

STATE OF MAINE DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION 17 STATE HOUSE STATION AUGUSTA, MAINE 04333-0017

DEPARTMENT ORDER

MSAD #55 Oxford County Hiram, Maine A-971-71-D-R Departmental Findings of Fact and Order Air Emission License Renewal

FINDINGS OF FACT

After review of the air emission license renewal application, staff investigation reports, and other documents in the applicant's file in the Bureau of Air Quality, pursuant to 38 Maine Revised Statutes (M.R.S.) § 344 and § 590, the Maine Department of Environmental Protection (Department) finds the following facts:

I. **REGISTRATION**

A. Introduction

MSAD #55 has applied to renew their Air Emission License for the operation of emission sources associated with their schools.

The equipment addressed in this license is located at 137 South Hiram Road, Hiram, Maine.

B. Emission Equipment

The following equipment is addressed in this air emission license:

Equipment	Max. Capacity (MMBtu/hr)	Maximum Firing Rate (gal/hr)	Fuel Type, % sulfur	Date of Install.	Stack #
Middle School					
Boiler #1	2.4	17.4	distillate fuel, 0.0015%	2007	1
Boiler #2	2.4	17.4	distillate fuel, 0.0015%	2007	1
Water Heater #1	1.0	10.8	propane, negligible	2007	2
High School					
Boiler #3	5.6	40.0	distillate fuel, 0.0015%	1967	3
Elementary School					
Boiler #5	1.5	10.9	distillate fuel, 0.0015%	2005	4
Boiler #6	1.5	10.9	distillate fuel, 0.0015%	2005	5

Boilers

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Stationary Engines

	Max. Input Capacity	Maximum Firing Rate		Date of	Date of
Equipment	(MMBtu/hr)	(gal/hr)	Fuel Type, % sulfur	Manuf.	Install.
Generator #1	2.0	14.8	distillate fuel, 0.0015%	2008	2008

MSAD #55 may operate small stationary engines smaller than 0.5 MMBtu/hr. These engines are considered insignificant activities and are not required to be included in this license. However, they are still subject to applicable State and Federal regulations. More information regarding requirements for small stationary engines is available on the Department's website at the link below.

http://www.maine.gov/dep/air/publications/docs/SmallRICEGuidance.pdf

Additionally, MSAD #55 may operate <u>portable</u> engines used for maintenance or emergency-only purposes. These engines are considered insignificant activities and are not required to be included in this license. However, they may still be subject to applicable State and Federal regulations.

C. Definitions

<u>Distillate Fuel</u> means the following:

- Fuel oil that complies with the specifications for fuel oil numbers 1 or 2, as defined by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM) in ASTM D396;
- Diesel fuel oil numbers 1 or 2, as defined in ASTM D975;
- · Kerosene, as defined in ASTM D3699;
- Biodiesel, as defined in ASTM D6751; or
- Biodiesel blends, as defined in ASTM D7467.

<u>Records</u> or <u>Logs</u> mean either hardcopy or electronic records.

<u>Portable or Non-Road Engine</u> means an internal combustion engine which is portable or transportable, meaning designed to be and capable of being carried or moved from one location to another. Indicia of transportability include, but are not limited to, wheels, skids, carrying handles, dolly, trailer, or platform. This definition does NOT include engines which remain or will remain at a location (excluding storage locations) for more than 12 consecutive months or a shorter period of time for an engine located at a seasonal source. <u>A location is any single site</u> at a building, structure, facility, or installation. Any engine that replaces an engine at a location and that is intended to perform the same or similar function as the engine replaced will be included in calculating the consecutive time period.

An engine is <u>not</u> a non-road (portable) engine if it remains or will remain at a location for more than 12 consecutive months or for a shorter period of time if sited at a seasonal source.

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A seasonal source is a source that remains in a single location for two years or more and which operates for fewer than 12 months in a calendar year. If an engine operates at a seasonal source for one entire season, the engine does not meet the criteria of a non-road (portable) engine and is subject to applicable stationary engine requirements.

D. Application Classification

All rules, regulations, or statutes referenced in this air emission license refer to the amended version in effect as of the date this license was issued.

The application for MSAD #55 does not include the licensing of increased emissions or the installation of new or modified equipment. Therefore, the license is considered to be a renewal of currently licensed emission units only and has been processed through *Major and Minor Source Air Emission License Regulations*, 06-096 Code of Maine Rules (C.M.R.) ch. 115.

E. Facility Classification

The facility is licensed as follows:

- As a natural minor source of air emissions, because no license restrictions are necessary to keep facility emissions below major source thresholds for criteria pollutants; and
- As an area source of hazardous air pollutants (HAP), because the licensed emissions are below the major source thresholds for HAP.

II. BEST PRACTICAL TREATMENT (BPT)

A. Introduction

In order to receive a license, the applicant must control emissions from each unit to a level considered by the Department to represent Best Practical Treatment (BPT), as defined in *Definitions Regulation*, 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 100. Separate control requirement categories exist for new and existing equipment.

BPT for existing emissions equipment means that method which controls or reduces emissions to the lowest possible level considering:

- the existing state of technology;
- the effectiveness of available alternatives for reducing emissions from the source being considered; and
- the economic feasibility for the type of establishment involved.

B. Boilers #1, #2, #3, #5, and #6

MSAD #55 operates five distillate fuel-fired boilers for facility heating and hot water. Boilers #1 and #2 are located at the Middle School. They were installed in 2007, are each rated at 2.4 MMBtu/hr, and exhaust through a common stack. Boiler #3 is located at the High School. It was installed in 1967 and is rated at 5.6 MMBtu/hr. Boilers #5 and #6 are located at the Elementary School. They were installed in 2005, are each rated at 1.5 MMBtu/hr, and exhaust through separate stacks.

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1. BPT Findings

The BPT emission limits for Boilers #1, #2, #3, #5, and #6 were based on the following:

PM/PM_{10}	_	0.08 lb/MMBtu based on 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT
SO_2	_	based on firing distillate fuel with a maximum sulfur content of
		0.0015% by weight
NO _x	_	20 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.3-1 dated 5/10
CO	_	5 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.3-1 dated 5/10
VOC	_	0.34 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.3-3 dated 5/10
Visible	_	06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101
Emissions		

The BPT emission limits for Boilers #1, #2, #3, #5, and #6 are the following:

Unit	Pollutant	lb/MMBtu
Boiler #3	PM	0.08

	PM	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
Unit	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Boiler #1	0.19	0.19	_	0.35	0.09	0.01
Boiler #2	0.19	0.19	_	0.35	0.09	0.01
Boiler #3	0.45	0.45	0.01	0.80	0.20	0.01
Boiler #5	0.12	0.12	_	0.22	0.05	_
Boiler #6	0.12	0.12	_	0.22	0.05	_

2. Visible Emissions

Visible emissions from Boilers #1, #2, #3, #5, and #6 shall each not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis.

3. New Source Performance Standards (NSPS): 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart Dc

Due to their size, Boilers #1, #2, #3, #5, and #6 are not subject to Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units

40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart Dc for units greater than 10 MMBtu/hr manufactured after June 9, 1989. [40 C.F.R. § 60.40c]

4. National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP): 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ

Boilers #5 and #6 are <u>not</u> subject to *National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers Area Sources,* 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ, because they are considered "hot water heaters" as defined in the rule and are therefore exempt pursuant to 40 C.F.R. § 6311195(f).

Boilers #1, #2, and #3 are subject to 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ. These units are considered existing oil boilers. [40 C.F.R. §§ 63.11193 and 63.11195]

A summary of the currently applicable federal 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ requirements is listed below. Notification forms and additional rule information can be found on the following website: <u>https://www.epa.gov/stationary-sources-airpollution/compliance-industrial-commercial-and-institutional-area-source</u>.

- a. Compliance Dates, Notifications, and Work Practice Requirements
 - (1) Initial Notification of Compliance

An Initial Notification submittal to EPA was due no later than January 20, 2014. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11225(a)(2)] The Department has confirmed that MSAD #55 submitted their Initial Notification to EPA.

- (2) Boiler Tune-Up Program
 - (i) A boiler tune-up program shall be implemented. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223]
 - (ii) Each tune-up shall be conducted at a frequency specified by the rule and based on the size, age, and operations of the boiler. See chart below:

	Tune-Up
Boiler Category	Frequency
Oil fired boilers with a heat input capacity of \leq 5MMBtu/hr	Every 5 years
(Boilers #1 and #2)	Every 5 years
Boiler with oxygen trim system which maintains an optimum air-	
to-fuel ratio that would otherwise be subject to a biennial tune up	Every 5 years
(Boiler #3)	

[40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(a) and Table 2]

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The boiler tune-up program, conducted to demonstrate continuous compliance, shall be performed as specified below:

- 1. <u>As applicable</u>, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any component of the burner as necessary. Delay of the burner inspection until the next scheduled shutdown is permitted for up to 72 months from the previous inspection. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(1)]
- 2. Inspect the flame pattern, <u>as applicable</u>, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern, consistent with the manufacturer's specifications. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(2)]
- 3. Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, <u>as applicable</u>, and ensure it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly. Delay of the inspection until the next scheduled shutdown is permitted for up to 72 months from the previous inspection. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(3)]
- 4. Optimize total emissions of CO, consistent with manufacturer's specifications. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(4)]
- 5. Measure the concentration in the effluent stream of CO in parts per million by volume (ppmv), and oxygen in volume percent, before and after adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(5)]
- 6. If a unit is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 days of start-up.
 [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(7)]
- (iii)<u>Tune-Up Report</u>: A tune-up report shall be maintained onsite and, submitted to the Department and/or EPA upon request. The report shall contain the following information:
 - 1. The concentration of CO in the effluent stream (ppmv) and oxygen (volume percent) measured at high fire or typical operating load both **before** and **after** the boiler tune-up; and
 - A description of any corrective actions taken as part of the tune-up of the boiler.
 [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(6)]
- (iv)After conducting the initial boiler tune-up, a Notification of Compliance Status shall be submitted to EPA no later than July 19, 2014.
 [40 C.F.R. § 63.11225(a)(4) and 40 C.F.R. § 63.11214(b)] The Department has confirmed that MSAD #55 submitted their Notification of Compliance Status to EPA.

(3) Compliance Report

A compliance report shall be prepared by March 1^{st} every five years which covers the previous five calendar years. The report shall be maintained by the source and submitted to the Department and/or to the EPA upon request. The report must include the items contained in §§ 63.11225(b)(1) and (2), including the following: [40 C.F.R. § 63.11225(b)]

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- (i) Company name and address;
- (ii) A statement of whether the source has complied with all the relevant requirements of this Subpart;
- (iii)A statement certifying truth, accuracy, and completeness of the notification and signed by a responsible official and containing the official's name, title, phone number, email address, and signature;
- (iv)The following certifications, as applicable:
 - 1. "This facility complies with the requirements in 40 C.F.R. § 63.11223 to conduct tune-ups of each boiler in accordance with the frequency specified in this Subpart."
 - 2. "No secondary materials that are solid waste were combusted in any affected unit."
 - 3. "This facility complies with the requirement in §§ 63.11214(d) and 63.11223(g) to minimize the boiler's time spent during startup and shutdown and to conduct startups and shutdowns according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures or procedures specified for a boiler of similar design if manufacturer's recommended procedures are not available."
- b. Recordkeeping

Records shall be maintained consistent with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ including the following [40 C.F.R. § 63.11225(c)]:

- (1) Copies of notifications and reports with supporting compliance documentation;
- (2) Identification of each boiler, the date of tune-up, procedures followed for tuneup, and the manufacturer's specifications to which the boiler was tuned;
- (3) Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of each applicable boiler; and
- (4) Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions, including corrective actions to restore the malfunctioning boiler.

Records shall be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review.

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C. <u>Water Heater #1</u>

MSAD #55 operates a propane-fired water heater (Water Heater #1) which is located at the Middle School. Its heat input is rated at 1.0 MMBtu/hr and was installed in 2007.

1. BPT Findings

The BPT emission limits for Water Heater #1 were based on the following:

PM/PM ₁₀	_	0.05 lb/MMBtu based on 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT
SO_2	_	0.054 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.5-1 dated 7/08
NO _x	_	13 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.5-1 dated 7/08
CO	_	7.5 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.5-1 dated 7/08
VOC	_	1.0 lb/1,000 gal based on AP-42 Table 1.5-1 dated 7/08
Visible	_	06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 3(A)(3)
Emissions		

The BPT emission limits for Water Heater #1 are the following:

Unit	PM	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Water Heater #1	0.05	0.05	_	0.14	0.08	0.01

2. Visible Emissions

Visible emissions from Water Heater #1 shall not exceed 10% opacity on a six-minute block average basis.

3. New Source Performance Standards (NSPS): 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart Dc

Due to its size, Water Heater #1 is not subject to *Standards of Performance for Small Industrial-Commercial-Institutional Steam Generating Units* 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart Dc for units greater than 10 MMBtu/hr manufactured after June 9, 1989. [40 C.F.R. § 60.40c]

4. National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP): 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ

Water Heater #1 is not subject to the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Industrial, Commercial, and Institutional Boilers Area Sources, 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ. Propane-fired units are exempt from the requirements of this regulation. [40 C.F.R. §§ 63.11195(e)]

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D. Generator #1

MSAD #55 operates one emergency generator (Generator #1). It is a generator set consisting of an engine and an electrical generator. Generator #1 has an engine with a heat input of 2.0 MMBtu/hr firing distillate fuel. It was manufactured in 2008.

1. BPT Findings

The BPT emission limits for Generator #1 are based on the following:

PM/PM_{10}	- 0.31 lb/MMBtu based on AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96
SO_2	- combustion of distillate fuel with a maximum sulfur content not to
	exceed 15 ppm (0.0015% sulfur by weight)
NO _x	- 4.41 lb/MMBtu based on AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96
CO	- 0.95 lb/MMBtu based on AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96
VOC	- 0.36 lb/MMBtu based on AP-42 Table 3.3-1 dated 10/96
Visible	- 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 3(A)(4)
Emissions	

The BPT emission limits for Generator #1 are the following:

Unit	PM	PM ₁₀	SO2	NO _x	CO	VOC
	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Generator #1	0.63	0.63		8.95	1.93	0.73

Visible emissions from Generator #1 shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis except for periods of startup during which time MSAD #55 may comply with the following work practice standards in lieu of the numerical visible emissions standard.

- a. Maintain a log (written or electronic) of the date, time, and duration of all generator startups.
- b. Operate the generator in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related operating instructions.
- c. Minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the non-startup emission limitations shall apply.
- d. Operate the generator, including any associated air pollution control equipment, at all times in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and

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maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Department that may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance records, and inspection of the unit.

2. Chapter 169

Generator #1 was licensed prior to the effective date of Stationary Generators, 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 169 and is therefore exempt from this rule pursuant to section 3(B).

3. New Source Performance Standards

Standards of Performance for Stationary Compression Ignition Internal Combustion Engines, 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII is applicable to the emergency engine listed above since the unit was ordered after July 11, 2005, and manufactured after April 1, 2006. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4200]

A summary of the currently applicable federal 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII requirements is listed below.

a. Emergency Engine Designation and Operating Criteria

Under 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII, a stationary reciprocating internal combustion engine (ICE) is considered an **emergency** stationary ICE (emergency engine) as long as the engine is operated in accordance with the following criteria. Operation of an engine outside of the criteria specified below may cause the engine to no longer be considered an emergency engine under 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII, resulting in the engine being subject to requirements applicable to **non-emergency** engines.

(1) Emergency Situation Operation (On-Site)

There is no operating time limit on the use of an emergency engine to provide electrical power or mechanical work during an emergency situation. Examples of use of an emergency engine during emergency situations include the following:

- Use of an engine to produce power for critical networks or equipment (including power supplied to portions of a facility) because of failure or interruption of electric power from the local utility (or the normal power source, if the facility runs on its own power production);
- Use of an engine to mitigate an on-site disaster;
- Use of an engine to pump water in the case of fire, flood, natural disaster, or severe weather conditions; and
- Similar instances.

(2) Non-Emergency Situation Operation

An emergency engine may be operated up to a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance checks, readiness testing, and other non-emergency situations as described below.

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- (i) An emergency engine may be operated for a maximum of 100 hours per calendar year for maintenance checks and readiness testing, provided that the tests are recommended by federal, state, or local government; the manufacturer; the vendor; the regional transmission organization or equivalent balancing authority and transmission operator; or the insurance company associated with the engine. The owner or operator may petition the Administrator for approval of additional hours to be used for maintenance checks and readiness testing, but a petition is not required if the owner or operator maintains records indicating that federal, state, or local standards require maintenance and testing of emergency ICE more than 100 hours per calendar year.
- (ii) An emergency engine may be operated for up to 50 hours per calendar year for other non-emergency situations. However, these operating hours are counted as part of the 100 hours per calendar year operating limit described in paragraph (2) and (2) (i) above.

The 50 hours per calendar year operating limit for other non-emergency situations cannot be used for peak shaving, demand response, or to generate income for a facility by providing power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity.

[40 C.F.R. §§ 60.4211(f) and 60.4219]

- b. 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII Requirements
 - Manufacturer Certification Requirement The engine shall be certified by the manufacturer as meeting the emission standards for new nonroad compression ignition engines found in 40 C.F.R. § 60.4202. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4205(b)]
 - (2) Ultra-Low Sulfur Fuel Requirement The fuel fired in the engine shall not exceed 15 ppm sulfur (0.0015% sulfur).
 [40 C.F.R. § 60.4207(b)]
 - (3) Non-Resettable Hour Meter RequirementA non-resettable hour meter shall be installed and operated on the engine.[40 C.F.R. § 60.4209(a)]

(4) Operation and Maintenance Requirements
 The engine shall be operated and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. MSAD #55 may only change those emission-related settings that are permitted by the manufacturer.

 [40 C.F.R. § 60.4211(a)]

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- (5) Annual Time Limit for Maintenance and Testing As an emergency engine, the unit shall be limited to 100 hours/year for maintenance checks and readiness testing. Up to 50 hours/year of the 100 hours/year may be used in non-emergency situations (this does not include peak shaving, demand response, or to generate income for a facility by providing power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity). [40 C.F.R. § 60.4211(f)]
- (6) Initial Notification Requirement

No initial notification is required under 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII for emergency engines. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4214(b)]

(7) Recordkeeping

MSAD #55 shall keep records that include the hours of operation of the engine recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. Documentation shall include the number of hours the unit operated for emergency purposes, the number of hours the unit operated for non-emergency purposes, and the reason the engine was in operation during each time. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4214(b)]

4. National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP): 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ

National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants for Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engines, 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ is not applicable to the emergency engine listed above. It is considered exempt from the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ since it is categorized as an institutional emergency engine and it is not contractually obligated to be available in a demand response program, during a period of deviation from standard voltage or frequency, or for supplying power during a non-emergency situation as part of a financial arrangement with another entity as specified in 40 C.F.R. § 63.6640(f)(4)(ii).

E. Annual Emissions

The table below provides an estimate of facility-wide annual emissions for the purposes of calculating the facility's annual air license fee and establishing the facility's potential to emit (PTE). Only licensed equipment is included, i.e., emissions from insignificant activities are excluded. Similarly, unquantifiable fugitive particulate matter emissions are not included except when required by state or federal regulations. Maximum potential

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emissions were calculated based on Unlimited use of the boilers, Water Heater #1, and Generator #1.

This information does not represent a comprehensive list of license restrictions or permissions. That information is provided in the Order section of this license.

Total Licensed Annual Emissions for the Facility Tons/year

	PM	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
Boiler #1	0.9	0.9	—	1.5	0.4	_
Boiler #2	0.9	0.9	_	1.5	0.4	_
Water Heater #1	0.2	0.2	_	0.6	0.4	0.1
Boiler #3	2.0	2.0	0.1	3.5	0.9	0.1
Boiler #5	0.5	0.5	_	1.0	0.2	_
Boiler #6	0.5	0.5	_	1.0	0.2	_
Generator #1	_	-	_	0.5	0.1	0.1
Total TPY	5.0	5.0	0.1	9.6	2.6	0.3

(used to calculate the annual license fee)

Pollutant	Tons/year
Total HAP	7.9

III. AMBIENT AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS

The level of ambient air quality impact modeling required for a minor source is determined by the Department on a case-by case basis. In accordance with 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, an ambient air quality impact analysis is not required for a minor source if the total licensed annual emissions of any pollutant released do not exceed the following levels and there are no extenuating circumstances:

Pollutant	Tons/Year
PM ₁₀	25
SO_2	50
NO _x	50
CO	250

The total licensed annual emissions for the facility are below the emission levels contained in the table above and there are no extenuating circumstances; therefore, an ambient air quality impact analysis is not required as part of this license.

This determination is based on information provided by the applicant regarding the expected construction and operation of the proposed emission units. If the Department determines that any parameter (e.g., stack size, configuration, flow rate, emission rates, nearby structures, etc.)

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deviates from what was included in the application, the Department may require MSAD #55 to submit additional information and may require an ambient air quality impact analysis at that time.

ORDER

Based on the above Findings and subject to conditions listed below, the Department concludes that the emissions from this source:

- will receive Best Practical Treatment,
- will not violate applicable emission standards, and
- will not violate applicable ambient air quality standards in conjunction with emissions from other sources.

The Department hereby grants Air Emission License A-971-71-D-R subject to the following conditions.

<u>Severability</u>. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision of this License or part thereof shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This License shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.

STANDARD CONDITIONS

- (1) Employees and authorized representatives of the Department shall be allowed access to the licensee's premises during business hours, or any time during which any emissions units are in operation, and at such other times as the Department deems necessary for the purpose of performing tests, collecting samples, conducting inspections, or examining and copying records relating to emissions (38 M.R.S. § 347-C).
- (2) The licensee shall acquire a new or amended air emission license prior to commencing construction of a modification, unless specifically provided for in Chapter 115. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (3) Approval to construct shall become invalid if the source has not commenced construction within eighteen (18) months after receipt of such approval or if construction is discontinued for a period of eighteen (18) months or more. The Department may extend this time period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified, but may condition such extension upon a review of either the control technology analysis or the ambient air quality standards analysis, or both. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (4) The licensee shall establish and maintain a continuing program of best management practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter during any period of construction,

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reconstruction, or operation which may result in fugitive dust, and shall submit a description of the program to the Department upon request. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

- (5) The licensee shall pay the annual air emission license fee to the Department, calculated pursuant to Title 38 M.R.S. § 353-A. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (6) The license does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (7) The licensee shall maintain and operate all emission units and air pollution systems required by the air emission license in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practice for minimizing emissions. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (8) The licensee shall maintain sufficient records to accurately document compliance with emission standards and license conditions and shall maintain such records for a minimum of six (6) years. The records shall be submitted to the Department upon written request. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (9) The licensee shall comply with all terms and conditions of the air emission license. The filing of an appeal by the licensee, the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance by the licensee, or the filing of an application by the licensee for a renewal of a license or amendment shall not stay any condition of the license. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (10) The licensee may not use as a defense in an enforcement action that the disruption, cessation, or reduction of licensed operations would have been necessary in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of the air emission license. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (11) In accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 C.F.R. Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department, the licensee shall:
 - A. Perform stack testing to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions:
 - 1. Within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of a notification to test from the Department or EPA, if visible emissions, equipment operating parameters, staff inspection, air monitoring or other cause indicate to the Department that equipment may be operating out of compliance with emission standards or license conditions; or
 - 2. Pursuant to any other requirement of this license to perform stack testing.

- B. Install or make provisions to install test ports that meet the criteria of 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Appendix A, and test platforms, if necessary, and other accommodations necessary to allow emission testing; and
- C. Submit a written report to the Department within thirty (30) days from date of test completion.

[06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

- (12) If the results of a stack test performed under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions indicate emissions in excess of the applicable standards, then:
 - A. Within thirty (30) days following receipt of the written test report by the Department, or another alternative timeframe approved by the Department, the licensee shall re-test the non-complying emission source under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions and in accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 C.F.R. Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department; and
 - B. The days of violation shall be presumed to include the date of stack test and each and every day of operation thereafter until compliance is demonstrated under normal and representative process and operating conditions, except to the extent that the facility can prove to the satisfaction of the Department that there were intervening days during which no violation occurred or that the violation was not continuing in nature; and
 - C. The licensee may, upon the approval of the Department following the successful demonstration of compliance at alternative load conditions, operate under such alternative load conditions on an interim basis prior to a demonstration of compliance under normal and representative process and operating conditions.
 [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (13) Notwithstanding any other provisions in the State Implementation Plan approved by the EPA or Section 114(a) of the CAA, any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a person has violated or is in violation of any statute, regulation, or license requirement. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (14) The licensee shall maintain records of malfunctions, failures, downtime, and any other similar change in operation of air pollution control systems or the emissions unit itself that would affect emissions and that is not consistent with the terms and conditions of the air emission license. The licensee shall notify the Department within two (2) days or the next state working day, whichever is later, of such occasions where such changes result in an increase of emissions. The licensee shall report all excess emissions in the units of the applicable emission limitation. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

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- (15) Upon written request from the Department, the licensee shall establish and maintain such records, make such reports, install, use and maintain such monitoring equipment, sample such emissions (in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the Department shall prescribe), and provide other information as the Department may reasonably require to determine the licensee's compliance status. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]
- (16) The licensee shall notify the Department within 48 hours and submit a report to the Department on a quarterly basis if a malfunction or breakdown in any component causes a violation of any emission standard (38 M.R.S. § 605). [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115]

SPECIFIC CONDITIONS

(17) **Boilers #1, #2, #3, #5, and #6**

- A. Fuel
 - The facility shall not purchase or otherwise obtain distillate fuel with a maximum sulfur content that exceeds 0.0015% by weight (15 ppm). [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
 - 2. Fuel sulfur content compliance shall be demonstrated by fuel delivery receipts from the supplier, fuel supplier certification, certificate of analysis, or testing of the tank containing the fuel to be fired. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- B. Emissions shall not exceed the following:

Unit	Pollutant	lb/MMBtu	Origin and Authority
Boiler #3	PM	0.08	06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT

C. Emissions shall not exceed the following [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT/BACT]:

	PM	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
Unit	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Boiler #1	0.19	0.19	_	0.35	0.09	0.01
Boiler #2	0.19	0.19	-	0.35	0.09	0.01
Boiler #3	0.45	0.45	0.01	0.80	0.20	0.01
Boiler #5	0.12	0.12	_	0.22	0.05	_
Boiler #6	0.12	0.12	_	0.22	0.05	_

D. Visible emissions from the boiler shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 3(A)(2)]

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- E. MSAD #55 shall comply with all requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ applicable to Boilers #1, #2, and #3 including, but not limited to, the following: [incorporated under 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
 - 1. The facility shall implement a boiler tune-up program. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223]
 - a. Each tune-up shall be conducted at a frequency specified by the rule and based on the size, age, and operations of the boiler. See chart below:

	Tune-Up
Boiler Category	Frequency
Oil fired boilers with a heat input capacity of \leq 5MMBtu/hr	Every 5 years
(Boilers #1 and #2)	Every 5 years
Boiler with oxygen trim system which maintains an optimum air-	
to-fuel ratio that would otherwise be subject to a biennial tune up	Every 5 years
(Boiler #3)	

[40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(a) and Table 2]

- b. The boiler tune-up program, conducted to demonstrate continuous compliance, shall be performed as specified below:
 - (1) <u>As applicable</u>, inspect the burner, and clean or replace any component of the burner as necessary. Delay of the burner inspection until the next scheduled shutdown is permitted for up to 72 months from the previous inspection. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(1)]
 - (2) Inspect the flame pattern, <u>as applicable</u>, and adjust the burner as necessary to optimize the flame pattern, consistent with the manufacturer's specifications. [40 C.F..R § 63.11223(b)(2)]
 - (3) Inspect the system controlling the air-to-fuel ratio, <u>as applicable</u>, and ensure it is correctly calibrated and functioning properly. Delay of the inspection until the next scheduled shutdown is permitted for up to 72 months from the previous inspection. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(3)]
 - (4) Optimize total emissions of CO, consistent with manufacturer's specifications. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(4)]
 - (5) Measure the concentration in the effluent stream of CO in parts per million by volume (ppmv), and oxygen in volume percent, before and after adjustments are made (measurements may be either on a dry or wet basis, as long as it is the same basis before and after the adjustments are made). Measurements may be taken using a portable CO analyzer. [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(5)]
 - (6) If a unit is not operating on the required date for a tune-up, the tune-up must be conducted within 30 days of start-up.[40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(7)]

- c. <u>Tune-Up Report</u>: A tune-up report shall be maintained onsite and submitted to the Department and EPA upon request. The report shall contain the following information:
 - (1) The concentration of CO in the effluent stream (ppmv) and oxygen (volume percent) measured at high fire or typical operating load both **before** and **after** the boiler tune-up; and
 - (2) A description of any corrective actions taken as part of the tune-up of the boiler.
 - [40 C.F.R. § 63.11223(b)(6)]
- 2. Compliance Report

A compliance report shall be prepared by March 1st every five years which covers the previous five calendar years. The report shall be maintained by the source and submitted to the Department and/or to the EPA upon request. The report must include the items contained in §§ 63.11225(b)(1) and (2), including the following: [40 C.F.R. § 63.11225(b)]

- a. Company name and address;
- b. A statement of whether the source has complied with all the relevant requirements of this Subpart;
- c. A statement certifying truth, accuracy, and completeness of the notification and signed by a responsible official and containing the official's name, title, phone number, email address, and signature;
- d. The following certifications, as applicable:
 - (1) "This facility complies with the requirements in 40 C.F.R. § 63.11223 to conduct tune-ups of each boiler in accordance with the frequency specified in this Subpart."
 - (2) "No secondary materials that are solid waste were combusted in any affected unit."
 - (3) "This facility complies with the requirement in §§ 63.11214(d) and 63.11223(g) to minimize the boiler's time spent during startup and shutdown and to conduct startups and shutdowns according to the manufacturer's recommended procedures or procedures specified for a boiler of similar design if manufacturer's recommended procedures are not available."
- 3. Records shall be maintained consistent with the requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 63, Subpart JJJJJJ including the following [40 C.F.R. § 63.11225(c)]:
 - a. Copies of notifications and reports with supporting compliance documentation;
 - b. Identification of each boiler, the date of tune-up, procedures followed for tuneup, and the manufacturer's specifications to which the boiler was tuned;
 - c. Records of the occurrence and duration of each malfunction of each applicable boiler; and

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d. Records of actions taken during periods of malfunction to minimize emissions, including corrective actions to restore the malfunctioning boiler.

Records shall be in a form suitable and readily available for expeditious review.

(18) Water Heater #1

- A. MSAD #55 shall fire propane in Water Heater #1. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- B. Emissions shall not exceed the following [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT/BACT]:

Unit	PM	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Water Heater #1	0.05	0.05	_	0.14	0.08	0.01

C. Visible emissions from Water Heater #1 shall not exceed 10% opacity on a six-minute block average basis. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, § 3(A)(3)]

(19) **Generator #1**

- A. Generator #1 shall be limited to 100 hours of operation per calendar year, excluding operating hours during emergency situations. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- B. MSAD #55 shall keep records of all maintenance conducted on the engine(s) associated with Generator #1. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
- C. Emissions shall not exceed the following [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]:

Unit	PM	PM ₁₀	SO ₂	NO _x	CO	VOC
	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)	(lb/hr)
Generator #1	0.63	0.63	I	8.95	1.93	0.73

D. Visible Emissions

Visible emissions from Generator #1 shall not exceed 20% opacity on a six-minute block average basis except for periods of startup during which time MSAD #55 may comply with the following work practice standards in lieu of the numerical visible emissions standard. [06-096 C.M.R. ch. 101, \S 3(A)(4)]

- 1. Maintain a log (written or electronic) of the date, time, and duration of all generator startups.
- 2. Operate the generator in accordance with the manufacturer's emission-related operating instructions.

- 3. Minimize the engine's time spent at idle during startup and minimize the engine's startup time to a period needed for appropriate and safe loading of the engine, not to exceed 30 minutes, after which time the non-startup emission limitations shall apply.
- 4. Operate the generator, including any associated air pollution control equipment, at all times in a manner consistent with safety and good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. Determination of whether such operation and maintenance procedures are being used will be based on information available to the Department that may include, but is not limited to, monitoring results, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation and maintenance procedures, review of operation of the unit.
- E. Generator #1 shall meet the applicable requirements of 40 C.F.R. Part 60, Subpart IIII, including the following:
 [incorporated under 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]
 - Manufacturer Certification
 The engine shall be certified by the manufacturer as meeting the emission standards
 for new nonroad compression ignition engines found in § 60.4202.
 [40 C.F.R. § 60.4205(b)]
 - 2. Ultra-Low Sulfur Fuel

The fuel fired in the engine shall not exceed 15 ppm sulfur (0.0015% sulfur). Compliance with the fuel sulfur content limit shall be demonstrated by fuel delivery receipts from the supplier, fuel supplier certification, certificate of analysis, or testing of the tank containing the fuel to be fired. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4207(b) and 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]

- Non-Resettable Hour Meter A non-resettable hour meter shall be installed and operated on the engine. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4209(a)]
- 4. Annual Time Limit for Maintenance and Testing
 - a. As an emergency engine, the unit shall be limited to 100 hours/year for maintenance checks and readiness testing. Up to 50 hours/year of the 100 hours/year may be used in non-emergency situations (this does not include peak shaving, demand response, or to generate income for a facility by providing power to an electric grid or otherwise supply power as part of a financial arrangement with another entity). These limits are based on a calendar year. Compliance shall be demonstrated by records (electronic or written log) of all engine operating hours. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4211(f) and 06-096 C.M.R. ch. 115, BPT]

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- b. MSAD #55 shall keep records that include the hours of operation of the engine recorded through the non-resettable hour meter. Documentation shall include the number of hours the unit operated for emergency purposes, the number of hours the unit operated for non-emergency purposes, and the reason the engine was in operation during each time. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4214(b)]
- 5. Operation and Maintenance The engine shall be operated and maintained according to the manufacturer's emission-related written instructions. MSAD #55may only change those emission-related settings that are permitted by the manufacturer. [40 C.F.R. § 60.4211(a)]

done and dated in Augusta, maine this 2^{nd} day of DECEMBER, 2022.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION BY: for MELANIE LOYZIM, COMMISSIONER The term of this license shall be ten (10) years from the signature date above. PLEASE NOTE ATTACHED SHEET FOR GUIDANCE ON APPEAL PROCEDURES

Date of initial receipt of application:9/19/2022Date of application acceptance:9/21/2022

Date filed with the Board of Environmental Protection:

This Order prepared by Lynn Muzzey, Bureau of Air Quality.

FILED

DEC 02, 2022

State of Maine Board of Environmental Protection