30 mph (50 km/h) or less	100 (30)	100 (30)	100 (30)
Urban 35 mph (55 km/h) and greater	350 (100)	350 (100)	350 (100)
Rural	500 (150)	500 (150)	500 (150)
Expressway / Urban Parkway	2,640 (800)	1,500 (450)	1000 (300)

\*\*Distances are shown in feet (meters).

#### SUGGESTED BUFFER ZONE LENGTHS

Speed (mph)	Length (feet)	Speed (mph)	Length (feet)
20	115	40	325
25	155	45	360
30	200	50	425
35	250	55	495

**SPECIAL PROVISION****SECTION 656**

## Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control

The following is added to Section 656 regarding Project Specific Information and Requirements. All references to the Maine Department of Transportation Best Management Practices for Erosion and Sedimentation Control (a.k.a. Best Management Practices manual or BMP Manual) are a reference to the latest revision of said manual. The latest version is dated "February 2008" and is available at:

<http://www.maine.gov/mdot/environmental-office-homepage/surface-water-resources.php>

**Procedures specified shall be according to the BMP Manual unless stated otherwise.**

**Project Specific Information and Requirements**

The following information and requirements apply specifically to this Project. The temporary soil erosion and water pollution control measures associated with this work shall be addressed in the Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control Plan (SEWPCP.)

1. Newly disturbed earth shall be mulched by the end of each workday. Mulch shall be maintained on a daily basis.
2. The SEWPCP shall describe the location and method of temporary erosion and sediment control for existing and proposed catch basins, outlet areas and culvert inlets and outlets.
3. **If water is flowing within the drainage system, the water shall be diverted to a stable area or conduit and work shall be conducted in the dry.** The Contractor's plan shall address when and where the diversions will be necessary.
4. Dust control items other than those under Standard Specification 637, if applicable, shall be included in the plan.
5. Permanent slope stabilization measures shall be applied within one week of the last soil disturbance. Temporary slope stabilization is required on a daily basis.
6. Permanent seeding shall be done in accordance with *Special Provision, Section 618, Seeding* unless the Contract states otherwise.
7. Culvert inlet and outlet protection shall be installed within 48 hours of culvert installation, or prior to a storm event, whichever is sooner.



**SPECIAL PROVISION****SECTION 656**

## Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control

8. Temporary winter stabilization must be used between November 1<sup>st</sup> and April 1<sup>st</sup> or outside of that time period if the ground is frozen or snow covered. Temporary winter stabilization involves, at a minimum, covering all disturbed soils and seeded ground that is not Acceptable Work with an approved method. If temporary winter stabilization practices are used then spring procedures for permanent stabilization shall also be described in the SEWPCP. Use of these methods for over-winter temporary erosion control will be incidental to the contract and be paid for as part of Pay Item 656.75.
9. **A preconstruction field review is mandatory for this project. The preconstruction field review shall take place before commencing any work that involves soil disturbance or potential impacts on water quality. Attendees shall include the Environmental Coordinator, the preparer of the SEWPCP, the Construction Manager, and a representative from the Department's ENV Water Resources Unit. The date and time shall be set by the Contractor in consultation with the Construction Manager and ENV Water Resources Unit representative.**
10. Due to the project sensitivity, **CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PHASED** to limit the amount of disturbed area. The Contractor's SEWPCP shall include specific provisions for phasing the work. Each section must be stabilized to the approval of the MaineDOT Resident and the Water Resources Unit before work can begin on any subsequent section.
11. The SEWPCP shall describe the location and method of temporary erosion and sediment control for existing and proposed catch basins, outlet areas and culvert inlets and outlets.
12. If a cofferdam sedimentation basin is used, it shall be located in an upland area where the water can settle and sink into the ground or be released slowly to the resource in a manner that will not cause erosion. The location of such a cofferdam sedimentation basin shall be addressed in the SEWPCP.
13. Prior to release to a natural resource, any impounded water that has been in contact with concrete placed during construction must have a pH between 6.0 and 8.5, must be within one pH unit of the background pH level of the resource and shall have a turbidity no greater than the receiving resource. This requirement is applicable to concrete that is placed or spilled (including leakage from forms) as well as indirect contact via tools or equipment. **Water not meeting release criteria shall be addressed in the SEWPCP.**
14. Discharging impounded water to the stream must take place in a manner that does not disturb the stream bottom or cause erosion.

**SPECIAL PROVISION**  
**SECTION 656**

Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control

15. The Contractor shall be responsible for monitoring pH with a calibrated meter accurate to 0.1 units. A record of pH measurements shall be kept in the Environmental Coordinator's log (*Section 656.4.4.*)

SPECIAL PROVISION  
SECTION 812  
SEWER MANHOLE

Description This work shall consist of the installation and adjustment of manholes as indicated in the Bid Book, Plans, or as directed by the Resident.

Sewer Manhole shall consist of removing an existing manhole and replacing with a new manhole in accordance with Section 604 - Manholes, Inlets, and Catch Basins.

Adjust Sewer Manhole to Grade shall consist of adjusting a manhole to the required final grade, including any lowering and any other adjustments that may be necessary prior to setting the final grade and in accordance with this Section and Section 604 - Manholes, Inlets, and Catch Basins.

Rebuild Sewer Manhole shall consist of rebuilding and adjusting a sewer manhole in accordance with this Section and Section 604 - Manholes, Inlets, and Catch Basins

<u>Pay Item</u>	<u>Pay Unit</u>
812.06 Sewer Manhole	Each
812.162 Adjust Sewer Manhole to Grade	Each
812.164 Rebuild Sewer Manhole	Each

## STANDARD DETAIL UPDATES

Standard Details and Standard Detail updates are available at:

[http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractor-consultant-information/ss\\_standard\\_details\\_updates.php](http://www.maine.gov/mdot/contractor-consultant-information/ss_standard_details_updates.php)

<b><u>Detail #</u></b>	<b><u>Description</u></b>	<b><u>Revision Date</u></b>
504(15)	Diaphragms	12/30/02
507(04)	Steel Bridge Railing	2/05/03
526(33)	Concrete Transition Barrier	8/18/03
645(06)	H-Beam Posts – Highway Signing	7/21/04
645(09)	Installation of Type II Signs	7/21/04
626(09)	Electrical Junction Box for Traffic Signals and Lighting	2/25/05
604(01)	Catch Basins	11/16/05
604(05)	Type “A” & “B” Catch Basin Tops	11/16/05
604(06)	Type “C” Catch Basin Tops	11/16/05
604(07)	Manhole Top “D”	11/16/05
604(09)	Catch Basin Type “E”	11/16/05
606(02)	Multiple Mailbox Support	11/16/05
606(07)	Reflectorized Beam Guardrail Delineator Details	11/16/05
609(06)	Vertical Bridge Curb	11/16/05
504(23)	Hand-Hold Details	12/08/05
609(03)	Curb Type 3	6/27/06
609(07)	Curb Type 1	6/27/06
535(01)	Precast Superstructure - Shear Key	10/12/06
535(02)	Precast Superstructure - Curb Key & Drip Notch	10/12/06
535(03)	Precast Superstructure - Shear Key	10/12/06

535(04)	Precast Superstructure - Shear Key	10/12/06
535(05)	Precast Superstructure - Post Tensioning	10/12/06
535(06)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(07)	Precast Superstructure - Precast Slab & Box	10/12/06
535(08)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(09)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(10)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(11)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(12)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(13)	Precast Superstructure - Sections	10/12/06
535(14)	Precast Superstructure - Stirrups	10/12/06
535(15)	Precast Superstructure - Plan	10/12/06
535(16)	Precast Superstructure - Reinforcing	10/12/06
535(17)	Precast Superstructure - Notes	10/12/06
801(01)	Drives on Sidewalk Sections	2/06/07
801(02)	Drives on Non-Sidewalk Sections	2/06/07
535(03)	Precast Superstructure - Shear Key	12/5/07
535(04)	Precast Superstructure - Shear Key	12/5/07
535(05)	Precast Superstructure - Post Tensioning	12/5/07
535(17)	Precast Superstructure - Notes	12/5/07
801(01)	Drives on Sidewalk Sections	1/04/08
801(02)	Drives on Non-Sidewalk Sections	1/04/08
203(03)	Backslope Rounding	1/29/08
535(02)	Precast Superstructure - Curb Key & Drip Notch	5/20/08

535(05)	Precast Superstructure - Post Tensioning	5/20/08
502(03)	Concrete Curb - Bituminous Wearing Surface	2/2/09
502(03)A	Concrete Curb - Concrete Wearing Surface	2/2/09
502(07)	Precast Concrete Deck Panels - Layout Plan	2/2/09
502(07)A	Precast Concrete Deck Panels - Layout Plan	2/2/09
502(08)	Precast Concrete Deck Panels - Panel Plan	2/2/09
502(09)	Precast Concrete Deck Panels - Blocking Detail	2/2/09
502(10)	Precast Concrete Deck Panels	2/2/09
502(11)	Precast Concrete Deck Panels	2/2/09
502(12)	Precast Concrete Deck Panels - Notes	2/2/09
502(12)A	Precast Concrete Deck Panels - Notes	2/2/09
526(06)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	2/2/09
526(08)	Permanent Concrete Barrier – Type IIIA	2/2/09
526(08)A	Permanent Concrete Barrier – Type IIIA	2/2/09
526(13)	Permanent Concrete Barrier – Type IIIB	2/2/09
526(14)	Permanent Concrete Barrier – Type IIIB	2/2/09
526(21)	Concrete Transition Barrier	2/2/09
526(39)	Texas Classic Rail – Between Window	2/2/09
526(40)	Texas Classic Rail – Through Window	2/2/09
526(41)	Texas Classic Rail – Through Post	2/2/09
526(42)	Texas Classic Rail – Through Nose	2/2/09
606(20)	Guardrail - Type 3 - Single Rail - Bridge Mounted	2/2/09
606(21)	Guardrail - Type 3 - Single Rail - Bridge Mounted	2/2/09
606(22)	Guardrail - Type 3 - Single Rail - Bridge Mounted	2/2/09

606(23)	Guardrail - Type 3 - Single Rail - Bridge Mounted	2/2/09
609(06)	Vertical Bridge Curb	2/2/09
609(08)	Precast Concrete Transition Curb	2/2/09
502(12)	Precast Concrete Desk Panels	9/09
504(22)	Diaphragm & Crossframe Notes	9/09
626(09)	Electrical Junction Box for Traffic Signals and Lighting	8/20/10
526(08)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	12/7/10
526(08A)	Permanent Concrete Barrier	12/7/10

## SUPPLEMENTAL SPECIFICATION

(Corrections, Additions, & Revisions to Standard Specifications - Revision of December 2002)

### SECTION 101

#### CONTRACT INTERPRETATION

##### 101.2 Definitions

Closeout Documentation Replace the sentence “A letter stating the amount..... DBE goals.” with “DBE Goal Attainment Verification Form”

Add “Environmental Information Hazardous waste assessments, dredge material test results, boring logs, geophysical studies, and other records and reports of the environmental conditions. For a related provision, see Section 104.3.14 - Interpretation and Interpolation.”

Add “Fabrication Engineer The Department’s representative responsible for Quality Assurance of pre-fabricated products that are produced off-site.”

Geotechnical Information Replace with the following: “Boring logs, soil reports, geotechnical design reports, ground penetrating radar evaluations, seismic refraction studies, and other records of subsurface conditions. For a related provision, see Section 104.3.14 - Interpretation and Interpolation.”

### SECTION 102

#### DELIVERY OF BIDS

102.7.1 Location and Time Add the following sentence “As a minimum, the Bidder will submit a Bid Package consisting of the Notice to Contractors, the completed Acknowledgement of Bid Amendments form, the completed Schedule of Items, 2 copies of the completed Agreement, Offer, & Award form, a Bid Bond or Bid Guarantee, and any other Certifications or Bid Requirements listed in the Bid Book.”

102.11.1 Non-curable Bid Defects Replace E. with “E. The unit price and bid amount is not provided or a lump sum price is not provided or is illegible as determined by the Department.”

### SECTION 103

#### AWARD AND CONTRACTING

103.3.1 Notice and Information Gathering Change the first paragraph to read as follows: “After Bid Opening and as a condition for Award of a Contract, the Department may require an Apparent Successful Bidder to demonstrate to the Department’s satisfaction that the Bidder is responsible and qualified to perform the Work.”

### SECTION 104

#### GENERAL RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

104.3.14 Interpretation and Interpolation In the first sentence, change “...and Geotechnical Information.” to “...Environmental Information, and Geotechnical Information.”

Delete the entire Section 104.5.9 and replace with the following:



## SECTION 105 GENERAL SCOPE OF WORK

Delete the entire Section 105.6 and replace with the following:

105.6.1 Department Provided Services The Department will provide the Contractor with the description and coordinates of vertical and horizontal control points, set by the Department, within the Project Limits, for full construction Projects and other Projects where survey control is necessary. For Projects of 1,500 feet in length, or less: The Department will provide three points. For Projects between 1,500 and 5,000 feet in length: The Department will provide one set of two points at each end of the Project. For Projects in excess of 5,000 feet in length, the Department will provide one set of two points at each end of the Project, plus one additional set of two points for each mile of Project length. For non-full construction Projects and other Projects where survey control is not necessary, the Department will not set any control points and, therefore, will not provide description and coordinates of any control points. Upon request of the Contractor, the Department will provide the Department's survey data management software and Survey Manual to the Contractor, or its survey Subcontractor, for the exclusive use on the Department's Projects.

105.6.2 Contractor Provided Services Utilizing the survey information and points provided by the Department, described in Subsection 105.6.1, Department Provided Services, the Contractor shall provide all additional survey layout necessary to complete the Work. This may include, but not be limited to, reestablishing all points provided by the Department, establishing additional control points, running axis lines, providing layout and maintenance of all other lines, grades, or points, and survey quality control to ensure conformance with the Contract. The Contractor is also responsible for providing construction centerline, or close reference points, for all Utility Facilities relocations and adjustments as necessary to complete the Work. When the Work is to connect with existing Structures, the Contractor shall verify all dimensions before proceeding with the Work. The Contractor shall employ or retain competent engineering and/or surveying personnel to fulfill these responsibilities.

The Contractor must notify the Department of any errors or inconsistencies regarding the data and layout provided by the Department as provided by Section 104.3.3 - Duty to Notify Department If Ambiguities Discovered.

105.6.2.1 Survey Quality Control The Contractor is responsible for all construction survey quality control. Construction survey quality control is generally defined as, first, performing initial field survey layout of the Work and, second, performing an independent check of the initial layout using independent survey data to assure the accuracy of the initial layout; additional iterations of checks may be required if significant discrepancies are discovered in this process. Construction survey layout quality control also requires written documentation of the layout process such that the process can be followed and repeated, if necessary, by an independent survey crew.

105.6.3 Survey Quality Assurance It is the Department's prerogative to perform construction survey quality assurance. Construction survey quality assurance may, or may not, be performed by the Department. Construction survey quality assurance is generally defined as an independent check of the construction survey quality control. The construction survey

quality assurance process may involve physically checking the Contractor's construction survey layout using independent survey data, or may simply involve reviewing the construction survey quality control written documentation. If the Department elects to physically check the Contractor's survey layout, the Contractor's designated surveyor may be required to be present. The Department will provide a minimum notice of 48 hours to the Contractor, whenever possible, if the Contractor's designated surveyor's presence is required. Any errors discovered through the quality assurance process shall be corrected by the Contractor, at no additional cost to the Department.

105.6.4 Boundary Markers The Contractor shall preserve and protect from damage all monuments or other points that mark the boundaries of the Right-of-Way or abutting parcels that are outside the area that must be disturbed to perform the Work. The Contractor indemnifies and holds harmless the Department from all claims to reestablish the former location of all such monuments or points including claims arising from 14 MRSA § 7554-A. For a related provision, see Section 104.3.11 - Responsibility for Property of Others.

## SECTION 106 QUALITY

106.4.3 Testing Change the first sentence in paragraph three from "...maintain records of all inspections and tests." to "...maintain original documentation of all inspections, tests, and calculations used to generate reports."

106.6 Acceptance Add the following to paragraph 1 of A: "This includes Sections 401 - Hot Mix Asphalt, 402 - Pavement Smoothness, and 502 - Structural Concrete - Method A - Air Content."

Add the following to the beginning of paragraph 3 of A: "For pay factors based on Quality Level Analysis, and"

106.7.1 Standard Deviation Method Add the following to F: "Note: In cases where the mean of the values is equal to either the USL or the LSL, then the PWL will be 50 regardless of the computed value of s."

Add the following to H: "Method C Hot Mix Asphalt:  $PF = [55 + (Quality\ Level * 0.5)] * 0.01$ "

## SECTION 107 TIME

107.3.1 General Add the following: "If a Holiday occurs on a Sunday, the following Monday shall be considered a Holiday. Sunday or Holiday work must be approved by the Department, except that the Contractor may work on Martin Luther King Day, President's Day, Patriot's Day, the Friday after Thanksgiving, and Columbus Day without the Department's approval."

107.7.2 Schedule of Liquidated Damages Replace the table of Liquidated Damages as follows:

From	Up to and	Amount of Liquidated
------	-----------	----------------------

<u>More Than</u>	<u>Including</u>	<u>Damages per Calendar Day</u>
\$0	\$100,000	\$225
\$100,000	\$250,000	\$350
\$250,000	\$500,000	\$475
\$500,000	\$1,000,000	\$675
\$1,000,000	\$2,000,000	\$900
\$2,000,000	\$4,000,000	\$1,000
\$4,000,000	and more	\$2,100

SECTION 108  
PAYMENT

Remove Section 108.4 and replace with the following:

“108.4 Payment for Materials Obtained and Stored Acting upon a request from the Contractor and accompanied by bills or receipted bills, the Department will pay for all or part of the value of acceptable, non-perishable Materials that are to be incorporated in the Work, including Materials that are to be incorporated into the Work, not delivered on the Work site, and stored at places acceptable to the Department. Examples of such Materials include steel piles, stone masonry, curbing, timber and lumber, metal Culverts, stone and sand, gravel, and other Materials. The Department will not make payment on living or perishable Materials until acceptably planted in their final locations.

If payment for Materials is made to the Contractor based on bills, only, then the Contractor must provide receipted bills to the Department for these Materials within 14 days of the date the Contractor receives payment for the Materials. Failure of the Contractor to provide receipted bills for these Materials within 14 days of the date the Contractor receives payment will result in the paid amount being withheld from the subsequent progress payment, or payments, until such time the receipted bills are received by the Department.

Materials paid for by the Department are the property of the Department, but the risk of loss shall remain with the Contractor. Payment for Materials does not constitute Acceptance of the Material. If Materials for which the Department has paid are later found to be unacceptable, then the Department may withhold amounts reflecting such unacceptable Materials from payments otherwise due the Contractor.

In the event of Default, the Department may use or cause to be used all paid-for Materials in any manner that is in the best interest of the Department.”

SECTION 109  
CHANGES

109.1.1 Changes Permitted Add the following to the end of the paragraph: “There will be no adjustment to Contract Time due to an increase or decrease in quantities, compared to those estimated, except as addressed through Contract Modification(s).”

109.1.2 Substantial Changes to Major Items Add the following to the end of the paragraph: “Contract Time adjustments may be made for substantial changes to Major Items when the change affects the Critical Path, as determined by the Department”

109.4.4 Investigation / Adjustment Third sentence, delete the words “subsections (A) - (E)”

109.5.1 Definitions - Types of Delays

B. Compensable Delay Replace (1) with the following; “a weather related Uncontrollable Event of such an unusually severe nature that a Federal Emergency Disaster is declared. The Contractor will only be entitled to an Equitable Adjustment if the Project falls within the geographic boundaries prescribed under the disaster declaration.”

109.7.2 Basis of Payment Replace with the following: “Adjustments will be established by mutual Agreement based upon Unit or Lump Sum Prices. These agreed Unit or Lump Sum prices will be full compensation and no additions or mark-ups are allowed. If Agreement cannot be reached, the Contractor shall accept payment on a Force Account basis as provided in Section 109.7.5 - Force Account Work, as full and complete compensation for all Work relating to the Equitable Adjustment.”

109.7.3 Compensable Items Delete this Section entirely.

109.7.4 Non-Compensable Items Replace with the following: “The Contractor is not entitled to compensation or reimbursement for any of the following items:

- A. Total profit or home office overhead in excess of 15%,
- B. ....”

109.7.5 Force Account Work

C. Equipment

Paragraph 2, delete sentence 1 which starts; “Equipment leased....”

Paragraph 6, change sentence 2 from “The Contractor may furnish...” to read “If requested by the Department, the Contractor will produce cost data to assist the Department in the establishment of such rental rate, including all records that are relevant to the Actual Costs including rental Receipts, acquisition costs, financing documents, lease Agreements, and maintenance and operational cost records.”

Add the following paragraph; “Equipment leased by the Contractor for Force Account Work and actually used on the Project will be paid for at the actual invoice amount plus 10% markup for administrative costs.”

Add the following section;

“F. Subcontractor Work When accomplishing Force Account Work that utilizes Subcontractors, the Contractor will be allowed a maximum markup of 5% for profit and overhead on the Subcontractor’s portion of the Force Account Work. If the Department does not accept the Subcontractor quote, then the Subcontractor work will be subject to the Force Account provisions with a 5% markup for profit & overhead..”

## SECTION 110 INDEMNIFICATION, BONDING, AND INSURANCE

Delete the entire Section 110.2.3 and replace with the following:

110.2.3 Bonding for Landscape Establishment Period The Contractor shall provide a signed, valid, and enforceable Performance, Warranty, or Maintenance Bond complying with the Contract, to the Department at Final Acceptance.

The bond shall be in the full amount for all Pay Items for work pursuant to Sec 621, Landscape, payable to the “Treasurer - State of Maine,” and on the Department’s forms, on exact copies thereof, or on forms that do not contain any significant variations from the Department’s forms as solely determined by the Department.

The Contractor shall pay all premiums and take all other actions necessary to keep said bond in effect for the duration of the Landscape Establishment Period described in Special Provision 621.0036 - Establishment Period. If the Surety becomes financially insolvent, ceases to be licensed or approved to do business in the State of Maine, or stops operating in the United States, the Contractor shall file new bonds complying with this Section within 10 Days of the date the Contractor is notified or becomes aware of such change.

All Bonds shall be procured from a company organized and operating in the United States, licensed or approved to do business in the State of Maine by the State of Maine Department of Business Regulation, Bureau of Insurance, and listed on the latest Federal Department of the Treasury listing for “Companies Holding Certificates of Authority as Acceptable Sureties on Federal Bonds and as Acceptable Reinsuring Companies.”

By issuing a bond, the Surety agrees to be bound by all terms of the Contract, including those related to payment, time for performance, quality, warranties, and the Department’s self-help remedy provided in Section 112.1 - Default to the same extent as if all terms of the Contract are contained in the bond(s).

Regarding claims related to any obligations covered by the bond, the Surety shall provide, within 60 Days of Receipt of written notice thereof, full payment of the entire claim or written notice of all bases upon which it is denying or contesting payment. Failure of the Surety to provide such notice within the 60-day period constitutes the Surety’s waiver of any right to deny or contest payment and the Surety’s acknowledgment that the claim is valid and undisputed.

## SECTION 202 REMOVING STRUCTURES AND OBSTRUCTIONS

202.02 Removing Buildings Make the following change to the last sentence in the final paragraph, change “...Code of Maine Regulations 401.” to “...Department of Environmental Protection Maine Solid Waste Management Rules, 06-096 CMR Ch. 401, Landfill Siting, Design and Operation.”

## SECTION 203 EXCAVATION AND EMBANKMENT

203.01 Description Under b. Rock Excavation; add the following sentence: “The use of perchlorate is not allowed in blasting operations.”

Delete the entire Section 203.041 and replace with the following:

“203.041 Salvage of Existing Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement All existing hot mix asphalt pavement designated to be removed under this contract must be salvaged for utilization. Existing hot mix asphalt pavement material shall not be deposited in any waste area or be placed below subgrade in any embankment.

Methods of utilization may be any of the following:

1. Used as a replacement for untreated aggregate surface course on entrances provided the material contains no particles greater than 50 mm [2 in] in any dimension. Payment will be made under Pay Item 411.09, Untreated Aggregate Surface Course or 411.10, Untreated Aggregate Surface Course, Truck Measure. Material shall be placed, shaped, compacted and stabilized as directed by the Resident.

2. Stockpiled at commercial or approved sites for commercial or MaineDOT use.

3. Other approved methods proposed by the Contractor, and approved by the Resident which will assure proper use of the existing hot mix asphalt pavement.

The cost of salvaging hot mix asphalt material will be included for payment under the applicable pay item, with no additional allowances made, which will be full compensation for removing, temporarily stockpiling, and rehandling, if necessary, and utilizing the material in entrances or other approved uses, or stockpiling at an approved site as described above. The material will also be measured and paid for under the applicable Pay Item if it is reused for aggregate in entrances, or other approved uses.”

## SECTION 502 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE

502.05 Composition and Proportioning; TABLE #1; NOTE #2; third sentence; Change “...alcohol based saline sealer...” to “alcohol based silane sealer...”. Add NOTE #6 to Class S Concrete.

502.0502 Quality Assurance Method A - Rejection by Resident Change the first sentence to read: “For an individual subplot with test results failing to meet the criteria in Table #1, or if the calculated pay factor for Air Content is less than 0.80.....”

502.0503 Quality Assurance Method B - Rejection by Resident Change the first sentence to read: “For material represented by a verification test with test results failing to meet the criteria in Table #1, the Department will.....”

502.0505 Resolution of Disputed Acceptance Test Results Combine the second and third sentence to read: “Circumstances may arise, however, where the Department may .....

502.10 Forms and False work

D. Removal of Forms and False work 1., First paragraph; first, second, and third sentence; replace “forms” with “forms and false work”

502.11 Placing Concrete

G. Concrete Wearing Surface and Structural Slabs on Precast Superstructures Last paragraph; third sentence; replace “The temperature of the concrete shall not exceed 24° C [75° F] at the time of placement.” with “The temperature of the concrete shall not exceed 24° C [75° F] at the time the concrete is placed in its final position.”

502.15 Curing Concrete First paragraph; replace the first sentence with the following; “All concrete surfaces shall be kept wet with clean, fresh water for a curing period of at least 7 days after concrete placing, with the exception of vertical surfaces as provided for in Section 502.10 (D) - Removal of Forms and False work.”

Second paragraph; delete the first two sentences.

Third paragraph; delete the entire paragraph which starts “When the ambient temperature....”

Fourth paragraph; delete “approved” to now read “...continuously wet for the entire curing period...”

Fifth paragraph; second sentence; change “...as soon as it is possible to do so without damaging the concrete surface.” to “...as soon as possible.”

Seventh paragraph; first sentence; change “...until the end of the curing period.” to “...until the end of the curing period, except as provided for in Section 502.10(D) - Removal of Forms and False work.”

502.19 Basis of Payment First paragraph, second sentence; add "pier nose armor" to the list of items included in the contract price for concrete.

## SECTION 503 REINFORCING STEEL

503.06 Placing and Fastening Change the second paragraph, first sentence from: “All tack welding shall be done in accordance with Section 504, Structural Steel.” to “All tack welding shall be done in accordance with AWS D1.4 Structural Welding Code - Reinforcing Steel.”

## SECTION 504 STRUCTURAL STEEL

504.09 Facilities for Inspection Add the follow as the last paragraph: “Failure to comply with the above requirements will be consider to be a denial to allow access to work by the Contractor. The Department will reject any work done when access for inspection is denied.”

504.18 Plates for Fabricated Members Change the second paragraph, first sentence from: "...ASTM A 898/A 898 M..." to "...ASTM A 898/A 898 M or ASTM A 435/A 435 M as applicable and..."

504.31 Shop Assembly Add the following as the last sentence: "The minimum assembly length shall include bearing centerlines of at least two substructure units."

504.64 Non Destructive Testing-Ancillary Bridge Products and Support Structures Change the third paragraph, first sentence from "One hundred percent..." to "Twenty five percent..."

## SECTION 535

### PRECAST, PRESTRESSED CONCRETE SUPERSTRUCTURE

535.02 Materials Change "Steel Strand for Concrete Reinforcement" to "Steel Strand." Add the following to the beginning of the third paragraph; "Concrete shall be Class P conforming to the requirements in this section. 28 day compressive strength shall be as stated on the plans. Coarse aggregate...."

535.05 Inspection Facilities Add the follow as the last paragraph: "If the above requirements are not met, the Contractor shall be considered to be in violation of Standard Specification 104.2.5 – Right to Inspect Work. All work occurring during a violation of this specification will be rejected."

535.26 Lateral Post-Tensioning Replace the first paragraph; "A final tension..." with "Overstressing strands for setting losses cannot be accomplished for chuck to chuck lengths of 7.6 m [25 ft] and less. In such instances, refer to the Plans for all materials and methods. Otherwise, post-tensioning shall be in accordance with PCI standards and shall provide the anchorage force noted in the Plans. The applied jacking force shall be no less than 100% of the design jacking force."

## SECTION 603

### PIPE CULVERTS AND STORM DRAINS

603.0311 Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe for Option III Replace the Minimum Mandrel Diameter Table with the following:

Nominal Size US Customary (in)	Minimum Mandrel Diameter (in)	Nominal Size Metric (mm)	Minimum Mandrel Diameter (mm)
12	11.23	300	280.73
15	14.04	375	350.91
18	16.84	450	421.09
24	22.46	600	561.45
30	28.07	750	701.81
36	33.69	900	842.18
42	39.30	1050	982.54
48	44.92	1200	1122.90



SECTION 604  
MANHOLES, INLETS, AND CATCH BASINS

604.02 Materials Add the following:

“Tops and Traps	712.07
Corrugated Metal Units	712.08
Catch Basin and Manhole Steps	712.09”

SECTION 605  
UNDERDRAINS

605.05 Underdrain Outlets Make the following change:

In the first paragraph, second sentence, delete the words “metal pipe”.

SECTION 606  
GUARDRAIL

606.02 Materials Delete the entire paragraph which reads “The sole patented supplier of multiple mailbox...” and replace with “Acceptable multiple mailbox assemblies shall be listed on the Department’s Approved Products List and shall be NCHRP 350 tested and approved.” Delete the entire paragraph which reads “Retroreflective beam guardrail delineators...” and replace with “Reflectorized sheeting for Guardrail Delineators shall meet the requirements of Section 719.01 - Reflective Sheeting. Delineators shall be fabricated from high-impact, ultraviolet and weather resistant thermoplastic.

606.09 Basis of Payment First paragraph; delete the second and third sentence in their entirety and replace with “Butterfly-type guardrail reflectorized delineators shall be mounted on all W-beam guardrail at an interval of every 10 posts [62.5 ft] on tangents sections and every 5 posts [31.25 ft] on curved sections as directed by the Resident. On divided highways, the delineators shall be yellow on the left hand side and silver/white on the right hand side. On two-way roadways, the delineators shall be silver/white on the right hand side. All delineators shall have retroreflective sheeting applied to only the traffic facing side. Reflectorized guardrail delineators will not be paid for directly, but will be considered incidental to the guardrail items.”

SECTION 609  
CURB

609.04 Bituminous Curb f., Delete the requirement “Color Natural (White)”

SECTION 610  
STONE FILL, RIPRAP, STONE BLANKET,  
AND STONE DITCH PROTECTION

Add the following paragraph to Section 610.02:

“Materials shall meet the requirements of the following Sections of Special Provision 703:

Stone Fill	703.25
Plain and Hand Laid Riprap	703.26
Stone Blanket	703.27
Heavy Riprap	703.28
Definitions	703.32”

Add the following paragraph to Section 610.032.a.

“Stone fill and stone blanket shall be placed on the slope in a well-knit, compact and uniform layer. The surface stones shall be chinked with smaller stone from the same source.”

Add the following paragraph to Section 610.032.b:

“Riprap shall be placed on the slope in a well-knit, compact and uniform layer. The surface stones shall be chinked with smaller stone from the same source.”

Add the following to Section 610.032: “Section 610.032.d. The grading of riprap, stone fill, stone blanket and stone ditch protection shall be determined by the Resident by visual inspection of the load before it is dumped into place, or, if ordered by the Resident, by dumping individual loads on a flat surface and sorting and measuring the individual rocks contained in the load. A separate, reference pile of stone with the required gradation will be placed by the Contractor at a convenient location where the Resident can see and judge by eye the suitability of the rock being placed during the duration of the project. The Resident reserves the right to reject stone at the job site or stockpile, and in place. Stone rejected at the job site or in place shall be removed from the site at no additional cost to the Department.”

SECTION 615  
LOAM

615.02 Materials Make the following change:

<u>Organic Content</u>	<u>Percent by Volume</u>
Humus	“5% - 10%”, as determined by Ignition Test

SECTION 618  
SEEDING

618.01 Description Change the first sentence to read as follows: “This work shall consist of furnishing and applying seed .....” Also remove “,and cellulose fiber mulch” from 618.01(a).

618.03 Rates of Application In 618.03(a), remove the last sentence and replace with the following: “These rates shall apply to Seeding Method 2, 3, and Crown Vetch.”

In 618.03(c) “1.8 kg [4 lb]/unit.” to “1.95 kg [4 lb]/unit.”

618.09 Construction Method In 618.09(a) 1, sentence two, replace “100 mm [4 in]” with “25 mm [1 in] (Method 1 areas) and 50 mm [2 in] (Method 2 areas)”

618.15 Temporary Seeding Change the Pay Unit from Unit to Kg [lb].

## SECTION 620 GEOTEXTILES

620.03 Placement Section (c)

Title: Replace “Non-woven” in title with “Erosion Control”.

First Paragraph: Replace first word “Non-woven” with “Woven monofilament”.

Second Paragraph: Replace second word “Non-woven” with “Erosion Control”.

620.07 Shipment, Storage, Protection and Repair of Fabric Section (a)

Replace the second sentence with the following: “Damaged geotextiles, as identified by the Resident, shall be repaired immediately.”

620.09 Basis of Payment

Pay Item 620.58: Replace “Non-woven” with “Erosion Control”

Pay Item 620.59: Replace “Non-woven” with “Erosion Control”

## SECTION 621 LANDSCAPING

621.0036 Establishment Period In paragraph 4 and 5, change “time of Final Acceptance” to “end of the period of establishment”. In Paragraph 7, change “Final Acceptance date” to “end of the period of establishment” and change “date of Final Acceptance” to “end of the period of establishment”.

## SECTION 626 HIGHWAY SIGNING

626.034 Concrete Foundations Add to the following to the end of the second paragraph: “Pre-cast and cast-in-place foundations shall be warranted against leaning and corrosion for two years after the project is completed. If the lean is greater than 2 degrees from normal or the foundation is spalling within the first two years, the Contractor shall replace the foundation at no extra cost.”

## SECTION 627 PAVEMENT MARKINGS

627.10 Basis of Payment Add to the following to the end of the third paragraph: “If allowed by Special Provision, the Contractor may utilize Temporary Bi-Directional Yellow and White(As required) Delineators as temporary pavement marking lines and paid for at the contract lump sum price. Such payment will include as many applications as required and removal.”

## SECTION 637 DUST CONTROL

637.06 Basis of Payment Add the following after the second sentence of the third paragraph: “Failure by the Contractor to follow Standard Specification or Special Provision - Section 637 and/or the Contractor’s own Soil Erosion and Pollution Control Plan concerning Dust Control and/or the Contractor’s own Traffic Control Plan concerning Dust Control and/or visible evidence of excessive dust problems, as determined by the Resident, will result in a reduction in payment, computed by reducing the Lump Sum Total by 5% per occurrence per day. The Department’s Resident or any other representative of the Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item. Additional penalties may also be assessed in accordance with Special Provision 652 - Work Zone Traffic Control and Standard Specification 656 - Temporary Soil Erosion and Water Pollution Control.”

## SECTION 639 ENGINEERING FACILITIES

639.04 Field Offices Change the forth to last paragraph from: “The Contractor shall provide a fully functional desktop copier...” to “....desktop copier/scanner...”

Description Change “Floor Area” to “Floor Area (Outside Dimension)”. Change Type B floor area from “15 (160)” to “20 (217)”.

639.09 Telephone Paragraph 1 is amended as follows:

“The contractor shall provide **two** telephone lines and two telephones,....”

Add- “In addition the contractor will supply one computer broadband connection, modem lease and router. The router shall have wireless access and be 802.11n or 802.11g capable and wireless. The type of connection supplied will be contingent upon the availability of services (i.e. DSL or Cable Broadband). It shall be the contractor’s option to provide dynamic or static IP addresses through the service. **The selected service will have a minimum downstream connection of 1.5 Mbps and 384 Kbps upstream.** The contractor shall be responsible for the installation charges and all reinstallation charges following suspended periods. Monthly service and maintenance charges shall be billed by the Internet Service Provider (ISP) directly to the contractor.”

## SECTION 652 MAINTENANCE OF TRAFFIC

652.2.3 Flashing Arrow Board Delete the existing 5 paragraphs and replace with the following: Flashing Arrow Panels (FAP) must be of a type that has been submitted to AASHTO’s National Transportation Product Evaluation Program (NTPEP) for evaluation and placed on the Maine Department of Transportations’ Approved Products List of Portable Changeable Message Signs & Flashing Arrow Panels.

FAP units shall meet requirements of the current Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices

(MUTCD) for Type “C” panels as described in Section 6F.56 - Temporary Traffic Control Devices. An FAP shall have matrix of a minimum of 15 low-glare, sealed beam, Par 46 elements capable of either flashing or sequential displays as well as the various operating modes as described in the MUTCD, Chapter 6-F. If an FAP consisting of a bulb matrix is used, each element should be recess-mounted or equipped with an upper hood of not less than 180 degrees. The color presented by the elements shall be yellow.

FAP elements shall be capable of at least a 50 percent dimming from full brilliance. Full brilliance should be used for daytime operation and the dimmed mode shall be used for nighttime operation. FAP shall be at least 2.4 M x 1.2 M [96” x 48”] and finished in non-reflective black. The FAP shall be interpretable for a distance not less than 1.6 km [1 mile].

Operating modes shall include, flashing arrow, sequential arrow, sequential chevron, flashing double arrow, and flashing caution. In the three arrow signals, the second light from the arrow point shall not operate.

The minimum element on-time shall be 50 percent for the flashing mode, with equal intervals of 25 percent for each sequential phase. The flashing rate shall be not less than 25 nor more than 40 flashes per minute. All on-board circuitry shall be solid state.

Primary power source shall be 12 volt solar with a battery back-up to provide continuous operation when failure of the primary power source occurs, up to 30 days with fully charged batteries. Batteries must be capable of being charged from an onboard 110 volt AC power source and the unit shall be equipped with a cable for this purpose.

Controller and battery compartments shall be enclosed in lockable, weather-tight boxes. The FAP shall be mounted on a pneumatic-tired trailer or other suitable support for hauling to various locations, as directed. The minimum mounting height of an arrow panel should be 2.1 M [7 feet] from the roadway to the bottom of the panel.

The face of the trailer shall be delineated on a permanent basis by affixing retro-reflective material, known as conspicuity material, in a continuous line as seen by oncoming drivers.

A portable changeable message sign may be used to simulate an arrow panel display.”

652.2.4 Other Devices Delete the last paragraph and add the following:

“652.2.5 Portable Changeable Message Sign Trailer mounted Portable Changeable Message Signs (PCMS) must be of a type that has been submitted to AASHTO’s National Transportation Product Evaluation Program (NTPEP) for evaluation and placed on the Maine Department of Transportations’ Approved Products List of Portable Changeable Message Signs & Flashing Arrow Panels. The PCMS unit shall meet or exceed the current specifications of the Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (MUTCD), 6F.55.

The front face of the sign should be covered with a low-glare protective material. The color of the LED elements shall be amber on a black background. The PCMS should be visible from a distance of 0.8 km [0.5 mile] day and night and have a minimum 15° viewing angle. Characters must be legible from a distance of at least 200 M [650 feet].

The message panel should have adjustable display rates (minimum of 3 seconds per phase), so that the entire message can be read at least twice at the posted speed, the off-peak 85th-percentile speed prior to work starting, or the anticipated operating speed. Each message shall consist of either one or two phases. A phase shall consist of up to eight characters per line. The unit must be capable of displaying at least three lines of text with eight characters per line. Each character shall be 457 mm [18"] high. Each character module shall use at least a five wide and seven high pixel matrix. The text of the messages shall not scroll or travel horizontally or vertically across the face of the sign.

Units shall automatically adjust their brightness under varying light conditions to maintain legibility.

The control system shall include a display screen upon which messages can be reviewed before being displayed on the message sign. The control system shall be capable of maintaining memory when power is unavailable. Message must be changeable with either a notebook computer or an on-board keypad. The controller shall have the capability to store a minimum of 200 user-defined and 200 pre-programmed messages. Controller and battery compartments shall be enclosed in lockable, weather-tight boxes.

PCMS units shall have the capability of being made programmable by means of wireless communications. PCMS units shall also be fully capable of having an on-board radar system installed if required for a particular application.

PCMS' primary power source shall be solar with a battery back-up to provide continuous operation when failure of the primary power source occurs. Batteries must be capable of being charged from a 110 volt AC power source. The unit must also be capable of being operated solely from a 110 volt AC power source and be equipped with a cable for this purpose.

The PCMS shall be mounted on a trailer in such a way that the bottom of the message sign panel shall be a minimum of 2.1 M [7 ft] above the roadway in urban areas and 1.5 M [5 ft] above the roadway in rural areas when it is in the operating mode. PCMS trailers should be of a heavy duty type with a 51 mm [2"] ball hitch and a minimum of four leveling jacks (at each corner). The sign shall be capable of being rotated 360° relative to the trailer. The face of the trailer shall be delineated on a permanent basis by affixing retro-reflective material, known as conspicuity material, in a continuous line as seen by oncoming drivers."

652.3.3 Submittal of Traffic Control Plan In item e. change "A list of all certified flaggers..." to "A list of all the Contractor's certified flaggers..."

|| Add the follow to the list of requirements: "k. The plan for unexpected nighttime work along with a list of emergency nighttime equipment available on-site." ||

In the last paragraph add the following as the second sentence: "The Department will review and provide comments to the Contractor within 14 days of receipt of the TCP." Add the following as the last sentence: "The creation and modification of the TCP will be considered incidental to the related 652 items."

652.3.5 Installation of Traffic Control Devices In the first paragraph, first sentence; change "Signs shall be erected..." to "Portable signs shall be erected.." In the third sentence; change

“Signs must be erected so that the sign face...” to “Post-mounted signs must also be erected so that the sign face...”

652.4 Flaggers Replace the first paragraph with the following; “The Contractor shall furnish flaggers as required by the TCP or as otherwise specified by the Resident. All flaggers must have successfully completed a flagger test approved by the Department and administered by a Department-approved Flagger-Certifier who is employing that flagger. All flaggers must carry an official certification card with them while flagging that has been issued by their employer. Flaggers shall wear safety apparel meeting ANSI 107-2004 Class 2 risk exposure that clearly identifies the wearer as a person, and is visible at a minimum distance of 300 m [1000 ft], and shall wear a hardhat with 360° retro-reflectivity. For nighttime conditions, Class 3 apparel, meeting ANSI 107-2004, shall be worn along with a hardhat with 360° retro-reflectivity. Retro-reflective or flashing SLOW/STOP paddles shall be used, and the flagger station shall be illuminated to assure visibility in accordance with 652.6.2.”

Second paragraph, first sentence; change “...have sufficient distance to stop before entering the workspace.” to “...have sufficient distance to stop at the intended stopping point.” Third sentence; change “At a spot obstruction...” to “At a spot obstruction with adequate sight distance...”

Fourth paragraph, delete and replace with “Flaggers shall be provided as a minimum, a 10 minute break, every 2 hours and a 30 minute or longer lunch period away from the work station. Flaggers may only receive 1 unpaid break per day; all other breaks must be paid. Sufficient certified flaggers shall be available onsite to provide for continuous flagging operations during break periods. Breaker flaggers will not be paid for separately, but shall be considered incidental to the appropriate pay item.”

Add the following:

“652.5.1 Rumble Strip Crossing When lane shifts or lane closures require traffic to cross a permanent longitudinal rumble strip for 7 calendar days or less, the Contractor shall install warning signs that read “RUMBLE STRIP CROSSING” with a supplemental Motorcycle Plaque, (W8-15P).

When lane shifts or lane closures require traffic to cross a permanent longitudinal rumble strip for more than 7 calendar days, the Contractor shall pave in the rumble strips in the area that traffic will cross, unless otherwise directed by the Resident. Rumble strips shall be replaced prior to the end of the project, when it is no longer necessary to cross them.”

652.6 Nightwork Delete this section entirely and replace with the following:

“652.6.1 Daylight Work Times Unless otherwise described in the Contract, the Contractor is allowed to commence work and end work daily according to the Sunrise/Sunset Table at: <http://www.sunrisesunset.com/usa/Maine.asp>. If the Project town is not listed, the closest town on the list will be used as agreed at the Preconstruction Meeting. Any work conducted before sunrise or after sunset will be considered Night Work.

652.6.2 Night Work When Night Work occurs (either scheduled or unscheduled), the Contractor shall provide and maintain lighting on all equipment and at all work stations.

The lighting facilities shall be capable of providing light of sufficient intensity to permit good workmanship, safety and proper inspection at all times. The lighting shall be cut off and arranged on stanchions at a height that will provide perimeter lighting for each piece of equipment and will not interfere with traffic, including commercial vehicles, approaching the work site from either direction.

The Contractor shall have available portable floodlights for special areas.

The Contractor shall utilize padding, shielding or other insulation of mechanical and electrical equipment, if necessary, to minimize noise, and shall provide sufficient fuel, spare lamps, generators, etc. to maintain lighting of the work site.

The Contractor shall submit a lighting plan at the Preconstruction Conference, showing the type and location of lights to be used for night work. The Resident may require modifications be made to the lighting set up in actual field conditions.

Prior to beginning any Night Work, the Contractor shall furnish a light meter for the Residents use that is capable of measuring the range of light levels from 5 to 20 foot-candles.

Horizontal illumination, for activities on the ground, shall be measured with the photometer parallel to the road surface. For purposes of roadway lighting, the photometer is placed on the pavement. Vertical illumination, for overhead activities, shall be measured with the photometer perpendicular to the road surface. Measurements shall be taken at the height and location of the overhead activity.

The following minimum light levels are required for Night Work lighting;

Level I: (5 foot-candles)

- All work operations by Contractor's personnel in areas of general construction operations, including layout and measurements ahead of the actual work, , cleaning and sweeping, , and seeding.
- Areas where crew movement may take place.
- Stockpile areas.
- At the area of lane closure, continuously through the lane closure, including the setup and removal of the closures.
- State Field Offices and facilities.

Level II: (10 foot-candles)

- On and around (360 degrees) construction equipment in the work zone.
- 50 feet ahead of, 100 feet behind, and along the sides of paving or milling machines in the work zone.

Level III: (20 foot-candles)

- Flagging Stations
- Pavement or structural crack and pothole filling.
- Pavement patching and repairs.
- Installation of signal equipment, or other electrical or mechanical equipment.
- Curb work, drainage, sidewalk work, excavation, landscaping, and any other work using ground labor, supervision, or inspection.



All workers shall wear safety apparel labeled as meeting the ANSI 107-2004 standard performance for Class 3 risk exposure.

The Contractor shall apply 2- inch wide retro-reflective tape, with alternating red and white segments, to outline the front back and sides of construction vehicles and equipment, to define their shape and size to the extent practicable. Pickup trucks and personal vehicles are exempt from this requirement. The Contractor shall furnish approved signs reading "Construction Vehicle - Keep Back" to be used on trucks hauling to the project when such signs are deemed necessary by the Resident. The signs shall be a minimum of 30 inches by 60 inches, Black and Orange, ASTM D 4956 - Type VII, Type VIII, or Type IX (prismatic).

All vehicles used on the project, including pickup trucks and personal vehicles, shall be equipped with amber flashing lights, visible from both front and rear, or by means of single, approved type, revolving, flashing or strobe lights mounted so as to be visible 360°. The vehicle flashing system shall be in continuous operation while the vehicle is on any part of the project.

The Resident or any other representative of the Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item.

Payment for lighting, vehicle mounted signs and other costs accrued because of night work will not be made directly but will be considered incidental to the related contract items.”

652.8.2 Other Items Replace the last paragraph with the following: “There will be no payment made under any 652 pay items after the expiration of the adjusted total contract time.”

### SECTION 653 POLYSTYRENE PLASTIC INSULATION

653.05 Placing Backfill In the second sentence; change “...shall be not less than 150 mm [6 in] loose measure.” to “...shall be not less than 250 mm [10 in] loose measure.” In the third sentence; change “...crawler type bulldozer of not more than 390 kg/m<sup>2</sup> [80 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>] ground contact pressure...” to “...crawler type bulldozer of not more than 4875 kg/m<sup>2</sup> [2000 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>] ground contact pressure...”

653.06 Compaction In the last sentence; change “...not more than 390 kg/m<sup>2</sup> [80 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>] ground contact...” to “...not more than 4875 kg/m<sup>2</sup> [2000 lb/ft<sup>2</sup>] ground contact...”

### SECTION 656 TEMPORARY SOIL EROSION AND WATER POLLUTION CONTROL

656.5.1 If Pay Item 656.75 Provided Replace the second paragraph with the following: “Failure by the Contractor to follow Standard Specification or Special Provision - Section 656

and/or the Contractor's own Soil Erosion and Pollution Control Plan will result in a reduction in payment, computed by reducing the Lump Sum Total by 5% per occurrence per day. The Department's Resident or any other representative of the Department reserves the right to suspend the work at any time and request a meeting to discuss violations and remedies. The Department shall not be held responsible for any delay in the work due to any suspension under this item."

## SECTION 701 STRUCTURAL CONCRETE RELATED MATERIALS

701.10 Fly Ash - Chemical Requirements Change all references from "ASTM C311" to "ASTM C114".

## SECTION 703 AGGREGATES

703.05 Aggregate for Sand Leveling Change the percent passing the 9.5 mm [3/8 in] sieve from "85 - 10" to "85 - 100"

703.06 Aggregate for Base and Subbase Delete the first paragraph: "The material shall have..." and replace with "The material shall have a minimum degradation value of 15 as determined by Washington State DOT Test Method T113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (March 2002 version), except that the reported degradation value will be the result of testing a single specimen from that portion of a sample that passes the 12.5 mm [1/2 in] sieve and is retained on the 2.00 mm [No. 10] sieve, minus any reclaimed asphalt pavement used."

703.07 Aggregates for HMA Pavements Delete the forth paragraph: "The composite blend shall have..." and replace with "The composite blend, minus any reclaimed asphalt pavement used, shall have a Micro-Deval value of 18.0 or less as determined by AASHTO T 327. In the event the material exceeds the Micro Deval limit, a Washington Degradation test shall be performed. The material shall be acceptable if it has a value of 30 or more as determined by Washington State DOT Test Method T 113, Method of Test for Determination of Degradation Value (March 2002 version) except that the reported degradation value will be the result of testing a single composite specimen from that portion of the sample that passes the 12.5mm [1/2 inch] sieve and is retained on the 2.00mm [No 10] sieve, minus any reclaimed asphalt pavement used."

703.09 HMA Mixture Composition The coarse and fine aggregate shall meet the requirements of Section 703.07. The several aggregate fractions for mixtures shall be sized, graded, and combined in such proportions that the resulting composite blends will meet the grading requirements of the following table.

**AGGREGATE GRADATION CONTROL POINTS**

SIEVE SIZE	Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size---Control Points (Percent Passing)				
	TYPE 25 mm	TYPE 19 mm	TYPE 12.5 mm	TYPE 9.5 mm	TYPE 4.75 mm
	PERCENT BY WEIGHT PASSING - COMBINED AGGREGATE				
37.5 mm	100				
25 mm	90-100	100			
19 mm	-90	90-100	100		
12.5 mm		-90	90-100	100	100
9.5 mm		-	-90	90-100	95-100
4.75 mm		-	-	-90	80-100
2.36 mm	19-45	23-49	28-58	32-67	40 - 80
1.18 mm		-	-	-	-
600 µm		-	-	-	-
300 µm		-	-	-	-
75 µm	1-7	2-8	2-10	2-10	2-10

Gradation Classification---- The combined aggregate gradation shall be classified as coarse-graded when it passes below the Primary Control Sieve (PCS) control point as defined in the following table. All other gradations shall be classified as fine-graded.

**GRADATION CLASSIFICATION**

PCS Control Point for Mixture Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size (% passing)				
Nominal Maximum Aggregate Size	TYPE 25 mm	TYPE 19 mm	TYPE 12.5 mm	TYPE 9.5 mm
Primary Control Sieve	4.75 mm	4.75 mm	2.36 mm	2.36 mm
PCS Control Point (% passing)	40	47	39	47

If a Grading “D” mixture is allowed per Special Provision Section 403, it shall meet the following gradation and the aggregate requirements of Section 703.07.

Sieve Designation	Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves
½ inch	100
¾ inch	93-100
No. 4	60-80
No. 8	46-65
No. 16	25-55
No. 30	16-40
No. 50	10-30
No. 100	6-22
No. 200	3.0-8.0

703.18 Common Borrow Replace the first paragraph with the following: “Common borrow shall consist of earth, suitable for embankment construction. It shall be free from frozen material, perishable rubbish, peat, and other unsuitable material including material currently or

previously contaminated by chemical, radiological, or biological agents unless the material is from a DOT project and authorized by DEP for use.”

703.22 Underdrain Backfill Material Change the first paragraph from “...for Underdrain Type B...” to “...for Underdrain Type B and C...”

Replace subsections 703.25 through 703.28 with the following:

703.25 Stone Fill Stones for stone fill shall consist of hard, sound, durable rock that will not disintegrate by exposure to water or weather. Stone for stone fill shall be angular and rough. Rounded, subrounded, or long thin stones will not be allowed. Stone for stone fill may be obtained from quarries or by screening oversized rock from earth borrow pits. The maximum allowable length to thickness ratio will be 3:1. The minimum stone size (10 lbs) shall have an average dimension of 5 inches. The maximum stone size (500 lbs) shall have a maximum dimension of approximately 36 inches. Larger stones may be used if approved by the Resident. Fifty percent of the stones by volume shall have an average dimension of 12 inches (200 lbs).

703.26 Plain and Hand Laid Riprap Stone for riprap shall consist of hard, sound durable rock that will not disintegrate by exposure to water or weather. Stone for riprap shall be angular and rough. Rounded, subrounded or long thin stones will not be allowed. The maximum allowable length to width ratio will be 3:1. Stone for riprap may be obtained from quarries or by screening oversized rock from earth borrow pits. The minimum stone size (10 lbs) shall have an average dimension of 5 inches. The maximum stone size (200 lbs) shall have an average dimension of approximately 12 inches. Larger stones may be used if approved by the Resident. Fifty percent of the stones by volume shall have an average dimension greater than 9 inches (50 lbs).

703.27 Stone Blanket Stones for stone blanket shall consist of sound durable rock that will not disintegrate by exposure to water or weather. Stone for stone blanket shall be angular and rough. Rounded or subrounded stones will not be allowed. Stones may be obtained from quarries or by screening oversized rock from earth borrow pits. The minimum stone size (300 lbs) shall have minimum dimension of 14 inches, and the maximum stone size (3000 lbs) shall have a maximum dimension of approximately 66 inches. Fifty percent of the stones by volume shall have average dimension greater than 24 inches (1000 lbs).

703.28 Heavy Riprap Stone for heavy riprap shall consist of hard, sound, durable rock that will not disintegrate by exposure to water or weather. Stone for heavy riprap shall be angular and rough. Rounded, subrounded, or thin, flat stones will not be allowed. The maximum allowable length to width ratio will be 3:1. Stone for heavy riprap may be obtained from quarries or by screening oversized rock from earth borrow pits. The minimum stone size (500 lbs) shall have minimum dimension of 15 inches, and at least fifty percent of the stones by volume shall have an average dimension greater than 24 inches (1000 lbs).”

Add the following paragraph:

703.32 Definitions (ASTM D 2488, Table 1).

Angular: Particles have sharp edges and relatively plane sides with unpolished surfaces

Subrounded: Particles have nearly plane sides but have well-rounded corners and edges

Rounded: Particles have smoothly curved sides and no edges”

SECTION 706  
NON-METALLIC PIPE

706.06 Corrugated Polyethylene Pipe for Underdrain, Option I and Option III Culvert Pipe Change the first sentence from "...300 mm diameters to 900 mm" to "...300 mm diameters to 1200 mm" Delete, in it's entirety, the last sentence which begins "This pipe and resins..." and replace with the following; "The manufacturing plants of polyethylene pipe shall be certified by the Eastern States Consortium. Polyethylene pipe shall be accepted based on third party certification by the AASHTO's National Transportation Product Evaluation Program."

SECTION 709  
REINFORCING STEEL AND WELDED STEEL WIRE FABIC

709.03 Steel Strand Change the second paragraph from "...shall be 12mm [½ inch] AASHTO M203M/M203 (ASTM A416/A416M)..." to "...shall be 15.24 mm [0.600 inch] diameter AASHTO M203 (ASTM A416)..."

SECTION 710  
FENCE AND GUARDRAIL

710.03 Chain Link Fabric Add the following sentence: "Chain Link fabric for PVC coated shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M181, Type IV-Class B."

710.04 Metal Beam Rail Replace with the following: "Galvanized steel rail elements shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M 180, Class A, Type II.

When corrosion resistant steel is specified, rail shall conform to AASHTO M 180, Class A, Type IV. Beams of corrosion resistant steel shall not be painted or galvanized. They shall be so handled and stored that the traffic face of these beams, used in a continuous run of guardrail, shall not show a distinctive color differential.

When metal beam rail is to be installed on a curve having a radius of curvature of 150 ft. or less, the beam sections shall be fabricated on an arc to the required radius and permanently stamped or embossed with the designated radius.

The engineer may take one piece of guardrail, a backup plate, and end or buffer section from each 200 pieces in a lot, or from each lot if less than 200 pieces are included therein for determination of compliance with specification requirements. If one piece fails to conform to the requirements of this specification, two other pieces shall be tested. If either of these pieces fails to conform to the requirements of this specification, the lot of material represented by these samples shall be rejected. A lot shall be considered that quantity of material offered for inspection at one time that bears the same heat and coating identification."

710.07 Guardrail Posts Section b. change "...AASHTO M183/M183M..." to "...AASHTO M 270M/M 270 Grade 250 (36)..."

SECTION 712  
MISCELLANEOUS HIGHWAY MATERIALS

712.04 Stone Curbing and Edging Delete the existing and replace with the following: “Stone for curbing and edging shall be approved granite from acceptable sources. The stone shall be hard and durable, predominantly gray in color, free from seams that would be likely to impair its structural integrity, and of a smooth splitting character. Natural grain size and color variations characteristic of the source deposit will be permitted. Such natural variations may include bands or clusters of mineral crystallization provided they do not impair the structural integrity of the curb stone. The Contractor shall submit for approval the name of the quarry that is the proposed source of the granite for curb materials along with full scale color photos of the granite. Such submission shall be made sufficiently in advance of ordering so that the Resident may have an opportunity to judge the stone, both as to quality and appearance. Samples of curbing shall be submitted for approval only when requested by the Resident. The dimensions, shape, and other details shall be as shown on the plans.”

712.06 Precast Concrete Units In the first paragraph, change “...ASTM C478M...” to “...AASHTO M199...” Delete the second paragraph and replace with the following; “Approved structural fibers may be used as a replacement of 6 x 6 #10 gauge welded wire fabric when used at an approved dosage rate for the construction of manhole and catch basin units. The material used shall be one of the products listed on the Maine Department of Transportation’s Approved Product List of Structural Fiber Reinforcement.” Delete the fifth paragraph and replace with the following; “The concrete mix design shall be approved by the Department. Concrete shall contain 6% air content, plus or minus 1½% tolerance when tested according to AASHTO T152. All concrete shall develop a minimum compressive strength of 28 MPa [4000 psi] in 28 days when tested according to AASHTO T22. The absorption of a specimen, when tested according to AASHTO T280, Test Method “A”, shall not exceed nine percent of the dry mass.”

Add the following:

712.07 Tops, and Traps These metal units shall conform to the plan dimensions and to the following specification requirements for the designated materials.

Gray iron or ductile iron castings shall conform to the requirements of AASHTO M306 unless otherwise designated.”

712.08 Corrugated Metal Units The units shall conform to plan dimensions and the metal to AASHTO M36/M36M. Bituminous coating, when specified, shall conform to AASHTO M190 Type A.

712.09 Catch Basin and Manhole Steps Steps for catch basins and for manholes shall conform to ASTM C478M [ASTM C478], Section 13 for either of the following material:

- (a) Aluminum steps-ASTM B221M, [ASTM B211] Alloy 6061-T6 or 6005-T5.
- (b) Reinforced plastic steps Steel reinforcing bar with injection molded plastic coating copolymer polypropylene. Polypropylene shall conform to ASTM D 4101.

712.23 Flashing Lights Flashing Lights shall be power operated or battery operated as specified.

(a) Power operated flashing lights shall consist of housing, adapters, lamps, sockets, reflectors, lens, hoods and other necessary equipment designed to give clearly visible signal indications within an angle of at least 45 degrees and from 3 to 90 m [10 to 300 ft] under all light and atmospheric conditions.

Two circuit flasher controllers with a two-circuit filter capable of providing alternate flashing operations at the rate of not less than 50 nor more than 60 flashes per minute shall be provided.

The lamps shall be 650 lumens, 120 volt traffic signal lamps with sockets constructed to properly focus and hold the lamp firmly in position.

The housing shall have a rotatable sun visor not less than 175 mm [7 in] in length designed to shield the lens.

Reflectors shall be of such design that light from a properly focused lamp will reflect the light rays parallel. Reflectors shall have a maximum diameter at the point of contact with the lens of approximately 200 mm [8 in].

The lens shall consist of a round one-piece convex amber material which, when mounted, shall have a visible diameter of approximately 200 mm [8 in]. They shall distribute light and not diffuse it. The distribution of the light shall be asymmetrical in a downward direction. The light distribution of the lens shall not be uniform, but shall consist of a small high intensity portion with narrow distribution for long distance throw and a larger low intensity portion with wide distribution for short distance throw. Lenses shall be marked to indicate the top and bottom of the lens.

(b) Battery operated flashing lights shall be self-illuminated by an electric lamp behind the lens. These lights shall also be externally illuminated by reflex-reflective elements built into the lens to enable it to be seen by reflex-reflection of the light from the headlights of oncoming traffic. The batteries must be entirely enclosed in a case. A locking device must secure the case. The light shall have a flash rate of not less than 50 nor more than 60 flashes per minute from minus 30 °C [minus 20 °F] to plus 65 °C [plus 150 °F]. The light shall have an on time of not less than 10 percent of the flash cycle. The light beam projected upon a surface perpendicular to the axis of the light beam shall produce a lighted rectangular projection whose minimum horizontal dimension shall be 5 degrees each side of the horizontal axis. The effective intensity shall not have an initial value greater than 15.0 candelas or drop below 4.0 candelas during the first 336 hours of continuous flashing. The illuminated lens shall appear to be uniformly bright over its entire illuminated surface when viewed from any point within an angle of 9 degrees each side of the vertical axis and 5 degrees each side of the horizontal axis. The lens shall not be less than 175 mm [7 in] in diameter including a reflex-reflector ring of 13 mm [½ in] minimum width around the periphery. The lens shall be yellow in color and have a minimum relative luminous transmittance of 0.440 with a luminance of 2854° Kelvin. The lens shall be one-piece construction. The lens material shall be plastic and meet the luminous transmission requirements of this specification. The case containing the

batteries and circuitry shall be constructed of a material capable of withstanding abuse equal to or greater than 1.21 mm thick steel [No. 18 U.S. Standard Gage Steel]. The housing and the lens frame, if of metal shall be properly cleaned, degreased and pretreated to promote adhesion. It shall be given one or more coats of enamel which, when dry shall completely obscure the metal. The enamel coating shall be of such quality that when the coated case is struck a light blow with a sharp tool, the paint will not chip or crack and if scratched with a knife will not powder. The case shall be so constructed and closed as to exclude moisture that would affect the proper operation of light. The case shall have a weep hole to allow the escape of moisture from condensation. Photoelectric controls, if provided, shall keep the light operating whenever the ambient light falls below 215 lx [20 foot candles]. Each light shall be plainly marked as to the manufacturer's name and model number.

If required by the Resident, certification as to conformance to these specifications shall be furnished based on results of tests made by an independent testing laboratory. All lights are subject to random inspection and testing. All necessary random samples shall be provided to the Resident upon request without cost to the Department. All such samples shall be returned to the Contractor upon completion of the tests.

712.32 Copper Tubing Copper tubing and fittings shall conform to the requirements of ASTM B88M Type A [ASTM B88, Type K] or better.

712.33 Non-metallic Pipe, Flexible Non-metallic pipe and pipe fittings shall be acceptable flexible pipe manufactured from virgin polyethylene polymer suitable for transmitting liquids intended for human or animal consumption.

712.34 Non-metallic Pipe, Rigid Non-metallic pipe shall be Schedule 40 polyvinylchloride (PVC) that meets the requirement of ASTM D1785. Fittings shall be of the same material.

712.341 Metallic Pipe Metallic pipe shall be ANSI, Standard B36.10, Schedule 40 steel pipe conforming to the requirements of ASTM A53 Types E or S, Grade B. End plates shall be steel conforming to ASTM A36/A36M.

Both the sleeve and end plates shall be hot dip galvanized. Pipe sleeve splices shall be welded splices with full penetration weld before galvanizing.

712.35 Epoxy Resin Epoxy resin for grouting or sealing shall consist of a mineral filled thixotropic, flexible epoxy resin having a pot life of approximately one hour at 10°C [50°F]. The grout shall be an approved product suitable for cementing steel dowels into the preformed holes of curb inlets and adjacent curbing. The sealant shall be an approved product, light gray in color and suitable for coating the surface.

712.36 Bituminous Curb The asphalt cement for bituminous curb shall be of the grade required for the wearing course, or shall be Viscosity Grade AC-20 meeting the current requirements of Subsection 702.01 Asphalt Cement. The aggregate shall conform to the requirements of Subsection 703.07. The coarse aggregate portion retained on the 2.36 mm [No. 8] sieve may be either crushed rock or crushed gravel.



The mineral constituents of the bituminous mixture shall be sized and graded and combined in a composite blend that will produce a stable durable curbing with an acceptable texture.

Bituminous material for curb shall meet the requirements of Section 403 - Hot Bituminous Pavement.

712.37 Precast Concrete Slab Portland cement concrete for precast slabs shall meet the requirements of Section 502 - Structural Concrete, Class A.

The slabs shall be precast to the dimension shown on the plans and cross section and in accordance with the Standard Detail plans for Concrete Sidewalk Slab. The surface shall be finished with a float finish in accordance with Subsection 502.14(c). Lift devices of sufficient strength to hold the slab while suspended from cables shall be cast into the top or back of the slab.

712.38 Stone Slab Stone slabs shall be of granite from an acceptable source, hard, durable, predominantly gray in color, free from seams which impair the structural integrity and be of smooth splitting character. Natural color variations characteristic of the deposit will be permitted. Exposed surfaces shall be free from drill holes or indications of drill holes. The granite slabs in any one section of backslope must be all the same finish.

The granite slabs shall be scabble dressed or sawed to an approximately true plane having no projections or depressions over 13 mm [ $\frac{1}{2}$  in] under a 600 mm [2 ft] straightedge or over 25 mm [1 in] under a 1200 mm [4 ft] straightedge. The arris at the intersection of the top surface and exposed front face shall be pitched so that the arris line is uniform throughout the length of the installed slabs. The sides shall be square to the exposed face unless the slabs are to be set on a radius or other special condition which requires that the joints be cut to fit, but in any case shall be so finished that when the stones are placed side by side no space more than 20 mm [ $\frac{3}{4}$  in] shall show in the joint for the full exposed height.

Liftpin holes in all sides will be allowed except on the exposed face.

## SECTION 717 ROADSIDE IMPROVEMENT MATERIAL

717.03 C. Method #3 - Roadside Mixture #3 Change the seed proportions to the following:

Crown Vetch	25%
Perennial Lupine	25%
Red Clover	12.5%
Annual Rye	37.5%

717.05 Mulch Binder Change the third sentence to read as follows:

“Paper fiber mulch may be used as a binder at the rate of 2.3 kg/unit [5 lb/unit].”

SECTION 720  
STRUCTURAL SUPPORTS FOR HIGHWAY SIGNS, LUMINAIRES, AND  
TRAFFIC SIGNALS

720.08 U-Channel Posts Change the first sentence from "..., U-Channel posts..." to "..., Rib Back U-Channel posts..."

SECTION 722  
GEOTEXTILES

722.01 Stabilization/Reinforcement Geotextile Add the following to note #3; "The strengths specified in the columns labeled "<50%" and "≥ 50%" refer to the elongation at which the geotextile material was tested. For example; if a fabric is tested at 15% elongation then it must meet or exceed the minimum strength shown in the "<50%" column. Submittals must include the percent elongation at which the material was tested."

722.02 Drainage Geotextile Add the following to note #3; "The strengths specified in the columns labeled "<50%" and "≥ 50%" refer to the elongation at which the geotextile material was tested. For example; if a fabric is tested at 15% elongation then it must meet or exceed the minimum strength shown in the "<50%" column. Submittals must include the percent elongation at which the material was tested."

722.01 Erosion Control Geotextile Add the following note to Elongation in the Mechanical Property Table; "The strengths specified in the columns labeled "<50%" and "≥ 50%" refer to the elongation at which the geotextile material was tested. For example; if a fabric is tested at 15% elongation then it must meet or exceed the minimum strength shown in the "<50%" column. Submittals must include the percent elongation at which the material was tested."

APPENDIX A TO DIVISION 100

SECTION 1 - BIDDING PROVISIONS

A. Federally Required Certifications By signing and delivering a Bid, the Bidder certifies as provided in all certifications set forth in this Appendix A - Federal Contract Provisions Supplement including:

- Certification Regarding No Kickbacks to Procure Contract as provided on this page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-collusion as provided on page 1 below.
- Certification Regarding Non-segregated Facilities as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section III set forth on page 21 below.
- "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XI set forth on page 32 below.
- "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying" as provided by FHWA Form 1273, section XII set forth on page 35 below.

Unless otherwise provided below, the term "Bidder", for the purposes of these certifications, includes the Bidder, its principals, and the person(s) signing the Bid. Upon execution of the Contract, the Bidder (then called the Contractor) will again make all the certifications indicated in this paragraph above. Upon execution of the Contract, the Bidder (then called the Contractor) will again make all the certifications indicated in this paragraph above.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING NO KICKBACKS TO PROCURE CONTRACT Except expressly stated by the Bidder on sheets submitted with the Bid (if any), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it has not:

(A) employed or retained for a commission, percentage, brokerage, contingent fee, or other consideration, any firm or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) to solicit or secure this contract;

(B) agreed, as an express or implied condition for obtaining this contract, to employ or retain the services of any firm or person in connection with carrying out the contract, or;

(C) paid, or agreed to pay, to any firm, organization, or person (other than a bona fide employee working solely for me) any fee, contribution, donation, or consideration of any kind for, or in connection with, procuring or carrying out the contract;

By signing and submitting a Bid, the Bidder acknowledges that this certification is to be furnished to the Maine Department of Transportation and the Federal Highway Administration, U.S. Department of Transportation in connection with this contract in anticipation of federal aid highway funds and is subject to applicable state and federal laws, both criminal and civil.

CERTIFICATION REGARDING NONCOLLUSION Under penalty of perjury as provided by federal law (28 U.S.C. §1746), the Bidder hereby certifies, to the best of its knowledge and belief, that:

the Bidder has not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of competitive bidding in connection with the Contract.

For a related provisions, see Section 102.7.2 (C) of the Standard Specifications - "Effects of Signing and Delivery of Bids" - "Certifications", Section 3 of this Appendix A entitled "Other Federal Requirements" including section XI - "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility, and Voluntary Exclusion" and section XII. - "Certification Regarding Use of Contract Funds for Lobbying."

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B. Bid Rigging Hotline To report bid rigging activities call: **1-800-424-9071**

The U.S. Department of Transportation (DOT) operates the above toll-free "hotline" Monday through Friday, 8:00 a.m. to 5:00 p.m., eastern time. Anyone with knowledge of possible bid rigging, bidder collusion, or other fraudulent activities should use the "hotline" to report such activities.

The "hotline" is part of the DOT's continuing effort to identify and investigate highway construction contract fraud and abuse and is operated under the direction of the DOT Inspector General. All information will be treated confidentially and caller anonymity will be respected.

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SECTION 2 - FEDERAL EEO AND CIVIL RIGHTS REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 2 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

A. Nondiscrimination & Civil Rights - Title VI The Contractor and its subcontractors shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, or sex in the performance of this Contract. The Contractor shall carry out applicable requirements of 49 CFR Part 26 in the award and administration of DOT assisted contracts. Failure by the Contractor to carry out these requirements is a material breach of this contract, which may result in the termination of this contract or such other remedy as the Department deems appropriate. The Contractor and subcontractors shall comply with Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, as amended, and with all State of Maine and other Federal Civil Rights laws.

For related provisions, see Subsection B - "Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246" of this Section 2 and Section 3 - Other Federal Requirements of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" including section II - "Nondiscrimination" of the "Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts", FHWA-1273.

B. Nondiscrimination and Affirmative Action - Executive Order 11246 Pursuant to Executive Order 11246, which was issued by President Johnson in 1965 and amended in 1967 and 1978, this Contract provides as follows.

The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its efforts to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall

document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as extensive as the following:

1. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidations, and coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, where possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all forepersons, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
2. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources, provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its union have employment opportunities available, and to maintain a record of the organization's responses.
3. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment source or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
4. Provide immediate written notification to the Department's Civil Rights Office when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Design-Builder's efforts to meet its obligations.
5. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources compiled under B above.
6. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligation; by including it in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.
7. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination, or other employment decisions including specific review

of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Forepersons, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.

8. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractor's and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
9. Direct its recruitment efforts, both orally and written to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above describing the openings, screenings, procedures, and test to be used in the selection process.
10. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth, both on the site and in other areas of a Contractor's workforce.
11. Validate all tests and other selection requirements.
12. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
13. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
14. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
15. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction Contractor's and suppliers, including circulation of solicitations to minority and female Contractor associations and other business associations.
16. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisors' adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.

C. Goals for Employment of Women and Minorities Per Executive Order 11246, craft tradesperson goals are 6.9% women and .5% minorities employed. However, goals may be adjusted upward at the mutual agreement of the Contractor and the Department. Calculation of these percentages shall not include On-the-Job Training Program trainees, and shall not include clerical or field clerk position employees.

For a more complete presentation of requirements for such Goals, see the federally required document "Goals for Employment of Females and Minorities" set forth in the next 6 pages below.

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Start of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES  
Federally Required Contract Document

§60-4.2 Solicitations

(d) The following notice shall be included in, and shall be part of, all solicitations for offers and bids on all Federal and federally assisted construction contracts or subcontracts in excess of \$10,000 to be performed in geographical areas designated by the Director pursuant to §60-4.6 of this part (see 41 CFR 60-4.2(a)):

Notice of Requirement for Affirmative Action to Ensure Equal Opportunity (Executive Order 11246)

1. The Offeror's or bidder's attention is called to the "Equal Opportunity Clause" and the "Standard Federal Equal Employment Specifications" set forth herein.
2. The goals and timetables for minority and female participation, expressed in percentage terms for the Contractor's aggregate work force in each trade on all construction work in the covered area, are as follows:

Goals for female participation in each trade 6.9%

Goals for minority participation for each trade

Maine

001 Bangor, ME 0.8%

Non-SMSA Counties (Aroostook, Hancock, Penobscot, Piscataquis, Waldo, Washington)

002 Portland-Lewiston, ME

SMSA Counties: 4243 Lewiston-Auburn, ME 0.5%  
(Androscoggin)

6403 Portland, ME 0.6%  
(Cumberland, Sagadahoc)

Non-SMSA Counties: 0.5%  
(Franklin, Kennebec, Knox, Lincoln, Oxford, Somerset, York)

These goals are applicable to all the Contractor's construction work (whether or not it is Federal or federally assisted) performed in the covered area. If the contractor performs construction work in a geographical area located outside of the covered area, it shall apply the goals established for such geographical area where the work is actually performed. With regard to this second area, the contractor also is subject to the goals for both its federally involved and non federally involved construction.

The contractor's compliance with the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4 shall be based on its implementation of the Equal Opportunity Clause, specific affirmative action obligations required by the specifications set forth in 41 CFR 60-4.3(a), and its efforts to meet the goals. The hours of minority and female employment and training must be substantially uniform throughout the length of the contract, and in each trade, and the contractor shall make a good faith effort to employ minorities and women evenly on each of its projects. The transfer of minority or female employees or trainees from Contractor to Contractor or from project to project for the sole purpose of meeting the Contractor's goals shall be in violation of the contract, the Executive Order and the regulations in 41 CFR Part 60-4. Compliance with the goals will be measured against the total work hours performed.

3. The Contractor shall provide written notification to the Director of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs within 10 working days of award of any construction subcontract in excess of \$10,000 at any tier for construction work under the contract resulting from this solicitation. The notification shall list the name, address and telephone number of the subcontractor, employer identification number of the subcontractor, estimated dollar amount of the subcontract; estimated started and completion dates of the subcontract; and the geographical area in which the subcontract is to be performed.

4. As used in this Notice, and in the Contract resulting from this solicitation, the "covered area" is (insert description of the geographical areas where the contract is to be performed giving the state, county and city, if any).

STANDARD FEDERAL EQUAL EMPLOYMENT OPPORTUNITY CONSTRUCTION  
CONTRACT SPECIFICATIONS (EXECUTIVE ORDER 11246)

1. As used in these specifications:
  - a. "Covered area" means the geographical area described in the solicitation from which this contract resulted;
  - b. "Director" means Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, United States Department of Labor, or any person to whom the Director delegates authority;
  - c. "Employer identification number" means the Federal Social Security number used on the Employer's Quarterly Federal Tax Return, U.S. Treasury Department form 941;
  - d. "Minority" includes:
    - (i) Black (all persons having origins in any of the Black African racial groups not of Hispanic origin);



- (ii) Hispanic (all persons of Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American or other Spanish Culture or origin, regardless of race);
  - (iii) Asian and Pacific Islander (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, the Indian Subcontinent, or the Pacific Islands); and
  - (iv) American Indian or Alaskan Native (all persons having origins in any of the original peoples of the North America and maintaining identifiable tribal affiliations through membership and participation or community identification).
2. Whenever the Contractor, or any subcontractor at any tier, subcontracts a portion of the work involving any construction trade, it shall physically include in each subcontract in excess of \$10,000 the provisions of these specifications and the Notice which contains the applicable goals for minority and female participation and which is set forth in the solicitations from which this contract resulted.
  3. If the contractor, is participating (pursuant to 41 CFR 60-4.5) in a Hometown Plan approved by the U.S. Department of Labor in the covered area either individually or through an association, its affirmative action obligations on all work in the Plan area (including goals and timetables) shall be in accordance with that Plan for those trades which have unions participating in the Plan. Contractors must be able to demonstrate their participation in and compliance with the provisions of any such Hometown Plan. Each Contractor or Subcontractor participating in an approved Plan is individually required to comply with its obligations under the EEO clause, and to make a good faith effort to achieve each goal under the Plan in each trade in which it has employees. The overall good faith performance by other Contractors for Subcontractors toward a goal in an approved Plan does not excuse any covered Contractor's or Subcontractor's failure to take good faith efforts to achieve the Plan goals and timetables.
  4. The Contractor shall implement the specific affirmative action standards provided in paragraphs 7 a. through p. of these specifications. The goals set forth in the solicitation from which this contract resulted are expressed as percentages of the total hours of employment and training of minority and female utilization the Contractor should reasonably be able to achieve in each construction trade in which it has employees in contractors performing construction work in geographical areas where they do not have a Federal or federally assisted construction contract shall apply the minority and female goals established for the geographical areas where the work is being performed. Goals are published periodically in the Federal Register in notice form and such notices may be obtained from any Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs office or from Federal procurement contracting officers. The Contractor is expected to make substantially uniform progress in meeting its goals in each craft during the period specific.
  5. Neither the provisions of any collective bargaining agreement, nor the failure by a union with whom the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement, to refer either minorities or women shall excuse the Contractor's obligations under these specifications, Executive Order 11246, or the regulations promulgated pursuant, thereto.
  6. In order for the non working training hours of apprentices and trainees to be counted in meeting the goals, such apprentices and trainees must be employed by the Contractor during the training period, and the Contractor must have made a commitment to employ the

apprentices and trainees at the completion of their training, subject to the availability of employment opportunities. Trainees must be trained pursuant to training programs approved by the U.S. Department of Labor.

7. The Contractor shall take specific affirmative actions to ensure equal employment opportunity. The evaluation of the Contractor's compliance with these specifications shall be based upon its effort to achieve maximum results from its actions. The Contractor shall document these efforts fully, and shall implement affirmative action steps at least as expensive as the following:
  - a. Ensure and maintain a working environment free of harassment, intimidation, coercion at all sites, and in all facilities at which the Contractor's employees are assigned to work. The Contractor, when possible, will assign two or more women to each construction project. The Contractor shall specifically ensure that all foremen, superintendents, and other on-site supervisory personnel are aware of and carry out the Contractor's obligation to maintain such a working environment, with specific attention to minority or female individuals working at such sites or in such facilities.
  - b. Establish and maintain a current list of minority and female recruitment sources provide written notification to minority and female recruitment sources and to community organizations when the Contractor or its unions have employment opportunities available, and maintain a record of the organization's responses.
  - c. Maintain a current file of the names, addresses and telephone numbers of each minority and female off-the-street applicant and minority or female referral from a union, a recruitment sources or community organization and of what action was taken with respect to each such individual. If such individual was sent to the union hiring hall for referral and was not referred back to the Contractor by the union or, if referred, not employed by the Contractor, this shall be documented in the file with the reason therefore, along with whatever additional actions the Contractor may have taken.
  - d. Provide immediate written notification to the Director when the union or unions with which the Contractor has a collective bargaining agreement has not referred to the Contractor a minority person or woman sent by the Contractor, or when the Contractor has other information that the union referral process has impeded the Contractor's efforts to meet its obligations.
  - e. Develop on-the-job training opportunities and/or participate in training programs for the area which expressly include minorities and women, including upgrading programs and apprenticeship and trainee programs relevant to the Contractor's employment needs, especially those programs funded or approved by the Department of Labor. The Contractor shall provide notice of these programs to the sources complied under 7b above.
  - f. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy by providing notice of the policy to unions and training programs and requesting their cooperation in assisting the Contractor in meeting its EEO obligations; by including in any policy manual and collective bargaining agreement; by publicizing it in the company newspaper, annual report, etc.; by specific

review of the policy with all management personnel and with all minority and female employees at least once a year; and by posting the company EEO policy on bulletin boards accessible to all employees at each location where construction work is performed.

- g. Review, at least annually, the company's EEO policy and affirmative action obligations under these specifications with all employees having any responsibility for hiring, assignment, layoff, termination or other employment decisions including specific review of these items with on-site supervisory personnel such as Superintendents, General Foremen, etc., prior to the initiation of construction work at any job site. A written record shall be made and maintained identifying the time and place of these meetings, persons attending, subject matter discussed, and disposition of the subject matter.
- h. Disseminate the Contractor's EEO policy externally by including it in any advertising in the news media, specifically including minority and female news media, and providing written notification to and discussing the Contractor's EEO policy with other Contractors and Subcontractors with whom the Contractor does or anticipates doing business.
- i. Direct its recruitment, efforts, both oral and written, to minority, female and community organizations, to schools with minority and female students and to minority and female recruitment and training organizations serving the Contractor's recruitment area and employment needs. Not later than one month other training by any recruitment source, the Contractor shall send written notification to organizations such as the above, describing prior to the date for the acceptance of applications for apprenticeship or the openings, screening procedures, and tests to be used in the selection process.
- j. Encourage present minority and female employees to recruit other minority persons and women and, where reasonable, provide after school, summer and vacation employment to minority and female youth both on site and in other areas of a Contractor's work force.
- k. Validate all tests and other selection requirements where there is an obligation to do so under 41 CFR Part 60-3.
- l. Conduct, at least annually, an inventory and evaluation at least of all minority and female personnel for promotional opportunities and encourage these employees to seek or to prepare for, through appropriate training, etc., such opportunities.
- m. Ensure that seniority practices, job classifications, work assignments and other personnel practices, do not have a discriminatory effect by continually monitoring all personnel and employment related activities to ensure that the EEO policy and the Contractor's obligations under these specifications are being carried out.
- n. Ensure that all facilities and company activities are non segregated except that separate or single-user toilet and necessary changing facilities shall be provided to assure privacy between the sexes.
- o. Document and maintain a record of all solicitations of offers for subcontracts from minority and female construction contractors and suppliers, including circulation of

solicitation to minority and female contractor associations and other business associations.

- p. Conduct a review, at least annually, of all supervisor's adherence to and performance under the Contractor's EEO policies and affirmative action obligations.
8. Contractors are encouraged to participate in voluntary associations which assist in fulfilling one or more of their affirmative action obligations (7 a through p.). The efforts of a contractor association, joint contractor-union, contractor-community, or other similar group of which the contractor is a member and participant, may be asserted as fulfilling any one or more of its obligations under 7 a through p. of these specifications provided that the contractor actively participates in the group, makes every effort to assure that the group has a positive impact on the employment of minorities and women in the industry, ensures that the concrete benefits of the program and reflected in the Contractor's minority and female work force participation, makes a good faith effort to meet its individual goals and timetables, and can provide access to documentation which demonstrates the effectiveness of actions take on behalf of the Contractor. The obligation to comply, however, is the Contractor's and failure of such a group to fulfill an obligation shall not be a defense for the Contractor's noncompliance.
  9. A single goal for minorities and a separate single goal for women have been established. The Contractor, however, is required to provide equal employment opportunity and to take affirmative action for all minority groups, both male and female, and all women, both minority and non-minority. Consequently, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if a particular group is employed in a substantially disparate manner (for example, specific minority group of women is underutilized.)
  10. The Contractor shall not use the goals and timetables or affirmative action even though the Contractor has achieved its goals for women generally, the Contractor may be in violation of the Executive Order if standards to discriminate against any person because of race, color, religion, sex, or national origin.
  11. The Contractor shall not enter into any Subcontract with any person or firm debarred from Government contracts pursuant to Executive Order 11246.
  12. The Contractor shall carry out such sanctions and penalties for violation of these specifications and of the Equal Opportunity Clause, including suspension, termination and cancellation of existing subcontracts as may be imposed or ordered pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and its implementation regulations by the Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs. Any Contractor who fails to carry out such sanctions and penalties shall be in violation of these specifications and Executive Order 11246, as amended.
  13. The Contractor, in fulfilling its obligations under these specifications, shall implement specific affirmative action steps, at least as extensive as those standards prescribed in paragraph 7 of these specifications, so as to achieve maximum results from its efforts to ensure equal employment opportunity. If the Contractor fails to comply with the

requirements of the Executive Order, the implementing regulations, or these specifications, the Director shall proceed in accordance with 41 CFR 60-4.6.

- 14. The Contractor shall designate a responsible official to monitor all employment related activity to ensure that the company EEO policy is being carried out, to submit reports relating to the provisions hereof as may be required by the Government and to keep records. Records shall at least include for each employee the name, address, telephone numbers, construction trade, union affiliation if any, employee identification number when assigned, social security number, race, sex, status (e.g. mechanic, apprentice, trainee, helper, or laborer), dates of changes in status, hours worked per week in the indicated trade, rate of pay, and location at which the work was performed. Records be maintained in an easily understandable and retrievable form; however, to the degree that existing records satisfy this requirement, contractors shall not be required to maintain separate records.
- 15. Nothing herein provided shall be construed as a limitation upon the application of other laws which establish different standards of compliance or upon the application of requirements for the hiring of local or other area residents (e.g., those under the Public Works Employment Act of 1977 and the Community Development Block Grant Program).

End of GOALS FOR EMPLOYMENT OF FEMALES AND MINORITIES  
Federally Required Contract Document

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D. Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) Requirements The Department has established an annual Disadvantaged Business Enterprise goal to be achieved through race neutral means. This goal will adjusted periodically and will be provided by Supplemental Provision. The Contractor shall comply with all provisions of this section regarding DBE participation and the Department’s latest version of the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Program Manual, said Manual being incorporated herein by reference. In the case of conflict between this Contract and said Manual, this Contract shall control. The Department reserves the right to adjust DBE goals on a project-by-project basis by addendum.

Policy. It is the Department’s policy that DBEs as defined in 23 CFR Part 26 and referenced in the Transportation Equity Act for 21st Century of 1998, as amended from the Surface Transportation Uniform Relocation Assistance Act of 1987, and the Intermeddle Surface Transportation Efficiency Act of 1991. The intent hereto remains to provide the maximum opportunity for DBEs to participate in the performance of contracts financed in whole or in part with federal funds.

The Department and its Contractors shall not discriminate on the basis of race, color, national origin, ancestry, sex, age, or disability in the award and performance of DOT assisted contracts.

Disadvantaged Business Enterprises are those so certified by the Maine Department of Transportation Civil Rights Office prior to bid opening date.

The Department has determined that elements of a good faith effort to meet the contract goal include but are not limited to the following:

1. Whether the Contractor advertised in general circulation, trade association, and minority/women's-focus media concerning the subcontracting opportunities;
2. Whether the Contractor provided written notice to a reasonable number of specific DBEs that their interest in the contract is being solicited;
3. Whether the Contractor followed up on initial solicitations of interest by contacting DBEs to determine with certainty whether the DBEs were interested;
4. Whether the Contractor selected portions of the work to be performed by DBEs in order to increase the likelihood of meeting the DBE goals;
5. Whether the Contractor provided interested DBEs with adequate information about the plans, specification and requirements of the contract;
6. Whether the Contractor negotiated in good faith with interested DBEs, not rejecting the DBE as unqualified without sound reasons based on a thorough investigation of their capabilities;
7. Whether the Contractor made efforts to assist interested DBEs with other appropriate technical/financial assistance required by the Department or Contractor;
8. Whether the Contractor effectively used the services of available minority/women's community organizations, minority/women's business assistance offices; and other organizations that provide assistance in the recruitment and placement of DBEs.

Substitutions of DBEs. The following may be acceptable reasons for Civil Rights Office approval of such a change order:

- The DBE defaults, voluntarily removes itself or is over-extended;
- The Department deletes portions of the work to be performed by the DBE.

It is not intended that the ability to negotiate a more advantageous contract with another certified DBE be considered a valid basis for such a change in DBE utilization once the DBE Bid Submission review has been passed. Any requests to alter the DBE commitment must be in writing and included with the change order.

Failure to carry out terms of this Standard Specification shall be treated as a violation of this contract and will result in contract sanctions which may include withholding of partial payments totaling the creditable dollars amount which would have been paid for said DBE participation, termination of this contract or other measures which may affect the ability of the Contractor to obtain Department contracts.

Copies of the Maine Department of Transportation's DBE Program may be obtained from:

Maine Department of Transportation  
Civil Rights Office  
#16 State House Station  
Augusta, Maine 04333-0016  
tel. (207) 624-3519

Quarterly Reporting Requirement. The Contractor must submit Semi-annual reports of actual dollars paid to Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE's) on this Project to the MDOT Civil Rights Office by the end of the third week of April and October for the period covering the preceding six months considered Federal Fiscal Year periods. The reports will be submitted directly to the Civil Rights Office on the form provided in the latest version of the DBE Program Manual. Failure to submit the report by the deadline may result in a withholding of approval of partial payment estimates by the Department.

### SECTION 3 - OTHER FEDERAL REQUIREMENTS

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the provisions contained in this Section 3 of this "Federal Contract Provisions Supplement" are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

#### A. Buy America

If the cost of products purchased for permanent use in this project which are manufactured of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials exceeds 0.1 percent of the contract amount, or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater, the products shall have been manufactured and the coating applied in the United States. The coating materials are not subject to this clause, only the application of the coating. In computing that amount, only the cost of the product and coating application cost will be included.

Ore, for the manufacture of steel or iron, may be from outside the United States; however, all other manufacturing processes of steel or iron must be in the United States to qualify as having been manufactured in the United States.

United States includes the 50 United States and any place subject to the jurisdiction thereof.

Products of steel include, but are not limited to, such products as structural steel, piles, guardrail, steel culverts, reinforcing steel, structural plate and steel supports for signs, luminaries and signals.

Products of iron include, but are not limited to, such products as cast iron grates.

Application of coatings include, but are not limited to, such applications as epoxy, galvanized and paint.

To assure compliance with this section, the Contractor shall submit a certification letter on its letterhead to the Department stating the following:

“This is to certify that products made of steel, iron or the application of any coating to products of these materials whose costs are in excess of \$2,500.00 or 0.1 percent of the original contract amount, whichever is greater, were manufactured and the coating, if one was required, was applied in the United States.”

#### B. Materials

a. Convict Produced Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 114(b)(2), 23 CFR 635.417

Applicability: FHWA's prohibition against the use of convict material only applies to Federal-aid highways. Materials produced after July 1, 1991, by convict labor may only be incorporated in a Federal-aid highway construction project if: 1) such materials have been produced by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation from a prison; or 2) such material has been produced in a qualified prison facility, e.g., prison industry, with the amount produced during any 12-month period, for use in Federal-aid projects, not exceeding the amount produced, for such use, during the 12-month period ending July 1, 1987.

Materials obtained from prison facilities (e.g., prison industries) are subject to the same requirements for Federal-aid participation that are imposed upon materials acquired from other sources. Materials manufactured or produced by convict labor will be given no preferential treatment.

The preferred method of obtaining materials for a project is through normal contracting procedures which require the contractor to furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work. The contractor selects the source, public or private, from which the materials are to be obtained (23 CFR 635.407). Prison industries are prohibited from bidding on projects directly (23 CFR 635.112e), but may act as material supplier to construction contractors.

Prison materials may also be approved as State-furnished material. However, since public agencies may not bid in competition with private firms, direct acquisition of materials from a prison industry for use as State-furnished material is subject to a public interest finding with the Division Administrator's concurrence (23 CFR 635.407d). Selection of materials produced by convict labor as State-furnished materials for mandatory use should be cleared prior to the submittal of the Plans Specifications & Estimates (PS&E).

b. Patented/Proprietary Products References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.411

FHWA will not participate, directly or indirectly, in payment for any premium or royalty on any patented or proprietary material, specification, or process specifically set forth in the plans and specifications for a project, unless:

- the item is purchased or obtained through competitive bidding with equally suitable unpatented items,
- the STA certifies either that the proprietary or patented item is essential for synchronization with the existing highway facilities or that no equally suitable alternative exists, or
- the item is used for research or for a special type of construction on relatively short sections of road for experimental purposes. States should follow FHWA's procedures for "Construction Projects Incorporating Experimental Features" ([expermnt.htm](#)) for the submittal of work plans and evaluations.

The primary purpose of the policy is to have competition in selection of materials and allow for development of new materials and products. The policy further permits materials and products that are judged equal may be bid under generic specifications. If only patented or proprietary products are acceptable, they shall be bid as alternatives with all, or at least a



reasonable number of, acceptable materials or products listed; and the Division Administrator may approve a single source if it can be found that its utilization is in the public interest.

Trade names are generally the key to identifying patented or proprietary materials. Trade name examples include 3M, Corten, etc. Generally, products identified by their brand or trade name are not to be specified without an "or equal" phrase, and, if trade names are used, all, or at least a reasonable number of acceptable "equal" materials or products should be listed. The licensing of several suppliers to produce a product does not change the fact that it is a single product and should not be specified to the exclusion of other equally suitable products.

c. State Preference References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.409

Materials produced within Maine shall not be favored to the exclusion of comparable materials produced outside of Maine. State preference clauses give particular advantage to the designated source and thus restrict competition. Therefore, State preference provisions shall not be used on any Federal-aid construction projects.

This policy also applies to State preference actions against materials of foreign origin, except as otherwise permitted by Federal law. Thus, States cannot give preference to in-State material sources over foreign material sources. Under the Buy America provisions, the States are permitted to expand the Buy America restrictions provided that the STA is legally authorized under State law to impose more stringent requirements.

d. State Owned/Furnished/Designated Materials References: 23 U.S.C. 112, 23 CFR 635.407

Current FHWA policy requires that the contractor must furnish all materials to be incorporated in the work, and the contractor shall be permitted to select the sources from which the materials are to be obtained. Exceptions to this requirement may be made when there is a definite finding, by MDOT and concurred in by Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA) Division Administrator, that it is in the public interest to require the contractor to use materials furnished by the MDOT or from sources designated by MDOT. The exception policy can best be understood by separating State-furnished materials into the categories of manufactured materials and local natural materials.

Manufactured Materials When the use of State-furnished manufactured materials is approved based on a public interest finding, such use must be made mandatory. The optional use of State-furnished manufactured materials is in violation of our policy prohibiting public agencies from competing with private firms. Manufactured materials to be furnished by MDOT must be acquired through competitive bidding, unless there is a public interest finding for another method, and concurred in by FHWA's Division Administrator.

Local Natural Materials When MDOT owns or controls a local natural materials source such as a borrow pit or a stockpile of salvaged pavement material, etc., the materials may be designated for either optional or mandatory use; however, mandatory use will require a public interest finding (PIF) and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence.

In order to permit prospective bidders to properly prepare their bids, the location, cost, and any conditions to be met for obtaining materials that are made available to the contractor shall be stated in the bidding documents.

Mandatory Disposal Sites Normally, the disposal site for surplus excavated materials is to be of the contractor's choosing; although, an optional site(s) may be shown in the contract provisions. A mandatory site shall be specified when there is a finding by MDOT, with the concurrence of the Division Administrator, that such placement is the most economical or that the environment would be substantially enhanced without excessive cost. Discussion of the mandatory use of a disposal site in the environmental document may serve as the basis for the public interest finding.

Summarizing FHWA policy for the mandatory use of borrow or disposal sites:

- mandatory use of either requires a public interest finding and FHWA's Division Administrator's concurrence,
- mandatory use of either may be based on environmental consideration where the environment will be substantially enhanced without excessive additional cost, and
- where the use is based on environmental considerations, the discussion in the environmental document may be used as the basis for the public interest finding.

Factors to justify a public interest finding should include such items as cost effectiveness, system integrity, and local shortages of material.

C. Standard FHWA Contract Provisions - FHWA 1273

Unless expressly otherwise provided in the Bid Documents, the following "Required Contract Provisions, Federal Aid Construction Contracts", FHWA-1273, are hereby incorporated into the Bid Documents and Contract.

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Start of FHWA 1273 REQUIRED CONTRACT PROVISIONS  
FEDERAL-AID CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS(As revised through March 10, 1994)

I. GENERAL

1. These contract provisions shall apply to all work performed on the contract by the contractor's own organization and with the assistance of workers under the contractor's immediate superintendence and to all work performed on the contract by piecework, station work, or by subcontract.
2. Except as otherwise provided for in each section, the contractor shall insert in each subcontract all of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions, and further require their inclusion in any lower tier subcontract or purchase order that may in turn be made. The Required Contract Provisions shall not be incorporated by reference in any case. The prime contractor shall be responsible for compliance by any subcontractor or lower tier subcontractor with these Required Contract Provisions.

3. A breach of any of the stipulations contained in these Required Contract Provisions shall be sufficient grounds for termination of the contract.
4. A breach of the following clauses of the Required Contract Provisions may also be grounds for debarment as provided in 29 CFR 5.12:

Section I, paragraph 2;  
Section IV, paragraphs 1, 2, 3, 4, and 7;  
Section V, paragraphs 1 and 2a through 2g.

5. Disputes arising out of the labor standards provisions of Section IV (except paragraph 5) and Section V of these Required Contract Provisions shall not be subject to the general disputes clause of this contract. Such disputes shall be resolved in accordance with the procedures of the U.S. Department of Labor (DOL) as set forth in 29 CFR 5, 6, and 7. Disputes within the meaning of this clause include disputes between the contractor (or any of its subcontractors) and the contracting agency, the DOL, or the contractor's employees or their representatives.
6. Selection of Labor: During the performance of this contract, the contractor shall not:
  - a. discriminate against labor from any other State, possession, or territory of the United States (except for employment preference for Appalachian contracts, when applicable, as specified in Attachment A), or
  - b. employ convict labor for any purpose within the limits of the project unless it is labor performed by convicts who are on parole, supervised release, or probation.

II. NONDISCRIMINATION (Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

1. Equal Employment Opportunity: Equal employment opportunity (EEO) requirements not to discriminate and to take affirmative action to assure equal opportunity as set forth under laws, executive orders, rules, regulations (28 CFR 35, 29 CFR 1630 and 41 CFR 60) and orders of the Secretary of Labor as modified by the provisions prescribed herein, and imposed pursuant to 23 U.S.C. 140 shall constitute the EEO and specific affirmative action standards for the contractor's project activities under this contract. The Equal Opportunity Construction Contract Specifications set forth under 41 CFR 60-4.3 and the provisions of the American Disabilities Act of 1990 (42 U.S.C. 12101 et seq.) set forth under 28 CFR 35 and 29 CFR 1630 are incorporated by reference in this contract. In the execution of this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with the following minimum specific requirement activities of EEO:
  - a. The contractor will work with the State highway agency (SHA) and the Federal Government in carrying out EEO obligations and in their review of his/her activities under the contract.
  - b. The contractor will accept as his operating policy the following statement:

"It is the policy of this Company to assure that applicants are employed, and that employees are treated during employment, without regard to their race, religion, sex, color, national origin, age or disability. Such action shall include: employment,

upgrading, demotion, or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation; and selection for training, including apprenticeship, preapprenticeship, and/or on-the-job training."

2. EEO Officer. The contractor will designate and make known to the SHA contracting officers an EEO Officer who will have the responsibility for and must be capable of effectively administering and promoting an active contractor program of EEO and who must be assigned adequate authority and responsibility to do so.
3. Dissemination of Policy. All members of the contractor's staff who are authorized to hire, supervise, promote, and discharge employees, or who recommend such action, or who are substantially involved in such action, will be made fully cognizant of, and will implement, the contractor's EEO policy and contractual responsibilities to provide EEO in each grade and classification of employment. To ensure that the above agreement will be met, the following actions will be taken as a minimum:
  - a. Periodic meetings of supervisory and personnel office employees will be conducted before the start of work and then not less often than once every six months, at which time the contractor's EEO policy and its implementation will be reviewed and explained. The meetings will be conducted by the EEO Officer.
  - b. All new supervisory or personnel office employees will be given a thorough indoctrination by the EEO Officer, covering all major aspects of the contractor's EEO obligations within thirty days following their reporting for duty with the contractor.
  - c. All personnel who are engaged in direct recruitment for the project will be instructed by the EEO Officer in the contractor's procedures for locating and hiring minority group employees.
  - d. Notices and posters setting forth the contractor's EEO policy will be placed in areas readily accessible to employees, applicants for employment and potential employees.
  - e. The contractor's EEO policy and the procedures to implement such policy will be brought to the attention of employees by means of meetings, employee handbooks, or other appropriate means.
4. Recruitment. When advertising for employees, the contractor will include in all advertisements for employees the notation: "An Equal Opportunity Employer." All such advertisements will be placed in publications having a large circulation among minority groups in the area from which the project work force would normally be derived.
  - a. The contractor will, unless precluded by a valid bargaining agreement, conduct systematic and direct recruitment through public and private employee referral sources likely to yield qualified minority group applicants. To meet this requirement, the contractor will identify sources of potential minority group employees, and establish with such identified sources procedures whereby minority group applicants may be referred to the contractor for employment consideration.

- b. In the event the contractor has a valid bargaining agreement providing for exclusive hiring hall referrals, he is expected to observe the provisions of that agreement to the extent that the system permits the contractor's compliance with EEO contract provisions. (The DOL has held that where implementation of such agreements have the effect of discriminating against minorities or women, or obligates the contractor to do the same, such implementation violates Executive Order 11246, as amended.)
  - c. The contractor will encourage his present employees to refer minority group applicants for employment. Information and procedures with regard to referring minority group applicants will be discussed with employees.
5. Personnel Actions. Wages, working conditions, and employee benefits shall be established and administered, and personnel actions of every type, including hiring, upgrading, promotion, transfer, demotion, layoff, and termination, shall be taken without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. The following procedures shall be followed:
- a. The contractor will conduct periodic inspections of project sites to insure that working conditions and employee facilities do not indicate discriminatory treatment of project site personnel.
  - b. The contractor will periodically evaluate the spread of wages paid within each classification to determine any evidence of discriminatory wage practices.
  - c. The contractor will periodically review selected personnel actions in depth to determine whether there is evidence of discrimination. Where evidence is found, the contractor will promptly take corrective action. If the review indicates that the discrimination may extend beyond the actions reviewed, such corrective action shall include all affected persons.
  - d. The contractor will promptly investigate all complaints of alleged discrimination made to the contractor in connection with his obligations under this contract, will attempt to resolve such complaints, and will take appropriate corrective action within a reasonable time. If the investigation indicates that the discrimination may affect persons other than the complainant, such corrective action shall include such other persons. Upon completion of each investigation, the contractor will inform every complainant of all of his avenues of appeal.
6. Training and Promotion.
- a. The contractor will assist in locating, qualifying, and increasing the skills of minority group and women employees, and applicants for employment.
  - b. Consistent with the contractor's work force requirements and as permissible under Federal and State regulations, the contractor shall make full use of training programs, i.e., apprenticeship, and on-the-job training programs for the geographical area of contract performance. Where feasible, 25 percent of apprentices or trainees in each occupation shall be in their first year of apprenticeship or training. In the event a special provision

for training is provided under this contract, this subparagraph will be superseded as indicated in the special provision.

- c. The contractor will advise employees and applicants for employment of available training programs and entrance requirements for each.
  - d. The contractor will periodically review the training and promotion potential of minority group and women employees and will encourage eligible employees to apply for such training and promotion.
7. Unions. If the contractor relies in whole or in part upon unions as a source of employees, the contractor will use his/her best efforts to obtain the cooperation of such unions to increase opportunities for minority groups and women within the unions, and to effect referrals by such unions of minority and female employees. Actions by the contractor either directly or through a contractor's association acting as agent will include the procedures set forth below:
- a. The contractor will use best efforts to develop, in cooperation with the unions, joint training programs aimed toward qualifying more minority group members and women for membership in the unions and increasing the skills of minority group employees and women so that they may qualify for higher paying employment.
  - b. The contractor will use best efforts to incorporate an EEO clause into each union agreement to the end that such union will be contractually bound to refer applicants without regard to their race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability.
  - c. The contractor is to obtain information as to the referral practices and policies of the labor union except that to the extent such information is within the exclusive possession of the labor union and such labor union refuses to furnish such information to the contractor, the contractor shall so certify to the SHA and shall set forth what efforts have been made to obtain such information.
  - d. In the event the union is unable to provide the contractor with a reasonable flow of minority and women referrals within the time limit set forth in the collective bargaining agreement, the contractor will, through independent recruitment efforts, fill the employment vacancies without regard to race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability; making full efforts to obtain qualified and/or qualifiable minority group persons and women. (The DOL has held that it shall be no excuse that the union with which the contractor has a collective bargaining agreement providing for exclusive referral failed to refer minority employees.) In the event the union referral practice prevents the contractor from meeting the obligations pursuant to Executive Order 11246, as amended, and these special provisions, such contractor shall immediately notify the SHA.
8. Selection of Subcontractors, Procurement of Materials and Leasing of Equipment. The contractor shall not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurement of materials and leases of equipment.

- a. The contractor shall notify all potential subcontractors and suppliers of his/her EEO obligations under this contract.
  - b. Disadvantaged business enterprises (DBE), as defined in 49 CFR 23, shall have equal opportunity to compete for and perform subcontracts which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract. The contractor will use his best efforts to solicit bids from and to utilize DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority group and female representation among their employees. Contractors shall obtain lists of DBE construction firms from SHA personnel.
  - c. The contractor will use his best efforts to ensure subcontractor compliance with their EEO obligations.
9. Records and Reports. The contractor shall keep such records as necessary to document compliance with the EEO requirements. Such records shall be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the SHA and the FHWA.
- a. The records kept by the contractor shall document the following:
    - (1) The number of minority and non-minority group members and women employed in each work classification on the project;
    - (2) The progress and efforts being made in cooperation with unions, when applicable, to increase employment opportunities for minorities and women;
    - (3) The progress and efforts being made in locating, hiring, training, qualifying, and upgrading minority and female employees; and
    - (4) The progress and efforts being made in securing the services of DBE subcontractors or subcontractors with meaningful minority and female representation among their employees.
  - b. All such records must be retained for a period of three years following completion of the contract work and shall be available at reasonable times and places for inspection by authorized representatives of the MDOT and the Federal Highway Administration.

The Contractor will submit to the MDOT a report for the month of July, indicating the total hours worked by minority, women and non-minority group employees currently engaged in each work classification required by the contract work. This information is to be reported on Form PR-1391. If on-the-job training is being required by "Training Special Provision," the Contractor will be required to furnish Form FHWA-1409. The report is required for week ending July 15 and can be obtained from MDOT, is due by week ending August 20th. This report is to be furnished directly to MDOT - Civil Rights Office.

III. NONSEGREGATED FACILITIES (Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$10,000 or more.)

- a. By submission of this bid, the execution of this contract or subcontract, or the consummation of this material supply agreement or purchase order, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, subcontractor, material supplier, or vendor, as appropriate, certifies that the firm does not maintain or provide for its employees any segregated facilities at any of its establishments, and that the firm does not permit its employees to perform their services at any location, under its control, where segregated facilities are maintained. The firm agrees that a breach of this certification is a violation of the EEO provisions of this contract. The firm further certifies that no employee will be denied access to adequate facilities on the basis of sex or disability.
- b. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and washrooms, restaurants and other eating areas, time clocks, locker rooms, and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive, or are, in fact, segregated on the basis of race, color, religion, national origin, age or disability, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. The only exception will be for the disabled when the demands for accessibility override (e.g. disabled parking).
- c. The contractor agrees that it has obtained or will obtain identical certification from proposed subcontractors or material suppliers prior to award of subcontracts or consummation of material supply agreements of \$10,000 or more and that it will retain such certifications in its files.

IV. PAYMENT OF PREDETERMINED MINIMUM WAGE (Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural minor collectors, which are exempt.)

1. General:

- a. All mechanics and laborers employed or working upon the site of the work will be paid unconditionally and not less often than once a week and without subsequent deduction or rebate on any account [except such payroll deductions as are permitted by regulations (29 CFR 3) issued by the Secretary of Labor under the Copeland Act (40 U.S.C. 276c)] the full amounts of wages and bona fide fringe benefits (or cash equivalents thereof) due at time of payment. The payment shall be computed at wage rates not less than those contained in the wage determination of the Secretary of Labor (hereinafter "the wage determination") which is attached hereto and made a part hereof, regardless of any contractual relationship which may be alleged to exist between the contractor or its subcontractors and such laborers and mechanics. The wage determination (including any additional classifications and wage rates conformed under paragraph 2 of this Section IV and the DOL poster (WH-1321) or Form FHWA-1495) shall be posted at all times by the contractor and its subcontractors at the site of the work in a prominent and accessible place where it can be easily seen by the workers. For the purpose of this Section, contributions made or costs reasonably anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits under Section 1(b)(2) of the Davis-Bacon Act (40 U.S.C. 276a) on behalf of laborers or mechanics are considered wages paid to such laborers or mechanics, subject to the



provisions of Section IV, paragraph 3b, hereof. Also, for the purpose of this Section, regular contributions made or costs incurred for more than a weekly period (but not less often than quarterly) under plans, funds, or programs, which cover the particular weekly period, are deemed to be constructively made or incurred during such weekly period. Such laborers and mechanics shall be paid the appropriate wage rate and fringe benefits on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed, without regard to skill, except as provided in paragraphs 4 and 5 of this Section IV.

- b. Laborers or mechanics performing work in more than one classification may be compensated at the rate specified for each classification for the time actually worked therein, provided, that the employer's payroll records accurately set forth the time spent in each classification in which work is performed.
- c. All rulings and interpretations of the Davis-Bacon Act and related acts contained in 29 CFR 1, 3, and 5 are herein incorporated by reference in this contract.

2. Classification:

- a. The SHA contracting officer shall require that any class of laborers or mechanics employed under the contract, which is not listed in the wage determination, shall be classified in conformance with the wage determination.
- b. The contracting officer shall approve an additional classification, wage rate and fringe benefits only when the following criteria have been met:
  - (1) the work to be performed by the additional classification requested is not performed by a classification in the wage determination;
  - (2) the additional classification is utilized in the area by the construction industry;
  - (3) the proposed wage rate, including any bona fide fringe benefits, bears a reasonable relationship to the wage rates contained in the wage determination; and
  - (4) with respect to helpers, when such a classification prevails in the area in which the work is performed.
- c. If the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers and mechanics (if known) to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer agree on the classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits where appropriate), a report of the action taken shall be sent by the contracting officer to the DOL, Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division, Employment Standards Administration, Washington, D.C. 20210. The Wage and Hour Administrator, or an authorized representative, will approve, modify, or disapprove every additional classification action within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary.

- d. In the event the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, the laborers or mechanics to be employed in the additional classification or their representatives, and the contracting officer do not agree on the proposed classification and wage rate (including the amount designated for fringe benefits, where appropriate), the contracting officer shall refer the questions, including the views of all interested parties and the recommendation of the contracting officer, to the Wage and Hour Administrator for determination. Said Administrator, or an authorized representative, will issue a determination within 30 days of receipt and so advise the contracting officer or will notify the contracting officer within the 30-day period that additional time is necessary
- e. The wage rate (including fringe benefits where appropriate) determined pursuant to paragraph 2c or 2d of this Section IV shall be paid to all workers performing work in the additional classification from the first day on which work is performed in the classification.

3. Payment of Fringe Benefits:

- a. Whenever the minimum wage rate prescribed in the contract for a class of laborers or mechanics includes a fringe benefit which is not expressed as an hourly rate, the contractor or subcontractors, as appropriate, shall either pay the benefit as stated in the wage determination or shall pay another bona fide fringe benefit or an hourly case equivalent thereof.
- b. If the contractor or subcontractor, as appropriate, does not make payments to a trustee or other third person, he/she may consider as a part of the wages of any laborer or mechanic the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing bona fide fringe benefits under a plan or program, provided, that the Secretary of Labor has found, upon the written request of the contractor, that the applicable standards of the Davis-Bacon Act have been met. The Secretary of Labor may require the contractor to set aside in a separate account assets for the meeting of obligations under the plan or program.

4. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOL) and Helpers:

a. Apprentices:

- (1) Apprentices will be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work they performed when they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a bona fide apprenticeship program registered with the DOL, Employment and Training Administration, Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or with a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, or if a person is employed in his/her first 90 days of probationary employment as an apprentice in such an apprenticeship program, who is not individually registered in the program, but who has been certified by the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training or a State apprenticeship agency (where appropriate) to be eligible for probationary employment as an apprentice.
- (2) The allowable ratio of apprentices to journeyman-level employees on the job site in any craft classification shall not be greater than the ratio permitted to the contractor

as to the entire work force under the registered program. Any employee listed on a payroll at an apprentice wage rate, who is not registered or otherwise employed as stated above, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate listed in the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any apprentice performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed. Where a contractor or subcontractor is performing construction on a project in a locality other than that in which its program is registered, the ratios and wage rates (expressed in percentages of the journeyman-level hourly rate) specified in the contractor's or subcontractor's registered program shall be observed.

- (3) Every apprentice must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the registered program for the apprentice's level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Apprentices shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the apprenticeship program. If the apprenticeship program does not specify fringe benefits, apprentices must be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination for the applicable classification. If the Administrator for the Wage and Hour Division determines that a different practice prevails for the applicable apprentice classification, fringes shall be paid in accordance with that determination.
- (4) In the event the Bureau of Apprenticeship and Training, or a State apprenticeship agency recognized by the Bureau, withdraws approval of an apprenticeship program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize apprentices at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the comparable work performed by regular employees until an acceptable program is approved.

b. Trainees:

- (1) Except as provided in 29 CFR 5.16, trainees will not be permitted to work at less than the predetermined rate for the work performed unless they are employed pursuant to and individually registered in a program which has received prior approval, evidenced by formal certification by the DOL, Employment and Training Administration.
- (2) The ratio of trainees to journeyman-level employees on the job site shall not be greater than permitted under the plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration. Any employee listed on the payroll at a trainee rate who is not registered and participating in a training plan approved by the Employment and Training Administration shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed. In addition, any trainee performing work on the job site in excess of the ratio permitted under the registered program shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the work actually performed.

- (3) Every trainee must be paid at not less than the rate specified in the approved program for his/her level of progress, expressed as a percentage of the journeyman-level hourly rate specified in the applicable wage determination. Trainees shall be paid fringe benefits in accordance with the provisions of the trainee program. If the trainee program does not mention fringe benefits, trainees shall be paid the full amount of fringe benefits listed on the wage determination unless the Administrator of the Wage and Hour Division determines that there is an apprenticeship program associated with the corresponding journeyman-level wage rate on the wage determination which provides for less than full fringe benefits for apprentices, in which case such trainees shall receive the same fringe benefits as apprentices.
  - (4) In the event the Employment and Training Administration withdraws approval of a training program, the contractor or subcontractor will no longer be permitted to utilize trainees at less than the applicable predetermined rate for the work performed until an acceptable program is approved.
- c. Helpers. Helpers will be permitted to work on a project if the helper classification is specified and defined on the applicable wage determination or is approved pursuant to the conformance procedure set forth in Section IV.2. Any worker listed on a payroll at a helper wage rate, who is not a helper under a approved definition, shall be paid not less than the applicable wage rate on the wage determination for the classification of work actually performed.
5. Apprentices and Trainees (Programs of the U.S. DOT). Apprentices and trainees working under apprenticeship and skill training programs which have been certified by the Secretary of Transportation as promoting EEO in connection with Federal-aid highway construction programs are not subject to the requirements of paragraph 4 of this Section IV. The straight time hourly wage rates for apprentices and trainees under such programs will be established by the particular programs. The ratio of apprentices and trainees to journeymen shall not be greater than permitted by the terms of the particular program.
  6. Withholding. The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of an authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from the contractor or subcontractor under this contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to Davis-Bacon prevailing wage requirements which is held by the same prime contractor, as much of the accrued payments or advances as may be considered necessary to pay laborers and mechanics, including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, employed by the contractor or any subcontractor the full amount of wages required by the contract. In the event of failure to pay any laborer or mechanic, including any apprentice, trainee, or helper, employed or working on the site of the work, all or part of the wages required by the contract, the SHA contracting officer may, after written notice to the contractor, take such action as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds until such violations have ceased.
  7. Overtime Requirements. No contractor or subcontractor contracting for any part of the contract work which may require or involve the employment of laborers, mechanics, watchmen, or guards (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers described in paragraphs 4

and 5 above) shall require or permit any laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard in any workweek in which he/she is employed on such work, to work in excess of 40 hours in such workweek unless such laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard receives compensation at a rate not less than one-and-one-half times his/her basic rate of pay for all hours worked in excess of 40 hours in such workweek.

8. Violation. Liability for Unpaid Wages; Liquidated Damages: In the event of any violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7 above, the contractor and any subcontractor responsible thereof shall be liable to the affected employee for his/her unpaid wages. In addition, such contractor and subcontractor shall be liable to the United States (in the case of work done under contract for the District of Columbia or a territory, to such District or to such territory) for liquidated damages. Such liquidated damages shall be computed with respect to each individual laborer, mechanic, watchman, or guard employed in violation of the clause set forth in paragraph 7, in the sum of \$10 for each calendar day on which such employee was required or permitted to work in excess of the standard work week of 40 hours without payment of the overtime wages required by the clause set forth in paragraph 7.
9. Withholding for Unpaid Wages and Liquidated Damages. The SHA shall upon its own action or upon written request of any authorized representative of the DOL withhold, or cause to be withheld, from any monies payable on account of work performed by the contractor or subcontractor under any such contract or any other Federal contract with the same prime contractor, or any other Federally-assisted contract subject to the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act, which is held by the same prime contractor, such sums as may be determined to be necessary to satisfy any liabilities of such contractor or subcontractor for unpaid wages and liquidated damages as provided in the clause set forth in paragraph 8 above.

V. STATEMENTS AND PAYROLLS (Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts exceeding \$2,000 and to all related subcontracts, except for projects located on roadways classified as local roads or rural collectors, which are exempt.)

1. Compliance with Copeland Regulations (29 CFR 3). The contractor shall comply with the Copeland Regulations of the Secretary of Labor which are herein incorporated by reference.
2. Payrolls and Payroll Records:
  - a. Payrolls and basic records relating thereto shall be maintained by the contractor and each subcontractor during the course of the work and preserved for a period of 3 years from the date of completion of the contract for all laborers, mechanics, apprentices, trainees, watchmen, helpers, and guards working at the site of the work.
  - b. The payroll records shall contain the name, social security number, and address of each such employee; his or her correct classification; hourly rates of wages paid (including rates of contributions or costs anticipated for bona fide fringe benefits or cash equivalent thereof the types described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act); daily and weekly number of hours worked; deductions made; and actual wages paid. In addition, for Appalachian contracts, the payroll records shall contain a notation indicating whether the employee does, or does not, normally reside in the labor area as defined in

Attachment A, paragraph 1. Whenever the Secretary of Labor, pursuant to Section IV, paragraph 3b, has found that the wages of any laborer or mechanic include the amount of any costs reasonably anticipated in providing benefits under a plan or program described in Section 1(b)(2)(B) of the Davis Bacon Act, the contractor and each subcontractor shall maintain records which show that the commitment to provide such benefits is enforceable, that the plan or program is financially responsible, that the plan or program has been communicated in writing to the laborers or mechanics affected, and show the cost anticipated or the actual cost incurred in providing benefits. Contractors or subcontractors employing apprentices or trainees under approved programs shall maintain written evidence of the registration of apprentices and trainees, and ratios and wage rates prescribed in the applicable programs.

- c. Each contractor and subcontractor shall furnish, each week in which any contract work is performed, to the SHA resident engineer a payroll of wages paid each of its employees (including apprentices, trainees, and helpers, described in Section IV, paragraphs 4 and 5, and watchmen and guards engaged on work during the preceding weekly payroll period). The payroll submitted shall set out accurately and completely all of the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V. This information may be submitted in any form desired. Optional Form WH-347 is available for this purpose and may be purchased from the Superintendent of Documents (Federal stock number 029-005-0014-1), U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, D.C. 20402. The prime contractor is responsible for the submission of copies of payrolls by all subcontractors.
- d. Each payroll submitted shall be accompanied by a "Statement of Compliance," signed by the contractor or subcontractor or his/her agent who pays or supervises the payment of the persons employed under the contract and shall certify the following:
  - (1) that the payroll for the payroll period contains the information required to be maintained under paragraph 2b of this Section V and that such information is correct and complete;
  - (2) that such laborer or mechanic (including each helper, apprentice, and trainee) employed on the contract during the payroll period has been paid the full weekly wages earned, without rebate, either directly or indirectly, and that no deductions have been made either directly or indirectly from the full wages earned, other than permissible deductions as set forth in the Regulations, 29 CFR 3;
  - (3) that each laborer or mechanic has been paid not less than the applicable wage rate and fringe benefits or cash equivalent for the classification of work performed, as specified in the applicable wage determination incorporated into the contract.
- e. The weekly submission of a properly executed certification set forth on the reverse side of Optional Form WH-347 shall satisfy the requirement for submission of the "Statement of Compliance" required by paragraph 2d of this Section V.
- f. The falsification of any of the above certifications may subject the contractor to civil or criminal prosecution under 18 U.S.C. 1001 and 31 U.S.C. 231.

- g. The contractor or subcontractor shall make the records required under paragraph 2b of this Section V available for inspection, copying, or transcription by authorized representatives of the SHA, the FHWA, or the DOL, and shall permit such representatives to interview employees during working hours on the job. If the contractor or subcontractor fails to submit the required records or to make them available, the SHA, the FHWA, the DOL, or all may, after written notice to the contractor, sponsor, applicant, or owner, take such actions as may be necessary to cause the suspension of any further payment, advance, or guarantee of funds. Furthermore, failure to submit the required records upon request or to make such records available may be grounds for debarment action pursuant to 29 CFR 5.12.

## VI. RECORD OF MATERIALS, SUPPLIES, AND LABOR

1. On all Federal-aid contracts on the National Highway System, except those which provide solely for the installation of protective devices at railroad grade crossings, those which are constructed on a force account or direct labor basis, highway beautification contracts, and contracts for which the total final construction cost for roadway and bridge is less than \$1,000,000 (23 CFR 635) the contractor shall:
  - a. Become familiar with the list of specific materials and supplies contained in Form FHWA-47, "Statement of Materials and Labor Used by Contractor of Highway Construction Involving Federal Funds," prior to the commencement of work under this contract.
  - b. Maintain a record of the total cost of all materials and supplies purchased for and incorporated in the work, and also of the quantities of those specific materials and supplies listed on Form FHWA-47, and in the units shown on Form FHWA-47.
  - c. Furnish, upon the completion of the contract, to the SHA resident engineer on Form FHWA-47 together with the data required in paragraph 1b relative to materials and supplies, a final labor summary of all contract work indicating the total hours worked and the total amount earned.
2. At the prime contractor's option, either a single report covering all contract work or separate reports for the contractor and for each subcontract shall be submitted.

## VII. SUBLETTING OR ASSIGNING THE CONTRACT

1. The contractor shall perform with its own organization contract work amounting to not less than 30 percent (or a greater percentage if specified elsewhere in the contract) of the total original contract price, excluding any specialty items designated by the State. Specialty items may be performed by subcontract and the amount of any such specialty items performed may be deducted from the total original contract price before computing the amount of work required to be performed by the contractor's own organization (23 CFR 635).
  - a. "Its own organization" shall be construed to include only workers employed and paid directly by the prime contractor and equipment owned or rented by the prime contractor,

with or without operators. Such term does not include employees or equipment of a subcontractor, assignee, or agent of the prime contractor.

- b. "Specialty Items" shall be construed to be limited to work that requires highly specialized knowledge, abilities, or equipment not ordinarily available in the type of contracting organizations qualified and expected to bid on the contract as a whole and in general are to be limited to minor components of the overall contract.
2. The contract amount upon which the requirements set forth in paragraph 1 of Section VII is computed includes the cost of material and manufactured products which are to be purchased or produced by the contractor under the contract provisions.
  3. The contractor shall furnish (a) a competent superintendent or supervisor who is employed by the firm, has full authority to direct performance of the work in accordance with the contract requirements, and is in charge of all construction operations (regardless of who performs the work) and (b) such other of its own organizational resources (supervision, management, and engineering services) as the SHA contracting officer determines is necessary to assure the performance of the contract.
  4. No portion of the contract shall be sublet, assigned or otherwise disposed of except with the written consent of the SHA contracting officer, or authorized representative, and such consent when given shall not be construed to relieve the contractor of any responsibility for the fulfillment of the contract. Written consent will be given only after the SHA has assured that each subcontract is evidenced in writing and that it contains all pertinent provisions and requirements of the prime contract.

#### VIII. SAFETY: ACCIDENT PREVENTION

1. In the performance of this contract the contractor shall comply with all applicable Federal, State, and local laws governing safety, health, and sanitation (23 CFR 635). The contractor shall provide all safeguards, safety devices and protective equipment and take any other needed actions as it determines, or as the SHA contracting officer may determine, to be reasonably necessary to protect the life and health of employees on the job and the safety of the public and to protect property in connection with the performance of the work covered by the contract.
2. It is a condition of this contract, and shall be made a condition of each subcontract, which the contractor enters into pursuant to this contract, that the contractor and any subcontractor shall not permit any employee, in performance of the contract, to work in surroundings or under conditions which are unsanitary, hazardous or dangerous to his/her health or safety, as determined under construction safety and health standards (29 CFR 1926) promulgated by the Secretary of Labor, in accordance with Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).
3. Pursuant to 29 CFR 1926.3, it is a condition of this contract that the Secretary of Labor or authorized representative thereof, shall have right of entry to any site of contract performance to inspect or investigate the matter of compliance with the construction safety and health



standards and to carry out the duties of the Secretary under Section 107 of the Contract Work Hours and Safety Standards Act (40 U.S.C. 333).

IX. FALSE STATEMENTS CONCERNING HIGHWAY PROJECTS In order to assure high quality and durable construction in conformity with approved plans and specifications and a high degree of reliability on statements and representations made by engineers, contractors, suppliers, and workers on Federal-aid highway projects, it is essential that all persons concerned with the project perform their functions as carefully, thoroughly, and honestly as possible. Willful falsification, distortion, or misrepresentation with respect to any facts related to the project is a violation of Federal law. To prevent any misunderstanding regarding the seriousness of these and similar acts, the following notice shall be posted on each Federal-aid highway project (23 CFR 635) in one or more places where it is readily available to all persons concerned with the project:

NOTICE TO ALL PERSONNEL ENGAGED ON FEDERAL-AID HIGHWAY PROJECTS

18 U.S.C. 1020 reads as follows:

*"Whoever, being an officer, agent, or employee of the United States, or of any State or Territory, or whoever, whether a person, association, firm, or corporation, knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, or false report as to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of the material used or to be used, or the quantity or quality of the work performed or to be performed, or the cost thereof in connection with the submission of plans, maps, specifications, contracts, or costs of construction on any highway or related project submitted for approval to the Secretary of Transportation; or*

*Whoever knowingly makes any false statement, false representation, false report or false claim with respect to the character, quality, quantity, or cost of any work performed or to be performed, or materials furnished or to be furnished, in connection with the construction of any highway or related project approved by the Secretary of Transportation; or*

*Whoever knowingly makes any false statement or false representation as to material fact in any statement, certificate, or report submitted pursuant to provisions of the Federal-aid Roads Act approved July 1, 1916, (39 Stat. 355), as amended and supplemented;*

*Shall be fined not more than \$10,000 or imprisoned not more than 5 years or both."*

X. IMPLEMENTATION OF CLEAN AIR ACT AND FEDERAL WATER POLLUTION CONTROL ACT (Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts of \$100,000 or more.)

By submission of this bid or the execution of this contract, or subcontract, as appropriate, the bidder, Federal-aid construction contractor, or subcontractor, as appropriate, will be deemed to have stipulated as follows:

1. That any facility that is or will be utilized in the performance of this contract, unless such contract is exempt under the Clean Air Act, as amended (42 U.S.C. 1857 *et seq.*, as amended by Pub.L. 91-604), and under the Federal Water Pollution Control Act, as amended (33 U.S.C. 1251 *et seq.*, as amended by Pub.L. 92-500), Executive Order 11738, and regulations

in implementation thereof (40 CFR 15) is not listed, on the date of contract award, on the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) List of Violating Facilities pursuant to 40 CFR 15.20.

2. That the firm agrees to comply and remain in compliance with all the requirements of Section 114 of the Clean Air Act and Section 308 of the Federal Water Pollution Control Act and all regulations and guidelines listed thereunder.
3. That the firm shall promptly notify the SHA of the receipt of any communication from the Director, Office of Federal Activities, EPA, indicating that a facility that is or will be utilized for the contract is under consideration to be listed on the EPA List of Violating Facilities.
4. That the firm agrees to include or cause to be included the requirements of paragraph 1 through 4 of this Section X in every nonexempt subcontract, and further agrees to take such action as the government may direct as a means of enforcing such requirements.

XI. CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, INELIGIBILITY AND VOLUNTARY EXCLUSION

1. Instructions for Certification - Primary Covered Transactions:  
(Applicable to all Federal-aid contracts - 49 CFR 29)
  - a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective primary participant is providing the certification set out below.
  - b. The inability of a person to provide the certification set out below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective participant shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective primary participant to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such a person from participation in this transaction.
  - c. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department or agency determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the prospective primary participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause of default.
  - d. The prospective primary participant shall provide immediate written notice to the department or agency to whom this proposal is submitted if any time the prospective primary participant learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
  - e. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out

in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department or agency to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.

- f. The prospective primary participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency entering into this transaction.
- g. The prospective primary participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," provided by the department or agency entering into this covered transaction, without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- h. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the nonprocurement portion of the "Lists of Parties Excluded From Federal Procurement or Nonprocurement Programs" (Nonprocurement List) which is compiled by the General Services Administration.
- i. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- j. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph f of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

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Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--  
Primary Covered Transactions

- 1. The prospective primary participant certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
  - a. Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
  - b. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or

local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements, or receiving stolen property;

- c. Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offenses enumerated in paragraph 1b of this certification; and
- d. Have not within a 3-year period preceding this application/proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.

2. Where the prospective primary participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

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2. Instructions for Certification - Lower Tier Covered Transactions: (Applicable to all subcontracts, purchase orders and other lower tier transactions of \$25,000 or more - 49 CFR 29)

- a. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective lower tier is providing the certification set out below.
- b. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was entered into. If it is later determined that the prospective lower tier participant knowingly rendered an erroneous certification, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department, or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.
- c. The prospective lower tier participant shall provide immediate written notice to the person to which this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective lower tier participant learns that its certification was erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- d. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "primary covered transaction," "participant," "person," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the person to which this proposal is submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- e. The prospective lower tier participant agrees by submitting this proposal that, should the proposed covered transaction be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department or agency with which this transaction originated.
- f. The prospective lower tier participant further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include this clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.

- g. A participant in a covered transaction may rely upon a certification of a prospective participant in a lower tier covered transaction that is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A participant may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each participant may, but is not required to, check the Nonprocurement List.
- h. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of participant is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- i. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph e of these instructions, if a participant in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department or agency with which this transaction originated may pursue available remedies, including suspension and/or debarment.

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Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion--  
Lower Tier Covered Transactions:

- 1. The prospective lower tier participant certifies, by submission of this proposal, that neither it nor its principals is presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction by any Federal department or agency.
- 2. Where the prospective lower tier participant is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective participant shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

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**XII. CERTIFICATION REGARDING USE OF CONTRACT FUNDS FOR LOBBYING**

(Applicable to all Federal-aid construction contracts and to all related subcontracts which exceed \$100,000 - 49 CFR 20)

- 1. The prospective participant certifies, by signing and submitting this bid or proposal, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, that:
  - a. No Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid, by or on behalf of the undersigned, to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a Member of Congress in connection with the awarding of any Federal contract, the making of any Federal grant, the making of any Federal loan, the entering into of any cooperative agreement, and the extension, continuation, renewal, amendment, or modification of any Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement.
  - b. If any funds other than Federal appropriated funds have been paid or will be paid to any person for influencing or attempting to influence an officer or employee of any Federal agency, a Member of Congress, an officer or employee of Congress, or an employee of a

December 14, 2005  
Supersedes September 1, 2005

Member of Congress in connection with this Federal contract, grant, loan, or cooperative agreement, the undersigned shall complete and submit Standard Form-LLL, "Disclosure Form to Report Lobbying," in accordance with its instructions.

2. This certification is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when this transaction was made or entered into. Submission of this certification is a prerequisite for making or entering into this transaction imposed by 31 U.S.C. 1352. Any person who fails to file the required certification shall be subject to a civil penalty of not less than \$10,000 and not more than \$100,000 for each such failure.
3. The prospective participant also agrees by submitting his or her bid or proposal that he or she shall require that the language of this certification be included in all lower tier subcontracts, which exceed \$100,000 and that all such recipients shall certify and disclose accordingly.

End of FHWA 1273

**LIVERMORE FALLS WATER DISTRICT,  
LIVERMORE FALLS SEWER DEPARTMENT & JAY SEWER  
DEPARTMENT  
JAY & LIVERMORE FALLS, MAINE**

**SUPPLEMENTAL BIDDING AND CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS  
AND SPECIFICATIONS FOR UTILITY WORK**

**FOR**

**ROUTE 4 UTILITY IMPROVEMENTS**

**DECEMBER 2010**

**Prepared By:**

**Wright-Pierce  
99 Main Street  
Topsham, Maine 04086**

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**Fax: 207-729-8414**

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**SECTION 00406**  
**COMPLIANCE STATEMENT**

This statement relates to a proposed contract with \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name of borrower or grantee)

who expects to finance the contract with assistance from either the Rural Housing Service (RHS), Rural Business-Cooperative Service (RBS), or the Rural Utilities Service (RUS) or their successor agencies, United States Department of Agriculture (whether by a loan, grant, loan insurance, guarantee, or other form of financial assistance). I am the undersigned bidder or prospective contractor, I represent that:

1. I  have,  have not, participated in a previous contract or subcontract subject to Executive Order 11246 (regarding equal employment opportunity) or a preceding similar Executive Order.
2. If I have participated in such a contract or subcontract, I  have,  have not, filed all compliance reports that have been required to file in connection with the contract or subcontract.

If the proposed contract is for \$50,000 or more and I have 50 or more employees, I also represent that:

3. I  have,  have not previously had contracts subject to the written affirmative action programs requirements of the Secretary of Labor.
4. If I have participated in such a contract or subcontract, I  have,  have not developed and placed on file at each establishment affirmative action programs as required by the rules and regulations of the Secretary of Labor.

I understand that if I have failed to file any compliance reports that have been required of me, I am not eligible and will not be eligible to have my bid considered or to enter into the proposed contract unless and until I make an arrangement regarding such reports that is satisfactory to either the RHS, RBS or RUS, or to the office where the reports are required to be filed.

I also certify that I do not maintain or provide for my employees any segregated facilities at any of my establishments, and that I do not permit my employees to perform their services at any location, under my control, where segregated facilities are maintained. I certify further that I will not maintain or provide for my employees any segregated facilities at any of my establishments, and that I will not permit my employees to perform their services at any location, under my control, where segregated facilities are maintained. I agree that a breach of this certification is a violation of the Equal Opportunity clause in my contract. As used in this certification, the term "segregated facilities" means any waiting rooms, work areas, restrooms and wash rooms, restaurants and other eating areas time clocks, locker rooms and other storage or dressing areas, parking lots, drinking fountains, recreation or entertainment areas, transportation, and housing facilities provided for employees which are segregated by explicit directive or are in fact segregated on the basis of race, creed, color, or national origin, because of habit, local custom, or otherwise. I further agree that (except where I have obtained identical certifications for proposed subcontractors for specific time periods) I will obtain identical certifications from proposed subcontractors prior to the award of subcontracts exceeding \$10,000 which are not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause; that I will retain such certifications in my files; and that I will forward the following notice to such proposed subcontractors (except where the proposed subcontractors have submitted identical certifications for specific time periods):

(See Reverse).

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According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, an agency may not conduct or sponsor, and a person is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0575-0018. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 10 minutes per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information.

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**NOTICE TO PROSPECTIVE SUBCONTRACTORS OF REQUIREMENTS FOR  
CERTIFICATIONS OF NON-SEGREGATED FACILITIES**

A certification of Nonsegregated Facilities, as required by the May 9, 1967, order (32F.R. 7439, May 19, 1967) on Elimination of Segregated Facilities, by the Secretary of Labor, must be submitted prior to the award of a subcontract exceeding \$10,000 which is not exempt from the provisions of the Equal Opportunity clause. The certification may be submitted either for each subcontract or for all subcontracts during a period (i.e. quarterly, semiannually, or annually).

NOTE: The penalty for making false statements in offers is prescribed in 18 U.S.C. 1001.

DATE \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_  
*(Signature of Bidder or Prospective Contractor)*

\_\_\_\_\_  
*Address (including Zip Code)*

END OF SECTION

SECTION 00800SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONSSupplementary Conditions

These Supplementary Conditions amend or supplement the Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract, hereinafter called the General Conditions, and other provisions of the Contract Documents as indicated below. All provisions which are not so amended or supplemented remain in full force and effect.

Contents of Supplementary Conditions

<u>Section No.</u>	<u>Section Title</u>	<u>Page No.</u>
SC-1 to SC-18	Amendments to General Conditions	00800-1
SC-20	CWSRF Supplementary Conditions for Rural Development Co-Funded Projects	SC-32-1
SC-43	Rural Development American Recovery and Reinvestment Act Supplements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• National De Minimis Waiver - Federal Register</li> <li>• De Minimis Waiver Worksheet - USDA RD</li> </ul>	SC-43-1

## SC-1 DEFINITIONS

The terms used in these Supplementary Conditions which are defined in the General Conditions have the meanings assigned to them in the General Conditions.

### SC-1.01.A.2. AGENCY

Add the following language to the end of Paragraph 1.01.A.2:

The Project is financed in whole or in part by USDA Rural Utilities Service pursuant to the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act (7 USC Section 1921 et seq.). The Rural Utilities Service programs are administered through the USDA Rural Development offices, therefore, the Agency for these documents is USDA Rural Development. In addition, the Maine DEP State Revolving Loan Fund will be funding a portion of the work.

#### **American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009**

*This contract is expected to be funded in whole or in part using funds from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act (ARRA). Section 1605 of the ARRA prohibits the use of these funds unless all iron, steel, and manufactured goods are produced in the United States. All iron and steel manufacturing processes must take place in the United States, except for metallurgical processes involving refinement of steel additives. There is no requirement for the origin of components and subcomponents of manufactured goods. Products listed at 48 CFR 25.104(a) have been determined to be unavailable in the United States and if required for the project may be purchased from foreign sources. No unauthorized use of foreign iron, steel, and/or manufactured goods will be allowed on this project.*

*The contractor must comply with the minimum rates for wages for laborers and mechanics as determined by the Secretary of Labor in accordance with the provisions of the Davis-Bacon and Related Acts.*

The Water and Sewer Improvements included in this project are financed in whole or in part by the United States Department of Agriculture - Rural Utilities Services (RUS) and Maine DEP State Revolving Loan Fund. For these documents, the Agency shall consist of each of the above listed organizations.

**END OF SECTION**

**CWSRF SUPPLEMENTARY CONDITIONS FOR  
RURAL DEVELOPMENT CO-FUNDED PROJECTS  
FY2010**

The provisions of the Clean Water State Revolving Loan Fund (CWSRF) Supplementary Conditions as described below change, amend, or supplement the General Conditions and shall supersede any conflicting provisions of the CONTRACT. These provisions shall be used in conjunction with the MDOT Contract requirements. All provisions of the General Conditions, which are not changed, amended, or supplemented, remain in full force. The requirements of this Supplementary Conditions section applies only to the work associated with the Jay Sewer Improvements.

Disclaimer

The Jay Sewer Improvements portion of the contract is expected to be funded in part by a State Revolving Loan and or State Grant. Neither the State of Maine nor any of its departments, agencies, or employees is or will be a party to this Agreement. The word "AGENCY" in the standard general conditions and the owner-contractor agreement refers to the Maine Department of Environmental Protection, if it is the sole funding agency. If the contract is funded by multiple agencies, then the word "AGENCY" refers to all the funding agencies.

Access to site

Representatives of the Department of Environmental Protection (DEP) shall have access to the work wherever it is in preparation or progress and the contractor shall provide proper facilities for such access and inspection.

Federal Safety and Health Requirements (see MDOT Contract Requirements)

CWSRF Disadvantaged Business Enterprises (DBE) Program

The goals for this project under the SRF program are a minimum of 1.11% certified Minority Business Enterprise (MBE) and a minimum of 4.34% certified Women's Business Enterprise (WBE) participation. Lists of certified businesses may be found on the following internet websites: EPA Office of Small and Disadvantaged Business Utilization (OSDBU), State of Maine Department of Transportation (DOT), and the United States Small Business Administration (SBA).

1. **Whenever awarding subcontracts**, the Contractor is required to make the following good faith efforts as outlined in the MDOT Contract Documents.
2. **Prior to contract award**, as the Successful Bidder, the Contractor must comply with the provisions as outlined in the MDOT Contract Documents.
3. **Following contract award**, the Contractor must comply with the reporting requirements as outlined in the MDOT Contract Documents.

Contractor's and Subcontractor's Insurance\* (see MDOT Contract Requirements)Bid Protests

See MDOT Contract Requirements.

Contractor's Guarantee

See MDOT Contract Requirements

CWSRF Davis Bacon and Related Acts

The Contractor must comply with the MDOT Contract Requirements

Wage Record of Contractor

See MDOT Contract Requirements

Retention of Payroll Records

See MDOT Contract Requirements

Payment to Contractor

See MDOT Contract Requirements

Posting Documents

See MDOT Contract Requirements

Project Sign

The CONTRACTOR shall provide and erect a PROJECT sign as detailed and specified. The location of the sign shall be as directed by the ENGINEER. No other CONTRACTOR, SUBCONTRACTOR or material signs will be permitted on the sign. The CONTRACTOR shall maintain and keep the PROJECT sign in good condition until the work is completed when the sign will be removed. All other signs to be erected on the site shall be approved by the ENGINEER. Provide adequate supports for sign as site conditions may require and keep sign a proper distance above prevailing grade to permit public viewing.



**STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION  
CWSRF DBE PROGRAM**

**PROGRESS REPORT OF DBE SUBCONTRACTOR UTILIZATION FORM**

TO INSURE PROMPT PAYMENT THE FOLLOWING INFORMATION MUST BE SUBMITTED WITH ALL REIMBURSEMENT REQUESTS WHETHER THEY INCLUDE INVOICED AMOUNTS FROM A QUALIFYING WBE OR MBE PARTICIPANT OR NOT:

Municipality/District: \_\_\_\_\_ SRF #: \_\_\_\_\_

Name of Project: \_\_\_\_\_ Contractor: \_\_\_\_\_

Contractor's Payment Request No. \_\_\_\_\_ Period covered by the request \_\_\_\_\_

The accompanying Reimbursement Request includes the following WBE/MBE participation:

Name & Address of WBE/MBE firm to be paid	WBE	MBE	Source of Certification, i.e., DOT, EPA or SBA	Amount to be paid this request	Type of Work

This attachment must be signed by an authorized representative of the contractor.

Signature \_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Title: \_\_\_\_\_

Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone: \_\_\_\_\_ E-Mail: \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION SC-43RURAL DEVELOPMENT AMERICAN RECOVERY  
AND REINVESTMENT ACT SUPPLEMENTS

The USDA Rural Development (RUS) has been granted a National De Minimis Waiver of the "Buy American Provisions". Attached, are the following documents:

- National De Minimis Waiver - Federal Register
- De Minimis Waiver Worksheet - USDA RD





### De Minimis Waiver Worksheet

Project Name \_\_\_\_\_

Owner \_\_\_\_\_

De Minimis Waiver items are incidental components when they in total comprise no more than 5 percent of the total cost of the materials used in and incorporated into a project.

#### Project Material Costs

Category	Supplier(s)	Cost
Total Cost of Materials		\$0.00

Five Percent of Material Costs \$0.00

#### De Minimis Waiver Items

(Include invoices for all De Minimis Items)

Category	Supplier	Cost
Total Cost of Waiver Items		\$0.00

Items not considered De Minimis: pipe, tanks, pumps, motors, instrumentation and control equipment, treatment process equipment, and relevant materials to build structures for facilities such as treatment plants, pumping stations and pipe networks.

Upon request, Contractor shall provide Owner with copies of invoices for all materials incorporated into the project, and calculations by which the total cost of materials was determined. Contractor certifies that all costs are accurate and in accordance with the contract documents.

Contractor Name \_\_\_\_\_

Contractor Rep. Signature \_\_\_\_\_

Date \_\_\_\_\_

# Notices

Federal Register

Vol. 74, No. 185

Friday, September 25, 2009

This section of the FEDERAL REGISTER contains documents other than rules or proposed rules that are applicable to the public. Notices of hearings and investigations, committee meetings, agency decisions and rulings, delegations of authority, filing of petitions and applications and agency statements of organization and functions are examples of documents appearing in this section.

## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Rural Utilities Service

#### Notice of Buy American Exception Under the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009

**AGENCY:** Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture.

**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** The Rural Utilities Service (RUS) hereby gives notice of a nationwide exception to the Buy American requirements of Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (“ARRA”) under the authority of Section 1605(b)(1) (public interest waiver) for *de minimis* incidental components of eligible water infrastructure projects using assistance provided under ARRA. This action permits the use of non-domestic iron, steel and manufactured goods when they occur in *de minimis* incidental components that may otherwise be prohibited under Section 1605(a). As used in this Notice, “*de minimis* incidental components” means those components otherwise prohibited under Section 1605(a) that cumulatively comprise no more than a total of 5 percent of the total cost of the materials used in a project funded in whole or in part with ARRA assistance.

**DATES:** *Effective Date:* September 25, 2009.

**ADDRESSES:** Send any correspondence regarding this notice to Jacqueline M. Ponti-Lazaruk, Assistant Administrator, Water and Environmental Programs, Rural Utilities Service, U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250–1548.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Benjamin Shuman, Senior Environmental Engineer, Engineering and Environmental Staff, (202) 720–1784, Rural Utilities Service, U.S.

Department of Agriculture, 1400 Independence Avenue, SW., Washington, DC 20250–1571.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** In accordance with section 1605(c) of ARRA and Section 176.80 of the rules of the Office of Management and Budget (OMB) (2 CFR 176.80), RUS hereby provides notice that it is granting a nationwide exception to Section 1605 of the Recovery Act with respect to *de minimis* incidental components of eligible water infrastructure projects funded under the ARRA. The basis for this waiver is a public interest determination pursuant to Section 1605(b)(1) of ARRA.

#### I. Background

The American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 made available \$3,672,475,732 to RUS to make direct loans and grants for rural water, wastewater and waste disposal programs authorized by Sections 306 and 310B and described in Section 381E(d)(2) of the Consolidated Farm and Rural Development Act. Section 1605(a) of ARRA, the “Buy American” provision, states that “none of the funds appropriated or otherwise made available by this Act may be used for a project for the construction, alteration, maintenance, or repair of a public building or public work unless all of the iron, steel and manufactured goods used in the project are produced in the United States.”

Section 1605(b) of ARRA authorizes the head of a Federal department or agency to waive the Buy American provision by one of the following three determinations: (1) Applying the Buy American provision would be inconsistent with the public interest; (2) the iron, steel, and relevant manufactured goods are not produced in the United States in sufficient and reasonably available quantities and of a satisfactory quality; or (3) the inclusion of the iron, steel, and manufactured goods produced in the United States will increase the cost of the project by more than 25 percent. If a determination is made to waive the requirements of Section 1605(a) based on a finding under Section 1605(b), then Section 1605(c) requires the head of the department or agency to publish a detailed justification in the **Federal Register** as to why the provision is being waived. Finally, Section 1605(d)

requires that the Buy American provision must be applied in a manner consistent with the United States’ obligations under international agreements.

#### II. Public Interest Finding

RUS has determined that, as applied to water and wastewater projects, the application of the Buy American restrictions to *de minimis* situations would be inconsistent with the public interest.

Water and wastewater infrastructure projects typically contain a relatively small number of high-cost components incorporated into the project that are iron, steel and manufactured goods, such as pipe, tanks, pumps, motors, instrumentation and control equipment, treatment process equipment, and relevant materials to build structures for facilities such as treatment plants, pumping stations and pipe networks. In bid solicitations for water and wastewater projects, these high-cost components are generally described in detail in project-specific technical specifications, and utility owners and their contractors are generally familiar with the conditions of availability, the potential alternatives for each detailed specification, the approximate cost and, most relevant to this Notice, the country of manufacture of such components.

Every water or wastewater infrastructure project also involves the use of thousands of miscellaneous, generally low-cost components that are essential for, but incidental to, construction of the project. During construction, these components (for example, nuts, bolts, fasteners, tubing, and gaskets), are incorporated into the physical structure of the project. For many of these incidental components, the country of manufacture and the availability of alternatives are not always readily or reasonably identifiable. More importantly, the miscellaneous character of these components, together with their low cost (both individually and when procured in bulk), characterize them as incidental to the facility or project.

RUS finds that it would be inconsistent with the public interest to apply the Buy American requirement to incidental components when they in total comprise no more than 5 percent of the total cost of the materials used in and incorporated into a project. While individual components may have the

same function (e.g., brackets), the specific manufacturer and configuration may vary from project to project, making the analysis and consideration of individual waiver requests for them, including determining whether or not U.S. made products exist, is expected to be time-consuming and labor intensive far out of proportion to the percentage of total project materials they comprise. Further, since the specific use of these low-cost components can be expected to be widely varied, formulating categorical waivers for specific types of components would be impractical. Because the situations described above, i.e. a high number of low-cost, miscellaneous components, can be effectively addressed by a comprehensive application of a nationwide *de minimis* waiver, RUS finds that it would be inconsistent with the public interest to apply the Buy American requirement to incidental components when they in total comprise no more than 5 percent of the total cost of the materials used in and incorporated into a project.

In some instances, the Rural Utilities Service and the Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Clean Drinking Water State Revolving Funds (SRF) program jointly fund water infrastructure projects. The EPA undertook inquiries to identify the approximate scope of incidental components within its SRF water infrastructure projects. The responses were consistent and indicated that the percentage of total costs for drinking water or wastewater treatment infrastructure projects represented by these incidental components is generally not in excess of 5 percent of the total costs of the materials used in and incorporated into a project.

As a result of its research and analysis, EPA published two **Federal Register** notices of *de minimis* waivers. The first was published on Tuesday, June 2, 2009 (FR Vol. 74, No. 104, pp. 26398 and 26399), and set forth the EPA's determination with respect to a public interest finding on *de minimis*. The second notice, which revised the first, was published on Monday, August 10, 2009 (FR Vol. 74, No. 152, pp. 39959 and 39960). By these waivers the EPA has also determined that imposing ARRA's Buy American requirements for the category of *de minimis* incidental components is not in the public interest.

While the authorizing statutes and funding sources for the EPA and RUS borrowers are different, the types of projects that EPA finances under its SRF program are substantially similar in size, scope and purpose as those funded by RUS and, as stated above, some

projects are jointly funded by RUS and EPA. The Rural Utilities Service has decades of experience in financing water and wastewater projects in rural America and shares the EPA's rationale with respect to incidental components used in similar projects. With respect to jointly-funded projects, it is desirable to avoid disparate treatment of components based on whether or not ARRA funds come from EPA or RUS. Section 1605 should be administered consistently, both within a particular Federal agency and, to the extent possible, between agencies. Promoting consistent treatment and avoiding unnecessary delays in committing ARRA financing to projects around the country are crucial to the success of ARRA. Requiring individual waivers for incidental components would be time prohibitive and overly burdensome for applicants and RUS. The purpose of ARRA is to stimulate economic recovery by funding current infrastructure construction, not to delay projects that are "shovel ready." Therefore, a *de minimis* waiver of incidental components totaling no more than 5 percent of total project costs is in the public interest.

### III. Waiver

Based on the public interest finding discussed above and pursuant to Section 1605(c), USDA hereby issues a national waiver from the requirements of ARRA Section 1605 for any incidental components of the type described above that comprise in total a *de minimis* amount of the project, specifically, for any such incidental components up to a limit of no more than 5 percent of the total cost of the materials used in and incorporated into a project.

Assistance recipients who elect to use this waiver shall, in consultation with their contractors, determine the items to be covered by this waiver, retain relevant documentation as to those items in their project files, and be able to summarize in reports to RUS, if so requested, the types and/or categories of items to which this waiver is applied, the total cost of incidental components covered by the waiver for each type or category, and the calculations by which they determined the total cost of materials used in and incorporated into the project.

In using this waiver, assistance recipients must consider that there may be circumstances where there are multiple types of low-cost components which, when combined with the incidental components described above, may total more than 5 percent.

Assistance recipients in such cases will have to choose which of these incidental components will be covered by the waiver and which will not. Components that the recipient is unable to include within the 5 percent limit of this waiver must comply with the requirements of section 1605 of ARRA by appropriate means other than reliance on this waiver.

Further, as described above, in some cases RUS and EPA jointly fund projects. Both RUS and EPA have issued *de minimis* waivers that have a cap of a total of 5 percent of project costs. In the case of a jointly funded project, these waivers shall not be combined to create a waiver of greater than 5 percent of total project costs.

This supplementary information constitutes the "detailed written justification" required by Section 1605(c) of ARRA and Section 176.80 of the Office of Management and Budget's rules for waivers of the Buy American provisions.

**Authority:** Public Law 111-5, Section 1605.

Dated: September 21, 2009.

**Thomas J. Vilsack,**  
*Secretary.*

[FR Doc. E9-23202 Filed 9-24-09; 8:45 am]

**BILLING CODE 3410-15-P**

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## DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

### Natural Resources Conservation Service

#### Prop Canyon Watershed, Site 1 (Big Draw Dam), Cibola County, NM

**AGENCY:** Natural Resources Conservation Service, USDA.

**ACTION:** Notice of a Finding of No Significant Impact.

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**SUMMARY:** Pursuant to Section 102 (2) (C) of the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, the Council on Environmental Quality Regulations (40 CFR part 1500); and the Natural Resources Conservation Service Regulations (7 CFR part 650); the Natural Resources Conservation Service, U. S. Department of Agriculture, gives notice that an environmental impact statement is not being prepared for the Prop Canyon Watershed, Site 1, Grant County, New Mexico.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Roger Ford, State Conservation Engineer, Natural Resources Conservation Service, 6200 Jefferson Street, NE., Albuquerque, New Mexico 87109, Telephone 505-761-4430, E-mail [roger.ford@nm.usda.gov](mailto:roger.ford@nm.usda.gov).

SECTION 01010A

SUMMARY OF WORK

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Water and Sewer Utility Improvements located along Route 4 in the Towns of Jay and Livermore Falls, Maine. The work is being undertaken in association with a MDOT reconstruction project along the same roadway. The major proposed utility work includes:
1. Construction of:
    - a. Sewer infrastructure and all appurtenances from Bridge Street in Livermore Falls through the proposed project area to Pineau Street in Jay as shown on the Drawings;
    - b. Water infrastructure and all appurtenances from Union Street in Livermore Falls through the proposed project area to Pineau Street in Jay as shown on the Drawings;
    - c. All other storm drainage piping and associated structures, is covered under the MDOT construction contract and is NOT part of the utility construction; and
    - d. Other appurtenances as shown on the Drawings and specified herein.
  2. Utility Owners include the following entities:
    - a. Livermore Falls Sewer Department;
    - b. Jay Sewer Department; and
    - c. Livermore Falls Water District.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
1. Coordination: Section 01050
  2. Submittals: Section 01340.
  3. Utility Material Specifications are contained in Division 2.
- C. Removals, Relocations and Rearrangements
1. Examine the existing site for the work of all trades which will influence the cost of the work under the bid. This work shall include removals, relocations, disposals, and rearrangements which may interfere with, disturb or complicate the performance of the work under the bid involving systems, equipment and related service lines, which shall continue to be utilized as part of the finished project. The Contractor is responsible for all coordination in this regard.
  2. Provide in the bid a sufficient amount to include all removals, relocations, disposals, rearrangements and reconnections herein specified, necessary or required to provide approved operation and coordination of the combined new and existing systems and equipment.
  3. Except where noted on the plans, all existing private utility lines shall remain in service. In areas of new utility installation, the Contractor shall locate the expected location of existing private utilities to verify location and depth.

1.2 PROGRESS OF WORK

- A. The Contractor shall promptly start construction under this contract and continue actual construction work under this contract with the necessary crews and equipment to properly execute and complete this contract in the specified time. No cessation of Contractor's operations will be allowed without the approval of the Owner. The rate of progress shall be satisfactory to the Owner and the Engineer. The Contractor shall furnish to the Engineer a progress and a cash flow schedule for the utility work at the preconstruction conference.
- B. The Contractor shall become familiar with the Towns of Livermore Falls and Jay, Livermore Falls Water District, and Maine DOT standards for road way work.

1.3 DETOURS AND ROAD ACCESSIBILITY

- A. The Contractor shall contact the responsible heads of the Fire, Police, Highway and other appropriate governing bodies of the municipality in order to obtain necessary permits and determine the requirements of said departments with respect to traffic control, alternate vehicular access routes, etc. All traffic controls shall be coordinated with the MDOT. Wherever detours are permitted the size, construction and location of signs shall conform with local and state requirements and/or standards. Detour routes shall be adequately posted to assist the motorist to return to his route of travel. Where the roadway under construction is the only means of vehicular access to a particular area, the Contractor shall provide continual access to the area for residents and emergency vehicles.
- B. The Contractor is responsible for providing flaggers and maintaining two-way traffic during construction.
- C. Traffic control costs will be shared between the MDOT and the utility providers based on the unit prices in the bid schedule.

1.4 CHANGE IN AMOUNT OF WORK

- A. The Owner reserves the right to increase or decrease the amount of any item of the work listed as may be found desirable or necessary during the carrying out of this contract and the unit prices quoted in the Proposal shall apply without change to such variation in the quantity of each of the Items. The Owner may elect to reduce the areas where sidewalk work is scheduled and other related work from the contract.

1.5 SEQUENCE OF CONSTRUCTION

- A. The Contractor shall insure that no excavation be left open, unguarded, or water filled during any period of time when work is not actually in progress. It is the purpose and intent that all excavations and backfill, including consolidation operations, the installation of service connections and temporary surfacing and pavements within an area be accomplished expeditiously before proceeding to other work areas. Construction scheduling and methods will be discussed at the pre-construction conference.
- B. The Owner reserves the right to schedule the Contractor to construct at any locations within the project area. At the same time the Owner may order the suspension of construction at any location. Construction in seasonally heavily

traveled roads shall be avoided during the peak traffic periods. The Contractor is advised that various permits are necessary for the progress of the work.

- C. The Contractor shall pay special attention to the schedule and number of construction days as specified. If the Contractor exceeds the number of construction days, he shall pay liquidated damages and incur all additional expenses to include additional costs for uniformed police officer.
- D. The Contractor is permitted to have multiple construction crews if required to meet the construction time frame.

#### 1.6 VISIT TO THE SITE

- A. Before submitting a bid, the Contractor shall visit the project site, examine their conditions and thoroughly acquaint himself with the conditions for performing the work. He shall also study the drawings and compare the same with the information gathered during his examination of the sites, as no extra compensation will be authorized for extra work caused by his unfamiliarity with the sites and/or drawings or the conditions peculiar to this job.

#### 1.7 DISPOSAL OF EXCESS MATERIAL

- A. All surplus material, removed from the excavations shall remain the property of the Owner and shall be deposited by the Contractor as directed by the Owner within the limits of the municipality wherein the work is being performed. The Contractor is responsible for the disposal fees incurred at the Town's Disposal Facility for the deposition of all waste, unsuitable and hazardous materials from the work performed.
- B. All existing hydrants to be replaced shall be removed and stacked on Livermore Falls Water District property, as determined during construction. All existing hydrants that are abandoned as part of the work shall become the property of the Livermore Falls Water District.
- C. The Contractor is responsible for the disposal of all removed water mains in a suitable manner.

#### 1.8 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

- A. All technical specifications such as ASTM, AWWA, AASHTO, etc, referred to in these specifications refer to the latest revision of such technical specifications.

#### 1.9 SPECIAL CONDITIONS

- A. The Contractor is advised that protection of the existing utilities in the vicinity of the project, and the assurance of uninterrupted service during the contract period is of the essence.
- B. In the event that blasting or other operations undertaken by the Contractor under this contract result in damages to, all necessary repairs to water piping, valves, hydrants, fittings, cables, sewer mains, etc., shall be done by the Contractor. The Contractor shall provide, at no extra cost to the Owner, all necessary materials, equipment and labor necessary to satisfactorily excavate backfill, repair, etc., in conjunction with such repair work.

- C. The location and size for some of the existing utility poles, fencing, sewers, drains, culverts, water mains, gas mains, cables, service pipes, etc., shown on the plans, were obtained from the results of aerial images, surveys and existing records and are shown as approximately only, to guide the Contractor in the preparation of his bid. The location and depth of existing utilities will be determined by the various utility companies by marking them out upon the ground and by experimental excavations by the Contractor prior to and as the work progresses. The plans do not show the exact location and depth of all utilities, nor do they show all utilities that may be encountered. Many of the utilities in the project area are private utilities.
- D. Prior to commencing excavation work, the Contractor shall notify Dig-Safe (1-800-322-4844) to have all existing public and private utility lines and underground structures marked out.
- E. The Contractor is encouraged to use local subcontractors and suppliers to the extent practicable in undertaking the work.
- F. Mobilization costs associated with the utility work shall be carried under the MDOT mobilization bid item. The costs for utility mobilization will be pro-rated based on percentage of the respective utility costs and MDOT roadway costs. No separate payments will be made for costs associated with utility mobilization.
- G. Erosion control costs shall be the responsibility of the MDOT and not carried under the utility bid items.
- H. Traffic control costs associated with the utility work shall be carried under the respective MDOT bid items. The utility providers will be responsible for their portion of the traffic control costs associated with their portion of the construction.
- I. The utility bid items include separate payment for installed pipe and appurtenances and for tested pipe and appurtenances. The testing portion of the bid item payment shall not be released to the Contractor until all work (including storm drainage) in the area is completed. Testing of sewer mains and manholes will be completed by the Livermore Falls and Jay Sewer Departments in coordination with the Contractor.
- J. For work completed outside of the MDOT project area, such as the water main replacement to Union Street, the contractor shall be paid for pavement restoration under the respective MDOT bid items. Refer to section 01150 for further information.

1.10 PERMITS, FEES AND BONDS

- A. The Contractor shall obtain and comply with all required permits, pay all fees and provide all bonds necessary to complete the work as specified.

1.11 EXISTING UTILITIES AND STRUCTURES

- A. The location and size of some existing underground facilities such as sewers, drains, culverts, water mains, gas mains, cables, service pipes, etc., are shown on the plans, based on results of surveys and existing records, and are shown as approximate only. The plans do not show the exact location and depth of all utilities, nor do they show all utilities that may be encountered.

- B. The Contractor shall assume that there are existing underground utility connections to each and every building or structure along the line of work, whether they appear on the drawings or not. The Contractor shall notify the proper utility companies and obtain and preserve the locations as marked for all existing gas, electric and other utilities that may be encountered along the line of work, until such time as such markings are no longer required.
- C. Experimental trench excavations are to be made prior to commencing pipe laying operations. The experimental trench locations shall be where requested by the Contractor and/or as directed by the Engineer, and shall be paid for under the applicable bid item.
- D. The Contractor shall dig by hand in advance of the trenching machinery to determine the exact location and depth of each utility to be encountered. Excavating machinery shall be stopped at least two feet away from each side of the utility to be crossed and the Contractor shall tunnel by hand under these utilities after he has ascertained their exact location and depth.

1.12 TWENTY-FOUR (24) HOUR EMERGENCY SERVICE

- A. The Contractor shall maintain a 24-hour, 7-day a week telephone service and a local facility to handle emergency requirements such as settled trenches, clogged drains, rain damage, etc. The Contractor's emergency personnel shall be able to respond to emergency calls within thirty minutes. A list of the personnel and their telephone numbers shall be submitted to the Owner, Public Works and Engineering Departments and to the local Police and Fire Departments. This requirement shall apply during the entire length of the project.
- B. This list shall be submitted on the Contractor's letterhead and shall state that should an emergency arise during the implementation of this project, these people are to be contacted. The Contractor shall submit this letter at the Pre-Construction Conference.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. As specified in the respective sections of these specifications.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 MAINTAIN EXISTING WATER WORKS

- A. Existing operations:
  - 1. Existing water service shall be maintained at all times until the new main and services are tied in.
  - 2. The use of temporary piping is not anticipated, if necessary this shall be at the expense of the contractor.
  - 3. The Contractor shall not operate any of the Water District's infrastructure. The Water District shall be contacted at least one day in advance for any need to operating existing valves for isolation.



4. The Contractor shall provide 48 hour notice to the Water District prior to performing live taps or service connections.
  5. In line water gate valves are currently located in the area of Green Street, Jewell Street, Maple Street, and near the CN Brown gas station at approximate station 41+420. The existing in line gate valves are depicted on the drawings.
  6. A water system pressure zone break is located at the Jewell Street area, with the low pressure zone located to the south of Jewell Street, and the high pressure zone to the north of Jewell Street.
  7. Divider gate valves between the low and high pressure zones are also located along some of the side streets within the project area. The Contractor shall coordinate with the District on connecting to the existing divider gates.
- B. Minimize Interference:
1. The Contractor shall at all times conduct his operations so as to interfere as little as possible with existing works. The Contractor shall develop a program, in cooperation with the Engineer, Owner and interested officials, which shall provide for the construction and putting into service of the new works in the most orderly manner possible. This program shall be adhered to except as deviations therefrom are expressly permitted.
  2. Work of connecting with, cutting into and reconstructing existing pipes or structures shall be planned to interfere with the operation of the existing facilities for the shortest possible time and when the demands on the facilities best permit such interference. It may be necessary to work outside of normal working hours to minimize interference. Before starting work which will interfere with the operation of existing facilities, the Contractor shall do all possible preparatory work and shall see that all tools, materials, and equipment are made ready and at hand.
  3. The use of temporary water mains is strongly discouraged during the work. All existing mains shall remain operational until such time as the new water main is brought on line and into service.
  4. Work shall be conducted in phases utilizing existing in line gate valves as noted herein as tie in points for testing and disinfecting new water main construction.

### 3.2 CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- A. Construction of the proposed water mains will not disrupt the existing water service.
- B. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer and Owner for review and acceptance a complete schedule of his proposed sequence of construction operations prior to commencing any work. This schedule shall include the Contractor's plans for doing the work. The schedule shall provide details of the complete project including new main installation, connection details, testing and disinfecting, service connections, and abandoning the existing main.
- C. The Contractor must provide a sequence to demonstrate to the Engineer that the continuity and degree of treatment will not be adversely affected.

### 3.3 COORDINATION

- A. The Contractor shall properly coordinate with all local and state departments, affected by work occurring in proposed locations.
- B. Utility location and coordination shall be done by the contractor. Dig Safe shall be contacted prior to the layout or excavation of any work.

PART 4 - SCHEDULE

4.1 LIMITATIONS

- A. All construction activities shall conform to the work time periods as defined in the MDOT Standard Specifications except during emergencies as defined in the General Conditions and unless Owner has specifically granted permission in writing.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01050COORDINATIONPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Contractor is required to work in close proximity to Owner's existing facilities. The Contractor, under this Contract, will be responsible for coordinating construction activities with Owner to ensure that services, facilities, and safe working conditions are maintained.
- B. Other Construction Contractors will be interfacing with this Contract and working within the work area and in the vicinity of this Contract. The Contractor, under this contract, shall act as Construction Coordinator and shall coordinate construction activities with other Contractors working for Owner.
- C. Any damage to existing structures, equipment and property, accepted equipment or structures, and property or work in progress by others; as a result of the Contractor's or his subcontractor's operations shall be made good by the Contractor at no additional cost to the Owner.

1.2 COORDINATION WITH OTHERS

- A. Town of Livermore Falls and Jay:
  - 1. Contractor shall coordinate access, egress, detours and traffic control, if required, at each site with the local authorities. The Contractor shall notify Police, Fire Department and Rescue Squad at least 24 hours in advance of any street closings or detours, if necessary.
  - 2. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating and maintaining public services to all public and private properties.
  - 3. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating disruptions to sewer infrastructure.
  - 4. Work associated with replacement and upgrade of the sewer system shall be coordinated with the Livermore Falls and Jay Wastewater Departments.
  - 5. Work associated with replacement and upgrade of the water system shall be coordinated with the Livermore Falls Water District.
- B. Central Maine Power Company (CMP):
  - 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating all work around CMP facilities with CMP and shall bear all costs of inspection requirements, temporary facilities relocation and other requirements.
- C. Verizon:
  - 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating and providing telephone service to all construction sites, both temporary and permanent. The Contractor shall also be responsible for coordinating all work around Verizon facilities with Verizon and shall bear all costs of inspection requirements, temporary facilities relocation and all other requirements.
- D. Time Warner Cable:
  - 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordinating and providing cable service to all construction sites, both temporary and permanent. The

Contractor shall also be responsible for coordinating all work around Time Warner Cable facilities with Time Warner Cable and shall bear all costs of inspection requirements, temporary facilities relocation and all other requirements.

- E. Maine Department of Transportation:
  - 1. The Contractor shall be responsible for coordination with the MDOT as outlined in the MDOT Special Provisions Section 104.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01150MEASUREMENT AND PAYMENTPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. For lump sum items, payment shall be made to the Contractor in accordance with an accepted Progress Schedule and Schedule of Values on the basis of actual work completed.
- B. For unit-price items, payment shall be based on the actual amount of work accepted and for the actual amount of materials in place, as shown by the final measurements.
  - 1. All units of measurement shall be standard United States convention as applied to the specific items of work by tradition and as interpreted by the Engineer. The project has been completed in metric units.
  - 2. At the end of each day's work, the Contractor's Superintendent or other authorized representative of the Contractor shall meet with the Resident Project Representative and determine the quantities of unit price work accomplished and/or completed during the work day.
  - 3. The Resident Project Representative will then prepare two "Daily Progress Reports" which shall be signed by both the Resident Project Representative and Contractor's Representative.
  - 4. Once each month the Resident Project Representative will prepare two "Monthly Progress Summation" forms from the month's accumulation of "Daily Progress Reports" which shall also be signed by both the Resident Project Representative and Contractor's Representative.
  - 5. These completed forms will provide the basis of the Engineer's monthly quantity estimate upon which payment will be made. Items not appearing on both the Daily Progress Reports and Monthly Progress Summation will not be included for payment. Items appearing on forms not properly signed by the Contractor will not be included for payment.
  - 6. After the work is completed and before final payment is made therefor, the Engineer will make final measurements to determine the quantities of various items of work accepted as the basis for final settlement.

1.2 SCOPE OF PAYMENT

- A. Payments to the Contractor will be made for the actual quantities of the Contract items performed and accepted in accordance with the Contract Documents. Upon completion of the construction, if these actual quantities show either an increase or decrease from the quantities given in the Bid Form, the Contract unit prices will still prevail.
- B. The Contractor shall accept in compensation, as herein provided, in full payment for furnishing all materials, labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to the completed work and for performing all work contemplated and embraced by the Contract; also for all loss or damage arising from the nature of the Work, or

from the action of the elements, or from any unforeseen difficulties which may be encountered during the prosecution of the Work and until its final acceptance by the Engineer, and for all risks of every description connected with the prosecution of the work, except as provided herein, also for all expenses incurred in consequence of the suspension of the work as herein authorized.

- C. The payment of any partial estimate or of any retained percentage except by and under the approved final invoice, in no way shall affect the obligation of the Contractor to repair or renew any defective parts of the construction or to be responsible for all damage due to such defects.

1.3 PAYMENT FOR INCREASED OR DECREASED QUANTITIES

- A. When alterations in the quantities of work not requiring supplemental agreements, as hereinbefore provided for, are ordered and performed, the Contractor shall accept payment in full at the Contract price for the actual quantities of work done. No allowance will be made for anticipated profits. Increased or decreased work involving supplemental agreements will be paid for as stipulated in such agreements.

1.4 OMITTED ITEMS

- A. Should any items contained in the bid form be found unnecessary for the proper completion of the work contracted, the Engineer may eliminate such items from the Contract, and such action shall in no way invalidate the Contract, and no allowance will be made for items so eliminated in making final payment to the Contractor.

1.5 PARTIAL PAYMENTS

- A. Partial payments shall be made monthly as the work progresses. Partial payment shall be made subject to the provisions of the Supplemental and General Conditions.

1.6 PAYMENT FOR MATERIAL DELIVERED

- A. When requested by the Contractor and at the discretion of the Owner, payment may be made for all or part of the value of acceptable, non-perishable materials and equipment which are to be incorporated into bid items, have not been used, and have been delivered to the construction site or placed in storage places acceptable to the Owner. Payment shall be subject to the provisions of the General and Supplementary Conditions.
- B. No payment shall be made upon fuels, supplies, lumber, false work, or other materials, or on temporary structures or other work of any kind which are not a permanent part of the Contract.

1.7 FINAL PAYMENT

- A. The Engineer will make, as soon as practicable after the entire completion of the project, a final quantity invoice of the amount of the Work performed and the value of such Work. Owner shall make final payments of the sum found due less retainages subject to the provisions of the General and Supplementary Conditions.

1.8 INCIDENTAL WORK

- A. Incidental work items for which separate payment is not made for the proposed utility work include (but are not limited to) the following items:
1. Clearing, grubbing and stripping - covered under MDOT Payment Items
  2. Dust control - covered under MDOT Payment Items
  3. Dewatering
  4. Erosion control - covered under MDOT Payment Items
  5. Restoration of property, and replacement of fences, curbs, structures and other minor items disturbed by the construction activities - covered under MDOT Payment Items
  6. Coordination with the Owner, Utilities and others, including related inspection cost (refer to Section 01050)
  7. Utility crossings and relocations, unless payment is otherwise made
  8. Steel and/or wood sheeting as required, including that left in place
  9. Project record documents
  10. Materials testing - covered under MDOT Payment Items
  11. Construction schedules, bonds, insurance, shop drawings, warranties, guarantees, certifications, and other submittals required by the Contract Documents
  12. Repair and replacement of utilities damaged by construction activities and corresponding proper disposal of removed materials
  13. Temporary utilities for construction and to maintain existing service during construction
  14. Quality control testing
  15. Temporary construction and other facilities not to be permanently incorporated into the Work necessary for construction sequencing and maintenance of operations
  16. Weather protection
  17. Permits not otherwise paid for or provided by the Owner
  18. Visits to the Project site or elsewhere by personnel or agents of the Contractor, including manufacturer's representatives, as may be required.
  19. On-site and other facilities acceptable to Engineer for the storage of materials, supplies and equipment to be incorporated into the Work
  20. Facilities start-up services required by the Contract Documents.
  21. Mobilization/demobilization - covered under MDOT Payment Items; mobilization shall be pro-rated based on a percentage of the overall project costs as noted in the Summary of Work.
  22. Gravel or crushed stone for driveway aprons- covered under MDOT Payment Items
  23. Pipe Markings
  24. Pavement Markings - covered under MDOT Payment Items
  25. Removal of Existing Pavement- covered under MDOT Payment Items
  26. Earthwork (except ledge) - covered under MDOT Payment items
  27. Preconstruction Photos and Videos
  28. Construction Administration and Insurance
  29. Bedding Material

30. Excavation, backfilling and compaction
31. Testing, cleaning and disinfecting water mains
32. Final cleaning of sewers, force mains and storm drains
33. Required fittings and bends
34. Thrust blocks
35. Removing and stacking hydrants
36. Removal and disposal of existing water mains to be replaced in same trench
37. Maintenance of all existing sewer flows and repair of existing sewer pipes
38. Loam, seeding, grading, liming, fertilization, mulching, and watering - covered under MDOT Payment Items
39. All excavation except the test pits specifically shown or ordered by the Engineer to establish sewer line and water line locations, earth excavation below grade and rock excavation
40. Granite/concrete/bituminous curbs - covered under MDOT Payment Items
41. Test pits to establish in place field soils density, groundwater conditions, or requirements for dewatering
42. Concrete sidewalks - covered under MDOT Payment Items
43. Aggregate base for roadways - covered under MDOT Payment Items
44. Project Identification Signage as required by the Funding Agencies.

1.9 DESCRIPTION OF PAY ITEMS-WATER & SEWER UTILITIES

- A. The following sections describe the measurement of and payment for the work to be done under the respective items listed in the Bid Form.
- B. Each unit or lump-sum price stated in the Bid Form shall constitute full compensation, as herein specified, for each item of the work completed.

Item Nos. 822.33, 822.34, and 822.36 - Furnish and Install 150 mm, 200 mm and 300 mm Ductile Iron Water Mains, All Depths

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of water main to be paid for under Item Nos. 822.33, 822.34, and 822.36 shall be the actual length in meters as measured along the center line of the pipe as laid including all fittings and valves.
- B. Basis of Payment: Water main shall be paid for at the unit price per linear foot stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all pipes, pipe fittings (except valves), and other materials required for the installation of the pipelines; for dewatering; for installing the pipelines; for excavating, laying, setting, and jointing all pipes and fittings; for furnishing and placing all bedding, haunching and initial backfill; for backfilling; for compaction; for air release valves and valve boxes; for thrust blocks; for restraining joints; for furnishing and placing all temporary and/or permanent sheeting and bracing; for all labor, tools and construction equipment; for all connections to the existing water mains unless otherwise paid for; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.
- C. Only eighty (80%) of the price per lineal foot of pipe shall be paid for upon its installation, the balance shall be withheld until such time as the pipe has been successfully tested and chlorinated and ready to be incorporated into the existing system, and all utility and storm drain work in the area has been completed. The above percentages are prior to the specified retainage to be withheld.



- D. All temporary items and labor necessary to properly protect work, test and chlorinate mains shall be covered under this item.
- E. Existing water main to be replaced as required to make tie-over connections shall be disposed of by the contractor, work to be covered under this unit price per linear foot.

Item Nos. 822.331, 822.340, and 822.360 - Furnish and Install 150 mm, 200 mm and 300 mm Nitrile Gaskets

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of nitrile gaskets to be paid for under Item Nos. 822.331, 822.340, and 822.360 shall be the actual number of gaskets installed complete in place, where directed by the Engineer.
- B. Basis of Payment: Nitrile Gaskets shall be paid for at the unit price per each stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and tools; for installing, setting, and jointing; for poly wrap; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item No. 825.45 - Connections and Tie-Ins to Existing Mains

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of connections and tie-ins to existing mains to be paid for under Item No. 825.45, shall be the actual number of connections and tie-ins installed complete in place, where directed by the Engineer. Connections and Tie-ins shall only be measured for payment at Union Street, Green Street, Jewell Street, in front of the C. N. Brown service station, and at Pineau Street. Connections at the side streets are considered incidental to the pipe price and will not be measured for payment.
- B. Basis of Payment: Connections and Tie-Ins to Existing Mains shall be paid for at the unit price per each stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and tools; for excavation; backfill; bedding and blanket material; compaction; pipe fittings; testing; disinfecting; coordination with District personnel; for thrust blocks; for restraining joints; for furnishing and placing all temporary and/or permanent sheeting and bracing; for all labor, tools and construction equipment; for all connections to the existing water mains unless otherwise paid for; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item Nos. 823.331, 823.325, and 823.31 - Furnish and Install 150 mm, 200 mm and 300 mm Gate Valves

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of gate valves to be paid for under Item Nos. 823.331, 823.325, and 823.31 shall be the actual number of valves and valve boxes installed complete in place.
- B. Basis of Payment: Gate valves shall be paid for at the unit price per each stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and tools; for installing, setting, and jointing; for restraining joints; for testing all valves and valve boxes; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item No. 824.3 - Furnish and Install Hydrant Assemblies

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of hydrants to be paid for under Item No. 824.3 shall be the actual number installed complete in place.

- B. Basis of Payment: Hydrants shall be paid for at the unit price each stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all materials, labor, equipment, and tools; for installing, setting and jointing for excavation; for all thrust blocks; restraining joints; for the hydrant, and valve anchoring tee; and of all other work and expenses incidental thereto.
1. Payment for 150mm pipe shall be made under Item 822.33.
  2. Payment for 150mm gate valves shall be made under item 823.331.

Item Nos. 825.311, 825.33, 825.3211, 825.3212, 825.32- Furnish and Install 19 mm, 25 mm, 32 mm, 40 mm and 50 mm Corporation Stops and Taps

- A. Method of Measurement: Quantity of corporation stops and taps to be paid for under Item Nos. 825.311, 825.33, 825.3211, and 825.3212 shall be the actual number furnished and installed for service connections.
- B. Basis of Payment: Corporation stops and taps shall be paid for at the unit price per each stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for all fittings, labor, equipment, and tools necessary for the installation of the corporation stops; tapping the main; and for all of the work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item No. 825.312, 825.331, 825.3311, 825.3312, and 825.322 - Furnish and Install 19 mm, 25 mm, 32 mm, 40 mm and 50 mm Curb Stops

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of curb stops to be paid for under Item Nos. 825.312, 825.331, 825.3311, 825.3312, and 825.322 shall be the actual number installed.
- B. Basis of Payment: Curb stops and boxes shall be paid for at the unit price per each stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for all fittings, labor, equipment, tools and other materials required for the installation of the curb stop and box; for trench dewatering; for excavating and backfilling; and other materials except other such items specifically included in the Bid Schedule; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item Nos. 825.41, 825.43, 825.435, 825.436, and 823.437 - Furnish and Install 19 mm, 25 mm, 30 mm, 40 mm and 50 mm Copper Service Pipe

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of service pipe to be paid for under Item Nos. 825.41, 825.43, 825.435, 825.436, and 823.437 shall be the actual length in meters as measured along the center line of the pipe as laid.
- B. Basis of Payment: Service pipe shall be paid for at the unit price per linear foot stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for all service pipe, labor, equipment, tools, and other materials required for the installation of service pipes; for trench dewatering; for excavating, laying, setting, and jointing all pipes and fittings; for cleaning, testing, and disinfecting; for backfilling; or other materials, except other such items specifically included in the Bid Schedule; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item No. 803.01- Test Pit Excavation and Backfill

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity to be paid for under Item No. 803.01 shall be the actual number of test pits excavated for exploratory excavations as authorized by the Engineer.

- B. Basis of Payment: Test pit excavations shall be paid for at the unit price per each as stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be full compensation for furnishing all labor, tools, and equipment; for backfilling and compacting; for temporary pavement; and for all other work and expenses incidental thereto.

Item No. 827.311 - Excavation of Unsuitable Material Below Trench Grade and Replacement of Suitable Material

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of unsuitable material excavated to be paid for under Item No. 827.311 shall be the actual number of cubic meters of material excavated as requested by and/or authorized by the Engineer as measured following excavation.
- B. Basis of Payment: Excavation of Unsuitable Material shall be paid for at the unit price per cubic meter stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be measured from a point 150-mm below the bottom of the pipe to the bottom of the excavation and to a width of 0.6 meters plus the inside pipe diameter. No separate payment shall be made for excavation below grade where existing utilities are removed and relayed to facilitate the work, within the trench limits defined herein.
- C. Over excavation of Unsuitable material will not be paid for under this item, and will be covered under the Contractors Expense for replacement material.

Item No. 827.31 - Furnishing and placing of Suitable Material Above Trench Grade to Replace Unsuitable Material

- A. Method of Measurement: The quantity of suitable material placed above trench grade is to be paid for under Item No. 827.31 shall be the actual number of cubic meters of material placed as required by and/or authorized by the Engineer as measured following excavation.
- B. Basis of Payment: Placement of Suitable Material shall be paid for at the unit price per cubic meter stated in the Bid Schedule. Said unit price shall be measured from a point 375-mm below the road surface to 300-mm above the top of the pipe and to a width of 0.6 meters plus the inside pipe diameter.
- C. Bedding material placed from a point 150-mm below the bottom of the pipe to a point of 0.6 meters above the top of the pipe shall be covered under respective Bid Item Nos. for installing the water main.

Item No. 827.33 - Furnish and Install Pipe Trench Insulation

- A. Method of Measurement: Pipe trench insulation accepted for payment shall be the actual meters of trench insulation installed and accepted complete in place.
- B. Basis of Payment: The contract unit price per meter for pipe trench insulation shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to complete this work including excavation, bedding, insulation, backfill, compaction and all else incidental thereto for which payment is not provided under other items.

Item No. 801.17, 801.18, and 801.19 - Furnish and Install 200-mm, 300-mm and 375-mm PVC Gravity Sewer Pipe, All Depths

- A. Method of Measurement: Sewer pipe measured for payment shall be the number of meters installed measured along the center line of the pipe as laid including fittings. Pipes shall be measured between centers of the manholes minus half the inside diameter of each manhole. Pipe installed into the manhole will not be measured for payment.

B. Basis of Payment:

1. The contract unit price per meter for sewer pipe shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, and equipment necessary to complete this work including excavation (except rock excavation), dewatering, bedding, blanket, furnishing and installing pipe (including tees and other fittings), making connections to new and existing manholes, backfill, compaction, cleaning, testing, handling existing flows during construction of new facilities and all else incidental thereto for which payment is not provided under other items.
2. Payment for this work on interim requisitions shall be according to the following percentages:
  - a. Sewer pipe acceptably set in place and backfilled - 80 percent.
  - b. Sewer pipe successfully cleaned and then inspected by CCTV by Owner - 20 percent and all utility and storm drain work in the area has been completed. The Owner will also inspect the sewers in the project area by CCTV at the completion of the work to determine if additional paving is needed before final retainage is released.

Item No. 803.135 - Furnish and Install 150-mm Sanitary Sewer Laterals

A. Method of Measurement: This item shall consist of installing sanitary sewer laterals (house service leads) from sanitary sewers to the edge of right-of-way as shown on the Drawings and/or as determined in the field. Measurement shall be from the top of the tee or wye to the edge of right-of-way measured along the centerline of the pipe.

B. Basis of Payment:

1. Payment for furnishing and installing service connection lines will be made for the unit bid price in the Bid Schedule. The unit price shall include, but not be limited to, furnishing, installing, providing tees, excavating (except rock excavation), backfilling, compaction, adequately capping service connection and marking location as specified and shown on the Drawings.
2. Payment for this work on interim requisitions shall be according to the following percentages:
  - a. Service pipe acceptably set in place and backfilled - 80 percent.
  - b. Sewer pipe successfully cleaned and then inspected by CCTV by Owner - 20 percent and all utility and storm drain work in the area has been completed. The Owner will also inspect the sewers in the project area by CCTV at the completion of the work to determine if additional paving is needed before final retainage is released.

Item No. 803.173 - Furnish and Install 1.2 M Diameter Sanitary Manholes

A. Method of Measurement: Sanitary manholes accepted for payment shall be the actual vertical

Meters of structures installed and accepted complete in place, from the lowest invert to finish grade.

B. Basis of Payment:

1. The contract unit price per vertical meter shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to complete this work including excavation (except rock excavation), bedding, constructing inverts, backfill, compaction, furnishing

and installing precast concrete sections, waterproofing and testing, frames, covers, concrete and masonry materials, and all else incidental thereto for which payment is not provided under other items.

2. Payment for this item shall be as follows:
  - a. 80 percent of the unit price upon installation of manholes.
  - b. 20 percent of the unit price upon successful completion of cleaning and final manhole testing/inspection, and all utility and storm drain work in the area has been completed.

Item No. 803.17 - Remove/Abandon Manhole

- A. Method of Measurement: Manhole removed and/or abandoned measured for payment shall be the actual manholes removed or abandoned.
- B. Basis of Payment: The contract unit price per each shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to complete this work including excavation, removal, disposal, maintenance of flows, and all else incidental thereto for which payment is not provided under other items.

Item No. 812.162 - Adjust Existing Manhole Frames and Covers to Grade

- A. Method of Measurement: Adjustment of existing manhole frames and covers to meet final proposed grades measured for payment shall be the actual number of existing manholes frames and covers adjusted to match proposed grades.
- B. Basis of Payment: The contract unit price per each shall be full compensation for all labor, materials, tools and equipment necessary to complete this work including excavation, removal, disposal, furnishing and installing bricks, mortar and grouting of the frame to the manhole structure, testing of the mortar/grout mix, and all else incidental thereto for which payment is not provided under other items.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01340SUBMITTALSPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

## A. Work Included:

1. Submit to the Engineer, Shop Drawings, Operation and Maintenance Manuals, Manufacturers' Certificates, Project Data, and Samples required by the Utility Specification Sections.

## B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

1. Project Record Documents: Section 01720

1.2 SHOP DRAWINGS

- A. Shop Drawings are required for each and every element of the work. Each shop drawing shall be assigned a sequential number for purposes of easy identification, and shall retain its assigned number, with appropriate subscript, on required resubmissions.
- B. Shop Drawings are generally defined as all fabrication and erection drawings, diagrams, brochures, schedules, bills of material, manufacturers data, spare parts lists, and other data prepared by the Contractor, his subcontractors, suppliers, or manufacturers which illustrate the manufacturer, fabrication, construction, and installation of the work, or a portion thereof.
- C. The Contractor shall submit to the Engineer a minimum of six (6) copies of Shop Drawings and approved data. The Engineer will retain three (3) copies (for Owner's, Engineer's and Field Representative's files) and return three (3) copies to the Contractor for distribution to subcontractors, suppliers and manufacturers. If the Contractor requires more than three (3) then the number of copies submitted shall be adjusted accordingly. The only exception to the above is that all shop drawings which incorporate blue line type drawings shall be submitted with only one good quality reproducible. The Engineer will return the one marked up reproducible to the Contractor.
- D. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the completed Submittal Certification Form (copy provided for Contractor's use at the end of this Specification Section) which shall be attached to every copy of each shop drawing. Shop Drawings shall show the principal dimensions, weight, structural and operating features, space required, clearances, type and/or brand of finish or shop coat, grease fittings, etc., depending on the subject of the drawing. When it is customary to do so, when the dimensions are of particular importance, or when so specified, the drawings shall be certified by the manufacturer or fabricator as correct for the work.
- E. Shop Drawings shall be submitted as a complete package by specification section, unless otherwise reviewed and approved by the Engineer. It is the intent that all information, materials and samples associated with each specification section be included as a single submittal for the Engineer's review. Any deviation from this

- requirement, such as submitting miscellaneous metals grouped by structure, shall be requested in writing prior to any associated submittal.
- F. The Contractor shall be responsible for the prompt and timely submittal of all shop and working drawings so that there shall be no delay to the work due to the absence of such drawings.
  - G. No material or equipment shall be purchased or fabricated especially for the Contract until the required shop and working drawings have been submitted as hereinabove provided and reviewed for conformance to the Contract requirements. All such materials and equipment and the work involved in their installation or incorporation into the Work shall then be as shown in and represented by said drawings.
  - H. Until the necessary review has been made, the Contractor shall not proceed with any portion of the work (such as the construction of foundations), the design or details of which are dependent upon the design or details of work, materials, equipment or other features for which review is required.
  - I. All shop and working drawings shall be submitted to the Engineer by and/or through the Contractor, who shall be responsible for obtaining shop and working drawings from his subcontractors and returning reviewed drawings to them. Shop drawings shall be of standardized sizes to enable the Owner to maintain a permanent record of the submissions. Approved standard sizes shall be: (a) 24 inches by 36 inches; (b) 11 inches by 17 inches, and (c) 11 inches by 8-1/2 inches. Provision shall be made in preparing the shop drawings to provide a binding margin on the left hand side of the sheet. Shop drawings submitted other than as specified herein may be returned for resubmittal without being reviewed.
  - J. Only drawings which have been checked and corrected by the fabricator should be submitted to the Contractor by his subcontractors and vendors. Prior to submitting drawings to the Engineer, the Contractor shall check thoroughly all such drawings to satisfy himself that the subject matter thereof conforms to the Drawings and Specifications in all respects. All drawings which are correct shall be marked with the date, checker's name, and indication of the Contractor's approval, and then shall be submitted to the Engineer.
  - K. If a shop drawing shows any deviation from the Contract requirements, the Contractor shall make specific mention of the deviations in his letter of transmittal.
  - L. Should the Contractor submit equipment that requires modifications to the structures, piping, electrical conduit, wires and appurtenances, layout, etc., detailed on the Drawings, he shall also submit details of the proposed modifications. If such equipment and modifications are accepted, the Contractor, at no additional cost to the Owner, shall do all work necessary to make such modifications.
  - M. A maximum of two submissions of each Shop Drawing will be reviewed, checked, and commented upon without charge to the Contractor. Any additional submissions which are ordered by the Engineer to fulfill the stipulations of the Drawings and Specifications, and which are required by virtue of the Contractor's neglect or failure to comply with the requirements of the Drawings and Specifications, or to make those modifications and/or corrections ordered by the Engineer in the review of the first two submissions of each Shop Drawing, will be

reviewed and checked as deemed necessary by the Engineer, and the cost of such review and checking, as determined by the Owner, and based upon Engineer's documentation of time and rates established for additional services in the Owner-Engineer Agreement for this Project, may be deducted from the Contractor to make all modifications and/or corrections as may be required by the Engineer in an accurate, complete, and timely fashion.

1.3 SAMPLES

- A. The Contractor shall submit samples when requested by the Engineer to establish conformance with the specifications, and as necessary to define color selections available.

1.4 OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE MANUALS

- A. The Contractor shall furnish the Engineer four (4) copies of a complete instruction manual for installation, operation and maintenance of each item specified. At least 3 months prior to the expected substantial completion date, the Contractor shall submit to the Engineer all manuals in accordance with the requirements specified herein.
- B. Manuals shall include operating and maintenance information on all systems and pieces of equipment. The manual shall contain sufficient data to install, operate, maintain, repair and rebuild all components of the equipment, design data specific to the project. All information required by the Operations and Maintenance Manual Certification Form described herein and any additional information deemed necessary by the Owner and Engineer for proper installation, operation and maintenance.
- C. The Contractor shall provide a copy of the complete Operations and Maintenance Manual Certification Form (copy provided for the Contractor's use at the end of this Specification Section) which shall be attached to every copy of each Operations and Maintenance Manual submitted.

1.5 MANUFACTURER'S CERTIFICATES

- A. Prior to accepting the installation, the Contractor shall submit manufacturer's certificates for each item specified.
- B. Such manufacturer's certificates shall state that the equipment has been installed under either the continuous or periodic supervision of the manufacturer's authorized representative, that it has been adjusted and initially operated in the presence of the manufacturer's authorized representative, and that it is operating in accordance with the specified requirements, to the manufacturer's satisfaction. All costs for meeting this requirement shall be included in the Contractor's bid price.

1.6 SUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Accompany submittals with transmittal letter, containing:
  - 1. Date.
  - 2. Project title and number.
  - 3. Contractor's name and address.



4. The number of each Shop Drawing, Project Data and Sample submitted.
  5. Notification of deviations from Contract Documents.
  6. Other pertinent data.
- B. A completed Submittal Certification Form shall be attached to each copy of each shop drawing and must include:
1. Identification of deviations from Contract Documents.
  2. Contractor's stamp, initialed or signed, certifying review of the submittal, verification of field measurements and compliance with Contract Documents.
  3. Where specified or when requested by the Engineer, manufacturer's certification that equipment, accessories and shop painting meet or exceed the Specification requirements.
  4. Where specified, manufacturer's guarantee.

1.7 RESUBMISSION REQUIREMENTS

- A. Revise initial drawings as required and resubmit as specified for initial submittal.
- B. Indicate on drawings any changes which have been made other than those required by Engineer.

1.8 ENGINEER'S REVIEW

- A. The review of shop and working drawings hereunder will be general only, and nothing contained in this specification shall relieve, diminish or alter in any respect the responsibilities of the Contractor under the Contract Documents and in particular, the specific responsibility of the Contractor for details of design and dimensions necessary for proper fitting and construction of the work as required by the Contract and for achieving the result and performance specified thereunder.

SUBMITTAL CERTIFICATION FORM

PROJECT: \_\_\_\_\_ CONTRACTOR'S PROJ. NO: \_\_\_\_\_

CONTRACTOR: \_\_\_\_\_ ENGINEER'S PROJ. NO: \_\_\_\_\_

ENGINEER: \_\_\_\_\_

TRANSMITTAL NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_ SHOP DRAWING NUMBER: \_\_\_\_\_

SPECIFICATION SECTION OR DRAWING NO: \_\_\_\_\_

DESCRIPTION: \_\_\_\_\_

MANUFACTURER: \_\_\_\_\_

The above referenced submittal has been reviewed by the undersigned and I/we certify that the material and/or equipment meets or exceeds the project specification requirements with

NO DEVIATIONS

or

A COMPLETE LIST OF DEVIATIONS AS FOLLOWS<sup>a</sup>:

\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

By: \_\_\_\_\_ By: \_\_\_\_\_  
Contractor<sup>b</sup> Manufacturer<sup>c</sup>

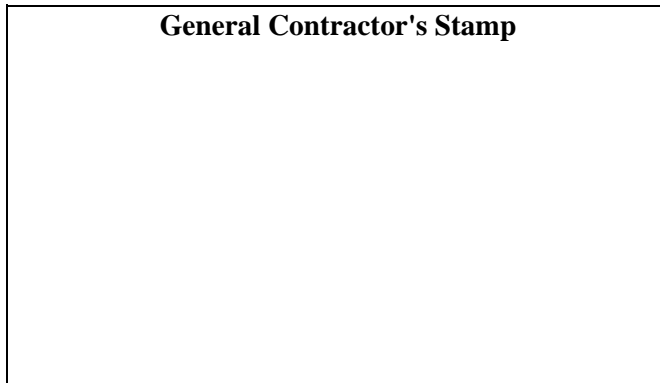
Date: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

<sup>a</sup> Any deviations not brought to the attention of the Engineer for review and concurrence shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to correct, if so directed.

<sup>b</sup> Required on all submittals

<sup>c</sup> When required by specifications

Page \_\_\_ of \_\_\_



**STATE OF MAINE USDA RURAL DEVELOPMENT RUS  
AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT OF 2009 (ARRA)**

**CERTIFICATION OF ARRA “BUY AMERICAN” PROVISION**

**Instructions**

This certification must be completed and signed by the authorized representative of the Manufacturer, acknowledged by the authorized representative of the Contractor, and accompany the submittal.

Project Name: Route 4 Reconstruction & Utility Improvements

City/Town/Entity: Livernore Falls Water District, Livernore Falls Sewer Department, Jay Sewer Department, and Maine Department of Transportation

Manufacturer Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Manufacturer Address: \_\_\_\_\_

Name/Title of Manufacturer Certifying Representative: \_\_\_\_\_

I hereby certify on behalf of the above named Manufacturer,

(please check one of the following and provide documentation as necessary)

That the “Buy American” provisions of Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) have been met and that all submitted iron, steel, and manufactured goods used in the project named above have been manufactured in the United States.

OR

That the “Buy American” provisions of Section 1605 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (ARRA) were unable to be met. Not all of the submitted iron, steel, or other manufactured goods used in the project named above have been produced in the United States.

Attach all documentation including EPA approved waivers for all materials and goods that do not meet the Buy American requirements of ARRA.

Signature of Certifying Manufacturer Representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Acknowledged by Authorized Contractor Representative: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

SECTION 01400QUALITY CONTROLPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 REQUIREMENTS INCLUDED

- A. General Quality Control.
- B. Workmanship.
- C. Manufacturer's Instructions.
- D. Manufacturer's Certificates.
- E. Manufacturer's Field Services.
- F. Testing Laboratory Services.

1.2 RELATED REQUIREMENTS

- A. Section 01340 - Submittals: Submittal of Manufacturer's Instructions.
- B. Section 02200 - Earthwork.

1.3 QUALITY CONTROL

- A. Maintain quality control over suppliers, manufacturers, products, services, site conditions, and workmanship, to produce work of specified quality.

1.4 WORKMANSHIP

- A. Comply with industry standards except when more restrictive tolerances or specified requirements indicate more rigid standards or more precise workmanship.
- B. Perform work by persons qualified to produce workmanship of specified quality.
- C. Secure products in place with positive anchorage devices designed and sized to withstand stresses, vibration, and racking.

1.5 MANUFACTURERS' INSTRUCTIONS

- A. Comply with instructions in full detail, including each step in sequence. Should instructions conflict with Contract Documents, request clarification from Engineer before proceeding.

1.6 MANUFACTURERS' CERTIFICATES

- A. When required by individual Specifications Section, submit manufacturer's certificate that products meet or exceed specified requirements.

1.7 MANUFACTURERS' FIELD SERVICES

- A. When specified in respective Specification Sections, require supplier and/or manufacturer to provide qualified personnel to observe field conditions, conditions of surfaces and installation, quality of workmanship, start-up of equipment, test, adjust and balance of equipment as applicable, and to make appropriate recommendations.
- B. Representative shall submit written report to Engineer listing observations and recommendations.

1.8 TESTING LABORATORY SERVICES

- A. Owner will utilize the MDOT testing services firm and pay for services of an Independent Testing Laboratory to perform inspections, tests, and other services wherever an Independent Testing Laboratory is required by individual specification sections listed in paragraph 1.2 above, unless otherwise indicated.
- B. Services will be performed in accordance with requirements of governing authorities and with specified standards.
- C. Reports will present observations and test results and indicate compliance or non-compliance with specified standards and with Contract Documents. Independent Testing Laboratory will submit one copy of each report directly to each of the following: Engineer, Resident Project Representative, Contractor. Reports will be mailed within 5 days of obtaining test results. If test results indicate deficiencies, Independent Testing Laboratory shall telephone or FAX results to Engineer, Resident Project Representative and Contractor within 24 hours.
- D. Contractor shall cooperate with Independent Testing Laboratory personnel; furnish tools, samples of materials, design mix, equipment, storage and assistance as requested.
- E. Contractor shall coordinate all testing work and shall notify Engineer and Independent Testing Laboratory at least 24 hours prior to performing work requiring testing services. If scheduled tests or sampling cannot be performed because the work is not ready as scheduled, testing costs associated with the delay will be determined by Engineer and invoiced by Owner to Contractor. If unpaid after 60 days, the invoice amount will be deducted from the Contract Price. If adequate notice is not provided, Contractor shall suspend work on that portion of the Project until testing can be performed. Such suspension will not be grounds for a claim against the Owner for delay, nor will it be an acceptable basis for an extension of time.
- F. Payment for Independent Testing Laboratory services shall be as follows:
  - 1. General: Where testing is the Owner's responsibility, payment will be made as stated below unless other requirements are given in Specification Sections. Testing which is the responsibility of the Contractor will be considered an incidental item unless otherwise indicated in Section 01150, Measurement and Payment.
  - 2. Initial Testing: Owner will pay for initial tests.
  - 3. Retesting: Costs of retesting due to non-compliance will be paid by Owner. The cost of retesting will be determined by Engineer and Owner will invoice Contractor for this cost. If unpaid after 60 days, the invoice amount will be deducted from the Contract Price.
  - 4. Contractor's Convenience Testing: Inspections and tests performed for Contractor's convenience will be paid for by Contractor.
- G. Testing of sewer mains will be completed by the Livermore Falls and Jay Sewer Departments and consist of video inspections of the mains. The Contractor shall be notified of when the video inspections will be performed. Sewer mains to

remain in place will be inspected by CCTV by the Owner prior to and post construction. Any deficiencies noted by the video inspections shall be corrected by the Contractor at no additional costs to the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not Used

PART 3 - EXECUTION

Not Used

END OF SECTION

SECTION 01580PROJECT IDENTIFICATION AND SIGNSPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

## A. Work Included:

1. Provide and erect sign(s) at the project site to identify the project and to indicate the applicable Federal and State Government Agencies that are participating in the development of the project.
- B. Do not place, or allow the placement of, other advertising sign boards at the project site or along rights-of-way furnished for the project work.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIAL AND DESIGN

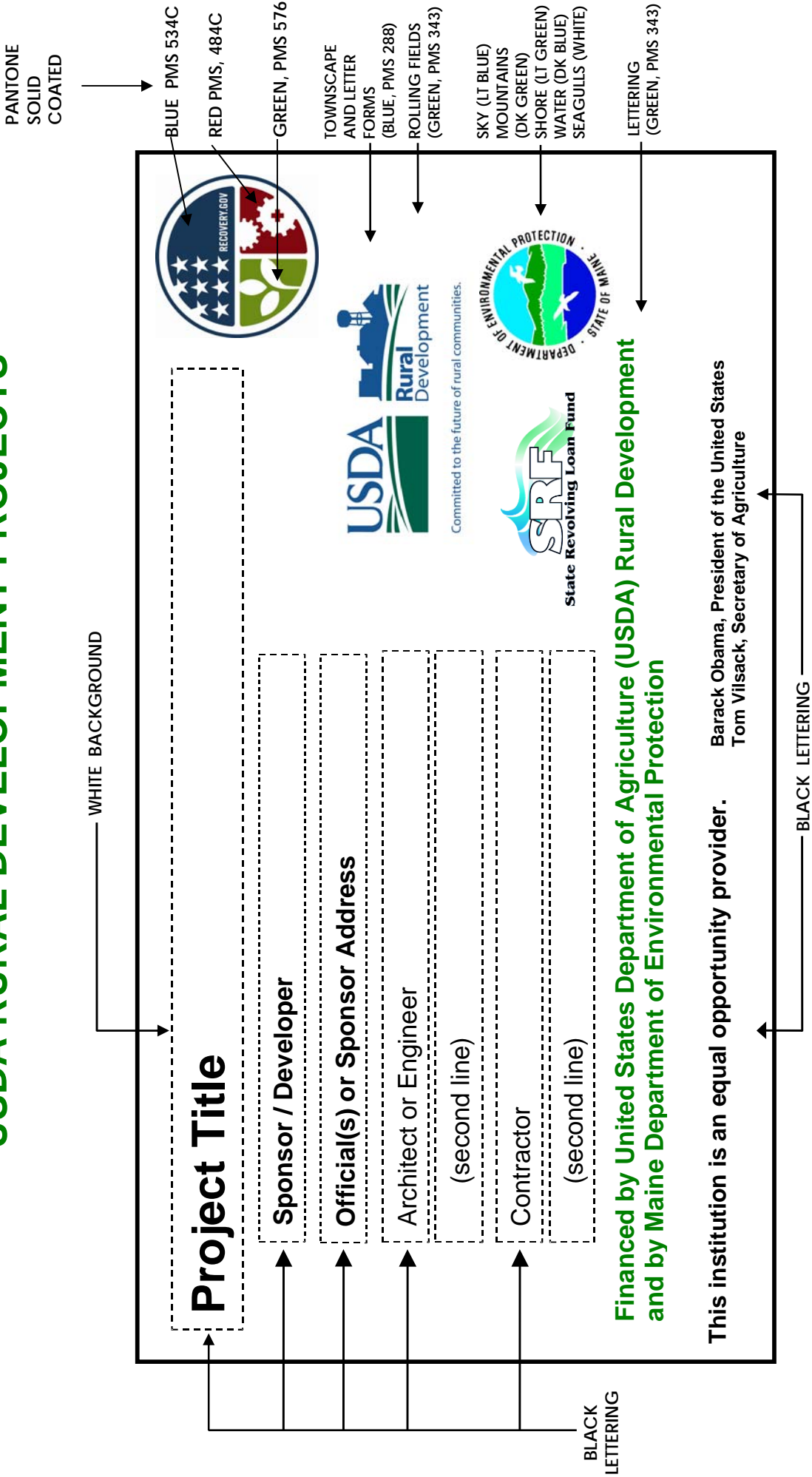
- A. Construct a sign of 3/4-inch exterior grade, high density overlaid plywood or other material, approved by the Engineer, suitable for signs.

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Erect the sign in a prominent location as approved by the Engineer.
- B. Construct the sign in accordance with the following sample Drawing.
- C. Remove the sign when the Work has been completed at no additional cost to the Owner.

END OF SECTION

# AMERICAN RECOVERY AND REINVESTMENT ACT TEMPORARY CONSTRUCTION SIGN FOR USDA RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROJECTS



**SIGN DIMENSIONS:** 1200 mm x 2400 mm x 19 mm (approx. 4' x 8' x 3/4")  
PLYWOOD PANEL (APA RATED A-B GRADE-EXTERIOR)



SECTION 01720PROJECT RECORD DOCUMENTSPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

## A. Work Included:

1. Keep accurate record documents for all additions, substitutions of material, variations in work, and any other additions or revisions to the Contract.

## B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

1. Shop Drawings, Project Data, and Samples are specified in "General Conditions" and Section 01340, Submittals.

1.2 MAINTENANCE OF DOCUMENTS

## A. Maintain at job site, one copy of:

1. Contract Drawings
2. Specifications
3. Addenda
4. Reviewed Shop Drawings
5. Change Orders
6. Any other modifications to the Contract
7. Field Test Reports

## B. Store documents in files and racks specifically identified for this use, that are apart from documents used for construction.

## C. File documents in a logical manner indexed for easy reference.

## D. Maintain documents in clean, dry, legible condition.

## E. Do not use record documents for construction purposes.

## F. Make documents available at all times for inspection by the Engineer and Owner, and by the end of the project, transmit these documents to the Engineer.

1.3 RECORDING

## A. Label each document "PROJECT RECORD" in large high printed letters.

## B. Keep record documents current and do not permanently conceal any work until required information has been recorded.

## C. General Field Recording Issues:

1. All ties should be taken from existing, permanent features such as corners of houses. Porches, sheds or other house additions should be avoided for they could be torn down. A minimum of two ties should be taken.
2. Stations should be recorded to the nearest inch.
3. Inverts should be recorded to the nearest hundredth of a foot.
4. Elevations should be recorded to the nearest hundredth of a foot.
5. Building dimensions should be recorded to the nearest 1/4".

- D. Project Record Drawings - Legibly mark Contract Drawings to record existing utilities and actual construction of all work, including but not limited to the following (where applicable):
1. Existing Utilities

Water mains and services, water main gate valves, sewer mains and services, storm drains, culverts, steam lines, gas lines, tanks and other existing utilities encountered during construction must be accurately located and shown on the Drawings. In congested areas supplemental drawings or enlargements may be required.

    - a. Show any existing utilities encountered in plan and profile and properly labeled showing size, material and type of utility. Ties should be shown on plan. Utility should be drawn to scale in section (horizontally and vertically) and an elevation should be called out to the nearest hundredth of a foot.
    - b. When existing utility lines are broken and repaired, ties should be taken to these locations.
    - c. If existing water lines are replaced or relocated, document the area involved and pipe materials, size, etc. in a note, and with ties.
  2. Manholes, Catch Basins, Valve Pits and other structures.
    - a. Renumber structure stationing to reflect changes.
    - b. Show ties to center of structure covers or hatches.
    - c. In general, show inverts at center of structures. However, for manholes with drop structures, or steep channels (greater than 0.2' change on slope), show inverts at face of manhole.
    - d. Show inverts for other structures at the face of the structure.
    - e. Draw any new structures that are added on plan and profile.
    - f. Show any field or office redesigns.
    - g. Redraw plan if the structure's location is moved more than 2 feet in any direction. [Note: It is important to show existing utilities, as outlined in Paragraph 1 above, especially if they were one reason for relocating the sewer, manholes and other structures.]
    - h. Redraw profile if inverts changed by more than 2 inches.
  3. Gravity Sewer Line
    - a. Change sewer line slopes indicated on Drawings if inverts are changed.
    - b. Draw any new gravity lines that are added on plan and profile.
    - c. Show any field or office redesigns.
    - d. Redraw the sewer line profile if manhole inverts are redrawn.
    - e. Redraw the sewer line on plan corresponding to relocated manholes.
  4. Water Mains and Force Mains
    - a. Show ties to the location of all valves, bends (horizontal and vertical), tees and other fittings. The use of thrust blocks should be recorded.
    - b. Revise elevations indicated on the Drawings to reflect actual construction.
  5. House Services
    - a. Draw all house services (even to empty lots) on plan, and show ties.
    - b. Show ties or distances to wyes from manhole.

- c. Show chimneys heights in the profile.
  - d. The Wright-Pierce "Sanitary Sewer Service Location" forms shall be used to record sewer service information. A copy of these forms should be provided to the Owner, along with the Record Drawing Set.
6. Ledge
- a. Ledge profiles should be shown. Note whether the plotted ledge profile reflects undisturbed or expanded conditions.
7. Yard Piping and Buried Electrical Conduit
- a. Site piping should be drawn to reflect the installed locations, with ties and elevation of all bends (horizontal and vertical).
  - b. Show routing for electrical conduits and pull boxes, especially in close proximity to buildings and when the conduits change direction or cross process piping.
8. Roads
- a. Show centerline road profile and level spot elevations.
  - b. Show pavement widths.
  - c. On road cross sections, show the pavement cross slope.
  - d. Show any deviations from the design plans.
- E. Specifications and Addenda - Legibly mark up each section to record:
- 1. Manufacturer, trade name, catalog number, and supplier of each product and item of equipment actually installed.
  - 2. Changes made by Change Order, Field Order, or other method.

#### 1.4 SUBMITTALS

- A. At the completion of the project, deliver record documents to the Engineer.
- B. Accompany submittal with transmittal letter, in duplicate, containing:
  - 1. Date, project title and number.
  - 2. Contractor's name and address.
  - 3. Title and number of each record document with certification that each document is completed and accurate.
  - 4. Signature of Contractor, or his authorized representative.
- C. Failure to supply all information on the Project Record Drawings as specified in Part 1.3 may result in additional retainage from monthly partial payment requests, and in non-approval of final payments of the Contract and/or if contract time has elapsed, this shall be grounds for the enactment of the liquidated damages as specified.

END OF SECTION

**SANITARY SEWER SERVICE LOCATION  
(For Record Drawings)**

Project: <u>Route 4 Utility Improvements</u>	Date: _____
Date Installed: _____	Town, City of <u>Jay</u>
Type, Size of Service Pipe _____	Street Address _____
Connection at Sewer Main _____	Tax Map/Lot No. _____
Depth, Connection to main _____	Occupant _____
Depth, @ Stub Connection _____	Owner _____
Length of Service Pipe Laid _____	House No. _____
Measured, Located By _____	Complete _____
Project Contractor _____	Incomplete _____
	_____



N.T.S.

Comments: (All measurements shall be taken in feet/inches and swing ties taken to bldg corners and sewer main connections only. Attach separate detailed sketch showing fittings, couplings etc, and photographs as required)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Observed By:

_____	_____
Contractor	(Date)
_____	_____
Wright-Pierce	(Date)

**SANITARY SEWER SERVICE LOCATION  
(For Record Drawings)**

Project: <u>Route 4 Utility Improvements</u>	Date: _____
Date Installed: _____	Town, City of <u>Livermore Falls</u>
Type, Size of Service Pipe _____	Street Address _____
Connection at Sewer Main _____	Tax Map/Lot No. _____
Depth, Connection to main _____	Occupant _____
Depth, @ Stub Connection _____	Owner _____
Length of Service Pipe Laid _____	House No. _____
Measured, Located By _____	Complete _____
Project Contractor _____	Incomplete _____
	_____



N.T.S.

Comments: (All measurements shall be taken in feet/inches and swing ties taken to bldg corners and sewer main connections only. Attach separate detailed sketch showing fittings, couplings etc, and photographs as required)

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

Observed By:

_____	_____
Contractor	(Date)
_____	_____
Wright-Pierce	(Date)

SECTION 02156SHEETINGPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish, install and maintain sheeting and bracing (or other methods of excavation support and underpinning which the Contractor elects to use) as required to comply with all applicable State and Federal regulations including the Occupational Safety and Health Act.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere (When Applicable): Earthwork and dewatering are specified in the appropriate Sections in this Division.

1.2 DESIGN REQUIREMENTS

- A. The Contractor shall be responsible for the design and construction of the excavation support structures. The excavation support structures (sheeting systems or other special excavation techniques) shall be properly designed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State in which the project is located, who practices in a discipline applicable to excavation work and shall have experience in the design of excavation support systems.
- B. The excavation support system shall be designed and installed to limit the upward hydraulic gradient into the bottom of the excavation and to sustain all existing and expected loads and utilities, to prevent all movement to earth which could in any way cause injury to workmen, delay the work or endanger adjacent structures. If detrimental effects result from construction activities, the Contractor shall modify the design, revise construction procedures and/or take measures to mitigate and abate further movement at no cost to the Owner.
- C. The internal lateral bracing shall be located so that the braces shall not pass through walls and/or slabs.
- D. Prior to the installation of any portion of the temporary lateral support system, the Contractor shall furnish to the Owner precondition surveys documenting the existing conditions of the adjacent structures.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Submit attached certificate of design and complete layout drawings of the proposed excavation system, stamped and sealed by a Professional Engineer registered in the State in which the project is located. The Contractor shall have sole responsibility for design and construction of the excavation support system as necessary to prevent damage to adjacent structures, utilities, streets adjacent to excavations and for safety of persons working within the excavated areas.

## PART 2 - PRODUCTS

### 2.1 MATERIAL

- A. All materials shall conform to all applicable State and Federal regulations including the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 GENERAL REQUIREMENTS

- A. Perform preparatory work to discover, protect, maintain and restore utilities, foundations or other facilities located in close proximity of the proposed excavation lateral support system.
- B. Conduct pre-excavation to remove obstructions along the alignment of the excavation lateral support system which will interfere with installation of the excavation lateral support system.
- C. Install the excavation support system, including the installed wall and bracing system, outside the limits of the permanent structure. Construction tolerances (e.g., wall verticality) and lateral wall deflections as a result of excavation and other activities shall be considered in determining the plan location.
- D. Excavation shall not produce more than 2 ft. below the bracing level, anywhere within the excavation support limits, until the entire level of bracing is completely installed.
- E. The first level of bracing shall be installed within 5 ft. of the ground surface prior to any excavation below this level.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

- A. Install sheeting in accordance with all applicable State and Federal regulations including the Occupational Safety and Health Act.

### 3.3 REMOVAL OF SHEETING

- A. Remove all sheeting and bracing unless the removal may cause injury to adjacent structures and/or property.
- B. Proceed with backfilling as specified in these Specifications. When the level of compacted backfill reaches the location of bracing and wales, remove these items from the trench or other excavation. When the level of the backfill reaches a point three feet below the existing ground grade, remove the sheeting by approved methods and equipment.
- C. After removing the sheeting, complete backfilling in the usual manner.
- D. If the Contractor elects to leave the sheeting or any component of the temporary support system in place, the Contractor shall cut the sheeting or such component at least 4 feet below the ground surface, or as directed by the Engineer.

### 3.4 INTERNAL LATERAL WALL BRACING (RAKERS, WALES AND STRUTS)

- A. Rakers are only allowed for the temporary lateral brace that is installed within 5 ft. of the ground surface.

- B. Use wales, struts, corner braces to provide support of the excavation lateral support walls as required. Include web stiffeners, plates, brackets, or angles as required to prevent rotation, crippling or buckling of connections and points of bearing between structural steel members. Allow for eccentricities due to fabrication and assembly. Consider effects of temperature changes.
- C. Install and maintain all support members in continuous tight contact with each other and with the wall being supported.
- D. Preload all bracing members (including rakers, corner braces, and struts) in accordance with methods, procedures and sequence as described on the reviewed shop drawings. Coordinate excavation work with installation of bracing and preloading. Use steel shims and steel wedges, welded or bolted in place, to maintain the preloading force in the bracing after release of the jacking equipment pressure. Wood shims or wedges shall not be used. Braces shall be preloaded to 50 percent of the maximum design load. Provide means to control the fluctuation of loading due to temperature variations.
- E. Accomplish preloading by jacking struts, rakers, etc. in place against the excavation lateral support system walls, or by other methods acceptable to the Owner or Owner's Representative.



CERTIFICATE OF DESIGN

RE: Contract between  
OWNER: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)  
and  
CONTRACTOR: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)  
on  
CONTRACT: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Title)  
\_\_\_\_\_  
(Number) (Date)

The undersigned hereby certify that the engineer listed below:

1. Is licensed or registered to perform professional engineering work in the state of \_\_\_\_\_;  
(Location of Project)
2. Is qualified by education and training to design the \_\_\_\_\_  
specified in Section \_\_\_\_\_ of subject contract;
3. Has previously designed comparable excavation support systems;
4. Has prepared the design in full compliance with the requirements of subject contract, including all applicable laws, regulations, rules, and codes; and
5. Will inspect and supervise installation of the excavation support system and will monitor the in-place system to confirm that the system is installed and functions in accordance with the design.

CONTRACTOR

ENGINEER

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

By: \_\_\_\_\_  
(Signature)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Name)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Title)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Engineering Discipline)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Date)

\_\_\_\_\_  
(Date)

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02200EARTHWORKPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. The Work described by this Section consists of all earthwork encountered and necessary for construction of the project as indicated in the Contract Documents, and includes but is not limited to the following:
1. Excavation
  2. Backfilling and Filling
  3. Compaction
  4. Embankment Construction
  5. Grading
  6. Providing soil material as necessary
  7. Disposal of excess suitable material and unsuitable materials
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere: (When Applicable)
1. The use of explosives is specified under the MDOT Standard Specifications.
  2. Traffic Regulation is specified under the MDOT Standard Specifications.
  3. Clearing and Grubbing, Dewatering, Filter Fabric, Temporary Erosion Control, Stripping and Stockpiling of Topsoil, Sheeting, Landscaping, and Paving are specified in the appropriate sections of this Division.
  4. Section 01400 - Quality Control.
  5. Pipe, fittings and valves are specified in Division 2.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Requirements of Regulatory Agencies:
1. All work shall be performed and completed in accordance with all local, state and federal regulations.
  2. The General Contractor shall secure all other necessary permits unless otherwise indicated from, and furnish proof of acceptance by, the municipal and state departments having jurisdiction and shall pay for all such permits, except as specifically stated elsewhere in the Contract Documents.
- B. Line and Grade:
1. The Contractor shall establish the lines and grades in conformity with the Drawings and maintain same to properly perform the work.
- C. Testing Methods:
1. Gradation Analysis: Where a gradation is specified the testing shall be in accordance with ASTM C-117-90 and ASTM C-136-93 (or latest revision).
  2. Compaction Control:
    - a) Unless otherwise indicated, wherever a percentage of compaction for backfill is indicated or specified, it shall be the in-place density divided by the maximum density and multiplied by 100. The maximum density shall be the density at optimum moisture as determined by ASTM Standard Methods of Test for Moisture-Density Relations of Soil Using

10-lb. Hammer and 18-in. Drop, Designation D-1557-91 (Modified Proctor), or latest revision, unless otherwise indicated.

- b) The in-place density shall be determined in accordance with ASTM Standard Method of Test for Density of Soil in Place by the Sand Cone method, Designation D 1556-90, (or latest revision) or Nuclear method Designation D2922.
- c) Wherever specifically indicated, maximum density at optimum moisture may be determined by ASTM Standard Methods of Test for Moisture Density Relations of Soils, ASTM D-698-91 (Standard Proctor).
- d) An Independent Testing Laboratory will be retained by the Owner to conduct all laboratory and field soil sampling and testing, and to observe earth work and foundation construction activities. Laboratory testing will consist of sieve analyses, natural water content determinations, and compaction tests. Field testing will consist of in-place field density tests and determination of water contents.

### 1.3 SUBMITTALS

- A. Collection of samples and testing of all materials for submittals shall be performed by the Independent Testing Laboratory and paid for by the Contractor until the materials are approved by the Owner or Engineer.
- B. Submit test results in accordance with the procedure specified in the General and Supplementary Conditions.
- C. Submit test results (including gradation analysis) and source location for all borrow material to be used at least 10 working days prior to its use on the site. Contractor shall identify and provide access to borrow sites.
- D. Submit moisture density curve for each type of soil (on site or borrow material) to be used for embankment construction or fill beneath structures or pavement.

### 1.4 TESTS

The Independent Testing Laboratory shall conform to the following procedures and standards:

- A. Submit test results in accordance with the procedure specified in the General and Supplementary Conditions.
- B. All testing shall be performed by a qualified Independent Testing Laboratory acceptable to the Engineer and Contractor at the Owner's expense unless otherwise indicated (see Section 01400 - Quality Control).
- C. Field density tests on embankment materials shall be as follows:
  - 1. Tests shall be taken on every 200 cubic yards of embankment material.
- D. Trenches: Field density test in trenches shall be taken at 75 linear foot intervals on every third lift.
- E. In addition to the above tests the Independent Testing Laboratory will perform additional density tests at locations and times requested by the Engineer.
- F. Additional density testing will be required by the Engineer if the Engineer is not satisfied with the apparent results of the Contractor's compaction operation.

1. If the test results fail to meet the requirements of these specifications, the Contractor shall undertake whatever action is necessary, at no additional cost to the Owner, to obtain the required compaction. The cost of retesting will be paid by Owner. The cost of retesting will be determined by Engineer and Owner will invoice Contractor for this cost. If unpaid after 60 days, the invoice amount for retesting will be deducted from the Contract Price. No allowance will be considered for delays in the performance of the work.
2. If the test results pass and meet the requirements of these Specifications, the cost of the testing service will be borne by the Owner, but no allowance will be considered for delays in the performance of the work.

1.5 JOB CONDITIONS

A. Site Information:

1. Data on indicated subsurface conditions are not intended as representations or warranties of accuracy or continuity between soil borings. It is expressly understood that Owner and Engineer will not be responsible for interpretations or conclusions drawn therefrom by the Contractor. Data are made available for the convenience of Contractor.
2. Additional test borings and other exploratory operations may be made by Contractor at no additional cost to Owner.

B. Existing Utilities and Structures:

1. The locations of utilities and structures shown on the Drawings are approximate as determined from physical evidence on or above the surface of the ground and from information supplied by the utilities. The Engineer in no way warranties that these locations are correct. It shall be the responsibility of the Contractor to determine the actual locations of any utilities or structures within the project area.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 SOIL MATERIAL

- A. Aggregate Base: Shall be screened or crushed gravel of hard durable particles free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. Type B Aggregate (MDOT 703.06) for base shall not contain particles of rock that will not pass the 4 inch square mesh sieve. The gradation of the part that passes a 3-inch sieve shall meet the following grading requirements:

<u>Sieve</u> <u>Designation</u>	<u>Percent by Weight</u> <u>Passing Square Mesh Sieves</u>
	<u>Type B</u> <u>Aggregate</u>
1/2 inch	35-75
1/4 inch	25-60
No. 40	0-25
No. 200	0-5

- B. Aggregate Leveling Course and Untreated Surface Course: Shall be screened or crushed gravel consisting of hard durable particles which are free from vegetable matter, lumps or balls of clay and other deleterious substances. The gradation of the material shall meet the grading requirements of MDOT Section 703.10 and the following table:

<u>Sieve Designation</u>	<u>Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves</u>
1 inch	95-100
3/4 inch	90-100
No. 4	40-65
No. 10	10-45
No. 200	0-7

- C. Common Borrow: Shall consist of approved material (MDOT Section 703.18) required for the construction of the work where designated. Common borrow shall be free from frozen material, perishable rubbish, peat, organic, and other unsuitable material.

<u>Sieve Designation</u>	<u>Percentage by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieves</u>
6-inch	100
No. 200	0-5

Common borrow may be used for embankments unless otherwise indicated and provided that the material is at a moisture content suitable for compaction to the specified density. No rocks shall exceed 3/4 of the depth of the specified lift thickness.

D. Crushed Stone: Shall be a uniform material consisting of clean, hard, and durable particles or fragments, free from vegetable or other objectionable matter, containing angular pieces, as are those which come from a mechanical crusher. Gradation requirements shall be as follows:

<u>Sieve Designation</u>	<u>Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve</u>
1-1/2 inch	100
1 inch	95-100
1/2 inch	25-60
No. 4	0-10

E. Screened Stone: Shall be a well graded stone consisting of clean, hard, and durable particles or fragments, free from vegetable or other objectionable matter, meeting the following gradation requirements in accordance with MDOT Section 703.22 for Underdrain Type C material:

<u>Sieve Designation</u>	<u>Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve</u>
1 inch	100
3/4 inch	90-100
3/8 inch	20-55
No. 4	0-10
No. 8	0-5

F. Select Fill: Shall consist of well graded granular material (similar to MDOT Section 703.06.b, Type D) free of organic material, loam, wood, trash, snow, ice, frozen soil and other objectionable material and having no rocks with a maximum dimension of over 4 inches and meeting the following gradation requirements, except where it is used for pipe bedding in which case the maximum size shall be 2 inches.

<u>Sieve Designation</u>	<u>Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve</u>
4 inch	100
3 inch	90-100
1/2 inch	25-90
No. 40	0-30
No. 200	0-5

G. Sand: Shall be well graded durable material free of organic matter and conform to MDOT Section 703.05 and the following gradation requirements:

<u>Sieve Designation</u>	<u>Percent by Weight Passing Square Mesh Sieve</u>
3/8 inch	100
No. 4	95-100
No. 16	50-85
No. 50	10-30
No.100	2-10
No.200	0-5

Sand conforming to the requirement for fine aggregate in ASTM Standard Specifications for Concrete Aggregate, Designation C-33, will meet the above requirement.

2.2 CONCRETE

A. If concrete is required for excess excavation, provide 2,900 psi concrete complying with requirements of the MDOT Section 502.05 - Fill Class Concrete.

2.3 FILTER FABRIC

A. If filter fabric is required, refer to Section 02260.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSPECTION

A. Examine the areas and conditions under which excavating, backfilling, filling, compaction and grading are to be performed and notify the Engineer in writing of conditions detrimental to the proper and timely completion of the work. Do not proceed with the work until unsatisfactory conditions have been corrected.

3.2 EXCAVATION

A. General:

1. Excavation consists of removal and disposal of all material encountered when establishing line and grade elevations required for execution of the work.
2. The Contractor shall make excavations in such manner and to such widths as will give suitable room for building the structures or laying and jointing the piping; shall furnish and place all sheeting, bracing, and supports; shall do all cofferdamming, pumping, and draining; and shall render the bottom of the excavations firm, dry and acceptable in all respects.
3. All excavation shall be classified as either earth or ledge.
  - a) Earth Excavation shall consist of the removal, hauling and disposal of all earth materials encountered during excavation including but not limited to native soil or fill, pavement (bituminous or concrete), existing sewers and manholes, ashes, loam, clay, swamp muck, debris, soft or disintegrated rock or hard pan which can be removed with a backhoe, or a combination of such materials, and boulders measuring less than one cubic yard.

- b) Ledge Excavation: Shall consist of the removal, hauling, and disposal of all ledge or rock encountered during excavation. "Ledge" and "rock" shall be defined as any natural compound, natural mixture that in the opinion of the Engineer can be removed from its existing position and state only by drilling and blasting, wedging, sledging, boring or breaking up with power operated tools. No boulder, ledge, slab, or other single piece of excavated material less than two cubic yards in total volume shall be considered to be rock unless, in the opinion of the Engineer it must be removed from its existing position by one of the methods mentioned above.
- 4. The Contractor shall not have any right of property in any materials taken from any excavation. Do not remove any such materials from the construction site without the approval of the Engineer. This provision shall in no way relieve the Contractor of his obligations to remove and dispose of any material determined by the Engineer to be unsuitable for backfilling. The Contractor shall dispose of unsuitable and excess material in accordance with the applicable sections of the Contract Documents.
- B. Additional Excavation: When excavation has reached required subgrade elevations, notify the Engineer and Resident Project Representative who will observe the conditions.
  - 1. If material unsuitable for the structure or paved area or pipeline (in the opinion of the Engineer) is found at or below the grade to which excavation would normally be carried in accordance with the Drawings and/or Specifications, the Contractor shall remove such material to the required width and depth and replace it with thoroughly compacted select fill, screened stone, crushed stone, or concrete as directed by the Engineer.
  - 2. All excavated materials designated by the Engineer as unsuitable shall become the property of the Contractor and disposed of at locations in accordance with all State and local laws and the provisions of the Contract Documents.
- C. Unauthorized Excavation: Shall consist of removal of materials beyond indicated subgrade elevations or dimensions without specific authorization of Engineer. Unauthorized excavation, as well as remedial work required by the Engineer shall be at the Contractor's expense. Remedial work required is as follows:
  - 1. Under footings, foundation bases, or retaining walls, fill unauthorized excavation with select fill or screened stone compacted to 95%. Provide 12" minimum select fill or screened stone directly under footings. Concrete fill may be used to bring elevations to proper position, when acceptable to Engineer.
  - 2. If the bottom of a trench is excavated beyond the limits indicated, backfill the resulting void with thoroughly compacted screened stone, unless otherwise indicated.
  - 3. Elsewhere, backfill and compact unauthorized excavations as specified for authorized excavations of same classification, unless otherwise directed by Engineer.
- D. Structural Excavation:



1. Shall consist of the removal, hauling, disposal, of all material encountered in the excavation to permit proper installation of structures.
  2. Excavations for structures shall be carried to the lines and subgrades shown on the Drawings.
  3. Excavate areas large enough to provide suitable room for building the structures.
  4. The extent of open excavation shall be controlled by prevailing conditions subject to any limits designated by the Engineer.
  5. Provide, install, and maintain sheeting and bracing as necessary to support the sides of the excavation and to prevent any movement of earth which could diminish the width of the excavation or otherwise injure the work, adjacent structures, or persons and property in accordance with all state and OSHA safety standards.
  6. Erect suitable fences around structure excavation and other dangerous locations created by the work, at no additional cost to the Owner.
  7. Exposed subgrade surfaces shall remain undisturbed, protected, and maintained as uniform, plane areas and shape to receive the foundation components of the structure.
    - a. Conform to elevations and dimensions shown within a tolerance of plus or minus 0.10', and extending a sufficient distance from footings and foundations to permit placing and removal of concrete formwork, installation of services, other construction, and for inspection.
    - b. In excavating for footings and foundations, take care not to disturb bottom of excavation. Excavate by hand to final grade and trim bottoms to required lines and grades to leave solid base to receive the structure.
    - c. If a structure is to be constructed within the embankment, the fill shall first be brought to a minimum of 3 feet above the base of the footing. A suitable excavation shall then be made as though the fill were undisturbed earth.
- E. Trench Excavation: Shall consist of removal, hauling and disposal of all material encountered in the excavation to the widths and depths shown on the Drawings to permit proper installation of underground utilities.
1. Excavate trenches to the uniform width shown on the Drawings sufficiently wide to provide sufficient space for installation, backfilling, and compaction. Every effort should be made to keep the sides of the trenches firm and undisturbed until backfilling has been completed and consolidated.
  2. Trenches shall be excavated with approximately vertical sides between the elevation of the center of the pipe and an elevation one foot above the top of the pipe.
  3. Grade bottoms of trenches as indicated for pipe and bedding to establish the indicated slopes and invert elevations, notching under pipe joints to provide solid bearing for the entire body of the pipe, where applicable.
  4. If pipe is to be laid in embankments or other recently filled material, the material shall first be placed to the top of the fill or to a height of at least two feet above the top of the pipe, whichever is the lesser. Particular care shall be

taken to ensure maximum consolidation of material under the pipe location. The pipe trench shall be excavated as though in undisturbed material.

5. Unless otherwise specifically directed or permitted by the Engineer, begin excavation at the low end of sewer and storm lines and proceed upgrade.
  6. Perform excavation for force mains and water mains in a logical sequence.
  7. The extent of open excavation shall be controlled by prevailing conditions subject to any limits prescribed by the Engineer.
  8. As the excavation progresses, install such shoring and bracing necessary to prevent caving and sliding and to meet the requirements of the state and OSHA safety standards, as outlined in the appropriate section of this Specification.
- F. Protection of Persons, Property and Utilities:
1. Barricade open excavations occurring as part of this work and post with warning lights in compliance with local and State regulations.
  2. Protect structures, utilities, sidewalks, pavements, and other facilities from damage caused by settlement, lateral movement, undermining, washout and other hazards created by earthwork operations. Exercise extreme caution and utilize sheeting, bracing, and whatever other precautionary measures that may be required.
  3. Rules and regulations governing the respective utilities shall be observed in execution of all work. Active utilities and structures shall be adequately protected from damage, and removed or relocated only as indicated or specified. Inactive and abandoned utilities encountered in excavation and grading operations shall be removed, plugged or capped only with written authorization of the utility owner. Report in writing to the Engineer, the locations of such abandoned utilities. Extreme care shall be taken when performing work in the vicinity of existing utility lines, utilizing hand excavation in such areas, as far as practicable.
  4. Repair, or have repaired, all damage to existing utilities, structures, lawns, other public and private property which results from construction operations, at no additional expense to the Owner, to the complete satisfaction of the Engineer, the utility, the property owner, and the Owner.
- G. Use of Explosives:
1. Do not bring explosives onto site or use in work without prior written permission from authorities having jurisdiction. Contractor is solely responsible for handling, storage, and use of explosive materials when their use is permitted.
  2. All blasting shall be performed in accordance with all pertinent provisions of the "Manual of Accident Prevention in Construction" of the Associated General Contractors of America, Inc.
- H. Stability of Excavations:
1. Slope sides of excavations to comply with all codes and ordinances having jurisdiction. Shore and brace where sloping is not possible because of space restrictions or stability of material excavated.
  2. Maintain sides and slopes of excavations in a safe condition until completion of backfilling.

- I. Shoring and Bracing:
  - 1. Provide materials for shoring and bracing, such as sheet piling, uprights, stringers and cross-braces, in good serviceable condition.
  - 2. Provide trench shoring and bracing to comply with local codes and authorities having jurisdiction. Refer to Specification Section 02156.
  - 3. Maintain shoring and bracing in excavations regardless of time period excavations will be open. Install shoring and bracing as excavation progresses.
- J. Material Storage:
  - 1. Stockpile excavated materials which are satisfactory for use on the work until required for backfill or fill. Place, grade and shape stockpiles for proper drainage and protect with temporary seeding or other acceptable methods to control erosion.
  - 2. Locate and retain soil materials away from edge of excavations.
  - 3. Dispose of excess soil material and waste materials as herein specified.
- K. Dewatering:
  - 1. To ensure proper conditions at all times during construction, the Contractor shall provide and maintain ample means and devices (including spare units kept ready for immediate use in case of breakdowns) with which to intercept and/or remove promptly and dispose properly of all water entering trenches and other excavations (including surface and subsurface waters).
  - 2. Excavations shall be kept dry until the structures, pipes, and appurtenances to be built therein have been completed to such extent that they will not be floated or otherwise damaged. Refer to the MDOT Standard Specifications.
- L. Cold Weather Protection:
  - 1. Protect excavation bottoms against freezing when atmospheric temperature is less than 35°F.
  - 2. No frozen material shall be used as backfill or fill and no backfill shall be placed on frozen material.
- M. Separation of Surface Material:
  - 1. The Contractor shall remove only as much of any existing pavement as is necessary for the prosecution of the work.
  - 2. Prior to excavation, existing pavement shall be cut where in the opinion of the Engineer it is necessary to prevent damage to the remaining road surface.
  - 3. Where pavement is removed in large pieces, it shall be disposed of before proceeding with the excavation.
  - 4. From areas within which excavations are to be made, loam and topsoil shall be carefully removed and separately stored to be used again as directed; or, if the Contractor prefers not to separate surface materials, he shall furnish, as directed, loam and topsoil at least equal in quantity and quality to that excavated.
- N. Dust Control:
  - 1. During the progress of the work, the Contractor shall conduct his operations and maintain the area of his activities, including sweeping and sprinkling of streets as necessary, so as to minimize the creation and dispersion of dust. Refer to MDOT Standard Specifications.

2. If the Engineer decides that it is necessary to use calcium chloride for more effective dust control, the contractor shall furnish and spread the material, as directed.

### 3.3 BACKFILL AND FILL

#### A. General:

1. Backfilling shall consist of replacing material removed to permit installation of structures or utilities, as indicated in the Contract Documents.
2. Filling shall consist of placing material in areas to bring them up to grades indicated on the Drawings.
3. The Contractor shall provide and place all necessary backfill and fill material, in layers to the required grade elevations.
4. Backfill excavations as promptly as work permits, but not until completion of the following:
  - a. Acceptance by Engineer of construction below finish grade including, where applicable, dampproofing, waterproofing, and perimeter insulation.
  - b. Inspection, approval, and recording locations of underground utilities.
  - c. Removal of concrete formwork.
  - d. Removal of shoring and bracing, and backfilling of voids with satisfactory materials. Temporary sheet piling driven below bottom of structures shall be removed in manner to prevent settlement of the structure or utilities, or cut off and left in place if required.
  - e. Removal of trash and debris.
  - f. Permanent or temporary horizontal bracing is in place on horizontally supported walls.
  - g. Density testing having results meeting requirements specified herein.
5. In general, and unless otherwise indicated, material used for backfill of trenches and excavations around structures shall be suitable excavated material which was removed in the course of making the construction excavation. Unless otherwise specified or allowed by the Engineer the backfill and fill shall be placed in layers not to exceed 8 inches in thickness.
6. All fill and backfill under structures and pavement, and adjacent to structures, shall be compacted crushed stone or select fill as specified or as indicated on the Drawings. The fill and backfill materials shall be placed in layers not exceeding 8 inches in thickness.
7. All structures (including manholes) shall be placed on a 6-inch mat of screened stone unless otherwise indicated. Filter fabric shall be furnished and installed on the prepared subgrade in wet areas as directed by the Engineer.
8. Suitable excavated material shall meet the following requirements:
  - a. Free from large clods, silt lumps or balls of clay.
  - b. Free from stones and rock fragments with larger than 6 inch max. dimension.
  - c. Free from organics, peat, etc.
  - d. Free from frozen material.

9. If sufficient suitable excavated material is not available from the excavations, and where indicated on the Drawings, the backfill material shall be select fill or common borrow, unless otherwise indicated, as required and as directed by the Engineer.
  10. Do not backfill with, or on, frozen materials.
  11. Remove, or otherwise treat as necessary, previously placed material that has frozen prior to placing backfill.
  12. Do not mechanically or hand compact material that is, in the opinion of the Engineer, too wet.
  13. Do not continue backfilling until the previously placed and new materials have dried sufficiently to permit proper compaction.
  14. The nature of the backfill materials will govern the methods best suited for their placement and compaction. Compaction methods and required percent compaction is covered in Compaction section.
  15. Before compaction, moisten or aerate each layer as necessary to provide a water content necessary to meet the required percentage of maximum dry density for each area classification specified.
  16. Do not allow large masses of backfill material to be dropped into the excavation in such a manner that may damage pipes and structures.
  17. Place material in a manner that will prevent stones and lumps from becoming nested.
  18. Completely fill all voids between stones with fine material.
  19. Do not place backfill on or against new concrete until it has attained sufficient strength to support loads without distortion, cracking, and other damage.
  20. Deposit backfill and fill material evenly on all sides of structures to avoid unequal soil pressures.
  21. Keep stones or rock fragments with a dimension greater than two inches at least one foot away from the pipe or structure during backfilling.
  22. Leave sheeting in place when damage is likely to result from its withdrawal.
  23. Completely fill voids left by the removal of sheeting with screened stone which is compacted thoroughly.
- B. Pipe Bedding, Initial Backfill and Trench Backfill
1. Place bedding and backfill in layers of uniform thickness specified herein, and as shown on the Drawings.
  2. Thoroughly compact each layer by means of a suitable vibrator or mechanical tamper.
  3. Install pipe bedding and initial backfill in layers of uniform thickness not greater than eight (8) inches.
  4. Deposit the remainder of the backfill in uniform layers not greater than eight inches.
  5. Provide underground sewer marking tape for the full length of sewer trenches as shown on the Drawings. Marking tape shall be SETON #210 SEW or equivalent.
  6. Where soft silt and clay soils are encountered the trench shall be excavated six inches below the normal bedding and backfilled with 6-inches of compacted sand.

7. Backfill trenches with concrete where trench excavations pass within 18 inches of column or wall footings and which are carried below the bottom of such footings, or which pass under wall footings. Place concrete to the level of the bottom of adjacent footings.
8. The following schedule gives the bedding requirements for various types of pipe. Distances refer to vertical thickness below the pipe.

#### BEDDING REQUIREMENTS

DI or Concrete Pipe      6 inches min. screened stone or select fill.

PVC or PE Pipe      6 inches min. screened stone for PE pipe and sand  
for PVC pipe.

9. The following schedule gives the initial backfill requirements for various types of pipes.

#### INITIAL BACKFILL REQUIREMENTS

DI or Concrete,  
Pipe      Screened stone or select fill 6 inches min.  
over top of pipe.

PVC or PE  
Pipe      6 inches min. screened stone for PE pipe and sand  
for PVC pipe over the top of the pipe.

10. Special bedding and backfill requirements shown on the Drawings supersede requirements of this section.
- C. Improper Backfill:
1. When excavation and trenches have been improperly backfilled, and when settlement occurs, reopen the excavation to the depth required, as directed by the Engineer.
  2. Refill and compact the excavation or trench with suitable material and restore the surface to the required grade and condition.
  3. Excavation, backfilling, and compacting work performed to correct improper backfilling shall be performed at no additional cost to the Owner.
- D. Ground Surface Preparation:
1. Remove vegetation, debris, unsatisfactory soil materials, obstructions, and deleterious materials from ground surface prior to placement of fills. Plow, strip, scarify or break-up sloped surface steeper than 1 vertical to 4 horizontal.
  2. When existing ground surface has a density less than that specified under "compaction" for the particular area classification, break up the ground surface, pulverize, moisture-condition to the optimum moisture content, and compact to required depth and percentage of maximum density.

### 3.4 COMPACTION:

- A. General:
  - 1. Control soil compaction during construction to provide not less than the minimum percentage of density specified for each area classification.
- B. Percentage of Maximum Density Requirements:
  - 1. Compact soil to not less than the following percentages of maximum dry density determined in accordance with ASTM D1557 as indicated.
    - a. Structures: Compact each layer of backfill or fill material below or adjacent to structures to at least 95% of maximum dry density (ASTM D1557).
    - b. Off Traveled Way Areas: Compact each layer of backfill or fill material to at least 90% of maximum dry density (ASTM D1557).
    - c. Walkways: Compact each layer of backfill or fill material to at least 93% of maximum dry density (ASTM D1557).
    - d. Roadways, Drives and Paved Areas: Compact each layer of fill, subbase material, and base material to at least 95% of maximum dry density (ASTM D1557).
    - e. Pipes: Compact bedding material and each layer of backfill to at least 90% maximum dry density (ASTM D1557). Where backfilling with excavated material, compact to native field density.
- C. Moisture Control:
  - 1. Where subgrade or a layer of soil material must be moisture conditioned before compaction, uniformly apply water to surface of subgrade, or layer of soil material, in quantities controlled to prevent free water appearing on surface during or subsequent to compaction operations.
  - 2. Remove and replace, or scarify and air dry, soil material that is too wet to permit compaction to specified density.
  - 3. Soil material that has been removed because it is too wet to permit compaction may be stockpiled or spread and allowed to dry. Assist drying by discing, harrowing or pulverizing until moisture content is reduced to a satisfactory level.
- D. Embankment Compaction:
  - 1. After each embankment layer has been spread to the required maximum 8-inch thickness and its moisture content has been adjusted as necessary, it shall be rolled with a sufficient number of passes to obtain the required compaction. One pass is defined as the required number of successive trips which by means of sufficient overlap will insure complete coverage and uniform compaction of an entire lift. Additional passes shall not be made until the previous pass has been completed.
  - 2. When any section of an embankment sinks or weaves excessively under the roller or under hauling units and other equipment, it will be evident that the required degree of compaction is not being obtained and that a reduction in the moisture content is required. If at any place or time such sinking and weaving produces surface cracks which, in the judgment of the Engineer are of such character, amount, or extent to indicate an unfavorable condition, he will recommend operations on that part of the embankment to be suspended until such time as it shall have become sufficiently stabilized. The ideal

condition of the embankment is that attained when the entire embankment below the surface being rolled is so firm and hard as to show only the slightest weaving and deflection as the roller passes.

3. If the moisture content is insufficient to obtain the required compaction, the rolling shall not proceed except with the written approval of the Engineer, and in that event, additional rolling shall be done to obtain the required compaction. If the moisture content is greater than the limit specified, the material of such water content may be removed and stockpiled for later use or the rolling shall be delayed until such time as the material has dried sufficiently so that the moisture content is within the specified limits. No adjustment in price will be made on account of any operation of the Contractor in removing and stockpiling, or in drying the materials or on account of delays occasioned thereby.
  4. If because of insufficient overlap, too much or too little water, or other cause attributable to defective work, the compaction obtained over any area is less than that required, the condition shall be remedied, and if additional rollings are ordered, they will be done at no cost to the Owner. If the material itself is unsatisfactory or if additional rolling or other means fails to produce satisfactory results, the area in question shall be removed down to material of satisfactory density and the removal, replacement, and re-rolling shall be done by the Contractor, without additional compensation.
  5. Material compaction by hand-operated equipment or power-driven tampers shall be spread in layers not more than 6 inches thick. The degree of compaction obtained by these tamping operations shall be equal in every respect to that secured by the rolling operation.
- E. Compaction Methods: The Contractor may select any method of compaction that is suitable to compact the material to the required density.
1. General: Whatever method of compacting backfill is used, care shall be taken that stones and lumps shall not become nested and that all voids between stones shall be completely filled with fine material. All voids left by the removal of sheeting shall be completely backfilled with suitable materials and thoroughly compacted.
  2. Tamping or Rolling: If the material is to be compacted by tamping or rolling, the material shall be deposited and spread in uniform, parallel layers not exceeding the uncompacted thicknesses specified. Before the next layer is placed, each layer shall be tamped as required so as to obtain a thoroughly compacted mass. Care shall be taken that the material close to the excavation side slopes, as well as in all other portions of the fill area, is thoroughly compacted. When the excavation width and the depth to which backfill has been placed are sufficient to make it feasible, and it can be done effectively and without damage to the pipe or structure, backfill may, on approval, be compacted by the use of suitable rollers, tractors, or similar powered equipment instead of by tamping. For compaction by tamping or rolling, the rate at which backfilling material is deposited shall not exceed that permitted by the facilities for its spreading, leveling, and compacting as furnished by the Contractor.



- F. Reconditioning Compacted Areas: Where completed compacted areas are disturbed by subsequent construction operations or adverse weather, scarify surface, re-shape, and compact to required density prior to further construction.

3.5 GRADING:

A. General:

- 1. Grading shall consist of that work necessary to bring all areas to the final grades.
- 2. Uniformly grade areas within limits of work requiring grading, including adjacent transition areas.
- 3. Smooth finished surface within specified tolerances, compact with uniform levels or slopes between points where elevations are shown, or between such points and existing grades.

B. Grading Outside Building Lines:

- 1. Grade areas adjacent to building to drain away from structures and to prevent ponding.
- 2. Grade surfaces to be free from irregular surface changes, and as follows:
  - a. Lawn or Unpaved Areas: Finish grade areas to receive topsoil to within not more than 1" above or below the required subgrade elevations.
  - b. Walks: Shape surface of areas under walks to line, grade and cross-section, with finish surface not more than 1/2" above or below the required subgrade elevation.
  - c. Pavements: Shape surface of areas under pavement to line, grade and cross-section, with finish surface not more than 3/8" above or below the required subgrade elevation.

C. Grading Surface of Fill Under Building Slabs:

- 1. Grade surface to be smooth and even, free of voids, and compacted as specified, to the required elevation.
- 2. Provide final grades within a tolerance of 1/2" when tested with a 10' straight edge.

D. Compaction:

- 1. After grading, compact subgrade surfaces to the depth and percentage of maximum density for each area classification.

E. Protection of Graded Areas:

- 1. Protect newly graded areas from traffic and erosion. Keep free of trash and debris.
- 2. Repair and re-establish grades in settled, eroded, and rutted areas to specified tolerances.

3.6 BASE COURSE AND LEVELING COURSE

A. General:

- 1. Base course consists of placing the specified materials in layers to support a leveling course or paved surface, as indicated in the Drawings.

B. Grade Control:

- 1. During construction, maintain lines and grades including crown and cross-slope of base course and leveling course.

- C. Placing:
  - 1. Place base course on prepared subbase conforming to indicated cross-section and thickness. Maintain optimum moisture content for compacting base materials.
  - 2. Place leveling course on prepared base course, conforming to indicated cross-section and thickness. Maintain optimum moisture content for compaction.
- D. Shaping and Compacting:
  - 1. All layers of aggregate base course and leveling course shall be compacted to the required density immediately after placing. As soon as the compaction of any layer has been completed, the next layer shall be placed.
  - 2. The Contractor shall bear full responsibility for and make all necessary repairs to the base leveling courses and the subgrade until the full depth of the base leveling courses is placed and compacted. Repairs shall be made at no additional cost to the Owner.
  - 3. If the top of any layer of the aggregate base or leveling course becomes contaminated by degradation of the aggregate or addition of foreign materials, the contaminated material shall be removed and replaced with the specified material at the Contractor's expense.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02260FILTER FABRICPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

## A. Work Included:

1. Furnish all materials and install filter fabric of the types, dimensions and in the location(s) shown on the Drawings and specified herein.

## B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

1. Temporary Erosion Control, Riprap and Stone Ditch Protection, and Gabions and Revet Mattresses are specified in the appropriate sections of this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. A competent laboratory must be maintained by the manufacturer of the fabric at the point of manufacture to ensure quality control.

B. During all periods of shipment and storage, the fabric shall be wrapped in a heavy duty protective covering to protect the fabric from direct sunlight, ultraviolet rays, temperatures greater than 140°F, mud, dirt, dust and debris.

1.3 SUBMITTALS

A. Manufacturer shall furnish certified test reports with each shipment of material attesting that the fabric meets the requirements of this Specification.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS

A. Filter fabric for use in stabilization, drainage, underdrains, erosion control, landscaping and beneath structures shall be formed in widths of not less than six (6) feet and shall meet the requirements of Table 1. Both woven and non-woven geotextiles are acceptable; however no "slit-tape" woven fabrics will be permitted for drainage, underdrain, and erosion control applications.

Table 1

<u>Geotextile Mechanical Property</u>	<u>Test Method</u>	<u>Minimum Permissible Value</u>
Grab Tensile Strength (both directions)	ASTM D4595-86	120 pounds
Grab Elongation	ASTM D4632-86	50 percent

Mullen Burst Strength	ASTM D3786-87	210 psi
Puncture Strength	ASTM D3787	60 pounds
Trapezoid Tear Strength	ASTM D4533-85	50 pounds
Water Flow Rate	ASTM D4491-85	120 gal/min/sf
Equivalent Opening Size (EOS)	ASTM D4751	U.S. Std. Sieve #80
Coefficient of Permeability	ASTM D4491-85	0.2 cm/sec

The geotextile shall have property values expressed in "typical" values that meet or exceed the values stated above as determined by the most recent test methods specified above.

- B. Filter fabric for use in reinforcement and under riprap shall meet the requirements of Table 2. Woven and non-woven geotextiles are acceptable.

Table 2

<u>Geotextile Mechanical Property</u>	<u>Test Method</u>	<u>Minimum Permissible Value</u>
Grab Tensile Strength (both directions)	ASTM 4595-86	195 pounds
Grab Elongation	ASTM D4632-86	20 percent
Mullen Burst Strength	ASTM D3786-87	340 psi
Puncture Strength	ASTM D3787	85 pounds
Trapezoid Tear Strength	ASTM D4533-85	85 pounds
Equivalent Opening Size (EOS)	ASTM D4751	U.S. Std. Sieve number(s) between #20 and #100

The geotextile shall meet or exceed the "typical" values stated above as determined by the most recent test methods specified above.

- C. Filter Fabric for use in siltation fencing shall be the following:
1. Environfence 100X (Mirafi)
  2. Supac 4NP (Phillip 66)
  3. Exxon 180 Siltfence
  4. Amoco 1380 Silt Stop
  5. Harris Siltfence
  6. Or equivalent

PART 3 - EXECUTION

- 3.1 Install filter fabric as shown on the drawings or as directed in appropriate specifications in this division or in accordance with manufacturer's instructions or as directed by the Engineer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02601MANHOLES, COVERS AND FRAMESPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Construct manholes, covers, frames, brick masonry, inverts and apply waterproofing in conformance with the dimensions, elevations, and locations shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere (when applicable):
  - 1. Final sewer testing is specified in this Division.
  - 2. Pipe, excavation, backfill, paving and dewatering are specified in the appropriate Sections in this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Precast Manhole Base, Barrel and Top Sections:
  - 1. Conform to ASTM C478-97 except as modified herein, and on the Drawings.
  - 2. Average strength of 4,000 psi at 28 days.
  - 3. Testing:
    - a. Determine concrete strength by tests on 6-inch by 12-inch vibrated test cylinders cured in the same manner as the bases, barrels and tops.
    - b. Have tests conducted at the manufacturer's plant or at a testing laboratory approved by the Engineer.
    - c. Have not less than 2 tests made for each 100 vertical feet of precast manhole sections.
- B. Manhole Steps
  - 1. Conform to ASTM C478-06 for load carrying capacity and pull out resistance.
  - 2. Acceptable Manufacturers:
    - a. Parson Environmental Products, Inc.
    - b. M. A. Industries, Inc.
    - c. Or equivalent.
- C. Frames and Covers:
  - 1. Acceptable Manufacturers:
    - a. Etheridge Foundry Co.
    - b. Neenah Foundry Co.
    - c. E. L. LeBaron Foundry Company.
    - d. Ti-Sales
    - e. Or equivalent.
- D. Masonry:
  - 1. Brick: Shall comply with the ASTM Standard Specifications for Sewer Brick (made from clay or shale), Designation C32, for Grade SS, hard brick.
  - 2. Cement: ASTM C-150.
  - 3. Hydrated Lime: ASTM C-207
  - 4. Sand: ASTM C33

- E. Waterproofing:
  - 1. Acceptable Manufacturers:
    - a. Minwax Fibrous Brush Coat, Minwax Co., N.Y., N.Y.
    - b. Tremco 121 Foundation Coating, Tremco Mfg. Co., Newark, N.J.
    - c. Or approved equal.

1.3 SUBMITTALS TO THE ARCHITECT/ENGINEER

- A. Submit shop drawings and manufacturer's literature in conformance with Section 01340 and the Standard General Conditions of the Construction Contract.
- B. Precast Manhole Sections: Submit test results and receive approval from the Engineer prior to delivery to the site.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 PRECAST MANHOLE SECTIONS

- A. Dimensions, shall be as shown on the Drawings:
  - 1. Base & Riser Sections:
    - a. Diameter: As shown on the Drawings.
    - b. Length: As required.
    - c. Wall Thickness: Not less than 5 inches.
    - d. Joints: Bell-and-spigot or tongue-and-groove formed on machine rings to insure accurate joint surfaces.
  - 2. Tops:
    - a. Diameter: Eccentric cone type, 24 inches I.D. at top, 48 inches I.D. at bottom unless otherwise shown on the Drawings.
    - b. Length: 4 feet.
    - c. Wall thickness: Not less than 5 inches at the base, tapering to not less than 8 inches at the top.
    - d. Joints: Bell-and-spigot or tongue-and-groove formed on machine rings to insure accurate joint surfaces.
    - e. Exterior face of cone sections shall not flare out beyond the vertical.
  - 3. Flat Slab Tops:
    - a. Location: Where shallow installations do not permit the use of a cone-type top and where indicated on the Drawings.
    - b. Slab thickness: Not less than 6 inches.
    - c. Constructed to support an HS-20 wheel loading.
- B. Openings:
  - 1. Provide openings in the risers to receive pipes entering the manhole.
  - 2. Make openings at the manufacturing plant. Where approved by the Owner and Engineer, core openings and furnish and install boot.
  - 3. Size: To provide a uniform annular space between the outside wall of pipe and riser.
  - 4. Location: To permit setting of the entering pipes at the correct elevations.
  - 5. Openings shall have a flexible watertight union between pipe and the manhole base.

- a. Cast into the manhole base and sized to the type of pipe being used.
  - b. Type of flexible joint being used shall be approved by the Engineer. Install materials according to the Manufacturer's instructions.
    1. Lock Joint Flexible Manhole Sleeve made by Interpace Corporation.
    2. Kor N Seal made by National Pollution Control System, Inc.
    3. Press Wedge II made by Press-Seal Gasket Corporation.
    4. A-Lok Manhole Pipe Seal made by A-Loc Corporation.
    5. Or equivalent.
- C. Joints:
1. Joint gaskets to be flexible self seating butyl rubber joint sealant installed according to manufacturer's recommendations. Install a double row of joint sealants for every manhole joint. For cold weather applications, use adhesive with joint sealant as recommended by manufacturer.  
Acceptable Materials:
    - a. Kent-Seal No. 2
    - b. Ram-Nek
    - c. Or equivalent.
  2. Joints between precast sections shall conform to related standards and manufacturer's instructions.
  3. All manholes greater than 6 ft. diameter and all manholes used as wet wells, valve pits and other dry-pit type structures shall be installed with exterior joint collars. The joint collar shall be installed according to the manufacturer's instructions. Acceptable materials:
    - a. MacWrap exterior joint sealer as manufactured by Mar-Mac Manufacturing Company.
    - b. Or equivalent.
- D. Waterproofing:
1. The exterior surface of all manholes shall be given two coats of bituminous waterproofing material at a application rate of 75 to 100 square feet per gallon, per coat.
  2. The coating shall be applied after the manholes have cured adequately and can be applied by brush or spray in accordance with the manufacturer's written instruction.
  3. Sufficient time shall be allowed between coats to permit sufficient drying so that the application of the second coat has no effect on the first coat.

## 2.2 FRAMES AND COVERS

- A. Standard Units:
1. Made of cast iron conforming to ASTM A48-76, Class 30 minimum.
  2. Have machined bearing surfaces to prevent rocking.
  3. Castings shall be smooth with no sharp edges.
  4. Constructed to support an HS-20 wheel loading.
  5. Dimensions and Style shall conform to the Drawings, Standard castings differing in non-essential details are subject to approval by the Engineer:
    - a. Covers - solid with sewer in 3-inch letters diamond pattern.



- b. Frame - 24-inch diameter clear opening, with flange bracing ribs.
  - 6. Frame and cover shall meet H20 loading requirements.
- B. Water Tight Units:
  - 1. Same features as above for Standard Units, with 22-inch diameter minimum clear opening.
  - 2. Sealing features:
    - a. Inner lid held by a bronze tightening bolt in a locking bar.
    - b. Neoprene gasket
    - c. Water tight pick hole.
  - 3. Minimum weight of frame and cover shall be 510 lbs.

2.3 MANHOLE STEPS

- A. Polyethylene coated steel safety type designed with a minimum concentrated live load of 300 pounds.
- B. Thoroughly clean all surfaces to be embedded with a suitable cleaning agent to ensure that the surfaces are free from all foreign matter such as dirt, oil and grease.
- C. The steps shall become thoroughly dry before being placed into the concrete.
- D. All steps shall be cast into walls of the precast section so as to form a continuous ladder with a distance of 12-inches between steps.

2.4 MASONRY

- A. Brick:
  - 1. Sound, hard, uniformly burned, regular and uniform in shape and size, compact texture, and satisfactory to the Engineer.
  - 2. Immediately remove rejected brick from the work.
- B. Mortar:
  - 1. Composition (by volume):
    - a. 1 part portland cement.
    - b. 1/2 part hydrated lime.
    - c. 4-1/2 parts sand.
  - 2. The proportion of cement to lime may vary from 1:1/4 for hard brick to 1:3/4 for softer brick, but in no case shall the volume of sand exceed 3 times the sum of the volume of cement and lime.
- C. Cement shall be Type II portland cement.
- D. Hydrated lime shall be Type S.
- E. Sand:
  - 1. Shall consist of inert natural sand.
  - 2. Grading:

<u>Sieve</u>	<u>Percent Passing</u>
3/8-inch	100
No. 4	95-100
No. 8	80-100
No. 16	50-85
No. 50	10-30
No. 100	2-10

Fineness Modulus 2.3 - 3.1

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 PERFORMANCE

- A. Precast Manhole Sections:
  - 1. Perform jointing in accordance with manufacturer's recommendations and as approved by the Engineer.
  - 2. Install riser sections and tops level and plumb.
  - 3. Make all joints watertight.
  - 4. When necessary, cut openings carefully to prevent damage to barrel sections and tops. Replace damaged manhole sections and tops at no additional cost to the Owner.
  - 5. When manhole steps are included in the Work, install barrel sections and tops so that steps are in alignment.
- B. Drop Manholes:
  - 1. The difference in elevation between the invert of the inlet pipe and outlet pipe is to be either less than 6-inches or more than 24-inches.
  - 2. Where difference in elevation between the invert of the inlet pipe to the invert of the outlet pipe exceeds 24 inches, construct a drop manhole as shown on the Drawings or as directed by the Engineer.
- C. Adjust to Grade:
  - 1. Adjust tops of manholes to grade with brick masonry.
  - 2. Concrete rings are not acceptable for adjusting to grade.
- D. Pipe Connections to Manholes: Connect pipes to manholes with joint design and materials approved by the Engineer.
- E. Invert Channels:
  - 1. Smooth and semicircular in shape conforming to the inside of the adjacent sewer section.
  - 2. Make changes in direction of flow with smooth curves having a radius as large as permitted by the size of the manhole.
  - 3. Stop the pipes at the inside face of the manhole where changes of direction occur.
  - 4. Form invert channels utilizing precast concrete. PVC pipe and concrete shelves may also be used in locations approved by the Owner and Engineer.
  - 5. The maximum change in elevation from the invert of the inlet pipe to the invert of the outlet pipe is 6-inches. Shape invert to make smooth transition in vertical grade.
  - 6. Slope the floor of the manhole to the flow channel, as shown on the Drawings.
- F. Masonry:
  - 1. Laying Brick:
    - a. Use only clean bricks in brickwork for manholes.
    - b. Moisten the brick by suitable means until they are neither so dry as to absorb water from the mortar nor so wet as to be slippery when laid.

- c. Lay each brick in a full bed and joint of mortar without requiring subsequent grouting, flushing, or filling, and thoroughly bond as directed.
- d. Construct all joints in a neat workmanlike manner. Construct the brick surfaces inside the manholes so they are smooth with no mortar extending beyond the bricks and no voids in the joints. Maximum mortar joints shall be 1/2 inch.
- e. Outside faces of brick masonry shall be plastered with mortar from 1/4-inch to 3/8-inch thick.
- f. Completed brickwork shall be watertight.
2. Curing:
  - a. Protect brick masonry from drying too rapidly by using burlaps which are kept moist, or by other approved means.
  - b. Protect brick masonry from the weather and frost as required.
- G. Frames and Covers:
  1. Set all frames in a full bed of mortar, true to grade and concentric with the manhole opening.
  2. Completely fill all voids beneath the bottom flange to make a watertight fit.
  3. Place a ring of mortar at least one inch thick around the outside of the bottom flange, extending to the outer edge of the manhole all around its circumference.
  4. Clean the frame seats before setting the covers in place.
- H. Plugging and Patching:
  1. Fill all exterior cavities with non-shrink grout and with bituminous waterproofing once the concrete and mortar has set.
  2. Touch up damaged water proofing.
- I. Cleaning:
  1. Thoroughly clean manholes, steps, frames and covers of all debris and foreign matter.
- J. Bedding and Backfilling:
  1. Bedding of manholes shall be 6 inches of 3/4" screened stone. Filter fabric shall be furnished and installed on the prepared subgrade in wet areas as directed by the Engineer.
  2. Backfill a minimum of 18 inches all around manhole with gravel borrow.

### 3.2 MANHOLE TESTING

- A. General:
  1. Assembling manhole sections shall be completed in the presence of the Engineer.
  2. All testing must be performed in the presence of the Engineer.
  3. Any visual defects noted by the Engineer shall be corrected by the Contractor.
- B. Manhole Repairs:
  1. Correct leakage by reconstruction, replacement of gaskets and/or other methods as approved by the Engineer.
  2. The use of lead-wool or expanding mortar will not be permitted.

- C. After the manholes have been backfilled and prior to final acceptance, any signs of leaks or weeping visible inside the manholes shall be repaired and the manhole made watertight.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02615DUCTILE IRON PIPE & FITTINGS  
(BURIED APPLICATIONS)PART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Provide and install ductile iron pipe and fittings of the type(s) and size(s) in the location(s) shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Pipe and Pipe Fittings - General is specified in the appropriate Section in this Division.
  - 2. Excavation, Bedding and Backfill are specified in this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Standards (As Applicable):
  - 1. Cement-mortar lining for water: ANSI A21.4 (AWWA C104).
  - 2. Rubber gasket joints: ANSI A21.11 (AWWA C111).
  - 3. Ductile iron pipe thickness: ANSI A21.50 (AWWA C150).
  - 4. Ductile iron pipe centrifugally cast in metal or sand lined molds: ANSI A21.51 (AWWA C151).
  - 5. Pipe flanges and fittings: ANSI B16.1 and ANSI A21.10 (AWWA C110).
  - 6. Threaded, flanged pipe: ANSI A21.15 (AWWA C115).
  - 7. Cast and ductile iron fittings: ANSI A21.10 (AWWA C110).
  - 8. Ductile Iron Compact Fittings: ANSI 21.53 (AWWA C153).
- B. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Tyler
  - 2. Griffin
  - 3. Union
  - 4. US Pipe
  - 5. Or equivalent.

1.3 DELIVERY, STORAGE & HANDLING

- A. Exercise extra care when handling ductile iron pipe because it is comparatively brittle.
- B. Exercise extra care when handling cement lined pipe because damage to the lining will render it unfit for use.
- C. Protect the spherical spigot ends and the plain ends of all pipe during shipment by wood lagging securely fastened in place.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 PIPE MATERIALS

- A. General:

1. All exterior (buried) ductile iron pipe shall have push-on or mechanical joints unless otherwise specified or shown on the Drawings. Pipe within valve pits and other structures is considered interior pipe and shall be flanged.
  2. Unless otherwise shown on the Drawings or in the pipe schedule, the minimum thickness of ductile iron pipe shall be:
    - a. For pipe 4 inches in diameter and smaller: Class 51.
    - b. For pipe 6 inches in diameter and larger: Class 52.
    - c. Pipe with flanges: Class 53.
  3. Pipe for use with sleeve type couplings shall have plain ends (without bells or beads) cast or machined at right angles to the axis.
  4. Pipe shall be double thickness cement lined and seal coated unless noted otherwise on the Drawings, and except for air piping lines which shall be completely unlined.
  5. Pipe for use with split type couplings shall have ends with cast or machined shoulders or grooves that meet the requirements of the manufacturer of the couplings.
  6. Factory applied bituminous coatings (in accordance with AWWA C151) shall be furnished on the exterior of all underground piping unless specified otherwise.
  7. The outside of pipe within structures and exposed shall not be coated with bituminous coating, but shall be thoroughly cleaned and given one shop coat of Intertol Rustinhibitive Primer 621 by Koppers Co.; Multiprime by PPG Industries; Chromox 13R50 Primer made by Mobil Chemical Co.; or equivalent.
- B. Joints (as shown on Drawings or as specified):
1. Push-on and Mechanical Joint:
    - a. The plain ends of push-on pipes shall be factory machined to a true circle and chamfered to facilitate fitting the gasket.
    - b. Provide gaskets manufactured from a composition material suitable for exposure to the fluid to be contained within the pipe. On high temperature applications such as air lines, the gaskets shall be suitable for service from 40°F to 250°F.
    - c. Bolts and nuts for buried mechanical joints shall meet the AWWA C-111 requirements and be made of A588 steel.
  2. Flanged:
    - a. Provide specially drilled flanges when required for connection to existing piping or special equipment.
    - b. Flanges shall be long-hub screwed tightly on pipe by machine at the foundry prior to facing and drilling.
    - c. Gaskets:
      - (1) Ring type of rubber with cloth insertion.
      - (2) Thickness of gaskets 12 inches in diameter and smaller: 1/16 inch.
      - (3) Thickness of gaskets larger than 12 inches in diameter: 3/32 inch.
      - (4) On high temperature applications such as air lines, the gaskets shall be suitable for service from 40°F to 200°F.
    - d. Fasteners:

- (1) Make joints with bolt, studs with a nut on each end, or one tapped flanged with a stud and nut.
  - (2) The number and size of bolts shall meet the requirements of the applicable ANSI standard.
  - (3) Nuts, bolts, and studs shall be Grade B meeting the requirements of ASTM A307.
  - (4) After jointing, coat entire joint with bituminous material compatible with pipe coating.
  - e. When applicable, provide and install flange clamps as shown on the Drawings.
3. Joint Bracing:
- a. Provide joint bracing to prevent the piping from pulling apart under pressure as required and as shown on the Drawings.
  - b. Types of bracing:
    - (1) Pipe and fittings furnished with approved lugs or hooks cast integrally for use with socket pipe clamps, tie rods, or bridles. Bridles and tie rods shall be a minimum of 3/4 inch diameter except where they replace flange bolts of a smaller size, in which case they shall be fitted with a nut on each side of the pair of flanges. The clamps, tie rods, and bridles shall be coated with bituminous paint in buried installations and shall be coated with the same coatings as the piping system in interior installations after assembly or, if necessary, prior to assembly.
    - (2) Mechanical joint follower gland pipe restrainers.
      - (a) Ductile iron gland and restraining ring.
      - (b) Gasket shall be standard MJ gasket -ANSI/AWWA-C111/A21.11.
      - (c) Working pressure 350 psi, up to 8 inches; 250 psi, 10 inches to 16 inches.
      - (d) Test pressure two times working pressure.
      - (e) Grip Rings™, Romac Industries, or other equivalent as approved by Engineer.
    - (3) Other types of bracing as shown on the Drawings.

## 2.2 FITTINGS

### A. Standard Fittings:

1. Pressure rating of 350 psi for D.I. compact fittings and 250 psi for all others unless indicated otherwise on the Drawings or as specified.
2. Joints the same as the pipe with which they are used or as shown on the Drawings.
3. Cement lining and seal coat as specified for pipe.
4. Factory applied bituminous coatings shall be furnished for all underground fittings.

## PART 3 - EXECUTION

### 3.1 INSPECTION

- A. Provide all labor necessary to assist the Engineer to inspect pipe, fittings, gaskets, and other materials.
- B. Carefully inspect all materials at the time of delivery and just prior to installation.
- C. Carefully inspect all pipe and fittings for:
  1. Defects, such as weak structural components, that adversely affect the execution and quality of work.
  2. Deviations beyond allowable tolerances for pipe clearances.
- D. Immediately remove all rejected materials from the project site.

### 3.2 INSTALLATION

#### A. General:

1. Install in strict accordance with the pipe and fitting manufacturer's instructions and recommendations and as specified or as shown on the Drawings.
2. Concrete thrust blocks or other acceptable thrust resistant system is required at all fittings on pressure pipe. Where thrust blocks are used, these shall be placed against undisturbed soil or screened gravel compacted to 95 percent and shall be placed so that the joints are accessible for repairs.

#### B. Assembling Joints:

##### 1. Push-on Joints:

- a. Insert the gasket into the groove of the bell.
- b. Uniformly apply a thin film of special lubricant over the inner surface of the gasket that will contact the spigot end of the pipe.
- c. Insert the chamfered end of the plain pipe into the gasket and push until it seats against the bottom of the socket.

##### 2. Bolted Joints:

- a. Remove rust preventive coatings from machined surfaces prior to assembly.
- b. Thoroughly clean and carefully smooth all burrs and other defects from pipe ends, sockets, sleeves, housings and gaskets.
- c. After jointing coat all bolts with bituminous material compatible with the pipe coating required herein.

##### 3. Flanged Joints:

- a. Insert the nuts and bolts (or studs), finger tighten, and progressively tighten diametrically opposite bolts uniformly around the flange to the proper tension.



- b. Execute care when tightening joints to prevent undue strain upon valves, pumps, and other equipment.
- 4. Mechanical Joints:
  - a. Thoroughly clean, with a wire brush, surfaces that will be in contact with the gaskets.
  - b. Lubricate the gasket, bell, and spigot by washing with soapy water.
  - c. Slip the gland and gasket, in that order, over the spigot and insert the spigot into the bell until properly seated.
  - d. Evenly seat the gasket in the bell at all points, center the spigot, and firmly press the gland against the gasket.
  - e. Insert the bolts, install the nuts finger tight, and progressively tighten diametrically opposite nuts uniformly around the joint to the proper tension with a torque wrench.
  - f. The correct range of torque (as indicated by a torque wrench) and the length of wrench (if not a torque wrench) shall not exceed:
    - (1) Range or Torque: 60-90 ft.-lbs.
    - (2) Length of Wrench: 10 inches.
  - g. If effective joint sealing is not attained at the maximum torque specified above, disassemble, thoroughly clean, and reassemble the joint. Do not overstress the bolts to tighten a leaking joint.
- 5. Bell and Spigot Joints:
  - a. Thoroughly clean the bell and spigots and remove excess tar and other obstructions.
  - b. Insert the spigot firmly into place and hold securely until the joint has been properly completed.
- B. Fabrication:
  - 1. Tapped Connections:
    - a. Make all tapped connections as shown on the Drawings or as required by the Engineer.
    - b. Make all connections watertight and of adequate strength to prevent pullout.
    - c. Drill and tap normal to the longitudinal axis of the pipe.
    - d. Taps in fittings shall be located where indicated by the manufacturer for that particular type of fitting.
    - e. The maximum sizes of taps in pipes and fittings without busses shall not exceed the sizes listed in the appendix of ANS A21.51 based on 2 full threads for ductile iron and 3 full threads for cast iron.
  - 2. Cutting:
    - a. Perform all cutting as set forth in AWWA C600.
    - b. Carefully chamfer all cut ends to be used with push-on joints to prevent damage to gaskets when pipe is installed.

- C. Pipe Deflection:
  - 1. Push-on and Mechanical Joints:
    - a. The maximum permissible deflection of alignment at joints shall be limited to that given in AWWA C600.
  - 2. Flexible Joints:
    - a. The maximum deflection in any direction shall not exceed the manufacturer's instructions and recommendations.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02622

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE (PVC) NON-PRESSURE PIPE

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. Work Included:

1. Provide and install PVC non-pressure pipe and fittings of the size(s) and type(s) and in the location(s) shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere: (When Applicable)

1. Excavation and backfill, dewatering, pavement, borrow and bedding material, and cleaning and testing requirements are specified in the appropriate sections of this division.
2. Pipe & Pipe Fittings is specified in this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Manufacturers:

1. Certain-Teed.
2. J-M Manufacturing.
3. Or equivalent.

1.3 SUBMITTALS TO THE ENGINEER

- A. Submit shop drawings in accordance with the General Conditions of the Construction Contract.
- B. Submit manufacturer's "Certification of Conformance" that pipe and fittings meet or exceed the requirements of these Specifications.
- C. Submit other documents as specified in the appropriate Sections of this Division.

1.4 DELIVERY STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Provide all labor necessary to assist the Engineer to inspect pipe, fittings, gaskets and other materials.
- B. Carefully inspect all materials at the time of delivery and just prior to installation.
- C. Carefully inspect all pipe and fittings for:
  1. Defects and damage
  2. Deviations beyond allowable tolerances for joint dimensions.
  3. Removal of debris and foreign matter.
- D. Examine area and structures to receive piping for:
  1. Defects, such as weak structural components that adversely affect the execution and quality of work.
  2. Deviations beyond allowable tolerance for pipe clearances.
- E. All materials and methods not meeting the requirements of the Contract Documents will be rejected.
- F. Immediately remove all rejected materials from the project site.

2.1 MATERIALS

A. Pipe and Fittings:

1. The polyvinyl chloride pipe and fittings, including those required for stubs, shall conform to ASTM standard specification for PVC Sewer Pipe and Fittings, Designation D 3034 (SDR 35) (4" to 15"), F679 (18" to 27"), or F1760-01 (for recycled pipe, all diameters).
2. Straight pipe shall be furnished in lengths of not more than 13 feet.
3. Saddles will not be allowed.

B. Joints:

1. Joints for the polyvinyl chloride pipe shall be push-on joints using factory installed elastomeric ring gaskets.
2. The gaskets shall be securely fixed into place by the manufacturer so that they cannot be dislodged during joint assembly.
3. The gaskets shall be of a composition and texture which is resistant to common ingredients of sewage and industrial wastes, including oils and ground water, and which will endure permanently under the conditions of the proposed use.
4. The joints shall conform to ASTM Specifications for Joints for Drain and Sewer Plastic Pipes using Flexible Elastomeric Seals, Designation D3212-76.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

A. Inspection:

1. Each pipe unit shall be inspected before being installed. No single piece of pipe shall be laid unless it is generally straight.
2. The centerline of the pipe shall not deviate from a straight line drawn between the centers of the openings at the ends of the pipe by more than 1/16 inch per foot of length.
3. If a piece of pipe fails to meet this requirement for straightness it shall be rejected and removed from the site.
4. Any pipe unit or fitting discovered to be defective either before or after installation shall be removed and replaced with a sound unit.

B. Jointing:

1. All pipe and fittings shall be cleared of all debris, dirt, etc., before being installed and shall be kept clean until accepted in the completed work.
2. Pipe and fittings shall be installed to the lines and grades indicated on the drawings or as required by the Engineer. Care shall be taken to insure true alignments and gradients.
3. All joint surfaces shall be cleaned. Immediately before jointing the pipe, the bell or groove shall be lubricated in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendation.
4. Each pipe unit shall than be carefully pushed into place without damage to pipe or gasket. Suitable devices shall be used to force the pipe units together so that they will fit with a minimum open recess inside and outside and have tightly sealed joints. Care shall be taken not to use such force as to wedge apart and split the bell or groove ends.

5. Joints shall not be "pulled" or "cramped" unless permitted by the Engineer.
- C. Service Connections:
1. All service connections to new pipe shall utilize a wye fitting.
  2. All service connections must enter the top half of the mainline pipe.
- D. Pipe Deflection:
1. Pipe provided under this specification shall be installed so there is no more than a maximum deflection of 5.0 percent. Such deflection shall be determined via CCTV inspections of the sewer line by the Owner.
  2. Should the installed pipe fail to meet this requirement, the Contractor shall do all work to correct the problem as the Engineer may require without additional compensation.
- E. Testing:
1. Clean and test pipe in accordance with appropriate sections of this division.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02626COPPER SERVICE PIPE & FITTINGS  
(BURIED APPLICATIONS)PART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish and install copper pipe of the type and size and in the locations shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Pipe and Pipe Fittings - General is specified in this Division.
  - 2. Excavation, Bedding and Backfill are specified in this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Seamless copper water tube, ASTM B88.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Pipe use:
  - 1. Domestic Water (buried exterior).
    - a. Type K, soft annealed.
- B. Fittings:
  - 1. Buried Fittings: Waterworks brass (85-5-5-5), compression fittings with BUNA-N gasket.
  - 2. Acceptable manufacturer: Mueller Co., Decatur, IL. or Equal

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Jointing
  - 1. Flared Joints (if specified)
    - a. Ream or file the pipe to remove burrs.
    - b. Slip fitting over end of pipe to be flared.
    - c. Expand tube using flaring tools.
    - d. Inspect for cracks, splits or other damages and replace if necessary.
    - e. Squarely seat the flared end on fitting and tighten nuts.
  - 2. Packed on compression joints
    - a. Cut pipe squarely.
    - b. Ream or file pipe to remove burrs.

- c. Seat pipe in fittings and tighten nut.
  3. Adapters: Use as required to connect to existing services.
- B. Bending Pipe
1. Bend pipe by the method and to the radius to comply with the manufacturer's recommendations.
  2. Bend pipe with suitable tools to provide smooth bend free of any cracks or buckles.
  2. Provide "goose neck" in new services as shown on Drawings.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02641GATE VALVESPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish, install and test gate valves of the type(s) and size(s) and in the location(s) shown on the Drawings and as specified.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. "Valve Box" and "Ductile Iron Pipe & Fittings for Buried Applications" are specified in this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All gate valves of same type and style shall be manufactured by one manufacturer.
- B. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. American Flow Control
  - 2. Kennedy
  - 3. Darling
  - 4. Mueller
  - 5. Or approved equal.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Waterworks type NRS valves (AWWA):
  - 1. Valve Body, bonnet and stuffing box - Cast iron (ASTM A126, C1B), coated inside and out with fusion bonded epoxy meeting AWWA C550. Face-to-face dimensions shall comply with ANSI B16.10 and flanges to comply with ANSI B16.1.
  - 2. Resilient Wedge - Ductile iron wedge with bonded Nitrile elastomer covering.
  - 3. Stem - Manganese bronze, ASTM B584
  - 4. Stuffing box O-rings
    - a. Two O-rings, each nitrile rubber.
    - b. Capable of changing under pressure.
  - 5. Wedgenut - Bronze, ASTM B62
  - 6. Bolting - stainless steel Type 18-8, ASTM F593, GP1
  - 7. End Connections
    - a. Buried valves - mechanical joints
  - 8. Operation
    - a. Buried valves - 2 inch square nut, cast iron, ASTM A126, C1B
    - b. Opening Direction - counterclockwise
  - 9. Water working pressure: 250 psi
  - 10. Standards - valves shall meet or exceed AWWA C509, latest edition.



PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install valves with stem position vertical.
- B. Valve box vertical and centered over operating nut.
- C. Valve box supported during backfilling and maintained vertical.
- D. Install and test in accordance with AWWA C500 and AWWA C-509, latest revision.
- E. For PVC or PE main, install anchor rods around the valve body or through the mounting lugs and embed the rods in concrete beneath the valve.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02642CORPORATION STOPSPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish and install corporation stops of the type(s) and size(s) and in the location(s) shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All corporation stops shall be manufactured by one manufacturer.
- B. Qualifications of Manufacturer: Products have proven reliable in similar installations over a reasonable number of years.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Constructed of brass.
- B. Outlet shall be copper pipe packed joint not requiring set screw.
- C. Inlet shall have CC thread.
- D. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Ford (F600)
  - 2. Red Head Mfg. Co.
  - 3. Mueller
  - 3. Or equivalent

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install at locations shown on the Drawings and as specified in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.
- B. Check and adjust all corporation stops for smooth operation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02643CURB STOPSPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish and install curb stops of the type(s) and size(s) and in the location(s) shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All curb stops shall be manufactured by one manufacturer.
- B. Qualifications of Manufacturer: Products shall have proven reliable in similar installations over a reasonable number of years.
- C. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Mueller - District Standard
  - 2. Ford (B22)
  - 3. Or equivalent

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 PRODUCT CONSTRUCTION

- A. Constructed of brass.
- B. Inlet and outlet shall be copper pipe packed joint not requiring set screw.
- C. Working pressure shall be required.

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install at locations shown on the Drawings and in accordance with manufacturer's instructions.

3.2 ADJUSTMENTS

- A. Check and adjust all curb stops for smooth operation.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02644

HYDRANT ASSEMBLIES

PART 1 - GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish and install hydrant assemblies of the type(s) and size (s) and in the locations (s) shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.
- B. Hydrant Assemblies consist of:
  - 1. Hydrant tee.
  - 2. Hydrant.
  - 3. Drainage material.
  - 4. Thrust blocking and joint bracing.
  - 5. Branch piping, valve and valve box under separate bid item.
- C. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
  - 1. Excavation and backfill, pavement, dewatering, borrow and bedding are specified in this Division.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Hydrants shall conform to AWWA C502 and all hydrants shall be from one manufacturer.
- B. Gate valves shall conform to AWWA C500.
- C. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. MET 94 or Kennedy.
  - 2. Or approved equal.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Fire Hydrants:
  - 1. Dry barrel type with a 5 inch minimum valve opening.
  - 2. Two (2) 2-1/2 inch hose connections and one (1) 4-1/2 inch pumper connection.
    - a. 2-1/2 inch outlets: 60° V threads, 7-1/2 threads to the inch, external threads 3-1/16 inches, O.D. National Standard threads.
    - b. 4-1/2 inch outlet: 4 threads to the inch, external threads 5-3/4 inches, O.D. National Standard threads.
    - c. Supply adapters if existing fire fighting equipment does not match the threads specified above.
  - 3. 150 pounds working pressure and 300 pounds hydrostatic test pressure.
  - 4. Working parts shall be bronze and open **clockwise** unless otherwise specified.
  - 5. Designed with standpipe breaking ring or breakable sections.
  - 6. Supply one (1) collision repair kit for every twenty-five (25) hydrants installed.

7. Caps shall be attached to hydrant body by chains.
8. Hydrant drains are not allowed.
- B. Gate Valves: Waterworks type non-rising stem AWWA valve as specified in the appropriate section of this Division.
- C. Valve Boxes:
  1. Cast iron, minimum thickness 3/10 inch with the word "WATER" cast in covers.
  2. Be of such length as required without full extensions.
  3. As specified in this Division.

### PART 3 - EXECUTION

#### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install hydrants as shown in the details and using manufacturer's written instructions.
- B. No hydrant assembly shall be backfilled until approved by the Engineer.
- C. Provide drainage material and thrust blocks as shown.
- D. Provide barrel extensions as required for hydrant to be installed at proper grade.
- E. Provide finish paint on all exposed surfaces. Color shall meet Owner's requirements as approved by the Engineer.

#### 3.2 CLEANING

- A. Clean all hydrants of concrete, etc. and repaint as necessary to the satisfaction of the Engineer.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02645CURB BOXESPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish and install curb boxes of type (s) and size (s) and in the locations shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All curb boxes shall be manufactured by one manufacturer.
- B. Qualifications of Manufacturer: Products have proven reliable in similar installations over a reasonable number of years.
- C. Acceptable Manufacturers:
1. Quality Water Products.
  2. Mueller Co.
  3. Hayes Manufacturing Co.
  4. Or equivalent.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS AND FABRICATION

- A. Cast iron base piece, steel upper, cast iron lid, and threaded bronze plug with pentagon nut (Rope Thread).
- B. Extension type and arch pattern base with 5/8" diameter stainless steel minimum, 30" stationary rod.

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Install as shown on the Drawings and/or as requested by the Engineer.
1. When installation is complete no pressure shall be exerted by the curb box on either the curb stop or the service pipe.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02646VALVE BOXESPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: Furnish and install valve boxes of type(s) and size(s) and in the locations shown on the Drawings and as specified herein.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. All valve boxes shall be manufactured by one manufacturer.
- B. Qualifications of Manufacturer: Products to have been proven reliable in similar installations over a reasonable number of years.
- C. Acceptable Manufacturers:
  - 1. Mueller
  - 2. Quality Water Products
  - 3. Or Equivalent

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS

- A. The valve box shall be ductile iron, slip type two-piece integral base, 5-1/4 inch shaft. Top section with flanges.
- B. Cast or Ductile iron, with the word "Water" cast in covers.
- C. Belled Base Section.

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Installation as shown on the Drawings and/or as specified herein.
  - 1. When installation is complete, no pressure shall be exerted by valve box on the water main or on the valve.
  - 2. Be of such length as required without full extension. Minimum lap 6 inches.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02650BURIED UTILITY MARKINGSPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

## A. Work Included:

1. This work shall consist of providing utility line markings installed above all buried service laterals installed as part of this contract as indicated on the Drawings and replacing existing markings disturbed as part of this contract.

## B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:

1. Pipe, excavation, backfill, insulation are specified in the appropriate Sections in this Division.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Materials and color shall be in accordance with latest AASHTO specifications for pipe and utility marking.
- B. For ferrous pipe material use 0.004" minimum polyethylene film; 6" wide clearly marking type of buried utility
- C. For non-ferrous pipe material (e.g. Concrete, PVC, PE, etc.) use detection tape composite of polyethylene and metallic core 6" wide clearly marking type of buried utility.
- D. Seton Identification Products, New Haven, CT, or equal.

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Marking tape shall be installed over utility lines centerline and buried 12" above the service lateral.
- B. Markings damaged during opening of trench shall be reinstalled with 2' overlap at broken sections.

END OF SECTION



SECTION 02675

CLEANING, TESTING AND DISINFECTION OF WATER MAINS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.1 DESCRIPTION

A. The work of this section includes the furnishing of all labor, tools, equipment and materials and performing all operations necessary for the flushing, pressure testing, leakage testing and chlorination of water mains as specified herein and as required to complete the work.

1.2 QUALITY ASSURANCE

A. Standards (as applicable):

1. All work shall be in accordance with this specification and AWWA C651. Where conflicts appear between these specifications and AWWA C651 the more stringent requirement shall apply.
2. Chlorine solution for disinfecting water mains and appurtenances shall be made from either liquid sodium hypochlorite, or solid calcium hypochlorite, which shall conform to the latest AWWA B300 Standard for Hypochlorite.
3. Chlorine test kits shall be as described in the current edition of AWWA M12 - Simplified Procedures for Water Examination.
4. Disposal of chlorinated water as per AWWA C651, Appendix B.

1.3 COORDINATION

- A. Use of water will only be as approved and coordinated by the Owner.
- B. All flushing, pressure and leakage testing and chlorinating shall be done by the Contractor in the presence of the Engineer and in the presence of the Owner or Owner's Representative in accordance with the requirements of the local and state plumbing codes and the appropriate Sections of these Specifications, at no additional cost to the Owner.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 MATERIALS

- A. Each temporary blow-off shall consist of a corporation cock, type K copper tubing and a curb stop, each of not less than 1-inch diameter.
- B. A pumping unit or proportionate feeder suitable for delivering a hypochlorite solution to the isolated main shall be provided. The unit used shall prevent chlorine solution from flowing back into the existing system.

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 GENERAL

- A. Thoroughly clean all piping prior to testing. Remove all dirt, dust, oil, grease and other foreign material. Exercise care while cleaning to avoid damage to linings and coatings.
- B. Supply all labor, equipment, materials, gages, and pumps required to conduct the tests. The drawings do not detail taps, gages, plugs and other related materials required to perform testing. These materials are the responsibility of the Contractor.
- C. Flushing, testing and chlorinating of the mainline shall closely follow main laying work. As the mainline is installed, it shall be tested approximately every 1,000 feet, or between line valves, whichever is less. Should the mainlines fail to be flushed, tested, and chlorinated as specified, the main laying work shall be suspended until the flushing, testing and chlorinating is done.
- D. Final acceptance of the water main shall be based on successful (negative) results of bacteriological tests, which shall be done on samples taken from the main following chlorination and final flushing. Locations of samples shall be determined by the Engineer.
- E. The testing and related procedures described herein, shall be performed in the order listed.
- F. The Contractor, with the assistance of the Owner, shall fill mains as slowly as practicable so as not to cause dirty water and serious pressure drops within the existing system.

3.2 FLUSHING

- A. All new water mains, and existing water mains that have been drained and cut-into for making connections, shall be thoroughly flushed prior to pressure or leakage testing or final chlorination. Flushing shall be accomplished by partially opening and closing valves, hydrants, and blowoffs, several times, under expected line pressure, with flow velocities of not less than 2.5 feet per second, in the main. The size and number of hydrant outlets and/or main taps to provide the required flow (at 40 psi residual pressure) is as follows:

Minimum Required Flow and Openings Required to Flush Water Mains  
(Assuming 40 psi Residual Pressure in Water Mains)

Main Diameter (in.)	Flow Required to Produce 2.5 fps in Main (gpm)	Minimum Size of Taps (in.)	Hydrant Outlets	
			Number	Size (in.)
4 (100mm)	100	15/16	1	2-1/2
6 (150mm)	220	1-3/8	1	2-1/2
8 (200mm)	390	1-7/8	1	2-1/2
10 (250mm)	610	2-5/16	1	2-1/2
12 (300mm)	880	2-13/16	1	2-1/2

1. If less than a 40 psi residual is available in the main, with the size tap shown above then a larger, or more tap(s) or hydrant outlets will be required, as determined by the Engineer.
2. The length of time for flushing, at or above the minimum allowable velocity, shall be computed to allow a minimum of 3 times the total volume of water in the main to be flushed to waste. Flushing shall be done in the presence of the Engineer.

### 3.3 AIR REMOVAL

- A. Following flushing, and before applying the specified test pressure, air shall be completely expelled from the mains, valves, and hydrants. After all air has been expelled, the air blowoffs can be closed, and the test pressure applied.

### 3.4 PRESSURE TEST

- A. All new water mains, or any sections thereof, shall be subjected to a hydrostatic pressure of at least 1.5 times the working pressure that will exist at the point of testing, or 150 psi, whichever is greater. Test pressures shall meet the following requirements:
  1. Be of at least 2-hour duration.
  2. Be not less than 1.25 times the expected system working pressure at the highest point along the test section.
  3. Not exceed main or thrust-restraint design pressures.
  4. Not vary by more than + 5 psi for the duration of the test.
  5. Not exceed 2-times the rated pressure of the valves or hydrants when the pressure boundary includes closed valves or hydrants. Valves shall not be operated in either direction at differential pressure greater than the rated pressure.
  6. Not exceed 1.5-times the rated pressure of the valves when the pressure boundary of the test section includes closed butterfly valves or resilient seated gate valves.
- B. Each section of main shall be slowly raised to the specified test pressure for two separate periods. The first period shall be for 15-minutes, after which the pressure shall be allowed to drop slowly back to system pressure. The pressure shall then be slowly raised again to the specified test pressure and maintained for 2-hours. The test pressure shall be based on the elevation of the lowest point of the main, in the test section and shall be corrected to the elevation of the test gauge, as directed by the Engineer. The test pressure shall be applied by means of a pump connected to the main, in an approved manner, and which will prevent any backflow into the existing system. Valves shall not be operated in either the closing or opening direction, at differential pressure greater than the rated pressure.
- C. Any exposed main, fittings, valves, hydrants and joints shall be carefully examined during the test. Any damaged or defective main, fittings, hydrants, or valves discovered following, or as a result of the pressure test shall be repaired or replaced with sound material. If faulty materials are removed and replaced, the pressure testing procedure shall be repeated.

### 3.5 LEAKAGE TEST

- A. Leakage testing shall be conducted concurrently with the pressure test.
- B. Leakage is defined as the quantity of water that must be pumped into the new main during the test, or any section thereof, required to maintain pressure within 5 psi of the starting test pressure. Leakage shall be recorded to the nearest one-tenth of a gallon. The Contractor shall employ qualified personnel throughout the testing. Leakage shall not be measured by a drop in pressure over a period of time.
- C. Leakage in the test section must be less than an amount determined as follows:

$$L = \frac{SD(P^{0.5})}{133,200}, \text{ where}$$

L = allowable gallons of leakage per hour

S = the length of main tested, in feet

D = the nominal main diameter in inches

P = the average test pressure during the test, in psi

- D. The leakage formula is based allowable leakage of 11.65 gallons per day, per mile of main, per inch (nominal) of main diameter, at a pressure of 150 psi. Allowable leakage under various conditions is shown below.

#### Allowable Leakage per 1,000 Feet of Mainline

Average Test Pressure(psi)	Nominal Diameter (inches)						
	6	8	10	12	16	20	24
250	0.71	0.95	1.19	1.42	1.90	2.37	2.85
225	0.68	0.90	1.13	1.35	1.80	2.25	2.70
200	0.64	0.85	1.06	1.28	1.70	2.12	2.55
175	0.59	0.80	0.99	1.19	1.59	1.98	2.38
150	0.55	0.74	0.92	1.10	1.47	1.84	2.21
125	0.50	0.67	0.84	1.01	1.34	1.68	2.01
100	0.45	0.60	0.75	0.90	1.20	1.50	1.80

- If the mainline under test contains sections of various diameters, the allowable leakage will be the sum of the computed leakage for each size.
  - When testing against closed metal seated valves, an additional leakage shall be allowed per closed valve of 0.0078 gallons per hour, per inch of nominal valve diameter.
  - When hydrants are in the test section, the test shall be made against the closed hydrant(s).
- E. Acceptance shall be determined on the basis of allowable leakage. If leakage in any test is greater than that specified, the Contractor shall locate and make repairs as necessary until the leakage is within the specified allowance.
- All visible leaks are to be repaired regardless of the amount of leakage.

2. All water mains shall be pressure and leakage tested in the presence of the Engineer, in order to qualify for acceptance.

### 3.6 CHLORINATION

- A. The method of chlorination shall be the *Continuous Feed Method* as described hereinafter. Chlorination procedures will not be allowed until acceptable flushing and pressure testing has been performed and accepted. The continuous feed method consists of the following steps:
  1. Prior to the application of chlorine, confirm that valves are closed to prevent back-feeding chlorine solution into the existing system.
  2. At a point not more than 10 feet downstream from the beginning of the new main, fill the main with chlorinated potable water, having an initial concentration of 25 mg/l free chlorine residual.
    - a. Water from the existing distribution system or other approved source of supply shall flow at a constant measured rate, into the new main. In the absence of a meter, the rate may be approximated by measuring the discharge rate at the end of the test section with a pito-gauge or by measuring the time to fill a container of known volume.
  3. The application of chlorine solution shall continue until the entire main is filled with water having 25 mg/l of free available chlorine. To assure that 10 mg/l free chlorine residual concentration is achieved throughout the test section, the Contractor shall measure chlorine concentration at regular intervals.
- B. The amount of chlorine required to obtain a concentration of 25 mg/l per 100 feet of various diameter mains is as follows.

#### Chlorine Required to Obtain 25 mg/l per 100 feet of Various Diameters

Main Diameter (inches)	Sodium Hypochlorite (gallons)				Calcium Hypochlorite (ounces)
	5% Available Chlorine	10% Available Chlorine	12.5% Available Chlorine	15% Available Chlorine	65% Available Chlorine
4 (100mm)	0.03	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.02
6 (150mm)	0.08	0.04	0.03	0.03	0.75
8 (200mm)	0.13	0.07	0.06	0.06	1.30
10 (250mm)	0.20	0.10	0.09	0.07	2.10
12 (300mm)	0.28	0.15	0.12	0.10	2.90

1. The above quantities are to be added to a sufficient quantity of water, dissolved, and mixed. The solution shall be injected into the main as specified.
  2. The quantities shown are based on concentrations of available chlorine by volume. Extended or improper storage may have caused a loss of available chlorine.
- C. The chlorinated water shall be retained in the main for a minimum of 24-hours. At the end of this 24 hour period, retest portions of the main to confirm that a minimum of 10

mg/l free available chlorine residual exists in the main. If the residual chlorine is less than 10 mg/L, acceptable bacteria results may not be obtained.

### 3.7 FINAL FLUSHING OF CHLORINATED WATER

- A. After the initial 24-hour period period, the heavily chlorinated water shall be flushed from the main until chlorine measurements show the concentration in water leaving the main is no higher than that generally prevailing in the system.
- B. The Contractor shall obtain approval of location(s) for discharging the heavily chlorinated water, which will result from the chlorination procedures. Great care shall be exercised in the selection of the rate of flow and the discharge points, in order to minimize complaints, and damage to public or private property.
- C. The heavily chlorinated water shall be suitably and thoroughly neutralized prior to disposal into the environment. In no case shall chlorinated or neutralized water be discharged directly into a water body. If necessary, state, federal, and local regulatory agencies should be contacted to determine special provisions for the disposal of heavily chlorinated water.

### 3.8 BACTERIOLOGICAL TESTS

- A. After final flushing and before the water main is placed in service, water samples shall be collected twice (24-hours apart) by the Engineer or Owner and tested for bacteriological quality in accordance with standard methods. Water samples shall show the absence of coliform organisms and background bacteria.
- B. If, during construction, trench water has entered the main, or if in the opinion of the Engineer excessive quantities of dirt or debris have entered the main, bacteriological samples shall be taken at intervals of approximately 200 feet and shall be identified as to location. Samples shall be taken of water that has stood in the main for at least 24-hours after final flushing has been completed.
- C. Samples shall be obtained through a corporation cock and copper tubing installed by the Contractor.
- D. The Engineer or Owner shall deliver samples to a laboratory approved by the Department of Health Services for bacterial analysis. The Owner shall pay for the cost of analysis. Only after each consecutive sample is approved shall the mains be incorporated into the water system. In the event that positive reports of contamination are received, the mains shall be flushed and chlorinated as many times as may be necessary to obtain approved (negative) results.

### 3.9 RE-CHLORINATION

- A. If the initial chlorination fails to produce satisfactory bacteriological samples, the main shall be re-flushed and re-sampled.

3.10 CHLORINATION PROCEDURES WHEN CUTTING INTO OR REPAIRING EXISTING MAINS

- A. Trench Treatment. If during excavation the trench is either wet or filled with water, it is recommended that liberal quantities of hypochlorite tablets be applied to open trench areas to lessen the danger from pollution.
- B. The interior of all main and fittings used in making a repair shall be swabbed or sprayed with a 1 percent hypochlorite solution before they are installed.
- C. If valve and hydrant locations permit thorough flushing toward the work location from both directions, it shall be done. Flushing shall be started as soon as the repairs are completed and shall be continued until discolored water is eliminated.
- D. Slug Chlorination. Where practical and in addition to the procedures above, a section of main in which the break is located shall be isolated. All service connections shall be shut off, and the section flushed and chlorinated by the *Slug Chlorination* method. This method allows the chlorine dose to be increased to as much as 300 mg/l, and the contact time reduced to as little as 1-hour. After chlorination, the section shall be properly flushed until discolored water is eliminated and the water is free of noticeable chlorine odor.
- E. Bacteriological samples shall be taken after repairs. If the direction of flow is unknown, samples shall be taken on each side of the main break. If positive samples are recorded, daily sampling shall be continued until two consecutive negative samples are recorded.

END OF SECTION

SECTION 02751SEWER FLOW CONTROLPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

- A. Work Included: During the replacement of sewer lines and manholes, the contractor shall by-pass each section temporarily out of service. During sewer line joint testing the contractor shall control flows in sewer lines when they exceed 1/4 of the pipe diameter or when inspection of the complete periphery of the pipe is necessary to effectively conduct inspection operations.
- B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere:
1. Sewer line cleaning is specified in the appropriate sections in this Division.
  2. Final sewer testing is specified in Division 2.

1.2 PERFORMANCE

- A. Plugging or Blocking:
1. Insert plug at a manhole upstream of line to be inspected and tested.
  2. Plug shall be so designed that all or any portion of the sewage flows can be released.
  3. Flows shall be shut off or substantially reduced during line testing.
- B. Pumping and Bypassing:
1. When required, supply the necessary pumps, conduits and other equipment (including standby equipment) to divert the flow of sewage around the line in which work is being performed.
  2. Furnish the necessary labor and 24-hour supervision to set up and operate the pumping and bypassing system.
  3. When required on a 24-hour basis, all engines shall be equipped with silencers.

END OF SECTION



SECTION 02755FINAL SEWER TESTINGPART 1 - GENERAL1.1 DESCRIPTION

## A. Work Included:

1. Final sewer testing work includes the performance of testing and inspecting each and every length of sewer pipe, pipe joints and each item of appurtenant construction.
2. Testing will be performed by the Owner at a time acceptable to the Contractor and Engineer, which may be during the construction operations, after completion of a substantial and convenient section of the work, or after the completion of all pipe laying operations.
3. Testing will be completed after all utility work in a section of roadway is completed.

## B. Related Work Specified Elsewhere (When Applicable):

1. Excavation, backfill, dewatering, pipe, pipe fittings and manholes are specified in the appropriate Sections in this Division.
2. Manhole testing is specified in Section 02601 - Manholes, Covers and Frames.

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

Not Applicable

PART 3 - EXECUTION3.1 PERFORMANCE

## A. General:

1. All sewers, manholes, and appurtenant work, in order to be eligible for acceptance by the Engineer, shall be subjected to tests that will determine the degree of watertightness and horizontal and vertical alignment.
2. Thoroughly clean and/or flush and vacuum all sewer lines to be tested, in a manner and to the extent acceptable to the Engineer, prior to initiating test procedures.
3. Perform all tests and inspections in the presence of the Engineer and the sewer Superintendent or his agent.
4. Remedial Work:
  - a. Perform all work necessary to correct deficiencies discovered as a result of testing and/or inspections.
  - b. Completely retest all portions of the original construction on which remedial work has been performed.
  - c. Perform all remedial work and retesting in a manner and at a time acceptable to by the Engineer at no additional cost to the Owner.

- B. Alignment Tests (Gravity Sewers):
  - 1. Perform tests for the correctness of horizontal and vertical alignment on each and every length of gravity sewer pipeline between manholes.
  - 2. Alignment tests to be conducted after all pipe has been installed and backfilled.
  - 3. The observation test shall be conducted after all upstream work has been completed and the pipeline cleaned of debris.
  - 4. CCTV inspections of the sewer lines shall be completed by the Owner .
  - 5. No standing water shall be allowed. The presence of standing water shall be cause for rejection of that pipe (including manhole) section.
  - 6. Improper alignment will be corrected by re-excavation and resetting of pipe at no additional cost to the Owner.
- C. Pipe Deflection: (Gravity Sewers)
  - 1. Pipe provided under this specification shall be installed so there is no more than a maximum deflection of 5.0 percent. Such deflection shall be determined via CCTV inspections of the sewer line by the Owner.
  - 2. Should the installed pipe fail to meet this requirement, the Contractor shall do all work to correct the problem as the Engineer may require without additional compensation.
- D. Television Inspection Tests (Gravity Sewers)
  - 1. Television inspection testing will be undertaken by the Owner.
  - 2. No standing water shall be allowed. The presence of standing water may be cause for rejection of that pipe.
  - 3. Any standing water, detectable leaks, improper joints or any other unacceptable feature detected by the television inspection will be corrected by re-excavation and resetting pipe at no additional cost to the Owner.
- E. Inspection of Appurtenant Installations:
  - 1. Completely inspect, at a time determined by the Engineer, all manholes and inlets to ascertain their compliance with the Drawings and Specifications.
  - 2. Provide access to each manhole and inlet and check the following characteristics:
    - a. Shape and finish of invert channels,
    - b. Watertightness and finish of masonry structures,
    - c. Location, type, and attachment of stops,
    - d. Elevation and attachment of frames, covers, and openings,
    - e. Pattern and machining of covers, and
    - f. Drop connection arrangements.
    - g. Debris in invert.

END OF SECTION





**US Army Corps  
of Engineers**<sup>®</sup>  
New England District

**Appendix B: Category 1 Notification Form**  
(for all Inland and Navigable Water Projects  
in Maine subject to Corps jurisdiction)

Two (2) weeks **before** work commences, submit this to the following mailing address or complete the form at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg), "State General Permits," "Maine." Call (207) 623-8367 with any questions.

Maine Project Office (attn: Jay Clement)

U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

New England District

675 Western Avenue #3

Manchester, Maine 04351

State Permit Number: No state permit required

Date of State Permit: \_\_\_\_\_

State Project Manager: \_\_\_\_\_

Permittee: Maine Department of Transportation

Address, City, State & Zip: 16 State House Station Augusta ME 04333

Phone(s) and Email: (207) 624-3100 kristen.chamberlain@maine.gov

Contractor: \_\_\_\_\_

Address, City, State & Zip: \_\_\_\_\_

Phone(s) and Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Consultant/Engineer/Designer: Ralph Webster, Gorrill-Palmer Consulting Engineers, Inc.

Address, City, State & Zip: PO Box 1237/ 16 Shaker Road, Gray ME 04039

Phone(s) and Email: (207) 657-6910 mailbox@gorrillpalmer.com

Wetland/Vernal Pool Consultant: MaineDOT Environmental Office, Richard Bostwick

Address, City, State & Zip: 16 State House Station, Augusta ME 04333

Phone(s) and Email: (207) 592-3904 Richard.bostwick@maine.gov

Project Location/Description: Rt 4/17-Reconstruction

Address, City, State & Zip: Pineau Street in Jay to Bridge Street in Livermore Falls

Latitude/Longitude Coordinates: \_\_\_\_\_

Waterway Name: no in-water work

Work Description: Reconstruction with grading, base, drainage, and pavement

Provide any prior Corps permit numbers: n/a

Proposed Work Dates: Start: 4/2011 Finish: \_\_\_\_\_

Area of wetland impact: 150 SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters)

Area of waterway impact: \_\_\_\_\_ SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters)

Area of compensatory mitigation provided: n/a SF

Work will be done under the following Appendix A categories (circle all that apply):

I. Inland Waters and wetlands:  a    b    c    d    e

II. Navigable Waters:                    a    b    c    d    e    f    g

Your name/signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms, eligibility criteria, and general conditions of Category 1 of the Maine General Permit.

Permittee Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Permittee Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Resident signs here

**DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY  
GENERAL PERMIT  
STATE OF MAINE**

The New England District of the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (Corps) hereby issues this General Permit (GP) for activities in waters of the United States (U.S.) that have no more than minimal individual, secondary, and cumulative adverse effects on the aquatic environment in waters of the U.S. within the boundaries of and off the coast of the State of Maine.

**I. GENERAL CRITERIA**

In order for activities to qualify for this GP, they must meet the GP's terms and eligibility criteria (Pages 1 – 4), general conditions (GC) (Pages 5 – 18), and Appendix A - Definition of Categories.

Under this GP, projects may qualify for the following:

- Category 1: Category 1 Notification Form required.  
(Submittal of the Category 1 Notification Form at Appendix B to the Corps is required.)
- Category 2: Application required.  
(Submittal of an application to the Corps is required and written approval from the Corps must be received.)

If your project is ineligible for Category 1, it may qualify for Category 2 or an Individual Permit and you must submit an application (see Page 3). The thresholds for Categories 1 and 2 are defined in Appendix A. This GP does not affect the Corps Individual Permit review process or activities exempt from Corps regulation.

**II. ACTIVITIES COVERED:**

- Work and structures that are located in, under or over any navigable water of the U.S.<sup>1</sup> that affect the course, location, condition, or capacity of such waters; or the excavating from or depositing of material in such waters. The Corps regulates this under Section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899);
- The discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S.<sup>2</sup>. The Corps regulates this under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (CWA).<sup>3</sup>
- The transportation of dredged material for the purpose of disposal in the ocean. The Corps regulates this under Section 103 of the Marine Protection, Research and Sanctuaries Act.

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<sup>1</sup> Defined at 33 CFR 329 and Appendix A, Page 4.

<sup>2</sup> Defined at 33 CFR 328

<sup>3</sup> When there is a regulated discharge of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., the Corps will also consider secondary impacts, which are defined at Appendix A, Endnote/Definition 2.

### III. PROCEDURES:

#### 1. State Approvals

Applicants are responsible for applying for and obtaining any of the required state or local approvals (see GC 1, Page 5). Federal and state jurisdictions may differ in some instances. State permits may be required for specific projects regardless of the general permit category.

In order for authorizations under this GP to be valid, when any of the following state approvals or statutorily-required reviews is also required, the approvals must be obtained prior to the commencement of work in Corps jurisdiction.

- Maine Department of Environmental Protection (DEP): Natural Resources Protection Act (NRPA) permit, including permit-by-rule and general permit authorizations; Site Location of Development Act permit; and Maine Waterway Development and Conservation Act permit.
- Maine Department of Conservation: Land Use Regulation Commission (LURC) permit.
- Maine Department of Marine Resources: Aquaculture Leases.
- Maine Department of Conservation, Bureau of Parks and Lands, Submerged Lands: Lease

NOTE: This GP may authorize projects that are not regulated by the State of Maine (e.g., seasonal floats or moorings).

#### 2. Corps Authorizations

##### a. Category 1 (Submission of Category 1 Notification Form required)

##### Eligibility Criteria

Activities in Maine that:

- Are subject to Corps jurisdiction (see GC 2, Page 5),
- Meet the terms and eligibility criteria of this GP (Pages 1 - 4),
- Meet all GCs of this GP (Pages 5 – 18), and
- Meet the definition of Category 1 in Appendix A - Definition of Categories,

##### **may proceed without application to the Corps provided:**

- The Category 1 Notification Form (Appendix B) is submitted to the Corps before starting the work authorized by this GP.

Consultation with the Corps and/or outside experts may be necessary to ensure compliance with this GP's general conditions (starting on Page 5) and related federal laws such as the National Historic Preservation Act, the Endangered Species Act (ESA), and the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act. For example, experts on historic resources may include the agencies and tribes referenced in GC 8, while experts on endangered species include the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) and National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS). Project proponents are encouraged to contact the Corps with Category 1 eligibility questions.

Work that is not regulated by the State of Maine, but is subject to Corps jurisdiction, is eligible for Category 1 authorization under this GP. The Maine DEP and LURC have waived WQC for projects authorized under Categories 1 and 2 of this GP. The state has concurred with the determination that projects authorized under Categories 1 and 2 of this GP are consistent with the enforceable policies of the Maine CZM Program.

## **b. Category 2 (Application to and written approval from the Corps required)**

### **Eligibility Criteria**

Activities in Maine that:

- Are subject to Corps jurisdiction (see GC 2, Page 5),
- Meet the terms of this GP (Pages 1 - 4),
- Meet all GCs of this GP (Pages 5 - 18),
- Meet the definition of Category 2 in Appendix A - Definition of Categories,

**require an application to and written approval from the Corps.** The Corps will coordinate review of Category 2 activities with federal and state agencies, as appropriate. To be eligible and subsequently authorized, an activity must result in no more than minimal impacts to the aquatic environment as determined by the Corps based on comments from the review team and the criteria listed above. This may require project modifications involving avoidance, minimization or compensatory mitigation for unavoidable impacts to ensure the net effects of a project are minimal. Compensatory mitigation for waterway/wetland impacts may take the form of wetland preservation, restoration, enhancement, creation, and/or “in-lieu fee” for inclusion into the Natural Resources Mitigation Fund. See [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg), “Mitigation” and then “Maine” for more information.

Work that is not regulated by the State of Maine, but is subject to Corps jurisdiction, is eligible for Category 2 authorization under this GP. The Maine DEP and LURC have waived WQC for projects authorized under Categories 1 and 2 of this GP. The state has concurred with the determination that projects authorized under Categories 1 and 2 of this GP are consistent with the enforceable policies of the Maine CZM Program.

## **3. Applying for a Permit**

All applicants for Category 2 projects must:

- a.** Apply directly to the Corps using the state application form or the Corps application form (ENG Form 4345<sup>1</sup>), and apply directly to the state (DEP, LURC, BPL or DMR) as applicable using the appropriate state form, if the work is regulated by the Corps and the state.
- b.** Apply directly to the Corps using the Corps application form (ENG Form 4345<sup>1</sup>) if the work is regulated by the Corps but not the state (DEP, LURC, BPL or DMR).
- c.** Provide application information (see “Information Typically Required” in Appendix C) to help ensure the application is complete and to speed project review.
- d.** Submit a copy of their application materials to the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) and the five Indian tribes listed at Appendix D, at the same time, or before, they apply to the state (DEP or LURC) or the Corps, to be reviewed for the presence of historic, archaeological or tribal resources in the permit area that the proposed work may affect. Submittals to the DEP or Corps shall include information to indicate that this has been done (a copy of the applicant’s cover letter to MHPC and tribes or a copy of the MHPC and tribal response letters is acceptable).

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<sup>1</sup> Located at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Forms.”

#### **4. Review Procedures**

The Corps will coordinate review of all Category 2 activities with federal and state agencies, as appropriate, to ensure that the work will result in no more than a minimal impact to the aquatic environment. Applicants are responsible for applying for the appropriate state and local approvals listed on Page 2.

**Emergency Procedures:** 33 CFR 325.2(e)4 states that an “emergency” is a situation which would result in an unacceptable hazard to life, a significant loss of property, or an immediate, unforeseen, and significant economic hardship if corrective action requiring a permit is not undertaken within a time period less than the normal time needed to process the application under standard procedures.” The Corps will work with all applicable agencies to expedite authorization according to established procedures in emergency situations.

**Individual Permit Procedures:** Proponents of work that does not meet the terms and general conditions of this GP must submit the Corps application form and the appropriate application materials to the Corps at the earliest possible date in order to expedite the Individual Permit review process. General information and application forms can be obtained at our website or by calling us (see Appendix D). Individual WQC and CZM consistency concurrence are required when applicable from the State of Maine before Corps permit issuance. The Corps encourages applicants to concurrently apply for a Corps Individual Permit and state permits.

#### **5. Approval Process**

Applicants for Category 2 activities may not proceed with work in Corps jurisdiction until written authorization is received from the Corps. If the Corps determines that the Category 2 activity is eligible for the GP, the Corps will send an authorization letter directly to the applicant. The Corps will attempt to issue a written eligibility determination within the state’s review period. If the Corps determines that the activity is not eligible under the GP or that additional information is required, the Corps will notify the applicant in writing and send a copy to the DEP or LURC. Applicants are responsible for obtaining all applicable approvals listed on Page 2 from the appropriate state and local agencies before commencing work in Corps jurisdiction.



## V. GENERAL PERMIT CONDITIONS:

The following conditions apply to activities authorized under this Maine GP, unless otherwise specified, including all Category 1 (notification required) and Category 2 (application required) activities:

**1. Other Permits.** Authorization under this GP does not obviate the need to obtain other federal, state, or local authorizations required by law. This includes, but is not limited to, the project proponent obtaining a Flood Hazard Development Permit issued by the town, if necessary. Inquiries may be directed to the municipality or to the Maine Floodplain Management Coordinator at (207) 287-8063. See [www.maine.gov/spo/flood](http://www.maine.gov/spo/flood).

### **2. Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries.**

**(a)** Applicability of this GP shall be evaluated with reference to federal jurisdictional boundaries. Applicants are responsible for ensuring that the boundaries used satisfy the federal criteria defined at 33 CFR 328 “Waters of the U.S.” and 33 CFR 329 “Navigable Waters of the U.S.”

Note: Waters of the U.S. include the subcategories “navigable waters of the U.S.” and “wetlands.”

**(b)** For Category 1 projects, proponents are not required to delineate the waters of the U.S. that they plan to impact, but must approximate the square footage of impacts in order to determine the review category (1 or 2 or Individual Permit). For projects filling <15,000 SF of waters of the U.S. that do not qualify for Category 1 (e.g., vernal pool, secondary or endangered species impacts, etc.) and therefore require an application to the Corps, and for those filling  $\geq$ 15,000 SF, applicants shall delineate all waters of the U.S. that will be filled (direct impacts) in accordance with the Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual and the most recent regional supplements (see Appendix E). In addition, applicants shall approximately identify all waters of the U.S. on the property and known waters adjacent to the property in order for the Corps to evaluate secondary impacts. The waters of the U.S. shall be clearly shown on the project plans submitted with the application. This includes all waters of the U.S. in areas under DEP or LURC jurisdiction regardless of whether they’re shown on LURC zoning maps.

**(c)** On a case-by-case basis, the Corps may modify/refine the above delineation and identification requirements for waters of the U.S.

### **3. Minimal Direct, Secondary and Cumulative Impacts.**

**(a)** Projects authorized by this GP shall have no more than minimal direct, secondary and cumulative adverse environmental impacts. Category 2 applicants should provide information on secondary and cumulative impacts as stated in Appendix C. Compensatory mitigation may be required to offset unavoidable impacts (see GC 16) and to ensure that they are no more than minimal. Compensatory mitigation requirements will be determined on a case-by-case basis.

**(b)** Secondary impacts to waterway and/or wetland areas, (e.g., areas drained, flooded, cleared, excavated or fragmented) shall be added to the total fill area when determining whether the project qualifies for Category 1 or 2. Direct, secondary and cumulative impacts are defined at Appendix A, Endnote 2.

**(c)** Site clearing, grading and construction activities in the upland habitat surrounding vernal pools (“Vernal Pool Management Areas”) are secondary impacts. See GC 28 for avoidance and minimization requirements and recommendations.

**4. Discretionary Authority.** Notwithstanding compliance with the terms and conditions of this permit, the Corps retains discretionary authority to require Category 2 or Individual Permit review based on concerns for the aquatic environment or for any other factor of the public interest [33 CFR

320.4(a)]. This authority is invoked on a case-by-case basis whenever the Corps determines that the potential consequences of the proposal warrant a higher level of review based on the concerns stated above. This authority may be invoked for projects that may contribute to cumulative environmental impacts that are more than minimal or if there is a special resource or concern associated with a particular project that is not already covered by the remaining conditions of the GP and that warrants greater review. Whenever the Corps notifies an applicant that an Individual Permit may be required, the project is not authorized under this GP and no work may be conducted until an Individual Permit is obtained or until the Corps notifies the applicant that further review has demonstrated that the work may proceed under this GP.

## **5. Single and Complete Projects.**

**(a)** This GP shall not be used to piecemeal work and shall be applied to single and complete projects<sup>1</sup>. When determining the review category in Appendix A (Category 1 or 2) for a single and complete project, proponents must include any permanent historic fill placed since October 1995 that is associated with that project and all currently proposed temporary and permanent impact areas.

**(b)** A single and complete project must have independent utility<sup>1</sup>.

**(c)** Unless the Corps determines the activity has independent utility<sup>1</sup>:

**i.** This GP shall not be used for any activity that is part of an overall project for which an Individual Permit is required,

**ii.** All components of a single project and/or all planned phases of a multi-phased project (e.g., subdivisions should include all work such as roads, utilities, and lot development) shall be treated together as constituting one single and complete project<sup>1</sup>.

**(d)** For linear projects, such as power lines or pipelines with multiple crossings, the single and complete project<sup>1</sup> is all crossings of a single water of the U.S. (i.e., single waterbody) at a specific location. For linear projects crossing a single waterbody several times at separate and distant locations, each crossing is considered a single and complete project. However, individual channels in a braided stream or river, or individual arms of a large, irregularly-shaped wetland or lake, etc., are not separate waterbodies and crossings of such features cannot be considered separately. If any crossing requires a Category 2 activity, then the entire linear project shall be reviewed as one project under Category 2.

**6. Permit On-Site.** For Category 2 projects, the permittee shall ensure that a copy of this GP and the accompanying authorization letter are at the work site (and the project office) authorized by this GP whenever work is being performed, and that all personnel with operation control of the site ensure that all appropriate personnel performing work are fully aware of its terms and conditions. The entire permit authorization shall be made a part of any and all contracts and sub-contracts for work that affects areas of Corps jurisdiction at the site of the work authorized by this GP. This shall be achieved by including the entire permit authorization in the specifications for work. The term “entire permit authorization” means this GP and the authorization letter (including its drawings, plans, appendices and other attachments) and also includes permit modifications. If the authorization letter is issued after the construction specifications, but before receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit authorization shall be included as an addendum to the specifications. If the authorization letter is issued after receipt of bids or quotes, the entire permit authorization shall be included in the contract or sub-contract. Although the permittee may assign various aspects of the work to different contractors or sub-contractors, all contractors and sub-contractors shall be obligated by contract to comply with all environmental protection provisions contained within the entire GP authorization, and no contract or sub-contract shall require or allow unauthorized work in areas of Corps jurisdiction.

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<sup>1</sup> Single and Complete Project and Independent Utility are defined at Appendix E.

**7. St. John/St. Croix Rivers.** Work within the Saint John and Saint Croix River basins that requires approval of the International Joint Commission is not eligible for Category 1 and an application to the Corps is required if any temporary or permanent use, obstruction or diversion of international boundary waters could affect the natural flow or levels of waters on the Canadian side of the line; or if any construction or maintenance of remedial works, protective works, dams, or other obstructions in waters downstream from boundary waters could raise the natural level of water on the Canadian side of the boundary.

**8. Historic Properties.** No activity otherwise authorized by this GP shall result in effects (as that term is defined at 36 C.F.R. § 800.16(i)) on properties listed on, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties, unless and until the Corps or another federal agency has satisfied the consultation requirements of Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act. Work is not eligible for Category 1 and an application to the Corps is required if the activity may have the potential to cause effects to any historic properties listed, determined to be eligible for listing on, or potentially eligible for listing on the National Register of Historic Places, including previously unidentified properties. Work is eligible for Category 1 if a no effect or no adverse effect determination has been made for that work by another federal action agency in its Section 106 consultation with the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) and the five federally recognized Indian tribes listed at Appendix D. Information on the location and existence of known historic resources can be obtained from the MHPC, the National Register of Historic Places, and the five tribes listed in Appendix D. Historic properties include those that are eligible for inclusion, but not necessarily listed on the National Register. If the permittee, either prior to construction or during construction of the work authorized herein, encounters a previously unidentified archaeological or other cultural resource within the area subject to Corps jurisdiction that might be eligible for listing in the National Register of Historic Places, he/she shall stop work and immediately notify the Corps and the MHPC and/or applicable tribe(s).

**9. National Lands.** None of the following work is eligible as a Category 1 project:

(a) Activities that impinge upon the value of any National Wildlife Refuge, National Forest, National Marine Sanctuary, National Park or any other area administered by the National Park Service, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) or U.S. Forest Service.

(b) Work on Corps properties and Corps-controlled easements. Contact the Corps, Real Estate Division (978) 318-8585 to initiate reviews about both Corps holdings and permit requirements.

(c) Any proposed temporary or permanent modification or use of a federal project (including but not limited to a levee, dike, floodwall, channel, sea wall, bulkhead, jetty, wharf, pier, or other work built but not necessarily owned by the United States), which would obstruct or impair the usefulness of the federal project in any manner, and/or would involve changes to the authorized federal project's scope, purpose, and/or functioning that go beyond minor modifications required for normal operation and maintenance (requires review and approval by the Corps pursuant to 33 USC 408). Federal projects in Maine as of October 2010 are shown at Appendix F. This map may not be inclusive of all projects.

**10. Endangered Species.**

(a) No activity may be authorized under Category 1 of this GP which:

i. "May affect" a threatened or endangered species, a species proposed for listing as threatened or endangered, or designated or proposed critical habitat (all herein referred to as "listed species or habitat") as identified under the federal Endangered Species Act (ESA) (unless specified in a programmatic agreement with NMFS or USFWS),

- ii. Results in a “take” of any federally-listed threatened or endangered species of fish or wildlife, or
- iii. Results in any other violation of Section 9 of the ESA protecting threatened or endangered species of plants.

(b) Work in Inland Waters and Wetlands<sup>1</sup> and the non-tidal portions of Navigable Waters<sup>2</sup> (e.g., the Penobscot River, Kennebec River) is not eligible for Category 1 if:

- i. The project action area occurs within a watershed occupied by listed Atlantic salmon or shortnose sturgeon. Project proponents must check the site in Footnote 3 below.
- ii. In areas outside these watersheds contact the USFWS (see Appendix D, Page 1 for contact information) to check for the presence of other listed species.

(c) Work in the tidal portions of Navigable Waters may be eligible for Category 1. Reference Appendix A, II. Navigable Waters, Pages 4 – 9, and the other terms and general conditions (GC 11 is particularly relevant) of this GP to determine Category 1 eligibility. Project proponents must contact the USFWS (see Appendix D, Page 1 for contact information) to ensure that work in all tidal portions of Navigable Waters<sup>2</sup> is not in critical habitat or areas occupied by listed species other than Atlantic salmon or shortnose sturgeon.

(d) Although some work is excluded from Category 1 as stated in (b) and (c) above, work may qualify for Category 1 if a no effect determination has been made for that work by a federal action agency such as the Corps.

(e) Proponents must submit an application to the Corps if any of the activities in 10(a)-10(c) that do not qualify for Category 1 may occur and provide information on federally-listed species or habitat to allow the Corps to conduct any required consultation under Section 7 of the ESA.

(f) The Corps review may consider species listed as endangered and threatened pursuant to Maine state law.

**11. Essential Fish Habitat.** Any work in the following rivers and streams, including all tributaries to the extent that they are currently or were historically accessible for salmon migration, shall not be authorized under Category 1 of the GP and must be screened for potential impacts to EFH (see Appendix E for more information).

Androscoggin River	Aroostook River	Boyden River	Dennys River
Ducktrap River	East Machias River	Hobart Stream	Kennebec River
Machias River	Narraguagus River	Orland River	Passagassawaukeag River
Patten Stream	Penobscot River	Pleasant River	Presumpscot River
Saco River	Sheepscoot River	St. Croix River	Tunk Stream
			Union River

The above does not apply to the following activities which may qualify for Category 1 work:

- Exploratory drilling and borings for bridges.
- Moorings (see Appendix A, Page 6 for Category 1 thresholds and requirements)
- Structures and floats (see Appendix A, Page 7 for Category 1 thresholds and requirements)
- Other activities specified in a programmatic agreement with NMFS.

<sup>1</sup> See Appendix A, Page 1 for definition.

<sup>2</sup> See Appendix A, Page 4 for definition.

<sup>3</sup> For areas considered occupied by listed Atlantic salmon and/or shortnose sturgeon in Inland Waters and Wetlands, and in Navigable Waters, see: [www.nero.noaa.gov/prot\\_res/altsalmon/dpsmaps.html](http://www.nero.noaa.gov/prot_res/altsalmon/dpsmaps.html). Tidal portions of navigable waters occupied by listed Atlantic salmon are more specifically described as those waters from the Kennebec River to its mouth at Merrymeeting Bay, northeast to the Dennys River, including the Androscoggin River upstream to the Brunswick Dam, and other streams northeast of this line to the limit of their tidal reaches.

**12. Wild and Scenic Rivers.** Any activity that occurs in the designated main stem of, within 0.25 mile up or downstream of the designated main stem of, or in tributaries within .25 miles of the designated main stem of a National Wild and Scenic River, or in “bordering and contiguous wetlands” (see Appendix A, Endnote 1) that are adjacent to the designated main stem of a National Wild and Scenic River, or that has the potential to alter flows within a river within the National Wild and Scenic River System, is not eligible for Category 1 regardless of size of the impacts. This condition applies to both designated Wild and Scenic Rivers and rivers officially designated by Congress as study rivers for possible inclusion while such rivers are in an official study status. National Wild and Scenic Rivers System segments for Maine as of October 2010 include: Allagash River beginning at Telos Dam continuing to Allagash checkpoint at Eliza Hole Rapids, approximately 3 miles upstream of the confluence with the St. John River (length = 92 miles).

**13. Federal Navigation Project.** Any structure or work that extends closer to the horizontal limits of any Corps Federal Navigation Project (see Appendix F) than a distance of three times the project’s authorized depth shall be subject to removal at the owner’s expense prior to any future Corps dredging or the performance of periodic hydrographic surveys. This is applicable to Category 1 and 2. Reference Appendix A, Page 6 (Mooring) and Page 7 (Structure and Floats).

**14. Navigation.**

(a) There shall be no unreasonable interference with navigation by the existence or use of the activity authorized herein and no attempt shall be made by the permittee to prevent the full and free use by the public of all navigable waters at or adjacent to the activity authorized herein.

(b) The permittee understands and agrees that, if future U.S. operations require the removal, relocation, or other alteration, of the structure or work herein authorized, or if, in the opinion of the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative, said structure or work shall cause unreasonable obstruction to the free navigation of the navigable waters, the permittee will be required, upon due notice from the Corps, to remove, relocate, or alter the structural work or obstructions caused thereby, without expense to the U.S. No claim shall be made against the U.S. on account of any such removal or alteration.

**15. Federal Liability.** In issuing this permit, the Federal Government does not assume any liability for the following: (a) damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of other permitted or unpermitted activities or from natural causes; (b) damages to the permitted project or uses thereof as a result of current or future activities undertaken by or on behalf of the U.S. in the public interest; (c) damages to persons, property, or to other permitted or unpermitted activities or structures caused by the activity authorized by this permit; (d) design or construction deficiencies associated with the permitted work; (e) damage claims associated with any future modification, suspension, or revocation of this permit.

**16. Avoidance, Minimization and Compensatory Mitigation.**

Discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable through consideration of alternatives. The Corps may require compensatory mitigation of unavoidable direct and secondary impacts associated with Category 2 projects on a case-by-case basis (see Appendix E).

**17. Heavy Equipment in Wetlands.** Operating heavy equipment other than fixed equipment (drill rigs, fixed cranes, etc.) within wetlands shall be minimized, and such equipment shall not be stored, maintained or repaired in wetlands, to the maximum extent practicable. Where construction requires heavy equipment operation in wetlands, the equipment shall either have low ground pressure

(typically <3 psi), or it shall be placed on swamp/construction/timber mats (herein referred to as “construction mats” and defined at Appendix A, Endnote 4) that are adequate to support the equipment in such a way as to minimize disturbance of wetland soil and vegetation. Construction mats are to be placed in the wetland from the upland or from equipment positioned on swamp mats if working within a wetland. Dragging construction mats into position is prohibited. Other support structures that are capable of safely supporting equipment may be used with written Corps authorization (Category 2 authorization or Individual Permit). Similarly, the permittee may request written authorization from the Corps to waive use of mats during frozen, dry or other conditions. An adequate supply of spill containment equipment shall be maintained on site.

### **18. Temporary Fill.**

Temporary fill that qualifies for Category 1 (e.g., <15,000 SF of combined temporary and permanent fill associated with the single and complete project) or is authorized in writing under Category 2, shall adhere to the following:

- (a) All temporary fill shall be stabilized to prevent its eroding into portions of waters of the U.S., including wetlands, where it is not authorized.
- (b) Unconfined temporary fill authorized for discharge into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, shall consist of material that minimizes impacts to water quality (e.g. sandbags, clean gravel, stone, aggregate, etc.).
- (c) Temporary fill authorized for discharge into wetlands should be placed on geotextile fabric or other material (e.g., straw) laid on the pre-construction wetland grade where practicable to minimize impacts.
- (d) Temporary fill shall be removed as soon as it is no longer needed, disposed of at an upland site, and suitably contained to prevent subsequent erosion into waters of the U.S, including wetlands. To qualify for Category 1, temporary fill placed during the:
  - i. Growing season must be removed before the beginning of the next growing season.
  - ii. Non-growing season may remain throughout the following growing season, but must be removed before the beginning of the next growing season.
- (e) Waters of the U.S., including wetlands, where temporary fill was discharged shall be restored (see GC 19).
- (f) Appropriate measures must be taken to maintain normal downstream flows and minimize flooding to the maximum extent practicable, when temporary structures, work, and discharges, including cofferdams, are necessary for construction activities, access fills, or dewatering of construction sites. Temporary fills must be placed in a manner that will not be eroded by expected high flows (see GC 21).
- (g) Construction mats and corduroy roads (see GC 17 above) are considered as temporary fill when they are removed immediately upon work completion. The area must be restored (see GC 19).

### **19. Work Site Restoration.**

- (a) Wetland areas where permanent disturbance is not authorized shall be restored to their original condition and elevation, which under no circumstances shall be higher than the pre-construction elevation. Original condition means careful protection and/or removal of existing soil and vegetation, and replacement back to the original location such that the original soil layering and vegetation schemes are approximately the same, unless otherwise authorized.
- (b) Upon completion of construction, all disturbed wetland areas (the disturbance of these areas must be authorized) shall be properly stabilized. Any seed mix shall contain only plant species native to New England and shall not contain any species listed in the “Invasive and Other Unacceptable Plant Species” Appendix in the “New England District Compensatory Mitigation Guidance” (see Appendix E, Paragraph 6). This list may be updated periodically.
- (c) In areas of authorized temporary disturbance, if trees are cut they shall be cut at ground level and

not uprooted in order to prevent disruption to the wetland soil structure and to allow stump sprouts to revegetate the work area, unless otherwise authorized.

## **20. Bank Stabilization.**

(a) Projects involving construction or reconstruction/maintenance of bank stabilization structures within Corps jurisdiction shall be designed to minimize environmental effects, effects to neighboring properties, scour, etc. to the maximum extent practicable.

(b) Project proponents must design and construct bank stabilization projects using this sequential minimization process: avoidance of aquatic resource impacts, diversion of overland flow, vegetative stabilization, stone-sloped surfaces, and walls/bulkheads. Vertical walls/bulkheads shall only be used in situations where reflected wave energy can be tolerated. Refer to Appendix E for design guidance.

(c) Inland Water bank stabilization activities necessary for erosion prevention must meet all of the following criteria: (i) No material is placed in excess of the minimum needed for erosion protection; (ii) The activity is no more than 500 feet in length along the bank; (iii) The activity will not exceed an average of one cubic yard per running foot placed along the bank below the plane of the ordinary high water mark; (iv) Structures angled steeper than 1H:1V and any material other than angular or subangular stone or fiber roll revetments require at least a Category 2 review. (v) The activity does not involve discharges of dredged or fill material into special aquatic sites; (vi) No material is of the type, or is placed in any location, or in any manner, to impair surface water flow into or out of any water of the U.S.; (vii) No material is placed in a manner that will be eroded by normal or expected high flows (properly anchored trees and treetops may be used in low energy areas); and, (viii) The activity is not a stream channelization activity.

(d) Navigable Water bank stabilization activities are provided at Appendix A, Page 4.

## **21. Sedimentation and Erosion Control.**

(a) Adequate sedimentation and erosion control management measures, practices and devices, such as phased construction, installation of sediment control barriers (i.e. silt fence, vegetated filter strips, geotextile silt fences, erosion control mixes, hay bales or other devices) downhill of all exposed areas, retention of existing vegetated buffers, application of temporary mulching during construction, and permanent seeding and stabilization shall be installed and properly maintained to reduce erosion and retain sediment on-site during and after construction. They shall be capable of preventing erosion, of collecting sediment, suspended and floating materials, and of filtering fine sediment.

(b) Temporary sediment control barriers shall be removed upon completion of work, but not until all disturbed areas are permanently stabilized. The sediment collected by these sediment barriers shall be removed and placed at an upland location and stabilized to prevent its later erosion into a waterway or wetland.

(c) All exposed soil and other fills shall be permanently stabilized at the earliest practicable date (see GC 19).

## 22. Stream Work and Crossings<sup>1</sup>.

### Notes:

(a) GC 22(a) and (b) apply to Inland Waters and Wetlands (see Appendix A, Page 1 for definition) and Navigable Waters (see Appendix A, Page 4 for definition). GC 22(c)-(l) only apply to Inland Waters and Wetlands that are streams. All new and replacement crossings in Navigable Waters require an application to the Corps and at least a Category 2 review.

(b) In-stream work in a watershed occupied by listed Atlantic salmon or shortnose sturgeon [see GC 10(b)] and some stream work such as crossings on EFH waters (see GC 11) is not eligible for Category 1.

(c) “High-Quality Stream Segments” are shown at [www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps](http://www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps) and may be useful in evaluating impacts to fisheries. GIS shape files are under “Other Google Earth Interactive Maps” and PDFs by county are under “DEP GIS Maps.” See Appendix E, 8(b) for more information.

### Conditions:

(a) All permanent crossings of rivers, streams, brooks, etc. (hereon referred to as “streams”) shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed to **i**) withstand and to prevent the restriction of high flows to qualify for Category 1, and **ii**) not obstruct the movement of or not substantially disrupt the necessary life-cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody, including those species that normally migrate through the area, beyond the actual duration of construction unless the activity’s primary purpose is to impound water to qualify for Category 1 or 2. (NOTE: Areas of fill and/or cofferdams must be included in total waterway/wetlands impacts to determine applicability of this GP).

(b) Any work that temporarily or permanently impacts upstream or downstream flood conditions, or permanently impacts wetlands in excess of Category 1 thresholds, must be reviewed at least under Category 2. See the documents referenced in Appendix E, 8(c) and (d) for guidance.

(c) New Stream Crossings. For new stream crossings to qualify for Category 1:

**i.** Must ensure compliance with GC 22(a) and GC 22(b) above.

**ii.** Shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards provided on Page 14 and the stream simulation document listed at Appendix E, 8(a).

(d) Replacement Stream Crossings. For replacement stream crossings to qualify for Category 1:

**i.** Must ensure compliance with GC 22(a) and GC 22(b) above.

**ii.** Shall be designed and constructed in accordance with the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards provided on Page 14 and the stream simulation document listed at Appendix E, 8(a).

(e) Culvert Extensions. Culvert extensions on culverts that do not meet the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards do not qualify for Category 1 and require an application to the Corps at least as a Category 2 project.

(f) Temporary Stream Crossings.

Note: The General Stream Crossing Standards don’t apply to temporary stream crossings.

**i.** Temporary stream crossings or cofferdams shall be used for equipment access across streams [see Appendix E, 8(e)]. Note: Areas of fill and/or cofferdams must be included in total waterway/wetlands impacts to determine the review category in Appendix A.

**ii.** Temporary stream crossings shall be removed within 180 days to qualify for Category 1.

**iii.** Temporary stream crossings that are not spans<sup>2</sup> (typically culverts) must be designed in accordance with 1-6 below to qualify for Category 1. Category 2 applications should include information demonstrating 2-6 below:

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<sup>1</sup> This condition does not apply to non-tidal drainage systems and irrigation ditches excavated on dry land.

<sup>2</sup> For the purposes of this GP, spans are bridges, three-sided box culverts, open-bottom culverts or arches that span the stream with footings landward of bankfull width.



1. Installed and removed during the low flow period specified in GC 22(l) below.
2. Placed on geotextile fabric or other material where practicable to ensure restoration to the original grade. Soil may not be used to construct or stabilize these structures and rock must be large enough to allow for easy removal without disrupting the streambed.
3. Designed and maintained to withstand and pass high flows. Water height should be no higher than the top of the culvert's inlet. A minimum culvert diameter of two feet is required to pass debris. Culverts must be aligned to prevent bank erosion or streambed scour.
4. Equipped with energy dissipating devices installed downstream if necessary to prevent scour.
5. Designed and maintained to prevent soil from entering the waterbody.
6. Removed upon the completion of work. Impacts to the streambed or banks requires restoration to their original condition using stream simulation methods<sup>1</sup>.

**(g) Slip Lining.** Work using slip lining (retrofitting an existing culvert by inserting a smaller diameter pipe), invert lining, or resulting in decreased diameter, do not qualify for Category 1, either as new work or maintenance activities.

**(h) Work in Flowing Waters.** To qualify for Category 1, no unconfined fill [see GC 18(b)] or excavation in flowing waters is allowed. To accomplish this:

**i.** Bank stabilization work below ordinary high water (OHW) shall utilize erosion controls such as inflatable cofferdams, jersey barrier, silt screen, turbidity curtain, etc. where practicable to prevent sediment input to the stream and to minimize turbidity and sedimentation impacts for sensitive life stages. Bank stabilization above OHW must utilize erosion controls.

**ii.** Management techniques such as temporary flume pipes, culverts, cofferdams, etc. must be used to maintain normal flows within the stream boundary's confines, or water diversions may be used immediately up and downstream of the work footprint (see Appendix A, Endnote 6) or work must be performed in the dry under no flow conditions, or under very low flow conditions following the practices in GC 22(a).

**(i) Minimization.** In order to make the Category 2 review process more efficient and result in a faster decision, new and replacement stream crossings should be designed using the least intrusive and environmentally damaging method following this sequential minimization process: 1) spans with no stream impacts, 2) spans with stream impacts, and 3) embedded culverts with stream simulation or low-slope design.

**(j) Maintenance Requirements.** The permittee shall maintain the work authorized herein in good condition and in conformance with the terms and general conditions of this permit to facilitate aquatic life passage as stated in GC 22(a). Culverts that develop "hanging" inlets or outlets, result in bed washout, or a stream that doesn't match the characteristics of the substrate in the natural stream channel such as mobility, slope, stability confinement will require maintenance or repair to comply with this GC. This does not apply to GC 22(f) above.

**(k) Maintenance and Replacement Information.** An existing stream crossing must be authorized and in compliance with all conditions of its authorization(s) to qualify for maintenance not subject to regulation. See Appendix A, Endnote 7. A non-serviceable crossing is not eligible for maintenance and is therefore considered as a replacement crossing [see 22(d)].

**(l) Work Window.** For projects that otherwise meet the terms of Category 1, in-stream construction work shall be conducted during the low flow period July 15 - October 1 in any year. Projects that are not to be conducted during that time period are ineligible for Category 1 and shall be screened pursuant to Category 2, regardless of the waterway and wetland fill and/or impact area.

*(See next page for Corps General Stream Crossing Standards.)*

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<sup>1</sup> Design and construction shall be in accordance with the stream simulation document listed at Appendix E, 8(a).

Corps General Stream Crossing Standards (required for Category 1, recommended for Category 2):

(a) Culverts must be embedded:

- $\geq 2$  feet for box culverts and other culverts with smooth internal walls,
- $\geq 1$  foot for corrugated pipe arches
- $\geq 1$  foot and at least 25 percent for corrugated round pipe culverts

(b) For new crossings, spans<sup>1</sup> are required to avoid or cause minimal disruption to the streambed and to meet the requirements of General Condition 22(a) and 22(b). Footings and abutments must be landward of 1.2 times bankfull width. To the greatest extent practicable, work in the stream shall be minimized, and design and construction shall allow the streambed's natural structure and integrity to remain intact. Any fill or excavation of the streambed below bankfull width other than footings, support pilings, or work specified in 22(h)ii requires Category 2 review and, unless demonstrated otherwise, stream simulation<sup>2</sup> to establish substrate and banks in the span structure and work area as specified in (d) and (e) below.

(c) For replacement crossings, spans<sup>1</sup> are required to meet the requirements of General Condition 22(a) and 22(b). Footings and abutments shall be landward of 1.2 times bankfull width. Unless demonstrated otherwise, stream simulation<sup>2</sup> is required to establish substrate and banks in the span structure and work area as specified in (d) and (e) below.

(d) Crossings must have a natural bottom substrate within the structure matching the characteristics of the substrate in the natural stream channel and the banks (mobility, slope, stability, confinement, grain and rock size)<sup>2</sup> at the time of construction and over time as the structure has had the opportunity to pass significant flood events. To allow terrestrial passage for wildlife and prevent undermining the footings, crossings shall have a bank on both sides of the stream matching the horizontal profile of the existing stream and banks<sup>2</sup>.

(e) Crossings must be designed and constructed<sup>2</sup> with appropriate bed forms and streambed characteristics so that water depths and velocities are comparable to those found in the natural channel at a variety of flows. In order to provide appropriate water depths and velocities at a variety of flows and especially low flows, it is usually necessary to reconstruct the streambed or preserve the natural channel within the structure. Otherwise, the width of the structure needed to accommodate higher flows will create conditions that are too shallow at low flows. The grain and rock size, and arrangement of streambed materials within the structure should be in accordance with (d) above. Flows could go subsurface within the structure if only large material is used without smaller material filling the voids.

### **23. Wetland Crossings.**

(a) All temporary and permanent crossings of wetlands shall be suitably culverted, bridged, or otherwise designed to: **i)** Withstand and prevent the restriction of high flows, **ii)** Not obstruct the movement of or not substantially disrupt the necessary life-cycle movements of those species of aquatic life indigenous to the wetland, including those species that normally migrate through the area, beyond the actual duration of construction unless the activity's primary purpose is to impound water. See Appendix E for the Maine DEP's crossing standards.

(b) To qualify for Category 1, new and replacement wetland crossings that are permanent shall be culverted, spanned or bridged in such a manner as to preserve hydraulic and ecological connectivity, at its present level, between the wetlands on either side of the road. To meet this requirement, we

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<sup>1</sup> For the purposes of this GP, spans are bridges, three-sided box culverts, open-bottom culverts or arches that span the stream with footings landward of bankfull width.

<sup>2</sup> Design and construction shall be in accordance with the stream simulation document listed at Appendix E, 8(a).

recommend that culverts, spans or bridges be placed at least every 50 feet with an opening at least 2 feet high and 3 feet wide at ground level where practicable. Closed bottom culverts shall be embedded at least 6 inches with a natural bottom.

(c) In the case of non-compliance, the permittee shall take necessary measures to correct wetland damage due to lack of hydraulic and ecological connectivity.

(d) Any work that results in flooding, results in impacts to wetlands on either side of the wetland crossing in excess of Category 1 thresholds, or impacts wetland drainage from the upgradient side of the wetland crossing does not qualify for Category 1.

#### **24. Discharge of Pollutants.**

(a) All activities involving any discharge of pollutants into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, authorized under this GP shall be consistent with applicable water quality standards, effluent limitations, standards of performance, prohibitions, and pretreatment standards and management practices established pursuant to the Clean Water Act (CWA) (33 USC 1251), and applicable state and local laws. If applicable water quality standards, limitations, etc., are revised or modified during the term of this GP, the authorized work shall be modified to conform with these standards within six months of the effective date of such revision or modification, or within a longer period of time deemed reasonable by the Corps in consultation with the EPA. Issuance of a LURC or DEP NRPA permit confirms that state water quality standards are met.

(b) All projects authorized by this GP shall be designed, constructed and operated to minimize or eliminate the discharge of pollutants.

(c) All activities involving any discharge of pollutants into waters of the U.S., including wetlands, authorized under this GP must comply with Section 402 [33 U.S.C. 1342] of the CWA and the requirements of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (40 CFR 122).

**25. Spawning, Breeding and Migratory Areas.** Activities and impacts such as excavations, discharges of dredged or fill material, and/or suspended sediment producing activities, in fish migratory areas, fish and shellfish spawning or nursery areas, or amphibian and migratory bird breeding areas, during spawning or breeding seasons shall be avoided and minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

**26. Storage of Seasonal Structures.** Coastal structures, such as pier sections and floats, that are removed from the waterway for a portion of the year (often referred to as seasonal structures) shall be stored in an upland location located above mean high water (MHW) and not in tidal wetlands or mudflats. These seasonal structures may be stored on the fixed, pile-supported portion of the structure that is seaward of MHW. This is intended to prevent structures from being stored on the marsh substrate, mudflats, or the substrate seaward of MHW. Seasonal storage of structures in navigable waters, e.g., in a protected cove on a mooring, requires Corps and local harbormaster approval.

**27. Environmental Functions and Values.** The permittee shall make every reasonable effort to carry out the construction or operation of the work authorized herein in a manner that maintains as much as is practicable, and minimize any adverse impacts on existing fish, wildlife, and natural environmental functions and values.

## **28. Protection of Vernal Pools (VPs).**

(a) Impacts to VP Management Areas<sup>1</sup> for all VPs on, and known VPs surrounding, the project site shall be minimized to the maximum extent practicable.

(b) The following management practices must be followed for all work within the VP Management Area (750' of a VP's edge) of all VPs in order to qualify for Category 1 when there is fill placed in a water of the U.S., including wetlands:

i. Similar to the DEP's Significant Wildlife Habitat regulations<sup>2</sup>:

1. No disturbance within the VP Depression or VP Envelope (area within 100 feet of the VP Depression's edge)<sup>3</sup>;
2. Maintain a minimum of 75% of the Critical Terrestrial Habitat (area within 100-750 feet of the VP Depression's edge) as unfragmented forest with at least a partly-closed canopy of overstory trees to provide shade, deep litter and woody debris<sup>3</sup>;
3. Maintain or restore forest corridors connecting wetlands and significant vernal pools;
4. Minimize forest floor disturbance; and
5. Maintain native understory vegetation and downed woody debris.

ii. Cape Cod style-curbings or no curbing options shall be used on new roads to facilitate amphibian passage<sup>2</sup>.

(c) For work not complying with the requirements in (b) above, applicants shall submit an application to the Corps for at least Category 2 review with information on directional buffers in accordance with the VP Directional Buffer Guidance document<sup>2</sup>. Conservation of the unimpacted area within the VP Management Area will often be required.

(d) GC 2 requires applicants to delineate or approximately identify on the project plans all waters of the U.S., which include vernal pools. Appendix A, Page 1 lists VP Category 1 thresholds.

## **29. Invasive Species.**

(a) The introduction, spread, or the increased risk of invasion of invasive plant or animal species on the project site, into new or disturbed areas, or areas adjacent to the project site caused by the site work is prohibited (see Appendix E, Paragraph 6).

(b) Unless otherwise directed by the Corps, all applications for Category 2 inland projects and Category 2 coastal fill projects proposing fill in Corps jurisdiction shall include an Invasive Species Control Plan (ISCP) (see Appendix E, Paragraph 6).

**30. Cranberry Development Projects.** For cranberry development projects authorized under the GP, the following conditions apply:

(a) If a cranberry bog is abandoned for any reason, the area must be allowed to revert to natural wetlands unless an Individual Permit is obtained from the Corps allowing the discharge of fill for an alternate use.

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<sup>1</sup> The Corps VP Management Area, which includes the VP and a 750' radius from the VP's edge, is defined at Appendix A, Endnote 5.

<sup>2</sup> Appendix E, 10(a)-(d) provides links to the state's Significant Wildlife Habitat regulations and references that provide impact minimization measures to reference when designing projects.

<sup>3</sup> The no disturbance requirement in the VP envelope [see (b)(i)(1)], and (b)(i)(2), do not apply to temporary impacts associated with construction mats in previously disturbed areas of existing utility project (e.g., transmission lines, gas pipelines) or linear transportation project (e.g., roads, highways, railways, trails, airport runways and taxiways) right-of-ways provided there is a Vegetation Management Plan that avoids, minimizes and mitigates impacts to aquatic resources.

(b) No stream diversion shall be allowed under Category 1 of this GP.

(c) No impoundments of intermittent or perennial streams shall be allowed under Category 1 and an application to the Corps is required for at least Category 2 review.

(d) The project shall be designed and constructed to not cause flood damage on adjacent properties.

**31. Inspections.** The permittee shall allow the Corps to make periodic inspections at any time deemed necessary in order to ensure that the work is being or has been performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of this GP. The Corps may also require post-construction engineering drawings for completed work or post-dredging survey drawings for any dredging work.

To facilitate these inspections, the permittee shall complete and return to the Corps:

- For Category 1 projects, the Category 1 Notification Form (Appendix B).
- For Category 2 projects, the 1) Work-Start Notification Form and 2) Compliance Certification Form whenever either is provided with a Category 2 authorization letter.

**32. Maintenance.**

(a) The permittee shall maintain the work authorized herein in good condition and in conformance with the terms and general conditions of this permit.

(b) This does not include maintenance of dredging projects. Each maintenance dredging event exceeding the Category 1 thresholds (see Appendix A, Page 6) requires a new written Corps authorization unless an unexpired, written Corps authorization specifies that the permittee may “dredge and maintain” an area for a particular time period. Category 1 or 2 maintenance dredging includes only those areas and depths previously authorized and dredged.

(c) Some maintenance activities may not be subject to regulation under Section 404 in accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2) (see Appendix A, Endnote 7).

**33. Property Rights.** This PGP does not convey any property rights, either in real estate or material, or any exclusive privileges, nor does it authorize any injury to property or invasion of rights or any infringement of Federal, State, or local laws or regulations.

**34. Transfer of GP Verifications.** When the structures or work authorized by this GP are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this GP, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the entity or individual who received the GP verification, as well as the new owner(s) of the property. The permittee may transfer responsibilities and obligations under the GP verification to the new owner by submitting a letter to the Corps (see Appendix D for address) to validate the transfer. A copy of the GP verification must be attached to the letter and the letter must contain the following statement and signature: “When the structures or work authorized by this GP are still in existence at the time the property is transferred, the terms and conditions of this GP, including any special conditions, will continue to be binding on the new owner(s) of the property. To validate the transfer of this GP and the associated liabilities associated with compliance with its terms and conditions, have the transferee sign and date below.”

**35. Modification, Suspension, and Revocation.** This GP or any work authorized under Category 1 or 2 may be either modified, suspended, or revoked, in whole or in part, pursuant to the policies and procedures of 33 CFR 325.7. Any such action shall not be the basis for any claim for damages against the United States.

**36. Restoration Directive.** The permittee, upon receipt of a notice of revocation of authorization under this GP, shall restore the wetland or waterway to its former condition without expense to the United States and as directed by the Secretary of the Army or his authorized representative. If the permittee fails

to comply with such a directive, the Secretary or his designee may restore the wetland or waterway to its former condition, by contract or otherwise, and recover the cost from the permittee.

**37. Special Conditions.** The Corps may independently, or at the request of the Federal resource agencies, impose other special conditions on a project authorized pursuant to this GP that are determined necessary to minimize adverse navigational and/or environmental effects or based on any other factor of the public interest. Failure to comply with all conditions of the authorization, including special conditions, constitutes a permit violation and may subject the permittee to criminal, civil, or administrative penalties and/or an ordered restoration.

**38. False or Incomplete Information.** If the Corps makes a determination regarding the eligibility of a project under this GP and subsequently discovers that it has relied on false, incomplete, or inaccurate information provided by the permittee, the GP authorization shall not be valid and the U.S. government may institute appropriate legal proceedings.

**39. Abandonment.** If the permittee decides to abandon the activity authorized under this GP, unless such abandonment is merely the transfer of property to a third party, he/she may be required to restore the area to the satisfaction of the Corps.

**40. Enforcement Cases.** This GP does not apply to any existing or proposed activity in Corps jurisdiction associated with an on-going Corps or EPA enforcement action, until such time as the enforcement action is resolved or the Corps and/or EPA as appropriate determines that the activity may proceed independently without compromising the enforcement action.

**41. Duration of Authorization.** This GP expires on October 11, 2015. Activities authorized under this GP that have commenced (i.e., are under construction) or are under contract to commence before this GP expires will have until October 11, 2016 to complete the activity under the terms and conditions of the current GP.

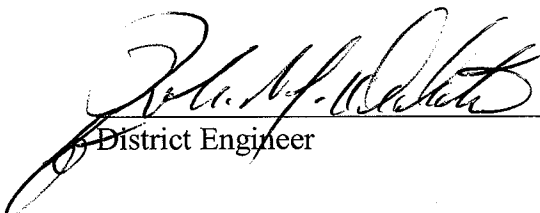
**42. Previously Authorized Activities.**

(a) Projects that have received authorization (Category 1 or 2) from the Corps and that were completed under the previous PGPs, nationwide permits, regional general permits or letters of permission, shall remain authorized.

(b) Activities authorized pursuant to 33 CFR Part 330.3 (“Activities occurring before certain dates”) are not affected by this GP.

(c) Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written letter from the Corps under the PGP in effect between October 11, 2005 and October 11, 2010 remains authorized subject to the terms and general conditions of this GP along with any special conditions in the authorizing written letter.

**43. NEPA Compliance.** The Maine PGP was authorized in full compliance with Council for Environmental Quality (“CEQ”) NEPA regulations. The Corps has determined that individual permit actions taken under the terms and conditions of the PGP are not a major federal action significantly affecting the quality of the human environment.

  
District Engineer  
10/12/10  
Date

**APPENDIX A: DEFINITION OF CATEGORIES**

<p><b>A. INLAND WATERS AND WETLANDS</b></p>	<p><b>Inland Waters and Wetlands:</b> Waters that are regulated under Section 404 of the Clean Water Act, including rivers, streams, lakes, ponds and wetlands, and excluding Section 10 Navigable Waters of the U.S. The jurisdictional limits are the ordinary high water (OHW) mark in the absence of adjacent wetlands, beyond the OHW mark to the limit of adjacent wetlands when adjacent wetlands are present, and the wetland limit when only wetlands are present. For the purposes of this GP, fill placed in the area between the mean high water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bordering and contiguous wetlands<sup>1</sup> to tidal waters are reviewed in the Navigable Waters section. (See II. Navigable Waters on page 4 below.)</p>
<p><b>ACTIVITY</b></p>	<p>Projects not meeting Category 1 require an application for review as a Category 2 or Individual Permit project. All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this GP's applicable terms (Pages 1 – 4) and general conditions (Pages 5–18).</p>
<p><b>(a) NEW FILL/ EXCAVATION DISCHARGES</b>  (You must reference (b) – (e) below for other thresholds that may be relevant to your project.)</p>	<p align="center"><b>CATEGORY 1</b></p> <p><b>1.</b> &lt;15,000 square feet (SF) (in LURC or DEP territories) of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts<sup>2</sup> (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, mechanically cleared or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill, and regulated discharges associated with excavation. Construction mats are considered as fill. [See General Condition (GC) 18(g.) <u>Provided:</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Historic fill + proposed impact area &lt;15,000 SF and subdivision fill complies with GC 5, Single and Complete Projects.</li> <li>• No work in special aquatic sites (SAS)<sup>4</sup> other than wetlands.</li> </ul> <p><b>2.</b> Construction mats<sup>4</sup> of any area necessary to conduct activities that were previously authorized, authorized under Category 1, or not subject to regulation (see Endnote 7). Authorized construction mats must be in place for &lt;3 months, removed immediately upon work completion, and the wetlands must be restored (see GC 19).</p> <p><b>3.</b> For work in Vernal Pool (VP) Management Areas (includes VPs)<sup>5</sup>:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• See GC 2 and Appendix C for VP delineation requirements.</li> <li>• See GC 28 to determine if work qualifies for Category 1 or 2.</li> <li>• See Appendix E, Page 3 for VP documents providing mitigation guidance.</li> </ul>
<p><b>CATEGORY 2</b></p> <p><b>1.</b> ≥15,000 square feet (SF) (in LURC or DEP territories) to &lt;3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill, and regulated discharges associated with excavation. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil disturbance &gt;3 acres as a secondary impact may still be eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.</p> <p><b>2.</b> Specific activities with impacts of any area ≥15,000 SF required to affect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous or toxic waste materials that are performed, ordered, or sponsored by a government agency with established legal or regulatory authority. Wetlands must be restored in place.</p> <p><b>3.</b> Temporary structures, work, and discharges (including construction mats<sup>4</sup>) ≥15,000 SF necessary for construction activities or access fills or dewatering of construction sites, provided that the associated primary activity is authorized by the Corps, authorized under Category 1, or not subject to Corps regulation. GCs 16 -19 are particularly relevant.</p> <p align="center">See GC 2 and Appendix C for wetland delineation requirements.</p>	<p align="center"><b>CATEGORY 2</b></p> <p><b>1.</b> ≥15,000 square feet (SF) (in LURC or DEP territories) to &lt;3 acres of inland waterway and/or wetland fill and associated secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented, or excavated). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent fill, and regulated discharges associated with excavation. Mechanical clearing without grubbing or other soil disturbance &gt;3 acres as a secondary impact may still be eligible for Category 2 at the discretion of the Corps.</p> <p><b>2.</b> Specific activities with impacts of any area ≥15,000 SF required to affect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous or toxic waste materials that are performed, ordered, or sponsored by a government agency with established legal or regulatory authority. Wetlands must be restored in place.</p> <p><b>3.</b> Temporary structures, work, and discharges (including construction mats<sup>4</sup>) ≥15,000 SF necessary for construction activities or access fills or dewatering of construction sites, provided that the associated primary activity is authorized by the Corps, authorized under Category 1, or not subject to Corps regulation. GCs 16 -19 are particularly relevant.</p> <p align="center">See GC 2 and Appendix C for wetland delineation requirements.</p>

<b>ACTIVITY</b>	<b>CATEGORY 1</b>	<b>CATEGORY 2</b>
<p><b>(b) BANK STABILIZATION PROJECTS</b></p>	<p>1. Inland bank stabilization &lt;500 FT long and &lt;1 CY of fill per linear foot below OHW, provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ≤1 cubic yard of fill per linear foot placed along the bank waterward of ordinary high water.</li> <li>• Work complies with the GCs (GC 20 in particular), including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ No structures angled steeper than 1H:1V allowed. Only rough-faced stone or fiber roll revetments allowed.</li> <li>○ No in-stream work involving fill or excavation in flowing waters (see GC 22(h)).</li> </ul> </li> <li>• In-stream work limited to Jul 15 - Oct 1 [see GC 22 (l)].</li> <li>• No work in vernal pools<sup>5</sup> or SAS<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>• GC 10 Endangered Species and GC 11 Essential Fish Habitat are particularly relevant.</li> </ul>	<p>1. Inland bank stabilization ≥500 FT long and/or ≥1 CY of fill per linear foot, or any amount with fill in wetlands.</p>
<p><b>(c) RIVER/ STREAM/ BROOK WORK &amp; CROSSINGS and WETLAND CROSSINGS</b></p>	<p>1. River, stream and brook work and crossings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Must comply with GC 22 in particular, including: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ No slip lining [see GC 22 (g)].</li> <li>○ No in-stream work involving fill or excavation in flowing waters [see GC 22(h)].</li> <li>○ In-stream work limited to Jul 15 - Oct 1 [see GC 22 (l)].</li> </ul> </li> <li>• No work in riffles and pools<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>• No stream relocations.</li> <li>• No dams or dikes<sup>6</sup>.</li> <li>• Work in areas designated as Atlantic salmon critical habitat or occupied by listed Atlantic salmon, or any other area occupied by a listed species is not eligible for Category 1 (see GC 10).</li> <li>• No work in EFH streams except for the activities stated in GC 11.</li> </ul> <p>2. Wetland crossings must comply with the particularly relevant GC 23.</p>	<p>1. Work not qualifying for Category 1.</p>



<b>ACTIVITY</b>	<b>CATEGORY 1</b>	<b>CATEGORY 2</b>
<b>(d) REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, &amp; MAINTENANCE OF AUTHORIZED FILLS</b>	<p>1. Repair or maintenance of existing, currently serviceable, authorized fills with no expansion or change in use:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conditions of the original authorization apply</li> <li>• Minor deviations in fill design allowed.<sup>7</sup></li> <li>• The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of those structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms, floods, fire or other discrete events is authorized, provided the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement is commenced, or is under contract to commence, within two years of the date of their destruction or damage.</li> </ul>	<p>2. Replacement of non-serviceable fills, or repair/maintenance of serviceable fill, with expansion &lt;3 acres, or with a change in use.</p>
<b>(e) MISCELL-ANEOUS</b>	<p>1. Activities required for the containment and cleanup of oil and hazardous substances that are subject to the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300) provided that the work is done in accordance with the Spill Control and Countermeasure Plan required by 40 CFR 112.3 and any existing state contingency plan and provided that the Regional Response Team (if one exists in the area) concurs with the proposed containment and cleanup action. SAS<sup>3</sup> must typically be restored in place at the same elevation.</p> <p>2. Scientific measurement devices whose purpose is to measure and record scientific data, such as staff gages, water recording devices, water quality testing and improvement devices, and similar structures. This excludes any biological sampling devices. Structures may not restrict movement of aquatic organisms.</p> <p>3. Survey activities, such as core sampling, seismic exploratory operations, plugging of seismic shot holes and other exploratory-type bore holes, exploratory trenching, soil surveys, sampling, and historic resources surveys (but not recovery). Exploratory trenches must be restored in accordance with GC 19. The construction of temporary pads is authorized provided the discharge doesn't exceed 25 CY. This doesn't authorize permanent structures or the drilling and the discharge of excavated material from test wells for oil and gas exploration (the plugging of such wells is authorized).</p> <p>4. Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written letter from the Corps under the PGP in effect between October 11, 2005 and October 11, 2010. The terms and general conditions of this GP apply along with any special conditions in the written authorization.</p>	<p>1. Aquatic habitat restoration, establishment, and enhancement of wetlands and riparian areas and the restoration and enhancement of streams and other open waters with impacts of any area <math>\geq 15,000</math> SF, provided those activities result in net increase in overall aquatic resource functions and services.<sup>8</sup></p> <p>2. Projects where an EIS is required by the Corps are not eligible for Category 2.</p>

<p><b>II. NAVIGABLE WATERS</b></p>	<p><b>Navigable Waters of the United States:</b> Waters that are subject to the ebb and flow of the tide and/or the tidal and non-tidal portions of the Federally designated navigable waters (the Penobscot River, Kennebec River, and Lake Umbagog) (Section 10 Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899). The jurisdictional limits are the mean high water (MHW) line in tidal waters and the ordinary high water (OHW) mark in non-tidal portions of the federally designated navigable rivers. For the purposes of this GP, fill placed in the area between the mean high water (MHW) and the high tide line (HTL), and in the bordering and contiguous wetlands<sup>1</sup> to tidal waters are also reviewed in this Navigable Waters section.</p> <p>Projects not meeting Category 1 require an application for review as a Category 2 or Individual Permit project.</p> <p>All Category 1 and 2 projects must comply with all of this GP's applicable terms (Pages 1 - 4) and general conditions (Pages 5 - 18).</p>	
<p><b>ACTIVITY</b></p>	<p><b>CATEGORY 1</b></p>	<p><b>CATEGORY 2</b></p>
<p><b>(a) FILL</b></p>	<p><b>1.</b> Discharges of dredged or fill material incidental to the construction of bridges across navigable waters of the U.S., including cofferdams, abutments, foundation seals, piers, and temporary construction and access fills provided the U.S. Coast Guard authorizes such discharges as part of the bridge permit or appropriate approval. Causeways and approach fills are not included in this category and require Category 2 or Individual Permit authorization.</p> <p><b>2.</b> Bank stabilization projects &lt;200 linear feet:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ≤1 cubic yard of fill per linear foot placed along the bank waterward of high tide line. No fill or equipment will occur in SAS<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>• Work conducted in the intertidal zone must be conducted in-the-dry during low water, or between Nov. 8 – Apr. 9.</li> <li>• No structures angled steeper than 1H:1V and only rough-faced stone or fiber roll revetments allowed.</li> <li>• No driving of piles or sheeting.</li> </ul> <p><b>3.</b> For 1 and 2 above:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Project proponents must contact the USFWS for work on coastal beaches to ensure no impacts to piping plovers, roseate terns or their habitat [see GC 10(b)iii].</li> </ul>	<p><b>1.</b> &lt;1 acre temporary or permanent fill, excavation and/or secondary impacts (e.g., areas drained, flooded, fragmented or mechanically cleared). Fill area includes all temporary and permanent waterway fills, provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Temporary or permanent fill in eelgrass<sup>14</sup> &lt;1000 SF.</li> <li>• Permanent fill in SAS (excluding eelgrass<sup>14</sup>) &lt;4300 SF.</li> </ul>
<p><b>(b) STREAM WORK &amp; CROSSINGS, and WETLAND CROSSINGS</b></p>	<p><b>1.</b> No new fill for crossings allowed.</p>	<p><b>1.</b> New crossings or replacement crossings that do not fit the (c) Repair and Maintenance activity below.</p>

ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY 2
<p><b>(c) REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE WORK</b></p>	<p><b>1.</b> Repair, replacement in-kind, or maintenance<sup>7</sup> of existing, currently serviceable<sup>7</sup>, authorized structures or fills:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Conditions of the original authorization apply.</li> <li>• No substantial expansion or change in use.</li> <li>• Must be rebuilt in same footprint, however minor deviations in structure design allowed<sup>7</sup>.</li> <li>• The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of those structures or fills destroyed or damaged by storms, floods, fire or other discrete events is authorized, provided the repair, rehabilitation, or replacement is commenced, or is under contract to commence, within two years of the date of their destruction or damage. Minor deviations for work involving piles shall adhere to one of the 4 methods in a - d below: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>a.</b> Piles installed in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov. 8<sup>th</sup> - Apr. 9<sup>th</sup>, or</li> <li><b>b.</b> Must be drilled and pinned to ledge, or</li> <li><b>c.</b> Vibratory hammers used to install any size and quantity of wood, concrete or steel piles, or</li> <li><b>d.</b> Impact hammers limited to one hammer and &lt;50 piles installed/day with the following: wood piles of any size, concrete piles ≤18-inches diameter, steel piles &lt;12-inches diameter if the hammer is ≤3000 lbs and a wood cushion is used between the hammer and steel pile, and</li> </ul> </li> </ul> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For b – d above: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ In-water noise levels shall not exceed &gt;187dB SEL re 1μPa or 206dB peak re 1μPa at a distance &gt;10m from the pile being installed, and</li> <li>○ In-water noise levels &gt;155dB peak re 1μPa shall not exceed 12 consecutive hours on any given day and a 12 hour recovery period (i.e., in-water noise below 155dB peak re 1μPa) must be provided between work days.</li> </ul> </li> <li>• For a – d above: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>○ Work is not eligible for Category 1 if conducted in tidal portions of the Penobscot river upstream of a line extending from Turner point in Castine to Moose Point (formerly squaw point) on Cape Jellison in Stockton Springs or in tidal portions of the Kennebec or Androscoggin Rivers upstream of a line extending from Doubling point in Arrowsic to Hospital Point in West Bath.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<p><b>CATEGORY 2</b></p> <p><b>1.</b> Replacement of non-serviceable structures and fills or repair/maintenance of serviceable structures or fills, with fill, replacement or expansion &lt;1 acre, or with a change in use.</p>

ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY 2
<p><b>(d) DREDGING AND ASSOCIATED DISPOSAL</b></p>	<p>1. Maintenance dredging<sup>10</sup> for navigational purposes &lt;1,000 CY with upland disposal. Includes return water from upland contained disposal area, provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Proper siltation controls are used.</li> <li>• Dredging &amp; disposal operation limited to Nov. 8 – Apr. 9.</li> <li>• No impact to SAS<sup>3</sup>.</li> <li>• No dredging in intertidal areas.</li> <li>• No dredging in areas considered occupied by listed Atlantic salmon [see GC 10(b)(ii)].</li> <li>• For dredging in waters outside of Atlantic salmon critical habitat, applicants must contact NMFS (Appendix D) to ensure no impacts to listed species such as shortnose sturgeon.</li> <li>• Project proponents must contact the USFWS for work on coastal beaches to ensure no impacts to piping plovers, roseate terns or their habitat [see GC 10(c)].</li> </ul>	<p>1. Maintenance dredging<sup>10</sup> ≥1,000 CY, new dredging &lt;25,000 CY, or projects not meeting Category 1. Includes return water from upland contained disposal areas. Disposal includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Upland.</li> <li>• Beach nourishment (above mean high water) of any area provided dredging's primary purpose is navigation or sand is from an upland source.</li> <li>• Open water &amp; confined aquatic disposal, if Corps finds the material suitable.</li> </ul> <p>2. Beach nourishment associated with dredging when the primary purpose is not navigation requires at least a Category 2 review.</p> <p>3. Maintenance or new dredging<sup>10</sup> and/or disposal in or affecting a SAS<sup>3</sup> requires an Individual Permit. See II(a) above for dredge disposal in wetlands or waters.</p>
<p><b>(e) MOORINGS</b></p>	<p>1. Private, non-commercial, non-rental, single-boat moorings, provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Authorized by the local harbormaster/town.</li> <li>• Not associated with any boating facility.<sup>11</sup></li> <li>• Boat or mooring not located in a Federal Navigation Project<sup>12</sup> other than a Federal Anchorage<sup>12</sup>. Moorings in Federal Anchorage not associated with a boating facility<sup>11</sup> and are not for rent.</li> <li>• No interference with navigation.</li> <li>• No new moorings located in SAS<sup>3</sup>. Prior to installation of moorings, a site-specific eelgrass survey should be conducted to document that eelgrass is not present.</li> <li>• When existing, authorized moorings in SAS<sup>3</sup> are going to be replaced, they shall be replaced with elastic mooring systems that prevent mooring chains from resting or dragging on the bottom substrate at all tides and helical anchors, or equivalent SAS protection systems where practicable.</li> </ul> <p>2. Minor relocation of previously authorized moorings and moored floats, provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Authorized by the local harbormaster/town.</li> <li>• Not located in SAS<sup>3</sup></li> <li>• No interference with navigation.</li> <li>• Cannot be relocated into a Federal Navigation Project<sup>12</sup> other than a Federal Anchorage<sup>12</sup></li> </ul>	<p>1. Moorings associated with a boating facility<sup>11</sup>. An eelgrass<sup>14</sup> survey may be required.</p> <p>2. Moorings that don't meet the terms in Category 1 and don't require an Individual Permit. This includes private moorings with no harbormaster or means of local approval.</p> <p>3. Moorings located such that they, and/or vessels docked or moored at them, are within the buffer zone of the horizontal limits<sup>13</sup> of a Federal Channel<sup>12</sup>. (See Appendix F.) The buffer zone is equal to 3 times the authorized depth of that channel.</p> <p>4. An IP is required for moorings within the horizontal limits<sup>11</sup>, or with moored vessels that extend, into the horizontal limits of a Federal Navigation Project<sup>12</sup>, except those in Federal Anchorages<sup>12</sup>.</p> <p>For 1-4 above, siting of new individual moorings in SAS<sup>3</sup>, including eelgrass<sup>14</sup>, should be avoided to the maximum extent practicable. If SAS<sup>3</sup> cannot be avoided, plans should show elastic mooring systems that prevent mooring chains from resting or dragging on the bottom substrate at all tides and helical anchors, or equivalent SAS protection systems, where practicable.</p>

ACTIVITY (f) STRUCTURES AND FLOATS	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY 2
	<p><b>1.</b> Reconfiguration of existing, authorized structures or floats.</p> <p><u>Provided:</u></p> <p><b>a.</b> Piles shall adhere to one of the 4 methods in (i) –(iv) below:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>i.</b> Piles installed in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov. 8<sup>th</sup> - Apr. 9<sup>th</sup>, or</li> <li><b>ii.</b> Must be drilled and pinned to ledge, or</li> <li><b>iii.</b> Vibratory hammers used to install any size and quantity of wood, concrete or steel piles, or</li> <li><b>iv.</b> Impact hammers limited to one hammer and &lt;50 piles installed/day with the following: wood piles of any size, concrete piles ≤18-inches diameter, steel piles &lt;12-inches diameter if the hammer is ≤3000 lbs and a wood cushion is used between the hammer and steel pile.</li> </ul> <p><b>b.</b> For (ii) – (iv) above:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>i.</b> In-water noise levels shall not exceed &gt; 187dB SEL re 1µPa or 206dB peak re 1µPa at a distance &gt;10m from the pile being installed, and</li> <li><b>ii.</b> In-water noise levels &gt;155dB peak re 1µPa shall not exceed 12 consecutive hours on any given day and a 12 hour recovery period (i.e., in-water noise below 155dB peak re 1µPa) must be provided between work days.</li> </ul> <p><b>c.</b> For (i) –(iv) above:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li><b>i.</b> Work is not eligible for Category 1 if conducted in tidal portions of the Penobscot river upstream of a line extending from Turner point in Castine to Moose Point (formerly squaw point) on Cape Jellison in Stockton Springs or in tidal portions of the Kennebec or Androscoggin Rivers upstream of a line extending from Doubling point in Arrowsic to Hospital Point in West Bath.</li> </ul>	<p><b>CATEGORY 2</b></p> <p><b>1.</b> Private structures or floats, including floatways/skidways, built to access waterway (seasonal and permanent)</p> <p><b>2.</b> Expansions to existing boating facilities<sup>11</sup>.</p> <p>For 1 &amp; 2 above, compliance with the following design standards is not required but recommended:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pile-supported structures &lt;400 SF, with attached floats totaling ≤200 SF.</li> <li>• Bottom anchored floats ≤200 SF.</li> <li>• Structures are ≤4’ wide and have at least a 1:1 height:width ratio<sup>11</sup>.</li> <li>• Floats supported a minimum of 18” above the substrate during all tides.</li> <li>• Structures &amp; floats not located within 25’ of any eelgrass<sup>8</sup>.</li> <li>• Moored vessels not positioned over SAS<sup>4</sup>.</li> <li>• No structure located within 25’ of the riparian property boundary without written approval from the abutter(s).</li> <li>• No structure extends across &gt;25% of the waterway width at mean low water.</li> <li>• Not located within the buffer zone of the horizontal limits<sup>13</sup> of a Corps Federal Navigation Project (FNP) (App. F). The buffer zone is equal to three times the authorized depth of that FNP.</li> </ul> <p><b>3.</b> An Individual Permit is required for structures or floats, including floatways/skidways, located such that they and/or vessels docked or moored at them are within the horizontal limits<sup>13</sup> of a Corps Federal Navigation Project<sup>12</sup> (see App. F).</p> <p><b>4.</b> An Individual Permit is required for structures &amp; floats associated with a new or previously unauthorized boating facility<sup>11</sup>.</p>

ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY 2
<b>(g) MISCELL-ANEIOUS</b>	<p><b>1.</b> Temporary buoys, markers, floats, etc. for recreational use during specific events, provided they are removed within 30 days after use is discontinued.</p> <p><b>2.</b> The placement of aids to navigation and regulatory markers which are approved by and installed in accordance with the requirements of the U.S. Coast Guard. (See 33 CFR 66, Chapter I, subchapter C).”</p> <p><b>3.</b> Activities required for the containment and cleanup of oil and hazardous substances that are subject to the National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency Plan (40 CFR 300) provided that the work is done in accordance with the Spill Control and Countermeasure Plan required by 40 CFR 112.3 and any existing state contingency plan and provided that the Regional Response Team (if one exists in the area) concurs with the proposed containment and cleanup action. SAS<sup>3</sup> must typically be restored in place at the same elevation.</p> <p><b>4.</b> Fish and wildlife harvesting, enhancement, and attraction devices and activities such as pound nets, crab traps, crab dredging, eel pots, lobster traps, and clam and oyster digging, and small fish attraction devices such as open water fish concentrators (sea kites, etc.). This does not authorize artificial reefs or impoundments and semi-impoundments of waters of the U.S. for the culture or holding of motile species such as lobster, or the use of covered oyster trays or clam racks. No activity that results in a hazard to navigation. Note: A Category 1 Notification Form is not required for these devices and activities.</p> <p><b>5.</b> Scientific measurement devices whose purpose is to measure and record scientific data, such as staff gages, water recording devices, water quality testing and improvement devices, and similar structures. Structures may not restrict movement of aquatic organisms. No activity results in a hazard to navigation.</p> <p><b>6.</b> Survey activities such as exploratory drilling, surveying and sampling activities, excluding any biological sampling devices. Does not include oil and gas exploration and fill for roads or construction pads. No activity results in a hazard to navigation. Applicants must contact NMFS to ensure no impacts to listed species.</p>	<p><b>1.</b> Structures or work in or affecting tidal or navigable waters, that are not defined under any of the previous headings listed above. Includes, but is not limited to, utility lines, aerial transmission lines, pipelines, outfalls, boat ramps, floatways/skidways, bridges, tunnels and horizontal directional drilling activities seaward of the mean high water line.</p> <p><b>2.</b> Shellfish/finfish (other than Atlantic salmon), or other aquaculture facilities with no more than minimal individual and cumulative impacts to environmental resources or navigation. –Aquaculture guidelines are provided at: <a href="http://www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm">www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm</a>.</p> <p><b>3.</b> Specific activities with impacts of any area required to affect the containment, stabilization, or removal of hazardous or toxic waste materials that are performed, ordered, or sponsored by a government agency with established legal or regulatory authority. Wetlands must typically be restored in place at the same elevation to qualify.</p> <p><b>4.</b> Aquatic habitat restoration, establishment and enhancement provided those activities are proactive and result in net increases in aquatic resource functions and services.<sup>8</sup></p> <p><b>5.</b> Projects where an EIS is required by the Corps are not eligible for Category 2.</p>

ACTIVITY	CATEGORY 1	CATEGORY 2
(g) MISCELL-ANEIOUS (continued)	<p>7. Shellfish seeding (brushing the flats<sup>9</sup>) projects.</p> <p>8. Marine railway work not eligible for maintenance<sup>7</sup> (i.e. not currently serviceable<sup>7</sup> or in non-compliance) may be replaced “in-kind” with minor deviations<sup>7</sup> provided:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Work is in the intertidal zone</li> <li>• No fill expansion below high tide line.</li> <li>• Work conducted in-the-dry during low water or in-water between Nov. 8 – Apr. 9.</li> </ul> <p>9. Test plots &lt;100 SF for the planting of wetland species native to the area. No grading, no structures, no plant growing devices and no interference with navigation, which require at least Category 2 review.</p> <p>10. Any work not commenced nor completed that was authorized in a written letter from the Corps under the PGP in effect between October 11, 2005 and October 11, 2010. The terms and general conditions of this GP apply along with any special conditions in the written authorization</p>	

**Endnotes/Definitions**

<sup>1</sup> **Bordering and Contiguous Wetlands:** A bordering wetland is immediately next to its adjacent waterbody and may lie at, or below, the ordinary high water mark (mean high water in navigable waters) of that waterbody and is directly influenced by its hydrologic regime. Contiguous wetlands extend landward from their adjacent waterbody to a point where a natural or manmade discontinuity exists. Contiguous wetlands include bordering wetlands as well as wetlands that are situated immediately above the ordinary highwater mark and above the normal hydrologic influence of their adjacent waterbody. Note, with respect to the federally designated navigable rivers, the wetlands bordering and contiguous to the tidally influenced portions of those rivers are reviewed under “II. Navigable Waters.”

<sup>2</sup> **Direct, Secondary, and Cumulative Impacts/Effects:**

**Direct Impacts:** The immediate loss of aquatic ecosystem within the footprint of the fill.

**Secondary Impacts:** These are effects on an aquatic ecosystem that are associated with a discharge of dredged or fill materials, but do not result from the actual placement of the dredged or fill material. Information about secondary effects on aquatic ecosystems shall be considered prior to the time final section 404 action is taken by permitting authorities. Some examples of secondary effects on an aquatic ecosystem are a) fluctuating water levels in all impoundment and downstream associated with the operation of a dam, b) septic tank leaching and surface runoff from residential or commercial developments on fill, and c) leachate and runoff from a sanitary landfill located in waters of the U.S. Put another way, secondary effects are those impacts outside the footprint of the fill that arise from and are associated with the discharge of dredged or fill material, including the operation of an activity or facility associated with the discharge. Examples may include habitat fragmentation; interruption of travel corridors for wildlife (for example, for amphibians that migrate to and from seasonal or vernal pools used as breeding habitat); hydrologic regime changes; and impacts from operation and maintenance activities for constructed facilities; such as noise/lighting, storm water runoff, and road kill of wetland dependent wildlife. Using the directions contained in the guidelines, we consider the circumstances of a proposed discharge and the project of which it is a part to evaluate the scope, extent, severity, and permanence of direct, secondary, and cumulative adverse effects upon the aquatic ecosystem.

**Cumulative Impacts:** The extent of past, present, and foreseeable developments in the area may be an important consideration in evaluating the significance of a particular project's impacts. Although the impacts associated with a particular discharge may be minor, the cumulative effect of numerous similar discharges can result in a large impact. Cumulative impacts should be estimated only to the extent that they are reasonable and practical.

<sup>3</sup>**Special Aquatic Sites:** Includes wetlands and saltmarsh, mudflats, riffles and pools, and vegetated shallows (predominantly comprised of eelgrass in Maine).

<sup>4</sup>**Construction Mats:** Constructions, swamp and timber mats (herein referred to as "construction mats") are generic terms used to describe structures that distribute equipment weight to prevent wetland damage while facilitating passage and providing work platforms for workers and equipment. They are comprised of sheets or mats made from a variety of materials in various sizes. A timber mat consists of large timbers bolted or cabled together. Corduroy roads, which are not considered to be construction mats, are cut trees and/or saplings with the crowns and branches removed, and the trunks lined up next to one another. Corduroy roads are typically installed as permanent structures. Like construction mats, they are considered as fill whether they're installed temporarily or permanently.

<sup>5</sup>**Vernal Pools:** A vernal pool, also referred to as a seasonal forest pool, is a temporary to semi-permanent body of water occurring in a shallow depression that typically fills during the spring or fall and may dry during the summer. Vernal pools have no permanent inlet or outlet and no viable populations of predatory fish. A vernal pool may provide the primary breeding habitat for wood frogs (*Rana sylvatica*), spotted salamanders (*Ambystoma maculatum*), blue-spotted salamanders (*Ambystoma laterale*), and fairy shrimp (*Eubranchipus* sp.), as well as valuable habitat for other plants and wildlife, including several rare, threatened, and endangered species. A vernal pool intentionally created for the purposes of compensatory mitigation is included in this definition. For the purposes of this GP, the presence of any of the following species in any life stage in any abundance level/quantity would designate the waterbody as a vernal pool: fairy shrimp, blue spotted salamanders, spotted salamanders or wood frogs. The Corps may determine during a Category 2 review that a waterbody should not be regulated as a VP based on available evidence. For the purposes of this GP\*, the VP Management Areas are the: Vernal Pool Depression (includes the vernal pool depression up to the spring or fall high water mark, and includes any vegetation growing within the depression), Vernal Pool Envelope (area within 100 FT of the VP Depression's edge) and Critical Terrestrial Habitat (area within 100-750 FT of the Vernal Pool Depression's edge). [\*Note: Critical Terrestrial Habitat is defined as 100 -750 FT on page 243 of the document "Science and Conservation of Vernal Pools in Northeastern North America," Calhoun and deMaynadier, 2008, which is referenced in Appendix E, page 3, Paragraph 10(b).

<sup>6</sup>**Water Diversions:** Water diversions are activities such as bypass pumping or water withdrawals. Temporary flume pipes, culverts or cofferdams where normal flows are maintained within the stream boundary's confines aren't water diversions. "Normal flows" are defined as no change in flow from pre-project conditions.

<sup>7</sup>**Maintenance:** a) In accordance with 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), any discharge of dredged or fill material that may result from any of the following activities is not prohibited by or otherwise subject to regulation under Section 404 of the CWA: "Maintenance, including emergency reconstruction of recently damaged parts, of currently serviceable structures such as dikes, dams, levees, groins, riprap, breakwaters, causeways, bridge abutments or approaches, and transportation structures. Maintenance does not include any modification that changes the character, scope, or size of the original fill design." Otherwise, the following work is regulated and subject to the Category 1 or 2 thresholds in Appendix A above: The repair, rehabilitation, or replacement of any previously authorized, currently serviceable structure or fill, or of any currently serviceable structure or fill authorized by 33 CFR 330.3 – "Activities occurring before certain dates," provided that the structure or fill is not to be put to uses differing from those uses specified or contemplated for it in the original permit or the most recently authorized modification. b) Minor deviations in the structure's configuration or filled area, including those due to changes in materials, construction techniques, or current construction codes or safety standards that are necessary to make repair, rehabilitation, or replacement are authorized. c) Currently serviceable means useable as is or with some maintenance, but not so degraded as to essentially require reconstruction. d) No seaward expansion for bulkheads or any other fill activity is considered Category 1 maintenance. e) Only structures or fills that were previously authorized and are in compliance with the terms and condition of the original authorization can be maintained as a non-regulated activity under 33 CFR 323.4(a)(2), or in accordance with the Category 1 or 2 thresholds in Appendix A. f) The state's maintenance provisions may differ from the Corps and may require reporting and written authorization from the state. g) Contact the Corps to determine whether stream crossing replacements require a written application to the Corps for at least a Category 2 review.

<sup>8</sup>**Aquatic Habitat Restoration, Establishment and Enhancement:** The Corps will decide if a project qualifies and must determine in consultation with federal and state agencies that the net effects are beneficial. The Corps may refer to Nationwide Permit 27 published in the 3/12/07 Federal Register. Activities authorized here may include, but are not limited to: the removal of accumulated sediments; the installation, removal, and maintenance of small water control structures, dikes, and berms; the installation of current deflectors; the enhancement, restoration, or establishment of riffle and pool stream structure; the placement



of in-stream habitat structures; modifications of the stream bed and/or banks to restore or establish stream meanders; the backfilling of artificial channels and drainage ditches; the removal of existing drainage structures; the construction of small nesting islands in inland waters; the construction of open water areas; the construction of native shellfish species habitat over unvegetated bottom for the purpose of habitat protection or restoration in tidal waters; shellfish seeding; activities needed to reestablish vegetation, including plowing or discing for seed bed preparation and the planting of appropriate wetland species; mechanized land clearing to remove non-native invasive, exotic, or nuisance vegetation; and other related activities. Only native plant species should be planted at the site.

<sup>9</sup> **Brushing the Flats:** The placement of tree boughs, wooden lath structure, or small-mesh fencing on mudflats to enhance recruitment of soft-shell clams (*Mya arenaria*).

<sup>10</sup> **Maintenance Dredging:** This includes only those areas and depths previously authorized by the Corps and dredged.

<sup>11</sup> **Boating Facilities:** Facilities that provide for a fee, rent, or sell mooring space, such as marinas, yacht clubs, boat clubs, boat yards, town facilities, dockminiums, etc.

<sup>12</sup> **Federal Navigation Projects (FNPs):** FNPs are comprised of Federal Channels and Federal Anchorages. See Appendix F for their location and contact the Corps for more information. “Horizontal Limits” is the outer edge of an FNP. “Buffer Zone” is equal to three times the authorized depth of that channel.

<sup>13</sup> **Horizontal Limits:** The outer edge of a Federal Navigation Project (FNP). See Appendix F and contact the Corps for information on FNP’s.

<sup>14</sup> **Eelgrass (*Zostera marina*):** A type of rooted aquatic vegetation that exists in intertidal and shallow subtidal areas known as vegetated shallows. See [www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/](http://www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/) for eelgrass survey guidance.

<sup>15</sup> **Structures:** The height of structures shall at all points be equal to or exceed the width of the deck. For the purpose of this definition, height shall be measured from the marsh substrate to the bottom of the longitudinal support beam.



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New England District

**Appendix B: Category 1 Notification Form**  
(for all Inland and Navigable Water Projects  
in Maine subject to Corps jurisdiction)

Two (2) weeks **before** work commences, submit this to the following mailing address or complete the form at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg), “State General Permits,” “Maine.” Call (207) 623-8367 with any questions.

Maine Project Office  
U.S. Army Corps of Engineers  
New England District  
675 Western Avenue #3  
Manchester, Maine 04351

State Permit Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
Date of State Permit: \_\_\_\_\_  
State Project Manager: \_\_\_\_\_

Permittee: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address, City, State & Zip: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone(s) and Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Contractor: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address, City, State & Zip: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone(s) and Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Consultant/Engineer/Designer: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address, City, State & Zip: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone(s) and Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Wetland/Vernal Pool Consultant: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address, City, State & Zip: \_\_\_\_\_  
Phone(s) and Email: \_\_\_\_\_

Project Location/Description: \_\_\_\_\_  
Address, City, State & Zip: \_\_\_\_\_  
Latitude/Longitude Coordinates: \_\_\_\_\_  
Waterway Name: \_\_\_\_\_  
Work Description: \_\_\_\_\_

Provide any prior Corps permit numbers: \_\_\_\_\_  
Proposed Work Dates: Start: \_\_\_\_\_ Finish: \_\_\_\_\_

Area of wetland impact: \_\_\_\_\_ SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters)  
Area of waterway impact: \_\_\_\_\_ SF (leave blank if work involves structures & no fill in Navigable Waters)  
Area of compensatory mitigation provided: \_\_\_\_\_ SF

Work will be done under the following Appendix A categories (circle all that apply):

- I. Inland Waters and wetlands:    a    b    c    d    e
- II. Navigable Waters:                    a    b    c    d    e    f    g

Your name/signature below, as permittee, indicates that you accept and agree to comply with the terms, eligibility criteria, and general conditions of Category 1 of the Maine General Permit.

Permittee Printed Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Permittee Signature: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_



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## **Appendix C: Information Typically Required for Department of the Army Permits** (Category 2 & Individual Projects)

The following information may not be necessary for all projects. For a more comprehensive checklist, go to [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) “Forms” and then “Application and Plan Guideline Checklist.” Please check with our Maine office for project-specific requirements at (207) 623-8367.

### **All Projects:**

- Corps application form ([ENG Form 4345](#)) as appropriate.
- Photographs of wetland/waterway to be impacted.
- Purpose of the project.
- Legible, reproducible black and white (no color) plans no larger than 11”x17” with bar scale. Provide locus map and plan views of the entire property.
- Typical cross-section views of all wetland and waterway fill areas and wetland replication areas.
- In navigable waters, show mean low water (MLW) and mean high water (MHW) elevations. Show the high tide line (HTL) elevations when fill is involved. In other waters, show ordinary high water (OHW) elevation.
- On each plan, show the following for the project:
  - Vertical datum and the NAVD 1988 equivalent with the vertical units as U.S. feet. Don’t use local datum. In coastal waters this may be mean higher high water (MHHW), mean high water (MHW), mean low water (MLW), mean low lower water (MLLW) or other tidal datum with the vertical units as U.S. feet. MLLW and MHHW are preferred. Provide the correction factor detailing how the vertical datum (e.g., MLLW) was derived using the latest National Tidal Datum Epoch for that area, typically 1983-2001.
  - Horizontal state plane coordinates in U.S. survey feet based on the [insert state grid system] for the [insert state] [insert zone] NAD 83.
- Show project limits with existing and proposed conditions.
- Limits of any Federal Navigation Project in the vicinity of the project area and horizontal State Plane Coordinates in U.S. survey feet for the limits of the proposed work closest to the Federal Navigation Project;
- Volume, type, and source of fill material to be discharged into waters and wetlands, including the area(s) (in square feet or acres) of fill in wetlands, below the ordinary high water in inland waters and below the high tide line in coastal waters.
- Delineation of all waterways and wetlands on the project site, including vernal pools:
  - Use federal delineation methods and include Corps wetland delineation data sheets. See GC 2; Endnotes 1, 3 and 14 in Appendix A; and [www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd](http://www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd) for eelgrass survey guidance.
  - Appendix A, (e) Moorings, contains eelgrass survey requirements for the placement of moorings.
  - Labels on the plans should indicate whether the federal wetland is also a ME DEP “Wetlands of Special Significance,” i.e, coastal wetland, great pond, or one of the eight “Freshwater Wetlands of Special Significance” such as “Critically imperiled or imperiled community,” “Significant wildlife habitat,” etc. [see Appendix E, 10(a)].
- For activities involving discharges of dredged or fill material into waters of the U.S., include a statement describing how impacts to waters of the U.S. are to be avoided and minimized, and either a statement describing how impacts to waters of the U.S. are to be compensated for (or a conceptual or detailed mitigation plan) or a statement explaining why compensatory mitigation should not be required for the proposed impacts. Please contact the Corps for guidance.

- Provide information on secondary and cumulative effects associated with the project (see GC 3).
- Indicate that application materials were submitted to the Maine Historic Preservation Commission (MHPC) and the appropriate tribes (see Section 3(d) on Page 4).
- The name(s) of federal endangered and threatened “listed species or habitat” present in the action area (see GC 10 and Appendix E).
- Identify and describe potential impacts to Essential Fish Habitat (see GC 11).
- Invasive Species Control Plan (see GC 29).

**Information typically required for dredging projects:**

- Sediment testing, including physical (e.g., grain-size analysis), chemical and biological testing. For projects proposing open water disposal, applicants are encouraged to contact the Corps as early as possible regarding sampling and testing protocols. Sampling and testing of sediments without such contact should not occur and if done, would be at the applicant’s risk.
- The area in square feet and volume of material to be dredged below mean high water.
- Existing and proposed water depths.
- Type of dredging equipment to be used.
- Nature of material (e.g., silty sand).
- Any existing sediment grain size and bulk sediment chemistry data for the proposed or any nearby projects.
- Information on the location and nature of municipal or industrial discharges and occurrence of any contaminant spills in or near the project area.
- Shellfish survey.
- Location of the disposal site (include locus sheet).
- Identify and describe potential impacts to Essential Fish Habitat (see GC 11).
- Delineation of submerged aquatic vegetation (e.g., eelgrass beds).

## Appendix D: Contacts and Tribal Areas of Interest

### 1. **FEDERAL**

#### U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Maine Project Office  
675 Western Avenue #3  
Manchester, Maine 04351  
(207) 623-8367; (207) 623-8206 (fax)

#### Federal Endangered Species

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
Maine Field Office  
17 Godfrey Drive, Suite 2  
Orono, Maine 04473  
(207) 866-3344; (207) 866-3351 (fax)

#### Wild and Scenic Rivers

National Park Service  
North Atlantic Region  
15 State Street  
Boston, Massachusetts 02109  
(617) 223-5203

#### Bridge Permits

Commander (obr)  
First Coast Guard District  
One South Street - Battery Bldg  
New York, New York 10004  
(212) 668-7021; (212) 668-7967 (fax)

#### Federal Endangered Species

National Marine Fisheries Service  
Maine Field Office  
17 Godfrey Drive Suite 1  
Orono, ME 04473  
(207) 866-7379; (978) 866-7342 (fax)

#### Federal Endangered Species & EFH

National Marine Fisheries Service  
55 Great Republic Drive  
Gloucester, Massachusetts 01930  
(978) 281-9102; (978) 281-9301 (fax)

### 2. **STATE OF MAINE**

#### Maine Department of Environmental Protection (for State Permits & Water Quality Certifications)

Division of Land Resource Regulation  
Bureau of Land and Water Quality  
17 State House Station  
Augusta, Maine 04333  
(207) 287-7688

Eastern Maine Regional Office  
106 Hogan Road  
Bangor, Maine 04401  
(207) 941-4570

Southern Maine Regional Office  
312 Canco Road  
Portland, Maine 04103  
(201) 822-6300

Northern Maine Regional Office  
1235 Central Drive - Skyway Park  
Presque Isle, Maine 04769  
(207) 764-0477

#### Maine Land Use Regulation Commission (LURC) ([www.maine.gov/doc/lurc/offices.html](http://www.maine.gov/doc/lurc/offices.html))

22 State House Station  
Augusta, Maine 04333-0022  
(207) 287-2631; (207) 287-7439 (fax)

106 Hogan Rd, Suite 7  
Bangor, Maine 04401  
(207) 941-4052; (207) 941-4222 (fax)

Lakeview Drive  
P.O. Box 1107  
Greenville, Maine 04441  
(207) 695-2466; (207) 695-2380 (fax)

45 Radar Road  
Ashland, ME 04732-3600  
(207) 435-7963; (207) 435-7184 (fax)

191 Main Street  
East Millinocket, ME 04430  
(207) 746-2244; (207) 746-2243 (fax)

(For CZM Determinations)

State Planning Office  
Coastal Program  
184 State Street  
State House Station 38  
Augusta, Maine 04333  
(207) 287-1009

(For Aquaculture Leases)

Maine Department of Marine Resources  
P.O. Box 8  
West Boothbay Harbor, Maine 04575  
(207) 633-9500

(For Submerged Lands Leases)

Maine Department of Conservation  
Bureau of Parks and Lands  
22 State House Station  
Augusta, Maine 04333  
(207) 287-3061

### **3. HISTORIC PROPERTIES**

Maine Historic Preservation Commission  
(MHPC)

State House Station 65  
Augusta, Maine 04333-0065  
(207) 287-2132; (207) 287-2335 (fax)

Aroostook Band of Micmacs

Attn: Victoria Higgins, Chief  
7 Northern Road  
Presque Isle, Maine 04769  
(207) 764-1972; (207) 764-7667 (fax)

Houlton Band of Maliseet Indians

Attn: Sharri Venno, Environmental Planner  
88 Bell Road  
Littleton, Maine 04730  
(207) 532-4273, x215; (207) 532-1883 (fax)  
envplanner@maliseets.com

Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians

Indian Township Reservation  
Attn: Donald Soctomah, THPO  
P.O. Box 301  
Princeton, Maine 04668  
(207) 796-2301; (207) 796-5256 (fax)

Passamaquoddy Tribe of Indians

Pleasant Point Reservation  
Attn: Donald Soctomah, THPO  
P.O. Box 343  
Perry, Maine 04667  
(207) 853-2600; (207) 853-6039 (fax)

Penobscot Indian Nation

Indian Island Reservation  
Attn: Ms. Bonnie Newsom, THPO  
12 Wabanaki Way  
Indian Island, Maine 04468  
(207) 817-7471; (207) 817-7450 (fax)

### **4. ORGANIZATIONAL WEBSITES:**

Army Corps of Engineers, N.E. District  
Army Corps of Engineers, Headquarters  
Environmental Protection Agency  
National Marine Fisheries Service  
U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service  
National Park Service  
State of Maine  
Maine Department of Environmental Protection  
Maine Land Use Regulation Commission  
State of Maine -Aquaculture Guidelines

[www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg)  
[www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/cecwo\\_reg.aspx](http://www.usace.army.mil/CECW/Pages/cecwo_reg.aspx)  
[www.epa.gov/owow/wetlands](http://www.epa.gov/owow/wetlands)  
[www.nmfs.noaa.gov](http://www.nmfs.noaa.gov)  
[www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice](http://www.fws.gov/mainefieldoffice)  
[www.nps.gov/rivers/index.html](http://www.nps.gov/rivers/index.html)  
[www.maine.gov](http://www.maine.gov)  
[www.maine.gov/dep](http://www.maine.gov/dep)  
[www.maine.gov/doc/lurc](http://www.maine.gov/doc/lurc)  
[www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm](http://www.maine.gov/dmr/aquaculture/index.htm)

## Appendix E: Additional References

### 1. GC 2: Federal Jurisdictional Boundaries.

(a) Corps Wetlands Delineation Manual, regional supplements, and Corps Wetland Delineation Data Sheets: [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) and then “Wetlands and Jurisdictional Limits.”

(b) The USFWS publishes the 1988 National List of Plant Species that Occur in Wetlands ([www.nwi.fws.gov](http://www.nwi.fws.gov)).

The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) publishes the current hydric soil definition, criteria and lists: <http://soils.usda.gov/use/hydric>. For the Field Indicators for Identifying Hydric Soils in N.E., see [www.neiwpcc.org/hydricsoils.asp](http://www.neiwpcc.org/hydricsoils.asp).

### 2. GC 5:

*Single and complete project* means the total project proposed or accomplished by one owner/developer or partnership or other association of owners/developers. For example, if construction of a residential development affects several different areas of a headwater or isolated water, or several different headwaters or isolated waters, the cumulative total of all filled areas should be the basis for deciding whether or not the project will be covered by Category 1 or 2.

The *Independent utility* test is used to determine what constitutes a single and complete project in the Corps regulatory program. A project is considered to have independent utility if it would be constructed absent the construction of other projects in the project area. Portions of a multi-phase project that depend upon other phases of the project do not have independent utility. Phases of a project that would be constructed even if the other phases were not built can be considered as separate single and complete projects with independent utility.

### 3. GC 10: Threatened and Endangered Species.

(a) The following NMFS site must be referenced to ensure that listed species or critical habitat are not present in the action area [GC 10(b)] or to provide information on federally-listed species or habitat [GC 10(e)]: [www.nero.noaa.gov/prot\\_res/esp/ListE&Tspec.pdf](http://www.nero.noaa.gov/prot_res/esp/ListE&Tspec.pdf). Contact the USFWS for information to check for the presence of listed species (see Appendix D for contact information).

(b) The Endangered Species Act Consultation Handbook – Procedures for Conducting Section 7 Consultations and Conferences, defines action area as “all areas to be affected directly or indirectly by the federal action and not merely the immediate area involved in the action. [50 CFR 402.02].”

### 4. GC 11: Essential Fish Habitat.

As part of the PGP screening process, the Corps may coordinate with NMFS in accordance with the 1996 amendments to the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Conservation and Management Act to protect and conserve the habitat of marine, estuarine and anadromous finfish, mollusks, and crustaceans. This habitat is termed “Essential Fish Habitat (EFH)”, and is broadly defined to include “those waters and substrate necessary to fish for spawning, breeding, feeding, or growth to maturity.” There are EFH waters throughout inland and coastal waters in Maine. For additional information, see the EFH regulations 50 CFR 600 at [www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd](http://www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd) including the “Guide for EFH Descriptions” at [www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/list.htm](http://www.nero.noaa.gov/hcd/list.htm). Additional information on the location of EFH can be obtained from NMFS (see Appendix D for contact information).

### 5. GC 16: Avoidance, Minimization and Compensatory Mitigation.

(a) See [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) and then “Mitigation” to view the April 10, 2008 “Final Compensatory Mitigation Rule” (33 CFR 332) and related documents. The Q&A document states: “In order to reduce risk and uncertainty and help ensure that the required compensation is provided, the rule establishes a preference hierarchy for mitigation options. The most preferred option is mitigation

bank credits, which are usually in place before the activity is permitted. In-lieu fee program credits are second in the preference hierarchy, because they may involve larger, more ecologically valuable compensatory mitigation projects as compared to permittee-responsible mitigation. Permittee-responsible mitigation is the third option, with three possible circumstances: (1) conducted under a watershed approach, (2) on-site and in kind, and (3) off-site/out-of-kind.

(b) Compensatory mitigation may take the form of wetland preservation, restoration, enhancement, creation, and/or in lieu fee (ILF) for inclusion into the Natural Resources Mitigation Fund for projects in DEP and LURC territories. Avoidance of wetland impacts will reduce the ILF dollar total for applicants. The ILF compensation program was established to provide applicants with a flexible compensation option over and above traditional permittee responsible compensation projects. See the Maine ILF Agreement at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg), “Mitigation” and then “Maine,” or [www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpa/ILF\\_and\\_NRCP/index.htm](http://www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpa/ILF_and_NRCP/index.htm).

## **6. GCs 19 and 29: Invasive Species.**

(a) Information on what are considered “invasive species” is provided in our “Compensatory Mitigation Guidance” document at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Mitigation.” The “Invasive Species” section has a reference to our “Invasive Species Control Plan (ISCP) Guidance” document, located at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Invasive Species,” which provides information on preparing an ISCP.

(b) The June 2009 “Corps of Engineers Invasive Species Policy” is at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Invasive Species” and provides policy, goals and objectives.

## **7. GC 20: Bank Stabilization.**

This generally eliminates bodies of water where the reflected wave energy may interfere with or impact on harbors, marinas, or other developed shore areas. A revetment is sloped and is typically employed to absorb the direct impact of waves more effectively than a vertical seawall. It typically has a less adverse effect on the beach in front of it, abutting properties and wildlife. See the Corps Coastal Engineering Manual [EM 1110-2-1100](#) at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Useful Links and Documents” for design and construction guidance.

## **8. GC 22: Stream Crossings and Work.**

(a) Projects should be designed and constructed to ensure long-term success using the most recent manual located at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Stream and River Continuity,” currently “Stream Simulation: An Ecological Approach to Providing Passage for Aquatic Organisms at Road-Stream Crossings, by the U.S. Forest Service.” Section 5.3.3 is of particular importance. Sections 7.5.2.3 Construction Methods and 8.2.11 Stream-Simulation Bed Material Placement both show important steps in the project construction.

(b) For more information on High-Quality Stream Segments and their components see:

i. High-Quality Stream Segments are shown at [www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps](http://www.maine.gov/dep/gis/datamaps).

ii. Class A Waters or Class AA Waters:

[www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec465.html](http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec465.html), and

[www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec467.html](http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec467.html).

iii. Outstanding river segments [www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec480-P.html](http://www.mainelegislature.org/legis/statutes/38/title38sec480-P.html).

(c) The Massachusetts Dam Removal and the Wetland Regulations guidance may be used to evaluate the positive and negative impacts of culvert replacement, including the loss of upstream wetlands, which may be offset by the overall benefits of the river restoration. See [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) and then “Stream and River Continuity.”

(d) The ME DOT’s document “Waterway and Wildlife Crossing Policy and Design Guide for Aquatic Organism, Wildlife Habitat, and Hydrologic Connectivity,” 3rd Edition, July 2008, may be used to



evaluate impacts to aquatic, wildlife and surface water resources when designing, constructing, repairing and maintaining stream crossings. Note: Adherence to this DOT document does not ensure compliance with this GP. Projects must comply with the requirements of this GP including GC 22 and the Corps General Stream Crossing Standards contained therein.

[www.maine.gov/mdot/environmental-office-homepage/fishpassage/3rd%20edition%20-%20merged%20final%20version%207-01-08a1.pdf](http://www.maine.gov/mdot/environmental-office-homepage/fishpassage/3rd%20edition%20-%20merged%20final%20version%207-01-08a1.pdf).

(e) GC 22(f): The Skidder Bridge Fact Sheet at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Stream and River Continuity” may be a useful temporary span construction method.

**9. GC 23: Wetland Crossings.** The Maine DEP’s crossing standards are at 06-096 DEP, Chapter 305: Permit by Rule, 9) Crossings (utility lines, pipes and cables).  
[www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/rules/NRPA/2009/305/305\\_effective\\_2009.pdf](http://www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/rules/NRPA/2009/305/305_effective_2009.pdf)

**10. GC 28: Protection of Vernal Pools.**

(a) The state’s Significant Wildlife Habitat rules ([Chapter 335](#), Section 9(C) “Habitat management standards for significant vernal pool habitat”) are located at [www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpapage.htm#rule](http://www.maine.gov/dep/blwq/docstand/nrpapage.htm#rule) under “Rules.”

(b) The following documents provide conservation recommendations:

i. Best Development Practices: Conserving pool-breeding amphibians in residential and commercial development in the northeastern U.S., Calhoun and Klemens, 2002. Chapter III, Management Goals and Recommendations, Pages 15 – 26, is particularly relevant. (Available for purchase at [www.maineaudubon.org/resource/index.shtml](http://www.maineaudubon.org/resource/index.shtml) and on Corps website\*.)

ii. Science and Conservation of Vernal Pools in Northeastern North America, Calhoun and deMaynadier, 2008. Chapter 12, Conservation Recommendations section, Page 241, is particularly relevant. (Available for purchase via the internet. Chapter 12 is available on Corps website\*.)  
\* [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under “Vernal Pools.”

(c) Cape Cod Curbing: For smaller roads and driveways, the most important design feature to consider is curbing. Granite curbs and some traditional curbing can act as a barrier to amphibian and hatchling turtle movements. Large numbers of salamanders have been intercepted in their migrations by curbs and catch basins. Use of Cape Cod curbs rather than traditional curbing may be one solution. Alternatively, where storm water management systems require more traditional curbing, it may be possible to design in escape ramps on either side of each catch basin. Cape Cod curbing is shown on Page 35 of the document cited in 10.b.i above. Bituminous material is not required; other materials such as granite are acceptable.

(d) The VP Directional Buffer Guidance document is located at [www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg](http://www.nae.usace.army.mil/reg) under: 1) “State General Permits” and then “Maine,” and 2) “Vernal Pools.”

**11. GC 32: Maintenance.** River restoration projects that are designed to accommodate the natural dynamic tendencies of the fluvial system are maintained in accordance with the project’s design objectives (Category 1) or the Corps authorization letter (Category 2). These projects are generally designed to support and implement channel assessment and management practices that recognize a stream’s natural dynamic tendencies.

# Appendix F: Corps Projects in Maine

