Wash your hands with warm soapy water for at least 20 seconds before and after handling food, using the bathroom, changing diapers, or handling pets.

L

E

С

 \mathbf{O}

K

Wash counters and cooking utensils with hot soapy water before and after preparing food. This includes thermometers.

Rinse all fresh fruits and vegetables under running tap water even those with skins and rinds you don't eat.

- Separate raw meat, poultry, seafood and eggs from other foods in the grocery cart and in the refrigerator at home.
- Use separate cutting boards for fresh fruits and veggies and for raw meat, poultry, and fish.
- Don't re-use plates that held raw meat, poultry, seafood or eggs.

- Always use a food thermometer to make sure your food is cooked to a safe temperature—you can't tell by just looking at it!
 - Roasts & steaks: 145°F \Diamond
 - *Poultry*: at least 165°F \Diamond
 - \Diamond Ground meat: at least 165°F
 - *Fish*: 145°F \Diamond
- Cover food, stir and rotate several times for even cooking.
- Bring sauces, soups and gravy to a boil when reheating. Heat other leftovers to 165°F.



- Chill leftovers and takeout within 2 hours and divide food into shallow containers for rapid cooling.
- Refrigerate or freeze meat, poultry, eggs and other perishables as soon as you get them home from the store. Make sure your refrigerator temperature is at 40°F and your freezer is at 0°F.
- Never defrost food at room **temperature**. Defrost meat, poultry and fish in the refrigerator, or under cold running water, or in the microwave.

For more information, please call the 24-hour disease reporting line at 1-800-821-5821 or go to www.mainepublichealth.gov Information adapted from Partnership for Food Safety Education (www.fightbac.org) and USDA (www.fsis.usda.gov)



С

Η

Ι

L

L