

Chapter 2: RULES CONCERNING THE PROCESSING OF APPLICATIONS AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. Definitions.....Pg. 1

2. Scope of rRulesPg. 23

3. Filing of sSubmissions and eComputation of tTime.....Pg. 3

4. Advisory RulingsPg. 4

5. Inspections.....Pg. 56

6. Public aAccess to informationPg. 56

7. Public hearingsPg. 6

8. ~~Delegation~~Public Meetings on License ApplicationsPg. 78

9. Preliminary votePg. 87

10. Pre-application and pre-submission mMeetings on applications.....Pg. 78

11. Application rRequirementsPg. 910

12. Application Fees and Processing TimesPg. 1213

13. Public information mMeeting rRequirement.....Pg. 1314

14. Public aNotice of applicationsPg. 1415

15. Board aNotice of applications.....Pg. 1516

16. Public eComment on applications.....Pg. 1516

17. Board assumption of jurisdiction over an application.....Pg. 1517

18. Availability of draft orders, ~~licenses and permits~~License Decisions.....Pg. 1618

19. Decisions.....Pg. 1718

20. Notice of appel rights.....Pg. 1821

21. License renewals, ammendments and transfersPg. 1921

22. Petition for eCorrected licensePg. 2022

23. Petition for surrender of licensePg. 2022

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

24. ~~Board review~~ Appeal to the Board of Commissioner License dDecisionsPg. ~~20~~25

25. ~~Petition for reconsideration of a Board decision~~Pg. ~~23~~

26. ~~Judicial review of a Department decision~~.....Pg. ~~24~~

27. ~~Revocation, modification or suspension of licenses~~Pg. ~~25~~

25. Revocation or Suspension of a License.....Pg. 32

26. Modification of a License or Order Prescribing Corrective ActionPg. 33

27. Criteria for Revocation, Suspension, Modification or Corrective Action.....Pg. 34

28. Judicial Review of a Department Decision.....Pg. 35

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Mtg 12-6-12

Chapter 2: RULES CONCERNING THE PROCESSING OF APPLICATIONS AND OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE MATTERS

SUMMARY: ~~These rules~~ this rule governs various administrative activities of the Department of Environmental Protection. Included within ~~these rules~~ this rule are sections which apply to the processing of applications, appeals of Commissioner license decisions to the Board of Environmental Protection, petitions to modify, revoke or suspend a license, and license surrenders. The rule also addresses advisory opinions, inspections and public access to information, license application requirements, application fees, public notice, public access to information, processing times, license transfers, and appeals to the Board of Environmental Protection.

1. **Definitions.** The following terms, as used in this Chapter, have the following meanings unless the context indicates otherwise:
 - A. **Abutter.** "Abutter" for the purposes of the notice provisions of this rule, means any person who owns property that is both (1) adjoining and (2) within 1 mile of the delineated project boundary, including owners of property directly across a public or private right of way.
 - B. **Aggrieved pPerson.** "Aggrieved pPerson" means any person whom the Board determines may suffer particularized injury as a result of a licensing or other decision.
 - C. **Amendment aApplication.** "Amendment aApplication" means any application to modify a license previously granted by the Department, except for minor revisions.
 - D. **Board.** "Board" means the Board of Environmental Protection, an independent citizen board that is part of the Department and that, among its duties, decides selected applications and considers appeals of Commissioner license decisions.
 - E. **Chair.** "Chair" means the ~~C~~chair of the Board of Environmental Protection, or his or her designee.
 - F. **Commissioner.** "Commissioner" means the Commissioner of the Department of Environmental Protection, or his or her designee.
 - G. **Department.** "Department" means the Department of Environmental Protection, which includes the Commissioner and including the Board, and the Commissioner.
 - H. **Department sStaff.** "Department sStaff" means all staff, except staff to the Board.
 - I. **Hearing.** "Hearing" means an adjudicatory hearing conducted in accordance with the procedural requirements of the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 4.

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- J.** ~~Interested p~~**Person.** "Interested Person" means any person who submits written comments on an application or who requests, in writing, receipt of materials related to a particular application. The Department shall maintain a list of interested persons for each licensing proceeding.
- JK.** ~~Intervenor.~~ "Intervenor" means a person who, in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, 5 M.R.S.A. § 9054(1) and (2), and the Department's rules governing hearings, has been granted leave to participate as a party in a license application or appeal proceeding where a decision has been made to hold a hearing.
- L.** ~~License.~~ "License" means the whole or any part of a new-any license, amended license amendment, renewal license, renewal, transfer, permitsurrender, variance, certification or similar form of approval or certificationpermission issued by the Department that is required by law, and represents the State's exercise of regulatory or police powers. The term "permit" is used interchangeably with "license" in some Department statutes.
- KM.** ~~Licensee.~~ "Licensee" means the person named on the license to whom a license has been issued.
- LN.** ~~Minor r~~**Revision.** "Minor Revision" means any proposal to modify a license previously granted by the Department, where the modification significantly decreases or eliminates an environmental impact, does not significantly expand the project, does not change the nature of the project or does not modify any Department findings with respect to any licensing criteria. This term may be further defined by the Board through bureau specific rules.Department by rule.
- M.** ~~Party.~~ "Party" means:
- (1) ~~The specific person whose legal rights, duties or privileges are being determined in the proceeding; and~~
- (2) ~~Any person participating in an adjudicatory proceeding pursuant to 5 M.R.S.A. section 9054(1) or (2).~~
- NO.** ~~Permit by r~~**Rule.** "Permit by Rule" means any license that is issued by rule as authorized by 38 M.R.S.A. § 344(7) for a class of activities that would otherwise require the issuance of an individual permit or approval. or notification that is designated by the Board through rule under the authority of 38 M.R.S.A. section 344(7).
- OP.** ~~Person.~~ "Person" means any individual, partnership, corporation, Federal, state or local government entity, association, or public or private organization of any character; except the agency conducting the proceeding other than the Department.
- PQ.** ~~Processing t~~**Time.** "Processing Time" means the time established by the Department to process an application, as published pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. section § 344-B(1) or otherwise provided by law.

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

QR. Transfer of Ownership. "Transfer of Ownership" means a change in the legal entity that owns a property, facility or structure that is the subject of a license issued by the Department. A sale or exchange of stock, or a merger, is not a transfer of ownership for the purposes of this rule provided the legal entity that owns the property, facility or structure remains the same.

2. Scope of Rules.

A. General Scope. These rules apply to processing of license applications, appeals of Commissioner license decisions to the Board, petitions to modify, revoke or suspend licenses, made to the Department for new, renewed, amended or transferred licenses, and other determinations on specific matters made by the Department as described in this rule, except as noted in section 2(B) of this rule or elsewhere in this rule. These rules apply in the absence of procedural requirements imposed by statute or rule. Where other specific procedural requirements apply, those requirements control.

B. Exceptions. Groundwater oil clean up fund claims, voluntary response action plans, applications for one-time disposal of special waste; asbestos and lead abatement licenses and certifications; third party damage claims; license or permit by rule; registrations or notifications; waste transporter licenses; reimbursement claims; closure plans; public benefit determinations; occupational licenses and minor revisions are not subject to this chapter, unless specifically included.

C. Effect. These rules apply to all license applications accepted as complete, appeals of Commissioner license decisions to the Board, and petitions to modify, revoke or suspend a license or requests for review of Department decisions, filed on or after the effective date of these rules, or any amendments to these rules this rule.

3. Filing of Submissions and Computation of Time. An application, appeal or petition must include a designated contact person to whom all orders, notices and correspondence regarding the application, appeal or petition must be sent.

Whenever a Department rule or order requires or allows the filing of any paper or submission, that filing is complete:

A. On the Department. Upon the Department, when the Department receives the submission by the close of business on the due date (5:00 p.m., as determined by the received time stamp on the received document, telefax or electronic mail) by:

- (1) mail,
- (2) in-hand delivery;

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- (3) telefax, only if followed by receipt of an identical original document within five (5) working days; or
- (4) electronic-mail, with attachments supplied in an unalterable format, showing a handwritten or electronic signature acceptable to the Department, only if followed by receipt of an identical original document within five (5) working days. the submission is related to an application or a draft license and it is sent to the electronic mail address specified in the public notice of Intent to File the application or the correspondence accompanying the draft license.

The risk of material not being received in a timely manner is on the sender, regardless of the method used. ~~of using less reliable delivery methods such as fax or e-mail is on the sender. Such s~~Submissions not received by the Department by a prescribed deadline will be deemed untimely.

B. On others. Upon the applicant or any other person, when the submission is sent to the recipient or the recipient's designated representative by:

- (1) mail; mailed to the recipient or the recipient's attorney;
- (2) delivered in-hand delivery to the recipient or to the recipient's office;
- (3) telefaxed to the recipient; or
- (4) delivered to the recipient by electronic mail.

The risk of using less reliable delivery methods such as fax or e-mail is on the sender. ~~Such s~~Submissions not received by the recipient by a prescribed deadline will be deemed untimely.

C. Computation of Time. For the purpose of this rule, "days" are calendar days unless otherwise ~~designated~~specified. "Working days" excludes Saturdays, Sundays, state holidays and any other day state offices are ~~not open~~closed for business. In computing any period of time prescribed or allowed by these ~~is~~ rules, the day of the act or event that starts the first day of that period is not included. The last day of the period so computed is included unless it is not a working day or the state office at which the filing must be made is partially or fully closed for business, in which event the period runs until the close of business (5:00 pm) end of the next full day which is a working day. Whenever a person has the right or if a person is required to take some action within a prescribed period of time after filing of notice or other paper and the notice or paper is served~~provided~~ by mail, three (3) days shall be added to the prescribed period. This "3-day rule" does not affect any date-certain deadline established by the Department.

4. **Advisory ~~r~~Rulings.** Any person may ~~by petition~~ request that the Department issue an advisory ruling with respect to the applicability of any statute or rule administered by the Department to

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

that person's property or to acts or events in which that person has a substantial interest. A request for an advisory ruling must be based on existing facts and not on hypothetical situations.

A. **Petition Request.** A ~~petition~~request for an advisory ruling must be in writing and must include:

- (1) The name, address, and telephone number of the person requesting the ruling;
- (2) The statute or rule of which an interpretation is requested;
- (3) A clear and definite statement of the ruling requested and the issues presented by the request;
- (4) All facts that are necessary to issue the advisory ruling;
- (5) All assumptions that relate to the advisory ruling;
- (6) Facts that establish the substantial interest of the requesting person in the acts, events or property with respect to which the ruling is requested; and
- (7) A statement indicating whether, to the ~~petitioner's~~requester's knowledge, the issue upon which an advisory ruling is sought is the subject of a pending Department licensing or enforcement proceeding or a prior advisory ruling.

The written ~~petition~~request must be clearly captioned as "REQUEST FOR ADVISORY RULING" and directed to the ~~bureau~~division responsible for administering the statute or rule in question.

B. **Department ~~a~~ Action.**

- (1) Issuance of advisory rulings by the Department is discretionary and will be ~~decided~~determined on a case-by-case basis.
- (2) As expeditiously as possible, but no later than sixty (60) days from the filing of a ~~petition~~request, the Bureau Director or his or her designee Department shall either issue a written advisory ruling or notify the ~~petitioner~~requester of the reasons that an advisory ruling will not be rendered.

C. **Advisory ~~r~~ Ruling not ~~b~~ Binding.** No advisory ruling constitutes *res judicata* or legal precedent with respect to the issues raised before the Department. Advisory rulings are not binding on the Department in any subsequent enforcement action; however, justifiable reliance on the ruling is considered in mitigation of any penalty sought to be assessed. Advisory rulings are not appealable to the Board and are not final agency action.

D. **Informal ~~s~~ Staff ~~e~~ Opinions.** Any person may informally inquire of the Department staff with respect to the applicability of any statute or rule administered by the Department.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

The staff may decline to respond to such requests because the facts are not sufficiently complete or detailed to form the basis of an opinion, because resources or time are not available to the staff for the purposes of preparing an opinion, or because the matter is properly the subject of an advisory ruling or legal opinion. A written or oral opinion provided by Department staff under this subsection does not bind the Department in any subsequent proceeding.

5. **Inspection.** Authorized representatives of the Department may enter any property at reasonable hours and enter any building with the consent of the property owner, occupant or agent, or pursuant to an administrative search warrant, in order to inspect the property or structure, including the premises of an industrial user of a publicly owned treatment works, and to take samples, inspect records relevant to any regulated activity and conduct tests as appropriate to verify any information contained in an application or to determine compliance with any laws administered by the Department or the terms and conditions of any order, regulation, license, permit, approval, or decision of the Commissioner or of the Board.

6. **Public ~~a~~Access to ~~i~~Information.**
 - A. **Confidential.** Except as made confidential by law, the Commissioner shall make all records in the Department's possession available to the public for inspection and copying.

 - B. **Records that are ~~e~~Confidential.** The Commissioner shall keep confidential only those records that are confidential pursuant to the Freedom of Access Law, 1 M.R.S.A. Sections ~~§§~~ 401-410.

 - C. **Inspection of ~~p~~Public ~~r~~Records.** At reasonable times and locations the Commissioner shall provide facilities for the inspection of public records.

 - D. **~~Costs for copies must reflect the costs to the Department~~Payment of Costs.** The Department may charge reasonable fees to cover the costs of copying and fees to cover the actual cost of searching for, retrieving and compiling requested public records. Payment must be made to the Maine Environmental Protection Fund- and must be paid prior to the Commissioner releasing the copies, unless the Commissioner elects to bill the person requesting the copies.

7. **Public ~~h~~Hearings.**
 - A. **Request for ~~a~~ public ~~h~~Hearing on an ~~a~~License ~~a~~Application.** The Department shall provide an opportunity for the applicant, ~~or any interested agency, person or group of persons, or any person~~ to request a public hearing with respect to any application. A request for a public hearing on an application must be received by the Department, in writing, no later than 20 days after the application is accepted as complete for

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

processing. The request must indicate the interest of the person filing ~~such~~the request and specify the reasons why a public hearing is warranted.

- B. Criteria for ~~h~~ Holding public ~~h~~ Hearings.** Public ~~h~~ Hearings are discretionary unless otherwise provided by law. The Commissioner may conduct a public hearing on any application. The Board may conduct a public hearing on any application over which it has assumed jurisdiction or on any appeal of a Commissioner license decision or ~~petition for reconsideration~~. The Department will hold public hearings in those instances where the Department determines there is credible conflicting technical information regarding a licensing criterion and it is likely that a public hearing will assist the ~~decision maker~~ Department in understanding the evidence. When the Board assumes jurisdiction over an application, it will hold a public hearing unless it votes otherwise at the time it assumes jurisdiction.

NOTE: Maine law requires that a hearing be held, or opportunity for hearing be provided, with regard to the following matters:

- (1) ~~Action to revoke, modify or suspend a license (38 M.R.S.A. Section 341-D(3)) or refusal to renew a license (5 M.R.S.A. Section 10003(1));~~
- ~~(2) Establishment of mixing zones for discharges having a waste discharge license pursuant to (38 M.R.S.A. Section 451);~~
- ~~(3) Upon the request of any person to whom an order under the Site Location of Development Law has been previously issued without a hearing. (38 M.R.S.A. Section 485-A);~~
- ~~(4) Issuance of a draft Title V air emission license (06-096 CMR 140(2)(K)(3)(f)) or granting of a variance from air emission standards (38 M.R.S.A. Section 587);~~
- ~~(5) Issuance of certain water level orders (38 M.R.S.A. Section 840);~~
- ~~(6) Approval of sanitary districts (38 M.R.S.A. Section 1101(2));~~
- ~~(7) Establishment of commercial hazardous waste facilities (38 M.R.S.A. Section 1319-R(3));~~
- ~~(8) New or expanded commercial or state owned solid waste disposal facilities that accept special waste, if requested by a municipal resident or property owner (38 M.R.S.A. Section 1310-S(2)); and~~
- ~~(9) New mining sites, or new or expanded mine waste units for disposal of mine waste (06-096 CMR 200(22)(D)).~~

- C. Conduct of public ~~h~~ Hearings.** Public ~~h~~ Hearings are held in accordance with the Maine Administrative Procedure Act, Title 5, Chapter 375, ~~S~~subchapter IV~~4~~, and the

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

Department's rules governing hearings. ~~The Presiding Officer may determine that all or part of 06-096 CMR 30 does not apply to a public hearing conducted by the Board on an application over which it has assumed jurisdiction. Public h~~Hearings must be scheduled at the earliest possible date. ~~When scheduling a public hearing~~Upon determining that a hearing will be held, the Commissioner or Board shall also establish a date by which petitions for intervention must be submitted to the Department.

8. **Public Meetings on License Applications.** —~~At the Board's or Commissioner's discretion, the Board or Commissioner may schedule and hold public meetings in accordance with Title 38 § 345-A(5) on license applications in the geographic area of a proposed project or activity for the purpose of collecting comments that become part of the record in a pending action. Any such meeting must be held during the period when written public comments may be submitted to the Department. Nothing in this section prevents the Department from holding public informational meetings on an application. Such meetings are not subject to the procedural requirements of the Maine Administrative Procedures Act or the Department's public hearing rules. The conduct of a public meeting does not change any other obligation the Department has to hold hearings that are mandatory by statute or required after a timely request is filed. The Department shall notify the applicant, -and interested persons, and the municipal office of the municipality(ies) where the project would be located of public informational meetings and public hearings scheduled by the Department. If the project is located in the unorganized or deorganized areas of the state, the Department shall also notify the appropriate county commissioners.~~

8. ~~**Delegation.** Nothing in these rules prohibits the Board, where appropriate, from delegating authority to the Commissioner. Nor do these rules prohibit the Commissioner, where appropriate, from delegating authority to Department staff.~~

9. **Preliminary Vote.** The Board may take preliminary votes on any matter before it if the Board member making or seconding the motion requests a preliminary vote on the record. A preliminary vote has no effect and may be used by the Board to further its deliberations and formulate a resolution to any matter before it.

10. **Pre-application and ~~p~~Pre-submission ~~m~~Meetings on ~~a~~Applications**

A. **Purpose**

- (1) Pre-application meetings. Pre-application meetings between the applicant and the Department are an opportunity for the applicant to determine the statutory and regulatory requirements that apply to a specific project or activity and to identify the Department staff member who will serve as Project Manager for the application. The purpose of these meetings is to identify issues, processing times, fees and the types of information and documentation necessary for the Department to properly assess the project. The applicant shall consult the appropriate bureau ~~Permit Assistance Coordinator~~ licensing staff to determine

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

what information the applicant must provide before or during a pre-application meeting. Any applicant may request a pre-application meeting. The Department shall make a date available for the meeting as expeditiously as possible, but no later than 30 days from receipt of a written request and receipt of all information required for a pre-application meeting by the bureau. The Department shall prepare a written summary of all pre-application meetings.

- (2) Pre-submission meetings. A pre-submission meeting between the applicant and the Department occurs after the applicant has finished preparing the application for submission. The meeting is an opportunity to review the assembled application to ensure that the necessary information has been included prior to filing the application with the Department. An applicant may request a pre-submission meeting by contacting the Project Manager, or the Division Licensing Coordinator ~~Permit Assistance Coordinator~~ for the bureau if no Project Manager has been identified. The Department shall make a date available for the meeting as expeditiously as possible, but no later than 20 days from receipt of a written request.

B. Pre-application and public informational meetings Required. A pre-application meeting is required prior to submission to or acceptance by the Department of an application for the following:

- (1) New Site Location of Development license (38 M.R.S.A. Sections § 481, *et seq.*);
- (2) Natural Resources Protection Act Tier 3 wetland permit; wetland projects requiring compensation; construction of expansions or new buildings on frontal dunes; dredging projects greater than 50,000 cubic yards; or new crossings of Outstanding River Segments as defined by 38 M.R.S.A. §480-P;
- (3) ~~Air emissions license for major modification or new major source, as defined in 06-096 CMR 100.42 and 43.~~
- (43) New wastewater discharge license for a discharge greater than 25,000 gallons per day (38 M.R.S.A. Sections § 413, *et seq.*);
- (54) New or expanded solid waste disposal facility license (38 M.R.S.A. Sections § 1310-N, *et seq.*);
- (65) New or expanded hazardous waste facility, waste oil facility, or biomedical waste facility license but not abbreviated licenses (38 M.R.S.A. sections § 1319-O, *et seq.*); or
- (76) Projects requiring new or amended licenses involving more than ~~two~~ one bureaus.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

An applicant with an application that requires a pre-application meeting pursuant to this section shall hold a public informational meeting in accordance with section 13 of this rule prior to filing the application.

C. ~~Pre-submission m~~Meeting ~~r~~Required. A pre-submission meeting is required prior to submission to ~~or acceptance by~~ the Department of an application for the following:

- (1) Any application for which a pre-application meeting was held; or
- (2) Any application that has been previously rejected pursuant to section 11(B) of this rule.

D. Waiver. ~~The requirement of a pre-application or pre-submission meeting may be waived by written notice from the Department, and agreement by the applicant.~~ The Department will agree to waive a pre-application or pre-submission meeting if the Department is satisfied that such a meeting would be of ~~no~~ limited value in achieving the purposes noted in section 10(A) of this rule. Waiver of a pre-application or pre-submission meeting does not waive the public informational meeting requirement of section 13 of this rule.

11. Application ~~r~~Requirements.

A. General ~~r~~Requirements. Application forms must be developed by the Commissioner and must require ~~such~~ the information as the Commissioner deems necessary to make the findings required for each license.

When available, applications must include the "911" address of the project and Global Positioning System ("GPS") reference data. All GPS data must be in the form of Universal Transverse Mercator ("UTM"), Zone Nineteen North, North American Datum of 1983 ("NAD83") coordinates of the proposed activity. Appropriate bureaus should be contacted to determine specific requirements for location and level of accuracy for GPS data.

An application from a corporation must be submitted in the corporation's registered corporate name, and must include either a *Certificate of Good Standing* or a statement signed by a corporate officer affirming that the corporation is in good standing.

Applications must be filed in care of the appropriate bureau, Maine Department of Environmental Protection, 17 State House Station, Augusta, ME 04333, or other office as provided by the Department.

B. Acceptance of ~~a~~Application. The Commissioner shall, within 15 working days of receipt of an application by the Department, ~~send written~~ provide notice to the applicant that contains the date the application was accepted as complete for processing, or return the application and specify in writing the reasons it was returned. An applicant whose application has been rejected shall attend a pre-submission meeting in accordance with

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

section 10(C) of this rule before resubmitting an application for the same project or activity. If the Commissioner does not mail notice to the applicant of acceptance or rejection of the application within 15 working days, the application is deemed accepted as complete for processing on the 16th working day.

A determination that an application is accepted as complete for processing is based on staff's determination that the application fee has been paid pursuant to section 12 of this rule, that sufficient title, right or interest has been demonstrated pursuant to section 11(D), and that the application form is properly filled out and information is provided for each of the items required by the forms. It is not a review of the sufficiency of that information and does not preclude the Department from requesting additional information during processing or denying the application for failure to provide information necessary for the processing of that application.

- C. ~~Projects requiring multiple licenses.~~** Upon filing of an application which involves an activity or project which will require more than one license from the Department, the ~~Board or Commissioner~~ Department may require the applicant to submit all other required applications before any such application will be accepted as complete for processing. The processing time for all such consolidated applications is the longest processing time associated with any of the applications. An applicant for a project requiring approval from more than ~~two~~ one bureaus should contact the Commissioner's Office of Permit Assistance in the early phase of project development to arrange a departmental pre-application meeting and application coordination.
- D. ~~Title, right or interest.~~** Prior to acceptance of an application as complete for processing, an applicant shall demonstrate to the Department's satisfaction sufficient title, right or interest in all of the property that is proposed for development or use. An applicant must maintain sufficient title, right or interest throughout the entire application processing period. Methods of proving title, right or interest include, but are not limited to, the following:
- (1) When the applicant owns the property, a copy of the deed(s) to the property must be supplied;
 - (2) When the applicant has a lease or easement on the property, a copy of the lease or easement must be supplied. The lease or easement must be of sufficient duration and terms, as determined by the Department, to permit the proposed construction and reasonable use of the property, including reclamation, closure and post closure care, where required. If the project requires a submerged lands lease from the State, evidence must be supplied that the lease has been issued, or that an application is pending and likely to be approved.
 - (3) When the applicant has an option to buy or lease the property, a copy of the option agreement must be supplied. The option agreement must be sufficient, as determined by the Department, to give rights to title, or a leasehold or easement of sufficient duration and terms to permit the proposed construction and use of the property including closure and post closure care, where required;

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- (4) When the applicant has eminent domain power over the property, evidence must be supplied as to the ability and intent to use the eminent domain power to acquire sufficient title, right or interest as determined by the Department;
- (5) When the applicant has either a valid preliminary permit or a notification of acceptance for filing of an application for a license from the Federal Energy Regulatory Commission for the site which is proposed for development or use, a copy of that permit or notification must be supplied. This provision applies only to those portions of a project where eminent domain authority exists under federal law; or
- (6) When the applicant has a written agreement with the landowner where said agreement permits the applicant to spread waste material that will be agronomically utilized by the landowner, a copy of that agreement must be supplied.

The Department may return an application, after it has already been accepted as complete for processing, if the Department determines that the applicant did not have, or no longer has, sufficient title, right or interest. No fees will be refunded if an application is returned for lack of continued title, right or interest.

- E. Signatory Requirement.** Each application submitted to the Department must include the original signature of the applicant, or the applicant's duly authorized officer or agent, under the following certification:

"I certify under penalty of law that I have personally examined the information submitted in this document and all attachments thereto and that, based on my inquiry of those individuals immediately responsible for obtaining the information, I believe the information is true, accurate, and complete. I authorize the Department to enter the property that is the subject of this application, at reasonable hours, including buildings, structures or conveyances on the property, to determine the accuracy of any information provided herein. I am aware there are significant civil and criminal penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of fine and imprisonment."

If an application is signed by an agent, the application must include evidence of the agency signed by the applicant.

- F. Burden of Proof and Governing Law.** An applicant for a license has the burden of proof to affirmatively demonstrate to the Department that each of the licensing criteria in statute or rule has been met. Unless otherwise provided by law, all license applications, including renewal, amendment and transfer applications, are subject to the substantive laws and rules in effect on the date the application is accepted as complete for processing. For those matters that are not disputed, the applicant shall present sufficient evidence that the licensing criteria are satisfied. For those matters relating to a licensing

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

criteria that are disputed by evidence the Department determines is credible, the applicant has the burden of proving by a preponderance of the evidence that the licensing criteria are satisfied.

- G. Local Filing of Applications.** At the time of filing with the Department, a copy of the application, its supporting documents and all amendments to an application must be filed by the applicant with the appropriate town or city clerk, or, if the project is in an unorganized area, with the county commissioners.

12. Application Fees and Processing Times.

A. Application Fees. Application fees must be paid by the person submitting an application in accordance with 38 M.R.S.A. §§ 352-353-B. Except as otherwise provided by law, all required application fees must be paid at the time of filing of the application. Failure to pay all required application fees will result in the application not being accepted as complete for processing pursuant to section 11(B) and the application will be returned to the applicant. Fees are established by the Commissioner, subject to the statutory maximums. The Commissioner shall publish a schedule of fees on November 1 of each year. The schedule of fees is reviewed and republished annually. If the Commissioner determines that a particular application, by virtue of its size, uniqueness, complexity or other relevant factors, is likely to require significantly more costs to process than the published cost for that type of application, the Commissioner may designate the application as subject to special fees at the time the application is accepted as complete for processing.

B. Processing Times. Processing times are established by the Commissioner in accordance with 38 M.R.S.A. § 344-B. The Commissioner shall publish processing timetables for each type of license issued by the Department by November 1 of each year.

If the Commissioner determines that the applicant has significantly modified the application, the processing time for the application stops until the Commissioner and the applicant agree to a new timetable.

The Commissioner may stop the processing time with the consent of the applicant for any period of time agreeable to the Commissioner and the applicant if the Commissioner determines that:

- (1) additional information is required from the applicant,
- (2) agencies other than the Department that are required to comment on an application do not respond within the time frames established by a memorandum of understanding between the agencies, or
- (3) the applicant wishes to stop the processing period or to extend the deadline.

For applications to be decided by the Board, the processing time is a time agreed upon between the Board and the applicant pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. § 344-B(3)(A)(2).

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

13. ~~Public Informational Meeting requirement.~~

A. Public Informational Meeting Required. An applicant intending to file an application that requires a pre-application meeting pursuant to section 10(B) of this rule must hold a public informational meeting prior to filing that application. The purpose of the meeting is for the applicant to inform the public of the project and its anticipated environmental impacts, and to educate the public about the opportunities for public comment to the Department during the application process. At least 10 days prior to the public informational meeting, notice of the informational meeting must be sent by certified mail or certificate of mailing to abutters and to the municipal office of the municipality(ies) where the project is located and, if the project is located in the unorganized or deorganized areas of the state, to the appropriate county commissioners. At least 7 days prior to the informational meeting, notice must also be published once in a newspaper of general circulation in the area where the project is located. The notice must contain at least the following information:

- A. (1) Name, address and telephone number of the applicant;
- B. (2) Citation of the statutes or rules under which the application will be processed;
- C. (3) Location and summary description of the activity;
- D. (4) The date, time and place of the public informational meeting; and
- E. (5) That a purpose of the meeting is for the applicant to inform the public of the project and its anticipated environmental impacts and to educate the public about the opportunities for seek public comment on the project.

At the meeting, the applicant or its designee shall present a summary of the project; provide clear and concise written information that details the expected environmental impacts of the project and lists the state, local and federal licenses necessary for the project; and provide adequate opportunity for public questions and responses from the applicant. In addition, a fact sheet obtained from the Department explaining public participation in the licensing process ~~should~~must be made available at the meeting by the applicant.

The applicant must submit a signed certification attesting that a public informational meeting was noticed and held in accordance with this section. The submission must include an estimate of the number of attendees and a narrative responsive to any significant issues relevant to ~~at~~the licensing criteria that are raised at the meeting. The certification must be submitted with any application that requires a pre-application meeting pursuant to section 10(B) of this rule. Certification of a public meeting before a local permitting authority (e.g., planning board or city council) that complied with the notice and substantive requirements of this section is acceptable provided that neither the project nor its anticipated environmental impacts have changed substantially since the date of the public meeting.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- B.** Waiver. The requirement of a public informational meeting may be waived by the Department. The Department will agree to waive a public informational meeting if the Department is satisfied that such a meeting would be of limited value in achieving the purposes noted in section 13(A). Waiver of a public informational meeting does not waive the pre-application or pre-submission meeting requirements of section 10 of this rule.

14. Public ~~n~~Notice of ~~a~~Applications.

- A. Content and ~~d~~Delivery of the ~~n~~Notice.** Unless exempted in section 14(C) of this rule, within 30 days prior to filing, an applicant shall give public notice of Intent to File a new, ~~transfer, renewal, or amendment~~ or transfer application. An resubmitted application that has been previously returned as incomplete pursuant to section 11(B) of this rule must comply with these requirements if ~~the application was~~ is not resubmitted within 30 days of the date it was returned to the applicant. The notice must be mailed by certified mail or Certificate of Mailing to abutters, as determined by local tax records or other reliable means, and to the municipal office of the municipality(ies) where the project is located and, if the project is located in the unorganized or deorganized areas of the state, to the appropriate county commissioners. The notice must also be published once in a newspaper circulated in the area where the project is located. Copies of the published Notice of Intent to File and a list of abutters to whom notice was provided must be submitted with the application. The notice must include the following information:

- (1) Name, address and telephone number of the applicant;
- (2) Citation of the statutes or rules under which the application is being processed;
- (3) Location of the activity;
- (4) Summary of the activity;
- (5) Anticipated date for filing the application with the Department;
- (6) A statement that requests for the Board of Environmental Protection to assume jurisdiction over the application or requests for a ~~public~~ hearing on the application must be submitted to the Department in writing no later than 20 days after the application is accepted as complete for processing;
- (7) A statement providing the local filing location where the application can be examined;
- (8) A statement that public comments on the application may be provided to the Department, together with the name and email address of the Department contact person and email, if known, and the mailing address of the Department; and

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

(9) Any other information required by ~~substantive~~applicable rule or law.

- B. Additional Notice.** After an application has been filed, if the Department determines that the applicant submits significant new or additional information or substantially modifies its application at any time after acceptance of the application as complete, the applicant shall provide additional notice to abutters and interested persons, ~~who have commented on that application.~~ The Department may require additional public notice.

If a modification application filed as a minor revision is determined during processing to constitute an amendment, Notice of Intent to File in accordance with this section must be provided. The Department may not act on the amendment application earlier than 20 days after the public notice is published.

If a licensee seeks to amend a license regarding an issue that was the subject of an appeal to the Board, notice of the amendment application must be provided to the prior appellant(s) as if they were abutters, in accordance with section 14 (A) of this rule.

- C. Exceptions.** An applicant for renewal or transfer of an overboard discharge license is not required to publish public notice but must provide notice to abutters and the municipality at the time an application is filed with the Department in the same manner as described in section 14(A) of this rule. An applicant for tax exemption certification is not required to provide notice to abutters, but must comply with other notice requirements of this section.

NOTE: Some applications may have additional statutory or regulatory notice requirements, e.g. including but not limited to: 38 M.R.S.A. §1310-S(1-A) for solid waste disposal facilities; 38 M.R.S.A. §§1319-R & 1319-S for hazardous waste facilities; ~~or~~ 06-096 CMR 140 (2)(D) for a new, renewal or modification of a part 70 air emission license; or a development proposal within the unorganized or deorganized areas of the state submitted to the Department under 38 M.R.S.A. § 489-A-1.

- 15. Board ~~n~~Notice of ~~a~~Applications.** At each Board meeting, the Commissioner shall provide the Board with a dated report listing applications accepted as complete for processing by the Department since the last report. The report must include the name and Department number assigned to the application, the date of acceptance, a brief description of the purpose of the application and any action taken on the application to date. The report does not include Permit by Rule notifications, waste transporter applications or occupational licenses.
- 16. Public ~~e~~Comment on ~~a~~Applications.** Public comment on applications is allowed during the course of processing the application. Requests for the Board to assume jurisdiction or for a ~~public~~ hearing on the application must be received by the Department, in writing, no later than 20 days after the date the application is accepted as complete for processing. The Department shall maintain a list of interested persons for each application.

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

17. Board ~~a~~Assumption of ~~j~~Jurisdiction over an ~~a~~Application.

- A. Any person may request that the Board assume jurisdiction over an application by submitting the request to the Department in writing no later than 20 days after the application is accepted as complete for processing.
- B. Within 45 days after an application has been accepted as complete for processing, the Commissioner shall make a preliminary determination as to whether the Board should assume jurisdiction of the application. At the next regularly scheduled Board meeting after such a determination is made, the Commissioner shall provide a recommendation to the Board for those applications where the Commissioner recommends that the Board consider jurisdiction. The Commissioner's recommendation must be provided to the applicant, all interested governmental agencies and interested persons prior to consideration of the recommendation by the Board. The Board shall provide an opportunity for the applicant, governmental agencies and interested persons to comment on the Commissioner's recommendation.

If a request for Board jurisdiction has been made and the Commissioner determines that the criteria for Board jurisdiction are not met, the Commissioner shall notify the Board of the request and the Commissioner's determination.

- C. The Board shall assume jurisdiction over the application ~~if it finds that the application:~~
- ~~(1) involves a policy, rule or law that the Board has not previously interpreted;~~
 - ~~(2) involves important policy questions that the Board has not resolved;~~
 - ~~(3) involves important policy questions or interpretations of a rule or law that require reexamination; or~~
 - ~~(4) is of substantial public interest. An application is of substantial public interest if the project has the potential to affect a broad geographic area or a natural resource of statewide significance, or has generated more than local interest.~~

and decide each license application that in its judgment represents a project of statewide significance. A project of statewide significance is a project that meets at least 3 of the following 4 criteria:

- (1) Will have an environmental or economic impact in more than one municipality, territory or county;
- (2) Involves an activity not previously permitted or licensed in the State;
- (3) Is likely to come under significant public scrutiny; and
- (4) Is located in more than one municipality, territory or county.

The Board shall also decide each license application that is referred to it jointly by the Commissioner and the applicant.

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

The Board may not assume jurisdiction over an application for an expedited wind energy development as defined in Title 35-A, section 3451, subsection 4; for a certification for a small-scale wind energy development pursuant to Title 35-A, section 3456; for a general permit for an offshore wind energy demonstration project pursuant to Title 38, section 480-HH; or for a general permit for a tidal energy demonstration project pursuant to Title 38, section 636-A.

- D. ~~Nothing in this section may be construed to limit the Board's authority to~~ may assume jurisdiction over any application on its own initiative if it finds that one or more of the at least 3 of the 4 above-criteria in section 17(C) are ~~have been~~ met.

18. **Availability of ~~d~~Draft ~~H~~License ~~d~~Decisions.**

- A. **Availability of a ~~d~~Draft ~~H~~License ~~d~~Decision.** When an applicant, ~~intervenor~~ or interested person submits a written request for a draft license decision, that draft decision must be ~~mailed~~ provided to the requester, and made available at the Augusta Office and appropriate regional offices of the Department, at least 5 working days prior to the Commissioner taking final action on the application if it is a Commissioner's decision, or 15 working days before the Board acts on the application if it is a Board decision. In addition, the ~~Commissioner~~ Department shall give reasonable notice to the applicant, intervenor, and any interested person of the date final action is expected to be taken by the Commissioner or Board on the draft license decision.

In instances where a hearing has been held, the Department shall mail the draft license decision to the applicant and intervenors for review and comment.

- B. **Comments on a ~~d~~Draft ~~H~~License ~~d~~Decision.** The Department shall accept and may incorporate comments on the draft license decision after it has been made available. If the Commissioner or Board determines that the draft decision should be substantially revised as a result of comments received, a new draft must be made available in accordance with this section. Any person who submits written comments on a draft order will receive a copy of the final order and notice of appeal rights.

19. **Decisions.**

- A. **Permit by Rule.** ~~For a permit by rule designated by the Board under the authority of 38 M.R.S.A. Section 344(7),~~ The Commissioner shall, within 15 working days of receipt of the permit by rule notification, ~~mail~~ provide notice to the applicant indicating whether the notification meets the permit by rule provisions of the applicable Department rules. If the notice to the applicant is not ~~mailed~~ provided within 15 working days of receipt, the permit by rule notification is deemed accepted. The rejection of a permit by rule notification is not appealable to the Board and is not final agency action. The acceptance of a permit by rule notification is appealable to the Board in accordance with section 24(B) of this rule.

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- B. Commissioner ~~d~~Decisions.** For an application to be decided by the Commissioner, the Commissioner shall determine whether to hold a public hearing within 45 days after an application is accepted as complete for processing, unless that application is recommended by the Commissioner to the Board pursuant to section 17 of this rule. If the Board votes not to assume jurisdiction over the application pursuant to section 17, ~~of this rule,~~ the Commissioner shall determine whether to hold a public hearing within 10 working days after the date of the Board's decision not to assume jurisdiction.

If no public hearing is to be held, the Commissioner shall, considering the processing time for that application and as expeditiously as possible:

- (1) Approve the application, with or without conditions, ~~and set forth, in writing, findings of fact with sufficient explanation to make interested persons aware of the basis for the determination that the applicant has met the licensing criteria of the appropriate statute or rule;~~ or
- (2) Deny the application ~~and set forth written findings that explain the basis for disapproval.~~

For those ~~new~~ applications on which a public hearing is held the processing time is stayed from the date of the Commissioner's decision to hold a public hearing. The processing time resumes at the close of the hearing record. The Commissioner shall approve, approve with conditions or deny the application ~~in the manner described above~~ within the remaining processing time after the close of the hearing record.

Every license decision made by the Commissioner shall be in writing and shall set forth findings of fact sufficient to appraise the applicant and any interested member of the public of the basis for the decision.

A facsimile of the Commissioner's signature may be used for signing any decision on an application issued by the Commissioner. Each decision must include the date the decision is filed with the Board.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- C. **Board dDecisions.** For those applications to be decided by the Board, the Board shall, considering the processing time for that application a time agreed upon between the Board and the applicant pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A. section 344 B(3)(A)(2), and as expeditiously as possible after voting to assume jurisdiction:
- (1) Approve the application, with or without conditions, ~~and set forth, in writing, findings of fact with a sufficient explanation to make interested persons aware of the basis for the determination that the applicant has met the licensing criteria of the appropriate statute or rule;~~
 - (2) Deny the application, ~~and set forth written findings that explain the basis for disapproval;~~ or
 - (3) Schedule a hearing on the application.

For those applications on which a public hearing is held before the Board, it shall approve, approve with conditions, or deny the application in the manner described above, as expeditiously as possible after the hearing record is closed. The Board shall maintain a record of the vote of each member of the Board with respect to the final license decision. An evenly divided final vote of the Board has the effect of denying an application unless a majority of Board members subsequently vote at that meeting for another action on the application or table the matter until another meeting. In the case of an evenly divided vote, the findings and reasoning of the Board members voting to deny the application constitute the reasoning for the denial. A Board member who voted in the prevailing side of a motion to take final action on a license may move at that same meeting to reconsider any action taken by the Board.

- D. **License Conditions.** The Department may impose any requirement as a license condition to provide for and ensure compliance with applicable State law or rule. The Department may attach a condition to the license requiring up to a 30-day delay in any physical alteration of the project area and any construction activity authorized by the license. Licenses may be issued with a condition specifying the time frame within which the license is effective and may include an automatic expiration date if a project is not commenced within the specified time frame.
- E. **Effective dDate of HLicense.** Unless otherwise indicated as a condition of the license, a license granted by the Commissioner is effective on the date the Commissioner, or his or her designee, signs the license. Unless otherwise indicated as a condition of the license, Aa license granted by the Board is effective on the date the Chair signs the license. For the purposes of this Chapter, signature of an order approving or denying an application constitutes a final agency action on that application, subject to administrative appeal, -or petition for reconsideration as provided in this chapter.
- EE. **Report of dDecisions.** At each Board meeting the Commissioner shall make a report to the Board of the license decisions rendered by the Commissioner. The dated report must contain a summary of all application decisions made by the Commissioner since the last

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

report. For each decision, the report must include the name of the licensee, the nature and location of the project or operation proposed, a brief description of the physical or technical information involved, a statement of the decision rendered, and the date the decision was filed with the Board.

20. **Notice of ~~a~~Appeal ~~r~~Rights.** Each license approval or denial, whether issued by the Board or by the Commissioner, must be accompanied by a plain statement of the appropriate rights of administrative and judicial review and the time within which those rights must be exercised. Correspondence notifying the applicant of the Board's or Commissioner's denial must be made by certified mail, return receipt requested.

21. **License ~~r~~Renewals, ~~a~~Amendments and ~~t~~Transfers.** Applications for renewed, amended or transferred licenses are subject to ~~sections 10 through 20~~all of the provisions of this rule and the following requirements:

A. **Renewals.** Licenses ~~may be issued with a condition specifying the time frame within which the license is effective and may include an automatic expiration date if a project is not commenced within the specified time frame.~~ Renewal applications must be submitted prior to the expiration of the existing license. If a renewal application is not timely submitted prior to expiration of the existing license, or is timely submitted but not accepted as complete for processing in accordance with section 11(B) of this rule, the license lapses. If the renewal application is timely submitted prior to the expiration of the license and accepted as complete for processing in accordance with section 11(B) of this rule, the terms and conditions of the existing license remain in effect until the final Department decision on the renewal application becomes effective. Renewal applications to extend the expiration date for projects that have not commenced construction are subject to the procedural and substantive requirements in effect at the time of acceptance of the renewal application.

B. **Amendments.** An amendment application or request for minor revision must be submitted to the Department before undertaking any modification, not exempted from licensing requirements by statute or rule, to a project or activity that is the subject of a Department license. Written approval for the modification must be received before the modification is undertaken. ~~License amendment applications are subject to this Chapter.~~ If a licensee seeks to amend a license regarding an issue that was the subject of an appeal to the Board, notice of the amendment application must be provided to the prior appellant(s) as if they were abutters, in accordance with section 14(A) of this rule.

C. **Transfers.** Except as provided in this subsection, every license issued by the Department is non-transferable unless the Department approves the license transfer. The proposed transferee must submit a license transfer application in a form approved by the Department. Both the transferor and the transferee must sign a transfer application, except as provided in this subsection, 21(C)(4) of this rule.

- (1) Except as described below, written consent must be applied for no later than two weeks after any transfer of ownership of property subject to a license. Pending

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

determination on the application for approval of a transfer, the transferee shall abide by all of the conditions of such license, and is jointly or severally liable with the original licensee for any violation of the terms and conditions thereof. ~~Applications for such transfer and the processing thereof are governed by this rule. The transferee shall demonstrate to the Department's satisfaction the~~ technical and financial capacity and intent to: (a) comply with all terms and conditions of the applicable license, and (b) satisfy all applicable statutory ~~or~~and regulatory criteria.

- (2) The transfer of a license for a hazardous waste facility, solid waste disposal facility, waste oil facility and biomedical waste facility must be approved prior to the transfer of ownership of the property which is the subject of the license.
- (3) A license pertaining to the occupational activities of persons (e.g. transporter licenses, underground oil storage tank installers, asbestos or lead abatement professionals) is not transferable, unless specifically allowed by statute or rule.
- (4) If the proposed transferee demonstrates that the original licensee no longer has sufficient title, right or interest in the property subject to the license, the Department may allow the transfer application to be processed without the signature of the original licensee.

22. **Petition for eCorrected Hlicense.** Within 30 days following the effective date of a license, any person, including the Department, may request in writing that the Commissioner or Board issue a corrected license to correct any clerical error or omission, or to clarify the meaning of a license term or condition when that clarification explains, but does not modify the substance of that license term or condition. The Commissioner or Board shall consider the petition within 30 days of receipt of such request. The filing of a petition under this section does not serve to stay the deadlines for any appeal of a Commissioner or Board Order.

23. **Petition for sSurrender of Hlicense.** Any licensee may petition the Commissioner to surrender its license if the licensee demonstrates to the Department's satisfaction that it has never used the license for its intended purpose nor begun any of the activities approved under the license and does not intend to do so in the future. The petition must also provide that the licensee waives notice and opportunity for hearing. In addition, an agronomic utilization license may be surrendered at any time in accordance with 38 M.R.S.A. §1310-N(6-D) and a Site Location license for a partially constructed development or a completed borrow, clay or topsoil mining operation may be rescinded in accordance with 38 M.R.S.A. §489-C.

The Commissioner may require written and photographic documentation, certified statements and sampling analyses, in addition to any other relevant information, as demonstration that the activities described in the license have not been undertaken. The Commissioner shall require that a petition for surrender of a license and written approval of that surrender be recorded in the registry of deeds for any license previously recorded in the registry of deeds.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

When the Commissioner approves the surrender, the license is deemed null and void as of the date of approval.

~~24. **Board Review of Commissioner decisions.** Final license decisions of the Commissioner may be reviewed by or appealed to the Board.~~

~~A. **Review of a Commissioner's decision on Board's initiative.** Within 30 days of the date of the Board's next scheduled meeting following the meeting at which the Board receives written notification of the Commissioner's decision in accordance with section 19(E) of this rule, the Board may vote to review any license decision made by the Commissioner. The procedure for review is the same as for an appeal of a Commissioner's final license decision as described in section 24(B) of this rule.~~

~~B. **Appeal to the Board of a Commissioner's decision.**~~

~~(1) **Appeal period.** Within 30 days of the filing of a license decision by the Commissioner with the Board, an aggrieved person may appeal to the Board for review of the Commissioner's decision and must specify whether the appellant desires the Board to hold a public hearing on its appeal. An appellant who does not request a public hearing in the written notice of appeal is considered to have waived any opportunity for a public hearing. The decision to hold a public hearing is discretionary with the Board. If notice to an appellant was required and was given as required, an untimely appeal must be summarily dismissed by the Chair. If the Chair decides an appellant is not an aggrieved person, the Chair may dismiss the appeal. The Chair's ruling to dismiss an appeal for lack of standing as an aggrieved person is appealable to the full Board.~~

~~(2) **Content of appeal.** The written notice of the appeal must include, but need not be limited to, evidence demonstrating the appellant's standing as an aggrieved person, the findings, conclusions or conditions objected to or believed to be in error, the basis of the objections or challenge, and the remedy sought. If the appellant is requesting that supplemental evidence be included in the record and considered by the Board, such a request, with the proposed supplemental evidence, must be submitted with the appeal. If participants in an appeal agree to use mediation or another form of alternative dispute resolution to resolve the appeal and so notify the Board, the Board will not hear the matter until the conclusion of that effort, provided the effort at resolution does not extend beyond six months of filing of the appeal. The Board may accept, reject or modify any mediated settlement that does not include withdrawal of the appeal.~~

~~NOTE: The Board encourages the use of mediation and other forms of Alternative Dispute Resolution as means to reach mutually agreeable resolutions.~~

~~A Notice of Appeal must be addressed to:~~

~~Chair, Board of Environmental Protection
17 State House Station
Augusta, ME 04333-0017~~

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

Notices of appeal must be copied to the Commissioner and the licensee. The Board staff shall provide written notice of the appeal to all interested persons.

(3) Response to appeal if no supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant. If no supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant, the complete response to the appeal must be filed within 30 days of filing of the appeal. If the response to the appeal includes proposed supplemental evidence, the appellant may file a rebuttal addressing only the admissibility of that supplemental evidence within 45 days of the filing of the appeal.

(4) Response to an appeal if supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant. If supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant, a response to the appeal addressing the admissibility of the proposed supplemental evidence and providing any proposed supplemental evidence offered by the respondent must be filed within 30 days of filing of the appeal. If the respondent proposes supplemental evidence, the appellant may file a rebuttal addressing only the admissibility of that supplemental evidence within 45 days of the filing of the appeal.

(5) Supplemental Evidence. The record for appeals heard by the Board is the administrative record prepared by the Department in its review of the application.

If any person seeks to supplement the record, that person shall provide copies of all new documents and, if a public hearing is requested, summaries of all proposed testimony, including the name and qualifications of each witness, to the Board, Department staff and all other persons notified of the appeal. The names and addresses of persons notified of the appeal may be obtained from the Board staff.

The Board may allow the record to be supplemented on appeal when it finds that the evidence offered is relevant and material and that:

(a) the person seeking to supplement the record has shown due diligence in bringing the evidence to the attention of the Department at the earliest possible time; or

(b) the evidence is newly discovered and could not, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, have been discovered in time to be presented earlier in the licensing process.

The Chair shall rule on the admissibility of supplemental evidence no later than 50 days after the filing of the appeal. All additional argument on the appeal must be filed within 20 days of the Chair's decision. Further evidence may not be provided directly to Board members or distributed at Board meetings or hearings without specific permission of the Chair. The Chair may accept into the record additional evidence and analysis submitted by the Department in response to issues raised on appeal or new evidence offered by the participants.

(6) Procedure. The procedure for hearings on appeals is governed by section 7(C) of this rule. Appeals decided without a hearing will be considered based on written submissions and oral argument at a regular meeting of the Board as follows:

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

~~(a) the executive analyst for the Board briefly introduces the appeal, indicating the subject matter, the appellant's basis for appeal and the relevant statutes and rules;~~

~~(b) the appellant or its representative makes a presentation discussing objections or challenges to the Commissioner's decision on the application and presenting such additional evidence as the Chair has previously determined to be admissible;~~

~~(c) when the appellant is a person other than the licensee, the licensee is then provided an opportunity to address the issues raised by the appellant;~~

~~(d) at the Chair's discretion, other persons may comment on the appeal;~~

~~(e) Department staff makes a presentation addressing the objections and challenges of the appellant and indicating the Commissioner's recommended disposition of the appeal;~~

~~(f) at the Chair's discretion, the appellant and licensee may be provided with a final opportunity for rebuttal.~~

~~The Board, its staff and legal representative may at any time address questions to any person participating in the appeal.~~

~~(7) Decision. The Board shall, as expeditiously as possible, affirm all or part, affirm with conditions, order a public hearing to be held as expeditiously as possible, or reverse all or part of the decision of the Commissioner. The Board's decision is based on the administrative record prepared by the Department in its review of the application, any additional evidence admitted into the record pursuant to section 24(B)(4) of this rule and any evidence admitted during the course of a hearing on the appeal. The Board is not bound by the Commissioner's findings of fact or conclusions of law. An evenly divided vote of the Board has the effect of affirming the Commissioner's decision unless a majority of Board members subsequently vote at that meeting for another action on the appeal or table the matter until another meeting. In the case of an evenly divided vote, the findings and reasoning of the Board members voting in favor of the Commissioner's decision constitute the Board's reasoning in the affirmation.~~

24. Appeal to the Board of Commissioner License Decisions. Final license decisions of the Commissioner may be appealed to the Board by persons who have standing as aggrieved persons. License decisions that may be appealed to the Board include acceptances of permit by rule notifications, decisions on minor revisions, and public benefit determinations.

A. Appeal Period. Within 30 days of the filing of a license decision by the Commissioner with the Board, an aggrieved person may appeal to the Board for review of the Commissioner's decision. The written appeal must specify whether the appellant desires the Board to hold a hearing on the appeal and whether the appellant requests that supplemental evidence be included in the record on appeal. An appellant who does not request a hearing or propose supplemental evidence in the written appeal is considered to

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

have waived any opportunity for a hearing or inclusion in the record of supplemental evidence. The decision to hold a hearing is discretionary with the Board. An untimely appeal must be summarily dismissed by the Chair unless notice of the Commissioner's license decision was required to be given to the person filing an appeal and the notice was not given as required. The Chair's dismissal of an appeal for untimeliness is not subject to appeal to the full Board. In response to a motion by the licensee, the Chair may dismiss an appeal if the Chair decides an appellant is not an aggrieved person. The Chair's ruling to dismiss an appeal for lack of standing as an aggrieved person is appealable to the full Board. The filing of an appeal to the Board does not stay the license decision.

B. Content of Appeal.

- (1) The written appeal must include evidence demonstrating the appellant's standing as an aggrieved person; the findings, conclusions or conditions objected to or believed to be in error; the basis of the objections or challenge; and the remedy sought.
- (2) Exhibits attached to an appeal must be clearly labeled indicating date and source, and indicating whether the exhibit is in the existing record or is proposed supplemental evidence. Unlabeled exhibits may be rejected by the Chair. Electronic links to documents will not be accepted. In the case of lengthy documents, the appellant must specify the relevant portions.
- (3) If the appellant requests that supplemental evidence be included in the record and considered by the Board, such a request, with the proposed supplemental evidence, must be submitted with the appeal. A request to supplement the record must address the criteria for inclusion of supplemental evidence set forth in section 24(D).
- (4) If a hearing is requested, the appellant must provide an offer of proof regarding the testimony and other evidence that would be presented at the hearing. The offer of proof must consist of a statement of the substance of the evidence, its relevance to the issues on appeal, and the general qualifications of proposed witnesses.
- (5) An appeal must be addressed to:

Chair, Board of Environmental Protection
17 State House Station
Augusta, ME 04333-0017

- (6) Appeals must be copied to the Commissioner and the licensee. The Board staff shall provide written notice of the appeal to persons on the Department's interested persons list for the application or license at issue.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

C. Response to Appeal. A written response to the merits of an appeal may be filed by a licensee. Written comment on the admissibility of proposed supplemental evidence may be filed by a licensee and, if a licensee offers supplemental evidence in response to the appeal, an appellant. All proposed supplemental evidence is subject to the labeling and form requirements of section 24(B)(2) and the criteria for inclusion of supplemental evidence set forth in section 24(D).

- (1) If the appellant is the applicant or the licensee, the appellant may submit proposed supplemental evidence with the appeal.
- (2) If the appellant is not the applicant or licensee, the following provisions apply.
 - (a) If no supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant, and the licensee does not wish to offer supplemental evidence in response to the appeal, the licensee's complete response to the merits of the appeal must be filed within 30 days of the date of the Board's written acknowledgement of receipt of the appeal.
 - (b) If no supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant, but the licensee wishes to offer supplemental evidence in response to the appeal, the licensee's proposed supplemental evidence must be filed within 30 days of the date of the Board's written acknowledgement of receipt of the appeal.
 - (c) If supplemental evidence is offered by an appellant, the licensee may submit written comment on the admissibility of the proposed supplemental evidence. The licensee may also offer proposed supplemental evidence in response to the appellant's proposed supplemental evidence and the issues raised on appeal. The licensee's submission is due within 30 days of the date of the Board's written determination as to which of the appellant's exhibits constitute proposed supplemental evidence.
 - (d) If the licensee offers any supplemental evidence, the appellant may submit written comment on the admissibility of the licensee's proposed supplemental evidence within 15 days of the date of the Board's written determination as to which of the appellant's exhibits constitute proposed supplemental evidence.
- (3) The Chair shall rule on the admissibility of all proposed supplemental evidence in accordance with section 24(D) within 10 days of receipt of all comments regarding admissibility of all of the proposed supplemental evidence.
- (4) Where supplemental evidence has been proposed, the licensee's complete response to the merits of the appeal may not be filed until the Chair has ruled on the admissibility of all of the proposed supplemental evidence filed by the appellant and the licensee. The licensee's complete response to the merits of the appeal must be filed within 20 days after the Chair's decision on the admissibility of all of the proposed supplemental evidence.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

(5) Further evidence may not be provided directly to Board members or distributed at Board meetings or hearings without specific permission of the Chair.

D. Record on Appeal, Supplemental Evidence. The record for appeals decided by the Board is the administrative record prepared by Department staff in its review of the application, unless the Board admits supplemental evidence or decides to hold a hearing on the appeal.

(1) If an appellant or licensee seeks to supplement the record, that person shall provide copies of all proposed supplemental evidence with the written appeal or in response to the appeal as provided in section 24(B)(2) and section 24(C).

(2) The Board may allow the record to be supplemented on appeal when it finds that the evidence offered is relevant and material and that:

(a) the person seeking to supplement the record has shown due diligence in bringing the evidence to the attention of the Department at the earliest possible time; or

(b) the evidence is newly discovered and could not, by the exercise of reasonable diligence, have been discovered in time to be presented earlier in the licensing process.

(3) The Chair may accept into the record additional evidence and analysis submitted by Department staff in response to issues raised on appeal or supplemental evidence offered by the appellant(s) or licensee(s).

E. Alternative Dispute Resolution. If the appellant(s) and licensee(s) agree to use mediation or another form of alternative dispute resolution to resolve the appeal and so notify the Board, the Board will not hear the matter until the conclusion of that effort, provided the effort at resolution does not extend beyond six months of filing of the appeal. The Board may accept, reject or modify any mediated settlement that does not include withdrawal of the appeal.

F. Procedure. The procedure for hearings on appeals is governed by section 7(C) of this rule. Appeals decided without a hearing will be considered based on the administrative record on appeal and oral argument at a regular meeting of the Board as follows:

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

- (1) the executive analyst for the Board briefly introduces the appeal, indicating the subject matter, the appellant's basis for appeal and the relevant statutes and rules;
- (2) the appellant makes a presentation discussing objections or challenges to the Commissioner's decision on the application;
- (3) when the appellant is a person other than the licensee, the licensee is then provided an opportunity to address the issues raised by the appellant;
- (4) at the Chair's discretion, other persons may comment on the appeal;
- (5) Department staff makes a presentation addressing the objections and challenges of the appellant and indicating the Commissioner's recommended disposition of the appeal;
- (6) at the Chair's discretion, the appellant and licensee may be provided with a final opportunity for rebuttal.

The Board, its staff and legal representative may at any time address questions to any person participating in the appeal.

G. **Decision on Appeal.** The Board shall, as expeditiously as possible, affirm all or part, affirm with conditions, order a hearing to be held as expeditiously as possible, reverse all or part of the decision of the Commissioner, or remand the matter to the Commissioner for further proceedings. The Board's decision is based on the administrative record on appeal, including any supplemental evidence admitted into the record and any evidence admitted during the course of a hearing on the appeal. The Board is not bound by the Commissioner's findings of fact or conclusions of law. An evenly divided vote of the Board has the effect of affirming the Commissioner's decision unless a majority of Board members subsequently vote at that meeting for another action on the appeal or table the matter until another meeting. In the case of an evenly divided vote, the findings and reasoning of the Board members voting in favor of the Commissioner's decision constitute the Board's reasoning in the affirmation.

25. Petition for reconsideration of a Board decision. Within 30 days from the effective date of a Board decision approving or denying a license application, any aggrieved person may petition the Board in writing to request reconsideration of that decision. A person may file only one petition and may not file a petition to reconsider a decision that is an appeal or review of a final license or permit decision made by the Commissioner. The petition must set forth in detail the findings, conclusions or conditions objected to or believed to be in error, the basis for the objections, the nature of any additional evidence to be offered, and the nature of the relief requested, including any request for a public hearing. A petitioner who does not request a public hearing in the petition is considered to have waived any opportunity for a public hearing on the petition. The Board's review shall be limited to those issues raised by the petition. The Board staff shall provide notice of the petition to all interested persons. Petitions for reconsideration must be

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

addressed to the Chair, and copied to the Commissioner and licensee consistent with appeals in section 24(B)(2) of this rule.

~~A. — **Acceptance of the petition.** Within 30 days following receipt of a petition and after reasonable notice to interested persons, the Board shall vote to grant or dismiss the petition, in whole or in part. An evenly divided vote of the Board has the effect of dismissing the petition unless a majority of Board members subsequently vote at that meeting for another action on the petition or to table the matter until another meeting. In the case of an evenly divided vote, the findings and reasoning of the Board members voting in favor of the dismissal constitute the Board's reasoning in the dismissal.~~

~~B. — **Reconsideration.** If the Board votes to grant all or part of the petition, that action vacates its earlier decision on the issues for which reconsideration is granted and the Board must act anew on all or part of the application, as appropriate. The procedure for presenting the petition and requirements for allowing supplemental evidence are the same as for appeals under section 24(B) of this rule. The Board may decide the matter without hearing after granting the petition or may hold a hearing within 30 days of granting the petition. Any hearing is governed by the Department's hearing rules. With or without hearing, the Board shall vote to approve, approve with conditions or deny the license as to the matters reconsidered, as expeditiously as possible. An evenly divided vote of the Board has the effect of affirming the Board's initial decision as to the matters under reconsideration unless a majority of Board members subsequently vote at that meeting for another action on the petition or table the matter until another meeting. In the case of an evenly divided vote, the findings and reasoning of the Board members voting to affirm the underlying decision constitute the reasoning of the Board in the affirmation.~~

~~The running of time for filing a judicial appeal is stayed from the date of timely filing of a petition for reconsideration until the effective date of final action on the petition. On the effective date of the Board's final action on the petition, the full period for filing a judicial appeal commences.~~

~~26. — **Judicial review of a Department decision.** Any person may seek judicial review of a final Commissioner or Board decision by filing a petition in Superior Court in accordance with 5 M.R.S.A. Section 11001 *et seq.* and M.R. Civ.P. 80C. The filing of an appeal or a petition for reconsideration to the Board is not a prerequisite for a judicial appeal.~~

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

~~27. Revocation, modification, or suspension of licenses.~~

~~Any person, including the Commissioner, may petition the Board Commissioner to revoke, modify or suspend a license. The petition must be addressed to the Chair of the Board Commissioner and must state which of the criteria listed below is being invoked. It must specifically describe the factual basis for the petition, including what evidence will be offered to support the petition. The petition, once filed, may not be supplemented, except in a public hearing. The petitioner must serve a copy of the petition on the Commissioner and the licensee at the time the petition is filed with the Board Commissioner.~~

~~Unless otherwise provided by law, no later than 30 days following the filing of a petition to revoke, modify or suspend, and after notice and opportunity for the petitioner and the licensee to be heard, the Board shall dismiss the petition or schedule a hearing on the petition. The procedure before the Board is the same as described in section 24(B)(6) of this rule. Any hearing must be scheduled within 45 days of the decision to hold a hearing and must be conducted in accordance with section 7(C) of this rule.~~

~~After a hearing, the Board may modify in whole or in part any license, issue an order prescribing necessary corrective action, or refer a license to District Court for revocation or suspension when the Board finds that:~~

~~A. The licensee has violated any condition of the license;~~

~~B. The licensee has obtained a license by misrepresenting or failing to disclose fully all relevant facts;~~

~~C. The licensed discharge or activity poses a threat to human health or the environment;~~

~~D. The license fails to include any standard or limitation legally required on the date of issuance;~~

~~E. (Not in use)~~

~~FE. There has been a change in any condition or circumstance that requires revocation, or suspension or a temporary or permanent modification of the terms of the license;~~

~~F. There has been a change in any condition or circumstance that requires a corrective action or a temporary or permanent modification of the terms of the license;~~

~~G. The licensee has violated any law administered by the Department; or~~

~~H. The license fails to include any standard or limitation required pursuant to the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.~~

~~For the purposes of this subsection, "license" includes any license, permit, order, approval or certification issued by the department and "licensee" means the holder of the license.~~

25. Revocation or Suspension of a License.

- A. Authority. After written notice and opportunity for a hearing pursuant to Title 5, chapter 375, subchapter 4, the Commissioner may act to revoke or suspend a license whenever the Commissioner finds that any of the criteria set forth in section 27 has been met.
- B. Filing of Petition with the Commissioner. Any person may petition the Commissioner to initiate proceedings to revoke or suspend a license. The petition must state which of the criteria listed in section 27 is being invoked, and must specifically describe the factual basis for the petition. The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition on the licensee at the time the petition is filed with the Commissioner. The petition once filed may not be supplemented. The licensee's response to the petition must be filed within 30 days of the filing of the petition with the Commissioner. No later than 45 days following the filing of a petition to revoke or suspend a license, the Commissioner shall dismiss the petition or initiate proceedings by providing the licensee with written notice and opportunity for a hearing. The written notice shall state which of the criteria listed in section 27 rule is being invoked and the factual basis for the Commissioner's decision to initiate proceedings.
- C. Action Initiated by Commissioner. If the Commissioner decides on his or her own motion to initiate proceedings to revoke or suspend a license, the Commissioner shall provide the licensee with written notice and opportunity for hearing. The written notice shall state which of the criteria listed in section 27 is being invoked and the factual basis for the Commissioner's decision to initiate proceedings.
- D. Hearing. The licensee must request a hearing within 15 days of the Commissioner's written notice of opportunity for a hearing. If the licensee requests a hearing, it shall be held within 30 days of the request for hearing unless the Commissioner and the licensee agree to another time. The procedure for hearings is governed by section 7(C). If the proceeding was initiated as a result of a petition, the petitioner is deemed to be a party to the hearing and need not petition to intervene.
- E. Commissioner's Decision. Based on the administrative record, including evidence developed during any hearing, the Commissioner may decide that no action is warranted or may make findings of fact that one or more of the criteria listed in section 27 has been met and refer the matter to the Attorney General's Office to bring an action in District court to revoke or suspend the license.

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

F. Decision Discretionary. A decision by the Commissioner to dismiss a petition or to take no action at the conclusion of the proceedings is within the Commissioner's sole discretion and is not subject to judicial review.

26. Modification of License or Order Prescribing Corrective Action.

A. Authority. At the request of the Commissioner and after written notice and opportunity for a hearing, the Board may modify in whole or in part any license, or may issue an order prescribing necessary corrective action, whenever the Board finds that any of the criteria set forth in section 27 has been met.

B. Filing of Petition with the Commissioner. Any person may petition the Commissioner to recommend that the Board initiate proceedings to modify a license or prescribe corrective action on a license. The petition must state which of the criteria listed in section 27 is being invoked, and must specifically describe the factual basis for the petition. The petitioner shall serve a copy of the petition on the licensee at the time the petition is filed with the Commissioner. The licensee's response to the petition must be filed within 30 days of the filing of the petition with the Commissioner. No later than 45 days following the filing of a petition to modify a license or prescribe corrective action on a license, the Commissioner shall dismiss the petition or recommend to the Board that it initiate proceedings to modify a license or prescribe corrective action.

C. Recommendation Initiated by Commissioner. The Commissioner may on his or her own motion recommend to the Board that it initiate proceedings to modify a license or prescribe corrective action.

D. Content of Written Recommendation. The Commissioner's recommendation to the Board shall state which of the criteria listed in section 27 is being invoked and the factual basis for the Commissioner's recommendation to initiate proceedings to modify a license or prescribe corrective action. The Commissioner shall provide the licensee with a copy of the written recommendation.

E. Board Consideration of Recommendation. The Board shall consider the Commissioner's recommendation at a regular Board meeting. After hearing from the Commissioner and the licensee, the Board shall decide whether to initiate proceedings to modify a license or prescribe corrective action. If the Board decides to initiate proceedings, the licensee shall be provided with written notice and opportunity for a hearing. The written notice shall state which of the criteria listed in section 27 is being invoked and the factual basis for the Board's decision to initiate proceedings.

F. Hearing. The licensee must request a hearing within 15 days of the Board's written notice of opportunity for a hearing. If the licensee requests a hearing, it shall be held

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

within 30 days of the request for hearing unless the Board and the licensee agree to another time. The procedure for hearings is governed by section 7(C). If the Commissioner's recommendation to initiate proceedings was the result of a petition, the petitioner is deemed to be a party to the hearing and need not petition to intervene.

G. Board's Decision. Based on the administrative record, including evidence developed during any hearing, the Board may decide that no action is warranted or may make findings of fact and modify in whole or in part any license, or issue an order prescribing necessary corrective action.

H. Decision Discretionary. A decision by the Commissioner to dismiss a petition, or a decision by the Board not to initiate proceedings or to take no action at the conclusion of the proceedings, is within the Commissioner's or Board's sole discretion and is not subject to judicial review.

27. Criteria for Revocation, Suspension, Modification or Corrective Action.

The Department may take action to revoke, suspend, or modify a license or prescribe necessary corrective action only if the Commissioner, pursuant to section 25, or the Board, pursuant to section 26, finds that:

- A. The licensee has violated any condition of the license;
- B. The licensee has obtained a license by misrepresenting or failing to disclose fully all relevant facts;
- C. The licensed discharge or activity poses a threat to human health or the environment;
- D. The license fails to include any standard or limitation legally required on the date of issuance;
- E. There has been a change in any condition or circumstance that requires revocation or suspension of a license;
- F. There has been a change in any condition or circumstance that requires a corrective action or a temporary or permanent modification of the terms of the license;
- G. The licensee has violated any law administered by the Department; or
- H. The license fails to include any standard or limitation required pursuant to the federal Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990.

06-096

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION
Draft Amendments / Board Meeting 12-6-12

For the purposes of this section and sections 25 and 26, "license" includes any license, permit, order, approval or certification issued by the Department and "licensee" means the holder of the license.

- 28. Judicial Review of a Department Decision.** Any person may seek judicial review of a final Commissioner or Board decision by filing a petition in Superior Court in accordance with 5 M.R.S.A. section 11001 et seq. and M.R.Civ.P.80C, except where otherwise provided by law. The filing of an appeal to the Board is not a prerequisite for a judicial appeal.

STATUTORY AUTHORITY: 38 M.R.S.A., sections 341-D, 341-H, and 343-B.

EFFECTIVE DATE: August 1, 1994

EFFECTIVE DATE (ELECTRONIC CONVERSION): May 8, 1996

REPEAL AND REPLACE EFFECTIVE: April 1, 2003, filing 2003-77

