

**Belfast Veterinary Hospital, Inc.**  
**Waldo County**  
**Belfast, Maine**  
**A-638-71-D-R**

**Departmental**  
**Findings of Fact and Order**  
**Air Emission License**

After review of the air emission license renewal application, staff investigation reports, and other documents in the applicant's file in the Bureau of Air Quality, pursuant to 38 M.R.S.A., Section 344 and Section 590, the Department finds the following facts:

**I. REGISTRATION**

A. Introduction

Belfast Veterinary Hospital, Inc. has applied for an Air Emission License renewal, permitting the operation of a Class IV-A (veterinary) incinerator to dispose of animal remains.

B. Equipment to be Licensed

The incinerator is a Shenandoah Model P9-20-T with the following specifications:

<b>Class Incinerator</b>	IV-A
<b>No. of Chambers</b>	2
<b>Type of Waste</b>	Type 4
<b>Max. Design (Charge/Combustion) Rate</b>	200 lb per load 30 lb/hr
<b>Auxiliary Fuel Input:</b> <b>Primary Chamber</b> <b>Secondary Chamber</b>	#2 Fuel Oil 0.130 MMBtu/hr 0.325 MMBtu/hr
<b>Emission Control</b>	Afterburner

The incinerator combustion gases vent to a 25 foot AGL (Above Ground Level) stack.

C. Application Classification

Belfast Animal Hospital has not proposed the licensing of increased emissions or the installation of new or modified equipment, therefore the license application is considered a renewal of existing licensed emission sources only. The facility is

considered to be a natural minor source and has been processed through 06-096 CMR 115. This license does correct a calculation error from previous licenses.

## **II. BEST PRACTICAL TREATMENT**

In order to receive a license, the applicant must control emissions from each unit to a level considered by the Department to represent Best Practical Treatment (BPT), as defined in 06-096 CMR 100. BPT for existing equipment means that method which controls or reduces emissions to the lowest possible level considering:

- the existing state of technology;
- the effectiveness of available alternatives for reducing emissions from the source being considered; and
- the economic feasibility for the type of establishment involved.

### **A. Incinerator**

Belfast Veterinary Hospital operates a Shenandoah Model P9-20-T Animal Crematory, manufactured in 1993.

BPT for the Class IV-A (veterinary) incinerator includes the following:

1. Operating temperature in the secondary chamber or refractory lined stack shall be maintained at or above 1600<sup>0</sup>F with a stack gas retention time, at or above 1600<sup>0</sup>F, of at least 1.0 second.
2. To ensure an efficient burn, and to prevent odors and visible emissions, the secondary chamber shall be preheated, as specified by the manufacturer, until the pyrometer measures a minimum of 1200<sup>0</sup>F prior to commencing the burn cycle.
3. Once the burn cycle has commenced by introduction of primary chamber combustion, the incinerator shall be operated in an efficient manner, and as specified by the manufacturer, for the period of time between preheat and reaching the set operational temperature to be a minimum of 1600<sup>0</sup>F in the secondary chamber.
4. The temperature in the secondary chamber or refractory lined stack shall be maintained at or above 1600<sup>0</sup>F for the duration of the burn cycle.
5. A pyrometer and ¼ inch test port shall be installed and maintained at the location of the incinerator or refractory lined stack, which provides sufficient volume to insure a flue gas retention time of not less than 1.0 second at a minimum of 1600<sup>0</sup>F.
6. A log will be maintained recording the weight of the waste charged, preheat time, charging time and the temperature of the secondary chamber every 60 minutes after start-up until, and including, final shutdown time. For facilities operating a chart recorder, the start time, date, and weight of waste charged may be logged on the chart.

7. Emissions information is based on a licensed allowed particulate matter emission limit of 0.12 gr/dscf corrected to 12% CO<sub>2</sub>, the burning of #2 fuel as an auxiliary fuel, and the use of AP-42 factors: Table 2.1-12 for refuse and Tables 1.3-1 and 1.3-3 for fuel burning. [Note that an incorrect capacity was used in the original license calculation (4.55 MMBtu/hr rather than 0.455 MMBtu/hr) and this license corrects that error]:
  - PM - 0.12 gr/dscf corrected to 12% CO<sub>2</sub>, based on BPT, and 0.11 lb/hr based on AP-42 factors of 7 lb/ton refuse and 2 lb/1000 gal fuel oil
  - SO<sub>2</sub> – 0.27 lb/hr based on the AP-42 factor of 2.5 lb/ton refuse and fuel oil sulfur (no greater than 0.5% sulfur)
  - NO<sub>x</sub> – 0.11 lb/hr based on the AP-42 factors of 3 lb/ton refuse and 20 lb/1000 gal fuel oil
  - CO – 0.17 lb/hr based on the AP-42 factor of 10 lb/ton refuse and 5 lb/1000 gal fuel oil
  - VOC – 0.05 lb/hr based on the AP-42 factor of 3 lb/ton refuse and 0.34 lb/1000 gal fuel oil
8. Visible emissions from the incinerator shall not exceed 10% opacity based on a six (6) minute block average basis.
9. The ash will be disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the MEDEP, Bureau of Remediation and Waste Management.
10. The incinerator operator(s) shall receive adequate training to operate the incinerator in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications and shall be familiar with the terms of the Air Emission License.

**B. Annual Emissions**

Belfast Veterinary Hospital shall be restricted to the following annual emissions, based on a 12 month rolling total (8760 hrs/year):

**Total Licensed Annual Emissions for the Facility**  
(used to calculate the annual license fee)

<b><u>Pollutant</u></b>	<b><u>License Allowed (tpy)</u></b>
PM	0.5
PM <sub>10</sub>	0.5
SO <sub>2</sub>	1.2
NO <sub>x</sub>	0.5
CO	0.7
VOC	0.2

### **III. AIR QUALITY ANALYSIS**

According to 06-096 CMR 115, the level of air quality analysis and monitoring are determined on a case-by-case basis. Based on analyses for similar sources, the size of the source, the allowable emissions, the location, and the stack height; ambient air quality standards, including increments, are not expected to be violated. Therefore, an ambient air impact analysis will not be required for this source at this time.

### **ORDER**

Based on the above Findings and subject to conditions listed below the Department concludes that the emissions from this above source:

- will receive Best Practical Treatment,
- will not violate applicable emission standards
- will not violate applicable ambient air quality standards in conjunction with emissions from other sources.

The Department hereby grants Air Emission License A-638-71-D-R, subject to the following conditions.

Severability. The invalidity or unenforceability of any provision, or part thereof, of this License shall not affect the remainder of the provision or any other provisions. This License shall be construed and enforced in all respects as if such invalid or unenforceable provision or part thereof had been omitted.

### **STANDARD CONDITIONS**

- (1) Employees and authorized representatives of the Department shall be allowed access to the licensee's premises during business hours, or any time which any emission units are in operation, and at such other times as the Department deems necessary for the purpose of performing tests, collecting samples, conducting inspections, or examining and copying records relating to emissions. [MEDEP Chapter 115]

- (2) The licensee shall acquire a new or amended air emission license prior to commencing construction of a modification, unless specifically provided for in Chapter 115. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (3) Approval to construct shall become invalid if the source has not commenced construction within eighteen (18) months after receipt of such approval or if construction is discontinued for a period of eighteen (18) months or more. The Department may extend this time period upon a satisfactory showing that an extension is justified, but may condition such extension upon a review of either the control technology analysis or the ambient air quality standards analysis, or both. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (4) The licensee shall establish and maintain a continuing program of best management practices for suppression of fugitive particulate matter during any period of construction, reconstruction, or operation which may result in fugitive dust, and shall submit a description of the program to the Department upon request. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (5) The licensee shall pay the annual air emission license fee to the Department, calculated pursuant to Title 38 MRSA §353. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (6) The license does not convey any property rights of any sort, or any exclusive privilege. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (7) The licensee shall maintain and operate all emission units and air pollution control systems required by the air emission license in a manner consistent with good air pollution control practices for minimizing emissions. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (8) The licensee shall maintain sufficient records, to accurately document compliance with emission standards and license conditions and shall maintain such records for a minimum of six (6) years. The records shall be submitted to the Department upon written request. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (9) The licensee shall comply with all terms and conditions of the air emission license. The filing of an appeal by the licensee, the notification of planned changes or anticipated noncompliance by the licensee, or the filing of an application by the licensee for the renewal of a license or amendment shall not stay any condition of the license. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (10) The licensee may not use as a defense is an enforcement action that the disruption, cessation, or reduction of licensed operations would have been necessary to maintain compliance with the conditions of the air emission license. [MEDEP Chapter 115]

- (11) In accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 CFR Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department, the licensee shall:
- A. perform stack testing to demonstrate compliance with the applicable emission standards under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions:
    - 1. within sixty (60) calendar days of receipt of a notification to test from the Department or EPA, if visible emissions, equipment operating parameters, staff inspection, air monitoring or other cause indicate to the Department that equipment may be operating out of compliance with emission standards or license conditions; or
    - 2. pursuant to any other requirement of this license to perform stack testing.
  - B. install or make provisions to install test ports that meet the criteria of 40 CFR part 60, Appendix A, and test platforms, if necessary, and other accommodations necessary to allow emission testing; and
  - C. submit a written report to the Department within thirty (30) days from the date of test completion.
- [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (12) If the results of a stack test performed under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions indicate emissions in excess and operating conditions indicate emissions in excess of the applicable standards, then:
- A. within thirty (30) days following receipt of such test results, the licensee shall re-test the non-complying emission source under circumstances representative of the facility's normal process and operating conditions and in accordance with the Department's air emission compliance test protocol and 40 CFR Part 60 or other method approved or required by the Department; and
  - B. The days of violation shall be presumed to include the date of stack test and each and every day of operation thereafter until compliance is demonstrated under normal and representative process and operating conditions, except to the extent that the facility can prove to the satisfaction that there were intervening days during which no violation occurred or that the violation was not continuing in nature; and
  - C. The licensee may, upon the approval of the Department following the successful demonstration of compliance at alternative load conditions, operate under such alternative load conditions on an interim basis prior to a demonstration of compliance under normal and representative process and operating conditions.
- [MEDEP Chapter 115]

- (13) Notwithstanding any other provision in the State Implementation Plan approved by the EPA or Section 114(a) of the CAA, any credible evidence may be used for the purpose of establishing whether a person has violated or is in violation of any statute, regulation, or Part 70 license requirement. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (14) The licensee shall maintain records of malfunctions, failures, downtime, and any other similar change in operation of air pollution control systems or the emissions unit itself that would affect emissions and that is not consistent with the terms and conditions of the air emission license. The licensee shall notify the Department within two (2) days or the next state working day, whichever is later, of such occasions when such changes result in an increase of emissions. The licensee shall report all excess emissions in the units of the applicable emission limitations. [MEDEP Chapter 115]
- (15) Upon the written request of the Department, the licensee shall establish and maintain such records, make such reports, install, use, and maintain such monitoring equipment, sample such emissions (in accordance with such methods, at such locations, at such intervals, and in such a manner as the Department shall prescribe), and provide other information as the Department may reasonably require to determine the licensee's compliance data. [MEDEP Chapter 115]

#### **SPECIFIC CONDITIONS**

- (16) The incinerator shall be used for the disposal of type 4 (veterinary) waste and shall not be used for the disposal of plastics (other than the bag containing the animal), cytotoxic (antineoplastic) drugs or any radioactive wastes and shall not be used to dispose of any medical waste classified as type 7 waste, as defined in 06-096 CMR 100. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (17) The incinerator shall not exceed the maximum design charging rate of 200 lbs per load. Auxiliary fuel input to the primary and secondary chamber shall be #2 fuel oil meeting the criteria in ASTM D396. [06-096 CMR 115, BACT]
- (18) A log shall be maintained recording the weight of waste charged, preheating time, charging time, afterburner temperature directly after charging and every 60 minutes after startup until, and including, final shutdown time, and time of final shutdown. For facilities operating a chart recorder, the start time, date, and weight of waste charged may be logged on the chart. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (19) The secondary chamber shall be preheated as specified by the manufacturer to a minimum of 1200<sup>0</sup>F prior to combusting any waste and shall be maintained at a minimum of 1600<sup>0</sup>F during the duration of the burn. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]

- (20) Once the burn cycle has commenced by introduction of primary chamber combustion, the incinerator shall be operated in an efficient manner and as specified by the manufacturer for the period of time between preheat and reaching the set operational temperature to be a minimum of 1600<sup>0</sup>F in the secondary chamber. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (21) A pyrometer and ¼ inch test port shall be operated and maintained at that location of the incinerator or refractory lined stack which provides sufficient volume to insure a flue gas retention time of not less than 1.0 second at the minimum of 1600<sup>0</sup>F. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (22) Belfast Animal Hospital shall not exceed the following emission limits [06-096 CMR 115, BPT and 06-096 CMR 104]:

<b>Pollutant</b>	<b>gr/dscf</b>	<b>lb/hr</b>
PM	0.12	0.11
PM <sub>10</sub>	-	0.11
SO <sub>2</sub>	-	0.27
NO <sub>x</sub>	-	0.11
CO	-	0.17
VOC	-	0.05

- (23) Visible emissions from the incinerator shall not exceed an opacity limit of 10% based on a six (6) minute block average basis. [06-096 CMR 115 and 06-096 CMR 101]
- (24) The incinerator combustion gases shall vent to a stack of at least 25 feet AGL. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (25) The ash will be disposed of in accordance with the requirements of the Department's Bureau of Remediation and Waste Management. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (26) The incinerator operator(s) shall receive adequate training to operate the incinerator in accordance with the manufacturer's specifications, and shall be familiar with the terms of this Air Emission License as it pertains to the operation of the incinerator. [06-096 CMR 115, BPT]
- (27) Though it is not being required now, the installation and operation of continuous chart recording devices may become necessary to document compliance with the temperature requirements of this license. Should the Bureau of Air Quality determine that continuous recording devices are necessary, the licensee shall,

