Maine Integrated Pest Management Council

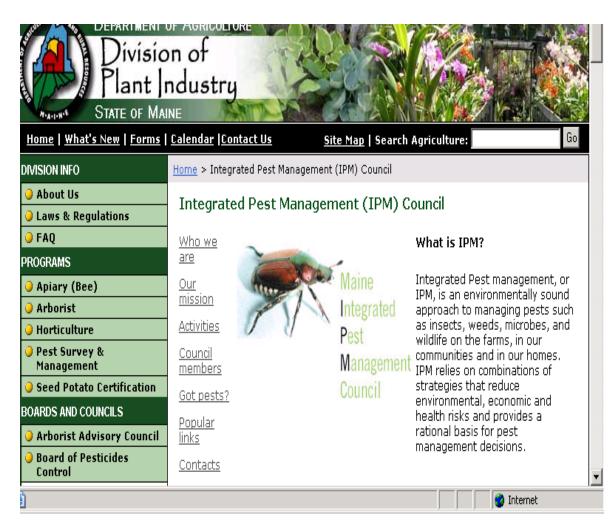


Protecting Maine's Future through Reduced Reliance on Pesticides

- •Established by state legislature in 2002 to 'promote and enhance implementation of IPM practices that reduce or minimize harmful environmental and human health risks.'
- •Promotes public education about the need, benefit, and practices of IPM.
- •Identifies priorities for integrated pest management research, education, demonstration and implementation;
- •Serves as a **communication** link among researchers, educators, regulators, policymakers and integrated pest management users;
- •Sets goals for expanding, advancing and implementing integrated pest management;
- •Establishes protocols for measuring and documenting IPM adoption.

Membership:

The 11 members plus 2 coordinators represent a broad range of IPM and environmental interests



Find out more at www.maine.gov/IPMcouncil

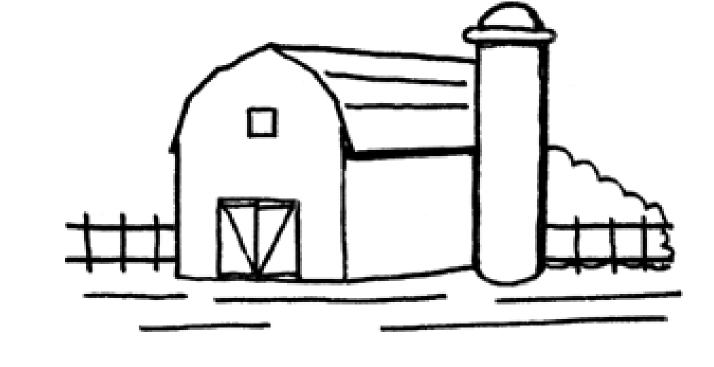


Smarter Ways to Deal with Pests

From mice to mildew, crabgrass to cockroaches – whenever nature becomes a pest, Integrated Pest Management (IPM) offers least-risk solutions.

What is Integrated Pest Management?

- IPM is a common sense and sustainable method anyone can use to protect against pests. Every time you swat a fly, pull a weed, or select disease-resistant plants for your garden, you're using IPM tactics that reduce the need for pesticides.
- IPM methods include:
 - Cultural practices such as mowing higher to favor grass instead of weeds
 - Physical methods such as pruning or installing deer fencing)
 - Biological controls such as attracting or conserving beneficial insects and spiders
 - Chemical methods such as selective and careful use of organic, natural and/or conventional pesticides only as needed.



On the Farm...

Maine farmers use IPM to produce healthy crops, protect the environment and save money. Shop for Mainegrown food and ask your farmer-neighbors about their IPM practices.



Find IPM answers to common pest issues at www.gotpests.org



