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## **Bridging Rental Assistance Program (BRAP) Monitoring Report Quarter 2 FY2014 (July, August, September 2013)**

The Bridging Rental Assistance Program (BRAP) has been established in recognition that recovery can only begin in a safe, healthy, and decent environment, a place one can call home. The Office of Substance Abuse and Adult Mental Health Services recognizes the necessity for rental assistance for persons with mental illness, particularly those being discharged from hospitals, group homes, homeless shelters, and places considered substandard for human habitation. There is not a single housing market in the country where a person receiving Social Security as his or her sole income source can afford to rent even a modest one-bedroom apartment. According to a report issued by the Technical Assistance Collaborative, *Priced out in 2012* in Maine, 95% of a person's SSI standard monthly payment is needed to pay for the average one-bedroom apartment statewide. In Cumberland County the amount is 94% and Sagadahoc 98%. In the City of Portland 115% of a person's SSI is necessary to pay for the average one-bedroom apartment and in the KEYS area (Kittery, Elliot, York and South Berwick) 110%.

BRAP is designed to assist individuals who have a psychiatric disability with housing costs for up to 24 months or until the individuals are awarded a Housing Choice Voucher (aka Section 8 Voucher), another federal subsidy, or until the individuals have an alternative housing placement. All units subsidized by BRAP funding must meet the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development's Housing Quality Standards and Fair Market Rents. Following a **Housing First** model, initial BRAP recipients are encouraged, but not required to accept the provision of services to go hand in hand with the voucher.

The monitoring of the Bridging Rental Assistance Program (BRAP) is the responsibility of the Office of Substance Abuse and Adult Mental Health Services (SAMHS) and particularly the Data, Quality Management, and Resource Development team.

The bullets below highlight some of the details regarding persons who are currently waiting for a BRAP voucher: The percentage terms reflect the percentage of relative change compared to the last report. As is reflected by the bullets below (see table and graph on last page), the BRAP program has made very efficient utilization of the influx of funds in this fiscal year in just three months.

- Priority #1 applicants (Discharge from a psychiatric hospital within the last 6 months). Riverview and Dorothea Dix consumers are typically not waiting more than 5 days from the date of a completed application. Priority 1 applicants waiting for a BRAP voucher have decreased from 12 to 1 person, down 92%.
- Priority #2 applicants (Homeless) have decreased from 206 to 92 persons down 55%
- Priority #3 applicants (Substandard Housing) have increased from 2 to 3 persons up 50%.
- Priority #4 applicants (Community Residential Facility) have also decreased from 15 to 9 persons, down 40%.
- Persons on the waitlist greater than 90 days have decreased from 195 to 16 persons, down 92%.

Since inception of the wait list, there has been a total of 2,450 BRAP vouchers awarded broken down as follows: Priority #1, 1,123; Priority #2, 1,060; Priority #3, 31; Priority #4, 221. Note that 15 vouchers have been awarded to persons with no priority. In the last quarter 150 vouchers were awarded.

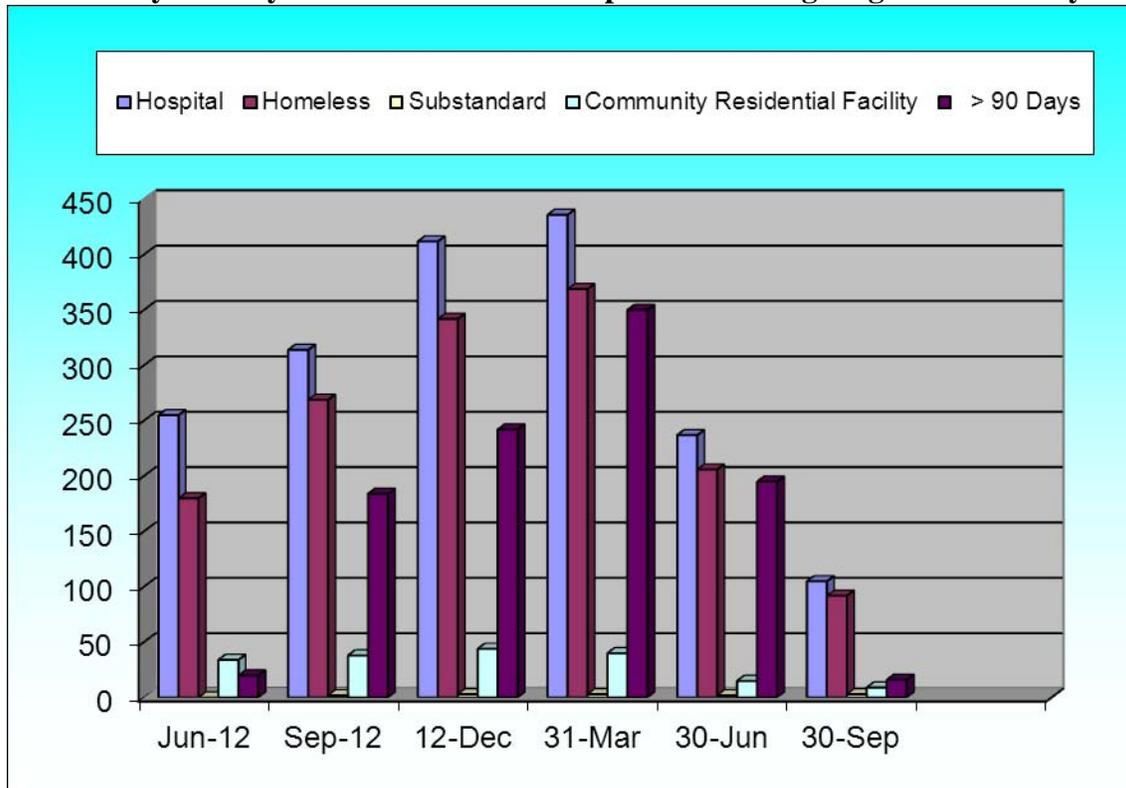
The current BRAP census as of September 30, 2013 is 1,007 vouchers issued—first time in program history we have exceeded the 1,000 milestone in meeting consumer’s Supported Housing needs through BRAP. The overall budget for FY 14 increased to \$5,018,508 which is allowing us to better meet the waitlist needs and push for expansion into more rural areas where vouchers have not been traditionally available or utilized due to housing stock as well as community education and partnership. This is being done through our established administrative agents as well as the developing relationships with the PATH program, Continuums of Care, and Homeless Councils.

The number of persons on the program for greater than 24 months has increased to 50% of the entire program. This is principally a result of decades of federal and state cuts to low-income and supportive housing programs, including persons who will not qualify for Section 8 due criminal activity. The lack of availability of these resources, particularly Section 8 at the federal level, has translated to increased pressures on state programs such as BRAP.

SAMHS administers a substantial number of Shelter Plus Care vouchers, more than any other state on a per-capita basis. The census was 890 as of September 30, 2013. This program is funded by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development and has seen significant growth over the last decade, the result of SAMHS aggressively applying for and receiving new grants each year. The FY2014 annual budget for Shelter Plus Care is \$7.9 million. The total dollars for all SPC grants (one year renewals to 5 year new contracts) administered by SAMHS is \$14,101,781. Shelter Plus Care (SPC) provides permanent rental subsidies (housing vouchers) and supportive services (provided by MaineCare) to literally homeless individuals with: severe and persistent mental illness (63%), chronic substance abuse and mental illness (30%), and chronic substance abuse and HIV/AIDS (7%).

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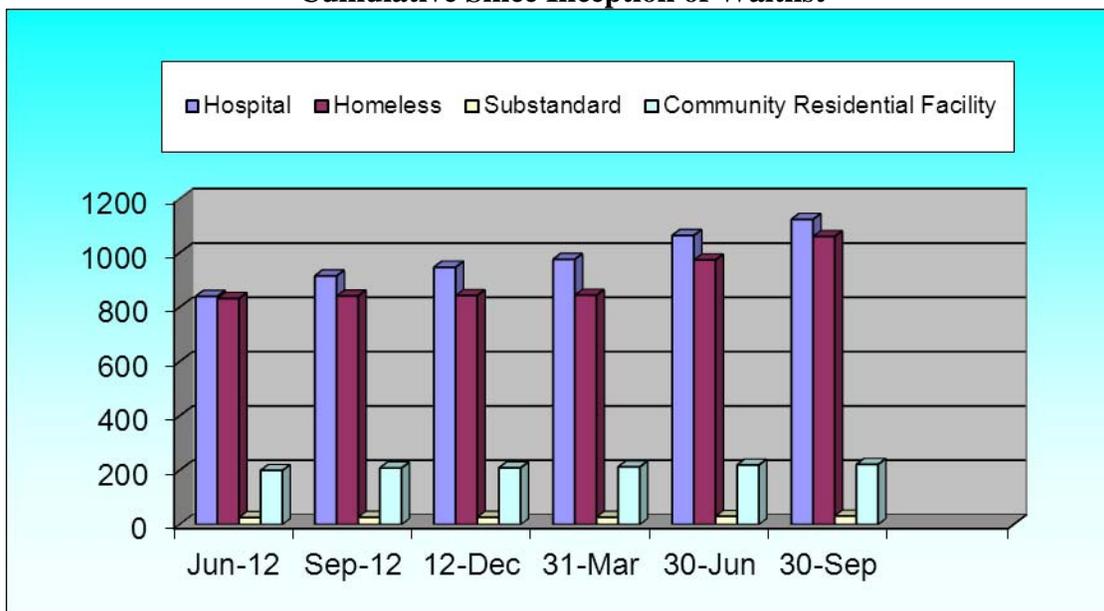
**BRAP Waitlist Status--Graph:  
Detail by Priority Status to include those persons waiting longer than 90 Days**



**BRAP Waitlist Status—Table:  
Detail by Priority Status to include those persons waiting longer than 90 Days**

Reporting Period	Jun-12	Sep-12	12-Dec	31-Mar	30-Jun	30-Sep	% Change relative to Last Report
Total number of persons waiting for BRAP	255	314	412	436	237	105	-56%
Priority 1—Discharge from state or private psychiatric hospital within last 6 months	41	5	23	22	12	1	-92%
Priority 2—Homeless (HUD Transitional Definition)	180	269	342	369	206	92	-55%
Priority 3—Sub-standard Housing	0	2	3	3	2	3	50%
Priority 4—Leaving a Community Residential living facility	34	38	44	40	15	9	-40%
Total number of persons on wait list more than 90 days awaiting voucher	20	184	242	350	195	16	-92%

**BRAP Awards—Graph  
Cumulative Since Inception of Waitlist**



**BRAP Awards—Table  
Cumulative Since Inception of Waitlist**

Reporting Periods	Jun-12	Sep-12	12-Dec	31-Mar	30-Jun	30-Sep	% Change relative to Last Report
Cumulative number of persons awarded BRAP	1908	2003	2038	2071	2300	2450	6%
Priority 1—Discharge from state or private psychiatric hospital within last 6 months	840	915	947	976	1064	1123	5%
Priority 2—Homeless (HUD Transitional Definition)	832	841	843	844	974	1060	8%
Priority 3—Sub-standard Housing	26	27	27	27	30	31	3%
Priority 4—Leaving a DHHS funded living facility	199	208	209	212	219	221	1%

Note: 15 persons awarded with no priority